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Evening State Journal.

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Evening State Journal.

GRANT AND THE LONDON TIMES.

We print to-day an article from the London *Times* on Grant's Administration, which we respectfully commend to the Democratic press. The *Times* was the especial friend of the Southern Confederacy during the late war. It is the one paper that may be said to reflect the friendly sympathy of England towards the Southern people. Its endorsement of Gen. Grant ought to have weight with them, against the denunciations of a partisan press, intent only upon keeping up unhealthy disaffection among a people who need repose. We implore those editors who prostitue their columns to defaming Gen. Grant, exciting hostility to his Administration, and personal hatred towards him, to cease their diabolical work. *General Grant will be President of these United States for the term of five years, from the 4th of March next, if he lives, and does not refuse to serve a second term.* With this fact settled, let us all be glad, and rejoice that a stable policy is secured, and time given us for material growth and intellectual development. Strength and moderation will be the characteristics of the administration. The loyal and true, the weak and the oppressed will be shielded and protected everywhere; only the oppressor and the criminal has cause to fear.

Let all good men thank God, rejoice that, for a few years at least, a strong hand grasps the helm of State, and a brave soul, wise, potent and incorruptible looks out over the stormy waters to guide our bark safely into port.

Small-Pox.

The succinct facts in reference to this terrible disease which have been indisputably established by the careful observation of scientific men at home and abroad are, according to an exchange:

1. That infants should be vaccinated in a month after birth.

2. That vaccination should be repeated at the age of fourteen years.

3. That the older persons grow after that, the less danger there is of an attack of small-pox or varioloid, which is small-pox modified by previous vaccination, and that after fifty there is no danger of an attack.

4. Still, if there is any danger of unusual exposure to the disease, or if it prevails largely in a community, it is safer to be vaccinated again.

5. Nurses in small-pox hospitals who are revaccinated are almost wholly exempt, while other nurses, who are careless of revaccination, have varioloid in cases ten times more numerous.

6. That the farther the removal of the vaccine matter from what was taken from the cow, the more necessary is revaccination—that is, vaccine matter loses some of its power in every person it passes through; hence if city practitioners should take all their matter from the cow direct, every ten years, the community would be greatly safer.

7. No authenticated case has yet occurred where any disease has been communicated through vaccine matter, other than modified small-pox. This statement should be fixed upon the memory of the intelligent reader, as bare assertions to the contrary are recklessly made by a certain class of uneducated persons, who write on matters pertaining to health and disease.

8. It is a very rare occurrence that any person who has been once well vaccinated and was in good health at the time suffers from varioloid. Those who have varioloid after having been vaccinated once suffer because it did not take well or some other disease was in the system at the time, or the matter was at too great a remove from the original source, the cow.

[From the London Times, Oct. 31.]

The London Times on Grant's Administration.

Various causes have combined to produce this prevalence of Republican views. Of course, the great achievments of the war, and the conviction that the party may be best trusted to secure and consolidate what it had gained in the contest, are the enduring bases of the Republican power. But to these may be added the administrative and financial success of the last few years, and the favorable relations of the country with foreign powers. At the same time, it would seem that the Democratic party has, whether justly or otherwise, lost cast. A large majority of the best class of Americans are Republicans, perhaps for the reason that some of the worst have taken the lead in certain places on the other side.—The city of New York has to bear the blame of this unpopularity of the Democrats. It is observed that since the exposure of the Tammany frauds the Republican feeling has deepened, and the late elections may have been largely influenced by this incident.

The general opinion is that President Grant will be nominated for reëlection. In favor of this course will be the respect he has won, not only from the Republicans, but from moderate men from all parties by his honest and conscientious discharge of duty and the knowledge of the electors that they have in him a tried man, fit for any emergency of the time. On the other side, there is only the prejudice against electing the same man twice. This feeling has been very strong with the present generation of Americans, and has, we believe, made a single term for the Presidency almost a cardinal principle with some politicians. It was not so in the early days of the Union.

It remains to be seen whether General Grant's merits and popularity will secure him this high honor. We can only say that such a result of the coming discussions would be received with the utmost satisfaction in this country. The interests of England and the United States are now so interwoven in commercial, and, therefore, also in political matters, that the character of the American Executive is of no small importance to us, and we believe the general opinion to be, that the States have never had a government more straightforward and conciliatory than the present in its foreign policy, and more to be trusted by those whose commercial and financial interests are bound up with the maintenance of American credit. The firmness and moderation with which order has been restored, the economical skill with which the debt has been reduced, and the good will with which international controversies have been brought to a close, make us anticipate with satisfaction the election of Gen. Grant to a second term of office.

—Oysters are scarce in the Norfolk market, owing to recent high winds.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

—The Confederate Orphans' will give one of their concerts in Petersburg to-night.

—A gang of pickpockets have been plying their nefarious vocation on the Acquia creek steamers.

—It must be unusually cold in Petersburg, judging from the number of attempts to steal overcoats.

—The Rev. Herbert H. Hawes will be installed pastor of the Farmville Presbyterian church next Sunday.

—Petersburg having little also to do just now is paying great attention to the business of matrimony. Somebody's getting hurt.

—The steamer "Arrow," recently reported disabled near Fort Washington, has been repaired, and is now making her regular trips.

—A party pretending to be a Baptist minister, and representing himself as from Richmond, has been arrested in Boston for swindling.

—A man named Gardner P. Rousey, was lodged in the Lexington jail last week, charged with stealing a horse from Wm. M. Stewart, of that place.

Pork is selling in Rockbridge county at $6 per hundred pounds. This is a fair price for this commodity, and we are glad to see it returning to something like its value.

—The Virginia and Maryland commissioners appointed to settle the boundary line between the two States have failed to agree, and the question will go to the U. S. Supreme court.

—A negro man named Charles Pendleton, was instantly killed Wednesday, by the falling of earth in a cut upon the line of the Lynchburg and Danville railroad, some two miles from Lynchburg.

—The Catholics of Bristol have completed a new and splendid church, which will be dedicated on Sunday next, and it is announced that Bishop Whalan, of Wheeling, West Virginia, will officiate.

—Wm. Alexandria, who, a short time since, made a violent assault upon George Fayerman, ex-member of the Legislature from Petersburg, was yesterday sent to the Hustings court for final trial.

—Dr. J. W. McClung, of Lexington, was relieved of $25, by a "confidential man," on the route between his home and Baltimore. The Doctor is anxious to see the "Baltimore wholesale merchant," who only wanted $50 for a few moments.

—Petersburg is rated above all cities for the number and squallor of the low, disreputable and dirty alleys, which branch off from its leading streets, and in the midst of its principal business houses and finest residences. They are a reproach to the town.

—A countryman visiting Petersburg, drank more whiskey than was healthy, then drove himself and horse over an embankment, near Buttworth's bridge. Of course the man was not injured and fortunately for humanity the horse escaped unhurt.

—A son of Captain Wade, of Guilford Station, during a fit of mental aberration, committed suicide yesterday at his father's residence, by taking strychnine. He was a promising young man, twenty-four years of age, and his death is deeply deplored by all who knew him.

—There was a very powerful man in Petersburg yesterday, who could top up a bale of cotton, with singular ease, and drink whiskey from the bung hole of a barrel, by holding it above his head. The barrel was full, of course, before he took a swig. We did not learn the quantity this powerful man consumed at one draught.

—A drunken policeman, named Charles, was arrested yesterday, in Petersburg, for shooting a colored man, whom he was attempting to arrest. If the charges made by the Petersburg papers be true, there is an unusual number of drunken men attached to the police force of that city. Are there no sober men to fill such positions? If so, we recommend they be employed.

—John Wilson, the negro policeman who was killed in Portsmouth on Saturday night, was buried Monday, and there were probably three thousand men and women out at the funeral. The procession was headed by the New Hampshire band. There were four whites among the pallbearers, namely: the mayor, P. G. Thomas, James H. Clements, Wm. G. Hitchings and Col. James D. Brady, and the hearse was followed by the entire police force.

—We take pleasure in exchanging with the *Rockbridge Citizen*, a paper recently started at Lexington, Va., and edited by Messrs. Morrison & Boade. It is handsomely gotten up, and from the number of advertisements it contains, and its well selected reading matter, we predict for it a successful career. This is the first paper we have seen from that thriving town, since we commenced the publication of the JOURNAL. Why it has been so we are not aware.

—David Collier, of Carroll county, was killed last week by Stanley Galiemore, his partner in business. It appears that on Wednesday evening Mr. Collier and Mr. Stanly Galiemore had some angry words at their saw-mill, four miles from this village, in reference to a contract existing between them, and in the controversy Mr. Galiemore struck Mr. Collier with a heavy wooden maul upon the back of the head, felling him to the ground. Mr. Collier's skull was fractured by the blow. He remained unconscious from the time the blow was struck, and died in a few hours after it was given. Mr. Galiemore fled immediately after the fatal occurrence, and is still at large.

—The Richmond *State Journal* says: "Nine-tenths of the workers employed by our (radical) side, labored for pay, while the principal part of the Democratic workers were volunteers. The latter always fight better than conscripts." This is rather a singular confession to be made by an organ of the party, and provokes a natural interest to know who paid the "pay."—*Lynchburg Republican.*

If the *Republican* has seen any of the proceedings in the "Ben Scott" case, it will have learned that it is the habit of both political parties in this city to contribute money for election purposes.

We cannot say "who paid the pay" exactly, but we are not aware that any counterfeit money was discovered as coming from our party, but we did *hear* of some being paid by the Treasurer of the "Conservative" committee. The natural enquiry is, "who paid their pay" in a counterfeit ten dollar bill?

BUTTERICK'S PATTERNS—
FALL AND WINTER FASHIONS.

Late styles just received; also, METROPOLITAN for November. Principal agency at the office of the HOWE SEWING-MACHINE, 823 Main street. J. F. McKENNEY.
no 10—tf

JOHN W. WOLTZ, News and City Editor.

LOCAL MATTERS.

CITY COUNCIL.

Special Meeting Last Night--$200,000 Appropriated for the Church Hill Tunnel--Action in Regard to the James River and Kanawha Canal Company.

The Council met at 4 P. M. yesterday, with the following members present: P. H. Starke, Esq., president, and Messrs. Anderson, Scott of Clay, Chesterman, Strauss, Wynne, English, Wagner, Davis, Isaacs, Scott of Jefferson, Whitlock, Lipscomb, Bossieux, Allen, Sloan, Hooper, Bargamin, Stokes, Levy, Brasselman, Roper, Forrester, and Manly.

Mr. Isaacs, chairman of the Committee on the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad, submitted the following report:

The special committee to whom was referred the proceeedings of the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad with the accompanying documents, have given the subject that consideration which its importance demands, and beg leave to submit the following report:

The Council of the city of Richmond, in the exercise of the powers conferred on it by its charter, has in times past, with a public spirit entirely consonant with that of its citizens, cheerfully and liberally contributed of its means to every improvement which was calculated to advance the interest of the city, develop its immense water-power or increase its commercial importance; and while your committee do not intend to place the improvement under consideration above and beyond those which were presented to our predecessors in office at the time of their presentation, yet it is impossible to realize or over-estimate the importance, in all respects, to the welfare and prosperity of our city of the extension of the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad to the granaries of the great West, and having its eastern terminal point in our midst. From information derived indirectly from the officers of the company, we are assured the road will be completed to the Ohio river by or before this day twelve months. In view of the rapid strides made by the officers in the construction and completion of their road to the great West, the Committee of the James River Improvement, with corresponding energy and fidelity to the trust reposed in them, is prepared to guarantee to the railroad company a depth of eighteen feet and a half of water at high tide from the wharves of Rocketts to Hampton Roads. Thus the future of our city and its surrounding country is more flattering and promising than ever heretofore in its history. The company ask the right of way down Union street, &c., to the dock, and present the alternative of a tunnel under Church Hill.—It is now deemed impracticable to accommodate the anticipated immense trade and transportation of the company without material injury and interruption to the trade of the city by granting the privilege and right of way first asked for, and therefore the alternative, to wit: a tunnel under Church Hill, is the only other mentioned outlet. But your committee feel well assured that the company will readily adopt any other feasible way which may be presented, and while your committee are not wedded to the route, yet they would express a preference for an outlet by a tunnel from the proposed western portal to or near the York River Railroad depôt, if practicable, over that proposed to be made under Church Hill, and they would respectfully request a careful survey to be made by the company over this latter route before adopting any other, and for this purpose the city engineer is requested to render such assistance and information as may be required or solicited from him by the officers of the company; and the said City Engineer shall render such aid to the company as may be required in making their sidings and connections with the wharves and the Richmond dock, the right of way thereto being hereby granted without cost to the city to the company for such purposes, from Seventeenth street on the west to the corporation limits on the east.

In view of the facts of the case referred to, and others not enumerated in this report, but with which the members of the Council are personally conversant, your committee deem it advisable and do respectfully recommend the adoption of the following preamble an ordinance:

WHEREAS, at a meeting of the directors of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad Company, held in the city of New York on the 20th day of June, 1871, the following proceedings were read: [They have been heretofore published.] And whereas, at a meeting of the Council of the city of Richmond, held on the —— day of ——, 1871, the said proceedings were formally presented thereto by a committee of citizens appointed by the Chamber of Commerce of said city; and whereas, at a subsequent meeting of the Council, held on the 13th November, 1871, there was presented a petition numerously signed by the taxpayers and business men of the city:

Be it, therefore, ordained by the Council of the City of Richmond, That the Auditor of the city, on the order of the Committee on Finance, be and he is hereby authorized to issue to the said Chesapeake and Ohio railroad two hundred thousand dollars of six per cent. bonds of said city—either coupon or registered—having thirty-four years to run to maturity from the date of said issue, provided the said railroad company, by action of its stockholders in general meeting shall accept the same—under the following irrevocable conditions, to wit: 1. That the said city shall exercise police control and regulations over the road within its present or future corporate limits. 2. No bond or bonds of the city shall be issued under this ordinance until such time as the said company shall have perfected permanent connections with the wharves and shipping at Rocketts, and along the line of the eastern bank of the dock as high as or above the York River railroad depôt, corner Twenty-second and Dock streets. 3. No discrimination of any kind shall be made against the city in the transportation of passengers or freight to or from the said city. 4. The present depôt of the company, or a depôt at any point between the present depôt and the James river and Twenty-sixth street, shall be the distributing and receiving depôt for the city. 5. Should the company find it necessary in the future to extend their road below Mayo's creek to York river, or on James river, the extentio shall be a continuous track from the eastern or Rocketts end of the road; if extended from any point east of Gordonsville and west of the present terminus on Union street, then the company shall refund to the city the appropriation in kind or in money hereby made, with the interest which shall have been paid by the city on the said appropriation. 6. In consideration of the above appropriation for the benefit of the manufacturing and commercial interests of the city, the company shall unconditionally release the city from its subscription of two million dollars to the capital stock of the said railroad company. 7. The said Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad company shall have the right, with the consent of the Council, to lay down as many tracks as they shall find necessary along and across such streets as it may be necessary to pass along or cross, from the point of divergence from their present track to the river, and shall have the right to run their trains over such tracks with locomotive steam engines at a rate of speed not exceeding five miles per hour.

Respectfully submitted on behalf of ths special committee. WILLIAM B. ISAACS, Chairman.

After some remarks by Messrs. Isaacs and Anderson, the report was unanimously adopted.

THE CITY AND JAMES RIVER AND KANAWHA COMPANY.

Mr. Isaacs, from the Committee on Finance, submitted a report in response to the resolution in regard to the failure of the James River and Kanawha Canal company, to pay interest due on the $200,000 of bonds of the city, loaned to the company. The report, after recounting the history of the loan and the reasons of the failure on the part of the company to pay the interest, recommend, as the security is ample, and the payment of all accrued interest sure, at no distant day, that no steps should be taken to enforce payment, or exact further security at present. The report was adopted.

Mr. Isaacs also submitted a resolution to grant the James River and Kanawha canal company leave to issue $150,000 of their second mortgage bonds, as asked by a resolution of the company passed November 2d, 1871, the company promising not to issue any more of said bonds, while indebted to the city, without leave. Agreed to, after some debate.

On motion of Mr. Wynne, the clerk was directed to inform the Chamber of Commerce that five hundred copies of the report on the improvement of James river are at their disposal.

Adjourned.

BANKRUPTS.—The following cases have been filed in Mr. Forbes' office since our last report: William H. Keiningham, Richmond city; Joseph A. Pynes, Essex county.

LOCAL NOTES.

—The weather clear, cool and windy today.

—The amount of the State debt funded up to yesterday morning was $24,769,484.-30.

—The Tyson injunction case is progressing before the United States court in Lynchburg.

—Capt. J. P. Tyler, an old citizen, is seriously ill at his residence on Foushee street.

—Mrs. Sianna A. Williams, widow of the late John Williams, died in this city on Tuesday, aged 77 years.

—Joe Hare, a colored man, was sentenced to the penitentiary for twenty years, yesterday, at Prince George C. H. for committing a rape on a young woman last September.

—Tazewell Sumner and Sarah Johnson, were received at the penitentiary from Russell county yesterday; the former for five years for horse-stealing, the latter for one year for barn-burning.

—Colonel Lyle, of the Second regiment of the Pennsylvania National Guards, has asked and obtained permission of the Virginia State authorities to pass through the State with his regiment *en route* to Mount Vernon, on the 21st of February, 1872.

—The congregation of the Second Presbyterian church, of this city, at a meeting held recently, manifested deep concern at the proposed removal to Nashville of the Rev. Dr. Hoge, their pastor for the last twenty years, and expressed the fervent hope that he will continue in his present field of labor.

—Governor Walker yesterday appointed Samuel H. Halley, of Fauquier, and Francis J. Burnes, of Charlotte, notaries public. He also removed the political disabilities of Abner Hall, who was sentenced by the County Court of Wythe county to confinement in the penitentiary for one year for unlawful shooting.

—The Old Dominion Iron and Nail Works Company of this city receive per schooner every week large quantities of ore which they use in the manufacture of nails and spikes. The ore is obtained from the Adirondack mountains in the State of New York, near Lake Champlain. The company is erecting six large furnaces at the works on Belle Isle for the better accommodation of its increasing trade.

CHANCERY COURT OF RICHMOND.—*Judge Fitzhugh—Thursday, November* 16, The following cases were disposed of:

Winn and others vs. Terrell and others. Decree referring cause to commissioner for inqury and report. Winn, Holliday, and White, counsel.

Sims, &c., vs. Shelton, &c. Decree authorizing certain amount of the funds in the case to be applied to the repair of the property in the bill and proceedings mentioned. Guy and Gilliam, and Sands and Leake, counsel.

Fromming, &c., vs. Fromming, &c. Decree confirming report of commissioner, and making a partial distribution of the fund. Pleasants, p. q.

Binford vs. Binford's administrator, &c. Decree referring cause to commissioner for account, inquiry, and report. Meredith and Steger, counsel.

Woodson, &c., vs. Wash's administrator and others. Decree confirming report of commissioners and directing sale of real estate in the bill and proceedings mentioned. Winn & Holladay, White & Holladay, counsel.

Brown and others vs. Totty and others. Decree sustaining exception to commissioners' report, confirming it in other respects and directing a sale of part of the real estate in the bill and proceedings mentioned. Cannon & Courtney, Steger & Myers, counsel.

Mitchell's executor vs, Mitchell; Mitchell H. Y., &c., vs. Mitchell's executor. Decree confirming a part of sale made by commissioners and directing conveyance when purchase money is paid. Johnston & Williams, A. Austin Smith, counsel.

SUPREME COURT OF APPEALS.—*Proceedings Yesterday.*—R. T. Daniel, Esq., finished the argument in the case of Crane's guardian vs. Crane.

The petition of Jacob Brock, for a writ of error to a judgment rendered by the Circuit Court of Louisa county, affirming a judgment of the County Court of Louisa, upon a charge of murder, which refused to grant the said Brock a new trial, was denied by this court. The judgment of the County Court was that said Brock be hung.

The case of Norment's executor vs. Cook will be heard to-day. Counsel for appellants—Holladay, Bayley & White, and George W. Richardson. For appellees—Griswold & Griswold.

HENRICO COUNTY COURT—The grand jury of the Henrico county court made the following indictments:

Benjamin Davis, for felony; and Robert Jackson, Edward S. Gentry, Thomas Isaacs, William Smith, Henry Haverstraw, Joseph Haverstraw and Isaac Haverstraw, for misdemeanor.

INDICTMENTS BY THE GRAND JURY.—The grand of the Hustings court yesterday made the following presentments: Newton Davis, Alexander Hart, D. W. Moore, Thomas Payne, Emma J. Ross, for felony, and William Thomas James, John Lyons, Andrew Myers, and Samuel White, for misdemeanor.

The grand jury was then discharged.

MORE VOLUNTEERS.—We are requested to state that, without a single exception, Republicans of Jackson ward, on election day volunteered their services to the party, and that none of them received a cent of pay for services rendered. We are glad to know this fact, as we are opposed to men being paid for work, which can only be successfully accomplished by volunteers. Let the result be bad as it was, we despise the pay system and hope for the future it will be discountenanced.

TEMPERANCE—*The Good Work Goes Bravely On.*—Harmony Division, No. 50, Sons of Temperance, is doing good service in reclaiming the fallen and in saving others from falling. Last night, several new members were added to their already long list of temperance men. Go on friends, in the good work in which you are so successfully engaged, and countless will be the blessings showered upon you by happy wives, mothers and children.

LATE PAPERS.—From C. F. Johnston, newsdealer, 918 Main street, we have current numbers of "Harper's" (double sheet) and "Leslie's" pictorials, "Appleton's Journal" and "Leslie's Lady's Journal," a new and promising fashion sheet, with a full sheet pattern enclosed. Also, "Scribner's Magazine" for December, filled with good articles and finely illustrated. In fact, Johnston knows how to cater to the taste of the reading public, and keeps his rooms constantly supplied with the choicest and most select matter.

POLICE COURT—*Justice J. J. White presiding.*—The following cases were disposed of to-day:

David Lewis, charged with unlawfully and feloniously seizing, carrying away and secreting from Rachel Jones and Judith Jones, the child of the said Rachel Jones, she being the lawful custodian of the child. Case continued till Saturday, November 18, on account of the absence of witnesses.

Mary J. Welsh, charged with having in her possession stolen goods. Continued till Tuesday next for further examination.

Delphia Gordon, charged with using abusive language to and threatening the life of Joseph Mathews. Fined $1.

Joseph Matthews and Joseph Motley, charged with trespassing on the premises and assaulting and beating Delphia Gordon. Discharged, the evidence insufficient to convict.

Ella O'Donnell, charged with using abusive and insulting language to Annie George. Dismissed; trifling case.

Mrs. Wm. J. George, charged with invading the premises of Ella O'Donnell, and assaulting and beating her. Dismissed as a trifling case.

Antonio Jackson, charged with stealing $5 from the money drawer of E. M. Dunnivant. Discharged; the evidence insufficient to convict.

QUESTION ANSWERED.—The Richmond JOURNAL of Monday afternoon, speaking of the Wilson murder says: "Yesterday, while leaving Norfolk, we heard a gentleman say, "it was to be regretted it was not Shepherd instead of Wilson that was killed." Will the *Day Book* tell us who is Shepherd?

We learn that the Shepherd alluded to, is a colored policeman of Portsmouth, and now on duty upon the force.—*Day Book.*

Exactly. Just as we expected. There are circumstances developing themselves in connection with this case which stamp it as a great atrocity. We appeal to the better disposed citizens of Norfolk to awake to the fearful position their city is being placed in by these continued outsages, perpetrated by some of her hot-heads, who, when the day of retribution comes, as come it must, will have nothing to lose.

Men must be more than human to stand still much longer and see their companions shot down, and no successful effort made to bring the guilty parties to justice.

SPEEDILY CURED.—The Governor, greatly agitated at reading the card of the West Virginia commissioners, and being somewhat delicate, his nervous system, for a time, was seriously shocked. His physician had no difficulty in prescribing the proper remedy—which never fails to cure. The morning papers announce the appointment of *two* notaries public. In ordinary cases, it is only necessary to appoint one, but whenever an unusual attack comes on, it requires two doses to relieve. We are happy to announce his Excellency is now in the enjoyment of his usual good health.

WHO CARES WHERE THEY GO.—We return our most sincere thanks to Justice White, for the very small favor of fining somebody in charge of a baby carriage, who imagined the pavement belonged to the vehicle she manipulated. We are equally obliged to the policeman, who was the first one to discover the fact that "baby carriages" ought to be reasonable. We knoweth not the name of the man of the star, but if it be Barefoot or Gilman, we beg pardon for all we ever said about either of them, and if they will call, we promise to stand treat. There's no limit to the reward we will pay, if these baby carriages will be made to behave themselves.

FAVORS.—We return thanks to C. A. Bradford, mail agent on the route between Washington city and Weldon, for papers in advance of the mail. These favors are duly appreciated by us, and will always be thankfully received.

We also return thanks to Mr. Mansfield for late papers received to-day in advance of the mail.

OUR EXPORT TRADE.—The German bark "Resource," W. Grau, master, cleared from the custom-house this morning, for Havre, France, laden with 530 hogsheads leaf tobacco, shipped by Nolting & Co., and 790 bags quercitron bark, shipped by Hoffbauer & Co. The "Resource" is 302 tons measurement, and carries 13 seamen.

LIST OF UNMAILABLE LETTERS REMAINING IN THE RICHMOND POST-OFFICE, NOVEMBER 17TH, 1871.—Alfred Morton, Richmond; Jonah James, Richmond; Miss M. A. Puffett, Johnson's Springs, Va.

☞"B" Select Whiskey.

☞Cigars and Tobacco.—If you want to buy good Cigars and Tobacco, you can do so at T. BALMER & Co.'s, 814 Main street.

☞"B" Select Whiskey.

☞Groceries.—Families in want of Groceries are referred to the advertisement of T. BALMER & Co., 814 Main street, in another column.

☞"B" Select Whiskey, $2.50 per gallon.

☞English Breakfast Teas mixed for and imported by T. BALMER & Co., 814 Main street.

☞"B" Select Whiskey.

MARRIED.

On the morning of the 7th, by the Rev. Henry Kepler, GEORGE H. KENDRICK, Esq., of Scott county, and Miss LUCY F. KING, of this city.

On the 15th instant, by Rev. C. W. Petherbridge, Mr. JOHN T. ACREE and Miss CATHARINE J. GRAY; both of Henrico.

On November 9th, by the Rev. A. Van De Vyver, JEFFRY MASON to Mrs J. C. BAGNALL.

DIED.

On the 16th instant, MARY ANN, only daughter of Arthur and Mary Rooney, aged two years and five months.

AMUSEMENTS.

VIRGINIA HALL.

LAST NIGHT BUT ONE.
BENEFIT
of the accomplished actress and vocalist,
ROSE WATKINS.
SPLENDID BILL—THREE CAPITAL PLAYS.
FRIDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 17TH,
the new and beautiful play of
A WARRIOR'S WIFE.
Mrs. Colonel Hood (with song).... Rose Watkins.
To be followed by a well-done domestic broil,
DIVORCED;
OR,
IT TAKES TWO TO QUARREL.
MR. AND MRS. WATKINS IN THE PLAY.
To conclude with the musical extravaganza
NILSSON'S COME.
ROSE WATKINS IN TWO CHARACTERS.
FAMILY MATINEE SATURDAY 2 O'CLOCK.
ADMISSION—FIFTY CENTS. Reserved seats, SEVENTY-FIVE CENTS. no 17—1t

WANTED—A GOOD ACTIVE WHITE BOY, 14 or 16 years old, and willing to work. Apply at office of the STATE JOURNAL.
no 16

LATEST NEWS.

FROM NEW YORK.

New York, Nov. 16.—James Fisk, Jr., has been again arrested and held to bail in $3,000 to answer the charge of attempting to induce Helen Mansfield's colored servant to swear falsely.

Details of the recent high tide and storm show heavy losses. Property in the lower portion of different cities has been washed away and many buildings blown down. Great damage has also been done to shipping.

Thirteen new cases of cholera were received yesterday at the hospital from the quarantine ship Delaware.

There has been one more death by cholera at Westbank hospital.

Ben Wade, in his lecture, says that Congress will undoubtedly favor high tariff, and would be endorsed by the popular will in the West. He favors the nomination and reëlection of Grant, and predicts great prosperity to the country.

Another vessel of the Russian fleet has arrived, but the Grand Duke Alexis is not in her.

An Albany special says that Governor Hoffman met the Democratic State Senators to-day at Troy, to consider the propriety of an extra session of the Legislature to pass the new reform charters, which have already been drafted by O'Conner, Tilden and others for New York and Brooklyn.

District Attorney Garvin denies the report that Tweed has been indicted by the grand jury; saying that the case has not yet been before them.

The rumor of the resignation by Tom Fields of his seat in the Assembly is untrue.

John Mitchell gained a point to-day in his suit against General Dix, for alleged imprisonment, Judge McCann denying the motion for transferring the case to the United States court, for the reason that it didn't come under the law of Congress of 1865 or '68, the arrest having occurred June 14th, 1865, subsequent to the date fixed by the Presidential proclamation at the close of the rebellion.

The Late Gale on the Coast.

Portland, November 16,—The roads have been washed and the bridges submerged from Bangor to Boston. A train went through a culvert. None were killed, but several were hurt.

Rockland, November 16.—The severest gale known here for years commenced on Tuesday night and still continues. The sea ran higher in the harbor yesterday than since 1855. The steamboat wharves were badly damaged, and the other wharves and shipping in port also sustained some injury.

At Portsmouth, N. H., the gale continued with severe effect. No trains over the Eastern railroad had arrived since the storm commenced. In the harbor the United States steamer Speedwell had assisted several distressed schooners.

Accounts from New York show that the effects of the storm in this vicinity were very severe. A large quantity of the Harlem flats were washed away.

In Jersey the Morris canal overflowed, submerging basements, carrying off lumber, boats, yachts, &c., and damaging over $10,000 worth of property.

The lectrue-room of a Methodist church at Bergen Heights was blown down and the church damaged. In Newark over $20,000 worth of property was destroyed by the wind and water, several unfinished houses being demolished and cellar-basements flooded.

At Elizabeth, a brick foundry and five buildings were blown down.

The schooner Native, of Greenwich, Connecticut, was blown high and dry on a dock, and another schooner was driven ashore, demolishing a brick factory.

Accounts from Boston show that the Eastern railroad suffered badly.

At New York the storm signals were taken down at noon, but at 2 o'clock were replaced.

Other reports received go to show that the storm was one of the severest in its nature and extent ever felt in the country.

Sheridan Sustained by the Chicago Grand Jury.

Chicago, November 16.—The *Evening Journal* has it from trustworthy authority that the grand jury, now in session, has had the matter of the death of Col. Grosvenor under investigation, and after a careful and thorough examination of all the facts bearing upon the case, to-day reached the unanimous conclusion that there was no good ground for indictment either against young Trent, who did the shooting, Mayor Mason, General Sheridan, or other military or civil officers, under whose order the city was guarded and patrolled at the time of the homicide.

The Tyson Injunction Case.

Lynchburg, November 16.—In the Tyson injunction case, in the U. S. Court, the day was occupied by the counsel for the Commonwealth; having on his part the character of the act of consolidation and the effect upon the Virginia and Tennessee Railroad Company and its stockholders, and especially of the mortgage made of its road and property to secure a loan of fifteen million dollars of bonds by the Atlantic, Mississippi and Ohio Company.

The case will occupy probably two or three more days. The feeling seems to be with the complainant.

The Park Family Murder—More Arrests.

Louisville, Ky., November 16.—A search of the house of Taylor, one of the murderers of the Park family, at Henryville, Indiana, a few days ago shows that he has been receiving stolen goods since the Chicago fire.

Several other negroes neve been arrested as implicated in the dreadful murder of the Parks. The danger, which at one time threatened the murderers, has past.

FOREIGN NEWS.

England.

Another explosion has occurred at the Wigraw colliery. Buildings were rocked, and the people rushed into the streets, panic-stricken. Fortunately, however, the explosion occurred after the working gangs had left, and consequently only six persons were killed. The cause of the explosion is unknown.

Heavy gales have occurred on the British coast. Several casualties are reported. No American vessels are mentioned.

The "Nigretta," from Cardiff for Havana, is ashore in Barnstable Bay, and will be a total loss. The crew was saved.

The rate of discount of the Bank of England has been reduced one per cent., and is now four per cent. It is generally thought that the weekly returns of the Bank of England will show an increase of £800,000.

China.

A dispatch from Shanghai, dated the 12th inst., says that during the typhoon at Minad, on the 2d of September, more than 300 lives were lost.

The rains continue in the north of China. Within the last ten days the water has been higher than at any previous time. Twenty thousand square miles of territory was inundated and 1,000 people were drowned in New Chiang.

Baron Zichtofer has started to explore the extreme northwest of China.

The Corean expedition seems to have been given up.

Consul-General Ward has returned from a visit to the North.

John Wargham the British consul at Shanghai, died on the 9th instant.

The bulk of the tea crop has arrived, and has been settled. There has been an advance in all grades. Silk is higher, and the cotton crop in Central China is reported fair. The market for coals has been active, and freights have been good for vessels to all quarters. Four ships have sailed for New York.

Rome.

Rome, Nov. 16.—It is said the Pope intends to address a communication to the European Powers protesting against certain acts of the Italian Government, as the violation of the international law and of the rights and dignities of the countries concerned. He will specify, among other acts, the expulsion of nuns of various nationalities from their convents and the forcible suppression and closing of certain international religious houses.

Japan.

Minister De Long is traveling extensively through Japan, and is visiting the volcanoes and all points of interest.

The captain of the forecastle of the United States frigate "Colorado" was instantly killed by a fall while the steamer was in the dry-dock st Yokohoma.

The new Governor of Yokohoma entertained the foreign consuls at a dinner, and made a radically progressive speech.

Miscellaneous.

The steamship "Porto Rico" has landed reinforcements from Spain at Santiago De Cuba.

There were three hundred and eighty deaths from cholera in Constantinople during the week ending yesterday.

A Scranton dispatch says that consternation prevails at Hyde Park in consequence of the caving in of the earth over the Oxford mines. Buildings were badly shaken, and there are large apertures in the streets.

Reports from London say that it is estimated that 10,000,000 pounds sterling, belonging to the French Government, is on deposit and held for the payment of the German indemnity.

The monetary disturbances in Paris are partially abated. It is reported that the Bank of France intends to double its capital, making it 375,000,000.

Money is plentiful in Germany and rapidly drifting into American securities. Germany will, early next year, redeem thirty millions sterling of the war loans.

TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY.

—Snow fell in New York yesterday.

—Snow fell in Philadelphia yesterday.

—Gold closed in New York yesterday at 111¼.

—The small-pox is spreading all over Maryland.

—General Halleck is very ill at his residence in Louisville.

—Yesterday was observed throughout Ontario, Canada, as Thanksgiving.

—The official vote of New Jersey for Governor is: Parker, 82,299; Walsh, 72,-292.

—The steamers George B. Upton and Isaac Bell arrived at New York yesterday, from this city.

—Gen. Sherman and Lieut. Grant leave this evening for Europe in the Wabash, from New York.

—A despatch from Macon, Georgia, says there was ice and a killing frost in that section yesterday morning.

—The residence of Mr. Nathan, who was so mysteriously murdered in New York, is being converted into a gambling hell.

—The United States authorities have arrested a large batch of supposed Ku-Klux in Rutherford and Cleveland counties.

—Ex-Congressman Smart, of Maine, has been admitted to the insane hospital at Augusta for treatment, his disease being softening of the brain.

—Pension Agent Calhoun, of Philadelphia, is short only a few thousand dollars. The privilege of making up the amount and resigning has been accorded him, which he did yesterday. He denies being a defaulter.

—The Pacific Insurance Company of San Francisco has resolved to withdraw its Eastern agencies and confine its business hereafter to the Pacific coast, Mr. Staples, president of the Firemen's Fund, leaves for Chichago on Saturday, to adjust and pay all losses.

—Dispatches from Arizona say that gold and greenbacks were left on the bodies of the passengers murdered on the Wickenburg stage, which is regarded as confirmation of the murderers being Indians, and not whites. The press denounces the interference of Vincent Collyer.

—The steamer "Japan" arrived at San Francisco yesterday, from Hong Kong and Yokohoma, and brings 9,565 packages of teas, silks, &c., for New York, Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, New Orleans, Hartford, Cincinnati, Pittsburg, Mexico, and Europe. Among the passengers are ten Japanese students for Europe and the crew of the wrecked American bark "Cataline." James Armstrong, an American, died on the passage.

MEETINGS.

NOTICE.—Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad COMPANY, CASHIER'S OFFICE, RICHMOND, VA., November 3d, 1871.

The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad Company will be held in the city of Richmond, on THURSDAY, the 7th of December, 1871.

The attention of the Stockholders is called to the following extract from the by-laws of the Company:

"All proxies to represent Stockholders at a general meeting shall be in writing, and signed by the person thus transfering the power; partnerships may sign in the name of partnerships, and