

The election for State officers and members of the Legislature takes place in North Carolina to-morrow.

Grant and Wilson Rally of Colored Citizens.

A Republican rally of the colored citizens in favor of the success of the Grant and Wilson ticket was held at the Phillips-street Baptist church last evening.

After a brief opening speech by the chairman, George L. Kiffin, Esq., was announced, and responded with a hearty speech which was received with hearty applause.

The committee on resolutions next submitted its report, which consisted of an address to the colored voters and the following resolutions:

We, the colored citizens of Boston, in public council assembled, declare our hostility to our common foe, the Democracy.

Resolved, That its infamous record in causing a bloody war, with all its consequences, is not by us forgotten.

Resolved, That all successful opposition to the infamous measures of the Democratic party have been made by the Republican party.

Resolved, That we shall as a people cast our votes at the coming election for the nominees of the Republican party—viz: General U. S. Grant and Hon. Henry Wilson.

The resolutions were unanimously adopted, and Mr. John Oliver, of Richmond, Virginia, was next introduced.

He made an excellent speech, deprecating the baneful example which the colored men of the North who have proven false to the Republican party hold up to their more ignorant Southern brethren.

He, however, assured his hearers that the mass of the Southern blacks are not deceived, and that as far as his State, at least, is concerned, they would vote almost to a man for Grant and Wilson.

He gave a sketch of the Democratic party, past and present, and avowed that Horace Greeley was in the hands of the Southern Democrats, as was shown by the composing of the resolutions at Cincinnati and Baltimore, and if elected, the government would be Democratic, which would be unfortunate for the colored people.

The speaker alleged that one of the baits held out for the votes of unsuspecting colored men, by the Richmond Whig, was the promise that if Greeley were elected, three hundred and fifty million dollars would be expended in payment for slaves liberated during the war.

And one-half of this sum should be divided among the colored men of the South. Mr. Oliver then alluded to the noble record of the Republican party, its efforts in behalf of the colored people, in the establishment of schools in the South, and in various ways contributing to the well-being of the colored people.

They could not afford to trust their happiness to the Democratic party, which had proven false to the colored and abetted slavery, and would to-day, if it were possible, again place the blacks in bondage.

In referring to Mr. Greeley he said if he wanted to reform the abuses of the government why not do it inside of his own party organization. Surely a good man in the church will not go outside of its prescribed regulations to correct its errors and protect its cannon, but will demand the more firmly by its organization, to preserve its usefulness. There are a few so-called Republicans who have gone into this new movement, but confess that they do not feel willing to trust the destiny of the government to the keeping of the Democratic party, not only because of its free trade prohibitions, but because of its attempt to destroy the life of the nation, by the destruction of the work of the two parties, which may possibly give us a better government, or as Mr. Franklin Stearns, of Richmond, says, we must be magnanimous, surrender our fears, and believe that this liberal Walker cab of 1869 is going to be a very compromising animal in 1873, under its tamer, Mr. Greeley; and, at the same time, he knows that the Democratic organization is only waiting a favorable opportunity to attack and make good the reconstruction act. Not to know that the ascendancy of the Democratic party means destruction to negro equality before the law, as maintained in the reconstruction acts, is only tampering with one's better judgment.

If the Democrats mean to abide the principles as laid down in their Cincinnati and Baltimore platform, why not except them in the Republican party, which have so well begun to cast out of the work of emancipation. The Democrats of Virginia have again legalized the whipping post, and continue to refuse the negro admission to the jury-box when one of his race is being sent to the State prison for every day in the year.—Boston Advertiser.

LOCAL MATTERS.

THE DENTISTS.

The Transactions of the Southern Dental Association now in Session in this City.

YESTERDAY'S PROCEEDINGS CONCLUDED.

The following gentlemen applied for membership, and were elected by a unanimous vote: Dr. A. G. Burton, Baltimore, Md.; James Johnston, Staunton, Va.; William A. Mills, Norfolk, Va.; J. B. Woral, J. H. Moore, J. G. Wray, John Mahony, George F. Keese, R. N. Hudson, William B. Pleasants, F. A. Jeter, Richmond Va.; John W. Scriber, Charlottesville, Va.; T. H. Legare, Orangeburg, S. C.; G. G. Davidson, Lexington, Va. Dr. Robert Early, of Lynchburg, Va., was elected an honorary member.

The President announced that Dr. J. Hall Moore, of Richmond, Va., was a delegate from the Virginia State Dental Society to the Association.

On motion of Dr. Grant, a committee of three was appointed to examine and report upon new appliances and inventions that may be proposed to the notice of the profession.

The chair named the following gentlemen as the committee: Drs. James Johnston, Staunton, Va.; E. Floyd, Fayetteville, N. C., and F. A. Jeter, Richmond, Va. Dr. Samuel A. White, chairman of the committee on publication, sent in the report of his committee. The manner in which the proceedings of the last annual session of the Association were printed is commended by the committee, who consider that the report should not be accepted as finally reflecting the transactions of the body.

The report of the committee was received and adopted.

A report from Dr. J. P. H. Brown, of Georgia, chairman of the committee on dental education, was read by the secretary. The doctor, after regretting his necessary absence and his failure to hear from other members of the committee, gives his views of the necessity of a higher grade of education, both general and special, in the profession. The report was received and adopted.

Professor F. J. S. Gorgas, of the Baltimore Dental College, being called on, said that he was sorry that neither dental education nor the facilities for such education in the South were what they should be. His own college had been struggling for years under manifold difficulties, and was just now getting clear of some of these.

President Clark temporarily vacated the chair and took the floor to give his ideas on the subject under consideration. He said the matter was too important to be passed over lightly. He would call attention particularly to the ease with which dental diplomas were obtained. The dental schools acted with the lights before them, but a higher standard should be erected, and he thought this should be done by the State Dental Societies. Honorary diplomas should not be given but upon the certificate of a State Society, and he thought that the Society of each State should select some one school and bestow its whole patronage and recognition upon that. He would prefer that this school should be attached to the University of each State.

Professor Gorgas said that his college had adopted the rule to confer no honorary diploma or degree, except in cases where one of the members of the profession, in the profession, thought he would be willing to be thought his colleague also would be, to grant diplomas on the certificates of State societies.

The report on histology and microscopy, by Dr. S. P. Cutler, of New Orleans, was read by Dr. Ford, corresponding secretary.

The venerable and distinguished Dr. Robert Arthur, of Baltimore, here entered the hall and was welcomed by the Association.

Dr. W. Leigh Burton, of this city, was unanimously elected a member of the Association. Dr. Burton, upon invitation, exhibited a tooth which had been fractured in the mouth of a child, and had subsequently united its fractured parts, and explained the process of such union.

Dr. Clark propounded the theory that the destruction of the teeth was caused by animal acids, and that the acids of decaying vegetable or other matter lodged about them—although he allowed that acids did have an injurious effect to some extent on the enamel.

Adjourned until 10 o'clock this morning.

THIS MORNING'S PROCEEDINGS.

The Convention was called to order at ten o'clock by president Clark, and the Rev. Dr. Hoge, of the Second Presbyterian Church, delivered a prayer.

The chair announced that in accordance with a resolution passed at yesterday's session, the subject of operative dentistry would now be taken up, and that Dr. Robert Arthur, of Baltimore, in pursuance of the invitation, would explain the system or theory advanced by him in a treatise recently published.

Dr. Arthur, who is an old and experienced dentist, rose and said that the system or theory of operative dentistry advanced by him was subversive of the present fundamental principles of the science. He said that it was preventive rather than curative. He would prevent the decay of the teeth, and not stand upon the absurd and foolish etiquette or notion that cavities must be produced by the march of decay before the skill of the dentist shall be applied. He would prevent decay by separating and filling the teeth. If the file is applied on the first indication of decay, the tooth cannot only be saved, but restored to perfect health. He said the effect of the present accepted system of practice was to destroy, not to save teeth; and he was sorry to confess that the profession as practiced was, in his judgment, doing a positive evil to mankind. The doctor exhibited and explained the use of certain dental instruments, recently invented, and cases where his theory and these instruments had been applied with most astonishing and gratifying results.

Several members who had read Dr. Arthur's recent work on operative dentistry, gave it their unqualified approval. Dr. Thackston, of Virginia, regarded it as the most important contribution to the science of dentistry he had any knowledge, and paid a high compliment to its author. He believed with him that decay of the teeth might be arrested by the file. The theory that when the enamel of the tooth was gone, decay and destruction was inevitable, was exploded, and it was undoubtedly true that as pure and perfect and lasting a surface as the enamel could be produced with the file.

The committee on membership reported that Dr. E. C. Keit was an accredited delegate to the Southern Dental Association from the Virginia State Dental Association. The committee also presented the following named gentlemen as applicants for membership: Dr. J. R. Woodley, of Norfolk, Va.; Dr. Joseph Woodward, of Richmond, Va.; and Dr. G. W. McElhenny, of the Georgia State Dental Association; all of whom were duly elected.

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The subject of operative dentistry was again taken up, and was under discussion when our report closed.

MEETING OF THE DEMOCRATIC STATE COMMITTEE.

The Democratic State Committee was in session in this city yesterday afternoon. Eight of the nine resident members, and ten of the consulting members were present. The resignations of Ex-Gov. Wm. Smith, of Fauquier, and Col. A. C. Cummings, of Washington, were accepted, and Col. Jas. V. Brooke, of Fauquier, was elected in place of Mr. Smith, and Gen. A. L. Pridmore, of Lee, in place of Mr. Cummings. The action of the resident members in amending the basis of representation in conventions, so as to base representation upon the Conservative vote instead of population, was taken up for consideration, and caused a long and animated debate. Finally, the action of the resident committee was approved by a vote of nine to eight.

Of the committee the *Whig* says: "As this committee has neither the respect nor the confidence of the country, it will devolve upon the Conservative party to preserve its own harmony and take care of its interests. To that end, we exert it to the exercise of the greatest moderation and conciliation in its various conventions."

FATAL RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

A sad accident occurred just over the river last night, about half-past nine o'clock, on the Richmond and Danville railroad, by which Bob Trice, an aged and worthy colored man, long an employee of the company, and experienced in the business committed to him, was instantly killed. The switch locomotive was engaged in moving a number of loaded freight cars to this side of the river to make up a train, the freight cars being in front coming this way. Just before the train could not come over to this side, having to stop in Manchester, most of the passengers, however, walked over. Trice was raised in Louisa county, and was for some time a brakeman on the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad.

LOCAL NOTES.

Luscious grapes, grown in the vicinity of Richmond, are displayed at the fruit-stands.

Carl Schurz telegraphs that he cannot, owing to long standing business engagements, accept the invitation extended to him to visit Richmond and make a speech. He will pass through the city to-morrow.

A boy who arrived from Baltimore yesterday afternoon, was taken in charge by the police on suspicion that he has the small-pox.

The special committee of the Council has selected a lot of ground at the corner of Twenty-sixth and O streets, and will recommend its purchase for a Marshall ward market-house.

GONE INTO BUSINESS.

Capt. C. E. Dibble, who has for some time held a position in the Richmond Postoffice, has resigned and gone into the general commission and tobacco brokerage business at No. 107 Twelfth street. Messrs. C. C. Watry, late of Lynchburg, and J. W. Ferris, late of Nevada, are associated with the Captain, the title of the firm being Dibble, Watson & Co. These are all young gentlemen of energy, experience and capital, and if they do not succeed in the line of business in which they have engaged, it will not be for the lack of any of these requisites. We commend the firm to the generous patronage of farmers, planters and others of the State.

SEMI-ANNUAL TAXES.

Notice is called to the fact that all associations or corporations liable to a semi-annual tax are required to make their returns to the assessor of internal revenue on or before the 10th of August. The tax on wholesale liquor dealers' sales expiring on the 31st of July, such dealers are required to make their returns on or before the 10th of August. After the first of August the tax thereon ceases by act of Congress. These returns must be made whether the dealers are liable or not.

GRANT AND WILSON CLUB.

A Grant and Wilson club was organized in Monroe ward last night by the election of the following officers: P. W. Jackson, president; Captain Thomas P. Jackson, vice-president; W. L. Samson, secretary; Wm. L. Johnson, treasurer; Paul Davis, chaplain; John Rollins, first marshal; James P. Davis, second marshal. Co-operative clubs will also be organized in each precinct of this ward. It is desirable that these co-operative clubs be organized as soon as possible, and report on Monday evening next at 8 o'clock, at the Third-street Methodist church.

DIPPERS WANTED.

A water-imbibing biped says a blast in the STATE JOURNAL some time since made the water spring from the fountain in front of the post-office, and begs that we will give another with reference to the dippers, or the absence of dippers. These very convenient articles have been *non est* for some time, and the thirst of human beings has been slaked, if slaked at all, horse or dog fashion. This is a rather undignified mode of drinking, and we trust dippers may be speedily supplied.

MORTUARY REPORT FOR LAST WEEK.

The following is the mortuary report for the week ending Saturday, July 27th, 1872, compiled from sextons' returns received at the office of the Board of Health: Whole number of deaths in the city, 45; in addition a full decaying of the teeth might be arrested by the file. The theory that when the enamel of the tooth was gone, decay and destruction was inevitable, was exploded, and it was undoubtedly true that as pure and perfect and lasting a surface as the enamel could be produced with the file.

NEW PAPER.

We have received No. 1 Vol. 1 of the Portsmouth (Va.) *Times*, I. Leopold, editor, and J. C. Hundley manager. It is to be published every Saturday, and seems to be independent in politics.

DOLLAR SAVING'S BANK.

The Dollar Savings Bank has removed to the northeast corner of Main and Fourteenth streets, and now occupies the premises lately vacated by Messrs. Isaacs, Taylor & Williams. Depositors and others will make a note of this.

NO TAKERS.

A prominent Republican has been offering to bid \$3,000 on the election of Caldwell in North Carolina, but has found no takers. If any one wants the chance, let him call.

MADISON WARD.

The Grant and Wilson club of Madison Ward meets at Hiam's Hall, Ninth street, at 8 o'clock to-night.

IMMIGRATION MEETING.

A meeting of the Settlers' and Immigrants' Aid Society was held in Norfolk yesterday. The following counties and cities were represented: Nottingham, Lunenburg, Northampton, Caroline, Isle of Wight, Warwick, Elizabeth City, Nelson, Nansmond, Southampton, Mecklenburg, Richmond, Norfolk and Portsmouth. The meeting was addressed by Judge Blaw, Col. Withers, of this city, Judge Mann, Mr. Swank, Col. Lamb, and others. Proper steps were taken for the formation of an Immigrant Aid society in each county; for the publication and distribution of authentic information concerning the resources of the State; and to secure the easiest possible rates of fare and freight for immigrants along the various lines of railroads. The report of the secretary shows a steady increase in the number of immigrants arriving at the port of Norfolk from European countries.

RIVERSIDE PARK.

The Sunday School of St. Peter's Cathedral are having a grand picnic at Riverside Park to-day. There will be music and dancing this evening. Yesterday the proprietors of the Park gave the use of the grounds and free transportation to the orphans of St. Joseph's Female Asylum.

LIST OF UNMAILABLE LETTERS REMAINING IN THE RICHMOND POST-OFFICE, JULY 31ST, 1872.

John R. Childry, Richmond; Peter Fisher, Richmond; William J. T. Richmond.

FINES COLLECTED.

The aggregate amount of fines collected in the Police court during the month ending to-day was \$383.75.

DIED.

BOWDEN.—Wife of George E. Bowden on the 28th inst. Mrs. MARY BOWDEN, in the 31st year of her age. Her funeral will take place to-morrow (Thursday) afternoon, at 4 o'clock, from Trinity Methodist Church, the friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

SEWING MACHINE CERTIFICATES.

The Willcox & Gibbs sewing machine, which is a "Virginia institution" by virtue of invention and patent, is rapidly taking the place of all the double-thread machines, where its superiority over them is known. The following certificates are taken from hundreds of others that have been cheerfully given in this State:

BODROS, Mecklenburg County, Va. I send you my Wheeler & Wilson, which is in perfect order and handsomely fitted up, to exchange for a Willcox & Gibbs machine. I shall trust to your liberality to do the best you can for me. I send a good machine, but do not care for looks. W. H. JONES, M. D.

Several of my neighbors have the Willcox & Gibbs machine, and it is much more suitable for family sewing than the double-thread, which I have. I would like to exchange. B. K. WILLIAMS.

WANTS.

STONE-CUTTERS WANTED.—To cut curb and sidewalks for the city. Apply at office of the Board of Public Works, No. 4 North Eleventh street, or at quarry, two miles below Manchester. J. W. WYATT, Agent.

DIVERSITY PARK IS KEPT BY THE PROPRIETORS OF THE DOLLY VARDEN LINE OF BOATS FOR THE USE OF THE PATRONS.

Patrons of the Dolly Varden line of boats will be pleased to know that a FEE OF TWENTY-FIVE CENTS will be collected of all persons visiting the Park by any of the boats of this line on any of the boats of the Dolly Varden line (the name is on each boat) and your return ticket will pass you to the Park every evening. Boats run every evening from 4 to 7:30 P. M. J. W. WYATT, Agent.

OFFICE OF THE MUTUAL BUILDING FUND.

AS DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK, 121 N. WYATT, AUG. 1, 1872.

THIS BANK WILL OPEN AFTER

THIS date, Monday, August 6th, at the North-east corner of Main and Fourteenth streets. The office formerly occupied by Messrs. Isaacs, Taylor & Williams, bankers. THOMAS S. ARMISTEAD, Cashier.

WILSON COLLEGE FOR YOUNG LADIES.

Chambersburg, Pa., with ample ground and elegant buildings, so fitted up to be homelike and attractive, and well equipped for thorough educational work, will open the first term of the next academic year September 1, 1872. For circulars, apply to Rev. C. R. Lane, Jr. J. W. WYATT, Agent.

STEAMSHIPS.

FOR NEW YORK. THE OLD DOMINION STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S elegant sidewheel steamship WYANDOTT, Capt. J. W. WYATT, will sail on FRIDAY, August 3d, at 2 o'clock P. M. Freight received until 1 P. M. Through bills of lading signed, and goods forwarded with dispatch to all ports—north, east and west. Close connections made with C. & O. and other lines. Passenger accommodations unsurpassed. Fare.....\$12 00 Round Trip Tickets.....20 00 For freight or passage, apply to JOHN W. WYATT, Agent, No. 3 Governor street.

THE SOUTHERN ASSOCIATION—RAFFLE FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE WIDOWS AND ORPHANS OF THE SOUTHERN STATES.

DISTRIBUTION No. 469. EVENING, July 30. 65 28 37 53 49 2 31 10 8 20 DISTRIBUTION No. 464. MORNING, July 31. 49 45 48 69 17 47 33 54 61 1 19 Witness my hand, at Richmond, Va., this 31st day of July, 1872. SIMMONS & CO., C. Q. TOMPKINS, Managers.

CERTIFICATES OF RAFFLE can be purchased from Captain W. I. DABNEY, at the Branch office, No. 3 Twelfth street, three doors from Main.

EXCURSIONS.

EXCURSION TRAIN TO STAUNTON AND INTERMEDIATE STATIONS. EVERY SATURDAY, AT 8 P. M. AT REDUCED RATE. Tickets good to return by either train Monday. Rare chance to enjoy the Blue Ridge scenery. Je 27—TheFm General Superintendent.

DISSOLUTIONS.

THE FIRM OF WYATT & EVANS IS this day DISSOLVED by mutual consent. I have withdrawn from the firm of WYATT & EVANS, and I still remain at my old stand, No. 704 Grace street, in rear of the Richmond Theatre, ready to do all PAINTING, WHITENING, COLORING, &c., on reasonable terms. Any reference given on or before the date of this notice. WM. A. WYATT, Jr. Je 16—14

PROFESSIONAL.

JOHN W. JACKSON, ATTORNEY AT LAW. SPECIAL ATTENTION TO CLAIMS. OFFICE: Albemarle, Louisa, Fluvanna, Goodland, Postoffice: Columbia, Va. Je 28—5kw14

J. AMBLER SMITH, ATTORNEY AT LAW. BANKRUPTCY PRACTICE MADE A SPECIALTY. Office: No. 5 Marshall Hall, corner Bank and Tenth streets RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.

THE AMENDMENT OF THE HON' JOHN F. LEWIS, U. S. S. TO THE BANKRUPT LAW HAS BEEN ADOPTED BY CONGRESS.

The Bankrupt Law now, as amended, exempts \$500 in money, \$2,000 in land or personal property, and State exemption of 1860. The Clause of the Law requiring payment of 50 cents on the dollar has been repealed. Je 14—15Wm

BY TELEGRAPH.

LATEST FROM ALL POINTS

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC NEWS

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN STAUNTON.

Chesapeake and Ohio Engine House Burned—Four or Five Locomotives Lost—Fire Engine Unavailable. (Special to THE STATE JOURNAL.) Staunton, Va., July 31.—About two o'clock this morning fire was discovered in the engine house of the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad company, and a general alarm of fire was given.

The members of the fire department turned out hastily, and made great efforts to subdue the flames, but being deprived of the use of the fire-engine by the action of the City Council, they proved unavailing. The engine-house, which was wholly of wood, was speedily consumed.

Four or five new locomotive engines, which it was impossible to remove from the burning building, were destroyed. It is supposed that the loss will reach \$200,000. The surrounding buildings were but very slightly damaged.

NEW YORK.

Terrible Conflagration—Destruction of the Standard Oil Works at Hunter's Point—Vessels and Barges Laden With Oil Burned—The Fire Beyond Control—Panic Among the People—Reported Loss of Life, &c. New York, July 30.—A heavy fire is raging at Hunter's Point. A number of vessels have been burned. Tugs are engaged in towing others away.

The fire is still raging. It originated on board a canal boat, and the wind, which was blowing from the north-west, carried the flames into the Standard oil-yards. The boat on which the fire commenced had on board 1,200 barrels of oil. It is reported that eight or ten barges have been destroyed. The ship *Elpis*, 800 tons burthen, bark *Edwards*, 600 tons, both full of oil, and the brig *Max*,