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WEDNESDAY EVE'G, APRIL 16, 1873. Specimen Copies of either edition sent free on application.

EDWARD DANIELS, Editor and Manager.

WEDNESDAY EVE'G, APRIL 16, 1873.

Radicalism Means the Negro Above the White Man.

The Enquirer, in its editorial of this morning (more carefully considered in some respects than either of its previous articles), reiterates its charge that "Radicalism means the negro above the white man" in Virginia, and refers to the action of the "Radical convention of 1867," in incorporating the test-oath and disfranchising clauses in the constitution, and in depriving of the truth and accuracy of its statement.

We are glad of an opportunity to meet our courteous, but somewhat over-sensitive, neighbor on an issue so directly in conflict with the truth of history, as we understand it, and to set him right on several very material points wherein his statement is too intrinsically weak to stand for a moment.

And we begin by saying that the Enquirer is too well informed to deny, that there is not a man who advocated the two constitutional clauses named, in the convention referred to, who has not passed into political oblivion by reason of his advocacy of them; and, what is more, each and every one of them has been forced there by the seal of condemnation placed upon his action by the Republican party of Virginia.

The test oath was embodied in the constitution against the earnest protest of men who were then prominent in the Republican party, and who have since been its most honored and respected members. On the other hand, it originated with those who have since been thoroughly repudiated and thrown overboard by the party, and who could not be elected hog-reeves to-day by any respectable body of Republicans in the state.

We need not inform the Enquirer that even Judge Underwood (after whom it names the convention) was strenuously opposed to the two obnoxious clauses in the constitution, and claimed that a snap judgment had been taken, in his absence and that of other leading Republicans, in adopting them as obnoxious parts of that instrument.

MUCH satisfaction is expressed by the English papers at the prompt and cordial co-operation of our government with that of Great Britain in the steps necessary to bring to justice the persons suspected of complicity in the great fraud recently effected upon the Bank of England. "No better proof," says the London Times, "could be afforded of the excellent relations which subsist between the respective governments, than their prompt co-operation to secure the ends of justice and punish the supposed authors of a wide-reaching and most ingenious conspiracy, which if successful, would have seriously impaired the security of the most essential operations of commerce."

WESTERN papers have of late indulged in a good many fond anticipations concerning the proposed enlargement of the Canadian canals, and the consequent increase of accommodation for cereals seeking the seaboard. It turns out, however, that the Dominion government does not intend for the present to take any steps towards enlarging the St. Lawrence canals or removing the obstructions in the rapids, which would involve the still further enlargement of the Welland canal. This is the policy of the government as stated in the official reports, and the opposition concurs in it, so far as may be judged from the utterances of its organs.

THE Chicago Tribune states that several hundred settlers along the line of the Northern Pacific railroad are to be turned off their homesteads, according to a recent decision by Mr. Secretary Delano. It seems that these persons, several years ago, took possession under the homestead laws, of lands which had not at that time been withdrawn by the railroad company; but the latter claim them now on the ground that they were covered by their preliminary maps, and Secretary Delano has decided in favor of the company.

in the state who hold any place in the esteem and confidence of their party to-day. Let us name some of them by way of refreshing the Enquirer's memory at this time. They were such men as Thomas, Hughes, Lewis, Rives, Wells, Jackson, Mills, Sener, Platt, Jenkins, Burgess, Douglas, Popham, Underwood, Forbes, Jorgenson, Early, Donnan, Woltz, Morton, etc., if not Mr. Raleigh T. Daniel himself, who, when the obnoxious clauses were defeated, congratulated the President on the success of his policy!

But we have extended this article beyond our customary limits already, and can say no more on the subject to-day. We cannot conclude, however, without expressing our surprise at a repetition of the Enquirer's threat against THE STATE JOURNAL, which it embodies into both a caution and a warning. Circumstances prevent our replying to this attitude of that journal to-day, but it will not escape our notice in due time.

It is said that the stagnation of the building trade in New York is the most striking commentary that could be made on the threatened trade disturbances coming this spring. Taking the first week in April as an example, the number of tenement-houses to be built was larger than the number built last year; but there is a considerable falling off in first-class stores, warehouses, and dwellings. For dwellings no plans were submitted, indicating that those who are able to build are not willing to take the risks, or are beginning to look elsewhere for their homes. The New York Commercial Advertiser estimates that the decrease in the amount paid for building improvements this year will be at least \$5,000,000, as compared with the work done in 1871. Last year the decrease was also about \$5,000,000. In two years, therefore, the sum of \$10,000,000, which would have been permanently invested in the city but for the general strike of 1872 and the threats of a similar outbreak in 1873, has been withdrawn from the improvement of real property in the city. The effect must be disastrous in many ways, unless the population who depend on the uninterrupted prosperity of the building interest have the good sense to emigrate, and try their fortunes under more favorable circumstances.

Many of them will do so, and other cities will get the advantage of their labor and skill, if they have the good sense to cease "striking." Some hopes were hung upon the bill authorizing the city to subscribe for two and a half millions of the stock of the new Crystal Palace enterprise, which would have stimulated some of the building trades for a year or two to come. But that measure is likely to die before it reaches the governor; or if it lives so long, will no doubt die by his hand.

THERE is no small encouragement to be derived from an inspection of the statistics of our manufactured exports for the last eight months of 1872, as compared with the corresponding period of the year previous. In this list, which enumerates thirty-six commodities, there is an increase of twenty-six per cent. in the aggregate, and a gain in all but six. Incomplete returns for the first quarter of the present year show a similar growth over that of last year; the exports of four principal ports—New York, Boston, Philadelphia and San Francisco—showing a gain of \$16,002,297 during the period in question, or an increase of upwards of twenty-three per cent. This is every way encouraging.

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MARIE LAVEAU, the New Orleans Queen of the Voudous, appeared as a spectator in the lobby of the criminal court in that city the other day, attracting a good deal of attention. The Times says: "She was dressed in all the soiled frippery of an impudic princess, with her rather commanding form encircled by a red shawl and a faded yellow madras, wrapped in the form of a turban, around her head. Her eyes had all the seeming of a demon that was dreaming."

THE attorney-general of New Hampshire has requested the newspapers not to publish the testimony taken at the inquest in a murder case, because it would be hard to find a jury who had not formed an opinion. The newspapers do not seem to regard the matter from his stand-point and keep on "publishing."

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—That on the 15th day of March, A. D. 1873, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Virginia, against the estate of William Thelma, of the County of Stafford, and State of Virginia, who has been adjudged bankrupt on the petition of his creditors; and the payment of his debts, and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to them or for their use, and the assignment of their estate, will be held in conformity with law; that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a court of bankruptcy, to be held at Richmond, before W. W. Forbes, Esq., Register on the 5th day of May, A. D. 1873, at 10 o'clock A. M. DAVID B. PARKER, U. S. Marshal.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—That on the 4th day of April, A. D. 1873, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Virginia, against the estate of W. Jenkins, of Dinwiddie county, and State of Va., who has been adjudged a bankrupt on the petition of his creditors; and the payment of his debts, and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt, to them or for their use, and the assignment of their estate, will be held in conformity with law; that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a court of bankruptcy, to be held at Richmond, before W. W. Forbes, Esq., Register on the 10th day of April, A. D. 1873, at 10 o'clock A. M. DAVID B. PARKER, U. S. Marshal.

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—That on the 4th day of April, A. D. 1873, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Virginia, against the estate of Asa Goldmann, of Caroline county, and State of Virginia, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; and the payment of his debts, and the delivery of any property belonging to him, or for his use, and the assignment of his estate, will be held in conformity with law; that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a court of bankruptcy, to be held at Richmond, before W. W. Forbes, Esq., Register on the 30th day of April, A. D. 1873, at 10 o'clock A. M. DAVID B. PARKER, U. S. Marshal.

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THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE—That on the 3d day of April, A. D. 1873, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Virginia, against the estate of W. T. Grasswell, of Prince Edward county, and State of Virginia, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; and the payment of his debts, and the delivery of any property belonging to him, or for his use, and the assignment of his estate, will be held in conformity with law; that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts, and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a court of bankruptcy, to be held at Richmond, before W. W. Forbes, Esq., Register on the 30th day of April, A. D. 1873, at 10 o'clock A. M. DAVID B. PARKER, U. S. Marshal.

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GEORGE A. AINSIE, CARTRIDGE BUILDER, Tenth Street, between Main and Cary.

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MODEL CIGAR FACTORY, WHITLOCK & ABRAM, No. 1115 Main Street.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the Eastern District of Virginia, In the matter of Henry A. Beck, bankrupt—In bankruptcy.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the Eastern District of Virginia, In the matter of James H. Wortham, bankrupt—In bankruptcy.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the Eastern District of Virginia, In the matter of Francis E. Hudson, bankrupt—In bankruptcy.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the Eastern District of Virginia, In the matter of David B. Bragg, bankrupt—In bankruptcy.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the Eastern District of Virginia, In the matter of T. G. Brooks, bankrupt—In bankruptcy.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the Eastern District of Virginia, In the matter of E. T. Thornton, bankrupt—In bankruptcy.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the Eastern District of Virginia, In the matter of John N. Powell, bankrupt—In bankruptcy.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the Eastern District of Virginia, In the matter of F. H. Thompson, bankrupt—In bankruptcy.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the Eastern District of Virginia, In the matter of E. T. Pilkinton, bankrupt—In bankruptcy.

RAILROADS.

CHESAPEAKE & OHIO RAILROAD. On and after 1st April, 1873, the PASSENGER TRAINS will run as follows: WESTWARD.

MAIL TRAIN—Leaves Richmond 5:30 A. M. daily except Sunday, connecting with Orange, Alexandria and Manassas railroads at Gordonsville and Charlottesville and arrives at White Sulphur Springs at 8:22 P. M.

EXPRESS TRAIN—Leaves Richmond at 10 P. M. daily except Saturday, and arrives at Huntington at 8:30 P. M. next day. Steamer leaves Huntington on arrival of the train, and arrives at Cincinnati at 6 o'clock next morning.

ACCOMMODATION TRAIN—Leaves Richmond at 4:35 P. M. daily except Sunday, and arrives at Gordonsville at 8:15 P. M.

STEAMER LEAVES CINCINNATI AT 4 P. M. daily except Saturday, and arrives at Huntington at 8 A. M. daily, connecting with Orange, Alexandria and Manassas railroads at Gordonsville and Charlottesville and arrives at White Sulphur Springs at 8:22 P. M.

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