

GOLD DUST. GOLD DUST.

SOMETHING NEW

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Large packages of the world's best cleaner for a nickel. Still greater economy in 4-penny packages. All grocers. Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY, Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston, Philadelphia.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. Charles Tankersley is the guest of friends in Timberville, Va.

Miss Gertrude Wakenight, of Harrisonburg, is visiting the Misses Fuller.

Mr. A. P. Moore, formerly of Kerr's Creek, but now of Richmond, is here visiting friends and relatives.

Mr. Jno. P. Ackerley has been confirmed by the Senate as postmaster at Lexington.

Miss Carrie Craig, after a week's visit to Mrs. John P. Rhodes, has returned to her home in Craigsville.

Mrs. C. B. Moore and sister, Miss Rasbury, of Anniston, Ala., are the guests of Major John W. Moore.

Mr. C. B. Bell, of Roanoke, was the guest this week of his brother, Mr. B. N. Bell.

Mr. E. J. Leyburn, wife and daughter, Mrs. C. P. Gilkerson, are the guests of Prof. S. T. Moreland.

Mrs. J. P. Moore has as her guest Mrs. W. C. Gilmore, of Augusta county.

Mrs. J. Rice McNatt, of Bluefield, W. Va., is visiting Mrs. J. F. McClung, at Buena Vista.

Mr. James D. Anderson has returned from a visit of some days to Prof. Edgar Dawson, at New Providence.

Judge John G. McCluer, of Parkersburg, W. Va., a former resident of this county, is here on a visit to relatives.

Dr. James A. Quarles preached Sunday morning at Oxford and in the afternoon at Woodside, in the absence of the pastor, Rev. W. L. Bailey.

Mr. Henry McCorkle, of New York, was at home for a few days this week visiting his mother, Mrs. William H. McCorkle, near town.

Mr. Robert McBryde, son of Dr. R. J. McBryde, has accepted a position as reporter on the staff of the Courier-Journal of Louisville, Ky.

President Wm. L. Wilson, of Washington and Lee University, has returned from New Haven, Conn., where he delivered a series of lectures before the Law school of Yale University.

Mr. Charles Harman, of Clifton Forge, was here this week getting up volunteers to join a company now being organized at Clifton Forge. Mr. Harman is an ex-cadet and is a son of Captain Lewis Harman of Staunton.

Rev. James A. Quarles, D. D., of Washington and Lee University will deliver an address Wednesday night June 1, at Luray, the occasion being the commencement exercises of Luray College.

Rev. Henry Alexander White, D. D., of Washington and Lee University, will preach the baccalaureate sermon this year at the commencement of the Mary Baldwin Seminary, Staunton, Va.

Mr. Ben Tinsley, of West Salem, who has been attending the V.M.I., at Lexington, left Roanoke Tuesday morning with the Jeff. Davis Rifles. He was on his way home when he met the company, and joined them.—Salem Times-Register.

Rev. Thornton Whaling, D. D., and Prof. W. S. Currell, attended the meeting of the Lexington Presbytery held at Loch Willow church in Augusta county, as the representatives of the Presbyterian church of Lexington. Dr. J. A. Quarles and Rev. D. A. Penick were also in attendance.

A CLEAR HEAD; good digestion; sound sleep; a fine appetite and a ripe old age, are some of the results of the use of **Tutt's Liver Pills.** A single dose will convince you of their wonderful effects and virtue.

A Known Fact. An absolute cure for sick headache, dyspepsia, malaria, sour stomach, dizziness, constipation, bilious fever, piles, torpid liver and all kindred diseases.

Tutt's Liver Pills

DEATHS.

PAXTON.—Mrs. Phoebe Paxton, relict of the late Col. Thomas Paxton, died Thursday last at the home of Mr. Gardner Kerr near Monmouth, at the advanced age of eighty-eight years. She had been ill about six months. Her funeral services were conducted Saturday morning by Rev. D. A. Penick, and interment was made in the cemetery at New Monmouth.

LYLE.—Mr. Samuel H. Lyle died at the residence of Mr. Thomas A. Sterrett, on Timber Ridge, May 17, aged about 57 years. Mr. Lyle was a lieutenant in Company I, 4th Va. Infantry, St. newall Brigade and was one of the most gallant soldiers in that historic command. Peace to his ashes.

WALKER.—Mr. William A. Walker died of consumption at his home on Walker's Creek last Thursday aged about sixty-five years, and was buried in the neighborhood graveyard. He was never married, and is survived by one brother, Mr. James Walker, of Indiana. Mr. Walker was a member of Co. H, 14th, Virginia Cavalry, and was a gallant soldier. He served throughout the war and after the surrender returned to his home and engaged in farming. When Hunter made his raid through the Valley he was very anxious to capture Mr. Walker but was not able to do so.

LACKEY.—Joseph Lackey, son of the late John T. Lackey, of Kerr's Creek, died of consumption Friday night at his home in Clifton Forge, aged twenty three years. He is survived by his widowed mother, Mrs. J. T. Lackey, of Clifton Forge, and three sisters—Mrs. Quinn and Miss Ham Lackey, of Clifton Forge and Mrs. W. A. Davidson, of Goshen. The funeral services were held in Clifton Forge and the remains were brought to Lexington Monday over the C. & O. railroad and taken to New Monmouth where they were interred.

McCLUER.—Mr. Hugh Brock McCluer died Sunday morning at his home near Summers, about eight miles from Lexington. For the past few years he had been a sufferer from that insidious disease, consumption, and although everything was done that medical skill could suggest or change of climate effect, yet the progress of the disease could not be checked. Two years ago he spent the winter in Florida and last year in Texas, but the hoped for relief was not obtained, and he returned to his native State about a month ago, reaching home the next day after his mother's burial.

Mr. McCluer was a son of the late J. W. McCluer, a prominent farmer of this county, and was thirty-four years of age. He completed his education at Washington and Lee University and engaged in agricultural pursuits. He was a young man of exemplary character and was a member of Elliott's Hill Methodist church. About seven years ago he married Miss Eva Steele, daughter of the late Joseph G. Steele of this place, who with one child, Catharine, survives him. He is also survived by three brothers, Messrs. R. S. McCluer, of the county; W. B. McCluer, of Chicago; and F. W. McCluer, Memphis, Tenn.

The funeral services were held at his late residence Monday afternoon, conducted by his pastor, Rev. A. P. Boude. The remains, accompanied by a large crowd of relatives, friends, and neighbors, were taken to Falling Springs Presbyterian church and buried in the family plot by the side of his ancestors.

TO SERVE WITH VIRGINIA REGIMENTS.

Governor Tyler sent a telegram yesterday to the War Department asking that Lieutenants Price and Shanks be commissioned majors and assigned to duty with the Virginia Volunteers.

He received a reply last night from Adjutant-General Corbin, saying the President had given his approval, and commissions would be issued at once.

It is thought Major Price will be assigned to the Second and Major Shanks to the Fourth Regiment.

Three trains of thirteen cars each passed over the Norfolk and Western railroad this morning carrying troops.

DR. WIGHTMAN'S LECTURE.

The Ring-tum Phi.

In the absence of President Wilson at Yale University, it was a pleasure to the students to have Professor Moreland announce on Wednesday morning that at the invitation of the faculty Dr. Wightman would address them.

Whenever Dr. Wightman addresses them they feel that thoughts worthy of attention will be couched in the most chaste and appropriate English. Nor were they to be disappointed on Wednesday morning when the Doctor spoke of the "Christian influence upon the Constitution of the United States."

As the loftiness of the theme was reached bursts of eloquence showed the deep feeling to which the speaker was giving utterance.

RELIGIOUS NOTES.

Dr. Jas. Lewis Howe conducted services Sunday evening at Beechenbrook, continuing a series of lectures on the "Kingdom of Heaven."

Rev. R. E. Hutton occupied the pulpit of the Staunton Methodist church Sunday evening in the absence of Rev. F. J. Prettyman, who was in attendance upon the General Conference in Baltimore.

Rev. H. A. White, D. D., preached Sunday morning at the Baptist church, the pastor, Rev. T. A. Johnson, having returned from the Southern Baptist Convention recently held in Norfolk. There were no services in the evening.

GOLD ORE.

A large lump of ore was found in the yard of Mrs. Sallie Hazelwood on lower Main street near where a well had been dug. The lump of ore has been tested and is rich with gold and copper.

Hon. Meade F. White, commonwealth's attorney for Augusta county, died at his home in Staunton, Friday afternoon, after a serious illness of several days, aged fifty-three years.

Cascarets stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe.

TO-BAY'S EVENTS.

Port Au Pince, Hayti, May 18.—The commandant of the island of Tortuga, which is off the north coast of Hayti, reported further heavy firing to the eastward of Tortuga. Dense fogs prevented seeing the exact location of engagement.

Washington, May 18.—The flying squadron, under command of Commodore Schley, has reached Havana. The Secretary of War has ordered troops to invade Cuba. The supposition is that their landing on the island will be protected by the flying squadron.

Madrid, May 18.—Premier Sagasta has selected a new cabinet and they are all in favor of prosecuting the war with the United States.

A FATAL FIGHT OFF CARDENAS HARBOR.

KEY WEST, Fla., May 12.—When the United States gunboat Hudson came up to the Spanish fleet in Cardenas harbor, the bodies of five dead men were lying on her deck. They were the remains of Ensign W. Bagley and four members of the crew of the torpedo boat Winslow, who were killed in an engagement in Cardenas harbor, Cuba, yesterday afternoon. The bodies were covered by the Stars and Stripes.

THE ENGAGEMENT.

The engagement took place inside the harbor of Cardenas. The gunboat Wilmington, the torpedo boat Winslow and the gunboat Hudson were the only vessels engaged. They entered the harbor for the purpose of attacking some Spanish gunboats, which were known to be there. These latter, however, were not seen by the American force until the Spaniards opened fire. The land batteries of Cardenas supported the fire of the Spanish gunboats.

The engagement commenced at 3:05 p. m., and lasted about an hour.

The battle while it lasted was terrific. The Wilmington and the Hudson opened fire on the Spanish boats, which were lying at the docks. The firing began at a range of 3,500 yards. A few minutes later the Winslow came up and also opened fire. In an instant the entire attention of the Spanish gunboats and land batteries was directed upon her.

From all sides shot and shell seemed to pour in upon the little torpedo boat.

The Wilmington and the Hudson still kept up their fire, but they could not turn aside the terrible storm of fire and death pouring in upon the torpedo boat.

The crew of the Winslow, however, never faltered for a second. At 2:35 p. m., a solid shot crashed into the hull of the Winslow and knocked out her boiler. An instant she began to roll and drift helplessly.

A STORM OF FIRE.

Then there was a moment of awful suspense. A fierce cheer of triumph went up from the Spaniards on the gunboats and in the batteries and again a storm of fire was opened up on the helpless boat.

The gunboat Hudson, which was lying nearby, started to the assistance of the Winslow. She ran along side the torpedo boat and tried to throw a line to the imperilled crew. Up to this time, with the exception of the one shot, which disabled the boiler of the Winslow, the firing of the Spanish gunboats had been wild but as the Winslow lay rolling in the water, the range grew closer and shells began to explode about the ship.

It was difficult for the Hudson to get near enough to throw a line to the Winslow's crew, so terrible was the fire all about her.

Ensign Bagley and six men were standing in a group on the deck of the Winslow. "Leave her! Leave her!" shouted Bagley as he looked toward the commander of the Hudson and called for a line.

"Don't miss it," shouted an officer from the Hudson and with a smile Bagley called back for comfort.

DEATH-DEALING SHELL.

The line was thrown and at the same instant a shell burst in the very midst of the group of men on board the Winslow.

Bagley was instantly killed and a few others fell about him. Half a dozen more fell groaning on the bloodstained deck.

One of the dead men pitched headlong over the side of the boat and his body caught in the iron rail and he was hauled back.

Bagley lay stretched on the deck, with his face completely torn away and the upper part of his body shattered. It was a terrible moment.

The torpedo boat disabled and helpless, rolled and sank under the fury of the fire from the Spanish gunboats. When the shell burst in the group on board the Winslow another wild shout of triumph went up from the Spanish boats and batteries, and again a heavy fire was opened on the torpedo boat.

Finally the Hudson succeeded in getting a line on board the Winslow and was towing her out of the deadly range, when the line parted, and again both boats were at the mercy of the Spanish fire.

THREE LEFT UNWOUNDED.

At 3:50 p. m. the Hudson managed to get another line on the deck of the Winslow, but there were only three men left there at that time to make it fast.

The line was finally secured and the Winslow was towed up to Pedras Island, where she was anchored, with her dead and wounded on her deck. There some men from the Hudson went on board the Winslow and took the most seriously wounded off. Three who were taken off the gun boat Machias died there shortly afterward.

DEWEY CAPTURES A SPANISH GUNBOAT WHICH HAD NOT HEARD OF WAR.

HONO KOO, May 15.—The small Spanish gunboat Callao, which has been cruising in the Caroline Islands and the outlying Philippines for sixteen months, entered Manila bay last Wednesday and was promptly surprised when received by shots from a dozen American guns. One shot cut a long hole in her awning, and the Callao then hauled down her colors.

The Callao is an iron gunboat of 208 tons, and equipped with four modern guns.

The American flag was promptly hoisted on the Callao, and she was added to Admiral Dewey's fleet.

CIENFUEGOS SHELLED.

The United States cruiser Marblehead, the gunboat Nashville and the auxiliary cruiser Winston steamed up to the harbor of Cienfuegos on the south side of Cuba, early on Wednesday morning with orders to cut the cable connecting Havana and Santiago de Cuba. This task was accomplished, but only after a terrific fight between our warships and several thousand Spanish troops which lined the shore and lay concealed behind improvised breastworks.

The Spanish loss is estimated at 400 dead and many wounded. The Americans had one man killed and several badly wounded. The light-house was demolished, it is reported, the arsenal destroyed and the batteries on shore silenced. The town was set on fire by shells from the American fleet.

TO-BAY'S EVENTS.

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The Spanish squadron from Cape Verde must look to some other fortified port for aid in its efforts to be victorious over the warships of the United States.

Though the forts were not demolished, Admiral Sampson regards his mission to San Juan as successful. The bombardment was terrific.

SAVE THE MEN EXPERIENCE.

The fighting gave the men on the warships experience and enabled them to test their marksmanship in action, which was desired before giving battle to the armadas of Spain. They are now better prepared than ever to meet the foe, having the additional confidence which comes from having been under fire.

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In the bombardment one of our men was killed and seven were injured. Another died from the heat. How heavy was the loss among the Spaniards is not known, but it is believed to have been severe.

BIG SHIPS IN ACTION.

The American fleet approached San Juan about three o'clock in the morning. It included the New York, Iowa, Indiana, Terror, Amphitrite, Montgomery and Detroit. The torpedo boat Porter and the tug Wampatuck kept in the rear.

Admiral Sampson was on the Iowa. He decided to move upon the fortifications at 5 o'clock. Shortly after that hour the signal "Clear for action" was given; then came the order "To general quarters."

The attack was directed on the eastern arm of the harbor, where there was a good shore battery of six-inch guns, as well as the battery of the Moro battery. The Iowa began the fighting, by throwing a shell from a twelve inch gun. She quickly turned her broadside to the shore battery, and belched forth tremendous missiles of destruction.

MORRO BATTERY SET ON FIRE.

In spite of the great clouds of smoke it could be seen that the shells from the American warships had set fire to the Moro battery in several places. These fires were extinguished by the Spaniards in a short time.

Owing to the condition of the sea and the blinding smoke, our gunners conducted the bombardment under considerable difficulty. It was impossible for them to obtain good aim at times, but when the smoke would clear temporarily the marksmanship was magnificent.

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DEAFNESS CANNOT BE CURED by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

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DEAFNESS CANNOT BE CURED by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give one hundred dollars for any case of deafness (caused by catarrh) that can not be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Sent for circulars; free.

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A Few "Up-to-But" DON'T'S.

Don't put off buying grain bags until you have to pay 18 or 20c., when you can buy them of me now at 15c.

Don't defer buying your Coffee until an advance comes. Although worth more you can still buy Coffee and Teas from me as long as the present stock lasts at old prices.

Don't pay 10c. a pair for men's Half Hose when you can get a good strong pair from me at 6c. Money refunded if not satisfactory.

Don't pay 75c. and \$1.00 for men's Colored Shirts, when you can buy them of me at 50 and 75c.

Don't forget that I have a nice stock of men's Intermediate Underwear; also Gauze Shirts and Pants, Gent's Ties, Collars, etc.

Don't pay \$1.50 and \$2.00 for a pair of ladies' high or low cut Shoes when you can get a nice pair from me at \$1.25.

Don't sew and wear yourself out making Ladies' Underwear when you can buy it in muslin and cambric from me at about the price you would pay some others for the materials.

Don't buy a Dress in white goods, wash goods, or scoured goods until you see the variety shown by me. Come see Butterick's reliable patterns, and get suggestions to make your dress by. I carry more Black Dress Goods than any two stores in town.

Don't pay \$3.00 and \$4.00 to get fine-looking Lace Curtains. I have them from 75c. a pair up. Also Linen Shades at 25 and 50c.

Don't buy any other Trunk when you can get the Roller Tray from me. No falling of top when open; contents accessible without lifting heavy trays.

Don't buy Straw Mattings without seeing mine. Immense stock. Too much in fact. Hard to make choice among so much. Quality good, price low, and sure to be higher.

Don't take over for anything. Come see for yourself. Samples for the asking. Bring us your produce—this to farmers and their good wives and daughters. We handle more produce each month.

Yours truly,

J. McD. ADAIR.
May 18, 1898.

Great Clearance Sale.

You have been waiting. The time has come.

Now for the great reduction in prices.

Finding that we have purchased too large a stock before the declaration of war, which we want to dispose of, owing to the standstill of business on account of the enthusiastic patriotism of our patrons who are in doubt whether or not to buy.

We have never carried goods from one season to another, and we don't intend to do so now. All our

SPRING AND SUMMER CLOTHING

are now at your disposal at the greatly reduced clearance sale prices.

Plain figures on every garment, so that even a child can buy and get the benefit of these bargains.

Remember the place.

L. SACHS,
Opposite Court House.
Next door to First National Bank.
We have no branch store.

TROOPS ORDERED TO MANILA.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 15.—General James A. Smith, commanding the First Regiment of California Volunteers, has received orders to leave San Francisco with his regiment for Manila, on the steamer City of Peking, on Monday night.

It is doubtful, however, if the regiment can start at the time ordered, owing to its insufficient equipment in arms and general field equipment.

DIFFERENCES IN TIME.

Washington..... Noon.
Havana..... 11:35 A. M.
Rio Janeiro..... 2:30 P. M.
Madrid..... 4:35 P. M.
London..... 5:38 P. M.
Constantinople..... 7 P. M.
Cebu..... 11 A. M.
Hong Kong..... 12:30 A. M.
Manila..... 1 A. M.

There was a sharp naval skirmish off Havana harbor Saturday evening, when the Spanish cruiser Alphonso XII and a gunboat were destroyed in Manila blockading the city. Our ships within range of the big guns of Santa Clara batteries. Thirteen shots were fired from the 12-inch Krupp guns ashore, but the aim was wretched, and none came near the American vessels.

The Virginia Dialectic Literary Society of the V. M. I. will hold its annual medical contest on Saturday night, May 21st, at 8:30. All are invited to be present.

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