

Staunton Spectator.

STAUNTON, VA. TUESDAY, JULY 10, 1860.

THE STAUNTON SPECTATOR having as large a circulation as any paper published in Western Virginia, has no superior in this section of country as an advertising medium.

FOR PRESIDENT, JOHN BELL, OF TENNESSEE.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT, EDWARD EVERETT, OF MASSACHUSETTS.

Persons remitting money to pay their accounts due to J. A. & L. Waddell, Jr., for the "Spectator" to May the 1st, 1860, will have any excess they may remit credited to their accounts for the current year.

Job Printing. Having made a large addition of type of various kinds to the Job Office of the "Spectator," we are better prepared than ever before to do good work in that branch of business.

Inspection of Arms. On Friday evening last, the arms of the "Staunton Artillery" and "Augusta Guards" were inspected by Adjutant General Richardson at the Staunton Armory.

Is the Object Disunion? Is it the purpose of the seceding wing of the Democratic party to seek a pretext for a dissolution of the Union?

It is the purpose of the seceding wing of the Democratic party to seek a pretext for a dissolution of the Union? This question is very naturally suggested by the fact that the leader of that party has been an avowed advocate of disunion, and the further undeniable fact that every disunionist South of Mason and Dixon's line belongs to that branch of the Democracy.

To secure the election of Lincoln, it would be necessary to weaken Douglas to such a degree in the North that the Democrats there would not be able to prevent the Northern States from going for Lincoln.

To secure the co-operation of the great conservative Southern States, Virginia, Tennessee, Kentucky and Missouri, lying on the border, it would be necessary to nominate a candidate whose record would be free from the stain of disunion sentiments.

In the person of John C. Breckinridge, of Kentucky, all the qualifications desired to effect these various objects would be found.

He would divide the Democratic vote in the North to a sufficient degree to ensure the Northern States to Lincoln; for upon the great question at issue between the Northern and Southern Democrats he agrees with the former.

He would ensure the co-operation of a large number of conservative, National Democrats in the South, from the fact that he has never been tainted with disunion sentiments.

His relationship to the present Administration would secure him the support of its friends (if it has any) and all the influence that money and office-holders could exert.

It will thus be seen that if it were the object of that branch of the Democracy to take advantage of the opposition to Douglas in the South, as well as the hostility of the Administration, to effect the objects above mentioned, that they have chosen wisely—they have nominated the man most likely to secure the ends in view.

This will account for that fact which has been a subject of such great surprise—we mean the nomination of a Squatter Sovereignty and anti-protection man, by a body of men who broke up their party because another portion wished to nominate a candidate entertaining the same political sentiments.

It was not that they liked protection less, but that they hated the Union more. The desire to elect Lincoln by weakening Douglas in the North, (by dividing the vote of squatter sovereignty Democrats between the two Democratic candidates) will account for the otherwise strange fact that they nominated a squatter-sovereignty candidate, whilst denouncing that doctrine as subversive of Southern rights to a degree which justified them in dividing their party in twain.

There is now but one really National party, and that is the Constitutional Union party.—That is the party which all good Union-loving men should support. Be sure to vote for Bell and Everett, that you may defeat Lincoln and save the Union.

Ladies' Fair. The ladies of the M. E. Church will hold a Fair at Union Hall on Thursday evening next. The proceeds will be appropriated to the payment of the expenses incurred in building their new church.

The "Virginia Pacificator."

We have seen exhibited by Lorenzo Sibert, Esq., and Col. J. Marshall McCune, of Mt. Solon, in this county, the greatest gun of the age, with the above designation. The workmanship is of the finest character, and was executed by a gunsmith in North River Gap, near Mt. Solon.

This gun is certainly a piece of most ingenious mechanism, and yet so simple that it can be used with ease and dispatch by any one who has ever handled any ordinary gun. The fortunate inventor is Mr. Lorenzo Sibert, of this county.

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Reception of the Governor.

In anticipation of the arrival of Gov. Letcher and Gen. Richardson, the five military companies of this place, assembled at the Depot, on Thursday evening last, for the purpose of welcoming them with a formal military reception.

Whether called for or not we do not know—we heard no call—but Col. Haymond, of Fairmount, then attempted a speech, and if he satisfied any one, we suppose it was himself.

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Virginia Female Institute.

At the Commencement Exercises of this flourishing Institute, in this place, held June 25, 1860, Medals, Prizes and Diplomas were awarded to the following pupils:

Prize Essay, Miss E. L. Field (Intermediate Class). Composition, Miss E. M. Lockert (Senior Class).

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Remarks of Senator Pugh, of Ohio.

At an enthusiastic Douglas ratification meeting held in Tremanny Hall, New York City, on the night of the 2nd inst., speeches were made by Ex-Major Tieman, L. E. Parsons, of Alabama, Hon. Geo. W. Jones, of Tenn., Senator Pugh, of Ohio, Jno. Forsyth, of Ala., E. C. Marshall, of Kentucky, and James Kavanaugh, of Minnesota.

Senator Pugh, of Ohio, an able man, and a special friend of Douglas, was particularly spicy. Below we give a few extracts from his speech on that occasion:

"If Mr. Douglas had never written his letter to that gentleman in Wisconsin, declaring that he would not be the candidate of the democratic party if it repudiated the ancient doctrine of non-intervention, they would have seen at Charleston what they saw at Cincinnati—the unanimous affirmance of the Cincinnati platform. In order to accomplish the result desired, the seceders, using their power and their influence, stimulated a portion of the people in the extreme Southern States—men who, to say the least, had not been notorious for their devotion to the democratic party to dictate to the Convention. They suggested Yancey, who seceded from the Baltimore Convention, in 1848, because he refused to abide by the nominations—a gentleman who did not vote with the democratic party in 1860, who voted the Whittam ticket, and who came back to the democratic ranks in 1856 from the overwhelming pressure of black republicanism in the North. The democracy of Alabama, instead of setting like some of the elders at camp meeting, requiring him to take a back seat, they put him in the pulpit to teach democracy. (Laughter and applause.) Yancey went to Charleston, not to consult with the Convention as to what was best for the interests of the democratic party and the country at large, but with a platform ready made, saying, 'Take my platform; I have made it; I will go with you, provided I like the platform.' But if you notice that I shall withdraw from the Convention. Was that the party of Jefferson and Jackson if it would submit to dictation like that—(No, no.) If the Northern party representatives present (they for themselves) submitted to dictation like that, every man of them would have deserved to have his face blacked and to be sold for a slave. (Cheers.) Mr. Pugh proceeded to review the proceedings of the Convention at Charleston, observing that he defied any man to tell what was the meaning of the platform adopted by the bogus Convention at Baltimore."

The Senator continued to give a narrative of the doings of the Convention, calling Cash and giving a simple tool of the democracy. He was talking upon the paucity of delegates who organized what they called a National Democratic Convention. When Mr. Breckinridge made his speech, accepting the nomination of these seceders, he allowed himself to fall into the trap of the seceders, who said that the Convention that assembled at the Maryland Institute was composed of the national democracy of the land—Why, the States of Maine, New Hampshire, Vermont, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New Jersey, Delaware, South Carolina, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Wisconsin and Iowa had not a single delegate present. What a glorious national democracy would that be without these States! Pennsylvania cast only six votes out of the twenty-seven for Breckinridge; Minnesota only half a vote, and Kentucky (Mr. Breckinridge's own State) cast only five votes, out of twelve electoral votes. He (the speaker) would speak of Massachusetts, not, however, reproachfully of the thousands who had always fought for the democratic faith, but as those ready gentlemen, always waiting to take the federal offices that can be bestowed, and always disowning themselves as soon as they are furthered by their own ends—such as Caleb Cushing—(groans.) Benjamin F. Hallist, Butler, the Collector of Boston, Whitney, and divers other gentlemen. (A voice—"Judas Iscariot!")—with an emphasis on the I. He (the speaker) was struck with the fact that these men were the watchful waiters on the present Convention, and that they were superior characters—renowned abolitionists of the olden time; men who, like Caleb Cushing, denounced the admission of Arkansas into the Union as a slavholding State, worshippers of the living protest, revilers of the Fugitive Slave Law, and the enemies of the Kansas bill, who will not contractors, consumers of Post Office blanks, loungers about navy yards, leeches under office, and exponents of the abuse of dead men. (Great applause.)

What the Douglas Men Say. We take the following extracts from the speeches of gentlemen who spoke for Douglas at a meeting in Philadelphia on the evening of the 8th ult.

Mr. E. L. Marshall, of California, said: "Yancey was the leader of the seceders, and did not support Mr. Buchanan, and has not supported a Democratic candidate for twelve years. He is a disunionist at heart, and though he obtained a seat in the Convention by plugging Union sentiments, he was not sincere."

Mr. Herran, of Louisiana, said: "I shall we again trust the Government in the hands of those who have not been able to keep peace for the last four years? He was a Louisiana man, and if 'popular sovereignty' contained any sentiments dangerous to the institutions of the State he would be the first to combat it; but he considered it the very safe-guard of the South. He was not willing to commit the interest of the South to Caleb Cushing."

Mr. Forsyth, of Alabama, said: "The people of the South had not been heard, only the politicians. Yancey does not represent the people. The people here do not trust him, but consider him a natural born conspirator, who would rebel against Heaven. He strenuously opposed any compromise with the Breckinridges—[applause]—such as is proposed by Breckinridge. Compromise is not for traitors. It would demoralize the party."

Bell and Everett Ticket in Alabama. The prospects of the Constitutional party are "bright and brightening." Even from the State of Alabama, the honored Wm. L. Yancey, the disunion leader of the Breckinridge-Lane ticket, we have the most cheering intelligence.

From the "Fincaster Democrat." "How it (the split of the Democracy) happened" is now the very thing those who brought it about, are trying to conceal from the people. The thing was too indisputable even for reckless politicians. It was a work that will not bear the light of day, and it is not, therefore, marvellous that an effort was made to conceal the means and agencies, by which the great National Democratic party was split in factious.

The great leader of this secession, Mr. Yancey, of Alabama, has for many years been trying to bring about this rupture in the Democratic party, by the means of bringing about what lay nearest his heart, the dissolution of the Union. For this purpose he has placed himself at different times on both sides of the Intervention question."

A curious incident is mentioned by the Cataraugus (New York) Republican, in which a child narrowly escaped being buried alive. The child, as it was supposed, died on Sunday, and preparations were made for its burial. On Monday, however, the child was found to be alive, and the body of the child, accompanied by a large number of friends, was conveyed to the grave. As the dirt began to fall on the coffin, a feeble cry was heard. The coffin was instantly raised and opened, and a shriek of "mother!" burst from the lips of the resuscitated child. It is useless to attempt a description of the scene that followed. The child is in a fair way to recover.

CHERRIE'S SINGS.—Among the most cheering signs of the times, we may mention the fact that the New Orleans "Crescent," Atlanta "Chronicle," and Athens (Ga.) "Watchman," heretofore neutral in the present contest, have gallantly hoisted the flag of Bell and Everett! All these papers are influential, and will do no small work for the candidates and our cause. The signs of the times are indeed gloriously clearing!

The population of Lewisburg, according to the census recently taken by David J. Ford, Deputy Marshal, is one thousand and eighty three, which is about two hundred of an increase since the last census.

For the Spectator.

At a meeting of the "Augusta Rifles," held at Fishersville on the 4th of July, 1860, for the purpose of making arrangements for presentation of flag and picnic, at some convenient place near Fishersville, on Saturday the 4th day of August next, Col. D. W. Coiner was called to the Chair, and having explained the object of the meeting, appointed a committee of four to wait on the ladies of their respective neighborhoods and collect contributions preparatory to purchasing the flag; committee to consist of Wm. Dohi, Saml. Alexander, A. G. McCune and Brooks.

The Committee of Arrangements for picnic consists of: Col. Samuel McCune, Col. D. W. Coiner, Capt. A. Coiter, Lieut. G. T. Antrim, Lieut. A. McCune, Capt. C. G. Miller, Capt. B. Ellis, W. W. King, Wm. Chapman, John Hamilton, M. A. Coiter, James W. Hudson, Thos. Calbreath, Dr. Thos. Shelton, Dr. James Watson, Dr. Cyrus Alexander, Dr. Samuel Kennerly, Cyrus Coiter, Abraham Kindig, J. D. Haeger, Clinton Hall, Hugh Turk, John Pender, J. A. Duld, John E. Hamilton, Reeves McCune, W. S. Patterson, Thos. H. Antrim, Daniel Coiter, W. W. McCune, George Killian, Geo. F. Kiser, Fulton W. Brown, John W. Hanger, John Brown, Geo. Hansberger, Wm. M. Bosh and Samuel Steele.

JEFF. DAVIS' OPINION OF PLATFORMS.—Many of our Democratic friends acknowledge the ability and patriotism of the nominees of the Constitutional Union Convention, but say they cannot vote for them because they have no platform of principles. For the benefit of such we publish the following extract from the recent speech of Jefferson Davis, the man whom they all delight to honor:

"The fact is I have a declining respect for platforms. I would sooner have an honest man, who is a ready platformer, you could construct, than to have a man who could not trust on the best platform that could be made."

Who is RESPONSIBLE?—Old Joe Lane is pretty good authority with the Democracy, and we therefore invite the attention of our harmonious friends to the following declaration of old Joe: "It is the fault of the Democratic party in dodging truth, in dodging principle, in dodging the Constitution itself, that has brought the trouble upon the country and the party that is experienced to-day."

Let it be remembered, then, that the trouble which has been "brought upon the country" was brought upon it by the Democratic party, and Joe Lane, the Vice Presidential candidate, says so.—Rich. Whig.

At Washington Yancey and other extremists are delighted at the prospect. They say that this either elect Breckinridge and the House and thus perpetuate their control over the Government, or else elect LINCOLN, which will give them an opportunity to rally the South in favor of dissolution.—Buffalo Commercial Advertiser.

Let it be remembered, that Caleb Cushing, who presided over the Southern Democratic Convention, which nominated John C. Breckinridge and Joe Lane, voted, when in Congress, against the admission of Arkansas because she tolerated slavery!

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY.—By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court of Augusta county, rendered in the case of Simms, Trustee, vs. Simms, et al., I will proceed, on the premises, on Thursday, the 9th day of August, next, to sell, under the authority of said Court, the following real and personal property, to-wit: A certain tract of land, containing about 200 acres, situated on the farm of the late John C. Simms, lately deceased, lying upon both sides of Christian's Creek, about 5 miles South East of Staunton, adjoining Wm. C. Simms, James McCune and John C. Simms. The farm contains about 200 acres of land, and is well improved with a good house, a well, a good barn, a good place, with a good head of water. The DWELLING HOUSE is large and well built, of Brick, and is in good repair. The Out House is well built, and is also in good condition. About 25 Acres of the land are in corn, and with that exception possession of the whole premises will be given on the day of sale. Persons desiring to see the premises will please call upon the undersigned, or any of the neighbors, who will show them.

At the same time I will sell the Household and Kitchen Furniture, some Oxen, Hens, and the goods and effects of the late John C. Simms, to-wit: 2 work Horses, 2 Cows, some young Cattle, Hogs, and 2 Milch Cows with their calves. Also a NEGRO MAN about 20 years of age, who is a very valuable farm hand.

TERMS.—For the Land, one-fourth in hand, and the balance in 2, 3 and 5 years, with interest added, and the balance in 1, 2, and 3 years, for which bond, with good security, will be required, and the same to be paid in full on the day of sale. For the Personal Property a credit of 5 months will be given upon all sums of \$10 and over negotiable notes, and interest, and for sums under \$10 the cash will be required.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M. DAVIS & BELL, Commrs.

AT the same time and place and upon the same terms of the land will be sold for Mr. Margaret A. Crawford, about 100 Acres of Land, lying on the road next to Staunton, adjoining the S. W. land. About 25 acres of the tract are cleared in grass, and the balance is well timbered. This land has no buildings upon it, but would make a comfortable settlement for a small farmer.

Mr. Rialfiero Crawford, who lives with his mother, will show these premises to any one who wishes to buy. July 10, 1860.—JAMES A. WILSON, Adm'r.

TRUSTEE'S SALES.—As trustees of Nicholas C. Kinney, the undersigned will, on Saturday, the 7th day of August, 1860, at 10 o'clock, A. M., sell, under the authority of said Court, the following real and personal property, to-wit: A certain tract of land, containing about 200 acres, situated on the farm of the late John C. Simms, lately deceased, lying upon both sides of Christian's Creek, about 5 miles South East of Staunton, adjoining Wm. C. Simms, James McCune and John C. Simms. The farm contains about 200 acres of land, and is well improved with a good house, a well, a good barn, a good place, with a good head of water. The DWELLING HOUSE is large and well built, of Brick, and is in good repair. The Out House is well built, and is also in good condition. About 25 Acres of the land are in corn, and with that exception possession of the whole premises will be given on the day of sale. Persons desiring to see the premises will please call upon the undersigned, or any of the neighbors, who will show them.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TO THE FARMERS AND PLANTERS OF VIRGINIA. FOWLE & CO'S. SOLUBLE PHOSPHATE PERUVIAN GUANO!

The best, the cheapest, and most permanent FERTILIZER YET OFFERED TO THE AGRICULTURIST.

Endorsed by DR. R. H. STABLER, of Alexandria, Va., and PROF. CAMPBELL MORFITT, of New York, two of the most eminent Chemists of the United States, as the only combination of PHOSPHATIC AND AMMONIATED GUANOS.

It is offered in a REALLY SOLUBLE FORM. It is composed of NO. 1 PERUVIAN AND SOMBRERO GUANOS, OF OUR OWN DIRECT IMPORTATION, FROM THE CHINCHA AND SOMBRERO ISLANDS, AND WARRANTED FREE FROM ALL IMPURITIES.

It has been severely tested by many of the most successful and intelligent Farmers both in Virginia and Maryland, side by side with Peruvian Guano, and its superiority fully demonstrated. It is sold at the rate of \$37 1/2 PER CWT. CHEAPER!

THE SOMBRERO GUANO, before being added to the PERUVIAN, is rendered IMMEDIATELY SOLUBLE by a process but recently discovered, and peculiarly our own.

The value of PERUVIAN GUANO, presented in this modified and improved form, can be hardly over estimated. PRICE \$50 PER TON OF 2,000 LBS.

IN ADDITION SUPERIOR NO. 1 PERUVIAN GUANO Per Ships "Conquest," "Juliette," and "Tartar," expected to arrive at this port, during the month of July, August, and September.

DIRECT FROM THE CHINCHA ISLANDS. ALSO, SOMBRERO GUANO, Per "Judge Blaney," "Rachel Jane," "Lewis," "Exchange," "DIBERT FROM THE ISLAND OF SOMBRERO.

AND OUR USUAL SUPPLIES OF MEXICAN, COLUMBIAN AND AFRICAN GUANOS.

We are prepared to sell the above articles as low as they can be bought in any market in the country. FOWLE & CO., MEDICAL COLLEGE OF VIRGINIA, AT RICHMOND. SESSION OF 1860-'61.

The Annual Course of Lectures will commence on the 1st Monday in October, and continue until the 1st of March.

Dr. C. BELL GIBSON, M. D., Prof. of Surgery. Dr. JAMES H. TRUCKER, M. D., Prof. of Theory and Practice of Medicine. Dr. B. W. WILSON, M. D., Prof. of Materia Medica and Therapeutics. Dr. A. E. PATTON, M. D., Prof. of Anatomy. Dr. S. J. JOHNS, M. D., Prof. of Institutes of Medicine. Dr. JAS. H. CONWAY, M. D., Prof. of Obstetrics, &c. Dr. J. B. McCAY, M. D., Prof. of Chemistry. Dr. MANNON HOWARD, M. D., Demonstrator of Anatomy.

This institution offers to the Student every facility for the acquisition of the highest medical education. Through the liberality of the Legislature, at its last session, in appropriating the sum of Thirty Thousand Dollars in the case of the College, these facilities will be greatly extended. A new building is now in course of erection, in immediate proximity to the College, which will much improve the buildings for clinical instruction. All the necessary alterations of the College building will be duly accomplished, and large and improved apparatus are being made to the apparatus and illustrations for the Lectures in every department.

Ample facilities will be afforded for the prosecution of Practical Anatomy. Instead of the "Warren Prize" of One Hundred Dollars, heretofore offered to the graduating class, Two Prizes, of One Hundred Dollars each, will be offered for the best Essay, on any Surgical subject, and the other for the best Essay on any subject pertaining to the Theory or Practice of Medicine.

Ticket of each Professor.....\$15 Matriculation.....\$5 Graduation.....\$5 Demonstrator's Ticket.....\$10 For further information, or for catalogue containing full particulars, address L. S. FOWLE & CO., No. 110, N. 3rd St., Staunton, Va., July 10, 1860.—J. M. Dean, of the Faculty.

PUBLIC SALE.—Will be sold, at public sale, at the late residence of Jas. S. Thompson, dec'd., 1 1/2 miles from Staunton, on the Valley Road, on Thursday, the 23rd day of August, 1860, all his PERSONAL PROPERTY, to-wit: