

Staunton Spectator.

Tuesday, July 10, 1866.

The circulation of the Spectator is about as great as the combined circulation of both the other papers published in this place, and has many subscribers in this county alone as contained in the whole subscription list of either of the other papers.

The Spectator having about as many subscribers as both of the other papers published in this place, it is to the interest of persons to advertise in the Spectator, and it is the duty of those who advertise for others to advertise in that paper which has the largest circulation. It becomes the duty of agents, commissioners, administrators, executors, and all who are entrusted with the interests of others to advertise in the SPECTATOR, as it has a much larger circulation than any other paper published here.

Mr. Stuart's Address.

Our limited space and the length of the address of the Hon. A. H. H. Stuart, before the Literary Societies of the University of Virginia, at the recent commencement exercises of that institution, preclude its publication. It is an interesting and able document, worthy of the statesman who delivered it. His subject was: "The late revolution; its causes and its consequences; and the duties which result from it." Persons desirous of perusing this able address are referred to the Richmond dailies of last week.

The War in Europe.

The war in Europe, which has been anticipated for many months, has actually begun, and Saxony, Bohemia, and Silesia promise to become again the theatre of great events, as in the times of Frederick the Second. As heretofore, Prussia has been the first to move, and Austria, habitually slow to start, has permitted her to take possession of Hanover and Saxony without opposition. Several of the smaller German States have shared the fate of the Kingdoms mentioned. So far, Prussia does as she pleases, her cutting a hostile regiment to pieces, then capturing an Elector, and again putting Kings and armies to flight. But Austria will hold on, although generally defeated during the first year or two, and by the third year of the war Prussia will show signs of waning strength. In the mean while, all the little Duchies and Principalities will be run over by the great powers without so much as saying, "By your leave."

Looking to the South, we find that the Italians have crossed the Mincio, and there too Austria offers no opposition. Kosuth is acting in concert with Garibaldi, the Italian patriot, "so-called," and we may expect Hungary to be stirring before long. There are no indications yet of a rising in Poland, but doubtless we shall soon hear the people of that country clamoring for the glorious privilege of electing their Kings on the field of Wola.

We confess that we do not know what all this fuss is about, and having recently had our fill of war, the subject is not particularly interesting to us; so we have not inquired the cause of the turmoil. We wonder at the fatuity of European Governments. Before they get half through with the matter, all sides wish they had not begun. As for us, we would as soon think of bringing a suit to be tried by jury, as to go to war, particularly during this hot weather.

The Philadelphia Convention.

The people of Albemarle held a meeting on their last Court day, and adopted resolutions in favor of sending delegates to the Philadelphia Convention. The Convention has been called to meet on the second Tuesday in August, and the shortness of the time intervening rendering it impracticable for delegates to be appointed by District Conventions, Albemarle proposes that the chairman of the late Whig and Democratic Executive Committees take the matter in hand, and appoint four delegates from the State at large, and two from each Congressional District. Mr. S. F. Leake took ground against the whole proceeding, and offered a resolution declaring it inexpedient to send delegates to Philadelphia, which was rejected by the meeting.

There seems to be much diversity of opinion in the State as to what we ought to do, while every body is gratified to find that, at least, the more conservative politicians at the North have made a move in the right direction. The Richmond Dispatch and other leading papers warmly urge the appointment of delegates by the Southern States. The Enquirer, on the other hand, doubts the propriety of such a course—it does not like the terms in which even the National Intelligencer is recommending the Convention to the South, and intimates that the most we ought to do would be to send a few discreet men as visitors, who would be able to certify the members of the real state of opinion at the South. The New York Times, an influential Republican paper, is in favor of the proposed Convention, but its Richmond correspondent is raising a question, in advance, as to the reception of delegates from Virginia, unless they be of the approved Radical stripe. He says:

"It can safely be asserted that John B. Baldwin and A. H. H. Stuart, the most turbulent, vindictive, and intolerant of their present leaders, will be of the number, and it is equally certain that no such men as Barbour and Chandler will be sent."

He desires "true men" to be sent, and then no such "hogues delegates" will be admitted to the Convention.

Terrible Fire.

A terrible fire occurred at Portland, Maine, on the 4th inst., by which half of the city was destroyed. It swept over a space of one mile and a half in length by a quarter of a mile wide, destroying everything in its track. All the newspaper and insurance offices, banks and hotels, night churches and a convent, schools, lawyers' offices, including valuable libraries, and nearly every prominent business house in the city, was burned, as well as a great number of private dwellings. The estimated number of houses consumed is two thousand, and the loss exceeds ten millions of dollars. Dry houses were blown up in the endeavor to check the progress of the fire. One thousand tents have been sent to the homeless people. The destruction was so complete that persons can hardly tell where their houses were.

**The New Party.**  
There seems, says the Lynchburg Virginian, to be a very general concurrence of opinion amongst men who are not inordinately wedded to old party organizations, that a new National Administration party should be formed. The country is in peril, and the parties that directly or indirectly reduced it to its present extremity may not rescue it from the impending danger. The Democrats cannot do it; the Republicans will not. The one is impotent; the other hopelessly corrupt. Each man claim their fair share of responsibility for having contributed to the wreck and ruin of our once fair and stately republic. But, we will forgive the Democrats if now, with true self-abnegation, they will forego their efforts to save the republic democratically and unite upon new men, under another and less obnoxious name, to make common cause against the common enemy. Let the dead bury the dead, while live men attend to the living issues that are upon them.

We have the testimony of one of the most distinguished Democrats in this country, an ex-cabinet officer who has represented his country abroad—that the Democratic party, with its war record, cannot succeed again in the North. And this fact should be obvious to all who note the signs of the times. Let us, therefore, taking the President's national policy and what is left of State-rights and the Constitution, as the basis of our organization, create a new national party that will be co-extensive with the Union. Whilst we are individually willing to forego and abandon every prejudice of a political character we ever imbibed, we are yet firmly convinced that a new party is indispensable to the welfare of the country.

The President, who has taken a noble stand in defence of the Constitution and republican government is in imminent danger of being overborne by a Radical and revolutionary Congress, and all patriotic men should rush to the rescue. Let us proceed at once with the organization.—There is no time to be lost.

**Pauperism and Crime in the United States.**  
The New York News publishes tables taken from the census of 1860, showing the number of paupers and criminals in the North and South for the year ending June 30th, 1860.—The North with a population of 18,917,753 had 296,479 paupers, of which 140,238 were natives and 157,479 of foreign birth, and 91,448 criminals, of which 29,089 were natives and 62,259 foreigners.

The South with a population of 12,240,593, had 23,064 paupers, of which 18,518 were natives and 4,546 were foreigners, and 7,154 criminals, of which 3,677 were natives and 3,477 were foreigners.

From these statistical figures it appears, says the N. Y. News, that the amount of pauperism in the Northern States, during the twelve months which they include, was 1.57 per cent. of the population of those States—0.73 per cent. of the paupers being native born and 0.83 of foreign birth. The amount of pauperism in the Southern States during the same period is found to have been 0.19 per cent. of the population of that section of the country, of which 0.15 per cent. was supplied by native-born paupers and 0.04 per cent. by those of foreign birth.

The criminal statistics show that, within the year, the number of persons convicted in the Northern States was 0.48 per cent. of their population, of which 0.15 per cent. were native Americans and 0.33 per cent. foreigners. The convictions in the Southern States, at the same time, were 0.06 per cent. of their population, a fraction more than half being native born, and a fraction less than half being of foreign birth.

Thus the ratio of pauperism and crime in the North were, in 1860, each eight times greater than they were in the South.

"Oh, but it is the large number of foreigners we have among us that fill our work-houses and our prisons!" we fancy we hear some Radical remark.

But let us take merely the figures that refer to native born Americans, and see how the water stands. Why we even then find that the ratio of native pauperism in the North was five times more than what it was in the South, and that the ratio of crime among the native born was in the North also five-fold what it was in the South.

A telegram from Charleston on the 4th, says Benjamin Rhett, a Merchant of Charleston, S. C., was shot yesterday afternoon, while going to his plantation near Charleston. He received two loads from a double barrel shot gun, one load breaking his arm, the other penetrating his side and entering his lungs. About twenty minutes after receiving the wounds he fell from his horse and died. It is not known who the murderer was, but it is supposed to be a negro who had expressed strong animosity to the family.

A correspondent of the National Intelligencer, writing from Augusta, Ga., says Mr. Alexander H. Stephens has said, within a few days, that the only hope for the South consists in the result of the fall elections at the North, which means, that unless the people who are represented upon the present Radical majority and elect men who will reconstruct the Union on the old basis of equality and equal rights, guaranteed by the Constitution, there is no hope for the South for the next two years.

**First National Bank.**  
QUARTERLY STATEMENT OF THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF STAUNTON, JULY 1st, 1866:

Table with columns for ASSETS and LIABILITIES, listing various financial items and their values.

**"Red Battle Stamps his Foot."**  
"Red Battle stamps his foot, and nations feel the shock." The last gate which swept from the shores of Europe brought to our ears the clash of rearing arms. The Prussian troops have invaded Saxony and Hanover, and it is supposed that they will promptly meet by the troops of Austria. The last arrival from Europe brought the news that already in the invaded country railroads had been destroyed and postal communication cut off, and the Saxon treasury and army stores been removed to Bohemia for safety. The Austrian troops had intercepted all the lines of communication on their side of the Po.

The probability is that the war between Austria and Prussia, will involve Italy, Hungary, the German Federation, Russia and France before it will be terminated. Italy will strike at once, as soon as Austria and Prussia meet in an eventful in Europe as the last several years have been in this country. We will keep our readers posted as well as possible in the war news from Europe. Such as are not subscribers to the Spectator should remit the price of subscription at once.

At the Annual Meeting of the Joint Board of Trustees and Visitors of Martha Washington College, on Monday, the 11th ultimo, the following resolutions were adopted:

Resolved, first, That the Joint Board of Martha Washington College deeply regret the resignation of Rev. Wm. A. Harris, A. M., as President of our Institution, and that we accept it only because Mr. Harris is firmly persuaded that, while the field of his usefulness is not lessened, his personal interest will be better promoted, by accepting a similar position tendered him by another institution.

Resolved, second, That we hereby tender to President Harris our high appreciation of his untiring and efficient labors in maintaining the existence of our school in the successful operation of its functions during the adverse and trying circumstances of the past war, especially when it was embarrassed in its finances, and situated in a country occupied alternately by both belligerents.

Resolved, third, That we recognize in President Harris one of the first of female educators in the South, and that we cheerfully recommend him as such to all whom it may concern.

Resolved, fourth, That we congratulate the patrons of the Wesleyan Female Institute in seeing the services of Mr. Harris as President, and the citizens of Staunton in securing the residence of his intelligent, polite and christian family.

Resolved, fifth, That these resolutions be published in the Abingdon Virginian and the Episcopal Methodist at Richmond.

**The Democratic Address.**  
The Democratic members of Congress have issued an address to the people of the United States, approving the call for a National Union Convention to be held in Philadelphia, on the 14th of August. The address says:

"As essential to National Union we must maintain unimpaired the rights, the dignity, and the equality of the States, including the right of representation in Congress and the exclusive right of each State to control its own domestic concerns, subject only to the Constitution of the United States."

It denounces the denial of representation in Congress to the people of the eleven States, while "laws affecting their highest and dearest interests have been passed, and in disregard of the fundamental principle of free government."

It concludes as follows: "We therefore respectfully but earnestly urge upon our fellow-citizens in each State and Territory and Congressional District in the United States, in the interests of Union and in a spirit of harmony, and with direct reference to the principles contained in said call, to act promptly in the selection of wise, moderate and conservative men to represent them in said Convention, to the end that all the States shall at once be restored to their practical relations to the Union, the Constitution be maintained, and peace bless the whole country."

The Board of Visitors of the University at its recent session determined on the re-estabishment of the professorial chairs of Latin and International, Constitutional, and Mercantile Law and Equity. For several years Greek and Latin have been taught by the same professor, and Professor Minor has had the whole department of Law. The Board meet again the 15th of August, when the new professors will be appointed. There is a general desire among the friends of the University that a school of Applied Science should be established; and it will not doubt be done as soon as the pecuniary condition of the country will warrant it.

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**Auction Sales.**  
**VERY VALUABLE LANDS AND PERSONAL PROPERTY FOR SALE.**  
In pursuance of the provisions of a deed of trust, executed by Braxton Davis and wife, to the subscribers of record in the office of the clerk of the county court of Augusta, Va., we will proceed, on Wednesday the 5th day of September, 1866, (and from day to day until the sale is completed), to offer for sale on the premises public auction, THREE VALUABLE TRACTS OF LAND, situated in Augusta county. Also a large amount of Personal Property, consisting of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, McCormick Reapers, Buckeye Mowers, Wagons, gear of all kinds, Farming Implements, and a quantity of Corn, Wheat and Oats.

The lands have always been regarded as among the most productive and desirable in the Valley of Virginia, and it is rare that an opportunity is offered to obtain such valuable estates. The first tract contains about 500 acres, lying on both sides of the South branch of the Shenandoah, about five miles below Waynesboro Depot on the Central Railroad. About half of this tract is cleared and the residue in timber. It is generally limestone land and admirably adapted to wheat, corn and grass, and is in a fine state of cultivation. There is a good never-failing spring near the residence, and the river, which divides the farm into two nearly equal parts, affords an abundant supply of water for stock, at every point.

The improvements consist of a good sized frame Dwelling, somewhat out of repair, a large barn, stable and every necessary out-building. There are about 60 acres of good meadow on the tract, and a tolerable orchard.

The Craig Place adjoins the Turk place, and contains, also, about 500 acres of fine productive land. This tract lies on the southeast side of the river, in a bend of the same, and about 300 acres are cleared. About half of this tract is limestone land, and there are on it about fifty or sixty acres of productive meadow. The whole farm is well farmed.

The improvements consist of a large framed Dwelling, with eight rooms, and an orchard in front and rear. The barn is somewhat out of order. There is a good never-failing spring near the house, and a cistern at the house. The river supplies water for stock at convenient points. These two tracts, together, make a splendid estate, and would be very desirable to any one who would desire to own so large a body of land.

The Corner Place lies about two miles from the two tracts above named. It contains about 200 acres of limestone land, about 60 acres of which are cleared, and the balance well timbered with oak, pine and hickory.

The improvements consist of a log Dwelling House and ordinary out-buildings. There is a spring on the land and a stream which flows through a portion of it.

We will sell, at the same time, eight good cows, between 60 and 100 Cattle, about 30 Hogs, 30 Sheep, McCormick Reaper, Buckeye Mower, three wagons, and gear for eight or ten horses, ploughs, harrows, and every kind of farming implement, a large crop of corn, a quantity of wheat, and other articles.

The terms will be made known on the day of sale, and will be such as to accommodate purchasers.

Any one buying either real or personal property, will be allowed a credit for any debt against Mr. Davis which he may hold himself or acquire from any other person, the object of the sale being to satisfy the just debt of Mr. DAVIS.

**COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF VERY VALUABLE REAL ESTATE IN THE TOWN OF WAYNESBORO and vicinity.**  
Under a decree of the Circuit Court of Augusta county, dated the 18th day of July, 1866, we, as Commissioners appointed by said Court, will offer, at public sale, on the premises, on

Wednesday, the 8th day of August next, the following very desirable property, in the town of Waynesboro, and farm contiguous, viz:

That large brick dwelling and store-house, located on a corner, in the centre of the town, well built and the best stands for business in the place.—The building contains ten rooms—well arranged for all family and business purposes. A lot on the Main street, also a corner lot on which are three framed tenements, now occupied by families and as business houses. A lot on Main street, on which is a good framed dwelling house, sufficiently large for any ordinary family.

Two very superior town lots, on which is a two story brick dwelling house, and out houses, seven and a half acres of No. 1 meadow land adjoining the town, and equal to any in the county for grass and other crops.

Also a farm containing 96 acres, one-fourth of a mile from the corporate limits, on which there is some fine timber. This land has beautiful, and every foot of it can be cultivated.

Also a tract of land lying on Back Creek, in the county of Augusta, and adjoining the lands of Moses L. Alexander, G. B. Stuart, and others, and in the region of great mineral wealth, containing ONE HUNDRED ACRES.

The above parcels of property will, according to the terms of the decree, be set up at the price at which they were respectively struck off at the former sales. If more is bid the bidder will be declared the purchaser. If more is not bid that fact will be reported to the Court.

TERMS.—The costs of sale in hand; one-third of the residue on the 1st of October, 1867; and the remaining third the 1st Oct., 1868. JOHN E. KING, GEO. M. KING, Commissioners.

**AGUSTA LAND IN MARKET.**  
An Executor of Daniel Stover, dec'd, I will sell, at public sale, on the premises, on Friday, the 20th day of July next, a tract of land, containing 140 Acres, about nine miles from Staunton, and one mile from the Valley turnpike, adjoining the lands of Wm. Crawford, P. Sheets, and others.

It has on it good water, plenty of timber, fruit, comfortable improvements, and the land is susceptible of being made very productive. I will show the lands to any one desiring to see them. Terms made known on day of sale. June 26—4t SIMON P. STOVER, Executor.

**LAND NEAR STAUNTON AT AUCTION.**  
We will sell, at public auction, in front of the Court-house, in Staunton, on Saturday, the 25th of July next, a small tract of land lying on both sides of the Parkersburg Road, 3 miles West of Staunton, containing Eighty-seven Acres.

About 25 acres of this land is in timber, the balance cleared and under fence. This land adjoins the lands of Mr. Conran, Henry Eildon and others, and will be sold in parcels or as one tract, as may be thought best on day of sale. TERMS OF SALE.—One-third in hand and balance in six and twelve months. Mr. James C. Eiley, who lives near the land, will show it to persons desiring to purchase. Sale at 11 o'clock, A. M. ECHOLS, BELLE & CATLETT, July 8—4t Agents for John H. Snapp.

**Auction Sales.**  
**I. O. O. F.—VALUABLE and DESIRABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.**  
In pursuance of a Resolution of Staunton Lodge, No. 46, I. O. O. F., THE HALL and ANTE-ROOMS of said Lodge will be offered for sale, for CASH, at public auction, on Monday, the 23rd day of July, 1866. By J. F. PATTERSON, Secretary.

**VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE.**  
I have determined to sell my farm. It adjoins the village of West View, lies on Middle river, and is six miles from Staunton; containing 141 Acres of very superior land, in a high state of cultivation, with the best water in the world, a good orchard, and comfortable improvements upon it. So desirable an estate is seldom put into market. I do not put it to sale to obtain a big price, but because circumstances make it proper that I should sell.

If not sold privately by Saturday, the 14th day of July, 1866, I will then offer it at public sale. On the same day, I will sell my undivided interest in the Real Estate left by Henry Eildon, sen., deceased. Terms made known on enquiry. June 19—4t PETER H. EIDSON.

**TOWN PROPERTY FOR SALE.**  
Under a decree of the Circuit Court, I will proceed on Saturday, the 28th day of July next, to sell at public sale, in front of the Court-house in Staunton, that very valuable property, lately the residence of David Pointa, dec'd. With some improvements, it can be made a most desirable place. The mansion is of substantial brick work; the lot is large and very productive; the location is in an agreeable neighborhood, elevated and out of the bustle of the town—fronting on New Street, adjoining good society, and title to the same is clear. Terms.—One-third on confirmation of sale, remainder in equal instalments at 12, 18, 24 and 30 months from sale, bearing interest, secured by bonds with personal security and retention of title; but I may receive the balance of the purchase money in current gold coin of the U. S., or the equivalent thereof in current funds at the time of actual payment of the several instalments, to be ascertained by the market price of such coin in the town of Staunton, at the time of such payments respectively. NICHOLAS K. TROUT, Com'r.

**SUPERIOR LAND FOR SALE.**  
Under a decree of the Circuit Court of Augusta county, in the cause of George Spott's devise vs. Spott's infants, I will proceed, on the premises, on Saturday, the 1st day of September next, to sell, at public sale a tract of land in Augusta county, containing

Two hundred and twenty-six acres. It is first quality Augusta land, adjoins Guthrie, Churchman, Eildon and others, about six miles from Staunton. The improvements are very good. Christian's Creek runs through it; has on it two orchards, and all necessary conveniences. It is enough to say that no such property has been in market for many years; the quality of the land, its proximity to market, and agreeableness of the neighborhood, invite those in search of a desirable home, to at least an examination of it.

The farm will be shown to persons by George T. Rhodes, living on the farm, or by the subscriber, living at Mint Spring. TERMS.—One-fourth upon confirmation of sale; balance in three equal annual instalments from day of sale, bearing interest, the purchaser to give bonds with personal security, and title to the land to be retained as ultimate security, but, in my discretion, I may so modify the terms as to require the payments to be made in current gold coin of U. S., or the equivalent thereof, in current funds at the time of actual payment of the several instalments to be ascertained by the market price of such coin in Staunton at the time of such payments. JOHN TOWBERMAN, Commissioner. July 8—4tds

**For Sale Privately.**  
**3,500 ACRES OF LAND FOR SALE.**  
I will sell, privately, the following parcels of Land: 3000 acres in the county of Augusta, unimproved land; a large portion well timbered with white and other oak timber, pine, poplar, and locust; and also a good saw-mill site on the land; some 60 acres cleared—fine range for cattle, hogs, and sheep.

I will sell all, or part, as may be wanted, at a low price; I will take any kind of live stock or solvent paper. The above property could be made out of this land, all convenient to good roads, within 2 miles of a large quantity of iron ore, with a good site for a furnace, which can be had low.

80 acres first quality of Illinois land, within 30 miles of Chicago. 420 acres in Iowa—all prime land. June 25—1m Deerfield, Augusta co., Va. J. BECK, Agent.

**HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE.**  
The subscriber offers for sale privately, the house and lot in West Street, formerly owned by Dr. Hardin, and sold by him to Rev. Mr. Smith. This is very desirable property. The House is good, with stable, granary, ice-house and all necessary buildings. The property will be shown by Mr. Whisman, living in the village. JOHN E. RILEY, June 26—3t Staunton, P. O.

**LAND FOR SALE.**  
With the view of changing my mode of life, I offer for sale my farm, containing 353 acres, lying 20 miles west of Staunton, in Augusta county, Va. It is situated within 1/2 mile of the Central Railroad, which is about to become one of the lines of communication between the great Valley of the Mississippi and our Atlantic coast. About 250 acres are cleared and in a good state of cultivation; the balance well timbered and within 1/2 mile of the Railroad, and within 1/2 mile of a saw mill and other improvements, of which there is a good road with a down grade almost every foot of the way.

The farm is watered by the Little Calf Pasture River, and in Springs, one of the most plentifully bold and elevated to drive a saw mill, or other machinery, which could be easily constructed within ten steps of the timber land. There is on the tract a good meadow and 20 acres of good bottom land. There are several good orchards, which yield annually a great abundance of fruit, which might be made a source of profit, as more than \$4,000 worth of fruit was produced during the war.

The dwelling is constructed on the cottage order, and occupies an elevated position, surrounded by a neat lattice enclosure. It contains six rooms, has two front and two rear porches, and a dining room and kitchen in the basement; the other buildings are a meat house, bank barn, granary and corn house. There is also a large dwelling house, stable, and school-house, a few hundred yards from the farm.

The neighborhood is good. The region, healthily. Churches, convenient. A merchant mill within 1/2 mile, also a good physician within the same distance. The soil is fertile, and yields, perhaps, as large a per cent. on the money invested as any farm of equal size in the Valley of Virginia. Come, gentlemen, and see for yourself, as the growing crop will be a better recommendation than any I can give.

TERMS.—One-third of the purchase money on the first day of March, 1867, and the balance in equal annual payments. Title warranted. June 5—3m I. C. MYERS.

**Saturday Evening Post.**  
**THE WHITE SLAVE.—A TALE OF THE MEXICAN REVOLUTION.**  
The well-known novelist, EMERSON BENNETT, has commenced a new serial story with the above title, in the Philadelphia SATURDAY EVENING POST, of July 7th. This story, though somewhat different, is said to be fully equal in its thrilling romance and absorbing interest to "The Phantom of the Forest." It will be about four months in running through "The Post." The POST is also publishing other stories of great interest. One called "Adriana" will we think interest ladies particularly. As "The White Slave" commenced in the first number of July, those wishing to procure it can do so if they choose by the subscription for the last six months of the Post. Price \$1.25 for six months; or for "The Post" and the LADY'S FRIEND (each six months) \$2.00. Samples containing the first portion of Mr. Bennett's story sent on receipt of five cents. Address H. Peterson & Co., 319 Walton St., Philadelphia.

**Scythes, &c.**  
**GRASS & GRAIN SCYTHES, &c.**  
I have on hand Grass and Grain Scythes, Cradle Scythes, Wheel Stones, Scythe Blades, &c. for sale low. July 10—4t GEO. E. PRICE.