

Tuesday, September 17, 1867.

The circulation of the Spectator is about as great as the combined circulation of both the other papers published in this place, and has many subscribers in this county alone as are contained in the whole subscription list of either of the other papers.

The Spectator having as many subscribers as both of the other papers published in this place, it is the interest of persons to advertise in the Spectator, and it is the duty of those who advertise for others to advertise in that paper which has the largest circulation. It becomes the duty of agents, commissioners, administrators, executors, and all who are entrusted with the interests of others to advertise in the SPECTATOR, as it has a much larger circulation than any other paper published here.

How the Radicals will Vote.

The reconstruction bills were passed by the Radical Congress for the purpose of securing the permanent domination of the Radical party. Through the instrumentality of these reconstruction bills, they expected to gain as much or more in the South, than they would probably lose by reaction in the North, if they could, by persuasion or threats, induce the Southern States to comply with them, by calling conventions and adopting constitutions of the character prescribed in these bills. In this way, the South would be radicalized, and the strength of the South would be added to the Radical party. With this object accomplished, the rule of the Radical party would be ensured, beyond peradventure, for an indefinite period, if not for all time. So well is this understood, that there is not a Radical in the South, white or black, who does not favor the call of conventions and the adoption of constitutions in compliance with the plan of reconstruction devised and prescribed by the Radical Congress. Show us a Radical, white or black, and we will show you a man who will vote in favor of a Convention. Show us a sympathizer, with the purposes of the Radicals, and we will show you a man who will vote for a Convention. Show us a man who expects to be benefited by the ascendancy of the Radical party, either by the hope of office or the expectancy of patronage in any form, and we will show you an ally of that party who will vote for a Convention. Those who will vote for a Convention to comply with the Radical plan of reconstruction, will vote exactly as every Radical, white and black, will vote, and just as every Radical paper in the South urges them to vote. So anxious are the leading Radicals that the South should reconstruct upon their plan, that they endeavor to coerce the South to do so, by threatening confiscation if they fail to comply with their wishes in that respect.

Montana Territory the political tide is not only turned, but is sweeping on with a strength that will, we trust, speedily annihilate Radicalism. The New York World has the following special despatch: VIRGINIA CITY, Montana, Sept. 7. Cavanaugh (Democrat) has been elected delegate to Congress from Montana by an overwhelming majority. In Maine one hundred and nine counties give Chamberlain 22,715, and Pillsbury 11,683. The same towns last year gave Chamberlain 21,550, and Pillsbury 6,373. Chamberlain's majority this year is 6,032, against 15,085 in the same towns last year, making a Republican loss of 9,053. The aggregate vote in these towns is 43,208, against 48,215 last year. The total vote of the State last year was 111,584. This year it will probably fall under 100,000.

The Amnity Proclamation. In another column will be found the new Amnity Proclamation which was issued on Saturday. It extends amnity to all engaged in the rebellion, who take the oath set forth in the proclamation, except three specified classes. These are: 1. The chief executive officers, heads of departments, foreign agents and State Governors under the rebel confederacy, military officers above the rank of captain. 2. All who were guilty of cruelty to Union prisoners. 3. Those who, at the time they seek to avail themselves of the proclamation, are in custody of the civil, military or naval authorities, and are held to bail; and all persons implicated in the assassination of President Lincoln.

The Amnity Proclamation. The oath to be taken by the seeking amnity pledges loyalty to the Union and all Constitution, and the faithful observance of the laws relating to the emancipation of slaves. The Cabinet was a unit in recommending it, and it is in exact accordance with the terms offered to the rebels at the time of Lee's surrender. Of course the Radicals denounce it; but all their objections are founded on the fact that they fear it may prevent them from perfecting their scheme of establishing negro rule in the South. The white people of the entire country will greet this proclamation with unqualified approval.

Speaking of the number of persons excluded from the benefits of the Amnity Proclamation, the National Intelligencer says: "Upon the whole, after the disposition of the applications for special pardon now on file, which we hope will be done in the spirit which dictated the proclamation, it is not believed that the entire number of the exalted will finally reach beyond a few hundred."

It has become customary with some, since the war, when they wish to do an act which they feel to be wanting in manliness and patriotism to attempt to shield themselves from just odium by saying that the soldiers approved of it. In this way the soldiers are insulted and made scape goats for the least worthy of their number. True soldiers, feel that whilst it is honorable to abide the decision of arms so far as the issues involved were concerned, that it is base to yield voluntary assent to exactions outside of the issues properly decided by arms.

Governor Helm, of Kentucky, died on last Sunday week, the 8th, at his residence near Elizabethtown. His death having occurred during the first two weeks of his term, the law makes it the duty of the Chief Justice to order an election for Governor to be held on the first Monday of August next. In the mean time all the powers and duties appertaining to the office must be exercised by Lieutenant-Governor Stevenson.

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The heavy Radical loss in Maine creates intense excitement. The State House of Delegates, which last year had but thirteen Democrats in it, is now claimed by that party. The great Central States of New York, Pennsylvania and Ohio are claimed as certain, and the defeat of negro suffrage in Ohio seems to be conceded.

Mechanics.

The Richmond Whig says that, "physical science, and that is but another name for mechanics, has, in these latter years, wrought a revolution in industry, in business and in society that has resembled the work of magic." The man of correct thought and feeling who strips men and things of all adventitious and meretricious trappings and ornaments, and judges them according to their merits and general usefulness, feels that he has cause to thank God who constructed the Globe we inhabit and the starry firmament, the sun that lights us by day and the moon that lights us by night, in that He has opened, and is opening still further the eyes of the world to the real value of the mechanic. What an error, what a heresy, what rank injustice has been held and manifested towards that great class! The centuries that have passed stand disgraced in our eyes by reason of the contempt they incurred in putting upon the mechanic. Was it not a fraud practiced by the powerful few who ruled to repress the might and majesty of the masses? If so, this nineteenth century has, we hope, forever frustrated it. The mechanic, the educated mechanic, has triumphed over the false logic and the despotism of the centuries, and he stands now the directing and the ruling power in all civilized countries. His discoveries have revolutionized all the peaceful avocations of life and made war a new science. The productions of the farmer are multiplied, and his labors lightened by the machinery supplied to him by the mechanic. In whatever quarter we look we discern the evidences of the mechanic's presence in all that is useful, beautiful and profitable.

Physical science is to the mechanic what the lamp was to Aladdin. It has raised him from a beggar to a prince, and given him power over those who were wont to despise him. He has at length, after struggling for ages, found his true position, and he is this day the master spirit of civilization. His triumph is complete, and yet his power has not been half expended. He has an immense reserved force that can only be measured by the unknown capacities of physical science.

Recent Elections. In Vermont the Radicals lose heavily on the popular vote and the Democrats gain quite a number of members of the Legislature. In California the Democrats make a clean sweep, electing their Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Secretary of State, Comptroller, Treasurer, Surveyor General, Harbor Commissioner, Clerk of the Supreme Court and State Printer. They also elect all three members of Congress, and a large majority of the members of the Legislature, thus securing a United States Senator. In 1865 the whole vote cast was 59,466, H. H. Hartley, Democrat, receiving 26,245, and S. W. Sanderson, Republican, 33,221; Republican majority 6,976. In 1864 Lincoln's majority was 18,293, and in 1863 Frederick P. Low, the present Governor, was elected over James G. Downey, the Democratic candidate, by majority of 18,732, and the whole vote was 109,162.

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The Last Amnesty Proclamation.

The New York Tribune is consistent on the subject of amnesty to the Southern people. It is in this matter certainly wiser than Mr. Johnson himself, who should have issued a general amnesty proclamation when he issued his absurd \$20,000 exception paper. The Tribune says: "We were in favor of a sweeping amnesty proclamation when Mr. Johnson was raving and ranting three days that 'treason was a crime, and traitors must be punished.' We are in favor of it now, and would gladly have every peaceable and well-disposed man in the South assured that no harm will befall him because of his share in the rebellion so long as he departs himself as a good citizen should. Let those who were rebels feel and know that they may plant and till, build and trade, buy lands and sell them, without fear of confiscation, and we will be satisfied. So far as President Johnson's new proclamation tends to secure this end, it has our hearty approval."

The Tribune's article concludes with the following paragraph, a part of which is worthy of attention of the Southern reader: "The only thing he is likely to effect is to excite an antagonism and a conflict between Congress and the leading States of the South. [The Radicals] gave you the chance, with an unrestricted freedom of will, and you did it. O, no! Never shall that trait be hurled into our eyes." "We are against a Convention," because we are not willing to be bound up to a responsibility which we do not wish to assume. [The Radicals] gave you the chance, with an unrestricted freedom of will, and you did it. O, no! Never shall that trait be hurled into our eyes."

Rise in Gold. The Richmond Dispatch says the rise in gold is not attributable to California or the movements of President Johnson, but to the unmistakable signs of the determination of the people to redeem a large part at least of the Federal bonds with greenbacks, and to so modify those not redeemed as to subject them at the earliest day to taxation. The extraordinary alliance between leading Republicans and Democrats for this object leaves no room to doubt as to the result. Pendleton, Vallandigham, Allen, and other Democrats of the Northwest, and General Butler, Thad. Stevens, and other leading Republicans, have met on this platform. Such a combination is irresistible. A considerable inflation of the currency is inevitable, and it is no wonder that the capitalists and gold speculators have become alarmed.

A MARYLAND DEMOCRATIC JOURNAL ON IMPARTIAL SUFFRAGE.—The Baltimore Gazette, a Democratic journal, predicts that Congress, at its next session, will declare that the Governments of Maryland, Kentucky, and Delaware are not republican in form, and will in consequence "suspend" the rights of the people of those States until they have accepted of a new Constitution. The Gazette comments upon this "then there will be a general mass" and an overthrow of Congress. The Frederick (Md.) Union, one of the most violent Democratic papers in the western Maryland, comments upon James G. Downey, the Democratic candidate, by majority of 18,732, and the whole vote was 109,162.

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Our Position—Against a Convention.

Some time since, the Fredericksburg Herald, in an article with the caption above, spoke as follows, from which it would seem that that Journal was somewhat opposed to calling a Convention: "We are against a Convention," because, when we registered our name as a voter, we took a solemn oath to maintain with our integrity the Constitution of the United States. Aye more, to counsel and persuade others to do so. Voting for a Convention involves the acceptance of military bills of Congress, which we do not wish to accept, and which we will not support one hour and stain our conscience by falsification of the next week! "We are against a Convention," because two distinct races never can govern together in peace. We insist that our's was intended—and by the grace of God, we will maintain that our's shall be a white man's government. Whilst we will do all we can to benefit the colored race, we prefer that they should not govern the white race. "We are against a Convention," because Radicals shall be estopped in all the future—if they counsel now to prevail—from holding us to responsibility for the calamity which they shall never taunt us by saying: [We] [The Radicals] gave you the chance, with an unrestricted freedom of will, and you did it. O, no! Never shall that trait be hurled into our eyes."

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Terrible Riot in Farmville. We learn from passengers by the Southside cars, that a riot occurred in Farmville, yesterday, between the Yankee soldiers stationed there and the negroes of the town, which resulted in the death of one of the latter, and the head and killed another dangerous and per- heads mortally wounded from a blow on the head with a fence rail, and several others more or less injured. Some four or five negroes were shot in the corner of the town, and in cutting court of the soul, "trial" sentence and judgment will be surely follow, as light follows day. "In a lesser degree, we are against a Convention," because we are not willing to be bound up to a responsibility which we do not wish to assume. [The Radicals] gave you the chance, with an unrestricted freedom of will, and you did it. O, no! Never shall that trait be hurled into our eyes."

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GRAIN AND WOOL WANTED.—For cash or trade, by BAKER BROS. NEW GOODS.—Just received—consisting of a large stock of Groceries and Dry Goods. BAKER BROS. Musical. NOTICE.—The next regular meeting of the "STAUNTON MUSICAL ASSOCIATION," will take place at the Temperance Hall on the night of the 24th instant. A full attendance is requested. B. M. GUY, Sec. S. M. A. Sept. 10-2t—town papers copy.

Alexandria Advertisements. LIVERPOOL FINE SALT!!!! 2000 Sacks Fine Salt. Ex-ship direct from Liverpool. Bright and full, for sale, to arrive, by HOOD & WEDDERBURN, No. 2, PRINCE STREET, ALEXANDRIA, VA. HOOD & WEDDERBURN, (successors to Fowle & Co.) No. 2, PRINCE STREET, ALEXANDRIA, VA. Offer for sale, the usual supply of No. 1 PERUVIAN GUANO, Fowle & Co.'s Celebrated Soluble Phosphated Peruvian Guano, BONE DUST, TURNER'S EXCELIOR FISH AND ANCHO COMPOST, Lodi Manufacturing Company's Purified, Ammoniated Alkaline Phosphate, PLASTER—LUMP AND GROUND, and all other descriptions of Fertilizers known in this market, and all warranted to be what they are represented. Orders filled promptly and at lowest market prices for cash. July 30-2m

FRESH FISH.—200 barrels No. 1 Lab. Herring, 100 do Barport do, 500 lbs No. 1 Potomac Herring, 100 lbs No. 1 do do, 50 " " Roe do, 50 " " No. 1 do do, 50 half " " do do, 100 kits " " do do, 100 barrels No. 1 Med. Mackarel, 100 kits No. 1 Mackarel, on hand constantly receiving and for sale by MONROE, GEMENY & CO., No. 31 King Street, Alexandria, Va. July 30-2m

General Commission Merchant, No. 13, Union Street, ALEXANDRIA, VA. Dealer in Fish, Salt, Plaster, Lime, Cement, Gunpowder, and purchases on Commission at the lowest rates. Orders filled promptly and consignments solicited. May 28-6m

Steam Fixtures. PUMPS.—Steady, Power and Hand PUMPS of all sizes for Mines, Quarries, Breweries, Distilleries, Factories of all descriptions, and for Public or Private Water Works. Also the STEAM AND HAND Siphon, and STEAM Siphon for raising water, also Blowing Engines, Air Pumps, and all kinds of Hydraulic and Mining Machinery. Send for circulars to Philadelphia Hydraulic Works, No. 247 South Third Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Sept. 10-1m

Cash for Grain. ATTENTION FARMERS! We wish to buy FLOUR, RYE, WHEAT, CORN and OATS, for which we will pay the highest market price in Cash. Farmers would do well to call on us before selling their produce. We keep on hand a large assortment of GROCERIES, which we will sell low for Cash. HOGE & MASON, Staunton, Sept. 3-4f

Richmond Advertisements.

JOHN G. EFFINGER with JONES & HEWITT, COMMISSION AND FORWARDING MERCHANTS, No. 6, 16th Street, between Main & Cary, RICHMOND, VA. will give their special attention to the sale of Wheat, Flour, Grain, Live Stock, Merchandise, and country produce generally. We are well insured, sufficient to cover all consignments. Particular attention paid to Orders. Respectfully refer to Messrs. McClure & Burgardner, M. Harvey Effinger, Cashier First National Bank, and Baker Brothers, STRATTON, Trotter, A. C., made September 18th, 1865, and containing by that survey 57 acres, six rods, and nineteen poles; and which was sold under a farm deed, in the same cause, and purchased by Thomas Eskridge. The terms of the sale are as follows: Cash for one-third of the purchase money, and the balance in three equal installments, one, two, and three years; the whole bearing interest from the day of sale, and the purchaser to give bonds for the deferred payments, and the title to be retained until the further order of the court. R. BOLING PICKETT, Sept. 17-tds Staunton Spectator copy once a week till day of sale and send bill to this office.—Richmond

SALE OF CATTLE.—We will sell, at the residence of Mrs. Col. Crawford, 2 miles from Staunton, on Wednesday, September 26th, 70 head of very superior Cattle. Terms of sale. PECK & CUSHING, Auctioneers, Sept. 17-2t

STOLEN!—\$10 Reward!—On the night of the 4th instant, a medium sized BAY MARE, 5 or 6 years old, black mane and tail—mane and foretop tolerably heavy; paces and trot well; has a few white hairs in her forehead; one of her hind legs white to the inside, not extending to the pastern joint; collar falls on her shoulders; a wart on the left side of her nose and one in the corner of her mouth, which gets soar from the pressure of the bit; something like two leaders on her nose and where they move up and down; she has small tusks. I will give the above reward for her recovery. WM. L. MANNING, Staunton P. O. Sept. 17-3m

\$20 REWARD!—Stolen from the subscriber, one mile below Fishersville, on Saturday night, August 17th, a BAY MARE, 5 or 6 years old, black mane and tail, one of her teeth on the left side of the lower jaw broken off even with the gum and a very slight scar in the corner of her mouth, and in cutting court of the soul, "trial" sentence and judgment will be surely follow, as light follows day. "In a lesser degree, we are against a Convention," because we are not willing to be bound up to a responsibility which we do not wish to assume. [The Radicals] gave you the chance, with an unrestricted freedom of will, and you did it. O, no! Never shall that trait be hurled into our eyes."

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Auction Sales.

Commissioner's Sale of Land Four miles West of Staunton.—By virtue of the decree of the Circuit Court of the city of Richmond, made on the 1st day of April, 1865, in a cause therein depending, in which R. Boling Pickett is plaintiff and John A. Pickett, administrator, and others, are defendants, and which said cause is now pending in the Circuit Court of the county of Staunton, proceeded to sell, at public auction, the tract of land mentioned and known in the proceedings in said cause as "The Farm," containing about 140 Acres, adjoining the lands of James W. Hudson, D. S. Young, and the heirs of William Smith and others. TERMS:—So much as will be necessary to pay expenses of suit and costs of sale, cash; for the residue, a credit of 6, 12, 18 and 24 months will be given the purchaser. Bonds with approved personal security required, and the title retained as ultimate security until all the purchase money is paid. D. S. YOUNG, Commissioner, Sept. 10-4t

PUBLIC SALE AND LETTING.—I will sell to the highest bidder, 40 acres of land—5th day of October next, 40 acres of land—5th day of the farm belonging to the heirs of Lewis A. Pickett, dec'd, two miles West of Burke's Mills, in the county of Staunton, in the town of Orebaugh, Joseph Hawkins and others, most of which is cleared and in a good state of cultivation. I will, at the same time, sell one writing desk, one Bureau, a nice lot of dishes and other articles. TERMS:—Cash for one-third of the purchase money, and the balance in three equal installments, one, two, and three years; the whole bearing interest from the day of sale, and the purchaser to give bonds for the deferred payments, and the title to be retained until the further order of the court. R. BOLING PICKETT, Sept. 17-tds Staunton Spectator copy once a week till day of sale and send bill to this office.—Richmond

SALE OF CATTLE.—We will sell, at the residence of Mrs. Col. Crawford, 2 miles from Staunton, on Wednesday, September 26th, 70 head of very superior Cattle. Terms of sale. PECK & CUSHING, Auctioneers, Sept. 17-2t

STOLEN!—\$10 Reward!—On the night of the 4th instant, a medium sized BAY MARE, 5 or 6 years old, black mane and tail—mane and foretop tolerably heavy; paces and trot well; has a few white hairs in her forehead; one of her hind legs white to the inside, not extending to the pastern joint; collar falls on her shoulders; a wart on the left side of her nose and one in the corner of her mouth, which gets soar from the pressure of the bit; something like two leaders on her nose and where they move up and down; she has small tusks. I will give the above reward for her recovery. WM. L. MANNING, Staunton P. O. Sept. 17-3m

DISOLUTION.—The co-partnership heretofore existing under the style and firm of F. A. GAN & S. M. SIMPSON, was dissolved by mutual consent, on the 1st day of September, 1867. All persons indebted to the said firm, are requested to come forward immediately and settle up, and all persons having claims against it will present them for payment. JAMES P. GAN, S. M. SIMPSON, BAXTER CRAWFORD, Post Office, Churchville, Augusta county, Sept. 3-3t.

GRAIN AND WOOL WANTED.—For cash or trade, by BAKER BROS. NEW GOODS.—Just received—consisting of a large stock of Groceries and Dry Goods. BAKER BROS. Musical. NOTICE.—The next regular meeting of the "STAUNTON MUSICAL ASSOCIATION," will take place at the Temperance Hall on the night of the 24th instant. A full attendance is requested. B. M. GUY, Sec. S. M. A. Sept. 10-2t—town papers copy.

Alexandria Advertisements. LIVERPOOL FINE SALT!!!! 2000 Sacks Fine Salt. Ex-ship direct from Liverpool. Bright and full, for sale, to arrive, by HOOD & WEDDERBURN, No. 2, PRINCE STREET, ALEXANDRIA, VA. HOOD & WEDDERBURN, (successors to Fowle & Co.) No. 2, PRINCE STREET, ALEXANDRIA, VA. Offer for sale, the usual supply of No. 1 PERUVIAN GUANO, Fowle & Co.'s Celebrated Soluble Phosphated Peruvian Guano, BONE DUST, TURNER'S EXCELIOR FISH AND ANCHO COMPOST, Lodi Manufacturing Company's Purified, Ammoniated Alkaline Phosphate, PLASTER—LUMP AND GROUND, and all other descriptions of Fertilizers known in this market, and all warranted to be what they are represented. Orders filled promptly and at lowest market prices for cash. July 30-2m

FRESH FISH.—200 barrels No. 1 Lab. Herring, 100 do Barport do, 500 lbs No. 1 Potomac Herring, 100 lbs No. 1 do do, 50 " " Roe do, 50 " " No. 1 do do, 50 half " " do do, 100 kits " " do do, 100 barrels No. 1 Med. Mackarel, 100 kits No. 1 Mackarel, on hand constantly receiving and for sale by MONROE, GEMENY & CO., No. 31 King Street, Alexandria, Va. July 30-2m

General Commission Merchant, No. 13, Union Street, ALEXANDRIA, VA. Dealer in Fish, Salt, Plaster, Lime, Cement, Gunpowder, and purchases on Commission at the lowest rates. Orders filled promptly and consignments solicited. May 28-6m

Steam Fixtures. PUMPS.—Steady, Power and Hand PUMPS of all sizes for Mines, Quarries, Breweries, Distilleries, Factories of all descriptions, and for Public or Private Water Works. Also the STEAM AND HAND Siphon, and STEAM Siphon for raising water, also Blowing Engines, Air Pumps, and all kinds of Hydraulic and Mining Machinery. Send for circulars to Philadelphia Hydraulic Works, No. 247 South Third Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Sept. 10-1m

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