

Staunton Spectator.

Tuesday, June 2, 1868.

WHITE MAN'S TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR. COL. ROBERT E. WITHERS, OF CAMPBELL COUNTY. FOR LIUTENANT-GOVERNOR. GEN. JAMES A. WALKER, OF PULASKI COUNTY. FOR ATTORNEY-GENERAL. J. L. MARYE, JR., OF SPOTSWYLVANIA.

Acquittal of the President.

We published in Extras on Wednesday last, special telegrams received at this office Tuesday evening and Wednesday morning, commencing the first news of the facts that, on the day before, Tuesday, the votes taken in the impeachment Court on the first and second articles resulted as the previous vote did on the eleventh article, 35 voting guilty and 19 voting not guilty, being one less than the requisite two thirds majority for conviction—that the Court then adjourned sine die, and the President was consequently acquitted—that on the evening of the same day Stanton sent to the President the following communication relinquishing charge of the War Department:

WAR DEPARTMENT, Washington City, May 26. Sir:—The resolution of the Senate of the United States of the 21st of February last declaring that the President has no power to remove the Secretary of War and designate any other officer to perform the duties of the office ad interim having this day failed to be supported by two thirds of the Senators present and voting on the articles of impeachment preferred against you by the House of Representatives. I have relinquished charge of the War Department, and have left the same and the books, archives, papers and property in my care to the Secretary of War in care of Brevet Major Gen. Townsend, the senior assistant adjutant general, subject to your direction.

EDWIN M. STANTON, Secretary of War. To the President. General Thomas declines to make any demand for the key, and declares that Mr. Stanton has not resigned the office, but simply resigned from the same in order to entrust the President, and that he (Stanton) still claims to be Secretary of War. The Radical senators had agreed in caucus to postpone the vote upon the rest of the impeachment articles until June 23d, but Mr. Ross entangled them into taking the vote Tuesday by voting with them on all the motions made in the Senate before the vote upon the impeachment articles was taken.

Can Deputy Postmasters Register?

We have received a communication requesting us to make known through the columns of the Spectator whether or not deputy Postmasters are disqualified from registering. They are not. All deputies have the right to register, for deputies are not officers, and to be disqualified from registering requires that the person should have been an officer, and as such, have taken an oath to support the Constitution of the United States. Even if deputy Postmasters were officers, they would not be disqualified, because they did not take an oath to support the Constitution of the United States, but merely an oath for the faithful performance of their duties as deputy Postmasters. From their duties as deputy Postmasters were not required to take an oath to support the Constitution of the United States. It is clear that deputy Postmasters are not disqualified from registering, for it requires the joint application of two things to operate disqualification, neither of which apply to deputy Postmasters, to wit: Having been an officer, and as such, having taken an oath to support the Constitution of the United States.

White Sulphur Springs.

A few weeks since we witnessed the improvements and preparations made by the Lessees of the Greenbrier White Sulphur Springs for the accommodation and comfort of visitors to that ne plus ultra watering place. Nature and Art have combined to make it one of the most beautiful and lovely places in this country. Preparations for the accommodation of 1500 visitors have been made. Some have already gone on. On Wednesday last, eight persons from New York City passed through on their way to the White Sulphur. The New Jersey Railroad Company have made arrangements for the accommodation of excursion parties from New York City to the White Sulphur Springs at greatly reduced rates. The Telegraph line will be extended in a short time from Covington to the White Sulphur. The Telegraph office at the Springs will be in the Hotel building, and visitors can communicate with their friends at home every day, or oftener if they desire.

Increase of taxation.

Under the Radical system, the taxation of South Carolina amounts to the sum of \$2,330,950, which makes a melancholy contrast with the former tax bill of \$350,000 per annum. Here we have an increase of very nearly seven dollars for one over what the unhappy and impoverished people of South Carolina ought to pay, and this must break the State down.

Fatal Accident.

On Friday evening a week, Mr. Wm. B. Taylor, the chief workman on the Turning Run Bridge, on the Railroad, at Fishers' Hill in Shenandoah county, fell from the bridge a distance of forty feet, and was so badly injured that he died on the following Tuesday. He was a citizen of Alexandria and had been employed, as bridge-builder, by the Orange and Alexandria R. R. Company for seventeen years.

On Wednesday last a Radical Convention, held at Culpeper C. H., nominated Charles Whittlesey, Editor of the Alexandria State Journal, as their candidate for Congress in that, the 7th Congressional District. At the same place on Thursday, the Radicals of Orange, Culpeper and Madison nominated Capt. Jas. McNulty, Freedmen's Bureau officer of Culpeper, a candidate for the State Senate to represent the district composed of the counties named.

Imprisonment of Col. Woolley.

We published in an extra on Wednesday last a special telegram to us stating that Col. C. W. Woolley had been imprisoned because he refused to inform the inquisitorial committee of Radical managers of impeachment what disposition he had made of \$20,000, after testifying that he had used none of it in connection with the trial of impeachment. All questions relating to impeachment he answered without hesitancy, but very properly refused to answer questions which related to his own private business. The Radicals have made a Bastille of the Capitol, and Col. Woolley is still held in confinement in one of its rooms. As the Intelligencer says, a Bastille is established, and the day is not distant, as things go, when the instruments and means of torture of which history has horrible record—the rack, the wheel, and the thumb-screw—will be applied to innocent victims until their agonized shrieks shall resound through the vaulted arches of the Capitol.

Gen. Schofield, Secretary of War.

A few weeks since the President nominated Gen. Schofield for the office of Secretary of War. On Friday last, his nomination was confirmed by the vote of the Senate—he is, therefore, now the regularly appointed Secretary of War. The question now is, "Who will succeed him in the command of Military District No. 1, formerly known as the State of Virginia?" Our Washington correspondent expresses the belief that it will probably be Gen. Roseau of Kentucky. Whether it will be he or some one else we hope that the people of this State will have no reason to regret the exchange.

We learn from the Register that the Board of Directors of the Orange, Alexandria and Manassas Gap Railroad have contracted with a gentleman from one of the Northern States to complete the Manassas Gap Railroad from Timberville to Harrisonburg by the 1st of October. The track from Timberville to Mt. Jackson is now laid, and all that is necessary to place it in running order is a little dressing up, which will be done by the company.

Response to the Committee of the Radical Party who apprised him officially of his nomination.

"I have no policy of my own to interpose against the will of the people. Verily, it is well and generally known, that I have no policy of my own to interpose against the will of the people to interpose, as he cannot see beyond his nose. In front of the Custom House in Richmond on Wednesday evening last, Hon. Jos. Segar called Mr. Van Winkle, United States Marshal. Both are Radicals.

WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENCE.

Special Correspondence of the Spectator. WASHINGTON, May 30th, 1868. Well, the country breathes freer now—that that incubus the great impeachment farce has been removed, and the debris been quietly consigned to the "tomb of the Capulets." I have always maintained that the farce would eventually be broken up, and it is now being laughed at for entertaining such an opinion, the reasons for which, it is unnecessary to discuss now or cite in detail. But has the prediction of the roving Radical Chandeliers, Dead Duck Boutwell and Blatherskite Logan, that the country would be ruined and liberty dethroned if Andrew Johnson was not convicted of high crimes and misdemeanors been verified? I think not. The world moves on as usual, and Boutwell's "hole in the sky" is still open, and a ventilator for the escape of the nonsensical twaddle and gas of such blatherskites as Boutwell and Logan.

One salary affect the impeachment farce has been the resignation of Forney as Secretary of the Rump Senate and the retreat of the squatter in the War Department, Impeachment Stanton, and also his young hopeful, Instant, Jr. The Dead Duck was in great hopes that his resignation would not be accepted, but he has been obliged to resign, and has said good bye to the editor of my "two papers, both daily," and by Monday, (June 1st) his farewell will probably be elected; then farewell to Forney's "pickings" in the Rump. On Tuesday last, I may say so certain that Andrew Johnson would be acquitted, I was given a resolution of the House a few days ago, by a resolution of the House a few days ago, that Mr. Edridge made the point of order that the functions of the managers had ceased, and that the Speaker ruled the point of order, and said it was for the House to decide whether the functions of the committee had ceased. A few days ago, Mr. Boutwell that the witness should be allowed to answer the questions put by the committee, and the questions were accordingly answered by the Speaker. Mr. Woolley presented a written reply, in which he reviewed the number of times he had appeared before the committee, and denied that he had at any time evaded the process of the House. In answer to second question, he expressed a willingness to appear before the committee, but he stated that he had conversation with the lady on the subject, but that he had endeavored to get the committee to adjourn, and that Mr. Morgan, however, reiterated his statements, and cited Miss Beam herself as his authority. A bill providing for a specific duty on imported copper, copper ore, &c., was introduced and referred to the committee on Ways and Means. The House in Committee of the Whole, considered the bill. Pending its discussion the Committee rose and House adjourned.

Col Baldwin at Harrisonburg.

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A New Inquisition.

At the instigation of that amiable old gentleman, Thaddeus Stevens, a new inquisition is ordered by the House of Representatives to examine the conduct of the late members of the House of Representatives who voted against the conviction of the President. We are glad that this step has been taken, for it will serve to widen the breach already made in the Radical ranks. The inquisition is to be held in the city of Washington, and will be presided over by the Hon. Mr. Stevens. The inquisition is to be held in the city of Washington, and will be presided over by the Hon. Mr. Stevens. The inquisition is to be held in the city of Washington, and will be presided over by the Hon. Mr. Stevens.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.—Monday, May 25.—The question of bridging the Ohio and Mississippi rivers was up. Seventy-five steamboats are now plying up and down the Ohio, and the further bridging of the Ohio will less than 500 feet span. Mr. Trumbull gave notice that he would press the admission of Kansas to a final vote on Monday.

HOUSE.—Mr. Chandler introduced a resolution declaring that the control of the State governments was in the white people, and instructing the committee on Elections to report resolutions declaring that this Democratic Government. Referred to the Committee on Elections. A resolution looking to raising a committee to investigate illegal and unjust imprisonments during the war was referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Carey introduced a resolution declaring that the letter and spirit of the law justified the payment of 50¢ in legal tenders. Referred to the Committee on Ways and Means. A resolution justifying the resolution to fit up a room as a guard-room and office was then agreed to. Mr. Bingham, of the Special Inquisition Corruption Investigation Committee, offered a resolution that certain rooms in the Capitol building be fitted up for a guard-room and office for the use of the Sergeant at Arms. This resolution Mr. Bingham intended specially to apply to the case of Woolley, who he said had trifled with and thrown down the gauntlet to the House. The question was demanded and ordered on the resolution, and the most objectionable members, who were not allowed any time for its discussion, resorted to filibustering. At a quarter to ten a quorum of Republican members was present, and further proceedings were deferred until the next day.

SENATE.—Tuesday, May 26.—The Court of Impeachment was opened at 12 M. After some discussion the several motions providing for an adjournment of the Court were adopted, and the Court adjourned until the 27th inst. On the last of these a tie vote was cast, and it was decided in the negative by the vote of the Chief Justice. A vote was then taken on the second article, and the President was acquitted. The bill to extend the charter of the city of Washington had become a law without the signature of the President. The bill for the admission of Arkansas was also passed.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—The House met at 11 o'clock, and shortly after Mr. Woolley appeared at the office of the Speaker. He was asked by the Speaker why he had refused to answer, and put in a written reply to the effect that he had answered all questions relating to the subject matter the committee was charged to investigate, and not having seen the report, did not know what to say. He was expected to answer. A long discussion ensued as to what questions a witness was obliged to answer. Pending discussion the House resolved itself into Committee of the Whole and proceeded to consider the report of the committee on the impeachment of Mr. Butler. A long discussion ensued, in which the resolution was advocated by Messrs. Bingham and Butler, and warmly denounced by Messrs. Brooks, Edridge and Logan. The resolution was adopted, and Mr. Butler was ordered to appear before the committee on the subject of his private business, and to be examined by the committee.

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For the Spectator.

WARM SPRINGS, Va., May 30th, 1868. Mr. Editor:—Many copies of your very interesting journal went their way through the deep valleys and over the rugged heights of this romantic mountain region and find a hearty and joyous welcome round many a family circle. Admittedly, it is one of the best old country, yet we seldom, if ever, observe in its columns a single intimation that there is such a place in existence as the "Warm Springs," or even an intimation that the country of both Virginia and North Carolina is the "Old Dominion." True we are somewhat secluded and are oftentimes led to imagine ourselves grossly neglected by the more enlightened portions of our much lauded "District No. 1," so that the grand fountain of knowledge we are compelled to imbibe all of our consolation is that since "Ignorance is bliss it is folly to be wise." Yet we desire to inform the public, through the medium of your widely extended sheet, that we will survive and yet occupy a place among the inhabitants of this beautiful country.

The "Spring Term" of our Circuit Court here (H. W. Sheffield, Judge) was in session for several days during this week and adjourned on Tuesday last week. Much business was transacted, and the most objectionable members, who were not allowed any time for its discussion, resorted to filibustering. At a quarter to ten a quorum of Republican members was present, and further proceedings were deferred until the next day. The "Spring Term" of our Circuit Court here (H. W. Sheffield, Judge) was in session for several days during this week and adjourned on Tuesday last week. Much business was transacted, and the most objectionable members, who were not allowed any time for its discussion, resorted to filibustering. At a quarter to ten a quorum of Republican members was present, and further proceedings were deferred until the next day.

SENATE.—Friday, May 29.—The Committee on the National Currency act, with amendments providing that the maximum limit of national circulation shall be increased twenty millions of dollars, and defining the manner in which the additional issue shall be made. The bill to extend the charter of the city of Washington had become a law without the signature of the President. The bill for the admission of Arkansas was also passed.

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For the Spectator.

WARM SPRINGS, Va., May 30th, 1868. Mr. Editor:—Many copies of your very interesting journal went their way through the deep valleys and over the rugged heights of this romantic mountain region and find a hearty and joyous welcome round many a family circle. Admittedly, it is one of the best old country, yet we seldom, if ever, observe in its columns a single intimation that there is such a place in existence as the "Warm Springs," or even an intimation that the country of both Virginia and North Carolina is the "Old Dominion." True we are somewhat secluded and are oftentimes led to imagine ourselves grossly neglected by the more enlightened portions of our much lauded "District No. 1," so that the grand fountain of knowledge we are compelled to imbibe all of our consolation is that since "Ignorance is bliss it is folly to be wise." Yet we desire to inform the public, through the medium of your widely extended sheet, that we will survive and yet occupy a place among the inhabitants of this beautiful country.

The "Spring Term" of our Circuit Court here (H. W. Sheffield, Judge) was in session for several days during this week and adjourned on Tuesday last week. Much business was transacted, and the most objectionable members, who were not allowed any time for its discussion, resorted to filibustering. At a quarter to ten a quorum of Republican members was present, and further proceedings were deferred until the next day. The "Spring Term" of our Circuit Court here (H. W. Sheffield, Judge) was in session for several days during this week and adjourned on Tuesday last week. Much business was transacted, and the most objectionable members, who were not allowed any time for its discussion, resorted to filibustering. At a quarter to ten a quorum of Republican members was present, and further proceedings were deferred until the next day.

SENATE.—Friday, May 29.—The Committee on the National Currency act, with amendments providing that the maximum limit of national circulation shall be increased twenty millions of dollars, and defining the manner in which the additional issue shall be made. The bill to extend the charter of the city of Washington had become a law without the signature of the President. The bill for the admission of Arkansas was also passed.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—The House met at 11 o'clock, and shortly after Mr. Woolley appeared at the office of the Speaker. He was asked by the Speaker why he had refused to answer, and put in a written reply to the effect that he had answered all questions relating to the subject matter the committee was charged to investigate, and not having seen the report, did not know what to say. He was expected to answer. A long discussion ensued as to what questions a witness was obliged to answer. Pending discussion the House resolved itself into Committee of the Whole and proceeded to consider the report of the committee on the impeachment of Mr. Butler. A long discussion ensued, in which the resolution was advocated by Messrs. Bingham and Butler, and warmly denounced by Messrs. Brooks, Edridge and Logan. The resolution was adopted, and Mr. Butler was ordered to appear before the committee on the subject of his private business, and to be examined by the committee.

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