Staunton Spectator.

Tuesday, November 22 1870.

Suggestive Points

The Baltimore *Gazette* says that an analysis of the votes of the States in which elections have recently been held, and a fair and impartial estimate of the political complexion of the five States which are yet to return members to the Forty-second Congress, present some very suggestive points.

First. The amended returns show that the Republican majority in the Forty-second Congress, including both wings of that party, will not, in any event, exceed thirty-one, and may possibly, in the elections yet to come off, be reduced still more. The same returns show further that the Radical wing is, numerically, much weaker than the Liberal wing and the Democrats combined, and as the control of the important questions now before the country will necessarily pass into the hands of the strongest section of the House, the Radicals will not now be able, as heretofore, to dictate those measures of legislation by which they hoped to perpetuate their power.

In respect to the Tariff question, the strength of the combined opposition to a high protective tariff indicates a most remarkable change. In the Forty-second Congress the Democrats, all of whom are pledged to a reform of the revenue, will number one hundred and six—whilst the Liberal Republicans, who are quite as stoutly opposed to a high protective tariff, count up twenty-nine, making in the aggregate one hundred and thirty-five revenue reformers against one hundred and eight Radical protectionists—thus giving to the revenue reform members a clear majority in the House of twenty-seven votes, and the ability, at the very opening of the session, if they have the wisdom to use it, to elect the Speaker and control the organization of the House.

Turning next to the question of the probable electoral vote in the Presidential contest of 1872, and assuming that in the new apportionment of members of the House of Representatives the increase in the electoral vote of the Northwestern States will be equalized by a corresponding increase in the electoral vote of the Southern States, there seems to be every reason to believe that the Democrats will have, as the *Herald* table indicates, a clear majority of five in the Electoral College, or a majority of six, if we throw out the six votes of Connecticut, which may be classed as doubtful, and transfer the seven votes of New Jersey to the Democratic column, where they properly belong, notwithstanding the loss of the State at the recent election by local quarrels.

The Last Ten Years

Under the above caption, the Cincinnati *Gazette* brings in review the great military and political events which have been crowded in the decade which closes with the current year. There were more startling situations and more warlike activity during a part of the first Napoleon's career, says that paper, but they belonged to a great international row kicked up by the bullying enterprise of one ambitious soldier. For momentous crises and great changes produced by deep-seated national sentiments and popular movements, no ten years of this century equals that which is now closing.—France, Spain, Italy, Austria Russia, Prussia, America and the British Empire, the great nations and foremost races of modern times, have all in that time been concerned in events that will afford grand themes to the future historian and fruitful texts to the future philosopher. In South America, an independent nation has been absorbed and almost depopulated by the power of Brazil. France has crowned an Austrian prince Emperor of Mexico, whom the Mexicans have dethroned and executed, and his widow is now a maniac. In Russia, a serfdom, a prehistoric institution, has been abolished, and in our own country a gigantic sectional war has resulted in the emancipation and enfranchisement of millions of the African race without overthrowing our republican form of government. England has voluntarily disestablished the Anglican Church in Ireland, after hundreds of years of vain efforts to convert that monument of conquest into a seminary of loyalty. Old Spain has dethroned the last of the Bourbons, and now shows her contempt of legitimacy by inviting candidates for royalty to appear in a sort of a competitive examination conducted by the representatives of her people. Poor trampled, parceled-out Italy has found union and strength in revolution and war, and out of the remnants of her ancient greatness has constructed a free and powerful monarchy. An Œcumenical Council has convened in Rome, and though it formally sanctioned the dogma of infallibility, the returning members do not reach their homes before Italy wrests all temporal power from the Pope and annexes Rome and the Papal States to the dominions of an excommunicated king. From the first rank of power in which she appeared as the mistress of Italians, Germans and Sclaves, Austria has been reduced, has been driven from Italy and from the German Confederation, and, from the most despotic has become the freest monarchy in Europe. Prussia, from a subordinate, has grown to be the first military power in the world, has dismembered Denmark, humbled Austria, absorbed the whole power of Germany, invaded France, imprisoned the grand armies and the Emperor, and now besieges the capital of the proudest, and, hitherto, the most victorious nation in the world. What other ten years can show such a catalogue of events.

The Next Legislature.

The first Wednesday in December (the 7th) is the period for the re-assembling of the Virginia Legislature. There will be a U. S. Senator to elect and the State to re-district for members of Congress, as well as for members of the General Assembly, which will add additional interest to the session. An attempt will be made to reduce the number of Delegates and Senators, so as to make the House consist of ninety-nine and the Senate of thirty-three. There will undoubtedly be a change in the Congressional and Senatorial districts.

The question of taxing Oysters, Funding the Public Debt, providing additional legislation for Jury service, will be leading subjects before the body when it re-assembles.

ALABAMA.—Every Conservative in the land must rejoice over the release of Alabama from the tyranny and outrages of Radicalism. At the election, she has given at least five thousand majority for the Democratic ticket, and chosen three, possibly four, out of the six Congressmen. There will be a Democratic majority of fifteen in the Legislature. This will secure the choice of a Democratic United States Senator.

Alexander Holland, a colored man, was committed to the jail of Nansemond county on Saturday last, by Justice Thomas Kilby, charged with an attempt to commit a rape on a white girl about fourteen years old. Much indignation is felt against him.

IN ABJECT POVERTY.—The Richmond State *Journal* says: "Miss Rose Poe, the sister of Edgar Allan Poe, has been wandering from place to place for some time, entirely destitute. She is now in this city, willing and anxious to obtain a living by the labor of her hands as a hou-ekeeper, &c. She is about 66 years old. It is really sad to think that the sister of the gifted poet, the ebullitions of whose genius have found their way into every cultivated home, should be left to the cold charities of the world, without food and shelter. Having lost her only friend some years ago, a lady of Powhatan county, who had provided for her, she has since been driven from pillow to post, living upon the charity of unwilling hearts.—Cannot something be done to smooth the rough road of the declining years yet left to her?"

Archbishop Spalding was interviewed at Baltimore on Monday week by a newspaper correspondent, who states that the Archbishop gave a gloomy picture of affairs at Rome at present, representing the Pope to be virtually a prisoner in his own palace. The troops, according to the Archbishop, comprise some of the worst characters in Italy, and keep Rome in a continual tumult. The Council would have sat a year longer if its sessions had not been broken up by the action of the Italian authorities, as it had thirty subjects to consider. The Archbishop thinks that the Council will meet again at Rome after a triumph of the Pope over all his enemies.

The Shadow on the Wall.

An analysis of the result of the recent elections, given by the New York *Herald*, foreshadows the defeat of the Radical party in 1872. With ordinary good management on the part of the Democrats and Conservatives, this result is certain. In a leading editorial article the *Herald*, which at the same time expresses its preference for Grant, says: "Without having any decided prejudices in the matter, we must express our conviction that things begin to look right squally for the Republicans. They seem to be in a muddle all over that part of the country where they have heretofore 'ruled the roast' exclusively.

George Gaines, an old and notorious horse-thief, has been detected and arrested in Washington city, while in the act of selling a horse stolen from J. S. Palmer, of Loudoun county, Va. Last spring he stole four horses from Loudoun county, and was sent to the Richmond penitentiary for fifteen years. On his way to the prison he jumped from the cars, and was never heard of until he was arrested on Tuesday. He is again in the clutches of the law, and will soon no doubt do the State some service—in the penitentiary.

COLORED LEGISLATORS, &c.—It is stated that the new Legislature of Louisiana, just elected, will contain four colored men in the Senate and about forty in the House. South Carolina not only elects three colored members of Congress, but a colored lieutenant-governor, eleven colored State Senators and eighty colored members of the House, besides a colored Secretary of State and a Supreme Judge.—Alabama has elected a colored member of Congress and a number of colored persons to the State Legislature.

POLITICAL DEMONSTRATION IN CHARLOTTESVILLE.—The election of Col. Duke, in that district, was the occasion of a brilliant illumination in Charlottesville, on Tuesday night. The citizens were out in large numbers, and after speaking by Hons. R. T. W. Duke and S. F. Leake, there were two balloon ascensions. A large number of Conservative colored men took part in the celebration, and the greatest enthusiasm prevailed.

The *Moniteur* notices the death (in a sortie) of Madame Lefebvre, the fine looking vivandiere of Francs-Tireurs of Paris. She was a golden haired beauty, and never failed to excite the admiration of those who saw her marching with her corps. She was mortally wounded by a musket ball, which struck her in the chest as she was administering some brandy to a wounded comrade behind a barricade.

CRIME AMONG BLACKS.—The Raleigh, (North Carolina) *Sentinel* makes a startling exhibit of the progress of crime among the blacks of that State. The penitentiary is nearly full, and it is feared that there will soon be 1,000 convicts needing accommodation in that institution.

"A despatch dated Louisville, Ky., says; Returns from the Eighth district place, beyond doubt, the election of Adams, Democrat. This makes an unbroken delegation from Kentucky to Congress. The Democratic candidates have been elected in every district."

The Chicago Tribune, a Radical paper, proposes "the formation of a new party upon the platform of revenue reform and a reform in the civil service." The Radical leaders seem to be anxious to put new planks in the party platform, or to build another one out and out.

Some of the Radical leaders are jubilant because the party has nearly succeeded "in Africanizing the political condition of Louisiana"—that is, in placing the offices of the State, judicial and legislative, in the hands of the colored people.

SENTENCED.—Johnson H. Sands, of Richmond, was, on Thursday last, sentenced by Judge Guigon to five years' in the penitentiary; but was allowed thirty days within which to apply to the Court of Appeals for a new trial.

The Duke of Aosta has been elected King of Spain, in the Cortes, by a vote of 191 against 120, and has been proclaimed King by its President. Salvos of artillery followed the declaration.

In the ensuing Legislature of Tennessee, the Democrats will have 20 members in the Senate, and the Radicals 5. It is thought that in the House there will be a majority of 45 for the Democrats.

Butler's plan to make war with Great Britain *in order* to help the Radical party, in this country, is justly considered one of the most atrocious schemes ever proposed by a civilized nation.

Bishop Johns has recently preached to large congregations in the Episcopal churches at Winchester, and White Post, Clarke county, and administered the rite of confirmation to a number of persons.

The valuable property in Montgomery county known as the Yellow Sulphur Springs was sold on Saturday week to Mr. Lauriston Wade of that county for $25 000.

In Massachusetts, John Q. Adams, though defeated for Governor, is elected representative from Quincy. His father rotated from the White House to Congress.

It is intimated that Mr. Gary intends to contest the election of Mr. Merrick, to Congress, from the Fifth Congressional District of Md.

Breakers Ahead.

The Radical party has carried it with a high hand these ten years. They have literally conducted a Revolution. The whole genius of our Government has been changed. The Revolution is as marked as that which broke up the old colonial system and established the union of free Commonwealths on this continent in the last century. All revolutions, however, possess only a measure of momentum. Matters are always pushed farther than a calm public sentiment approves. When the tempest has spent itself, there is a recoil, and the revolutionary pendulum vibrates until it settles at some intermediate point. The excitement in the days of Pym, Vane and Cromwell, was actually followed by the least Puritanic, but the most licentious, reign in English annals. The reactionary movement culminated in the reign of a Papist king and a serious attempt to overthrow the work of the Protestant Reformation in England. This produced another recoil of public sentiment, and the moderate revolution of 1688. So France passed from the Reign of Terror to Imperialism, and finally back to the rule of the Bourbons.

So the Radical party has been struck in the face by the tornado in Missouri, in Illinois, in Alabama, in Indiana, in Arkansas, in Florida, in North Carolina, in Tennessee, in Nevada, in Virginia. The astounding fact is developed that the Republican majority of *one hundred and fourteen* in the XLIst Congress will be reduced to some *eighteen or twenty-five* in the XLIId Congress. That haughty and audacious power which has ruled this country like a French National Assembly for six or eight years is tottering before the rising gale of a popular storm. New York, Indiana, Missouri and Illinois are four of the largest States—Even Nevada, on the frontiers of the empire, feels the impulse of the "new movement."—The worst symptom of the reaction is that it develops itself particularly in the great West. And cotemporaneously Florida and Alabama, which were supposed to be safely locked in the Ethiopian vice, wrest themselves loose, and turn, with their increased representation, on their persecutors. Discontent in both the West and the South—and that measured by the sudden reduction of the Radical majority in Congress from 114 to 20—is a portent not to be despised by any party.

In Missouri it was a direct issue with the President himself, and the result is that Gratz Brown, whom the President attempted to overwhelm, is elected by Forty Thousand majority, while there are only *seventeen* regular Republicans elected to the lower House of the Legislature. Two years ago McClurg (now beaten) was elected by 19,000 majority. The full meaning of these reverses can only be fully appreciated by remembering that the actual defeat in Indiana and the practical one in Illinois were inflicted by a party which, on the questions connected immediately with the late war, is not in sympathy with the large majority of the Northern people. The victory was gained *in spite* of the unpopularity of the Democratic party. In Missouri, Alabama, Arkansas, Florida, Virginia, the success was achieved by a combination of all elements opposed to Radicalism.—The lesson to be derived is that nothing is wanting but *a fair occasion* to rally all of these elements in all quarters to put the Radical party in the minority throughout the whole country.—*Rich. Whig.*

Henry Clay's Forecast.

The luminous mind of Henry Clay never penetrated the future with a clearer glance than when in his memorable speech in the U. S. Senate, delivered as far back as February, 1809, he said, in speaking of the fanatics of the country:

"A single idea has taken possession of their minds, and onward they pursue it, overlooking all barriers, reckless and regardless of consequences."

* * * * * * * *

"For some time they continued to make these appeals to our duty and our interests, but impatient with the slow influence of their logic upon our stupid minds, they recently resolved to change their system of action. To the agency of the powers of the ballot-box, and he must be blind to what is passing before us who does not perceive that the inevitable tendency of their proceedings is, if these should be found insufficient, to invoke, finally, the more potent powers of the bayonet."

The day has dawned when the bayonet has shone with a baleful gleam at our elections, not only in the South, but in Maryland, Pennsylvania and New York. Now the question for the people is, will you permit a military empire to be established or overthrow it at the polls?

POLITICS IN THE FUTURE.—B. Gratz Brown, the anti-Administration candidate for Governor in Missouri, gets 35,000 to 40,000 majority. This is a political earthquake. The now defeated McClurg received a majority of 19,327 only two years ago. The New York *Journal of Commerce* says:

"Such is the lesson taught to the men at Washington who seek to coerce freemen into the narrow traces of a soulless partisanship.—Let men look to Missouri if they would learn how the political revolution of the future is to be brought about. It is to be by the coalition of fair, moderate men, of all parties, on vital questions like those of amnesty, revenue reform, and juster tariffs. Old party bonds must be snapped and trampled in the dust. The terms 'Republican and 'Democratic' must be stripped of their ancient mythical meaning.—Under either of these party names, or neither, the men of the republic must be willing to join hands and work together for the public good."

The Russian Programme.

The programme which the Russian Government is prepared to carry out, now that its army is in good condition and well armed, includes the freeing of the Black Sea from the conditions imposed on it by the treaty which followed the Crimean war, and the emancipation of the Christian nationalities of European Turkey from Mohammedan control. In order to accomplish this, it is indispensable to be able to bring into the field a force sufficient to drive the Sultan out of Europe. The treaty between Russia and Prussia probably amounts to an alliance by which the Czar will not interfere with King William and the consolidation of the German Empire, while Germany gives her consent to the overthrow of Turkey and the establishment of new States under Russian control. Whether England, Austria, Italy, Belgium and Holland will not interfere with this great project a few days may determine.—*Rich Whig.*

In the next House of Representatives at Washington (after the 4th of March next) there will be a party calling themselves 'Liberal Republicans," and it is believed they will hold the balance of power between the *illiberal* Radicals and the Democrats, and in all extreme Radical measures will co-operate with the Democrats. One thing is certain, the forked-tongued Sumners will not be able hereafter to command a majority for their insane and outrageous bills to oppress and degrade the South.

The *Journal* of this city, the organ of the party of vampyres who subsist upon the miseries and sufferings of the people, is calling upon Congress to put Virginia and the Southern States again in the process of reconstruction.—The supreme impudence of the suggestion is quite equalled by its folly, in view of the recent elections.—*Dispatch.*

Mr. Motley has been recalled by the President, who, since the late election, has been busy in realizing the popular idea of "a bull in a china shop." We have no objection. His present performances only render the work of our *matador* more easy.—*Norfolk Virginian.*

An Ohio youth, who desired to wed the object of his affections, had an interview with her paternal ancestor, in which he stated that, although he had no wealth worth speaking of, yet he was "chuck full of days' work." He got the girl.

A London paper says: "There are three kinds of dancing—the graceful, the ungraceful, and the disgraceful. The first has disappeared from the boards of the theatres, and we can afford to dispense with the third, leaving the second for those who care to witness it."

Fur thee Spektatur.

POSSUM HOLLER,
Fluvanner Kounty, Firjinny.

Mi deer Old Simon:—I take my pen in hand to drap yu a few lynes to inform yu that we are all most destracted, and hope these fu lynes may find yu injoyin' the same blessin'. Sence we got your fust lettir, which was ritten from the sitty of Staunton, about Kurnel Baldin's farr, we have been veri oneasi about the poke of simmons and the lekshun. When yu told us that yu didunt put the simmons in the farr we wur afeerd sumbody would get hold on them and trade 'em off to Arun Shoveller's men fur votes—and then what would the childres do fur sumthin to snack on twixt meals this winter; and Ike, he was afeerd yu would go neer the kars and let the ralrode run over yu. "O, Simon so long at the farr!" Now deer Mr Socks, don't let your old scotch irish prisbyterian blood bile too high agin Mr Jno. Harris and in favor of Mr. Runnels, or yu mite hev to take sum uv Runnels pills in order to git your blood down to a healthy temperature. I have bin so bussy sence yu have bin away that i could not rite sooner—the baby has bin sufferin' with pains in the stummick, Ike stumped his big toe-nale off, Bill has a stone bruse, and i lost mi specks. "Truble never cums single-handed," as sumbody says. Pleese do cum home soon, or we will all go crazy.—The wust nuse cum last. Ole Scroggins, down at the saugh mill, says Jon Harris is lected, and that everybody who voated agin him has got to go to Salt Laik sitty, or Salt river, or sumwhere up there, and your deer Mrs Socks and all the childres have been ordered to report to Capt. Sturrups or Mr. Rubin Hill, who are to be the managers on the boat under kommand of Mr Runnels. Now, mi deer old Socks, do cum home immegiately. I don't kno what to think of your stayin so long.—Some of the nabors think that yu and Arun Shovlur and sum more of the prominent politisherners and lickshunneerers have got on a spree and may be got kilt while huntin' evidence agin Jon Harris. I've just heerd that a man has bin kilt in Staunton, and I kno it was yu. I have oftin red of leckshun riots, and knowin how darin and brave yu ar, I kno mi blank that yu ar the man that wur kilt in Staunton. If yu ar livin, pleese cum home at onct, as the boat is goin to start very soon, and the baby's blood is impure and he has got the kolic. Now, please don't yu go off to the legislature till yu cum home fust—yu and Capt. Sturrups mite wate till Jon Harris gits back frum Kongris and then yu and him and Arun can have another big time leckshuneerin. I would like to have seen the ballune, but yu must not thro your ole hat away until you go to the Legislatur, and then yu kin git a new beever, and I'll give the ole one to Ike. I told Ike this morning he should have yure old hat when papa went to the legislatur. I am mitey sorry the nuse is so onfavorable to our goin to ole Augusty. I had hie hopes of going to ole Augusty to live once more, and sendin Ike to the free scule. Hopin to see yu comin home very sune, I will bring this letter to a klose.

Yures til deth,
POLLY SOCKS.

Foreign News.

We publish the following summary of Foreign news from the Baltimore *Gazette*, of Saturday last:

A Vienna correspondent says that a favorable result might have ensued if Russia's course had been to first submit the treaty of Paris to the other signers for revision. But as the matter now stands a grave situation has been created, shaking all settled statues of European policy, and compelling a union of action to oppose her demands.

Rumors are reported to be reaching London, thick and fast, creating a general impression that nothing can avert war. One is, that Austria has ordered a large force to the Turkish frontier, that the country may be ready to cooperate with other Powers should there be a breaking out of hostilities.

It is stated that the British Government have received despatches indicating the position of Prussia in regard to the Russian question.—She can see no reason for alarm on the part of the other Powers, and declares that Russia's claims are natural, and that she is justified in declaring that portions of the treaty are no longer binding, inasmuch as it is admitted that there have been infractions of it by some of the other parties. She—Prussia—thinks that there should be an amicable settlement of the affair, and will, herself, hold aloof from any further action in the matter.

A committee of fifteen members of the Spanish Cortes will proceed to Florence to present the crown to the Duke of Aosta. His election is understood to be highly popular in the provinces, and no disorders have followed his proclamation, though the Government had reason to fear some demonstrations of, at least, disapproval. Cannon were fired in all the large cities in honor of the event.

A telegram from Berlin says that events of great importance are expected during next week, embracing a simultaneous attack on the Germans from the north and south of France, and a great sortie from Paris. Necessary precautions, it is added, have been taken, and, if the preparations which have been made are successful, Paris will fall within two weeks.

A telegram from Tours says, in substance, that General Paladines has effected a strategic movement which secures another more important success. It seems to consist in his having thrust himself between the Duke of Mecklenburg and Paris, while he also encircles the German army on the front, right flank and rear.

The King of Prussia on Friday, telegraphed the Queen from Versailles that the Duke of Mecklenburg had repulsed the French along the whole line near Dreux, taking many prisoners, and pursuing them towards Lemans.

The advance of the army of Prince Frederick Charles reached Auxerre on Friday, ten days' march from Toury.

Great consternation and excitement is said to have been caused in London on Friday, by the receipt of a despatch from Secretary Fish, there, concerning the Alabama claims.—Though its contents were unknown to the public, it was assumed that Russia and the United States have a secret understanding.

The Next Presidential Election.

The *Sun* says:

We give below a table of the result of the recent elections throughout the country, showing that the Democrats are in a majority in eighteen of the States, and the Republicans in seventeen, being a clear gain to the Democracy of ten States since the election for President in 1868. The only State in the list which have not voted directly are Georgia, which gave fifty thousand for Seymour, and New Hampshire, which gave seven thousand majority for Grant. There is hardly any chance that another Presidential election will show any different result in these States.

DEMOCRATIC. States.	Electoral votes.	REPUBLICAN. States	Electoral votes.
Alabama,	8	Illinois,	10
Arkansas,	5	Iowa,	8
California,	5	Kansas,	3
Connecticut,	6	Louisiana,	7
Delaware,	3	Maine,	7
Florida,	3	Massachusettes,	12
Georgia,	9	Michigan,	8
Indiana,	13	Minnesota,	4
Kentucky,	11	Nebraska,	3
Maryland,	7	New Hampshire,	5
Missouri,	11	New Jersey,	7
Nevada,	3	Ohio,	21
New York,	33	Pennsylvania,	26
North Carolina,	9	Rhode Island,	4
Oregon,	3	South Carolina,	6
Tennessee,	10	Vermont,	5
Virginia,	10	Wisconsin,	6
West Virginia,	5		
Total,	154	Total,	148

The foregoing represents the vote of thirty-five States. The two remaining States not included are Mississippi, with seven electoral votes—which, by reason of the preponderance of the negroes, will probably be carried by the Radicals—and Texas, with six electoral votes, which will certainly be given to the Democracy. Thus, with the States that are Democratic, and Texas added, the Democrats have 160 electoral votes, and the Republicans, with Mississippi added, have 155, giving to the Democrats a clear majority of five throughout the country. In the list of States in the Democratic list, which the Republicans are likely to carry in a Presidential election, Connecticut is the only one; but the loss of her six votes would be more than counterbalanced by the loss to the Republicans of the seven votes of New Jersey, which would certainly be cast for the Democratic candidate.

A good many people are coming to the conclusion that we have too many elections and a good deal too much politics in America.

The Washington *Patriot*, a new and able journal just started at the city of Washington, closes a review of the elections of 1870 with a paragraph stating facts more encouraging than any remarks that could be made upon them. The *Patriot* says:

"The force of these results of a single year would only be weakened by any extended comment. Summing up, we find the States of Connecticut, California, Nevada, North Carolina, Alabama, Florida, Arkansas, Tennessee, West Virginia, Missouri, Indiana, and Pennsylvania, which voted for Grant in 1868, now going Democratic, and Illinois nearly balanced. Grant's majority on the popular vote was 309,522. The Radical loss in the States of New Hampshire, Connecticut, North Carolina, Maine, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Indiana, South Carolina, West Virginia, Massachusetts, Alabama, Missouri, Illinois, and California—fourteen States—since 1868, is over 310,000 votes."

Affairs in Europe.

Our telegrams this morning indicate the possibility of a general war in Europe. Russia has never concealed her longing for territorial aggrandizement in the East, and the helpless condition of Turkey, coupled with the present exhaustion of one of the great Powers that contributed so much towards the success of the Crimean war—the result of which was to thwart the policy of Russia—may have inspired the Czar with new hopes that the propitious time has come to administer upon the effects of "the sick man" of Turkey. Certain it is that Russia will never abandon her pretensions in that direction, but will avail herself of the opportunity to possess the much coveted boon. The whole atmosphere abroad seems to be charged with revolution, and we can only hope that the storm may pass by without breaking in fury over those who would be involved in all the miseries of a general war, if such a fate should overtake them.—*Lynch. Virginian.*

New Advertisements.

DAVIS A. KAYSER,
No. 74 MAIN STREET,
STAUNTON, VA.,
Has now in store and offers at the lowest cash rates, a large stock of first-class
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,
fresh from the Importers and Manufacturers, consisting in part of
BEAVER, TRICOT, AND OTHER CLOTHS, CASSIMERES,
CHARLOTTESVILLE & FREDERICKSBURG GOODS,
Heavy Tweeds,
Fulled Cloths,
Kentucky Jeans,
Heavy Black and Colored Silks,
French and Irish Poplins,
Silk and Wool Epinglines,
English Satin Cloths,
Merinos,
Alpacas,
Tycoon Reps,
100 PIECES FANCY DRESS GOODS,
from 20 to 40 cents per yard;
50 PIECES NEW STYLE DeLAINES,
10 000 YARDS RICH FANCY PRINTS,
Shaker, Silk Warp, Opera and other Flannels;
Blankets,
Linseys,
Shawls,
Cloaks,
Black, Brown and Gold Repellant Cloth,
Chinchilla Cloakings,
Velveteens,
Boulevard,
Balmoral and Hoop Skirts,
Brown and Bleached Cottons and Sheetings,
Irish Linens,
Tickings,
Cambrics,
Muslins,
Laces,
Handkerchiefs,
Trimmings,
Gloves,
Hosiery,
SASH AND OTHER RIBBONS,
CLARK & COATS' MACHINE THREAD,
MACHINE SILK,
Ladies' City Made Shoes,
and a large assortment of NICE FURS, from 4 to 50 dollars a set.
This large stock has been selected and purchased under the most favorable circumstances, and he pledges himself to sell *first-class* goods on as good terms as any House in the Valley of Virginia.
☞ All cash orders of Twenty Dollars and over, delivered on any express line *free of charge*.
☞ Call and see the bargains at
D. A. KAYSER'S new store.
nov22-2t

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—By virtue of a deed of trust executed to me by John S. Newman, dated the 1st day of March, 1858, I will proceed to sell on the premises, at public auction on Saturday, the 24th day of December, 1870, a house and lot situated in the town of Waynesboro, fronting on the street leading from Bell's Mill to the Depot, bounded on the East by the South river, on the North by the lot convenient for railroad purposes, and on the South by the lot belonging to the estate of Joseph Brown.
Said lot contains an acre of land more or less and on it there is a log dwelling and various outhouses. The title is believed to be good; but, acting as trustee, I will convey only such title as is vested in me.
Terms made known on day of sale.
J. MARSHALL HANGER, trustee.
no22-tds

WILL OPEN in a few days the largest and finest stock of fancy wooden ware consisting of Grass Mats, Self-Setting mousetraps, sealed measures, butter moulds, butter prints, clothes racks, cedar keelers, scrub-brushes, oak buckets, jute mats, black walnut towel rollers, window brushes, feather brushes, bung starts, corn poppers, mortars and pestles, globe rat traps, spice nests, steak mauls, cake rollers, knife boxes, watchman's rattles, lemon squeezers, etc., ever received at the new store on the wharf. R. D. SEARS, Agent.

SCHOOL BOOKS for all the different SCHOOLS in this section can be found in great variety at HUNTER & CO.'S, Main street, Staunton, Va.
Send for Catalogue.

A NEW STOCK OF BLANK BOOKS received by HUNTER & CO.

FLOUR SACKS, WRAPPING PAPERS, TWINES, &c., For sale by HUNTER & CO., Booksellers, Staunton.

HUNTER & CO., Booksellers, Corner Main and Augusta streets, have received all the MAGAZINES for DECEMBER. Constantly on hand, LEDGER, SATURDAY NIGHT, HARPER'S and LESLIE'S ILLUSTRATED PAPERS and other weeklies. *All furnished at publishers' rates.* Subscriptions received.

NOTICE.—Persons having claims against the estate of Edwin M. Taylor, deceased, will present them to N. K. Trout, legally proven. JANE E. TAYLOR, Executrix of E. M. Taylor, dec'd.
no22-2t

CRANBERRIES! Cranberries only 20 cents per quart, at the store on the wharf. R. D. SEARS, agent.

HAIR TONIC.—A superior tonic to prevent falling off of the hair, removing dandruff, &c., prepared and sold only by Dr. B. P. REESE & CO.
nov22

CABBAGE, Potatoes and all the vegetables of the season, by H. KER & BRO.

New Advertisements.

TRUSSES! TRUSSES! TRUSSES!
We have received a new and superior assortment of Trusses with the latest improvements, the same Truss can be worn on right or left side, and be set at any angle to meet the indications, and suit comfort o patient.
We have also, received Shoulder Braces, Abdominal supporters of the most approved kind Pessaries, of different patent; Teaman's self adjuster; Bivalve, Sims' duck bill and Cylindrical Speculums of different sizes, Bougies, Syringes for womb, nose and ear, Male and Female, Metalic. Glass and Gutta Percha Nursing bottles, Rubber nipples and Sheaths, besides always a well selected stock of medicines comprising the most approved remedies, viz.
Podophyllin,
Leptandrin,
Hydrastin,
Baptisin,
Iodoform,
Iodoform and Iron,
Guarana,
Corydaline,
Chloral Hydrate,
&c, &c., &c
Together with a large assortment of beautiful lamps, of the latest style, to which we invite the attention of the public.
no22 DR. B. P. REESE.

AMERICAN HOTEL
Livery Stables,
STAUNTON, VA.
DONOVAN & O'TOOLE.....Proprietors.
Our stables are constantly supplied with elegant horses, carriages, buggies, hacks, &c., which will be furnished to our patrons on most reasonable terms. Also good and reliable drivers supplied if desired. We can furnish livery equal, if not superior, to that of any other stable in the State. Give us a trial and we guarantee satisfaction.
DONOVAN & O'TOOLE.

EGGS! EGGS!! EGGS!!! WANTED.
ALL KINDS OF DRIED FRUITS, APPLE BUTTER AND FRESH EGGS.
BUTCHER & LEWIS,
Next door above Post Office.
nov22-1m Staunton.

PEPPER, Sage, Coriander Seed, Saltpetre, &c., at Dr. B. P. REESE & CO.'S.

SHARP & DOHME'S Elixir of Valerianate, Ammonia and Quinia.
SHARP & DOHME'S Elixir of Pepsine, Strychnia and Bismuth, at Dr. B. P. REESE & CO'S.

JUST RECEIVED—Fresh Crackers of all kinds at the "Store on the wharf."
R. D. SEARS, Agent.

DE BING'S PILE REMEDY at Dr. B. P. REESE & CO'S.

CHOICE Gunpowder Tea, in original package, just received by
nov22 H. KER & BRO.

JAVA COFFEE, cheaper than ever, by
no22 H. KER & BRO.

BEST Rio and Laguayra Coffees, by
no22 H. KER & BRO.

SUGAR of all [illegible]es.
no22 H. KER & BRO.

PRIME CHEESE by
no22 H. KER & BRO.

FULL line of Family Groceries, by
no22 H. KER & BRO.

Auction Sales.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE NEAR LEXINGTON, FOR SALE at AUCTION.
In pursuance of the last will and testament of John Ruff, dec'd, we shall offer for sale ON MONDAY, 28TH OF NOVEMBER, 1870, at his residence near Lexington, Virginia, the farm on which he resided, containing
300 ACRES,
all of which is land of good and much of it of superior quality. It will be sub-divided in lots of various sizes, suitable for building and grazing purposes. There are on the farm two dwelling-houses, each with a barn, a never-failing spring, and all necessary outhouses. These will be sold separately, and each with about 17 acres of land.
This property, from its proximity to Lexington the seat of Washington College, the Virginia Military Institute, and other schools of lower grade, is well worthy the attention of persons who desire the facilities of education in a refined, intelligent and religious community.
At the same time we will sell the "Poplar Hill Farm," contiguous to the above, containing,
222 ACRES.
It will be sub-divided into three lots: One containing 176 acres, comprises the mansion house and cleared land, and is worthy the attention of persons wanting a good farm, either for cultivation or grazing; the other two lots are heavily timbered and contain respectively 20 and 26 acres.
Plats of these lands may be seen at the Bank of Lexington, and persons desiring to view the premises will be shown them by Wm. A. Ruff residing in the immediate neighborhood.
The terms will be accommodating, and will be made known on the day of sale.
WILLIAM A. RUFF, } Ex'ors.
WILLIAM McLAUGHLIN, }
Nov8—tds.

VALUABLE PROPERTY in Market.—In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of Augusta, rendered in the cause of Abney vs. Lewis and others, we will proceed on the premises, near Sheandoah in said county, on
THURSDAY, the 15th day of next month,
to sell at public sale, to the highest bidder, all that tract of land owned by and in possession of James M. Lewis containing about **580 acres,** more or less. It has on it comfortable buildings, a saw-mill which has been successfully operated for some years, is about 16 miles from Staunton and 8 miles from Waynesboro, and take it all together it is a very desirable property.
Terms—So much in hand as will pay the costs of suit and sale; balance on a credit of six, eighteen, thirty and forty-two months, in equal instalments, with interest from day of sale. The purchaser to give bonds with good personal security, and a lien to be retained for ultimate security. Sale at 11 o'clock, A. M.
N. K. TROUT,
H. B. MICHIE,
Rockingham Reg copy Com'rs.
☞ At the same time and place I will sell publicly, in virtue of deed of trust executed to me by said James M. Lewis, dated 22nd day of December, 1868, one house and lot situated in Sheranda, 3 bedsteads, and all bedding for same, 1 safe and contents, 1 dozen chairs, 1 bureau, 2 stoves, 3 tables, 1 large copper kettle, 1 small do, a lot of carpeting, 1 horse, 1 cow, &c.
Terms—Of and under ten dollars, cash; over that sum sixty days credit on well endorsed negotiable paper.
no8-td NICHO. K. TROUT Trustee.

LAND FOR SALE.—I will offer at public auction, on the premises, on Thursday, the 24th of November next, the tract of land Archibald Reed died seized of, containing about 212 acres, lying in the county of Augusta, on the headwaters of Walker's creek, adjoining the lands of James Buchanan's heirs, M. Buchanan, Andrew Reed, and Mrs. Smiley. This land is very productive, in good repair, with good orchard, meadows, &c. The house is a comfortable one, good barn, with other buildings. The land may be divided to suit purchasers.
At the same time I will offer 150 to 175 bushels corn at the heap, 100 bushels oats, about 175 bushels wheat.
Terms.—Ten per cent of the purchase money will be required in hand, the balance in three equal annual payments, with interest from date, and personal security given, the title retained until final payment. The grain will be sold on six months time, with bond and security.
A. PATTERSON,
Executor of Archibald Reed, deceased.
oc25-tds—Lex. Gazette copy and send bill to this office.

VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE.—In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of Augusta county, rendered in the cause of McComb vs. Thomas A. Turk and others at the last June term, I will proceed on the premises, on Wednesday, the 23rd day of November next, to sell at public sale to the highest bidder the tract of land on which said Thomas A. Turk resides, situated in said county on Meadow Run, about seven miles from Staunton, containing about 25½ acres more or less. It stands among the first-class farms of the county, has on it a brick mansion house, Swisher barn, and good improvements generally. It is seldom that such an estate is put up at auction. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock A. M.
Terms—Costs of sale and suit in hand, balance in equal instalments at six, eighteen, thirty and forty-two months, bearing interest, purchaser to give bonds with sufficient personal security, and title to be retained as ultimate security.
oc18-tde NICHO. K. TROUT, Commissioner.

SALE OF LOT IN STAUNTON.—IN pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of Augusta county, rendered in cause of Robert G. Bickle against Daniel Mahaney, I will proceed on the premises in Staunton, on Tuesday, the 20th day of this month, to sell at public sale, to the highest bidder, a house and lot in Staunton situated on Lewis street and a cross street adjoining Evans, and others.
Terms—Costs of sale and suit in hand, balance in equal instalments at twelve, eighteen, twenty-four and thirty months, bearing interest from the day of sale, with bond and sufficient personal security—the title to be retained as ultimate security. Sale at 11 o'clock, A. M.
no1-tds NICHO. K. TROUT, Com'r.

Auction Sales.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF VALUABLE LANDS IN HIGHLAND COUNTY, VA.—By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court of Highland County, rendered at its October special term, 1870, in the chancery causes of B. H. Pullin, &c. vs H. B. Pullin, &c., and Campbell & Devier &c. vs L. Pullin's Executor, &c., the undersigned, Commissioners thereby appointed for the purpose, will, on the 23rd DAY OF DECEMBER, 1870, on the