

Staunton Spectator.

Tuesday, February 7, 1871.

Better Times Coming.

No. 1 white wheat has been selling for some days past, in Richmond, at \$2.00 per bushel, and prime red at \$1.90. This ought to make flour worth there from \$9.50 to \$10.00 per barrel, or \$8 to \$9 here.

We see from the Dispatch of the 3rd inst., that extra flour is quoted in Richmond, at \$8.25 and family \$9.50 to \$10.

The Mark Lane (London) Express—the most reliable of all the reporters of the condition of the breadstuff market, says, that England alone will require from foreign countries about 2,000,000 MILLIONS of bushels of wheat or its equivalent in flour. The same paper says, "but little is expected from either Germany or Russia, and America is looked to for the bulk of what is needed."

France and Prussia are almost stripped of their usual stocks of grain, and must draw on foreign countries for their supplies. As Russia cannot furnish them, they will also have to look to America.

We incline to the opinion that flour and corn will continue to improve in price, at least until the 1st of April. But we would advise our farmers not to hold on too long. Better be satisfied to do well than to risk all by trying to do better. Eight dollars in Staunton will be as high as we have a right to expect that flour will go. When it gets to that price we would say "sell."

Corn, too, is going up. It now commands from 70 to 75 cents. If the Valley R. R. is commenced, it will go to a dollar before the 1st of June.

These increased prices must bring a great deal of money into the country, and materially relieve the wants of our people.

The relaxation in the pressure for money has already commenced. The deposits in our Banks have steadily increased. There is now in the two Staunton Banks near \$300,000 on deposit, ready to be laid out in the purchase of country produce or otherwise invested. Let the farmers of Augusta and Rockbridge remember this.

We hope our people will keep up their spirits. Better times are coming. If we can only have one or two more railroads scattering money among us, and securing by competition low freights and fares and cheap merchandise, we shall have the best country on this continent.

Some croakers talk of high taxes. But where will they go to find them lower than 50 cents on the \$100? In most of the western States they are double that amount.

Our policy is, to spread the burden of taxation over more people and more property. If we build the contemplated railroads, they will represent eight or ten millions of capital to be taxed by Virginia. If we bring 5,000 or 10,000 more people into Augusta, they will have to share our taxes and will contribute to that extent in lightening our burthen.

Let us then build railroads—encourage immigration—stimulate manufactures and patronize home industry. By so doing we will advance the general prosperity and diminish our individual burthens.

War News From Europe.

The Bordeaux despatch has aroused a storm of protests from all parts of France. The popular reception of that despatch indicates the existence of conservative sentiments among the masses which must astound the radicals, and prove especially discomfiting to the ultra-ism of Gambetta. The disqualification from election to the assembly of all imperial holders or aspirants for office, and of all members of families reigning since 1789, is held to be not merely offensive to the government, but dangerous to the future interests of the government. M. Jules Simon, in reply to an address from a deputation addressed to this condition in the Bordeaux despatch, declared that the Paris government abolished all qualifications, and it would insist upon its execution. It is also stated that the Paris government has decided to advocate the adoption, by the assembly, of the preliminaries of the treaty of peace already agreed upon at Versailles. There appears, therefore, but little chance for the radicals in dictating the settlement of the question of peace, whatever trouble they may create afterwards. There is some manifestation in various sections of France of a purpose not to give up the struggle unless a great amelioration is made in the terms proposed by Germany, and it is not improbable that the Germans, in anticipation of such a demand, have arranged the margin accordingly. The way being clear to the assembly for all parties, speculation is rife and rumors are plentiful of the various leaders.

A new political movement has just developed itself in an intention of the republican party to provide for six more electoral votes in the next presidential election by creating two new States. Even this number of votes, it is freely admitted, will be needed, and Colorado and New Mexico are therefore to be made into States.

The Moon ghost is said by the Scottsville Register to be at his old pranks again, and Rev. Mr. Thrasher, of Buchanan, is still tormented by the strange visitant that has annoyed him for several months.

Col. J. L. Campbell of Washington county died very suddenly on Monday evening week at Bristol. Col. Campbell was a prominent citizen of the Southwest, and for many years was sheriff of the county of Washington.

Senator John F. Lewis has introduced a bill in Congress appropriating \$100,000 for the erection of a building in Harrisburg to embrace U. S. District Court-house, offices for U. S. Assessors and Collectors, and the Post-office.

It must have been consoling for sick soldiers on duty in the military hospitals during the late war to sing: "When this cruel war is over we shall meet again."

Some persons in Shenandoah county have been operating in counterfeit money. If they get their doubts, they will prosecute their speculations in the penitentiary.

John Fitzhugh Jones, son of Judge Wm. T. Jones, of the Supreme Court of Appeals, died at the residence of his father, in Petersburg, on Wednesday.

It is stated that Senator Thayer is to be nominated as minister to Portugal, vice Chas. H. Lewis, of Virginia, to be removed.

Zedekiah Glaise, who lived a few miles West of Strasburg, died on Tuesday, last from wounds inflicted by a bear.

Whooping cough and chicken pox are prevailing in Wytheville, Va.

Woman is the only female in creation that sings.

THE GREAT MILTONIAN TABLEAU! SEE POSTERS AND SMALL BILLS.

THE GREAT MILTONIAN TABLEAU! SEE POSTERS AND SMALL BILLS.

THE GREAT MILTONIAN TABLEAU! SEE POSTERS AND SMALL BILLS.

The National Assembly of France.

In the political parlance of the French people, says the N. Y. World, "National Assembly" and "Constitutional Assembly" are interchangeable phrases, meaning the same thing. These forms of expression date from 1789, when, after the assembling of the States-General, consisting of the representatives of the three orders—nobles, clergy, and commoners—the latter, or tiers etats, insisted that the three should deliberate as one body, and on the refusal of the nobles, set up for themselves, claiming to be the representatives of the French people and called themselves the National Assembly. This body, who were the architects of the French Revolution, are generally mentioned in history as the Constituent Assembly. It is such a body, or one equivalent to it, which is to be elected on the 8th, and assemble on the 15th, of the present month, to reconstruct the French government and confer upon it authority to bind the nation in a treaty of peace.

The National Assembly will differ from the Corps Legislatif, or the ordinary legislature, as the constitutional conventions so familiar in our own politics differ from State legislatures. The National Assembly, however, will possess more power than our constitutional conventions, inasmuch as its action will be final, while that of an American constitutional convention is only advisory and preliminary. In this country a new constitution is only a draft possessing no authority until it has been ratified by a vote of the people. But the government formed by the National Assembly will go into immediate operation without awaiting the sanction of a popular vote. The Constituent Assembly of 1789 made the most sweeping and fundamental changes on its own authority, and the National Assembly to be elected in the great conjuncture will be clothed with similar powers.

The members of this Assembly will be elected on to-morrow, Wednesday, the 8th, and will meet at Bordeaux on Wednesday of next week, the 15th. That body will have to accept or reject the terms offered by the Prussians, which embrace the cession of Alsace and Lorraine, with Belfort, in the Vosges; the payment of 10,000,000,000 francs, the cession of the colony of the Pondichery, in the East Indies, and the transfer of twenty-first class frigates to the German navy. In prescribing these conditions, Prussia warns all neutral powers not to interfere, and declines even to listen to suggestions on the part of other states. A Berlin journal professes to know that there is an understanding between Bismarck and Favre as to the manner in which negotiations shall proceed; but all rests with the men who are to act for France in that important assembly, and who are to decide whether such a peace can be called honorable or not. Gambetta, who speaks as yet in the name of the Bordeaux government, calls it "a shameful peace," and in a proclamation addressed to his countrymen urges upon them the necessity of taking advantage of the armistice to instruct the recruits, organize for defense or for war, and rely upon a republican assembly to conclude a peace compatible with "the honor, rank, and integrity of France."

The total population of all the States is given by the census of 1870 as 38,095,680. Deducting therefrom the joint population of Florida, Mississippi, Texas, and Virginia—States not allowed to vote at the Presidential election—and then deducting again one-fifth of the increase of the census of 1870 over that of 1860 (the States named out in both cases), so as to find the population of the States voting in 1868, and dividing that by the total vote cast, 5,623,861, and it appears that the electoral ratio in the United States is 1 to every 5.95 of population. The ratio in 1860 was 1 to 6.50.

How strongly, says the Petersburg Courier, does the contrast between France as she now is, bleeding and helpless at the feet of her conqueror, and the France of 1810, with her old throne and raising up new ones—giving law to the kingdom around her (with the exception of England)—how forcibly, we say, does this contrast remind us of what Byron wrote of Napoleon after his fall:

"The desolator desolate,
The victor overthrown;
The arbiter of others' fate
A suppliant for his own."

On Saturday night, the 25th ult., there escaped from the jail in Lewisburg, Greenbrier County, Va., the colored man, Alexander Rives, under sentence for the crime of attempting to commit an outrage upon a white woman, and an Irishman named Lynch committed to jail to await his trial for larceny.

Nearly all the departments of the government appear now to be conducted upon a system of favoritism, and nepotism. A Senator, it is said, read in his place in Executive session, a few days ago, a list of twenty-seven relatives and connections appointed to lucrative offices by Gen. Grant, since he was elected President.

Magnanimity now will be the best display of statesmanship on the part of Prussia, and we trust that the ghastly wounds of the war will not be widened by the humiliation of the vanquished. Victorious Germany can afford to be generous.

Bishop Mellvaine, of Ohio, says that of all the Bishops of the Protestant Episcopal Church consecrated before himself, not one is living; and of those consecrated with him thirty-nine years ago, only one survives.

By a majority of eleven votes, the House of Delegates of West Virginia passed a bill for removing the county seat of Jefferson county from Shepherdstown and re-establishing it at Charleston.

John Unger, about 13 years of age, a son of Adam Unger, who lives on the farm of N. W. Solenberger, a few miles from Winchester, was drowned, while attempting to cross Parkin's mill dam, on Saturday, the 25th ultimo.

An attempt was made in Winchester week before last, says the News of that place, to assassinate a young woman residing on Church Street. A shot was fired at her through the window, which fortunately missed her.

Eugene, touched by the chivalrous respect manifested towards her by the Irish residents of Chelmsford, is warm in the expression of her regard for Ireland and its brave and unfortunate people.

General Reynolds has been elected Senator from Texas. The election took place on Tuesday, January 24. He is elected to succeed Morgan C. Hamilton in March next.

The latest accounts from Cuba state that the surrender of the leading insurgents in that Island continues daily, and that the work of pacification progresses rapidly.

Mr. Mills Finks, whilst removing from Culpeper to Fauquier, was kicked by a horse and killed.

THE GREAT MILTONIAN TABLEAU! SEE POSTERS AND SMALL BILLS.

THE GREAT MILTONIAN TABLEAU! SEE POSTERS AND SMALL BILLS.

THE GREAT MILTONIAN TABLEAU! SEE POSTERS AND SMALL BILLS.

THE GREAT MILTONIAN TABLEAU! SEE POSTERS AND SMALL BILLS.

THE GREAT MILTONIAN TABLEAU! SEE POSTERS AND SMALL BILLS.

France.

The N. Y. Herald says that, by those who think that France could and should prolong the struggle it ought to be remembered that she has only raw levies and inexperienced generals wherewith to confront the trained armies and veteran officers of Germany. It would have been madness for France in 1814 to prolong the fight against the allies. It would be greater madness to prolong the struggle to-day, for the reason that whereas the allies were made comparatively weak by mutual jealousy, Germany is strong by a unity of organization, a unity of authority, a unity of purpose.

The Emperor William has acted wisely in granting the French people permission to elect a National Convention, the simplest way to get out of the difficulty. It was simplest for him to sign a peace treaty with the Government of the National Defence. It would have been an open insult to the French people to sign a peace treaty with the representatives of Napoleon. The plan which the Emperor has adopted gives the French people a fair opportunity to settle their own affairs—

and to settle them more in their own hands. The elections to be held in France are to be held on the 8th of February. The Convention will open on the 15th. It remains to be seen how France will conduct herself, first during the election and afterwards in the National Assembly. It is possible that under the pressure which is now upon them they will resign. It is just as possible that confusion will become worse confounded—that the demagogues will tempt the masses upon the same ground, at least, the scenes of the first revolution will be re-enacted. It will be well for France if the memory of the First National Convention be not revived.

THE TEST-OATH REPEAL.—It is claimed that the bill repealing the test-oath, which passed the House on last Wednesday, is only applicable to persons hereafter elected or appointed to office, and will not reach the case of Dr. Miller, Senator elect from Georgia, and that a special act will have to be passed removing his disabilities, as in the case of Shober, of North Carolina, and others. In regard to the expected veto of the President, the Philadelphia Press says that Senator Morton says that if he were President it would not take him five minutes to veto the bill repealing the test-oath, and that the bill passed the Senate in the first instance through a misunderstanding. The writer adds that Gen. Butler is of the same opinion as Governor Morton with regard to the propriety of a veto. The text of the bill is as follows:

"That when any person who is not rendered ineligible to office by the provisions of the fourth article of the Constitution shall be elected or appointed to any office of honor or trust under the government of the United States, and shall not be able, on account of his participation in the late rebellion, to take the oath prescribed by the Congress approved July 2, 1862, said person shall, in lieu of said oath, before entering upon the duties of said office, take and subscribe the oath prescribed by the act of Congress, entitled 'An act prescribing the test-oath to be taken by persons whose legal disabilities shall have been removed,' approved July 11, 1868."

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS. SECOND SESSION OF 41ST CONGRESS. SENATE, Monday, Jan. 20.—The Senate bill to repeal the income tax was returned from the House, with an amendment that all bills of that nature must originate in the House of Representatives.

HOUSE.—A joint resolution was offered by Mr. Butler, and passed, under a suspension of the rules, providing that the Congress of the United States, in the name of the people of the United States, welcome the Irish exiles recently arrived in New York to our shores, and extend to them a welcome to the Capitol of the nation. A bill to amend the act of Congress, approved July 2, 1862, said person shall, in lieu of said oath, before entering upon the duties of said office, take and subscribe the oath prescribed by the act of Congress, entitled 'An act prescribing the test-oath to be taken by persons whose legal disabilities shall have been removed,' approved July 11, 1868."

It. Of the amounts of the several bonds constituting the Federal liens against said Defendant, the owners of the same, and the dates of their several assignments.

Given under my hand, this 3rd day of February, 1871. THOMAS M. RANSON, Commissioner in Chancery.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF VALUABLE HOUSE AND LOT IN THE TOWN OF STAUNTON. By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court of the county of Augusta, rendered on the 26th day of October, 1870, in the case of J. H. Young, the undersigned, who were appointed by said decree commissioners for the purpose, will proceed to sell, by public auction, in front of the Court-house in the town of Staunton, on the 14th day of March, 1871, the following described premises, to-wit: A certain lot of land, containing one acre and six tenths of an acre, situated on the North side of Main street, between the lots of Dr. Wm. B. Young.

Enough in hand to pay costs of suit and balance in four equal instalments bearing interest at six, eighteen, thirty and forty-two per cent, respectively, on the unpaid balance of the purchase money, and the title retained as ultimate security. THOS. K. TROUT, Commissioner.

VALUABLE Middle River farm for sale. By virtue of a decree rendered on the 14th day of November, 1870, by the Circuit Court of Augusta, in the case of Humber & Crickenshaw, &c., we will on Saturday, the 11th day of March, 1871, proceed to sell, by public auction, the following described premises, to-wit: The VALUABLE FARM, formerly owned by Jacob L. Humber and now occupied by Wm. B. Young, in the town of Staunton, in the county of Augusta, adjoining the lands of Dr. Wm. B. Young, and containing one hundred and sixty acres.

Enough in hand to pay costs of suit and balance in four equal instalments bearing interest at six, eighteen, thirty and forty-two per cent, respectively, on the unpaid balance of the purchase money, and the title retained as ultimate security. THOS. K. TROUT, Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.—To Arnold Bonfield and Jacob Taylor, parties to suit of Bonfield vs. Taylor, in Circuit Court of Augusta, and all other persons claiming an interest in the premises: Take notice that under the Order of November term last, in said case, I have set the 1st day of March, 1871, as the day for the parties to appear for taking accounts:

1st. Of the judgment and other liens upon the real estate of said Taylor, in said case; and 2nd. Of the annual rental and fee simple value of such estate; at which time and place the said Taylor, or his agent, is to appear. Given under my hand this 3rd day of February, 1871. THOMAS M. RANSON, Commissioner in Chancery.

Fire Insurance. Insurance Company. of Cincinnati, Ohio. Cash Capital, paid in, \$1,000,000. JAMES KER, AGENT, Office over First National Bank, Staunton.

FIRMAN'S Fund Insurance Company. San Francisco, California. Branch Office, 114 Broadway, New York. Cash Capital, in Gold, \$300,000. JAMES KER, AGENT, Office over First National Bank, Staunton.

PETERSBURG Savings and Insurance Company, of Petersburg, Virginia. Capital and Assets, \$420,000. JAMES KER, AGENT, Office over First National Bank, Staunton.

J. S. GILLIAM & CO., next door below the Post Office, have on hand a supply of Choice Groceries, also prime choice sugar, and a large lot of stone and woodware, and many other things. Call and see us, for we intend to sell cheap.

WANTED.—Turkeys and Chickens.—The highest cash price paid, at the store on the wharf. R. D. SEARS, Agent.

LEATHER.—Just received, Sole, Upper, Kip and Calf Skins, for sale low. H. A. GLENN & CO.

CEMENT.—Best Ground—warranted to give satisfaction, and for sale low for cash, by H. A. GLENN & CO.

THE GREAT MILTONIAN TABLEAU! SEE POSTERS AND SMALL BILLS.

THE GREAT MILTONIAN TABLEAU! SEE POSTERS AND SMALL BILLS.

THE GREAT MILTONIAN TABLEAU! SEE POSTERS AND SMALL BILLS.

THE GREAT MILTONIAN TABLEAU! SEE POSTERS AND SMALL BILLS.

THE GREAT MILTONIAN TABLEAU! SEE POSTERS AND SMALL BILLS.

THE GREAT MILTONIAN TABLEAU! SEE POSTERS AND SMALL BILLS.

THE GREAT MILTONIAN TABLEAU! SEE POSTERS AND SMALL BILLS.

THE GREAT MILTONIAN TABLEAU! SEE POSTERS AND SMALL BILLS.

New Advertisements.

WEDDED BLISS. Just one month had Dorinda been married to me. When the dear little puss came and sat on my knee, With the cunningest peepers that ever were seen, Whispered: "Hubbie, I must have a sewing machine."

NOTICE! NOTICE! We will continue our sales at 1000 yards new style Spring Calicoes and Shirts, UNTIL THE 18TH DAY OF FEBRUARY. ON MONDAY NEXT WE WILL OPEN OUR Spring and Summer Goods, and sell them at a great sacrifice, together with 1200 yards new style Spring Calicoes and Shirts, 600 yards New York Mill Maslin, 600 yards Wamatta Muslin, 600 yards Fruit of the Loom, 1000 yards fine yard-wide Muslin at 12 1/2 cents per yard.

Laurel "D," Oregon "B," and other makes of Brown Cottons. Great Bargains can be had. ACKERMAN & CO. feb-7-2

LAND & PERSONAL PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers his farm for sale privately on the 14th day of March, 1871, situated in Augusta county, 1 mile East of Greenville, on South river. The tract contains, by actual survey, 140 acres, with a new and excellent mill and a timber. Wishing to raise money to enable him to settle in Kansas, a bargain can be made. The subscriber offers to sell his land privately till the 4th of March. If not sold before that time, it will be sold publicly, at 12 o'clock, on the 14th day of March, 1871, at my office and kitchen furniture, and farming utensils of every description.

Terms on the Personal Property.—All sums of \$10 and under, cash; all over \$10, months with good security will be required, with 12 months bond in full satisfaction. J. J. LAWRE, auctioneer. feb-7-2

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.—To John W. Barr, Plaintiff, and Logan J. Manpin, Defendant, in the Chancery suit of Barr vs. Manpin, in the Circuit Court of Augusta, to George Poe, vendor, said Manpin, and all Judgment creditors of said Poe and Manpin: Take notice that in pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of Augusta, rendered on the 18th day of February, 1871, in the case of Barr vs. Manpin, I have appointed the 2nd day of March, 1871, as my office in Staunton, to take accounts:

1st. Of the amounts of the several bonds constituting the Federal liens against said Defendant, the owners of the same, and the dates of their several assignments.

Given under my hand, this 3rd day of February, 1871. THOMAS M. RANSON, Commissioner in Chancery.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF VALUABLE HOUSE AND LOT IN THE TOWN OF STAUNTON. By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court of the county of Augusta, rendered on the 26th day of October, 1870, in the case of J. H. Young, the undersigned, who were appointed by said decree commissioners for the purpose, will proceed to sell, by public auction, in front of the Court-house in the town of Staunton, on the 14th day of March, 1871, the following described premises, to-wit: A certain lot of land, containing one acre and six tenths of an acre, situated on the North side of Main street, between the lots of Dr. Wm. B. Young.

Enough in hand to pay costs of suit and balance in four equal instalments bearing interest at six, eighteen, thirty and forty-two per cent, respectively, on the unpaid balance of the purchase money, and the title retained as ultimate security. THOS. K. TROUT, Commissioner.

VALUABLE Middle River farm for sale. By virtue of a decree rendered on the 14th day of November, 1870, by the Circuit Court of Augusta, in the case of Humber & Crickenshaw, &c., we will on Saturday, the 11th day of March, 1871, proceed to sell, by public auction, the following described premises, to-wit: The VALUABLE FARM, formerly owned by Jacob L. Humber and now occupied by Wm. B. Young, in the town of Staunton, in the county of Augusta, adjoining the lands of Dr. Wm. B. Young, and containing one hundred and sixty acres.

Enough in hand to pay costs of suit and balance in four equal instalments bearing interest at six, eighteen, thirty and forty-two per cent, respectively, on the unpaid balance of the purchase money, and the title retained as ultimate security. THOS. K. TROUT, Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.—To Arnold Bonfield and Jacob Taylor, parties to suit of Bonfield vs. Taylor, in Circuit Court of Augusta, and all other persons claiming an interest in the premises: Take notice that under the Order of November term last, in said case, I have set the 1st day of March, 1871, as the day for the parties to appear for taking accounts:

1st. Of the judgment and other liens upon the real estate of said Taylor, in said case; and 2nd. Of the annual rental and fee simple value of such estate; at which time and place the said Taylor, or his agent, is to appear. Given under my hand this 3rd day of February, 1871. THOMAS M. RANSON, Commissioner in Chancery.

Fire Insurance. Insurance Company. of Cincinnati, Ohio. Cash Capital, paid in, \$1,000,000. JAMES KER, AGENT, Office over First National Bank, Staunton.

FIRMAN'S Fund Insurance Company. San Francisco, California. Branch Office, 114 Broadway, New York. Cash Capital, in Gold, \$300,000. JAMES KER, AGENT, Office over First National Bank, Staunton.

PETERSBURG Savings and Insurance Company, of Petersburg, Virginia. Capital and Assets, \$420,000. JAMES KER, AGENT, Office over First National Bank, Staunton.

J. S. GILLIAM & CO., next door below the Post Office, have on hand a supply of Choice Groceries, also prime choice sugar, and a large lot of stone and woodware, and many other things. Call and see us, for we intend to sell cheap.

WANTED.—Turkeys and Chickens.—The highest cash price paid, at the store on the wharf. R. D. SEARS, Agent.

LEATHER.—Just received, Sole, Upper, Kip and Calf Skins, for sale low. H. A. GLENN & CO.

CEMENT.—Best Ground—warranted to give satisfaction, and for sale low for cash, by H. A. GLENN & CO.

THE GREAT MILTONIAN TABLEAU! SEE POSTERS AND SMALL BILLS.

THE GREAT MILTONIAN TABLEAU! SEE POSTERS AND SMALL BILLS.

THE GREAT MILTONIAN TABLEAU! SEE POSTERS AND SMALL BILLS.

THE GREAT MILTONIAN TABLEAU! SEE POSTERS AND SMALL BILLS.

THE GREAT MILTONIAN TABLEAU! SEE POSTERS AND SMALL BILLS.

THE GREAT MILTONIAN TABLEAU! SEE POSTERS AND SMALL BILLS.

THE GREAT MILTONIAN TABLEAU! SEE POSTERS AND SMALL BILLS.

THE GREAT MILTONIAN TABLEAU! SEE POSTERS AND SMALL BILLS.

THE GREAT MILTONIAN TABLEAU! SEE POSTERS AND SMALL BILLS.

New Advertisements.

WEDDED BLISS. Just one month had Dorinda been married to me. When the dear little puss came and sat on my knee, With the cunningest peepers that ever were seen, Whispered: "Hubbie, I must have a sewing machine."

NOTICE! NOTICE! We will continue our sales at 1000 yards new style Spring Calicoes and Shirts, UNTIL THE 18TH DAY OF FEBRUARY. ON MONDAY NEXT WE WILL OPEN OUR Spring and Summer Goods, and sell them at a great sacrifice, together with 1200 yards new style Spring Calicoes and Shirts, 600 yards New York Mill Maslin, 600 yards Wamatta Muslin, 600 yards Fruit of the Loom, 1000 yards fine yard-wide Muslin at 12 1/2 cents per yard.

Laurel "D," Oregon "B," and other makes of Brown Cottons. Great Bargains can be had. ACKERMAN & CO. feb-7-2

LAND & PERSONAL PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers his farm for sale privately on the 14th day of March, 1871, situated in Augusta county, 1 mile East of Greenville, on South river. The tract contains, by actual survey, 140 acres, with a new and excellent mill and a timber. Wishing to raise money to enable him to settle in Kansas, a bargain can be made. The subscriber offers to sell his land privately till the 4th of March. If not sold before that time, it will be sold publicly, at 12 o'clock, on the 14th day of March, 1871, at my office and kitchen furniture, and farming utensils of every description.

Terms on the Personal Property.—All sums of \$10 and under, cash; all over \$10, months with good security will be required, with 12 months bond in full satisfaction. J. J. LAWRE, auctioneer. feb-7-2

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.—To John W. Barr, Plaintiff, and Logan J. Manpin, Defendant, in the Chancery suit of Barr vs. Manpin, in the Circuit Court of Augusta, to George Poe, vendor, said Manpin, and all Judgment creditors of said Poe and Manpin: Take notice that in pursuance of a decree of the Circuit Court of Augusta, rendered on the 18th day of February, 1871, in the case of Barr vs. Manpin, I have appointed the 2nd day of March, 1871, as my office in Staunton, to take accounts:

1st. Of the amounts of the several bonds constituting the Federal liens against said Defendant, the owners of the same, and the dates of their several assignments.

Given under my hand, this 3rd day of February, 1871. THOMAS M. RANSON, Commissioner in Chancery.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF VALUABLE HOUSE AND LOT IN THE TOWN OF STAUNTON. By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court of the county of Augusta, rendered on the 26th day of October, 1870, in the case of J. H. Young, the undersigned, who were appointed by said decree commissioners for the purpose, will proceed to sell, by public auction, in front of the Court-house in the town of Staunton, on the 14th day of March, 1871, the following described premises, to-wit: A certain lot of land, containing one acre and six tenths of an acre, situated on the North side of Main street, between the lots of Dr. Wm. B. Young.

Enough in hand to pay costs of suit and balance in four equal instalments bearing interest at six, eighteen, thirty and forty-two per cent, respectively, on the unpaid balance of the purchase money, and the title retained as ultimate security. THOS. K. TROUT, Commissioner.

VALUABLE Middle River farm for sale. By virtue of a decree rendered on the 14th day of November, 1870, by the Circuit Court of Augusta, in the case of Humber & Crickenshaw, &c., we will on Saturday, the 11th day of March, 1871, proceed to sell, by public auction, the following described premises, to-wit: The VALUABLE FARM, formerly owned by Jacob L. Humber and now occupied by Wm. B. Young, in the town of Staunton, in the county of Augusta, adjoining the lands of Dr. Wm. B. Young, and containing one hundred and sixty acres.

Enough in hand to pay costs of suit and balance in four equal instalments bearing interest at six, eighteen, thirty and forty-two per cent, respectively, on the unpaid balance of the purchase money, and the title retained as ultimate security. THOS. K. TROUT, Commissioner.

COMMISSIONER'S NOTICE.—To Arnold Bonfield and Jacob Taylor, parties to suit of Bonfield vs. Taylor, in Circuit Court of Augusta, and all other persons claiming an interest in the premises: Take notice that under the Order of November term last, in said case, I have set the 1st day of March, 1871, as the day for the parties to appear for taking accounts:

1st. Of the judgment and other liens upon the real estate of said Taylor, in said case; and 2nd. Of the annual rental and fee simple value of such estate; at which time and place the said Taylor, or his agent, is to appear. Given under my hand this 3rd day of February, 1871. THOMAS M. RANSON, Commissioner in Chancery.

Fire Insurance. Insurance Company. of Cincinnati, Ohio. Cash Capital, paid in, \$1,000,000. JAMES KER, AGENT, Office over First National Bank, Staunton.

FIRMAN'S Fund Insurance Company. San Francisco, California. Branch Office, 114 Broadway, New York. Cash Capital,