Staunton Spectator.

Tuesday, March 19, 1872.

Altercation between Deneale and Riddlebarger.

An altercation between Deneale, of Rockingham, and Riddlebarger, of Shenandoah, occurred on the floor of the House of Delegates on Thursday last. Both were arrested by the Sergeant-at-Arms, and placed under bonds in the sum of $5,000 each, to keep the peace.

During the consideration of the land scrip bill, as the *Whig* says editorially, Messrs. Deneale and Riddlebarger were seen to converse excitedly. Immediately afterwards the former walked towards the door, and the latter, taking his hat, prepared to follow, when the Sergeant-at-Arms placed them under arrest. Mr. Riddlebarger, rising to a question of privilege, stated that he had been denounced by the member from Rockingham (Mr. Deneale) as a scoundrel and a puppy, and he protested against the right of the Sergeant-at-Arms to arrest him. Mr. Deneale said that he had always endeavored to preserve the dignity and decorum of the House, and that nothing was farther from his purposes than to offer an insult to it; but he made it a rule to repel indignity whenever offered to him. He disclaimed any purpose to violate the rules of the House, but had no apologies to make to the member from Shenanadoah (Mr. Riddlebarger). There was much confusion and excitement. The proceedings taken by the House will be found in our regular report.

New Hampshire Election.

The State election in New Hampshire, on last Tuesday, resulted in the success of the Republican ticket, by a small majority. In 1868, says the N. Y. *World*, "Grant carried New Hampshire by about 8,000 majority; but now, after strenuous and desperate exertions, he has barely saved it by a pitiful majority, which shows a great ebb in his popularity since he was elected President. In 1868, the Federal patronage was in the hands of Andrew Johnson and wielded against Grant; but now, with the patronage in his own hands and most unscrupulously used, his majority is a mere bagatelle compared with what it was then.—The Democratic party is satisfied with this result. It confirms the certainty of Grant's renomination, precludes the taking up of any other candidate who might reunite the Republican party, and though last not least, it removes the last vestige of danger that any portion of the Democratic party will protest against the complete abandonment of dead issues."

Workingmen.

The Norfolk *Virginian* says that the youth of the State must be reared with a full knowledge of the value of a manly self-reliance and should be taught to work for themselves. When we cease to entertain extravagant and erroneous ideas of the social dignity of idleness, then, and not till then, will we begin to build up our waste places, as the trite phrase runs. This age looks more and more every day at results, and although the war has left us impoverished, although we are oppressed with debt and taxation, and struggle under a most iniquitous Constitution, still we have resources within ourselves which a race of busy workmen can develop, and that, too, with the certainty of accumulating wealth and power. This theory is not at all incompatible with sound education for our boys in the ordinary meaning of the term. They can be students of books, and work also at the plough, or the forge; with axe and hammer; and a recognition of the circumstances by which we are surrounded teaches every thoughtful parent in the State that the next generation, to be successful, must be able to work with their hands as well as their heads.

Special Court of Appeals.

On Saturday week the Court of Appeals appointed Judge G. A. Wingfield, of the Lynchburg circuit, Judge W. S. Barton, of the Fredericksburg circuit, and Judge Wm. McLaughlin, of this circuit, Judges of the Special Court of Appeals, in accordance with the act of the Legislature, which provides, "that the Court of Appeals shall designate annually three Judges of the Circuit Courts, to constitute a special Court of Appeals, who shall assemble in the city of Richmond annually on such day as the Court of Appeals may designate, and hold a court for the trial of such causes, civil and criminal, as the Court of Appeals cannot dispose of with convenient dispatch, and shall certify to it, as provided in article sixth, section three, of the constitution of the State, not exceeding fifty at a time."

Dr. Huston has been "interviewed," in Baltimore, where he is at present, by a reporter for the *New York Herald*, and the account of the "interview" is published. Dr. H., according to the reporter, declares the charges against him to be "utterly false," and that he is "the victim of conspiracy to cover up the sins of others." The same reporter also "interviewed" the girl, who is the principal accuser of Dr. H., who reiterates her former statements with some modifications.

The Washington correspondent of the Baltimore *Sun* says, "the executive committee of the Workingmen's Union has been in session here for several days, and has decided to establish its headquarters here, with a campaign committee to distribute documents, &c., in support of Davis and Parker, the nominees of the Columbus convention. Judge Davis, the candidate for President, has been consulted, and is in full accord with the plans and purposes of the committee.

Resignation of Judge Joynes.

In consequence of ill-health, Judge Joynes resigned his position as one of the Judges of the Court of Appeals of this State. On Tuesday last his resignation was communicated by the Governor to the Legislature. In both Houses of that body, suitable resolutions complementary of Judge Joynes, and expressive of the loss sustained by his resignation, were expressed.

A cattle law has been passes by the General Assembly of Illinois which provides that "it shall be unlawful for the owners of any domestic animals of the species of horse, mule, ass, cattle, sheep, goat or hog, to suffer the same to run at large in any county in the State."—The law subjects the owners of the animals to a fine of from three to ten dollars for every offence.

On the 1st of April, a number of the young men of Woodstock, under the direction of the Ladies' Memorial Association, of that place, will give an entertainment, the proceeds of which will be appropriated to the purpose of providing suitable head-boards for the graves of Confederate soldiers buried in the different burial grounds of that place.

Strikes continue abroad, but the results thus far have been in favor of capital. There is no doubt that labor is oppressed, but it seems clear that a "strike," made by men without money to hold out, is not exactly the method to adopt to remedy the evil.

The Virginia Debt.

James C. Taylor, Attorney General of the State of Virginia, has given an opinion on the effect of the act of Assembly declaring that coupons of the consolidated debt, shall not be receivable for taxes, in which he says:

"It is my opinion that the funding of the public debt will be continued until the whole debt is funded or the law authorizing it is repealed, and that the exchange of registered bonds for coupon bonds may be made as heretofore, with the exception only that all coupons hereafter issued will not bear the promise that they are receivable in payment of all taxes, debts, dues and demands due to the State."

In consequence of this opinion, Treasurer Mayo has stopped the funding of bonds, and will not resume until new coupons are printed, which will require from thirty to sixty days.

CAPT. JOEL MILLER, who has been editing for some time the Alexandria *Standard and Sentinel* with much ability, has retired from the editorial control of that journal.

We hope that he will soon connect himself again with the editorial fraternity. He is a gentleman, and a good writer. In his valedictory, he thus speaks of the journalists of this State:

"One word to the journalists of Virginia.—If there is one thing more than another of which Virginians ought to be proud, it is the high moral tone, the dignity and ability of her newspapers. Gentlemen, I have to say that I am proud to have been one of your number, and I regret the loss of your familiar faces on my exchange table, not less than the aid of your intelligent views."

Congressional Apportionment.

Under the act lately passed by Congress, providing for a new apportionment of districts for members of the House, the State of Virginia will be entitled to nine members, instead of eight, as at present.

To carry out the provisions of this act, both houses of the General Assembly have passed an act redistricting the State in accordance with our increase of representation.

By this apportionment, of the nine districts, this is the seventh, and is composed of the following counties: Bath, Highland, Augusta, Rockingham, Page, Albemarle, Greene, Shenadoah, Fluvanna, Goochland.—Population, 126,140.

The Presidential Question.

The Baltimore *Sun* says the nominations of the Labor Reform Convention—Mr. Justice Davis for President, and Governor Parker, of New Jersey, for Vice President—have been commented on by the press throughout the country. The Southern Democratic Conservative press generally pronounces them acceptable, and appears to acquiesce in their adoption by the Democratic nominating convention, at least if they be previously endorsed by the proposed Cincinnati convention of liberal Republicans, which is to be held in May.

At a meeting of the Supervisors of Shenandoah county, on the 11th inst., an order was made to have the lands of that county reassessed. Under the present law, the assessor receives two dollars per day, to be paid out of the county levy.

GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF VIRGINIA.

SENATE.—Wednesday, March 13.—The House amendment to the Senate bill providing a charter for the city of Staunton was agreed to.

The bill yesterday agreed upon, dividing the land scrip between Hampton Institute and Preston Olin Institute—one-third to the former and two-thirds to the latter—was amended and passed without a dissenting voice.

HOUSE.—The special order, Senate bill to regulate and define the jurisdiction of the county and circuit courts, to prescribe the number of terms of the circuit courts, and to fix the pay of county judges, came up.

Mr. Brooke moved to lay on the table. Lost—ayes, 57; noes, 57.

Mr. Deneale moved to postpone indefinitely. After considerable discussion this motion was agreed to—ayes, 68; noes, 43.

House bill to provide for the reorganization of the militia, and to repeal existing laws concerning the same, was passed by a constitutional vote—ayes, 73; noes, 22.

At the night session, the bill to reduce the per diem of members of the General Assembly, was taken up.

Pending its consideration, and after considerable filibustering, the House (at 10:30 P. M.) adjourned.

SENATE.—Thursday, March 14.—The Senate declined to concur in the action of the House extending the session for six days from the 19th inst.

HOUSE.—On motion of Mr. Walker, Senate bill providing for the disposition of the proceeds of the sale of the land scrip donated Virginia by Congress for educational purposes was taken up.

The bill having been read, Mr. Graham called the previous question, but the call was not sustained.

A scene of considerable confusion ensued, and the Speaker (Mr. Booker in the chair) had to threaten to enforce the rules by the aid of the Sergeant-at-Arms.

Mr. Walker called the pending question, but withdrew it at the earnest request of the colored members.

Mr. Peter Carter (colored Republican) then offered an amendment giving five-twelfths, instead of one-third, to the Hampton Normal School.

Mr. Powell called the pending question.

Mr. Norton (colored Republican) called the yeas and nays. If gag-law was to be enforced he wished to know who favored it.

The pending question was ordered—ayes, 56; noes, 50.

At this point in the proceedings Mr. Deneale, who was standing in the middle aisle, and Mr. Riddlebarger, who was about rising from his seat with a menacing gesture, were placed under arrest by the Sergeant-at-Arms.

Mr. Riddlebarger arose to a question of high privilege. He had just been insulted by a member of this House (Mr. Deneale) by being called a scoundrel and a puppy. He was a law-abiding man, but although the gentleman who had insulted him was his senior, as a man and as a representative he could not and would not submit to any indignity from him. He demanded to know why he (Mr. Riddlebarger) was placed under arrest when about to resent an insult and his assailant was not,

The Sergeant-at-Arms said he had placed both gentlemen under arrest because a breach of the peace was imminent.

The Speaker (Mr. Watts in the chair) said the Sergeant-at-Arms had discharged his duty in arresting the gentlemen if a difficulty on the floor was about to take place, but he could not hold them without the further order of the House.

Messrs. Bagwell, Kelly, and Lawson thought the Sergeant-at-Arms had done no more than his duty.

Mr. Booker said that officer was carrying out instructions given him by him (Mr. Booker) while in the chair.

Mr. Deneale said he had been first insulted by the gentleman from Shenandoah (Mr. Riddlebarger,) and would resent an insult from either an old or young man in his own way.—He did not claim the protection of the House, and had no apology to make.

Mr. Bagwell thought this scene was a disgrace to the House, and that the House should at once take action to maintain its dignity.

Mr. Riddlebarger arose to ask that the words spoken by Mr. Deneale be taken down by the Clerk.

Mr. Bagwell raised the point of order that the gentleman from Shenandoah (Mr. Riddlebarger) was under arrest, and had no right to be heard.

The Chair (Mr. Watts) decided the point well taken.

Mr. Kelly offered the following resolution:

"*Resolved*, That the Sergeant-at-Arms be, and is hereby, directed to arrest and continue to hold in custody the member from Shenandoah (Mr. Riddlebarger) and the member from Rockingham (Mr. Deneale) to await the action of this House." Agreed to.

Mr. Neale offered the following; which was also agreed to:

"*Resolved*, That the Speaker appoint a committee of five, to whom shall be referred the investigation of the difficulty between Messrs. Riddlebarger and Deneale, and report to this House at an early day what action by the House is necessary."

The Speaker thereupon appointed the following committee: Messrs. Neale, Daniel, Douglas, Brooke, and Gray.

The Sergeant-at-Arms then took charge of his prisoners.

Order being restored a vote was taken upon Mr. P. Carter's amendment to the land scrip bill, and it was rejected.

Mr. Fitzgerald offered an amendment providing for the division of the proceeds of the scrip between Roanoke College, Hampden Sydney, Richmond College, and the Hampton School.

Mr. Taliaferro moved to strike Hampden Sydney from the substitute. The friends of that institution had been fairly beaten, and would not make a factious fight.

Mr. Poague took the same ground as to the Virginia Military Institute, and announced his intention to vote for the bill as it came from the Senate.

The amendment of Mr. Taliferro was agreed to.

Mr. Hill withdrew the claims of the University in favor of Preston and Olin.

Mr. Fitzgerald withdrew his substitute.

The bill was then passed—ayes, 86; noes, 19.

On motion of Mr. Daniel, the Sergeant-at-Arms was directed to release Messrs. Riddlebarger and Deneale on bail in the sum of $5,000 each to keep the peace, and await the further order of the House.

Senate bill to incorporate the Mechanics' Union of the city of Staunton was passed.

SENATE.—Friday, March 15.—House joint resolution extending the session for seven days from 19th of March was concurred in—ayes, 30; noes, 6.

Senate bill to provide for the equitable adjustment of debts contracted prior to the 10th day of April, 1865, was informally passed by.

The tax bill was considered up to the hour of adjournment.

HOUSE.—Mr. Taliaferro offered a joint resolution extending the session for fifteen days from the 19th inst.

On motion of Mr. J. T. Brown, the resolution was amended by striking out "fifteen" and inserting "seven."

The resolution as amended was agreed to—ayes, 89; noes, 25.

Mr. Neale presented the report of the committee appointed to investigate the breach of privilege by Messrs. Deneale and Riddlebarger. The committee report that while they believe no disrespect to the House was meant by either of the members named, the effect was to cause a breach of good order and decorum. They therefore recommend that the members be brought to the bar of the House and required to apologize; in default of which they shall be reprimanded by the Speaker.

Mr. Matthew moved as a substitute that as, in the judgment of the committee, no disrespect to the House was intended, the offending members should be released from custody and restored to their rights and privileges.

The substitute was adopted, and the report as amended agreed to.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

XLIInd CONGRESS, 2nd SESSION.

SENATE.—Tuesday, March 12.—Appropriations were considered all day.

Mr. Johnston introduced a bill providing for the payment of claims for rent arising in States declared to be in rebellion; also, to provide an adequate supply of circulating medium for States needing it.

It directs the Secretary of the Treasury, on application of Governors of States, to supply them with treasury notes to an amount which, in connection with the national bank notes already furnished, shall make eight dollars for each inhabitant; provided real estate security is given for the repayment of such sums in fifteen years.

HOUSE.—In the matter of amnesty it was ordered that hereafter no bills shall be passed unless the names are read. The trouble grows from the name of Governor Vance, of North Carolina, which is in one of the House bills.

Mr. James M. Leach presented Vance's name, and he claimed that he had violated no pledge or understanding in including the name in the list.

The Yerba Buena bill was recommitted to the Pacific Railroad Committee.

A long debate occurred over subsidies to steamboat lines.

Post-office appropriations were discussed until adjournment.

SENATE.—Wednesday, March 13.—The appointment of a Committee of Investigation regarding appointments to office, &c., was considered at some length, but without action.

The discussion of appropriations was resumed.

HOUSE.—The bill forbiding the enlistment of minors was passed.

The bill removing certain cases, in which Federal officers are defendants, to the Federal courts, was, after a long discussion, recommitted.

The Pacific steamship subsidy bill was resumed, and a long and excited debate ensued, with no action.

SENATE.—Thursday, March 14.—Most of the day was used in wrangling over precedence.—Mr. Sherman wanted the tariff bill; Mr. Cole wanted appropriations; Mr. Chandler wanted commerce, while other senators pressed comparatively unimportant measures to precedence. Mr. Trumbull said it would be folly to pass the tariff bill, because the House would table it.

The salaries of the district judges were raised to $5,000 with a clause authorizing their transfer from one district to another as the exigencies of the service required. This goes back to the House for correction.

The conference committee's report, giving St. Louis $2,250,000, was passed.

The tariff bill was read. Mr. Scott of Pennsylvania, gave notice of an amendment for free importation of tea and coffee.

HOUSE.—The bill paying Kansas $327,000 for war expenses was passed.

The bill authorizing the Southern Claims Commission to appoint special commissioners to take evidence was also passed.

A large number of private bills reported by the Committee on Claims were passed

The conference committee reported a bill giving St. Louis $500,000 for the site and $1,750,000 for public buildings; which was passed.

SENATE.—Friday, March 15.—After disposing of some unimportant business, Mr. Trumbull made a personal explanation denying certain charges made in a Michigan paper accusing him of having taken an illegal fee in the McArdle case, and that this fee had influenced his vote in the impeachment trial of President Johnson. He said that the charges, entirely unfounded, were trumped up because of his recent opposition to fraud and corrupion, and intimated that they instigated from Senator Chandler. Mr. Chandler replied in a very personal address, and was called to order by the Speaker during its delivery. The Tariff bill was taken up, and Mr. Sherman made a speech in explanation of its provisions. Without transacting any additional business of importance the Senate adjourned until Monday.

HOUSE.—The St. Croix Railroad bill was amended and passed, the title being changed to a bill to declare forfeited to the United States certain lands granted to the State of Wisconsin, to aid in the construction of a railroad, and to reserve the same under the Homestead law to actual settlers.

The defeat of the Democrats in New Hampshire has not occasioned us any surprise.

It may prove a blessing in disguise.

The division in the Republican ranks would certainly not have been widened by a Democratic victory in New Hampshire; it might, by unduly elating the Democrats, have led to the discouragement of that passive policy which has up to the present time been so wisely followed, and whose immediate fruits were the calling of the Cincinnati Convention. That movement will gather increased strength now, and if the Democrats are prudent, may result in the overthrow of the administration. It is the policy of the Democratic party to wait and see what that Convention is going to do.—*Rich. Enquirer.*

California exempts editors from jury duty, thinking they have trials enough in their business.

Wendell Phillips and Tom Scott.

In a speech recently in Philadelphia, on the subject of the "Lost Arts," Wendell Phillips thus spoke of the great Railroad King and manipulator of State Legislatures, familiarly known as "Tom Scott," of Pennsylvania:

"Your great fellow-citizen, whom some people irreverently call Tom Scott, is at the head of a company controlling $350,000,000. He places one hand in the Atlantic and the other in the Pacific; his influence extends from Saginaw to Mobile, and when he walks eastward from the Golden Gate the wind of his coat-tails topples over a State Legislature at every stride."

Mr. Greeley's Last.

NEW YORK "TRIBUNE,"
NEW YORK, March 7, 1872.

MY DEAR SIR: I am doing my best on the conservative movement, and expect to do so to the end. I take no care as to candidates, but if there should be an attempt to make free trade a plank of the platform, I must be counted out.

Yours,
HORACE GREELEY.

A. J. Wedderburn, editor *Sentinel*, Alexandria, Va.

LEWISBURG NEWS.—In Lewisburg, Greenbrier county, W. Va., on Saturday evening, the 9th inst., in an altercation between Mr. Jesse J. Levisay and A. C. Liggett, Sergeant of the town of Lewisburg, the latter shot the former with a pistol, the ball entering the back about an inch to the left of the spinal column and lodged in the ribs.

On the same evening, Mr. Hugh Ballard, by the careless use of his pistol, accidentally shot James F. Montgomery, son of Mr. W. H. Montgomery—the ball entering the left hip and lodging in his thigh.

On the next day, a dead mulatto infant was found in the yard of Mr. John T. Rapp by his small son. The examination of the lungs of the infant established that it had been born alive.—The jury of inquest rendered the following verdict:

"That the infant came to its death by strangulation at the hands of some party or parties unknown to the jury."

The above items we learn from the local column of the *Greenbrier Independent*.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS remaining in the Staunton Post-Office, of the week ending March 18th, 1872:

LADIES.

Buck Miss M—due 8c
Black Mrs Sarah
Buford Miss A G
Brown Miss J A
Byrd " Easter—2
Camel " Susie
Dovel " Rebecca
Dike Mrs Kate
Engleman Miss Mag
Eichelberger Mrs H S, due 3c
Ellinger Mrs Mary
Elenger " Eliza
Forbes Miss Mary
Forge " Sallie
French Miss Maggie
Fleming Mrs J
Feilds Mrs Emma
Golden Adaline
Hatter E
Hage Miss E
Hendren Mrs Lucy
Haines Mrs R E
Halstock Mrs Maggie
Hirres M
Jackson Mary Z
Jones Anna
Johnson mrs Amanda
Reese miss Mary
Ross mrs L
Ross miss A M—2
Smith miss L T
Stalk mrs M A C
Talley miss H R
Terrell mrs Jinnie
Thomas miss Mary A
Venable miss Fanny
Venable miss Agnes
Wood mrs Lucy D
Washington miss L
Wilson mrs Fannie

GENTLEMEN.

Atkins, B F
Baker John—registered
Baylor A
Brooks James
Bones Wm
Cone A A—registered
Childs J
Coleman Jeff
Elexander Jack
Finley Samuel
Frame Jeff
Fry Buck
Garret James
Gregory J W
Gray John G
Honihan Thos—registered
Johnson B H
Lumpkins J L
Manty J E
Miller Lewis
Munford James
Nelson R R
Norman T T
Page G W
Parker Arthur
Richardson W G—2
Ragland Joerson
Rawan John
Samson Joe
Sideres W A
Smith M—registered
Taylor Wm
Thompson W
Watkins T L
Weaver W H
Wright James—2
Wenfree J B
Warker Chos
Williams C N

Persons calling for Letters in the above list should state that they are "Advertised" to distinguish them from the daily mail. As a list of Advertised letters are made up every week, the date of the paper in which they appear should be given. E. H. SEARS, P. M.

The History of a National Remedy. Here is the history of the most celebrated tonic of the age in a nutshell. In 1860 it was announced that a certain combination of vegetable ingredients, with a pure diffusive stimulant, was working wonders in the cure of chronic dyspepsia, nervous debility, liver complaint, periodical fevers, rheumatism and constitutional weakness. The unpretending name given to the specific was PLANTATION BITTERS. The statement attracted the attention of invalids everywhere. The new remedy received a fair trial, and the results more than confirmed all that had been said in its praise. Thenceforward it was a grand success. The business columns of the press spread the glorious news far and wide, and the martyrs to indigestion, biliousness, physical prostration and premature decay, as if by common consent, sought relief from the new vegetable restorative. *They found what they sought.* From that time to the present the increase in the demand for Plantation Bitters has been one of the most striking events in this age.

For Coughs, Bronchitis and Consumption, in its early stages, nothing equals Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It

TO THE PUBLIC SCHOOL TRUSTEES OF THE COUNTY.—An Act has been passed by the present Legislature and approved by the Governor, providing for the organization of County School Boards and prescribing their duties. In compliance with said act, the school trustees of the county will please assemble on next Monday, March 25, (Court day,) at the Court house, in the Court of Appeals room, at eleven o'clock. Several subjects of importance make it desirable that there should be a full meeting.

J. E. GUY, Co. Supt. Schools.

Town papers please copy.

BRUCE'S PURE COPPER DISTILLED WHISKY.—We have in store, for retail, Bruce's Pure Copper Distilled Whisky—guaranteed to be free from all drugs. Parties wishing a pure article can always find it at the store of

mar12-3t H. A. GLENN & Co.

Nothing renders a lady so charming and irresistible as a pure and blooming complexion. This can be obtained by using Benson's Salalem Broth which removes all Tan, Freckles, Sunburns, Pimples, &c. For sale by all druggists.

ICE! ICE!!—My friends and customers can rely upon a full supply of ICE during the next season, delivered promptly every morning. I guarantee this or *no pay*. Leave your orders at the Post-office.

mar12-2t JOHN A. NOON.

GET THE BEST AND CHEAPEST.—If you want to get the best and cheapest Furniture of all kinds, send your orders to H. F. Zimmerman & Son, 513, 7th street, Washington, D. C. Orders filled promptly and satisfaction guaranteed.

Farmers, before purchasing their Winter Boots and Shoes ought to look at Weller's large stock. He thinks it would be to your interest as well as his own. no7

If you wish a pretty, neat and nice-fitting shoe, go to Weller's. Mr. Munchausen Steinborough never misses a fit. no7

It is no wonder Weller sells so many Boots and Shoes, for it would be strange indeed after looking through his extensive stock, not to find something to suit in style and price. no7

Gentlemen will find at Weller's a full line of the latest styles of Hats and Caps, fine calf sewed Boots, Umbrellas, &c. no7

If Mrs. Partington were in Staunton, she would buy her shoes at Weller's, and advise Ike to go and do likewise. no7

BOYS, buy your Boots and Hats at Weller's. no7

LADIES, have you seen the latest sensation shoe at Weller's. no7

New Advertisements.

TO-DAY!

New Goods! Spring Goods!

in nice choice styles and of the best quality.—My stock is good in every department.

Come and see!

mar19-1m F. M. YOUNG.

EXTRA EARLY ROSE, White Peach Blow, and Early Goodrich Potatoes, for planting purposes for sale by

ANDREW J. ANDREWS,
Commission Merchant, 1512 Main street,
Richmond, Va.

Peaches, Tomatoes and Asparagus for sale by A. J. ANDREWS,

mar19-2t Commission Merchant.

New Advertisements.

VIRGINIA:—In Vacation—In the Clerk's Office of the Circuit Court for Augusta county, March 14th, 1872—

Thomas Shumate, ... Plaintiff,
against
N. K. Trout, John Crawford, Thomas Washington, James M. Loffland, Job Cowger, J. H. Irvine, Wm. H. Marshall, John M. Estill, Benj. Estill, Rachael L. Estill, Martha J. Estill, Nancy McClintic, Mary J. Estill, widow of Dr. Harry Estill, dec'd, Chas. P. Estill, John S. Estill, R. K. Estill, Harry Estill, Wm. Estill, Cecil Estill, Frances H. Estill, Isabella Estill, Kittie Estill, and Mary J. Estill, children and heirs at law of Harry Estill, dec'd, John B. Irvine and Eliza his wife, (formerly Eliza Estill,) Livingston Waddell, husband of Hannah W. Waddell, dec'd, formerly Hannah W. Estill, and Martha Waddell, Thomas L. Preston and Lucy his wife, formerly Lucy Waddell, William Houston, and Mary his wife, (formerly Waddell,) Edmonia Waddell, Maria Waddell, Janette Waddell, James H. Waddell, John E. Waddell, Edward Waddell, Alexander Waddell, and Benjamin Waddell, ... Defendants.

In Chancery on Original, Amended and Supplemental Bills.

The object of this suit is to establish for the benefit of the Plaintiff, Thomas Shumate, the vendor's lien on certain lands in Augusta county, now in the possession of James M. Loffland, for two bonds of $1000.00 each, bearing date January 15th, 1858, executed by one James L. Nash to Thomas Washington, by said Washington assigned to John Crawford, and by Crawford to the Plaintiff.

The Defendant, James H. Waddell, not having entered his appearance, and it appearing by affidavit filed that due diligence has been used on behalf of Plaintiff to ascertain in what county or corporation he resides, but without effect, and that he is believed to be a non-resident of this State: It is therefore ordered that he do appear here within one month after due publication of this notice, and do what is necessary to protect his interest. Teste,

mar19-4t J. N. RYAN, Clk.

Smith & Elder, p. q.

THE SOUTH—A WEEKLY EIGHT-PAGE PAPER, published in the City of New York, by

TARDREW & CO., 21 PARK ROW,
FOR $3 A YEAR.

Devoted to the material interests of the Southern States, and laboring for the development of all their wonderful resources, by encouraging immigration and giving full and reliable information concerning every part of the South.

The South

has met the cordial approval and support of all the Southern State Governments, Immigration Bureaus, Agricultural Societies and leading citizens generally. It gives information of the Railroads, Manufactures, Colleges, Societies, Cities, Commerce, Agriculture, Finances, News, Markets, Minerals, Trade—in fact everything—all over the South.

Thousands of copies are every week distributed through this country, North and South, and in Europe.

To make it especially valuable to every business man and household in the South we have departments each week giving full reviews of the markets and quotations of stocks and produce, and also matters of interest to every housekeeper.

Every Southern man should give it his support. Every other man that wants to know anything about the South would find it well worth the subscription price.

It is an unsurpassed medium for advertising all descriptions of Southern property for sale or exchange, or for inviting labor and capital in any desired channel.

Subscribe for it at once, and induce as many more as you can to do so.

Special inducements in club rates and premiums for those who will canvass for us.

AGENTS WANTED.

Specimen copies furnished on application and on receipt of postage.

Address TARDREW & CO.,
mar19-1m 21 Park Row, N. Y.

VIRGINIA—At Rules held in the Clerk's Office of the County Court of Augusta County, on the 4th day of March, 1872—

Frederick Craun, ... Plaintiff,
against
Samuel H. Craun in his own right and as Executor of Sarah Craun, dec'd, and Edward Huffman and Samuel Crickenberger his securities in his Executor's bond—Daniel Craun, John Plecker, and Eliza his wife, Christopher Landes and Nannie his wife, Samuel Hale and Mary his wife, Elias Craun, Samuel D. Cook and Margaret his wife, Edward Huffman in his own right and Bettie his wife, G. B. Edwards and Sarah his wife, and John F. Craun,
Defendants—IN CHANCERY.

It appearing from papers in this cause that the Defendants, John Plecker and Eliza his wife, Christopher Landes and Nannie his wife, and Samuel Hale and Mary his wire, are non-residents of the State of Virginia, it is ordered that they do appear here within one month after due publication hereof, and do what is necessary to protect their interests in this cause.

A copy—Teste.

WILLIAM A. BURNETT, Clk.

Fultz & Fultz, p. q. mar5-6w

TO STOCKHOLDERS OF THE Valley Railroad Company.

Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Directors of the Valley Railroad Company held on the 5th day of March, 1872, the following resolution was adopted:

"*Resolved*, That in order to prosecute the work "of the Company, and to fulfill the construction contracts, soon to be entered into, it is "hereby ordered that the stockholders of this "Company, who have not already made the payment hereinafter required, respectively pay to "the Treasurer, as quotas upon their subscriptions of stock, THIRTY PER CENT. THEREOF, "*on or before April 15th, 1872*, and the Financial Committee and Counsel of the Company "shall cause this order to be carried into effect "as promptly as may be."

It is hoped that the foregoing order will be promptly complied with, without the necessity of legal proceedings to enforce it.

Payments can be made to the undersigned at their office in Staunton, or to Wm. H. Ijams, Treasurer, in Baltimore.

SHEFFEY & BUMGARDNER,
mar19-3t Counsel for V. R. R. Co.

COMMISSIONERS' SALE of Middle River Land.—By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court of Augusta county, on the 3rd day of July, 1871, in the cause of Humbert vs. Crickenbarger, we will, on Saturday, the 20th day of April, 1872, proceed to re-sell the land in the bill and proceedings in the above cause mentioned. Said tract of land is situated on Middle river in Augusta county, adjoining the lands of Rife, Kerr, and others, and contains one hundred and sixty and one-third acres.

Terms of sale.—Cash in hand to pay the costs of suit and sale, and the balance in three equal annual instalments, payable in one, two and three years from day of sale. The purchaser executing bonds with approved security and the title retained as ultimate security.

N. K. TROUT,
ALEX. H. FULTZ,
mar19-tds Commissioners.

TURKISH PRUNES,
German Prunes
Split Peas,
Lemburger Cheese,
Switzer Cheese,
Hand Cheese,
German Sweet Chocolate,
Twin Brothers Yeast Powders,
Dooley's Yeast Powders,
Cheese Safes,

R. D. SEARS, agent,
corner Main and New streets.

A WEBER PIANO—A superior WEBER Piano for sale.—It has splendid *Tone* and excellent *Touch*, and was selected from more than a dozen other instruments by the same and other makers. It was selected by the undersigned *for his own use*, and he now offers it for sale in consequence of his leaving for Europe.

This is an excellent opportunity to obtain a *very fine instrument* at a small price. Apply to

Prof. W. H. FENNEY,
mar19-1m* Kalorama, Staunton, Va.

SHINN & CO.,
General Commission Merchants,
AND DEALERS IN
FISH, SALT, PLASTER, SEEDS,
FERTILIZERS, &c.,
No. 13 Union Street,
ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA.

Particular attention paid to the selling of Flour, Grain and all kinds of Country Produce. All orders filled at the lowest market rates.

mar19-3m

JAMES E. McGRAW,
DEALER IN FRESH AND SALTED
POTOMAC SHAD & HERRINGS,
No. 1 City Fish Wharves,
ALEXANDRIA, VIRGINIA.

All orders promptly filled at lowest market rates. mar19-3m

MRS. A. T. PETERFISH wishes to inform the public that she is prepared to take in Domestic Sewing, and also to do weaving such as CARPET or any other weaving and will sometimes have carpet for sale. She thanks the people for their past patronage and hopes for a continuance of the same. Her residence is near the bridge, and opposite Bickles' shop.

mar19-1t

POSITIVE NOTICE.—Those knowing themselves indebted to J. A. & Y. M. Bickle are requested to come forward and settle at once. We need money and must have it, and it is expected of those who are indebted to us that they will meet their liabilities to us without further notice.

mar19-3t J. A. & Y. M. BICKLE.

LOCUST POSTS—wanted, 100, one hundred of very best quality, in month of April. WM. FRAZIER.

Oakenwold, March 19-1t

Auction Sales.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL and PERSONAL PROPERTY.—As representatives of the heirs of Mrs. Elizabeth Forrer, dec'd., we will offer for sale publicly, on WEDNESDAY, 3RD DAY OF APRIL next, the estate long known as "Mossy Creek Iron Works," in Augusta county, Virginia. It consists of a Farm, Merchant Mill, Saw Mill, Extensive Water Power and valuable beds of Iron Ore.

The Farm contains 850 acres of fertile land—600 cleared and 250 well timbered.

The Merchant Mill is large and capable of doing an extensive business.

The Saw Mill is in good condition and capable of sawing 1000 feet daily.

The Water Power cannot be excelled in the Valley in strength and regularity. There is a sufficient amount of water unused, to run Factories of any capacity. No better situations can be found in the county for manufacturing purposes.

Exhaustless beds of Hematite Iron Ore are on the farm, and a mineral *right* covering a large boundary belongs to it. The ore has been used for 70 years.

All the improvements on said farm are of the best quality. Schools and Churches of all denominations are convenient. The said farms will be sold as a whole or in parcels, which will be shown on a map of the farm on the day of sale. Terms made known on day of sale.

Address, Mossy Creek, Augusta county, Va.

JOHN K. FORRER,
SAM'L FORRER,
Feb 27 ts Agents for the heirs.

Hagerstown Mail copy 4ts and send account to this office.

PERSONAL PROPERTY For Sale. On the same day we will offer for sale on the premises all of the personal effects of Dan'l Forrer, dec'd., consisting of 10 horses, 8 colts, 38 head of cattle, 50 hogs, a lot of sheep, 4 large wagons, 1 spring wagon, a large lot of harness, corn and hay, 2 horse carts, 1 ox cart, wheat drill, mower and reaper, hay rakes, 1 buggy and harness, a large lot of farming utensils, 2 pianos and a quantity of household furniture.

Terms.—Cash on all sums of $10 and under—over that amount a credit of 6 months will be given. Approved security will be required on all bonds.

JOHN K. FORRER,
SAMUEL FORRER,
Feb 27 tds Executors.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.—By virtue of a decree rendered by the Circuit Court of Augusta county, at the November term, 1871, in the case of "John W. Barr vs. Logan J. Maupin," we will, as Commissioners of said court proceed to sell on the premises, on SATURDAY, MARCH 2ND, 1872, that valuable South River farm owned by Logan J. Maupin, containing by estimation,

347½ Acres,

lying on South River, about 4 miles East of New Hope. This is one of the most valuable farms in the Valley. The land is as rich as any in the county, (a large portion being River bottom) lies well and is easily farmed. The improvements consist of a

BRICK MANSION,

and commodious out-buildings. There is an orchard on the farm, and an abundant supply of timber. The neighborhood is one of the most desirable in the county. The land will be sold altogether, or in parcels as may be deemed most advisable.

TERMS.—Cash in hand to pay costs of suit and sale, and the balance in four equal annual instalments bearing interest from the day of sale; bonds with approved security to be given by the purchasers, and the title to be retained as ultimate security.

JAMES BUMGARDNER, Jr.,
N. K. TROUT,
MEADE F. WHITE,
Commissioners.

Postponement.—The above sale is postponed till Friday, April 5th, 1872.

march 5 tds B., T., & W., Comr's.

COMMISSIONERS' SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE near Staunton.—In pursuance of a decree entered at the November term 1871, by the Circuit Court of Augusta county, in the Chancery causes of Massie, &c., vs. Parker, &c., and Steele, &c., vs. Parker, &c., heard together, the undersigned Commissioners will, on THURSDAY, THE 4TH DAY APRIL, 1872, offer for sale at public auction on the premises, two very valuable tracts of land known as the "Smith" and "Burwell" places

The Smith place contains about three acres, is about one mile East of Staunton, and will make fine building lots.

The Burwell place contains about 25 acres and is one mile East of Staunton, has upon it a fine brick dwelling house, and necessary out houses, a good garden, &c. It extends to the proposed site of the Valley R. Road Depot. The whole property will be sold in accordance with plat and survey which will be exhibited upon the grounds upon the day of sale.

Terms—As much in hand as will pay costs of suits and sale, and balance in one, two and three years—purchaser to give bonds bearing interest from day of sale, with good security for deferred payments and legal title to be retained as ultimate security.

GEO. M. COCHRAN, Jr.,
S. TRAVERS PHILLIPS,
march5-4t JAMES BUMGARDNER.

COMMISSIONERS' SALE OF 58¼ ACRES OF LAND NEAR FISHERSVILLE.—By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court of Augusta County, rendered on the 27th day of November, 1872, in the suit of "Antrim's Ex'rs vs.