Staunton Spectator.

Tuesday, August 20, 1872.

Presidential Ticket.

FOR PRESIDENT.
HORACE GREELEY,
of New York.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT.
B. GRATZ BROWN,
of Missouri.

State Electoral Ticket.

Electors at Large.
COL. ROBERT E. WITHERS, of Richmond.
GEN'L J. L. KEMPER, of Madison.

District Electors.

1st District—W. W. WALKER, of Westmoreland.
2nd District—Col. DAVID J. GODWIN, of Portsmouth.
3rd District—WM. S. GILMAN, of Richmond.
4th District—PHILIP W. MCKINNEY, of Prince Edward.
5th District—BENJ. GREEN, of Pittsylvania.
6th District—ROBERT A. COGHILL, of Amherst.
7th District—MOSES WALTON, of Shenandoah.
8th District—JAMES H. WILLIAMS, of Winchester.
9th District—JAMES W. FRENCH, of Bland.

LEWISBURG, GREENBRIER CO., W. VA. July 17th, 1872.

The papers have contained notices of the shooting of Maj. Campbell at Alexandria, Egypt by Geo. H. Butler, the U. S. Consul General to Egypt, Alexandria. It seems that it was the purpose of Butler to assassinate Campbell and that he would have succeeded had he not been prevented by Gen. Loring and Gen. Reynolds, southern officers in the Confederate service during the late war in this country, who, since that war, have been in the military service of the Khedive of Egypt, one of the wealthiest potentates of the world, who is wise enough to avail himself of the military skill and gallantry of American officers. Gen. Reynolds is a native of this place, and from a letter of his dated "Alexandria, Egypt, July 22nd, 1872," addressed to his only surviving sister, Mrs. Sally A. Patton, widow of the lamented Dr. Wm. N. Patton, we are permitted to make the following extract giving an account of the attempt of Butler to assassinate Major Campbell.

"On the 12th of this month, he, (Butler) with two of his hired assassins, attempted to assassinate Major Campbell, an American officer in the Egyptian army; wounding him very badly, so much so that it is feared he will lose his leg, if not his life. Butler and his assassins, whose vallainies have culminated in an attempt at murder, have fled the country for parts unknown. Butler is a nephew of old Beast Butler who played such a damnable part in the war. The attack upon Major Campbell was one of the most outrageous affairs that has ever taken place—a regular concocted scheme to murder him; and if Gen. Loring and I had not been present and prevented it, they would have succeeded. There is, throughout all Egypt, the greatest indignation felt against Butler. The Government of Egypt has represented the affair to the Government of the United States, condemning Butler in no measured terms. Before he left, he wrote all kinds of lies which doubtless will be published in the United States so as to forestall public opinion, so you must not believe anything you hear till the whole truth is told. Many here think that the man has been for some time in a chronic state of *delirium tremens.*"

There is quite a contrast between the "quarters" these officers had during their service in the Confederacy and that which they now have in that of the Vice Roy of Egypt, as will be seen from the following extract:—

"Since I last wrote you, we have moved our quarters from old Mussafar Khanna to this magnificient Palace of Kabbara, just on the outskirts of the city. It was built by Said Pacha, the former Vice Roy, as a country Palace. Since his death, no one has occupied it except occasionally distinguished strangers, Princes, Dukes, &c. His Highness has removed Gen. Loring and my family to it. It is fully and elegantly furnished. It is in the centre of a large park, with broad avenues shaded by trees. The gardens contain about ten acres of all the fruits of the tropics, and filled with the rarest flowers—with large fountains throwing their spray in every direction—beautiful statuary and vases line the walks,—it looks like a fairy scene. The rooms of the Palace are of immense size, and, if I may make use of an Irish bull, papered with tapestry silk of the most beautiful kind; the ceilings are all beautifully frescoed, and the floors of fine marble.—Mary's chamber is fit for a Queen—it is so elegant. The air is lovely and so cool at night that we sleep under a blanket. His Highness not only gives us this fine place to live in, but he furnishes the servants to take care of it—so you see, we are not suffering."

Col. Frank Reynolds, son of Gen. Reynolds, also in the military service of the Khedive, accompanied by his mother and wife and little son, are now on a protracted visit to the continent. They left Alexandria on the 26th day of June, and will be absent some months visiting places of interest in Italy, Switzerland, France, &c. They will spend a month in Paris. The wife of Col. Frank Reynolds was Miss Macon Ball, of Montgomery, Alabama, who has a number of acquaintances in Staunton, who will be pleased to learn of the pleasant trip she is having on the continent of Europe, and that her husband is a handsome man and an accomplished and gallant officer, and quite a favorite of the Khedive, with a brilliant prospect for the future. We make another extract from Gen. Reynolds' letter to his sister:

"His Highness has granted him [Frank] a leave as long as he wants, and said he was glad to do so in order that he might gain military information, so that he could be more useful to him. Gen. Stone, the Chief of Staff, says the Khedive will defray all his expenses. General Loring, Gen. Stone and myself will be sent next Summer as Representatives of the Vice Roy to Vienna to the great exhibition, and we anticipate a delightful time. Frank will have to stay at home to take charge of this corps in the absence of Gen. Loring, and to do the duties which I have to do as Chief of Staff of the army of the coast, which consists of about thirty thousand men. The authorities are making grand preparations to receive the Vice Roy when he returns from Constantinople which will be in the course of three weeks. We expect a grand time such as fetes and illuminations, presentations, &c., &c. The Prince is soon to be married, when another great time will occur—grand balls, &c. You can have no idea of the splendor of these things here—they must be seen to have any conception of them."

Rev. Henry C. Alexander, one of the Professors of the Theological Seminary a Hampden Sidney, delivered in the morning and evening of last Sabbath, in the Presbyterian Church of this place, able and interesting sermons, which showed that he was a gentleman of talent and culture, and worthy of his name and family which have added so much to the literature and shed such lustre upon the Presbyterian Church.

For the past several years quite a number of the bodies of dead persons, generally colored, have been found in the woods in this county along the line of the Ches. & Ohio Railroad in the course of construction through its limits. We suppose that some half dozen have thus been found. On the 8th inst., the body of another colored man was found in the woods about four miles from here. It is supposed that this indvidual had been dead about three months, and the jury of inquest rendered a verdict "that death resulted from some cause to them unknown."

Negro thieves are so numerous and greedy here that there is but little difficulty in catching them. Set a drunken man with money in his pocket and you can catch two with a single bait. This was done here last week, and two "hooking" negroes were hooked, and Henry Shelton and Robert Gwinn are now in jail, the former for robbing the inebriated Dr. Thomas Clay of $70, and the latter for robbing the former thief of $45, after he had robbed Dr. Clay.

Since the venerable Brady of the *Scottsville Register*, celebrated for his marvellous snake stories, has retired from the editorial fraternity, it seems that his mantle, like a shed snake-skin, has gracefully fallen upon the rotund form of the editor of the *Greenbrier Independent*, who promises to eclipse the deserved fame of his illustrious predecessor, for judging from his first essays in that line, it will not be long before he will publish and avouch the veracity of snake stories many degrees more marvellous than it ever entered into the brilliant and fertile imagination of Brady to concieve. Upon the subject of snake stories, he is *au fait*, and we recognize him as the highest authority, and do not hesitate to recommend those who desire to read snake stories that are both marvellous and true to subscribe for his interesting journal, which possesses other and even great merits than those to which we have referred. It puts its iron heel with force and effect upon the head of the venomous serpent of Radicalism, whether it appears in its naked deformity without disguise, or wears the "independent" hood to impose upon gullible Democrats and Conservatives.

An inventive genius, Mr. Marshall Wood, of this county, has received a patent, assigned to himself and Mr. Thos. Mathews of Lewisburg, for the invention of the "Machine Gun," which with its eight barrels, discharges 480 shots per minute. It is worked by a lever, and, being self-loading, the discharges are continuous, and it is so constructed as to furnish perfect protection to the operator or gunner from the balls of the adversary. This is a formidable weapon, and would be serviceable in war, where the object is to kill as many and in as short time as possible.

An appointment was made for Hon. J. N. Camden, the nominee of the Democratic and Conservative party of this State for Governor, to address the people here to-day—Saturday, but he was unable to get here, as the rain of Thursday and Thursday night made Meadow River too high for him to cross. This was a disappointment to many citizens of this county who were anxious to hear their chosen standard-bearer in the State canvass, whom they hope to elect as their Governor on Thursday next.

Though the candidate for Governor was not present, yet quite an interesting meeting was held which was addressed in an able and eloquent manner by Col. D. S. Hornshell formerly of this county, but now of Kentucky, and by Hon. Jesse D. Bright also of Kentucky, but formerly of Indiana which latter State he represented for eighteen years in the United States Senate, and by Maj. Henry M. Mathews of this place, nominee of the Democratic party for Attorney General of this State.

An appointment has been made for Camden's competitor—Gov. Jacobs, running as an independent candidate and supported by the Radicals and disaffected Democrats—to address the public here on Monday next, the 19th inst.

The contest beween these candidates will be close, as many Democrats will vote for Jacobs, and he will receive the full vote of the Radical party. There is some apprehension that the new State Constitution may be rejected.

☞ Remember the Excursion to Richmond on the 28th of August.

The New York World speaking of the North Carolina election, says: "There is reason for solid confidence, but none for frothy exultation. Mr. Greeley's chances, as viewed in the light of the North Carolina election, are more promising than General Grant's; but the Presidential canvass bids fair to be the most strenuous, on both sides, that has taken place within the memory of living men. It will be a fierce fight; the supporters of Grant exerting themselves with energy and Mr. Greeley's supporters with the courage which trusts nothing to mere luck or accident. The result in North Carolina, view it how you will, is a heavy blow to Grant.

The Grant party leaders in Boston are furious against Senator Sumner for his support of Greeley. For lack of argument to refute the impregnability of his position, some of them seriously speak of him as insane. It is wonderful to reflect how many insane men there are at present outside of the lunatic assylums, if we are to take Mr. Sumner's insanity as a specimen of the whole.

☞ Remember the Excursion to Richmond on the 28th of August.

Mrs. Lloyd, who was indicted before the Loudoun (Va.) County Court for the murder of her daughters by poison, was arraigned on the 12th, and pleaded not guilty, when a motion was made to remove the case to the Circuit Court, which was granted. This court meets on the third Monday of October next.

Hon. E. A. Rollins, chairman of the Grant executive committee of New Hampshire, has declared for Greeley in preference to Grant and publishes a long letter giving his reasons for thus changing leaders.

Senator Schurz in his speech at Chicago said the nomination of Greeley did not please him, but that it was a principle with him always to do the most good he could as opportunity offered, and when he could not gain what he desired, to make the best of what was offered.

Wilson, on the Grant ticket for Vice-President, was a member of a Know Nothing State Convention in Massachusetts, in 1854, and was voted for as a candidate for Governor, but did not receive the nomination. He only got 66 votes out of a total of 988.

☞ Remember the Excursion to Richmond on the 28th of August.

It has already been discovered that in about one-half the State of North Carolina 5,400 more votes were polled than there were males over twenty-one years old, according to the census of 1870.

The Catholics in Ireland are making preparations to celebrate the Repeal Act, and the leading Orangemen are advising their followers not to interfere.

General Eppa Hunton, a gallant Confederate officer, has been nominated, in Convention at Alexandria, as the Conservative candidate for Congress from the Eighth District.

There is sad news from Missouri. The leader of the Ku-Klux who took out and whipped Mr. T. Lawson is an uncompromising Grant man.

The election in West Va., takes place on next Thursday, the 22d inst.

For the seven days which ended on the 10th, there was received at New York, nearly ten millions of dollars' worth of goods, which we must pay for in gold. Such items as these were included, and it will be noticed that with but one or two exceptions every article named is a luxury: Silks, satins, laces, &c., $3,649,432; jewelry, $126,257; watches, $86,410; ale, $4,526; brandy, $8,611; beer, $2,593; cordials, $103; champagne, $24,070; gin, $2,774; mineral water, $1087; porter, $331; vinegar, $6,067; whiskey, $10,067; wines, $47,520, fancy goods, $49,355. That's where and how "the money goes."

The Willmington (N. C.,) *Journal* says of the result of the election: "In view of all the facts we demand that Judge Merrimon shall contest the election of Governor Caldwell before the next legislature. We do not say this from any ebulition of feeling consequent upon defeat and disappointment, but we demand it as a duty from Judge Merrimon to the Conservative people of North Carolina and of the United States."

Address of the Conservative State Committee.

To the Conservative Voters of Virginia:

In discharge of the duty devolved on the State Committee by the late Conservative Convention, we present a list of assistant and senatorial electors for the presidential campaign. It has been prepared with much care, after consultation with such of our consulting members as recently assembled with us in council, and on such information as could be procured from the districts not represented on that occasion. The list of county canvassers will be published as soon as it is completed.

Another office was assigned to the committee of a still more delicate and responsible character—that of redressing the inequalities which existed in our plan of organization in regard to voting in nominating conventions.

The original plan by which representation in nominating conventions was regulated by townships and precincts had been condemned as unfixed and uncertain, because liable to constant change in their number and bounds; as arbitrary and unequal, because of the difference in the number of their Conservative population respectively, and as affording no test of their relative Conservative voting strength.

Two other bases of arrangement suggested themselves—population without regard to color, and the numerical Conservative voting strength. The first presented this incongruity, that those would have practical weight in the selection of our candidates who, so far from having any weight in electing them, make it their prime object, as a party, to defeat them; and it was felt that until the blacks shall become citizens in fact as well as in name, and act upon some more rational ground of public conduct than blind and fanatical opposition to all that the whites propose, they can never be counted properly as a part of the Conservative body, any more in the selection than in the appointment of those deputed to represent it. That plan being discarded for these obvious reasons, nothing remained but the method adopted by the committee—a nominating vote in conventions by each township and precinct scaled by its Conservative vote in the next preceding State election or election for the Legislature, as the conventions may determine. Counties having a large negro population may regret the loss of representative strength by the operation of this rule, as compared with the strong Conservative counties, and prefer the population basis; but surely the latter might complain with more justice of a system by which their just influence would be dwarfed and weakened by the accidental presence in the former of that antagonizing and inimical element.

It is gratifying to perceive the ready approval and adoption in all the conventions which have since been held of the rule adopted by the committee, and it is believed that the more it is examined and tested the more it will grow in public estimation.

The campaign on which we now enter opens with brillant auspices everywhere. Nothing is wanting to complete triumph in our own State but diligence and energy in the *work* of organization, and for this we earnestly appeal to our whole party—our electors, our county superintendents and assistants, our rank and file—in a word, to all who sigh for deliverance from the House of Bondage.

There are some considerations which, so far as the future can be safely reasoned about, would seem to make the success of the Cincinnati movement secure.

It is the first real honest proffer of peace to the Southern States which has been made since the war, and we, instead of meeting the offered grasp of friendship with the shut hand raised to strike, receive the offer with heartfelt cordiality. It is not too much to say that the whole South will so respond to it, except where oppression, military and civil, has stifled the public voice beyond the power of expression.—Indeed, the desire for peace, real peace, is growing—nay, has grown—into a national sentiment. This feeling, which, with other causes, originated the movement, will guide its progress and govern its issues.

It is the first instance in our political annals when nearly all the wise and good of a great party in power, cutting loose from party trammels, have come out from their recent associates, abjured their policy and practices, proclaiming a broad, liberal, and national statement of principles embracing all the important needs and wants of the country, and without concert, rather by spontaneous impulse, have been joined in their action by another great and powerful party in common war against abuses and evil practices which awaken the indignation and censure of both. The cause of this anomaly lies deeper than in the practices of politicians and party leaders. It is a popular movement, the impulse of the popular heart, and finds its fit expression in that declaration of principles which make up the union policy of the great Liberal Republican and Democratic parties.

It is therein declared that the changes in the Constitution which came in place of a treaty of peace between the warring sections are transacted things—belong to the irrevocable past—and can never be disturbed; and that amnesty, forgetfulness, forgiveness, on both sides, without any sting of reservation to mar its generosity and grace, is alike the right and the duty of all.

That the rights of the States to their proper autonomy shall be sacredly preserved, and the rights of the citizen, particularly as guarded by the great writ of *habeas corpus*, shall be equally respected. It demands "for the individual the largest liberty consistent with public order, for the States self-government, and for the nation a return to the methods of peace and the constitutional limitation of power." Here is a wholesale rebuke and condemnation of those abuses which have literally trampled our southern people into the dust, of that *centralism* which, by absorbing the rights of the States into the General Government and the co-ordinate powers of the other departments of that Government into one, and by arrogating for Congress control over matters of minutest local concern, threatens the character of that Government with permanent and disastrous change. It will become, if resistance be unsuccessful, a merely *personal* Government, and even the representative principle itself, instituted by its framers, will be lost.

It demands reform in the civil service, from the President down; denounces its disgraceful venality, its nepotism, *gift-taking*, and the bestowal of patronage on the givers—practices abhorrent, with the people of Virginia, to the nice and fastidious sense of honor in official character, which has descended to them, by tradition, from the first great and pure Presidents through all to the last whom she contributed to the service of the country.

It demands a just and equal system of Federal taxation, which shall not unnecessarily interfere with the industry of the people. This may be construed to mean, and we hope does mean, the remitting of the Federal Government back for support to its exclusive subject of taxation—taxes on imports, yielding a fund ample for all its economical wants—and restoring to the States, what they have enjoyed almost without intermission from the foundation, the whole field of internal taxation, now so necessary to support the credit of the southern States. Why should tobacco, confined in production to a limited belt of country, be crushed with specific taxation any more than wheat and corn and other cereals? or why should the Federal Government tax it at all?

It demands that the public lands shall not be profligately squandered, and that while the public faith shall be preserved there be no longer an oppressive anticipation of the payment of the public debt through onerous and grinding taxation, but that while the interest and a sinking fund should be provided for, posterity shall bear its due share of the national burden. In this connection it requires a steady and fixed measure of value in business operations, which can only be reached by a return to specie payments.

Now, if ever the people who cover our vast expanded territory are to dwell together as one, it must be under a scheme of policy such as is here developed; and it is only by compromise, conciliation, forgetfulness of past feuds and past differences, and the selection of proper agencies, that the good hoped for can be attained. Greeley and Brown have been chosen as the instruments to effect it, and we believe they are the best—as best representing all the elements in the coalition designed to consummate the great purpose. We have thought we had in times that are past much to complain of in Mr. Greeley's political conduct. But may not the same be said, in more or less degree, of all who opposed us in our late troubles? But since their close who has exhibited a stronger desire to restore peace to the country and the rights of the South, and manifested it by more of self-sacrifice? The loss of high office, which might have been obtained by compliance, ostracism by friends, denunciation for his generous intercession in behalf of the vanquished, springing from that large-hearted humanity which is ever found in union with the highest wisdom? His ability is conceded. For the purity of his private life, not even the acrimony of party has ventured to assail it. His integrity as a man was never impeached and honesty and sincerity of intention in his public conduct has been accorded to him even by those who condemned it for its imputed errors. This is much to say for one who has lived all his life in the high noon of observation and notoriety, and is perhaps better and more *minutely* known than any man in this country. We trust him to act up to these undeniable conditions of his history and character.

We repeat, in conclusion, our appeal for your hearty co-operation in the work before us, promising on our part no relaxation of the zeal and energy with which it has been prosecuted for years.

R. T. DANIEL, Chairman.
J. R. Fisher, Secretary.

New Advertisements.

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE AND PERSONAL PROPERTY, AT BROOKSVILLE, ALBEMARLE COUNTY, VA.

The undersigned, desiring to curtail farming operations, will, on the *7TH DAY OF NOVEMBER*, 1872, on the premises, offer for sale at public auction, to the highest bidder, that well known and valuable Real Estate called "BROOKSVILLE," in the county of Albemarle, Virginia. The whole tract contains about **1500 acres** of superior land. It produces abundantly wheat of the very best quality; also corn, tobacco, grass, and all other kinds of crops, suited to this latitude. The buildings on the estate are numerous, conveniently located, and most of them in very good condition. The mansion house, a suitable brick edifice, is large, and in repair; an extensive lawn in front of the building is well shaded by beautiful trees, and rare plants and flowers; good and never-failing water in the yard; in fact, there is every convenience on the place to render the estate a very desirable residence for a person of ample means. This estate is so situated that if desired it can be conveniently divided so as to make three or four good farms.—There are several APPLE ORCHARDS, bearing good fruit, on the Estate, in one of which, near the homestead, there are some 300 or 400 Trees, bearing the celebrated "Albemarle Pippin." The whole place abounds in numerous never-failing springs of pure, cool water; besides which there are two creeks that run through the tract. This land lies at the base of the Blue-Ridge, and joins the land of excellent neighbors, Messrs. Bowen, Kyle, Hughson and Baylor. The homestead is three miles South of Greenwood Depot, on the C. & O. Railroad. Those wishing to view the property, with an inclination to purchase, can call at Brooksville at any time previous to the day of public sale, where the undersigned can be found, or such persons can call on her brother, David Hansbrough, Esq., who resides near the premises, and will give all information necessary, and will also show the property. The personal property consists of

WORK HORSES, RIDING HORSES, COLTS
Work Oxen, Mules, Milch Cows, some
60 or 70 head of nice 2 and 3 year
old Cattle, in fine condition,
Sheep, Hogs, Wagons, a
Buggy and a neat
Family Carriage,
and

FARMING UTENSILS OF ALL SORTS,

which are in use in this region of the country.

The terms of sale for the land will be made easy to the purchaser, and will be specified clearly and unmistakably. For the personal property the cash will be required for all sums of $10. and under; for all sums over $10, a credit of nine months—the purchaser giving bond and undoubted security.

P. O.—Greenwood Depot, C. & O. R. R. Va.
AMANDA FARROW.
Brooksville, Va., August 20—tds-$40.

COMMISSIONERS' SALE OF A VALUABLE FARM.—By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court of Augusta county, rendered on the 12th day of June, 1872, in the cause of Baylor *vs.* Kyle, Trotter & als, we will, on *FRIDAY, THE 20TH DAY of SEPTEMBER*, 1872, proceed on the premises, to sell at public auction the valuable FARM formerly belonging to Wm. Kyle, and afterwards by James I. A. Trotter, and now by Wm. McFall, James A. Hamrick and John W. Bryan—lying a short distance from Parnassus in Augusta county, on both sides of the Harrisonburg and Warm Springs Turnpike, adjoining the lands of ——— Whitmore and others.

Said tract of land will be sold in parcels, as follows, to wit:

1st, About **90 acres,** now owned by Wm. McFall, which has on it a comfortable dwelling house, good barn and all the necessary outbuildings, two good wells, and is watered by Moffett's branch, which runs through it.

2nd, About **125 acres** now owned by James A. Hamrick, adjoining first parcel.

3rd, A small lot now owned by John W. Bryan, with a small dwelling house situated upon it.

Terms—Cash in hand to pay the costs of suit and the charges and expenses of sale; and the balance upon a credit of one, two and three years, the purchaser executing bond with approved security for the deferred installments, bearing interest from the day of sale, and title retained as ultimate security.

ALEX. H. FULTZ,
GEORGE M. COCHRAN, Jr.
au20-tds Commissioners.

VALUABLE LANDS FOR SALE.—As surviving Executor of John Churchman, dec'd., I will offer at private sale, the valuable place known as the "GLENDY FARM," containing **280 Acres,** situated on Mill Creek, about four miles from Staunton, on the Barterbrook road, adjoining Eskridge, Marshall and Donaghe. It is first quality slate land, unsurpassed as a grass and wheat farm; is well watered, and there can be made on it thirty-five acres of capital meadow—there are about one hundred acres of No. 1 timber—rendered very valuable by reason of its proximity to Staunton by good roads. The building on it is a new unfinished log house. The tract can be conveniently divided into two farms—is in a neighborhood of pleasant society, and is convenient to schools, churches, and markets, and lies in sight of the Valley Railroad.

Also another farm about four and a half miles from Staunton, on the Cross Keys Road, containing

123 Acres,

adjoining Cochran, Gilkeson, Paris and others. Mill Creek runs through it and affords sufficient power for machinery; has on it about fifteen acres of meadow, several fine springs, dwelling house, barn and other houses, and about thirty acres of timber, and is admirably adapted for a fruit, grape and market garden.

I will show the premises to any one desiring to purchase.

Terms—easy.

JOHN S. CHURCHMAN,
au20-tf Executor.

EXECUTOR'S SALE OF LAND and PERSONAL PROPERTY.

As Executor of Caleb Crone, dec'd. I will sell at public auction, at his late residence, near Craigsville, Augusta county, on FRIDAY, the 6th day of September, 1872, all his personal property consisting in part of 2 good work horses, 10 head of cattle, 5 hogs and 7 pigs, 10 or 12 tons of good hay, 30 bushels of wheat, 25 bushels of oats, one field of corn—supposed to be about 10 acres—one half interest in one mower, one lot of farming implements; also household and kitchen furniture belonging to the decedent.

Terms—All sums of $10.00 and under, cash; over that amount a credit of 4 months, negotiable note, satisfactorily endorsed.

WILLIAM J. HUNTER,
Executor of Caleb Crone, dec'd.

N. B.—I will at the same time offer the tract of 16½ acres upon which decedent resided—20 acres of which is fine meadow land; about 28 acres well timbered—rest in fair state of cultivation. Terms reasonable and made known on day of sale.

au20-3t W. J. H., Ex'or.

New Advertisements.

VIRGINIA.—At Rules held in the Clerk's office of the Circuit Court of Bath county, on Monday, the 5th day of August, 1872—

Wm. H. Revercomb, who sues for the benefit of Bolar A. Brown,.....Plaintiff,
against
Daniel C. Hamilton, in his own right and as administrator c. t. a. of Charles Hamilton, deceased. Charles B. Hamilton, Samuel Hamilton, James V Hamilton, Benjamin Hamilton, Henry Given and Julia his wife, and Henry S. Davis, and Nancy his wife,.....Defendants,

IN CHANCERY.

The object of this suit is to enforce a judgment lien of the Plaintiff against the estate of Charles Hamilton, deceased, and have a settlement of said estate. And it appearing by satisfactory evidence that the Defendants, James V. Hamilton, Henry Given, and Julia his wife, and Harvey S. Davis and Nancy his wife, are not inhabitants of this State, on the motion of the plaintiff it is ordered that they do appear here within one month after due publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect their interest.

A copy—teste.
WM. H. MCDANNALD, clerk.
Stephenson, p. q. au20-4w

ANTHRACITE COAL
of best quality at
very lowest Rates.
All orders sent receive prompt attention.
S. H. HAWES,
18th and Cary streets.
au20-1m Richmond, Va.

COAL! LUMBER!
H. L. POWELL,
DEALER IN
RED AND WHITE ASH ANTHRACITE
COAL!
in Chestnut, Stove, Egg, and Foundry Sizes.

George's creek Cumberland Coal, prepared for open grates or blacksmith's use.

Lumber furnished at short notice for any sized bill, at prices corresponding with saw mill rates.

Offices at yard along the Chesa. and Ohio R. R., and in the new building occupied by Messrs. Berkeley & Fontaine, next door to the Spectator office.

Call and leave your orders at either place.
P. O. Box 157, Staunton, Va.

OAKLAND HIGH SCHOOL,—located at Doe Hill, Highland county, Va.—will open its 2nd session September 12.

Maximum charges, including fuel, lights, washing, &c., $175.00

A conveyance from the Institution will meet students at Staunton or Buffalo Gap, by giving a week's notice to the principal. For further particulars address

J. R. McNEER, Principal,
au20 Doe Hill, Highland county, Va.
Rockingham Register please copy two months and send bill to this office.

10,000 AGENTS WANTED
FOR OUR GREAT
Political Campaign Chart.

The most attractive and salable thing out. It is indispensable to men of all parties, furnishing just the facts and figures needed for every day reference, by every intelligent voter. Agents are selling from 15 to 30 a day. The most liberal terms. Send for descriptive circulars. Address,

DUFFIELD ASHMEAD, Publisher,
711 Sansom Street, Philadelphia.

PACIFIC GUANO! Pacific Guano!
—AND—
FLOUR OF RAW BONE!
Allison & Addison, General Agents, Richmond.

I have been appointed agent for the sale of the above valuable Fertilizers. Samples of each can be seen at my store, next door to the Post office, on Augusta street, Staunton.

au20-4t P. B SUBLETT, agent.

STAUNTON MALE ACADEMY.—Session commences the 10th of September and closes the middle of June following.

Terms—For Board, Tuition, Lights, &c $250. per entire session. For Tuition alone, $50—one half payable the 10th of September, remainder the 1st of February. For circular apply to

au20- C. E. YOUNG, Principal.

TO MY CUSTOMERS.—August 21st, I will open my
CUSTOM BOOT AND SHOE SHOP,
on Augusta Street, near the Post-office and will be pleased to have my old customers call on me and leave their orders, and get satisfaction as heretofore.

WM. A. BANTZ,
au20-tf Staunton, Va.

A No. 1 MACKEREL OIL for sale by the barrel or gallon.
G. C. YEAKLE,
next door to Hunter's book store.
au 20-Vindicator copy

WANTED—Four or five boarders in a private family. Also two rooms for rent.—Boarders who can furnish their own rooms preferred. Enquire at this office. au20-3t

Land Sales.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE of LAND.

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court of Augusta county, rendered at the June term, 1872, in the suit of Palmer, &c., vs. Palmer's widow and al, I will sell at public auction on the premises, on SATURDAY, THE 14th DAY of SEPTEMBER, 1872, the home farm of the late Jacob G. Palmer, containing

222 acres,

situated on the West side of South river, in Augusta county, about three miles above Waynesboro, adjoining G. B. Stuart and others.

The improvements consist of a good Brick dwelling house, barn, shop, and other necessary buildings; also a NEW unfinished STONE HOUSE on the lower end of the place.

There is upon the premises a *MERCHANT AND SAW MILL*, with good water-power.

This land can be divided into two tracts, and will be sold as a whole or in parcels as may be found most desirable on the day of sale.

I will also sell at the same time and *place* a tract of MOUNTAIN LAND, containing

217 acres,

situated about 1½ miles from the above farm, and valuable as a range for stock, with iron ore in great quantity upon it.

Terms of Sale—Enough cash in hand to pay the costs of suit and sale, and the residue in four equal annual payments, bearing interest from the day of sale; the purchaser executing bonds with approved security for the deferred payments, and the title reserved as ultimate security.

G. M. COCHRAN, Jr.,
au13-tds Commissioner.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.—By virtue of a decree rendered by the Circuit Court of Augusta county, at the November term, 1871, in the case of "John W. Barr vs. Logan J. Maupin," we will, as Commissioners of said court, proceed to sell on the premises, on

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 13TH, 1872,

that valuable South River farm owned by Logan J. Maupin, containing by estimation,

347⅞ Acres,

lying on South River, about 4 miles East of New Hope. This is one of the most valuable farms in the Valley. The land is as rich as any in the county, (a large portion being River bottom) lies well and is easily farmed. The improvements consist of a

BRICK MANSION,

and commodious out buildings. There is an orchard on the farm, and an abundant supply of timber. The neighborhood is one of the most desirable in the county. This land will be sold altogether, or in parcels as may be deemed most advisable.

TERMS.—Cash in hand to pay costs of suit and sale, and the balance in four equal annual instalments bearing interest from the day of sale; bonds with approved security to be given by the purchasers, and the title to be retained as ultimate security.

JAMES BUMGARDNER, Jr.,
N. K TROUT.
MEADE F. WHITE,
au13-tds Commissioners.

EXECUTORS' SALE OF LAND.—By direction of the will of Robert Craig, deceased, the Executors will offer at public sale on the premises on Friday, the 30th day of August, 1872, the valuable farm of said decedent, situated near Craigsville Depot, Augusta county, Virginia, containing near **390 acres,** much of which is level meadow land, and affords a great amount of grass for wintering or grazing stock, which can be ranged during the summer months in the mountains near by. The said farm is well watered and timbered, lies adjoining the Estaline Furnace property, and close to the Chesapeake & Ohio R. R, thus having all the advantages necessary for marketing the surplus products.

There is an excellent chalybeate spring and good iron ore on the above tract of land.

For the capital required this is thought to be one of the most profitable grazing farms to be found.

Terms—About one-fourth in hand, and the residue in one, two, and three years, with interest. Possession given when the hand payment is made, and bonds executed with good security and lien retained.

For particulars call on Mr. Huston near the land, or address,

JAMES H. CALLISON, } Ex'ors.
J. O. McCUTCHEN,
Middlebrook, Va.

P. S.—A quantity of Hay will be sold at the same time and place.
au6-4t

Land Sales.

Commissioner's Sale of 950 acres of Valuable Land,
in Alleghany county, on Jackson's River, near Clifton Forge.

By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court of Alleghany county, entered at the March term, 1872, of said Court, in the case of Kayser and others *vs.* Kayser, the undersigned commissioner, (substituted in lieu of the former commissioners, at their request,) will proceed upon the premises, on

SATURDAY, 24TH OF AUGUST, 1872,

at 12 o'clock, M., to sell to the highest bidder, at public auction, the valuable tract of Land of which the late Joseph D. Kayser died seized and possessed, situated on Jackson's River, immediately below Clifton Forge Depot, on the Chesapeake & O. R. R., and on the line of the James River and Kanawha Canal. The tract is considered one of the most valuable in Alleghany county; contains about 950 acres—near 300 of which are cleared and in cultivation, about 140 acres of first-class **River Bottom,** 25 or 30 acres of MEADOW, and suitable land for much more; the balance is in timber, and a portion of it heavily timbered. The land is well adapted to the growth of Wheat, Corn, Rye, Oats and Tobacco. There is a bank of IRON ORE on the land, which has been partially opened and worked, and it is believed will prove to be extensive and valuable. The improvements are a large and commodious brick dwelling house, with a number of cabins in the yard, a large barn, stable, corn-crib, ice-house and other outbuildings, all in good condition; an orchard of select fruits, with an abundant supply of the very best water.

Terms of sale.—Cash in hand sufficient to pay the costs of suit and sale, and the residue in three equal annual installments from the day of sale, bearing interest, for which bonds with good personal security will be required, and the legal title retained as ultimate security.

Mr. Charles S. Kayser or B. V. Kayser living on the premises, will show the lands to persons desiring to examine them.

H. M. BELL, Commissioner.

☞ Should this land be sold, immediately thereafter we will sell, at public auction, a quantity of Personal Property, consisting of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, Farming Implements, Household and Kitchen Furniture, Wheat, Corn and Hay, upon a credit of 90 days on all sums over ten dollars, with notes well endorsed. For that sum and under, cash will be required.

WM. B. KAYSER,
july30-tds C. S. KAYSER.

Commissioner's Sale of Land in HIGHLAND COUNTY.

Pursuant to a decree of the Circuit Court of Highland, rendered in the chancery cause of G. W. Hull's adm'x against John Leach's executor et al, the undersigned, special commissioners, therein named for the purpose, will, on the

21ST DAY OF SEPTEMBER, 1872,

on the premises, offer for sale at public auction, that valuable grazing land of which John Lietch died seized, lying on the Bull-pasture mountain in said county, and being the same land devised to John T. Lietch in fee simple in possession, containing about **318 acres.** The buildings are in tolerably good repair, and the land is unexcelled for its grazing qualities.

Terms—Costs of sale cash in hand, and the residue in four equal annual payments, with interest from the day of sale; bonds with good security for the deferred payments, required, and the title retained as ultimate security.

JOHN T. ARMSTRONG,
C. PINCKNEY JONES,
au13-4w Special Commissioners.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.—Will be sold on *Thursday, the 29th of August*, at the late residence of John Sellers, dec'd, near Jacob Baylor's, all the PERSONAL PROPERTY of the said Sellers, consisting of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs, Farming Implements, Household and Kitchen Furniture.

Terms made known on day of sale.

J. H. B. SELLERS,
au13-2t* administrator.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF 2080 Acres of Land.—By virtue of a decree of the County Court of Augusta county, Virginia, rendered on the 30th day of April, 1872, in a suit pending in said Court in the style of O. Loving and others, vs. John J. Loving, &c., the undersigned Commissioners of the Court, will proceed to sell to the highest bidder, at Craigsville Depot, Augusta county, Va., on

Thursday, the 22nd day of August next,

two certain tracts or parcels of land mentioned in said decree, containing by recent survey

2,080 Acres,

situated and lying in said county of Augusta, on the waters of what is called the "Little Calf Pasture River," within half a mile of the Chesapeake & Ohio Rail Road, directly opposite to said Craigsville Depot, and its vicinity; its Eastern line extending about three miles, in a line with said Rail Road; running back, westward with gradual slopes and ridges to the top of the North Mountain, and abounds in a heavy growth of timber, consisting of White Oak, Chestnut Oak, and Black Oak, Poplar, Chestnut, Sugar Maple, Pine and Long Leaf Pine or Hemlock, in great abundance, all in original growth, not an acre having been cleared; but a large portion of the same is rich, well watered and lies well for farming or grazing purposes.—It is also believed to contain minerals in abundance; one tract affording a splendid Mineral Spring, and an Alum Spring within 20 feet of each other, which have been long frequented by invalids on account of their great medicinal properties; and might, by improvements, become a place of much public resort. These Springs are within 800 yards of said Depot; beautifully situated for buildings, and surrounded by the very richest soil on the land. Persons wishing to view the said Lands and Springs, will call on Mr. James Craig or Mr. Robert Craig, who reside at or near Craigsville Depot, who will conduct them over the land.

TERMS OF SALE—So much of the purchase money as will pay the costs of said suit and commission upon the amount of sale, will be required in cash, and the remainder to be paid in three equal annual instalments, of one, two and three years, to carry interest at the rate of 6 per centum per annum from the day of sale, the purchaser giving bond with approved personal security, and the title to the land retained as ultimate security.

ORVILLE LOVING and
JAMES BUMGARDNER, Jr.,
july 16 6t Commissioners.

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