Staunton Spectator.

Tuesday, March 11, 1873.

Our Honest Congress.

The Forty-second Congress has gone out like a bad candle, leaving smoke and a noisome odor behind it. The revelations which have been made, during the session just expired, of the corruptions of the times, are saddening and sickening to the heart of every honest lover of his country. The Credit Mobilier villainy, through which tens of millions of dollars were plundered from the Treasury in the construction of the Union Pacific Railroad, and the participation by Congressmen in the spoils, are disclosures which should arouse the people to a perception of the rottenness and ruin to which their government is hastening in the hands of dishonest servants. The bribery, and general rascality by which seats in the United States Senate are sought and won, are, too, among the startling proofs of our growing political degeneracy. The usurpations under which, in Louisiana, the liberties and prosperity of a State have been overwhelmed—usurpations which are now upheld by the strong arm of Federal power—are also among the flagrant facts of the times, which are crying aloud for reformation. All these matters were before the Forty-second Congress for their consideration and action, but their "lame and impotent conclusions" only demonstrate, that if there be any cure for the ills which afflict the body politic, the people alone can apply the remedy.

What "good thing" indeed could be looked for from a Congress, one of whose last acts was a raid upon the Treasury in their own behalf, by voting themselves a bonus of five thousand dollars apiece. They were elected more than two years ago, and agreed to serve for a compensation of five thousand dollars a year—which amounts to some thirty-three dollars a day for every day of actual service; but this did not suffice them, and so, at the very end of their term of service, they enlarge their salaries *for the time already passed* by adding $2,500 a year thereto, thus making their pay fifty dollars a day for every day of their service. Eight dollars a day used to suffice Clay, Webster, Calhoun, Rives, McDowell, and men of their stamp, but the pigmies of the present are not content with a less per diem than fifty dollars. This *addition* of $5,000 apiece to their salaries for the past two years will cost the people just $1,635,000. This Forty second Congress have *taken* just that much more from the pockets of the people than they had any just claims to; but as, upon the same principle, they might have taken ten thousand or twenty thousand dollars apiece, perhaps we should be thankful for their forbearance.

Now, as as evidence how far our government has departed from the honesty, simplicity and frugality, which distinguished the early conduct of its affairs, let the people consider for a moment, that in the third year of Washington's administration, the whole expenses of the government, in all its departments—exclusive of pensions, public debt and interest—were $1,743,775, and that we have lived to see the day when a retiring Congress will coolly plunge its hands into the Treasury, and abstract, for their own use, a sum nearly as large as this, which their constituents had never agreed to allow them, and all done, we suppose, on—

"That good old rule, and simple plan,
That they should take who have the power,
And they should keep who can."

We have a vague remembrance of having heard it said that, in Mr. Clay's days in the House, the Congress undertook to make a small increase in its pay, (prospectively, we believe, and not retrospectively, nor did they make it more then eight or ten dollars a day,) and that the people, in their republican simplicity, became indignant at the act, and defeated, at the next election, every man who had voted for the increase, save and except, we believe, Mr. Clay himself. He escaped by the skin of his teeth, by appealing to the gratitude of his constituents on the score of past services, and by asking the backwoodsmen among them "if they had a trusty rifle which missed fire once, whether they threw it away, or if they did not rather pick the flint, and try it again."

The Congressmen of this day are not Clays by a long way. They have neither his splendid talents nor conspicuous services to fall back upon, nor was the act, for which he had to excuse himself, comparable to theirs, of which we have complained. We, therefore, invite them to beware—not only those who have *voted for* this extraordinary appropriation, but also those who shall *pocket* it—lest a long suffering and much abused people shall arouse themselves from their lethargy, and drive from the legislative halls those who so flagrantly abuse their confidence.

Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

The *Financier* publishes a tabular statement of the miles of road controlled by that company, either by lease or by ownership of a majority of the stock. The summary shows that the Pennsylvania railroad controls sixty three railroads, including the Union Pacific, the Texas Pacific and some others in course of construction, with a total length of 16,000 miles and a value of $671,000, together with 250 miles of canal and a line of steamships. There is thus nearly one-third of the railroads of the country under the domination of this one corporation. When such power is brought to bear upon legislation, there is no telling what may happen to public rights and interests.

TAYLOR, LINCOLN AND DAVIS.—The Springfield (Ill.) *Journal* states that about the year 1832, while General Zachary Taylor, afterward President of the United States, was in command of the fort at Dixon's Ferry, near where Dixon, Illinois, now stands, Jefferson Davis, a lieutenant in the United States service at that time, and serving under General Taylor, administered the oath to Abraham Lincoln, then a captain in the volunteer militia of that State. It is also stated, upon the same authority, that Gen. Robert Anderson, of Fort Sumter fame, was a lieutenant, and present at the time.

Revival in Winchester.

Rev. Dr. Rosser who has been laboring with such remarkable success for some time at the Braddock street Methodist church, Winchester, left there on last Tuesday, though the meetings are still kept up by Rev. Mr. Carson and many mourners nightly present themselves at the altar. The Winchester *News*, of Friday last, says: "Up to the present time there have been about 375 conversions."

SHEN. RIVER NAVIGATION CO.—The stockholders of the above named Company met in Charlestown on Tuesday last, and after paying in 10 per cent of the capital stock, organized by the election of a Board of Directors. The Company will at once proceed to remove obstructions, repair locks, &c., so as to afford free navigation of the Shenandoah river from the Clarke line to the Potomac.

The pneumonia and measles are prevailing to an alarming extent in Scottsville and vicinity.

The Case of Rev. L. D. Huston, D. D.

In the Baltimore Conference of the M. E. Church South the case of Dr. Houston, charged with lewd and immoral conduct, was reached on Thursday last.

The Conference was engaged in passing upon the characters of the several ministers, and when the name of Dr. Huston was reached Rev. Mr. Rodgers, who presided over the committee who made the preliminary examination in the case, submitted a report of the conclusion of that committee, together with a written copy of the testimony taken. The conclusion of the committee was not openly announced, but it was known that it was to the effect that the charges were not sustained. The presiding Bishop announced that he would appoint a committee to investigate the matter, and the call of the roll was proceeded with. Subsequently the Bishop named as the committee Revs. E. F. Busey, J. L. Clarke and A. P. Boude.

The Bishop ruled that the committee should examine the record and report to the Conference whether the charges should be tried or the investigation already had be considered a finality.

On Friday, the special committee consisting of Revs. E. F. Busey, J. L. Clarke and A. P. Boude, to whom was referred the records in the case of Dr. L. D. Huston, after a very laborious session, continuing all night, submitted a report unanimously agreeing to prefer a charge of immorality against Dr. Huston, with accompanying specifications against him, and their report was unanimously adopted, without debate. It is understood that the specifications are the same as were heard at the preliminary examination, including the allegation of debauching the young Sunday school girl. The presiding bishop appointed a committee to try Dr. Huston, as follows: Revs. Samuel Regester, D. D., chairman, T. B. Sargent, J. C. Dice, J. R. Finley, A. B. Dolly, L. R. Jones, P. B. Smith, F. C. Tebbs, J. Lester Shipley, Dabney Ball, G. G. Brooke, J. M. Grandin, J. Higgins, and S. Townsend. The bishop stated that Dr. Huston's counsel had the right to challenge seven of the committee, and if any were so objected to he would supply their places.

The committee held a meeting Friday to arrange for the trial of the case. Rev. E. F. Busey will act as prosecutor, assisted by Rev. Messrs. Clarke and Boude. Dr. Huston will be defended by Rev. Dr. S. S. Roszell. The defense, it is understood, desire to have legal counsel employed, but the bishop has decided that the counsel must be clerical. Rev. George T. Tyler has been named by the bishop as secretary pro tem. It is rumored that the prosecution is in possession of testimony of an important character to rebut the testimony advanced by the accused at the preliminary investigation.

PAYING THEMSELVES.—Whatever, says the Baltimore *Sun*, they may have done or left undone for the people, members of Congress, in the last moments of the session, were not unmindful of themselves. For fear, perhaps, that they might not receive from their constituents the reward of "good and faithful servants," they resolved to reward themselves. It must be confessed that they have done so handsomely. They have voted the increase of their own salaries with no niggard hand. Under the disinterested lead of General Butler, whose motive in the matter may certainly be conceded to be "above suspicion," the House amended the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill, as it came back from the Senate, so as to give the President $50,000, Vice President and Speaker $10,000, judges of the Supreme Court $10,000, Senators and Representatives $6,500. In this shape the bill went to a conference committee of the houses, and was reported back, making the salary of Senators and Representatives $7,500, instead of $6,500. In this form it passed, with a proviso that, as to salaries of Congressmen, it should take effect from March 4th, 1871. Thus Congress have voted themselves an addition of $5,000 back for the last two years. The point of order that members could not vote upon a bill in which they were personally interested was simply laughed down, and by the votes of men whose terms expired on the 4th of March, 1873, and who scrupled not to make this last "raid upon the treasury," the bill was passed. While the vote was being put the Speaker (Mr. Blaine) had the tact, upon his motion, to amend the bill so as to make the increase of the Speaker's salary to begin "hereafter," instead of from March 4th, 1871, thereby taking himself out of the "ring."

In reference to the votes of the Senators and Representatives of Virginia, the Richmond Dispatch says:

On the final vote Senator Lewis voted to pay himself seven thousand five hundred a year.—Senator Johnston did not vote on the question. Mr. Critcher, in the House, voted "Aye" So did Platt and Stowell. Messrs. Duke, Harris, and Terry voted "No." Messrs. Braxton and Porter did not vote.

Episcopal Church in Lexington.

At the last Vestry meeting which General Robert E. Lee attended, he expressed an earnest desire that the Episcopal Church in Lexington—which was sadly out of repair—should be rebuilt. The Vestry are now endeavoring to carry out his wishes. The old brick church has been pulled down and a handsome stone one is being erected on its site as a memorial to that great and good man. The work is progressing satisfactorily.

A young lady in Baltimore has promised to try to raise $3,000 for building the Tower. Another in Arkansas will furnish the money to buy a handsome Font, and Miss Eliza Maury—the leader of the choir—has undertaken to collect $2,000 for the purchase of the Organ, and, as one of the means of raising that amount for that purpose, Miss Maury is sending a circular, embracing the facts mentioned above, to persons whom she hopes will comply, requesting them to send her the small amount of one dollar each. We hope that the efforts of each of the ladies referred to above will be crowned with success.

Capture of Lucien Beard.

On Thursday last, a telegram was received by the Mayor of the City of Richmond from the deputy sheriff of Pierce City, Missouri, stating that the notorious horse-thief, Lucien Beard, had been captured the day before and was in jail. Beard's friends made a desperate effort to rescue him, and the deputy sheriff was wounded by a shot.

It has been about two years since Beard escaped from the Richmond city jail, whither he had been sent for safe-keeping from Prince Edward county, where he had been arrested for horse-stealing. He had previously escaped from the penitentiary, where he has an unexpired term to serve. Charges, chiefly for horse-stealing, exist against him in many counties of the State. A reward of $100, offered by Governor Walker, will be paid for his delivery in Richmond.

He had been arrested at one time in West Virginia and confined in the jail at Lewisburg, but he broke jail there as in other places and made his escape. He is hard to catch and harded to hold after he is caught.

The political disabilities of Mr. DeJarnette, J. L. M. Curry, Judge Jas G. Hallyburton, and R. M. T. Hunter, all of this State, have been finally removed.

The Legislature.

In the Senate on Friday, House bill 125 disallowing interest during the war on debts contracted before the war was passed by a vote of 20 to 17. Cochran vote aye.

Mr. Penn moved to reconsider the vote just taken in order that he might be enabled to offer an amendment putting all debts by judgments, &c., upon the same footing.

The Senate reconsidered the passage of the bill—ayes 19, noes 14.

Mr. Penn then moved to reconsider the vote by which the bill had been engrossed. Agreed to—ayes 20, noes 16.

Mr. Penn then offered his amendment, and it was adopted.

The bill was then read a third time and ordered to engrossment.

Being put upon its passage, the vote resulted—ayes 18, noes 18. Cochran voted aye.

There being a tie vote, the chair (Mr. Smith) declared that the bill had failed to pass.

The House bill fixing six per cent. as the legal rate of interest under all circumstances, and making the penalty for usury forfeiture of interest charged, with the substitute proposed by the Senate Committee for Courts of Justice, proposing that six per cent. shall be the rate where no agreement exists, but by special contract rates as high as eight per centum per annum may be charged, and the only penalty for usury shall be the forfeiture of interest charged in excess of the lawful amount, being the special order of the day, was taken up. The substitute was adopted—ayes 22, noes 17.—Cochran voted nay.

In the House of Delegates the bill providing for the payment of interest on the public debt was passed, by a vote of 69 to 21, and, having previously passed the Senate, now goes to the Governor. The bill as passed is substantially that reported by the committee appointed to confer with the bondholders under the joint resolutions which originated with Mr. Taliaferro, the delegate from Orange.

All the delegates from this county—Hanger, Lightner and Roler—voted for the bill.

This bill provides for the payment of interest on the public debt for the years 1872 and '73 at the rate of four per cent. per annum on consols and on two-thirds of the amount of the unfunded bonds. For the remaining two per cent. due and unpaid non-interest bearing certificates payable at the pleasure of the State, are to be issued. The payment of interest for 1872 is conditioned upon a board, consisting of the two Auditors and Treasurer, first ascertaining that there will be sufficient money in the treasury and revenue accruing to safely allow of it; but a calculation has already been made, which renders almost certain that the interest for 1872 can be placed upon a like footing with the interest for 1873.

No *special* provision for meeting the matured coupons which are "receivable for taxes" is made, but the holders of such bonds can draw the four per cent. and get the non-interest bearing certificates above provided, if they are willing to deliver up their coupons.

Having passed both Houses, the bill goes to the Governor for his approval.

In the Senate on Saturday, the Senate bill to incorporate the Augusta Mining and Improvement Company was passed.

In the House, a resolution limiting speeches to ten minutes was adopted. The assessment bill was taken up and considered.

Conflict in New Orleans.

Our readers are aware that there have been two State Governments in Louisiana since the election of last Fall—the rightful Government, that which was elected by the voters at the election, represented by Gov. McEnery, and the usurped government, through fraud and villiany, represented by Kellogg. Congress adjourned without doing anything to settle matters in Louisiana. The N. Y. *Herald* asks:—"Was Congress too cowardly to meet the issue? Or, anticipating a conflict, did the dominant party in that body wish the President to sustain the usurping Kellogg State government in the name of order while it could not venture to endorse the usurpation? Is was either cowardice or political trickery on the part of Congress. Blood has been shed, and the country will hold the party in power responsible for it."

"It is evident," says the *Herald*, "that the McEnery party were determined to end the uncertainty of the state of things existing in Louisiana as soon as they learned that Congress had expired without taking any action, and that the President had announced his purpose to sustain the opposing Kellogg party in such an event. They had either to give up their claim to the State government—to voluntarily abandon their position and submit to what they believed was a monstrous usurpation—or to bring the matter to an issue with the federal authority. They took the latter course, and as they expected, probably, federal bayonets have settled the question, at least for the present, and the usurpers are in full power."

An attempt by the McEnery government to take possession of the police stations of New Orleans precipitated a conflict between the McEnery militia and the police, during Wednesday night, resulting in the killing of two men and the wounding of some ten or twelve others.—The superior discipline of the police, who, besides being armed with muskets, brought a cannon, charged with grape-shot, to bear upon the militia, gave them the advantage, which was secured by the eventual interference of the U. S. troops in behalf of the Kellogg government, under instructions from the President at Washington. The legislative headquarters of the McEnery government was subsequently taken possession of, and the power of the Kellogg government further assured by the distribution of federal troops throughout the city.

As there was an understanding among the McEnery men that there should be no conflict with the United States troops, when an aid of Gen Emory, commanding the Federal troops in New Orleans, in the name of the U. S. Government ordered the crowd to disperse, the order was obeyed and quiet reigned. "Order reigns in Warsaw." "The heel of the tyrant is on thy neck," Louisiana.

The Valley Railroad in Rockbridge.

At a meeting of the Supervisors of Rockbridge county held in Lexington on Monday of last week, addresses upon the subject of the Valley Railroad subscription were made by Col. Allen, Mr. Gibbs and Mr. Tucker in favor and by Capt. Curry and Gen. Moore in opposition, after which the Board of Supervisors made the following order, (five voting aye and one dissenting:)

"It is ordained that the chairman of this Board have duly prepared bonds of the county to the amount of 30 per cent. of the subscriptions thereof to the Valley Railroad Company, which bonds shall be delivered to the said company, on the order of this Board, when satisfactory evidence is furnished at any time within 40 days from this date, that the terms of the subscription have been complied with and that the city of Baltimore has paid to the said company 30 per cent. of her subscription thereto."

GET THE BEST AND CHEAPEST.—If you want to get the best and cheapest Furniture of all kinds, send your orders to H. F. Zimmerman & Son, 513, 7th street, Washington, D. C. Orders filled promptly and satisfaction guaranteed

Gen. J. R. Anderson, of Richmond, has presented to the endowment fund of the Virginia Agricultural and Mechanical College, a coupon bond of the New York and Oswego Midland Railroad Company for the sum of one thousand dollars, bearing 7 per cent. interest.

New Advertisements.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE First National Bank of Staunton, at Staunton, in the State of Va., at the close of business on Friday, the 28th of February, 1873:

RESOURCES:

Loans and Discounts		$310,688 73
Over Drafts		2,436 88
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation		102,000 00
Due from redeeming and reserve ag'ts		40,156 76
" " National Banks		18,569 96
" " State Banks and Bankers		1,485 59
Banking house	5,000 00	
Furniture and Fixtures	1,000 00	6,000 00
Current Expenses	355 02	
Taxes paid	918 03	1,273 05
Checks and other cash Items		7,223 30
Bills of other National Banks		380 00
Fractional currency (including Nickels)		161 60
Specie, viz: coin		40 50
Legal Tender Notes		22,135 00
		$512,501 37

LIABILITIES:

Capital Stock paid in		$100,000 00
Surplus Fund		50,000 00
Discount	5,654 90	
Exchange	366 24	
Interest	573 67	
Profit and Loss	9,110 57	15,705 38
Circulating notes received from Comptroller	$90,000 00	
Amount on hand	645 00	89,355 00
Dividends unpaid		200 00
Individual Deposits		194,533 48
Due to National Banks		20,502 00
Due to State banks & bankers		2,702 74
Notes and bills re-discounted		39,502 77
		$512,501 37

I, M. Harvey Effinger, Cashier of The First National Bank of Staunton, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

M. HARVEY EFFINGER, Cashier.

State of Virginia, County of Augusta:

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 8th day of March, 1873.

THOS. A. BLEDSOE, N. P.

Correct—attest,
A. H. H. STUART,
RO. G. BICKLE,
P. H. TROUT, } Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE National Valley Bank of Staunton, in the State of Virginia, at the close of business on Friday, February 28th, 1873.

RESOURCES:

Loans and Discounts		$321,825 47
Overdrafts		4 306 76
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation		100,000 00
Other Stocks, Bonds &c,		100 00
Due from redeeming and reserve ag'ts		34,268 19
Due from National Banks		9,849 18
Due from State Banks and Bankers		5,393 20
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		6,500 00
Current expenses,		1,601 15
Taxes		1,196 31
Checks and other cash items,		6,267 76
Bills of other National Banks		1,659 00
Fractional currency, &c		863 62
Specie,		1,813 00
Legal Tender Notes		22,123 00
		$517,106 64

LIABILITIES:

Capital Stock		$100,000 00
Surplus Fund		50,000 00
Discount	$5,462 50	
Exchange	71 20	
Interest	526 76	
Profit and Loss	19,772 53	25,832 99
Circulating notes		88,340 00
Individual deposits		258,186 63
Due to National Banks		7,004 36
Due to State Banks and Bankers		4,702 66
Dividends unpaid		40 00
Notes rediscounted		3,000 00
		$517,106 64

I, Wm. C. Eskridge, Cashier of "The National Valley Bank" of Staunton, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

W. C. ESKRIDGE, Cashier.

STATE OF VIRGINIA, } ss
COUNTY OF AUGUSTA, }

Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 10th day of March, 1873.

N. P. CATLETT, N. P.

Correct—attest,
BENJAMIN CRAWFORD,
RO. W. BURKE,
P. B. HOGE, } Directors.

LUMBER.—100,000,000,000 Feet for Staunton and Valley R. R.
P. T. BURKHOLDER & J. A. HANGER, agents for
Gaar Scott & Co's Stationary and Portable STEAM ENGINES,
from 8 to 100 horse power. Boilers of all sizes. Portable and Stationary Circular and Muly Saw Mills, with capacity to cut from 3000 to 15 000 feet of lumber per day. Patent Head Blocks will set both ends of log with one stroke of lever, saves one hand. Circular and Drag Saws, Gum and Leather Belting, Log and Lumber Cars, Steam Gauges, Patent Governors, Steam Jet Pumps and all parts of Engines and Mills.

Two active men, with small capital, can run our light engine, circular saw-mill and separator to better profit than a $10,000 Valley farm. We again offer Gaar's Gold Medal Steam or Horse Power Thresher, runners from 4 to ten horse mounted power, with folding stacker and Gaar's safety coupling. The best separator ever introduced in the Valley. Clover seed hullers, &c. We are also selling the Bayne Wagons, suitable for farm and marketing. We put up our machines and guarantee satisfaction, according to the warranty of our manufacturers.

Orders filled in twenty days.

For price list and circulars, address,
BURKHOLDER & HANGER,
mar11-tf Staunton, Va.
Vindicator copy.

SALE.—By Decree in Dull's C'rs *vs* Dull's Adm'r and als, we will sell at auction on the premises, on FRIDAY, APRIL 11TH, 1873, a tract of **97 acres** of land, recently assigned in partition, to the heirs of David Dull, lying about 5 miles West of Staunton, adjoining the Baylor lands.

The land is naturally productive and well timbered, with never-failing supplies of water, and lies upon a public road one mile South from Hebron church and from the Ches. & O. Railroad, near Palmer's & Bowman's mills.

Terms—About $150 00 cash and bonds with security for the residue, at one, two, and three years, with interest.

THOMAS D. RANSON,
JAMES BUMGARDNER, Jr,
mar11-tf Commissioners.

GARDEN SEED!

LANDRETH'S

Fresh and Genuine

Garden Seed:

We have no old stock on hand—all our seed are fresh and genuine, embracing every variety.

PORTERFIELD & MAY.
mar11-tf

JOSEPH HAMMERS, Fashionable Tailor.

I beg leave to inform the citizens of Staunton that I have permanently located in the city for the purpose of carrying on the TAILORING BUSINESS, in all its branches, and will spare no pains to give satisfaction to all who will give me a call.

Shop at present over Mr. M. P. Funkhouser's store, but after the first of April, in the room now occupied by Mrs. Taliaferro, on Augusta street. mar11-1y.

Shuck Mats, 50 cents!

Waiters, all sizes.

R. D. SEARS, agent.

NEW SPRING GOODS, AT D. A. KAYSER'S.

PRICES LOW!

TERMS..... Cash.
mar11-3t

BOARD AND BOARDING.—Several very pleasant rooms in a pleasantly located place. Would also accommodate five or six boarders. Terms moderate. Apply to Mrs. WM. K. WOODHOUSE, Augusta street, Staunton, Va. mar11-2t

30,000 Pounds of Mill Oil, For sale by POWELL & BLACKLEY, New store house, opposite passenger Depot.

GOLD PENS—A fine assortment of GOLD PENS, with many styles of Holders, at HUNTER & CO'S, Booksellers.

W. H. WELLER continues to exchange for all kinds of Country Produce.

WANTED—LUMBER, SHINGLES and Laths. W. H. WELLER.

New Advertisements.

SOMETHING NEW & VALUABLE!

TO THE PUBLIC!

Branch Office of the

Richmond Steam Dye Works,

RICHMOND, VIRGINIA,

D. H. BLASCOW,..... .....Proprietor.

Maj. J. W. NEWTON, Agent,

Augusta street, near Main, Staunton, Virginia.

T. H. ANTRIM, Agent,

Waynesboro, Va.

The agents of this establishment are now ready to receive all kinds of Ladies and Gents' Garments such as silks, laces, velvets, woolen goods, and gents' clothing, feathers, silk, woolen and lace shawls, curtains, &c., to be dyed or cleaned at a very short notice, in the best of style and at the lowest rates

As we have all necessary machinery we are also enabled to clean carpets and make them look equal to new.

We make a specialty in cleaning Gents' Clothing by a new process of steam—no scouring—no scrubbing up of clothes. By our process clothes will not shrink nor get out of shape.—They will be re-pressed by our skillful tailor, whom we have engaged by the year, to do pressing and repairing for our establishment.

We also clean Kid Gloves in all colors.

We charge nothing for expressage and have offices all over the Southern country.

All work left with our agents will be forwarded immediately, and can be delivered within ten days.

All of our work is guaranteed to give satisfaction or no charges made

For particulars call at the offices of our agents, where circulars and information can be had.

Maj. J. W. NEWTON, Agent for Staunton;
T. H. ANTRIM, Agent for Waynesboro;

Who are only authorized to receive and deliver work under our name.
mar1-1y

STAUNTON IRON Works Company,

CORNER OF FREDERICK AND LEWIS STREETS,

STAUNTON, VIRGINIA.

ED. McMAHON,..... .....President.
WM. A. BURKE,..... .....Treasurer.
A. J. BUTTS, ...Superintendent.

Successors to Burke's Iron Works Company,

IRON FOUNDERS, MACHINISTS AND MANUFACTURERS OF PLOWS,

PLOW CASTINGS,

Mill Furnishing Goods,

and all kinds of

HEAVY AND LIGHT MACHINERY.

SPECIALTY:

BURKE'S PREMIUM LIVINGSTON PLOW.

We have secured the services of Mr. A. J. BUTTS as Superintendent of our works. Mr. Butts is a practical mechanic and has had an experience of more than 20 years in the Foundry and Machine business in the State of New York and is well acquainted with all the latest improvements in iron manufacture. We are, therefore, prepared to furnish estimates for Portable and Stationary Steam Engines and Boilers, Circular Saw Mills, Merchant Mills, Grist Mills, Blast Furnaces, Distilleries, Pulleys, Shafting, Hangers, Couplings, Bolts, Water-pipes, Carwheels and axles, Derricks and Crabs, Derrick Horse-powers, Bridge Castings, Iron Railings, and all kinds of Heavy and Light Castings and Machinery. We have a large variety of Patterns for Mill and other machinery, and think we can make it to the advantage of the public to patronize us. We can and are determined to make as good work and at as low a price as any well-conducted establishment in the State or out of it. mar11-3m

W. H. WELLER invites attention to the following goods just received by express:

Black Alpacas,
French Cirdee and Striped Piques,
Tucked Cambric and Nainsooks, for ladies and children's skirts,
New style of Linen Collars and Cuffs,
Fera Trimming, something new,
Ruffles for neck and sleeves,
Cash Cov. Ruffling, Dimity Trimmings,
Tape Trimmings, Lace Edges, Ruffling,
Napkins, Towels and many other goods, all of which he proposes to sell very cheap.
mar11

REMOVAL. REMOVAL.

H. L. POWELL,
DEALER IN
Coal and Lumber,

has removed his city office from Messrs. Berkeley & Fountain's Insurance Office, to the *building on Northeast corner* of Court-house square, (Imboden Block) where orders may be left for Coal and Lumber. mar11

PICTURE FRAMES.—We have now on hand a large stock of **Picture Frames**—some new and beautiful Patterns, and a good assortment of MOULDING, with variety of styles Any kinds of Frames made to order.

HUNTER & Co., Booksellers,
mar11 Staunton, Va.

KANAWHA SALT!

100 barrels of Kanawha Salt just received. This salt is acknowledged to be the best in the world for stock. For sale cheap.

mar11 P. B. HOGE & BRO.

HAY! HAY! HAY!

A lot of very superior HAY for sale by the Bale or Ton at

mar6 BAKER BROS.

LIME! LIME!

Constantly on hand LARA'S FISHERSVILLE LIME, in full sized barrels.

mar6 BAKER BROS.

W. H. WELLER has just received by Express a very pretty 1 t of Hamburg Edges and Inserting, to which he invites the attention of the ladies. mar6

SUPERIOR Family Irish Linens, (undressed) just received.

mar6 W. H WELLER.

Cotton, Linen and Bird's-eye Diaper—very cheap. W. H WELLER.

COUNTRY CURED BACON—5000 lbs. for sale by POWELL & BLACKLEY, New store house, opposite passenger Depot.
fe14-8t

300 Bushels choice clover seed for sale by POWELL & BLACKLEY, New store house, opposite passenger Depot.

100 bushels choice timothy seed, for sale by POWELL & BLACKLEY, New store house, opposite passenger Depot.

200 tons fresh, home ground plaster, for sale by POWELL & BLACKLEY, New store house, opposite passenger Depot

BALED HAY—10,000 pounds, for sale by POWELL & BLACKLEY, New store house, opposite passenger Depot.

Land Sales.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF 96 acres of Land on Hickory Hill in Augusta county, near Fishersville.—By virtue of a decree of the Circuit Court of Augusta county, rendered on the 15th day of June, 1872, in the suit of "Kaylor, &c., vs Kyger, &c.," the undersigned will proceed upon the premises, as Commissioner of said Court, on

Saturday, the 29th day of March, 1873,

to re-sell at public auction to the highest bidder, a tract of **96 acres** of land on Hickory Hill, being the tract upon which Jacob Kyger, dec'd, resided in his lifetime. Persons desiring to see the land will apply to Miss Betsy Kyger, living on the place, who will take pleasure in showing it to them. Said land will be started at the upset price of $1173.40.

Terms of Sale—Enough cash in hand to pay costs of suit and sale, and the residue upon credits of one, two and three years, in equal instalments, bearing interest from date of sale, for which bonds with approved security will be required, and the legal title reserved as ultimate security. Sale at 12 o'clock, M

H. M. BELL,
mar4-4t Commissioner.

SALE OF A STORE HOUSE AND DWELLING IN CHURCHVILLE

At the request of the owner I will sell on the premises, at public auction, on

Thursday, the 13th day of March, 1873,

immediately after the sale of the property advertised by G. M. Cochran, Commissioner, that valuable store house and dwelling formerly occupied by Hilb & Baskin, upon the following—

Terms—$200 cash; the balance in 1, 2 and 3 years, secured by bond with approved personal security, bearing interest at 6 per cent and the title retained as ultimate security. Possession of store house and shop given on compliance with the terms. Full possession the 1st of April, 1873.

E. M. CUSHING,
mar4-tds Auctioneer.

Land Sales.

COMMISSIONERS' SALE OF VALuable Mill Property and other *REAL ESTATE IN BATH COUNTY.*

In pursuance of a joint decree in two causes, pending in the Circuit Court of Bath county, on the Chancery side thereof, one in the name of John P. Porter, adm'r of S. A. Porter, dec'd, vs Mart a A. McClintic and others, and the other in the name of John Cleek, Jr., Sheriff, and administrator for, &c., vs. John P. Porter, administrator of S. A. Porter, dec'd, and others, pronounced at the October term, 1872, of the said court, the undersigned, the Commissioners therein named, will proceed on

Thursday, the 20th day of March, 1873,

on the premises, to sell at public auction to the highest bidder, the following enumerated tracts or parcels of land, lying and being on Cedar Creek, and the waters thereof, in the said county of Bath, and of which Stephen A. Porter late of the county aforesaid died seized, to wit:

One tract of 333 acres, one of 190 acres, one of 187 acres, one of 83¼ acres, and one of 6 acres—all contiguous to each other and making in the aggregate **1550 acres.**

Upon these lands there are situated two excellent dwelling houses, with all necessary outbuildings attached to each of them, and upon one of the said tracts there is a valuable

Manufacturing and Water Grist Mill,

and also a SAW MILL, with a constant, full and never-failing supply of water for propelling the same. This property is very valuable for agricultural purposes, and upon a portion of it there is said to be *beds of excellent iron ore.* It will be sold as a whole, or in parcels to suit purchasers and is susceptible of division into two separate farms

Terms of sale.—Cash in hand to pay costs of the two suits above mentioned, and the expenses of the sale aforesaid, and the residue of the purchase money in three equal annual payments, bearing interest from the date of sale, the purchaser or purchasers being required to execute bonds for said deferred installments, with good personal security, and the legal title to be retained as ultimate security.

Also by virtue of the same decree on *Saturday, the 22nd day of March,* 1873, *at* 10 *o'clock,* A. M., at Millboro Depot, in the said county of Bath, we will proceed to sell at *public auction to the highest bidder,* the following additional tracts of land, of which the said S. A. Porter also died seized, to wit: One tract of **2,440 acres,** lying on the waters of Mill Creek in said county, adjoining the lands of James Lyle and others, (subject however to a deduction of about 500 acres sold by the said S. A. Porter in his lifetime), and also one tract of eight acres, lying in Black Lick Draft, in the said County of Bath. Upon the said 2440 acre tract, there is said to be an abundant supply of

Excellent Iron Ore,

and parties desiring to invest in Iron Lands are specially invited to examine this tract before the day of sale.

Terms of sale—Cash in hand sufficient to pay the expenses of the sale last aforesaid, and the residue in three equal annual payments bearing interest from the date of sale, the purchaser or purchasers being required to execute bonds for said deferred installments, with good personal security, and the legal title to be retained till purchase money is all paid.

The last above mentioned lands will be shown to persons who may be desirous of purchasing by the undersigned, John P Porter; and those first above mentioned by James C. Kincaid, the present tenant at Cedar Creek

The *title to all these lands* is believed to be *unquestionable* and they are worthy the attention of purchasers.

JOHN P. PORTER,
WM. H. TERRILL,
WM. M. McALLISTER,
fe18-4ds Commissioners.

TRUST SALE OF A VALUABLE Middle River Farm.

By virtue of a deed of trust executed to me on the 18th day of June, 1868, by N. E. Lyman trustee, and Mrs. Margaret D. Lyman, to secure purchase money, I will proceed upon the premises, by the consent of all parties in interest, on

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 22nd, 1873,

to sell to the highest bidder, at public auction, that very valuable farm lying on both sides of Middle River, near the McAdamized road, containing **372 acres,** 2 roods, and 29 poles, and known as the "Guy Farm," upon which Mr. N. E. Lyman resides.

This farm is one of the best in the county, and is handsomely improved with a handsome brick residence and all necessary out-buildings. Mr Lyman will take pleasure in showing the premises to persons wishing to purchase.

Terms of sale—The deed calls for cash, but by consent of parties, one-fourth of the purchase money in cash, and the balance in one, two, and three annual payments from the day of sale bearing interest, secured by bonds with good personal security, and a lien on the land will be accepted, instead of cash.

jan21-tds H. M. BELL, Trustee.

Postponement.—Because of high waters, the above sale is postponed to WEDNESDAY, MARCH 12th, 1873, when it will take place at 12 o'clock, M. H. M. BELL, Trustee.
feb18 tds

EXECUTORS' SALE OF LAND.—By direction of the will of Robert Craig, deceased, the Executors will offer at public sale on the premises on FRIDAY THE 14TH DAY OF MARCH, 1873, the valuable farm of said decedent, situated near Craigsville Depot, Augusta county, Virginia, containing near **290 acres,** much of which is level meadow land, and affords a great amount of grass for wintering or grazing stock, which can be range-d during the summer months in the mountains near by. The said farm is well watered and timbered, lies adjoining the Estaline Furnace property, and close to the C. & O. R. R., thus having all the advantages necessary for marketing the surplus products.

There is an excellent chalybeate spring and good iron ore on the above tract of land.

For the capital required this is thought to be one of the most profitable grazing farms to be found.

Terms—About one-fourth in hand, and the residue in one, two, and three years, with interest. Possession given when the hand payment is made, and bonds executed with good security and lien retained.

For particulars call on Mr. Huston near the land, or address,

JAMES H. CALLISON, } Ex'ors.
J. O. McCUTCHEN, }
fe18-4t Middlebrook, Va.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE of a Tract of Land on South River.—In pursuance of a decree of the Circuit court of Augusta county, in the suit of Palmer vs. Donoho, the undersigned, as Commissioners, will offer at public sale, on Thursday, the 13th day of March, 1873, on the premises, at 11 o'clock, A. M., a tract of land lying on South river, in Augusta county, now in the possession of Thos. M. Donoho, containing **216¾** acres. This land lies well, in a good neighborhood, and is in a good state of cultivation, adjoining the lands of Mrs. Thomas Johnston and others, and is known as the Morris Austin farm.

Terms—So much of the purchase money as will pay costs of suit and sale, will be required in cash, and the balance in 1, 2, 3, and 4 years in equal installments, with interest from the day of sale, to be secured by bonds with personal security and a retention of the title as ultimate security, until all the purchase money is paid.

D. S. YOUNG, } Com'rs.
fe11-tds N. K. TROUT, }

Postponement.—In consequence of illness in the family of Mr.