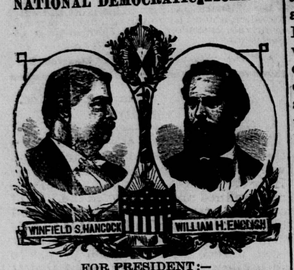
—STAUNTON SPECTATOR AND GENERAL ADVERTISER.—

Staunton Spectator.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 3, 1880.

NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC TICKET.



FOR PRESIDENT:—
WINFIELD SCOTT HANCOCK,
OF PENNSYLVANIA.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:—
WILLIAM H. ENGLISH,
OF INDIANA.

ELECTORS AT LARGE:—
JOHN ECHOLS, of Augusta.
P. W. MCKINNEY, of Prince Edward.

DISTRICT ELECTORS:—
First District—THOMAS CROXTON, of Essex.
Second District—L. R. WATTS, of Portsmouth.
Third District—HILL CARTER, of Hanover.
Fourth District—SAMUEL F. COLEMAN, of Cumberland.
Fifth District—JAMES S. REDD, of Henry.
Sixth District—SAMUEL GRIFFIN, of Bedford.
Seventh District—F. M. MCMULLAN, of Greene.
Eighth District—J. Y. MENIFEE, of Rappahannock.
Ninth District—ARCHER A. PHLEGAR, of Montgomery.

SPECTATOR FOR THE CAMPAIGN.

That all may have an opportunity to read the SPECTATOR for the present exciting and interesting Presidential campaign we will send it to single subscribers at the low rate of only **50 cents** till the 1st of December,

A CLUB OF SIX FOR $2.70
" " " TEN " $4.00

The money must accompany the order. Send in the names at once. Have the paper circulated among your friends. Let the Hancock and English clubs see that as many as possible get the SPECTATOR at these low rates. It should be in the hands of every voter. The subscriptions for clubs of six or ten can be secured in every neighborhood with but little trouble. Let the friends of Hancock and English secure them at once.

Address of the Executive Committee--Read it.

We would invite the special attention of our readers to the admirable address of the State Executive Committee of the Conservative party which is published in this issue. It is a plain statement and forcible presentation of the positions occupied by the opposing parties of this State, and deserves to be read with care and thoughtfully considered by every intelligent and patriotic voter of the State. It makes the duty of the Democratic voters so plain that the "wayfaring man, though a fool, cannot err therein." We hope that none will be deterred by its length from giving it a careful perusal. "Read, ponder, and inwardly digest." If you have prejudices, lay them aside, and consider impartially what it is your duty to do in the coming election.

Consider calmly what it is your duty to do, not as a partisan, but as a patriot and true son of Virginia. Remember that the contest now waging is national and not local, and that the time for considering local questions will be in the State elections next year. Do your duty in the national election this year, and your duty in the State election next year.

In the national election, there should be no division in the ranks of the National Democratic party. In our own illustrious State especially, there should be no faltering or hesitancy, but she should close up her ranks and lead the conquering hosts of the Democratic party. Should Virginia falter in this crisis, she would add shame to disaster.

DEMOCRATIC READJUSTERS OF ALEXANDRIA.—The Democratic Readjusters of Alexandria set a noble and patriotic example which should be followed by all Democratic Readjusters in the State. They announce their purpose to support the electoral ticket nominated by the Democratic Convention of the 19th of May, and endorse, and have issued as their address to the Readjusters of the State, the speech delivered by J. C. Motter, Chairman of the delegates from Alexandria to the Convention of the 7th of July.

REPUBLICAN ORGANIZATIONS.—The activity of the Republicans in organizing for the present campaign cannot be misunderstood by any one who has a proper appreciation of the circumstances and motives impelling them thereto. It is known that if it were not for the aid they are deriving from the supporters of the Mahone ticket, the Republicans would not make any serious effort to carry the State, for they know it would be futile, as they are in a hopeless minority. They now hope to win through the aid of the followers of Mahone.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET OF WEST VIRGINIA.—At the Democratic State nominating convention which met in Martinsburg last Wednesday, the following nominations were made:—J. B. Jackson, of Wood, nominated for Governor on first ballot; C. C. Watts, of Kanawha, Attorney-General; Thomas C. Green, Judge of Court of Appeals; J. S. Miller, of Cabell, Auditor; Thos. O'Brien, of Ohio, Treasurer; B. L. Butcher, of Randolph, Superintendent of Public Instruction.

Hon. J. Randolph Tucker, in a letter expressing regret at not being able to attend a democratic meeting in Norfolk, added: "It is impossible for me to believe the people of Virginia can take part in a scheme for defeating our highest hopes upon a factious division upon a minor issue, and one immaterial and irrelevant to that which is on trial."

The Philadelphia *Record* says: "The less the republican party has to say about repudiation in Virginia the better. Until the readjuster movement was reinforced by republican votes it was of no consequence. That party stands sponsor for the misbegotten enormity."

We call it the Mahone ticket because we think Mahone was at the bottom of it, and because we *know* that very many Readjusters were opposed to it from the beginning and are oposed to it still.

Lynchburg has determined to spend $20,000 in repaving Main street with Belgian blocks.

Leaders of the Mahone Party.

THEIR PURPOSES DIFFER FROM THOSE OF THE MASS OF THE READJUSTERS.

The motives and purposes of Mahone and the active leaders of his party differ as widely from those of the mass of the Readjusters as night does from day, for whilst the honest masses desire the success of the Democratic party, the leaders of the Mahone party desire its defeat, and are laboring with might and main to effect that result. The course they have pursued and are still pursuing shows this clearly. There is no escape from this conclusion. They have not only declined every invitation to act with the Democratic party, but have shown a determined purpose to oppose it. They have clearly shown that they wished to co-operate with the Republican party, and did not do so directly, as Mahone wished, simply and only for the reason that the Republican State convention rejected their proffers of open alliance. In April, they were rejected by the Republicans with whom they wished to form an alliance. In May the Democratic State convention was held, to which they were invited, but they declined the invitation, and would have nothing to do with that Democratic convention.

They met in convention, on the 7th of July, with sixty or seventy Republicans, forty of whom were colored, and, instead of resolving to support the Democratic electoral ticket, already in the field in regular order, they put another ticket in the field to defeat it, and that, too, whilst professing to desire the election of the Democratic nominees for whom the ticket already in the field was pledged to vote.

This action meant that it was the purpose of the Mahone leaders to defeat the Democratic ticket if it were in their power to do so. Their action since confirms this view, for whilst they had shown a willingness, yea an eagerness to unite with the Republicans, they have persistently rejected every tender of union with the Democrats.

The mass of the Readjusters desire such a union, because they desire the success of the Democratic ticket; but the Mahone leaders do not desire it, and they scout and spurn and spit upon, metaphorically, every suggestion of such union, and endeavor to make capital for their party by proclaiming that such propositions from the Democrats argue the weakness of the Democratic party. If it were not that these leaders desire the defeat, instead of the success, of the Democratic ticket, there would never have been a third ticket in Virginia, and it is for that reason, and for that reason alone, that all propositions of uniting the Democrats and Readjusters upon a single ticket are not only rejected, but spurned and scouted by the Mahone leaders, who are responsible for all the difficulty.

The mass of the Readjusters desire the success of the Democratic ticket, and will so vote on the day of election. They should turn their assumed leaders out on the commons to feed like Nebuchadnezzar.

Democratic Readjusters.

7TH-OF-JULY CONVENTION A CHEAT AND A SWINDLE.

The 7th-of-July convention was a cheat and a swindle. It was an imposition upon the honest Democratic Readjusters. When Democratic Readjusters held their meetings and appointed delegates to that convention, they had no idea that it would be a convention composed in great part of Republicans, forty of whom would be negroes, and some of them delegates in the convention which nominated the straight Republican ticket, and that it would cut itself loose from all connection with the National Democratic party, and adopt that policy which would most effectually tend to defeat the nominees of the Democratic party whilst hypocritically professing to desire their election—thus adding to their treason to the Democratic party, the most despicable treachery and hypocrisy. If they had known that such would be the composition and character of that convention, and that it would pursue the course it did, they would never, no, never, have participated in meetings to appoint delegates to it. This the leaders knew very well, and hence it was that they were so careful not to let the people know what it was their purpose to do in that convention. They had their purposes to subserve, and their schemes matured, but they were wise enough not to let the Democratic Readjusters know what they were, for they knew that if they were informed as to them, they would have nothing to do with such treasonable purposes—they would not be parties to the treacherous betrayal of the Democratic party, and would not send delegates, and hence there could not have been any convention to be used as an instrument to subserve the selfish purposes of a few ambitious and unscrupulous politicians. The Democratic Readjusters have great cause to complain of the outrage thus perpetrated, and the imposition practiced upon them, and should resent it, and vindicate their characters as Democrats and patriots, by the most zealous support of the regular Democratic ticket. Thousands of them will do it and save the State.

HELPING THE REPUBLICANS.—That the action of the Mahone party is aiding the Republican party is too plain to need any argument to prove it. It is almost as self-evident as an axiom in geometry. The Democratic Readjusters cannot fail to see it and will repudiate it and vote for the only truly Democratic ticket, that nominated by the Convention of the 19th of May. The first sentence in a communication in the last *Valley Virginian* by a Radical of Harrisonburg, reads as follows:—

"Now that the Readjusters have placed their electoral ticket in the field, thus dividing the Hancock and English vote, it behooves every Republican who has the interests of the party at heart to come to the front and use every legitimate effort to secure the electoral vote of Virginia for Garfield and Arthur."

It is evident that the action of the Mahone convention inspires the Republicans with hopes of carrying the State, and that that party will concentrate their vote upon the straight Republican ticket.

Robert R. Campbell, an open and avowed Garfield man, is chairman of the Readjusters of Fauquier county, and as such calls upon the Readjusters to send delegates to the Congressional convention which will meet in Winchester on the 24th of August.

Hopes of the Republicans.

The Republicans, relying upon the indirect aid given them by the followers of Mahone, expect to carry this State. They do all within their power to prejudice the readjusters against the Democratic party, and seek to increase the dissentions which unfortunately exist among the Democrats of this State.

The Washington *Republican* says:

"It looks as if matters will remain *in statu quo* until the day of election, and then if the Republicans do not carry their electoral ticket it will be their own fault. A full Republican vote will bring that result, and we are assured by intelligent Republicans who have traversed the State that every honorable effort will be made by the Republicans to secure a full vote. Our friends are in good heart and eager for the fray. A thorough and efficient canvass will be made and the votes will be counted, if Republican vigilance can secure such a result, on the night of the election."

Is it not plain, says the *Dispatch*, that the Republicans are calculating that the "Bourbons," as they call the regulars, will be defeated by the persistent obstinacy of the Independents? Is it not evident, too, that they regard the "Bourbons" as their enemies in fact, and the "Readjusters," as they call the Mahoneites, their allies in all but name? Anyhow, the true Democrats amongst the men who have not yet left General Mahone's ticket to its fate ought to learn from these and all other utterances of the Republicans and the Republican journals that it is their duty to come up to the work of trying with all their powers to aid in the election of Hancock and English by voting for the electors nominated by the regular Democratic Convention of the 19th of May.

NO COMPROMISE POSSIBLE.—The Richmond *Whig* of yesterday, which is the organ and speaks authoritatively for the Mahone party, says that the only proposition they will agree to is, that the Democratic ticket shall be withdrawn. This shows clearly, as we have maintained, that the Mahone party are determined to keep the Democrats divided. Democratic Readjusters should at once resolve to cut loose in this election from that party of factionists and vote to a man for the regular Democratic ticket. Their duty as Democrats and patriots is plain.

Remember that Mahone leaders are laboring with the industry of beavers, to defeat the Democratic party that they may place the Republicans under such obligations to them as to secure their votes for the offices they wish to fill.—The prize they are working for with such zeal is the negro vote of the State. They are trying to bamboozle the readjusters and to use them as the monkey did the cat. They will find that the Democratic readjusters are smarter than they give them credit for.

"DESERTERS, TRAITORS, COWARDS." These are the complimentary epithets which the Richmond *Whig*, owned and controlled by Mahone, applies to the better portion of the readjusters—those who wish to secure the election of Hancock and English by uniting the votes of all Democrats, without distinction with reference to purely local issues, upon a single ticket. The *Whig* will find on the day of election that those it denominates as "deserters, traitors, and cowards" will constitute a majority.

WHAT THE MAHONE LEADERS WANT.—The two main purposes of the Mahone party are—to defeat the Democratic party, and to secure their own election to office by the aid of negro votes.

The mass of the readjusters do not desire these results, and they should not suffer themselves to be used to effect them by voting for the Mahone ticket.

FASTING FORTY DAYS.—If Dr. Tanner can survive till noon next Saturday, he will have accomplished the remarkable feat of living forty days and nights without food. His stomach has become so irritable within the past several days that it will not retain the water he drinks. He may live to fast the forty days, and then die shortly after he takes food.

Dr. Geo. K. Gilmer has been appointed Postmaster of the city of Richmond. We saw him in this city last week, and told him that if he failed to get it, he might console himself with the reflection that not much would be lost, as he could not hold it long, as the next election would put the Republicans out.

Rome had her Cataline, the American Colonies their Benedict Arnold, and Virginia has her Mahone.

WINFIELD SCOTT HANCOCK.

His Formal Letter of Acceptance.

A STATESMANLIKE AND ADMIRABLE DOCUMENT—THE CONSTITUTION MUST BE MAINTAINED—THE UNION AND THE STATES COMPOSING IT—"A FULL VOTE, A FREE BALLOT, AND A FAIR COUNT"—THE CIVIL SERVICE, THE PUBLIC DEBT, &C.

GOVERNOR'S ISLAND, NEW YORK, July 29th, 1880.

Gentlemen,—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of July 13th, 1880, apprising me formally of my nomination to the office of President of the United State by the National Democratic Convention lately assembled in Cincinnati. I accept the nomination with grateful appreciation of the confidence reposed in me. The principles enunciated by the Convention are those I have cherished in the past and shall endeavor to maintain in the future.

THE CONSTITUTION AS THE SUPREME LAW OF THE LAND.

The thirteenth, fourteenth, and fifteenth amendments to the Constitution of the United States, embodying the results of the war for the Union, are inviolable. If called to the presidency I should deem it my duty to resist with all of my power any attempt to impair or evade the full force and effect of the Constitution, which, in every article, section, and amendment, is the supreme law of the land. The Constitution forms the basis of the Govrnment of the United States. The powers granted by it to the legislative, executive, and judicial departments define and limit the authority of the General Government. Powers not delegated to the United States by the Constitution nor prohibited by it to the States belong to the States respectively or to the people.

THE UNION OF OUR FATHERS.

The General and State Governments, each acting in its own sphere without trenching upon the lawful jurisdiction of the other, constitute the Union.—This Union, comprising a general government with general powers and State governments with State powers for purposes local to the State, is a polity the foundations of which were laid in the profoundest wisdom. This is the Union our fathers made, and which has been so respected abroad and so beneficent at home. Tried by blood and fire, it stands to-day a model form of free popular government; a political system which, rightly administered, has been, and will continue to be, the admiration of the world.

FAITHFUL AND EFFICIENT ADMINISTRATION NEEDED.

May we not say nearly in the words of Washington, "The unity of government which constitutes us one people is justly dear to us? It is the main pillar in the edifice of our real independence, the support of our peace, safety, and prosperity, and of that liberty we so highly prize and intend at every hazard to preserve." But no form of government, however carefully devised, no principles, however sound, will protect the rights of the people, unless the administration is faithful and efficient. It is a vital principle in our system that neither fraud nor force must be allowed to subvert the rights of the people.—When fraud, violence, or incompetence controls, the noblest constitutions and wisest laws are useless. The bayonet is not a fit instrument for collecting the votes of freemen. It is only by a full vote, free ballot, and fair count that the people can rule in fact, as required by the theory of our Government. Take this foundation away and the whole structure falls.

CIVIL-SERVICE REFORM.

Public office is a trust, not a bounty bestowed upon the holder. No incompetent or dishonest persons should ever be entrusted with it, or, if appointed, they should be promptly ejected. The basis of a substantial, practical civil-service reform must first be established by the people in filling the elective offices. If they fix a high standard of qualifications for office and sternly reject the corrupt and incompetent, the result will be decisive in governing the action of the servants whom they entrust with the appointing power.

THE BLESSINGS OF THE UNION FREE TO ALL.

The war for the Union was successfully closed more than fifteen years ago. All classes of our people must share alike in the blessings of the Union, and are equally concerned in its perpetuity and in the proper administration of public affairs. We are in a state of profound peace. Henceforth let it be our purpose to cultivate sentiments of friendship and not of animosity among our fellow-cititizens. Our material interests varied and progressive, demand our constant and united efforts.

THE PUBLIC CREDIT.

A sedulous and scrupulous care of the public credit, together with a wise and economical management of our governmental expenditures, should be maintained in order that labor may be lightly burdened and that all persons may be protected in their rights to the fruits of their own industry. The time has come to enjoy the substantial benefits of reconciliation. As one people we have common interests. Let us encourage the harmony and generous rivalry among our own industries which will revive our languishing merchant marine, extend our commerce with foreign nations, assist our merchants, manufacturers, and producers to develop our vast natural resources and increase the prosperity and happiness of our people.

HIS COURSE IF ELECTED.

If elected I shall, with the Divine favor, labor with what ability I possess to discharge my duties with fidelity according to my convictions, and shall take care to protect and defend the Union, and to see that the laws be faithfully and equally executed in all parts of the country alike. I will assume the responsibility, fully sensible of the fact that to administer rightly the functions of government is to discharge the most sacred duty that can devolve upon an American citizen.

I am, very respectfully, your,
WINFIELD S. HANCOCK.

To the Hon. John W. Stevenson, president of the Convention; Hon. John P. Stockton, chairman, and others of the Committee of the National Democratic Convention.

The Pipe of Peace.

DEMOCRATIC READJUSTERS OF ALEXANDRIA.

PATRIOTISM BEFORE PARTY—EVERYTHING FOR THE CAUSE AND COUNTRY—SOUND AND STATESMAN-LIKE SPEECH OF MR. MOTTER.

To the Democratic Readjusters of the State of Virginia:

The Democratic Readjuster Club of the city of Alexandria, being actuated by a desire to aid in the election of Hancock and English, and being still loyal to the grand old Democratic party and its principles, have caused the following address to be printed as showing the objects and purposes of their organization; and they put it forth to the people of the State of Virginia, who are Readjusters, and yet Democrats, as containing the reason why all, who are not Republicans, should support the Democratic Electors named by the Convention which met in Richmond in May, as well as all regularly nominated Congressmen in preference to those nominated by the Mahone Convention on July 7th.

The following is the speech of J. C. Motter, chairman of the Delegates from Alexandria to the Richmond Convention of July 7th, 1880. We indorse the speech as our address to the Democratic Readjusters of Virginia.

I stand here to-day, Mr. President, yielding to no man in all this assembly in point of devotion to the great principles of Readjusterism. An original believer in the necessity of settling the State debt upon a basis consistent with the honor and best interests of our grand old Commonwealth, I have, from the year 1870, talked and worked to that end. I am ready now to fight and to work to adjust the State debt upon a basis acceptable to the people of the Commonwealth, so that the fostering hand of the State may no longer be withdrawn from her educational institutions. But, sir, I was a Democrat before the word Readjuster found a place in the political history of the State, before the necessity of readjustment sprung up from the disastrous results of the war; and to-day no man loves the principles or the name of Democracy more than do I. I see it to-day as I have seen it during all my life—the great bulwark of the oppressed and down trodden; the staunch supporter of civil liberty, of Constitutional Government, of a return to the happy, prosperous government of the fathers; of pure and wise administration of public affairs; and, lastly, of a "government by the people and for the people."

And now, sir, if with a united party in this Commonwealth we can aid in securing to ourselves and our children's children all these blessings—if we can aid in crushing out the party whose sole stock in trade is abuse of our dearly loved South—if by our vote we can place in the White House for the first time in 20 years a Democrat—one who was our great enemy in war, our greatest friend to peace—I ask why, as reasonable men, why we should divide that vote, and by so doing give this State to our arch-enemy, the Republican party?

What have the principles of readjustment to do with National politics? Do you propose to undertake the gigantic scheme of readjusting the National debt, of forming a party that shall sway this Nation based upon the sole principle of settling the debt of the State of Virginia? If this be your idea, Mr. Chairman, I tell you you do not read aright the signs of the times; you mistake the sentiments of the Virginia people.—While willing to readjust her debt, the white people of this State do not propose to abandon their priceless heritage, the Democratic party. They do not propose to destroy the Democratic party that they may build up another upon its ruins. They have witnessed for fifteen years the party of hate and of corruption, confronted by the Great Democratic party, and now that the current is turning they do not propose to abandon it. Shall we by our action here today, do aught that will injure this great cause? God forbid For looking across our borders, I see in every direction the signs of Republican joy at the division in our party. I see their hope, that by putting an independent Electoral Ticket in the field we will give this State to them. Surely this cannot be the object or desire of the Democratic members of this Convention. But I tell you if it is, the people of this State will remember that they were Democrats before they were Readjusters, and so they will vote.

An Electoral Ticket composed of good and true Democrats has been in the field for more than a month. The regular party has sent us delegates to Cincinnati, they have participated in the proceedings of the Convention there; to all their proceedings we have been invited in a way that said plainly it was an apology for their past conduct to us; we had a majority of the white Democratic vote of this State then, as you say and as I believe. Were not the meetings then held the time and place for us to have acted, and by so doing have had complete control of the whole party organization of the State?

We were invited—nay, begged to enter then. Was it not our duty, then, to have done so? All over this great land rival factions in our party are burying their feuds. In Massachusetts and New York enemies—bitter enemies—are testifying their loyalty to the party, and their appreciation of our great leader, Hancock, by vieing with each other as to who can contribute most to their success. Such an example should inspire our actions to-day, and cause us to show the people of this country that the Democrats of those States are not more patriotic or unselfish than the Readjusters of Virginia. Let us unite the Democrats of Virginia by issuing to put an Electoral Ticket in the field, and then one year hence after we have seated a Democrat in the Presidential chair and given him a good working majority in both Houses of Congress we can once again battle for readjustment of the State debt.

By so doing we lose nothing. The one principle for which we fight—a settlement of the State debt by the people, and therefore a settlement satisfactory to the people—cannot die out; it will live until a settlement is had, and then a purely State party will resolve itself into the two great parties of the land. For many years yet there is no room in this country for a third party.

You know full well that this ticket now spoken of will not be voted for by the Republican Readjusters, and that its only possible effect will be to divide the Democratic vote.

I may not, Mr. Chairman, have spoken either eloquently or well, but I have spoken the words of truth, and I have uttered the sentiments of Alexandria's Readjusters. Let us act in the way I have indicated, and by so doing let this day be memorable in Virginia's history as the day when, forgetting our grievances, we acted for the country's good. We leave you and go back to Alexandria. We have obeyed the instructions from our Convention, not to throw anything in the way of the election of Hancock and English. Farewell.

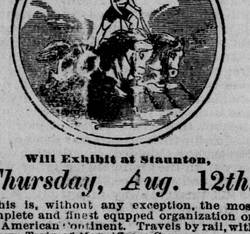
EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE CONSERVATIVE READJUSTER CLUB.

E. H. Hawkins, chairman; E. E. Coleman, Robert Rudd, Benjamin Dudley, William Doble, H. Webster, J. C. Motter, Wm Wheatley, James McLean, James P. Coleman, Robert Ballenger, Wesley Makeley, Charles Rudd, John L. Smith, Jr., Thomas Rudd, M. Lynch, V. M. Power, George E. Price, W. H. Smith, E. C. Atwell.

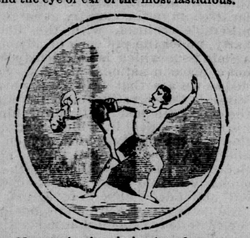
NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STAUNTON OPERA HOUSE
2 NIGHTS ONLY!
CHAS. L. SIEGEL'S
ENGLISH OPERA COMPANY!
Tuesday and Wednesday,
AUGUST 10th and 11th.
MAD. CAROLINE RICHINGS BERNARD,
America's Greatest Prima Donna,
Supported by
MISS AMY ROGERS,
MR. EDWIN W. HOFF,
MR. PIERRE BERNARD,
MR. JOS. W. GREENSFELDER.
Tuesday, August 10th.
2nd ACT OF MARTHA
AND
BOX AND COX!
Wednesday, August 11th.
First appearance of P. BERNARD'S
DUCHESS.
POPULAR PRICES:
General Admission ..... 50 cents.
Reserved Seats ..... 75 cents.
Gallery ..... 25 cents.
☞ Cheap Excursion rates from Afton, Waynesboro', Fishersville, and Harrisonburg.
au3-2t

ROBERT STICKNEY'S
IMPERIAL
CIRCUS!
MONSTER MENAGARIE, MUSEUM,
GREAT ANGLO-AMERICAN AGGREGATION!
—AND—
WORLD OF WONDERS!



Will Exhibit at Staunton,
Thursday, Aug. 12th.
This is, without any exception, the most complete and finest equipped organization on the American Continent. Travels by rail, with its own Train of Magnificent Cars.
The management have spared neither time nor expense, to secure the most renowned male and female Artists of the scenic circle. Nothing said or done under the immense pavilion to offend the eye or ear of the most fastidious.



The Menagerie, the choicest and most rare specimens of Beasts, Birds and Reptiles, ever exhibited.
The 10 o'clock Parade is not given to inveigle the public, but merely to give them some idea of our immense, inexhaustible, amusement-giving enterprise.
Don't fail to be in time to see the Grand Free Exhibition, which takes place in front of our immense pavilion every day.
Senorita Evalitta Carriata,
IN HER FLIGHT TO THE CLOUDS,
is the most thrilling, danger-defying and exciting feat ever attempted by any living male or female artist. She never fails. It is worth coming hundreds of miles to witness this alone. So throw away toil and care, and bring your families.
The Woods Electric Light, the most brilliant known, is used in this show only.
Admission:—Adults, 50 c. Children under 9 years, 25 c.
For further particulars see bills. au3-1t

FOR RENT.—The STORE-ROOM now occupied by Mr. Mix, (Jeweler,) will be for rent the 1st day of November, 1880. Apply to
MRS. K. M. KELLEY.
☞ Application must be made within the next two weeks.
au3-2t c. p. c. and send bill to this office.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS!
STANDARD FERTILIZERS!
OFFERED BY
JAMES H. BLACKLEY.
—1880.—
The season for using Fertilizers being now near, I would respectfully call the attention of my friends to the fact, that I have completed my arrangements for supplying them with *the best* articles in this line that I know of on the market, and at the lowest prices and most favorable terms possible.
DETRICK'S
PURE RAW BONE MEAL
is positively the best Bone on the market, and a careful examination and comparison with any other will verify the truth of this assertain. As good as can be made, being perfectly Pure Raw Bone, ground as fine as meal and of uniform quality and fineness. Price as low and terms as liberal as can be for a first-class warranted strictly Pure Raw Bone.
THOMPSON & EDWARDS'
PURE BONE MEAL,
THOMPSON & EDWARDS'
DISSOLVED ANIMAL BONE,
THOMPSON & EDWARDS'
PURE RAW BONE,
MISSOURI BONE MEAL,
SLINGLUFF'S
PURE RAW BONE—Dissolved.
This is the best Raw Bone that can be had, and is thoroughly dissolved in Acid, Warranted to contain nothing but
Pure Animal Bone and Acid.
BRITISH MIXTURE.
These goods are admitted to be among the best Fertilizers known for wheat and grass, giving a fine return the first season and showing a marked improvement to the soil for years after.
With confidence, and on the testimony of some of the best and most successful farmers in our section, I recommend them to the farmers of this community. Every bag is warranted to be fully up to the standard in quality and condition with the sample bag shown.
In addition to the above named Standard goods, I also sell,—
SOL. SUPER-PHOSPHATE.
AMMONIATED SUPER-PHOSPHATE,
Dissolved Animal Bone,
(Various Grades,)
DISSOLVED S. C. PHOSPHATE,
GROUND S. C. PHOSPHATE.
To Farmers who Mix their own Fertilizers.
As agent for the manufacturers of chemicals and other ingredients for Fertilizers, I will state that orders to me for anything in this line will have prompt and careful attention, and as I get goods of this kind in large lots, thereby saving freight, I can supply some of the articles at lower prices than the same can be had at from Baltimore in quantities needed by the farmers.
A Full Stock kept in Store
of all the leading articles needed in the line, such as
Dissolved and Raw Bone, Dissolved and Raw S. C. Phosphate, Oil of Vitriol, Nitrogen, Sulphates of Soda, Potash, Ammonia, Magnesia, Muriate of Potash, &c.,
and can be had any day called for *after the first day of August.*
FORMULAS for compounding and mixing various grades of tried and good Fertilizers at costs ranging from $10.00 to $26.00 per ton furnished free.
☞ FARMERS will find it to their interest to examine my goods before buying elsewhere. For further information, call on
JAS. H. BLACKLEY,
Opposite Passenger Depot,
au3-8t C. & O. R. W.

TRUSTEES' SALE OF A VALUABLE GRAZING FARM IN HIGHLAND COUNTY.—In pursuance of a deed of trust executed on the 24th day of January, 1880, by John R. Porter to the undersigned, trustees, we will, on
Friday, the 3rd day of September, 1880,
proceed on the premises, to sell at public auction to the highest bidder, that VALUABLE FARM lying in the Big Valley in said county, on which John P. Porter lately resided, containing 443 ACRES, by actual survey.
This farm is considered one of the best grazing farms in the county, and will be sold as a whole or in two parcels, one containing 206¼ acres, and the other, 238¾ acres, so as to insure the best price. It is finely watered, has on it a Dwelling House, a good orchard, and is finely timbered. An accurate plat of said land will be exhibited on the day of sale, and any one wishing information in regard to said farm can obtain the same by applying to the undersigned at Monterey, Va.
TERMS.—Enough cash in hand to pay the costs of drawing and recording the trust deed, and the costs of sale, and the balance of the purchase money upon a credit of one, two and three years, the purchasers executing bonds with good and approved personal security, bearing interest from day of sale, and the legal title to be retained as ultimate security. The title to said lands is believed to be good, but we will only convey such title as is vested in us as trustees.
C. P. JONES,
L. H. STEPHENSON,
Trustees.
au3-tds

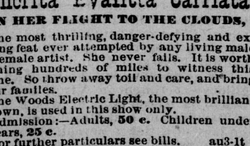
ROBERT HILL, Jr.,
WILL
REMOVE
HIS STOCK OF
LIQUORS,
TO THE
STONE HOUSE,
on Augusta Street,
ONE DOOR BELOW BYERS & EAKLE,
au3- on the First day of September.

Augusta Female Seminary.
Session of 1880-'81 will open on the
1st DAY OF SEPTEMBER,
With a full corps of Teachers.
Terms for day pupils for session of forty weeks:—

JUVENILE COURSE	$27.00
PREPARATORY COURSE	36.00
INTERMEDIATE COURSE	48.00
COLLEGIATE COURSE	50.00
CONTINGENT FEE	2.00
CALISTHENICS	5.00

☞ Accomplishments and Extra Branches, as stated in Catalogue.
☞ Payment—half in advance, and remainder in February. au3-1m

—TOBACCO!—
At Factory No. 2 in this city can be found as choice an article of—
CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO
as can be procured in this or any other market, and at as LOW AND REASONABLE PRICES. Some 3 years old.
☞ The attention of the trade is called to my Factory and earnestly invited to call and examine my stock. J. L. TIMBERLAKE.
Staunton, Va., July 30th, 1880. au3-4t



Campaign Goods
We are headquarters for Campaign Goods, such as Suits, Capes, Caps, Belts, Shirts, Torches, Pipes, Photographs, Banners, Badges, &c.
Agents Wanted! Clubs Supplied. Complete sample suit by express $1.50, sample Badge 15c. by mail, two for 25c., one dozen by mail $.100. Either candidates.
Portraits 12x16, 10 cents each; 4 for 25 cents.
E. G. RIDEOUT & CO.,
10 Barclay St., N. Y.
au3-4t

OFFICE OF SUPT. OF MILLER MANUAL LABOR SCHOOL, BATESVILLE, P. O. VA., JULY 28TH, 1880.
TO CONTRACTORS.—Sealed Bids will be received at this office until the evening of August 13th, for building a WORK-SHOP for this SCHOOL. Specifications will be sent on application. Plans can be seen here.
Bids will be opened for letting contract in Charlottesville, Saturday, August 14. Reach us via Mechum's River C. & O. R. W.
au3-1t C. E. VAWTER, Supt.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOW READY!
Issued August 1st.
AMERICAN NEWSPAPER DIRECTORY
FOR
1880.
Twelfth Annual Volume.
ONE THOUSAND AND FIFTY PAGES.
Price, Five Dollars.
This work is the recognized source of information on the Statistics of American Newspapers.
Advertisers, Advertising Agents, Editors, Politicians, and the Departments of the Government, rely upon its statements as the only recognized authority.
It gives the Name of all Newspapers and other Periodicals.
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It gives the Size of the Paper.
It gives the Susciription Price.
It gives the Date of Establishment, and the best obtainable information about the circulation, and several valuable tables and classifications.
Revised annually, and information brought down to the latest date.
Sent to any address on receipt of the price. Address—
GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., Publishers,
(*Newspaper Advertising Bureau,*)
au3-2t 10 Spruce St., New York.

TAYLOR & PATTESON,
STAUNTON, VA.,
Next Door to Burke's Livery Stable.
☞ Headquarters for the greatest variety of CARRIAGES,
BUGGIES, PHÆTONS, AND WAGONS
in the State. We are receiving every few days superior work from the finest factories of the North and West, for which we are sole agents, and can save all who wish to buy 20 per cent. by purchasing from us. We sell from the cheapest to the finest.
Look at some of our prices—Open Top Buggies from $65 to $125; Top Buggies from $85 to $350; Extension Top Carriages from $165 to $450; Phætons from $115 to $350; Wagons from $75 to $100.
Don't buy until you first come and see us or send for cuts and prices. au3-2t

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE,
Staunton, Aug. 2nd, 1880.
Nelson, &c.,
vs.
Nelson, &c.
To Wm. J. Nelson and Alex. F. Nelson, Ex'ors of James Nelson, dec'd, and of A. F. Nelson, dec'd, and all parties interested in said estates or in any wise interested in the above-styled cause:—
TAKE NOTICE!—That in pursance of a decree of the circuit court of Augusta county, entered in said cause June 14th, 1880, I will proceed at my office in Staunton, on *Tuesday, the 2nd day of September,* 1880, to take and settle an account of the transactions of said Ex'ors, with the estates aforesaid and a distribution account among the parties entitled thereto, together with any other matters required to be stated or deemed necessary by undersigned.
au3-4t G. M. HARRISON, Com'r.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE
NEAR STAUNTON.
I will sell at public auction, in front of the Court-house, at Staunton, on
Saturday, August 21st, 1880,
102 ACRES OF LAND, part of the farm of the late W. J. D. Bell, dec'd, lying on Lewis's Creek, 4 miles Northeast of Staunton. There are about 65 acres of cleared land, most of which is of a superior quality of Farming and Grazing Land. There is a small House on the farm.
☞ Terms made known on day of sale.
Dr. J. C. Bell, my brothers or myself will take pleasure in showing this property to any one desiring to purchase. Sale at 2 o'clock.
WM. BELL,
Executor and Trustee.

LAND SALES.

PUBLIC SALE OF A VALUABLE FARM.—I, the undersigned, F. A. Baylor, Ex'or of Wm. F. Bell, dec'd, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, in front of the Court-house, in Staunton, on
Monday, June 28th, 1880,
(County Court Day,) that very valuable and highly improved Farm owned by the late Wm. F. Bell, containing 135 acres. This land lies on the South side of the Churchville road, about five miles from Staunton, and is a part of the farm owned by the late Col. Wm. A. Bell. The whole of this land is of the very best quality.—Forty acres of it is wood land, well timbered with Oak and Walnut,—the residue is in the highest state of cultivation, part of it well set in grass, and produces equal to any land in the county. Considering the desirable size of this farm, the quality of the soil, and its convenient location to markets, there has been no such land offered for sale in this county for a long time.
☞ Full possession will be given the 1st of September, 1880.
TERMS OF SALE:—This property will be sold on a credit of one, two, and three years, the purchaser executing bonds therefor, with good personal security, bearing interest from the day of sale, and title retained as ultimate security.
Dr. Jno. C. Bell, Davis A. Kayser, E. W. Bayly, or myself, will take pleasure in showing this property to any one desiring to buy it.
P. A. BAYLOR, Executor of Wm. F. Bell, dec'd.
jel-tt

POSTPONEMENT.
The above sale is postponed until *Monday, July 26th,* 1880, (Court-day.)
je29-tds P. A. BAYLOR, Ex'or.

FURTHER POSTPONEMENT.
The above sale is further postponed until *Monday, August 23rd,* 1880, (Court-day.)
jy27-tds P. A. BAYLOR, Executor.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF VALUABLE FARM.—By virtue of a decree of the circuit court of Augusta county, rendered in the case of Kersh and others vs. Crawford and others, I will proceed, on the premises, on
Saturday, the 21st day of August, 1880,
to sell at public auction, that desirable Farm, situated two miles south of Weyer's Cave Depot, in Augusta county, adjoining the lands of David Brannaman and others, containing 183 acres, which was owned by Mary Ann Kersh in her life time. This tract is well watered, and well fenced. There is upon it a comfortable Dwelling and necessary out-buildings, and a good orchard; about 80 acres is cleared—the remainder is heavily timbered. The timber is specially valuable, being pine and white oak suitable for lumber of the best quality, with the best facilities for transportation.
TERMS:—So much in hand as will pay the costs of suit and sale, and the remainder upon a credit of one, two, and three years from the date of sale, with interest from the date of sale; the purchaser giving bond and approved personal security, and the title retained as ultimate security. J. A. WEAVER,
jy