Staunton Spectator.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1883.

SPECTATOR FOR THE CAMPAIGN.

To enable all who desire to do so to have the opportunity to read the SPECTATOR during the interesting canvass we are now entering upon, we will furnish it from this time to the 1st of December at the following rates:

Single copy	50 cents
Club of 5	$2.25
Club of 10	$4.00
Club of 20	$6.00

The money must accompany the order. Get up clubs as soon as possible. The most effectual way of securing the success of the Democratic party, is to have Democratic papers introduced into the families of the voters. Those who are able to do so, should pay for them, and have them sent during the canvass to such as are too poor or too indifferent to subscribe for them themselves. Each political club in the county should raise the means to have Democratic papers sent to the voters in its neighborhood.

A very small sum from each member would aggregate an amount that would ensure the weekly distribution of many copies where they would do much good.

Get up clubs for the SPECTATOR as early as possible.

"Once more into the breach, dear friends, once more."

In all the years which have rolled by since Virginia resolved to free herself from British tyranny and established a government by the people, no more important election, as truly says the Alexandria *Gazette*, has invited the suffrages of her people than that which the rising sun of the sixth of November will herald. True, the tendency of the General Government to usurp the rights of the States was rebuked in '98; the surging tide of religious proscription was met and rolled back in '55; the call of a President for aid in forcing back into the Union our unwilling sister States, was answered by a call to arms in '61; and the fight for State credit was bravely maintained in '79 and '81; yet an issue, more important perhaps, is now before us. It is the naked question whether one man is to rule us—and rule us for his own selfish ends. The young men of the Commonwealth should think of the "reason" unblushingly given by his supporters for desiring to turn them over to the republican party; "We are for Arthur because Arthur is for us." How for us? Can any man point out a single act of President Arthur which has, in any way, specially benefitted or was intended to benefit the people of Virginia? No such pretense is made. The conclusion, therefore, is irresistible, that it means that Arthur distributes patronage through the hands of Mahone. What a reason for political action! Men there have been and always will be, who will sell their votes for money or barter their principles for office; but they do it in the secrecy of the caucus and gloss over their infamy with professions of conversion to more enlarged views or better political principles. Their very hypocrisy is a tribute to political virtue. But now we have a party who cast aside all the veils of decency and openly profess political prostitution. They serve a master who can reward them,—"to dig they are not able" but to "beg they are not ashamed," and they wear the collar of the boss, and lick his feet as calmly and unblushingly as ever spaniel did his master's. What a spectacle for angels and for men? Citizens of a free Commonwealth "crooking the pregnant hinges of the knee that thrift may follow fawning." But how shall we remedy all this? The remedy, young men of Virginia, is in your hands. It is organization and work, hard, steady work, until the day of election. The enemy have the executive; they have the county judgeships; they have the Court of Appeals; they have the registration and election machinery; they have the public schools. They have prostituted to their selfish end every advantage they have achieved, fortified themselves in every position they have gained. One more victory and they will have in their hands the entire judiciary and be able to gerrymander us out of almost our entire representation in the National councils, and thus hand us over, bound hand and foot, to Arthur, "because Arthur is for us." We cannot believe, young men of Virginia, that you will submit to this. Rise then in your might and make a supreme effort for the redemption of our good old mother; gird on your armor, and go forth to the battle, and the sun of November will shine upon the routed forces of the spoilsmen.

TEMPERANCE REFORMATION IN GERMANY.—Our readers will be interested to learn that a grand temperance movement has begun in Germany with the court, the clergy, and the physicians actively enlisted on the side of reform. The famous Von Moltke is at the head of the column, and the first organized movement was made some time ago at the silver wedding of the Crown Prince. The Germans, however, says the Norfolk *Landmark*, are wise in not confounding temperance with total abstinence. The scheme is not austere or unreasonable, and simply calls for what the word temperance implies. The German movement grows out of a sense of what is described as an obvious necessity, and it has been undertaken on a scale so gigantic that there is every reason to believe that it will achieve great private reformation, and, consequently great public blessings. The judicious nature of this grand enterprise should be considered by the friends of temperance all over the world, and as they watch the movement that should constantly bear in mind they total abstinence is not the means selected by the Germans for the attainment of their end, which is the establishment of temperance among all classes of the Empire.

The importance of the following, which we find in several of our exchanges can not be too strongly urged: "A bad nomination in a single district may lose the democracy a legislator, and this year the party may need all it can elect under the most favorable circumstances. Nominate the best men, thus deserving success, and, success will be rendered more certain."

The democrats of Rockingham are thoroughly united and are determined this fall to redeem that county from the thraldom of Mahoneism.

The Virginia State fair is to be held October 31 and November 1 and 2. The premium list is long and liberal.

It is said that up to date about $1,300,000 worth of bonds have been issued under the Riddleberger bill.

Count De Chambord, the French pretender to the throne, died on the 24th inst., after a long and severe illness. "He was born in the Tuilleries, Paris, the 29th of September, 1850. He believed himself to be the only rightful heir to the throne of France, and since the surrender, of Sedan and the issue of his manifesto signed himself "Henry V." His father who was heir presumptive to the throne, was assassinated February 14, 1820, and great was the joy when, seven months later, his widow gave birth to a Prince. When Charles X. abdicated in favor of his grandson, the Duc de Bordeaux, the people insisted upon crowning the "Citizen King," and the early Bourbons were banished.

The life of the Count de Chambord was essentially that of a French political leader. For exactly twelve days he was King of France.

Even his days of exile were kingly, and while he had the gentlemanly attributes of education, refinement and intelligence which befit a King, yet there was a shortsightedness and fanaticism which proved his ruin. He was an unusually handsome man, rather stout and of medium height. Unaffected and gracious in his manner, the simplicity and amiability of his nature was revealed in his honest face.

SIXTEEN HORSES KILLED BY LIGHTNING.—A destructive flash of lightning struck the stable attached to the cavalry officers' school at Krasnoje-Selo, killing sixteen horses on the spot. The electric fluid, on striking the corner of the building, seems to have traveled along the iron with which the racks were covered, and set all the hay on fire at once. The horses all fell to the ground. Most of them rose again quickly but sixteen were found to be dead, and two were quite deaf. In all the horses that were killed the electric fluid seems to have entered at the head or neck, passing down through the fore feet. The killed horses were not all together or in adjoining stalls, but were scattered up and down the stable justifying the presumption that their death was caused by coming into contact with the metallic covering of the racks. The horses that survived were most probably not in contact with the metal at the moment when it was being traversed by the electric fluid.

The Republican party has thus far shown no sign of recuperation from its terrible defeat in the election of 1882, when the people throughout the length and breadth of this country, sat down on the bosses so heavily. We hear of defections from everywhere and it is not confined to any class either. The people are sick and disgusted with shams, star route swindles, corruption of high officials and the numberless jobs of festering iniquities which have been fastened upon the public in the name of Republicanism. The old party of "morality" is badly torn up in nearly every state in the Union, and there is nothing at present to indicate that the bosses can ever again rule the party as they once did.

Some of the Indiana Republicans threaten to have Dorsey indicted for bribing voters in that State unless he stops telling what took place in 1880. Unless the kindly influence of a statute of limitations could be invoked in his behalf, Dorsey would be speedily convicted. The New Yorker who disbursed half a million dollars or so on the mere initials of the Arkansas ex-senator is alive and well. But wiser counsels will prevail. Already the abuse and denial which followed Dorsey's early publication of facts have ceased in the organs. He is not now praised by the Grants, Arthurs and Beechers of the party as he was three years ago, but neither is he denounced as he was three months ago.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has rendered a decision on the Hostetter bitter question. In a letter sent to the manufacturer at Pittsburg, the Commissioner says that the analysis of the bitters shows them to contain 32 per cent. alcohol, 64 per cent, water, about 4 per cent. essential oil, and other flavoring extracts and a little quinine. He holds that the bitters may be used as a beverage or a medecine, and that where they are sold as a medecine on a prescription or otherwise no license will be required, but where they are sold as a beverage a license for the sale of whisky must be taken out from July 1 1883.

What came near being a serious riot occurred at Mannington, Marion county, a few days since. It was occasioned by some teamsters who attempted to clear away some obstruction which had been made by improving the pike. This the police resisted and the fight began. The participants used revolvers, knives and rocks. Six or eight persons were injured, and but two seriously. The riot would likely have caused a good deal of bloodshed if the county authorities had not suppressed it in time.

On Maj. Holmes Conrad's motion to reduce taxation to 40 cents on the $100 after thirteen millions had been eliminated from the principal of the debt and interest on the remainder reduced from 6 to 3 per cent., 22 Democrats and 9 Mahone-Republicans voted aye, and 29 Mahone Republicans and 9 Democrats voted nay. Thirty-one Democrats out of 40, and 9 Mahone-Republicans out of 47 favored reduction. And yet Mahone-Republicans claim all credit for the reduction of taxes.

"The oldest American soldier" is believed to be Sergeant Lewis Leffman. He served in the army of Hanover as long ago as 1813, and medals in his name show that he was faithful and valiant at Waterloo. He enlisted in the United States army fifty-nine years ago, in 1824, and had passed most of his time at Fort Niagara, New York, where he still lives at the age of ninety.

An illustration of the greed and corruption of the Mahone party in Virginia is the fact that one man has held two offices at the same time. The Postmaster of Norfolk also claims a seat in the State Senate and would probably like to remain in possession of both positions but the Postmaster-General has sent a premptory order to him to resign.

KNIGHTS OF LABOR CONVENTION AT CINCINNATI.—The General Assembly of the Knights of Labor of the United States will begin a session of several days duration September 4th. It is estimated that from 80 to 100 delegates will be in attendance from various districts.

A resolution instructing members of Congress to vote for the postal telegraph service has been introduced in the House of Representatives of Georgia and reported favorably from the committee.

The issue of "postal notes," payable to bearer, for all sums from one cent to four dollars and ninety-nine cents, begun Monday.

Dr. J. J. Lafferty and daughter, of Richmond, are at Rawley Springs.

Boss Mahone is reported to be badly scared. The whites in the Southside counties of Virginia are making a general stampede from Mahoneism alias Republicanism. A large number of Democrats have been fooled long enough by Mahone. They thought the mission of his party was an honorable and economical settlement of the debt of Virginia, but they have at last found out that "spoils" and government patronage was the platform. Therefore the conscientious but badly duped Virginia voter is returning to the Democratic party, where there are no bosses, but where liberty is the leading principle.

In stating the fact that Mahone is exacting an iron-clad written pledge from all his legislative candidates, the Philadelphia *Times* says: "This is the most extreme and audacious application of the ownership in politics ever made in this country. No dodging is possible under such an arrangement. The victim signs away his political liberty by giving a mortgage already foreclosed."

The Petersburg *Mail* says that the publication of a Democratic campaign organ at Lynchburg has caused Mahone to determine to start several new county organs in the Southwest. Two of these have already commenced publication, and arrangements are being made for one or two others. The Boss intends to fight hard to retain his following in the Southwest.

A new telegraph company, with a capital of $5,000,000, has been incorporated in Boston.

The Virginia Democracy.

The *National Republican* says of the Virginia Democrats that they have "indorsed all that the Readjusters have done in settlement of the State debt, and pledged themselves against any disturbance of that settlement." It is not true that the Virginia Democrats have indorsed all or anything that the Readjusters have done in relation to the debt. On the contrary, it is absolutely, and, we are compelled to believe, intentionally false.

The Virginia Democrats have not indorsed repudiation, nor have they approved of "elimination." They have the same opinion of this debt settlement now that they had two years ago, except that they are now satisfied that further resistance would be vain.

They accept the situation, but they have not indorsed, they do not approve, and they never will commend the means employed to produce that situation.

They see that they have wasted time and strength in fighting against the inevitable. They found the Federal Government, "the whole weight of the Administration," all the power of the Federal machine and every Republican Senator on the side of Mahone and "elimination." At first this vast array of power did not discourage the honest, debt-paying Democrats of the Old Dominion. Knowing that they had right on their side, they believed that they could triumph over wrong. With sublime faith in the capacity of a just cause to take care of itself, they fought against Mahone and his legions backed by the Federal Government—virtually backed by the Federal Treasury.

For it is a known and demonstrable fact that millions of the public money have been expended under the direction of William Mahone to bolster up his cause and to put down honesty.

It is a known and demonstrated fact that a large portion of this vast outlay has been corruptly used.

It is equally well known and can readily be demonstrated that most of the balance has been wantonly, wastefully frittered away.

There is not in the political history of this country the record of a nobler struggle for principle than was made by the Virginia Bourbons. When we consider how much easier it is to "eliminate" than to pay, how many years of hard work, how much of pinching economy are avoided by "elimination," when we think of the temptation they resisted in their long hard fight, we are compelled to admire their rugged honesty and unflinching courage.

There was not only the temptation to throw off a heavy load of debt, but the Federal Administration and thirty-seven Republican Senators stood up to put the seal of their approval on such unloading.

All the truly loyal and the truly good elements of the "grand old party" as represented in this Capital, were ready to make affidavit that "elimination" was synonymous with holiness.

There is not a party or faction in any State in the Union that could have made headway in honest debt-paying against the influences that sided with Mahone.

There is not a State debt in this country that ever will be paid if the Federal Administration and the United States Senate take sides with a faction that declares for repudiation.

Make "elimination" respectable by the indorsement of the Executive department and a majority of the Senate and it will sweep any State—for it is so easy to "eliminate," so hard to pay.

Throw "the whole weight of the Administration" against honesty, and in favor of dishonesty, and we shall have all over the country, just what has been wrought in Virginia.

No, the Virginia Democrats do not indorse "elimination"—they accept an accomplished and unalterable fact. They fought their cause to its legitimate end—fought against such odds as no other party in any State issue has ever faced. But they will fight no more over that settled question. Letting the dead past bury its dead, they turn to the living present and resolve to make their State a fit place of residence for honorable men. This they will do by "eliminating" Mahoneism.—*Washington Post.*

WASHINGTON LODGE.—Under this title, Mr. F. L. Brockett, of Alexandria, has compiled a very interesting volume of about 200 octavo pages, embracing the history of Washington Lodge, Alexandria, from 1786 to 1875, with biographical sketches of its most distinguished members. Among United States officers, who were members of the Alexandria Lodge, were Robert B. Randolph and Daingerfield Fauntleroy, of whom the volume of Mr. Brockett contains interesting sketches. The latter was regarded as the best rifle shot in the world; and was remarkable for size, symmetry, strength, activity, and elegance of person, manliness, dignity, and kindness of heart, —*Alexandia Gazette.*

Purser Daingerfield Fauntleroy was born in Frederick county, (now Clarke,) and was a schoolboy in Winchester with his older brother, Gen. T. T. Fauntleroy, who, now in his 80th year, is farming upon the banks of the Shenandoah River for his living, after having promptly and gracefully resigned his fortune and his almost preeminent rank in the United States Army at the call of his native Virginia.—*Winchestar News.*

Gen. Fauntleroy settled in Warrenton some sixty years ago as a practising attorney, and was elected from Fauquier to the Legislature in 1822. He subsequently established a paper here called the *Political Spectator*, and after editing it several years, sold it to Edward Cook, who changed its name. He was a firm supporter of President Jackson, and was by him, on the breaking out of the Seminole war, appointed Major of dragoons. Our older citizens will be pleased to learn from the *News* that he still lives, and after a chequered career leads the independent life of a farmer.—*Warrenton Index.*

It has become almost proverbial that when a Virginian falls his descent is greater than that of other men. An instance in point is afforded by the case of the son of Henry A. Wise, who is going through the black counties of Virginia, addressing colored audiences and affording them amusement by stories intended to illustrate his assertions that the people of his own race call them "damn niggers," and that the Democratic party of the State is composed of whiskey drinkers and men whose hospitality is greater than their means.—*Alexandria Gazette.*

THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.—This paper is now, has been and always expects to be, a sincere and earnest advocate of a liberal and enlightened system of public schools. But for all that we have not lost our equilibrium; and we stigmatize as the worst enemies of the system those zealots who, from either ignorance or a sordid self-seeking motive, would convert this beneficence into a political foot-ball. It is part and parcel of the Mahone tactics to affect a furious solicitude for the education of the masses; particularly the negro masses. Five-sixths of their votes are negro votes. They really care nothing for the negroes. They are a set of political hypocrites, roustabouts, spoiliators, and plunderers. To propitiate the negro vote they pretend, all on a sudden, to believe it a matter of supreme importance to give a University education to the blackamoors. They vote money by the hundred thousand from a depleted treasury to found a "Normal Institute for negroes of both sexes." With all chicanery and detestable demagoguery as this we have no patience. If the dogs were sincere, why do they not accept the fair and equitable proposition of the Democratic platform to give to the negro schools negro trustees and teachers, and their ratable share of the school fund? Why, we say, do they not accept this? We repeat, why do they not? There is but one answer: they are a gang of miscegenation wretches who pander to the vile prejudices and passions of negro politicians. They would minister to these prejudices and passions by intermixing whites and blacks on the school-boards. Everybody but an ass or an idiot understands their dirty devices; and there is no use of wasting more time upon them. We are for a judicious, liberal, comprehensive system of public schools. In the counties nothing more should be attempted than to give a sound elementary English education. This is all the State can undertake to do. Any young man who has brains in his head, virtue in his heart, and sand in his gizzard can make his way in the world if you give him a good English education to begin with. This, in our opinion, is as far as the general system of education, at State expense, should undertake to go. Because the Mahoneites, in order to beguile darkeys and dotards, profess "a more advanced system of higher education," (including Greek, Latin, Sanskrit, and Coptic,) we shall not espouse the policy of "seeing them one better," by advocating a still greater extravagance and absurdity.—*Lynchburg Virginian.*

How can a Northern man vote for the Mahoneites, when their leaders pronounce this a bayonet-pinned and secursed Union? How can a Southern man vote for them, when the Boss himself votes against the repeal of the statute prohibiting ex-Confederates from holding commissions in the army and navy of the country for which they may have to fight? How can a Republican vote for them, when their leaders say Southern Republicans are a scaly set, whose only object is office, and who can be bought at cheap rates? How can a Democrat vote for them, when their leaders, while professing to be Democrats, support the most ultra Radical men and measures? How can a colored man vote for them, when the negro is only a fit competitor with monkeys for chestnuts? How can the farmer support them, when they say that Virginia farmers are rich and don't need protection? How can a poor man support them, when the employees of the railroad of which the Boss was President approached him with covered head at the cost of their places? How can the taxpayer vote for them, when their leaders, who enter office as poor as church mice, after a year or two of service can afford to stock farms with imported cattle, turn their houses into palaces, and make thousand dollar sub-criptions to Republican campaign funds in other States? How can the man who may have a case in court vote for them, when the only qualification they require of a judge is that he be a Mahoneite and shall once in his life have opened a law book? How can any one, not a Julian Avenel, the free-booter, whose profession it was to turn the world upside down, and who lived the blithest life when the downer side was uppermost, vote for them, when he looks around and sees the manner of men it is with which they have filled the State and national offices at their disposal, and the travesties they have played both in the national and State legislatures and in the State courts of justice?—*Alexandria Gazette.*

WHAT HE HAS DONE.—In summing up we find that this man Mahone, through his railroad management, his "malign influence" in the Legislature and State government, retarded for years the commercial, manufacturing, and agricultural growth and interests of Virginia; that he injured all her cities to the extent of millions of dollars by his course in betraying their interests to the northern corporations; that he prevented direct trade being established between our seaports and Europe at a time when everything was ripe for it; that he especially aimed the shafts of his revenge against this city, whose streets he is now ashamed to publicly walk, lest the odium of our people should make itself too apparent; and finally, that when he found himself defeated politically and deprived of power over the railroad system of Virginia, and no longer able to injure any one in that direction, he massed the negroes of Virginia against her white people, and, renegade like, placed himself at their head, and permitted them to trample his own race, his own flesh and blood, under their black hoofs!

And is this the man, Virginians, proud race that you are, you propose to continue as your ruler throughout his lifetime? Heaven save and protect us if such be your purpose; but we do not believe you intend it.—*Richmond State.*

S. BROWN ALLEN.—This dapper individual who parts his hair in the middle, likewise his name, and who by the grace of Boss William Mahone enjoys the lucrative position of Auditor of this State, with all of its emoluments, less two per cent. or more in political assessments, levied by the Boss to insure "a free ballot and fair count," is paid out of money collected of the hard-working people of this State to run the Auditor's office in the city of Richmond. But instead of doing so he is running up and down the country making speeches and doing dirty political work for his master Mahone, in order that himself and Mahone may be kept in office. Mahone to misrepresent the people of Virginia in the United States Senate and vote with the Radical party on every ballot, against the wishes of a very large majority of the people of Virginia. When in the history of this State did she ever have an Auditor so negligent of his duty as to forsake his post and take the stump, save S. Brown Allen!—*Pearisburg Virginian, August 24.*

LOCAL OPTION IN GEORGIA.—Hon. Jas. Jackson, Chief Justice of Georgia, in an article in the September number of the *North American Review*, says:

"The day of the grog-shop and of that which it produces—the inflamed passion and the deadly weapon—is rapidly passing away. The local option retail law generally pervades the State of Georgia; county after county prohibits the traffic, reduces expenses, and diminishes crime. The prosecuting officers of the State are paid according to the number of criminals tried; and they inform the writer that in those counties where this traffic is prohibited the office of solicitor-general is worthless. Soon, let us hope, the generous Southern sun will shine upon an entire population, sober, prosperous, peaceful, and happy. May that population be swollen into a vast multitude by a tide of immigration which shall enrich every valley and cover every hill-top with good, sober, industrious men."

THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.—The Lynchburg Convention could not have set forth better than it has our views on the public school question. We are in favor of separate establishments *in toto*. Let the colored Ministers of the Gospel, who are in general good and honest and intelligent negroes, take charge of their schools as trustees, appoint their teachers, and receive their share of the money coming to them, dividing the school fund on the basis of the annual attendance of pupils. This we think ought to settle the question for all time, and satisfactorily to both races. It would surely prevent that most deplorable of all things for both races and which would not fail to bring on a race war, MIXED SCHOOLS.—*Richmond State.*

How can the colored men of Virginia expect their white fellow citizens to respect them when they permit their preachers to treat them as they do? At a recent Mahone convention in the Valley, a colored preacher, said that what he would do with a negro who would vote the Democratic ticket would be, "To hang him to the highest tree in the ecclesiastical forest, and to bury him so deep that the hand of resurection could never reach him." White men don't allow their preachers to talk to them in that way, and the mere fact that colored men do, strengthens the belief entertained by many of the natural inferiority of the colored race. If the colored people want to be considered the equals of their white neighbors, and to deserve the respect of the latter, they must conduct themselves as the latter do, and must have more self-respect and more independence than to submit to such treatment from their own race as white men would not bear from theirs.—*Alex. Gazette.*

The democrats of Culpeper are earnest; they have determined to discard all personal feelings and to work for the cause. At the meeting held at the Court House last Monday they unanimously pledged themselves to a united, earnest and constant effort to secure the election to the House of Delegates of the nominee of the Democratic party of the county, and to this end solemnly promised to give of their time and means. That is the way to talk and do.—*Alex. Gazette.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MR. ALLEN having retired from the firm of Berkeley, Allen & Co., the business will hereafter be conducted under the firm name of CARTER BERKELEY & CO. Persons owing the old firm will please call and settle.

sep4-3t CARTER BERKELEY & CO.

THE WAYNESBORO' SEMINARY FOR GIRLS will open SEPTEMBER 17th. Address MRS. T. OSCAR ROGERS, Principal,

sep4-2mo. Waynesboro', Augusta Co., Va.

YOUNG MULES FOR SALE.

I have for sale, at my farm near Staunton, Va., three (3) two year old and one (1) one year old Mules for sale. Prices reasonable.

sep4-2t. CASPER ZIRKLE

WE ARE PREPARED to make a distribution of 56 per cent., approximately, on the debts against the T. K. Menefee estate. Persons having claims against the estate will please call at once.

JOHN W. STOUT, Adm'r,

It W. A. HUDSON, Com'r.

ATTENTION FARMERS!

I call your attention to an extract from a letter received by me from the State Chemist. "This Department says nothing about the agricultural values of Fertilizers. These belong to the farmer and can only be ascertained by actual experiment in the field.

J. M. BLANTON"

Farmers when you buy a Plow you buy for its Plowing Qualities, and a Harvester for its Cutting and Binding Qualities, and when you buy Fertilizers you buy for their agricultural values. By a misrepresentation of facts my goods have been grossly slandered, but while it was not so intended has resulted in a great amount of Free advertisement, and many parties, who had not heard of Graham's Fertilizers, are now buying. One party said he did not know there was a Fertilizer Factory in Staunton, thought it was a Car Factory "them Staunton fellows were trying to get started." The District West of Mt Crawford which last year took 7 car loads this year takes eight and many others not counted. They have seen the "actual experiments in the field.

Respectfully,

It J. E. GRAHAM.

FOUR YEARS IN THE SADDLE,
BY GEN. HARRY GILMOR.

The few remainding copies of the above work will be sold for the benefit of the Author's children. For sale at

OLIVIER'S Book Store.

THE BEST STYLOGRAPHIC PEN IN THE MARKET.

Carries enough ink to write 15,000 words.

PRICE, $1 25.

For sale at

OLIVIER'S Book Store.

SCHOOL BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

A large supply of both NEW AND SECOND HAND SCHOOL BOOKS,

For the Public and Private Schools; also, the Female Colleges.

Teachers and Parents will find it to their interest to send their orders to

OLIVIER'S Book Store.

sep4

HARDWARE! HARDWARE!!

The selected assortment of hardware, &c., which was kept by Geo. P. Baker & Co., at the Augusta Bank Building, has been removed to

BAKER BROTHERS,

and will be sold *at prices to suit the times.* Farmers and Builders in want of Hardware should call to see as before buying.

WOODENWARE,

such as Buckets, Horse-Buckets, Cedar Tubs, Churns, Brooms, &c., &c., at very low figures.

We have a full assortment of

FERTILIZERS

AND

Fertilizing Ingredients,

which we are selling at unusually moderate prices.

Baker's Soluble Phosphate.
Baker's Ammoniated Super Phosphate.
Baker's Pure Dissoived Animal Bone.
Baker's Dissolved Ammoniated Bone.
Baker's Dissolved S. C. Bone.
Sulphate of Soda, Kainit.
Missouri Bone Meal.
Currie's Bone Meal, and Bone Flour.

Please examine the State chemist's report for the value of our goods.

Highest market prices for wheat, &c., delivered at Staunton or Raphine, or in car load lots at stations along Shenandoah Valley, Chesapeake & Ohio, or Valley Railroads.

BAKER BROS.

sep1 8t

ALWAYS AHEAD!

KAYSER, SHIRKEY & TAYLOR,

ARE RECEIVING DAILY A MOST ATTRACTIVE LINE OF

FALL GOODS

in all the

NOVELTIES OUT.

THEIR STOCK OF

MOURNING GOODS

is unusually attractive, embracing a line of Goods that have never been brought to this market before.

KAYSER, SHIRKEY & TAYLOR,

Have just received the

LARGEST

AND

HANDSOMEST

LINE OF

JERSEYS

IN THE CITY—ALL SHADES AND PRICES.

LADIES, IF YOU WANT A NICE

JERSEY

Go to KAYSER, SHIRKEY & TAYLOR.

In order to supply the demand KEYSER, SHIRKEY & TAYLOR ARE COMPELLED TO ORDER

JERSEYS

EVERY DAY.

NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS AT KAYSER. SHIRKEY & TAYLOR'S.

WANTED.—A settled white woman to cook for a family in the country—family not large. House conveniently arranged.—One of good character and not afraid of kitchen work can get a good home. Apply at office of this paper for particulars. aug21-3t

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW MASONIC HALL.

Monday, September 10, 1883.

FIFTH YEAR —OF THE— Phenomenal SUCCESS!

THE GREATEST AMERICAN PLAY

ONLY A

Farmer's Daughter,

AS PLAYED OVER 1500 TIMES.

WITH A PORTION OF THE GREAT ORIGINAL NEW YORK CAST, INCLUDING

ADELAIDE CHERIE AND CAMILLE KINZEY,

Knighted by the Metropolitan Press,

THE RIVAL BEAUTIES!!

Both from distinguished American families!
Both with unexceptional Wardrobe!
Two distinctive types of American beauty!
Each claims to be the greatest!

EMMA FRANK, The World Famous Exponent of American Character.

LA PETITE BEAUTY, The World's Greatest Living American Child Actress.

The remainder of the company engaged for these art representations, are not outranked as Ladies and Gentlemen of distinction, ability, social standing or dramatic reputation, by

ANY COMPANY IN THE WORLD.

PRICES AS USUAL.

Reserved Seats at Hanaker's.

LAND SALES.

FARM FOR SALE PRIVATELY.—I will sell the farm known as the "W. K. Wallace farm," near Craigsville, in Augusta Co., containing 253 acres, with good house and out-houses, new Swisher barn, about one hundred acres in timber, rest of land in grass; close to mill, school-house, and several churches, 2 miles of the Railroad Depot and Post-office. First-class marble on said land, both black and coral. For further particulars, address—

R. A. WALLACE,

feb6-tf Craigsville, Augusta Co., Va.

FARM FOR SALE PRIVATELY.—The undersigned offers for sale privately his Farm near Pond Gap in Augusta county, containing 175 acres, more or less, formerly owned by Jacob Kunkle, dec'd. It has upon it two dwelling houses and other buildings, and two good springs of freestone water, with a church, school-house, Post-office, and Railroad depot near. It has Summer and Winter range, and there is a good outlet to the mountain for grazing cattle. For further particulars, address—

C. WERNER,

Jy24-4m Pond Gap, Augusta Co., Va.

LAND FOR SALE.

A CHANCE FOR A BARGAIN.

The undersigned will sell a bargain in 52½ Acres of Land on the Shenandoah River, three miles below McGaheysville, Rockingham county. An equal number of acres adjoining, owned by his brother, G. W. Mauzy, may be bought with it, if the purchaser should prefer to buy 105, instead of 52½ acres. This tract of 105 acres,—the half or whole of which may be purchased,—is bounded on the East by the Shenandoah River, and on the West by a public road which runs on the North through the timbered portion of the tract.

This land is in a good neighborhood—within a mile of Yancey Station on the Shen. Valley R. R., and still nearer to the line marked out for the Washington, Cincinnati and St. Louis R. R., and if the connection between the Shen. Valley and the Valley Railroads at Parrisonburg should be made, that road will run quite near also.

About one-third of this land is in timber of the

Very Best Quality for PINE LUMBER—

the pine trees being large, straight, tall, and numerous. Besides this lumber timber, there is quite a variety and sufficient quantity of other timber for rails, fuel, and other purposes, consisting of different kinds of oak, hickory, walnut, &c.

The fine lumber timber on this land could be made to pay a considerable portion of the purchase money for the whole tract. The timbered portion of this land could be sold any day, or the lumber timber on it, if the owner so desired, for several lumber-men have expressed a wish and offered to buy it.

A Cash Purchaser can get a BARGAIN.

If it were not so far from his land at McGaheysville, the undersigned would not sell it.

This land will be shown to parties desiring to purchase by G. W. Mauzy, who resides on Cub-Run three miles south of McGaheysville, and one mile from Monte Video, his Postoffice address.

Persons wishing to buy can call personally upon the undersigned, or address him as follows:—

RICHARD MAUZY,

apr3 Staunton, Va.

SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.—By virtue of a decree rendered in the chancery cause of Wm. F. Bell's Ex'or vs. D. N. Wilson and als., pending in the circuit court of Augusta county, I, the undersigned, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, in front of the Court-house, in Staunton, Va., on

Monday, the 24th day of September, 1883,

(County Court-day) that very valuable farm containing 135 acres, now in the possession of D. N. Wilson. This land is of first-rate quality, crops well, and lies well, and is in a good state of cultivation with the exception of a part of it, which is well timbered. The fences are in good condition.

This property is situated on the left side of the Churchville road, opposite the farm of Stewart Bolling, and about 4 miles from Staunton, and adjoins the lands of D. N. Wilson, Arthur Dudley, and D. A. Kayser.

This property is sold at the risk and costs of D. N. Wilson, a former purchaser of this property, and his surety as purchaser.

TERMS: Ten per cent. of the purchase money cash in hand, and the residue in one, two, and three years, in equal instalments, the purchaser giving bond therefor with approved personal security, bearing interest from the day of sale, and retaining the legal title as ultimate security.

P. A. BAYLOR, Commissioner.

aug21-4t

COMMISSIONERS' SALE OF HOUSE AND LOT.—By virtue of a decree of the circuit court of Augusta county, entered on the 27th day of March, 1883, in the consolidated causes of R. M. Ayres vs. Kate O'Toole and als., and Loeb Bros vs. Kate O'Toole and als., the undersigned Commissioners, thereby appointed for the purpose, will sell, at public auction, to the highest bidder, on—

Saturday, Septembr 15th, 1883,

in front of the Court-house of Augusta county, a HOUSE and LOT, situated in the county of Augusta, near the City of Staunton, on the Greenville road, formerly owned by Kate O'Toole and by her conveyed to Richard J. Collins, deceased.

To persons of moderate means seeking a home this is a good opportunity. The property lies just beyond the corporate limits of Staunton, and has a garden lot attached.

TERMS: Cash sufficient to pay the costs of the above named suits and sale, and as to the residue, upon a credit of one, two, and three years, purchaser executing bonds in equal instalments for the deferred payments bearing interest from the day of sale, with approved personal security, and the title retained as ultimate security, or in lieu of personal security the purchaser may pay one-third of the purchase money in addition to the costs of suits and sale.

ALEX. F. ROBERTSON,
DAVID MAY,
aug21-4t Commissioners.

SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.—Pursuant to two deeds of trust, one executed the 5th day of August, 1881, recorded in the Hustings Court Clerk's office, D. B. 8, page 302, and the other dated April 7th, 1882, recorded in the same Clerk's office, D. B. 8, page 390, we will sell at public auction, in front of the Court-house in Staunton, on

Saturday, the 22nd day of September, 1883,

the following described property, to wit:

A lot fronting on St. Clair street 60 feet, and running back between parallel lines to Madison street. This lot has on it two comfortable dwelling houses; one fronting on Madison street, containing eleven rooms; the other fronting on St. Clair street, containing nine rooms, is located in a pleasant part of the city, and the sale offers a fine opportunity to any one wishing to purchase a desirable residence.

The two houses, each with half the lot, will be offered separately, and then the property will be sold in whichever way it brings most.

TERMS:—Cash sufficient to pay costs of executing this trust, the unpaid taxes, and the amount now in arrears to the Staunton Perpetual Building and Loan Company, which is $417.83 cents, and the residue on a credit of six, twelve, eighteen, twenty-four, thirty, and thirty-six months, payable in equal instalments, the purchaser giving bonds with approved personal security, bearing interest from date, and the title retained as ultimate security, or, at the option of the purchaser, cash in hand to pay expenses of executing the trust and the arrearages due the Company, and then he shall have the privilege of substituting himself for and assuming the obligation of the grantors in the deeds, and as to the residue, on like credit as above, to be secured in the same manner. Sale to commence at 3½ o'clock, P. M.

JOSEPH B. WOODWARD,
WM. A. CUSHING,
J. S. GILLIAM, Trustees.

aug21-tds

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE GREATEST SHOW EVER IN VIRGINIA!

Its Record for Honest Advertising and Fair Dealing is Everywhere Admitted to be Unexceptionable.

WILL EXHIBIT AT

STAUNTON

Tuesday, Sept. 11th.

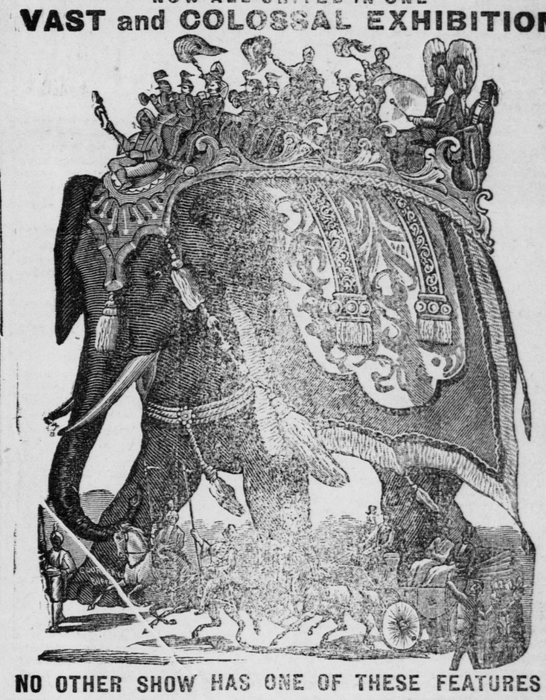
EXCURSIONS ON ALL RAILROADS.

SELLS BROTHERS

ENORMOUS RAILROAD SHOWS

NOW ALL UNITED IN ONE

VAST and COLOSSAL EXHIBITION



NO OTHER SHOW HAS ONE OF THESE FEATURES!

HERDS OF ASIATIC ELEPHANTS
NINE AFRICAN ELEPHANTS
THE ONLY WOOLY ELEPHANT
A SCORE OF LIONS
A SCHOOL OF SEA LIONS
A BLUE NOSE MANDRIL
BRAZILIAN TAMINOIR
Two HORNED HORSES
KANGAROOS
NYL GHAU
BABBOONS
COLONIES OF MONKEYS
100 Artists
10 Great Riders
6 Bands of Music
Troupe of Aerialists
SCORES of ACROBATS
STRONGEST MAN Living
STIRK BICYCLE TROUPE
6 FRENCH EQUESTRIENNES
MOST GORGEOUS PAGEANT
50 CAGES OF ANIMALS
THE CARNIVAL OF VENICE REVIVED

A DROVE OF GIRAFFES
A WHOLE FLOCK OF OSTRICHES
A FIVE TOM RHINOCEROS
FIVE BENGAL TIGERS
PERFORMING ZEBRAS
THE ONLY LION SLAYER
HUGE GORILLAS
AFRICAN ELANDS
POLAR BEARS
VLACK VARKE
APES
MYRIADS OF BIRDS
20 CLOWNS
GLADYRIDERS
20 Gold'n Chariots
24 Great LEAPERS
Troupes of GYMNASTS
7 Performing STALLIONS
Prof. WHITE'S DOG CIRCUS
The CARON FRENCH FAMILY
3 MILES OF STREET DISPLAY
A THOUSAND MEN AND HORSES
A GLITTERING ROYAL MARCH
A THOUSAND COSTLY BANNERS

THE GREATEST AND BEST SHOW ON EARTH. A TWO MILLION DOLLAR EXHIBITION. $100,000 FEATURE. NO OTHER SHOW HAS THEM! LOOK! SEE! WE EXHIBIT THEM FREE