Staunton Spectator.

TUESDAY, APRIL 1, 1884

SPECIAL NOTICE.

Our subscribers now receive this paper with their address and the date to which they have paid printed on the margin.—Thus, "J Smith 1jan84" shows that Mr. Smith has paid his subscription to the first of this year. When he renews for another year the 4 will be changed to 5. This constitutes *a continuous receipt*, and no other is necessary. Subscribers by mail, in making remittances, will note by such change in date that their money has been received and properly accredited on our books.—When a subscriber wishes to know how much he owes for this paper, the printed date will answer the question at once.

A Word to American Workingmen and Mechanics.

As the Norfolk *Landmark* says, there is no country under the sun in which the laboring classes ought to be so comfortable or happy as in this; but the fact is apparent on every hand that the workingmen of the United States are growing poorer while the monopolists are growing richer every day. Taxation is the main cause, and what this burthen can do for a people was shown in France before the Revolution, and can be seen to-day in Egypt. There is an invisible drain of from 25 to 30 per cent. on the slender resources of every workingman in this country. His indirect taxes in time of peace are what they were in the agonies of revolution, when the supreme object of the North was to prevent a dissolution of the Union. No price was too great for our kinsmen to pay for this; and hence the prodigious inflictions of the tariff. To say that these impositions must now remain, and that, too, with a surplus of about $140-000,000 in the Treasury, is to say that they shall be hewers of wood and drawers of water for an indefinite period, if not for all time; for if the present rates of Federal taxation are perpetuated the artificial and corrupting needs of the country will be so expanded that retrenchment and reform will be still more difficult than they are today. For a long time the laboring men of the country were deluded by the idea that they were "protected" by our fiscal system; the prosperity which existed, despite bad laws and ruinous taxes, was attributed to protection, just as on one occasion Mr. Sherman took credit to himself for the propitious seasons and abundant crops sent by Providence to reward the toil of the husbandman. But the workingmen of the country have not found the facts to agree with the boasts of those who call "protection" the poor man's friend; and Mr. Cox, in his recent speech in the House, refers to this in a manner which should command the attention of those most interested.

"Year after year," says Mr. Cox, "with a few spasmodic exceptions, the condition of labor in the United States has been growing worse. It is harder for the maintenance of families since high tariff legislation has been in force. The employers have been growing rich, the laborers poorer. There has never in our industrial progress as a nation been a time when the producing laborers in our mills, shops and factories more required protection from tariff robbery, which fosters monopoly, than the present."

The orator is right; "protection against tariff robbery" is the sort of "protection" which the laboring men of this country require; and it seems to us in their present condition they would welcome any change which promised to give *greater purchasing power* to their hard-earned dollars For the last twenty years the condition of the American mechanics and laborers, as classes, has been steadily growing worse; while the derided paupers of England's shops, mills, factories, and ship-yards have been as steadily improving in their comfort and the *purchasing power* of their wages.

TUESDAY'S STORM.—The cyclone on Tuesday in the vicinity of London, Ky., was the most violent ever known in that section. At Pittsburg, Ky., John Hailman, Mrs. Broughton and two little children were killed, and Col. C. W. Stringer, Mrs. Stringer, Robt. Ridings, Miss Sallie Goff and James Warren were fatally injured. Over 100 families are left homeless. The storm in Anderson county, S. C., Tuesday, fatally injured three children of a Mr. Watson, near Piedmont. There was a violent thunder and rain-storm at Petersburg, Va, shortly after midnight Wednesday morning. The Appomattox was swollen by the rain, and the meadows on the Chesterfield side were submerged.

A destructive cyclone visited Newton and Lenoir, N. C., Tuesday night. At Newton 30 houses were blown down. Mary Hunsucker was killed, and 14 other persons injured. At Lenoir six persons are reported to have been killed. In Mecklenburg five or six residences were destroyed. There was also a cyclone at Gainesville, Ga., accompanied by hail. Many houses were leveled, and three lives are reported to have been lost.

THE WILL OF "BLIND TOM'S', MANAGER.—The will of the late John G. Bethune, the manager of "Blind Tom" was filed for probate in New York on Saturday week, in the surrogate's office. The instrument was executed in Washington, in January last. It gives all his estate to his father, James N. Bethune, of Warrenton, but in case of the latter's death the estate is to be divided equally between the decedent's sisters. The decedent says that he has made no provision for the woman calling herself Mrs. or Eliza Bethune, but declares that she is not his legal wife.

ROANOKE FEMALE SEMINARY.—A female seminary, to be known as the "Roanoke Female Seminary," will be established at Roanoke city, under the auspices of the Virginia Conference of the M. E. Church South.

The site has been secured on what is known as the Lewis addition. The conference assumed the payment of $1,000 and Bishop Warren subscribed $100. The construction of the building will commence at once.

An excellent preparation for softening the hands is made of equal parts of lamb suet and of glycerine; melt them gently together, add a few drops of some strong perfume, and use after bathing; rub a little thoroughly into the skin.

The man named Ewing or Lamb, arrested recently at Danville, Va., on his confession that he had killed two colored men, is thought to be George J. Williams, who is wanted in Charleston, W. Va.

"Brick" Pomeroy lives in New York, but owns and edits a paper in Denver, Col.

Here, There, and Everywhere.

Five hundred and seventy-two bills passed the General Assembly at its late session.

An oysterman of Accomac killed a seal recently in Folly creek. His wife now sports a seal-skin sacque, and peace reigns in that family. Selah.

Parson Newman thinks he is the best Pastor for the New York Madison-Avenue church, but his congregation are raising a rumpus and are determined to have some other new man.

Mayo has been ousted from his seat in Congress to which he never had any right, and by a unanimous vote at that. Mayo, himself, knew he had no claim to the seat, and yet he has drawn his pay all the same.

Hon. Carl Schurz is said to be out of employment and out of money. He has been paid liberally for waving the "bloody shirt," but retribution has collared him at last, and now he is not able to buy a clean shirt for himself.

The sons of Queen Victoria are members of the English Parliament, but none of them have anything to say in politics. This may be some comfort to the officers of our State Institutions, as in this respect, at least, they are made, by law, to resemble princes of the royal blood.

Logan's apprehensions are being aroused by the boom that Blaine's book is giving his most formidable rival for the Presidency, and it is said that he is going to write his recollections of the war as a sort of offset. It would be a remarkable production if published *verbatim et literatim.*

President Arthur has removed Mr. Sargent, American minister to Germany, from Berlin to St. Petersburg, and Bismarck is triumphant. This is an implied acknowledgment and concession to Bismarck's claim, that he prevented foreign nations from recognizing the Confederate States.

Minister Sargent at Berlin declines the mission to Russia.

In the debate on the Blair educational bill in the Senate last week, Senator Ingalls, of Kansas, taunted the South with calling upon the North for aid in educating the negro, when Senator Vance interjected the stinging inquiry: "Did not the men of the North sell us the negro and guarantee the title, then liberate him, and thank God they were not as other men?"

The Board of Public Works, in its efforts to obey the law requiring their selection of non-partisans for the Boards of our Public Institutions, went entirely astray, for their appointments were made up of members of different political parties for the very reason that they belonged to different parties. This was obeying the law with a vengeance. They seem to have acted on the *lucus a non lucendo* principle.

Mr. Riddleberger does not represent the people of Virginia when he says, as he did the other day, in the debate on the Educational Bill:—

"If the federal government will come to our support with any amount of money, no matter what conditions may be coupled with it, I am ready to accept it."

Like man, like party; money, money, money, is all that is wanted, no matter about the conditions. But the people of Virginia have had enough of federal interference in State affairs.

Miss Bessie Falls, of Alexandria, left New York Saturday, the 15th ult., *via* San Francisco for Osaka, Japan, where she goes as a missionary. Previous to her departure a farewell service was held in St. Ann's church for deaf-mutes, which was attended by Rev. Dr. Gallaudet, Rev. Mr. Blanchet, of Japan, Rev. Joshua Kimber, and Rev. Dr. McKim. Dr. McKim, who twelve years ago presented Miss Falls for confirmation, made a beautiful and appropriate address, and manifested much interest in the step Miss Falls has taken.

MARRIAGE LICENSE BILL VETOED.—On last Wednesday, Gov. McLane of Maryland vetoed the bill reducing marriage licenses from $4.50 to 60 cents. The Governor sent a message to the Senate giving his reasons for the veto, which accompanied the bill returned without his approval. The pressure on the Governor from both sides was very strong. He told all the friends of the reform that he would cheerfully have signed the bill if they had provided any other source of revenue. He thought it rather hasty to pass the bill before some other provision had been made for raising revenue to supply its place.

The Legislature failed to pass it over the veto—not getting the three-fifths vote required. Efforts will be made to reconsider and pass it.

DEATH OF A BRILLIANT MAN.—Mr. Frank D. Moore, son of the late Rev. Dr. T V. Moore, of Richmond, Va., died at Anderson, S. C., Monday, March 24th, in the 36th year of his age. At one time he was pastor of a large Presbyterian Church in Covington, Ky., but for two or three years past he had been engaged in the practice of law in New York city. A month ago he was attacked with pneumonia and came South, hoping to recover his health. He was a brilliant man.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—Mr. Philip Nash, bridge-inspector of the Valley Branch of the B. & O. Railroad Company, fell through the bridge over Antietam creek, on the Washington county branch road, Sunday morning of last week, and was instantly killed. Mr. Nash leaves a wife and five children, who reside at Sandy Hook.

The Richmond *State* has entered upon its ninth year, and still occupies the fore-front in the rank of Democratic papers in the country. Fearless, able, and outspoken in its advocacy of right, we commend it to our readers and wish for it an even still greater measure of prosperity than has marked its past.

Mrs. James K. Polk, at the venerable age of 81, still lives in excellent health at Polk Place, Nashville, Tenn. She never had any children, but adopted a niece, who married George W. Fall, a merchant of Nashville, and who with her husband and only daughter, Sadie, make up the happy family at Polk Place.

A son of Capt. James Graham, at Graham, N. C., while hunting, was killed by the accidental discharge of his gun. He was a grand-son of the Hon. William A. Graham, formerly Secretary of the Navy.

Mr. Randall says that Pennsylvania is now sending capital into the two Virginias at the rate of a million and a half a month, the most of which goes into mines and factories.

Major H. R. Hershberger, once drill-master of Grant, McClellan and Burnside, at West Point, died in Chambersburg on Saturday week, aged 73 years.

Professor Alexander Agassiz has already spent over $300,000 of his own private moneys on the Museum of Comparative Zoology, at Cambridge.

TERRIBLE RIOT IN CINCINNATI.—The riot which commenced in Cincinnati on last Friday night, an account of which is published in another column, is terrible in its character, and has caused the death of many persons and the wounding of more. As compared with this, the riot at Danville is a small affair. This will teach Senator Sherman, who is so active in making political capital out of the Danville riot, that a more fearful and fatal riot has occurred in his own State. He should sweep before his own door before using his broom before that of his neighbors.

A dispatch to the Balt. *Sun* says the scenes of last Saturday night have had no parallel in Cincinnati. Briefly grouped they are the burning of the magnificent court-house, with all its invaluable records and splendid law library; the killing of 75 to 100 men, women and children, for many children were included in the death list; the wounding of perhaps 250 persons, the robbery of a gun store, and the arrival of two regiments of malitia. The sheriff, who is practically in command, has unfortunately left the rear of his position entirely unprotected. The arrival of the military by train was delayed till nearly eleven o'clock, and that fatal blunder and the unfortunate delay has cost the county the loss of its court-house and undoubtedly was the cause of the greater part of the bloodshed.

The intelligence we have from the Southwest is that the Coalition is stronger and more determined than ever, and will earnestly support the nominees of the Chicago National Republican Convention for President and Vice President.—*Valley Virginian.*

How reliable the intelligence the *Virginian* has from the Southwest may be learned from the following intelligence from Montgomery county in the Southwest.

A Christiansburg letter of the 25th says: The Coalitionists attempted a mass-meeting here to-day, but it was a most dismal failure. Not the slightest interest was manifested in it by many who have heretofore taken an active part in political meetings. They rung the court-house bell again and again, but the "brethren" would not respond. A pitiful handful was all they could get.

As it is in Montgomery so will it be found to be in all those counties where Democratic Readjusters did most abound when the debt question was an issue. Democrats are not necessarily Republicans because they wished a readjustment of the public debt, and next November will find them voting the Democratic ticket.

The free trade and whiskey ring Democrats of the House of Representatives at Washington, unseated Col. R. M. Mayo, Republican member from the First Virginia district. The effect of such a step will be felt in the North, where people of both parties have some respect for law, which Bourbonism never had.—*Richmond Whig.*

This would sound a little strange in view of the fact that the vote unseating Mayo and seating Garrison was a unanimous one, had it appeared in any other paper than the *Whig.* The fact is that all, free traders, protectionists, democrats, republicans, and even the non-de-script Johnny Wise, voted to oust Mayo from a seat which he never had any right to. By the statement of the *Whig*, all the classes above named are "free trade and whiskey ring democrats." How, is that for high."

EARTHQUAKE AT ISCHIA.—An earthquake of considerable violence occurred Saturday morning on the Island of Ischia.

Danville Investigation.

The Danville riot investigation was resumed last Saturday. Among the witnesses examined in behalf of the Mahoneites was Wm. B. Kurtz, Republican post-master at Waynesboro' which is thus reported by telegraph to the Dispatch:—

William B. Kurtz, postmaster of Waynesboro', two hundred miles from Danville, was first examined. He described the state of political feeling in his neighborhood, and said that he was himself the chief object of local Democratic enmity. He had heard of the Danville riot first on the Sunday after the riot. He had been told by a mail messenger, who was an ex-telegraph operator, that a telegram had passed over the wires ordering a large invoice of pistols to Danville.

This was objected to by Senator Vance, and the objection was sustained.

Kurtz heard a jolification speech after the election. The Democratic speaker said he thanked God for the Danville riot. It was a blessing in disguise.

For the same parties, the following additional witnesses, all living at a considerable distance from Danville, were examined:—

L. M. Shoemaker of Lynchburg; J. W. Simmons of Floyd county; Job Hawxhurst of Fairfax county; and C. L. Prichard of Warren county.

We regret that we have not the room to publish the testimony of the witnesses for the defense.

The Washington correspondent of the *Dispatch* says:—

The witnesses for the defence in the Danville investigation are, in the main, well-known white citizens. They will show that Mr. Sherman's unarmed, innocent negroes were armed and aggressive. They will also show that, by pictures of Daniel burning school-houses, &c., and by printed circulars, the negroes were inflamed against the Democrats, and were told that unless the Coalitionists won they were to be sold into slavery. The ostracism of colored Democrats by colored Republicans will be proven and the condition of Danville under Coalition rule will be described. The declarations of the prosecution that the riot was the result of premeditation on the part of the whites will be fully answered. Among some of the witnesses who are to testify are some of national reputation. As one who takes great interest in the investigation said, when the testimony is all in Mr. Sherman, who expects so much from it, will be glad that Blaine is beating him even in Ohio."

A CHAPTER OF HORRIBLE ACCIDENTS.—During the last week the following shocking occurrences took place, we learn, in the neighborhood of Free Union:

On Dr. Bibb's farm a colored woman caught fire at a brush-pile, and was burned to death.

A young man named Faber was accidentally shot and killed by a school-mate. They were leaving the school-house, and one of them had a loaded gun on his shoulder. Another one caught the gun by the barrel and said to Sandridge, "Let's see your gun." In the act of taking the gun, it was discharged, the load entering young Faber's side, from the effect of which he died the day after.

Mrs. Peter Garver committed suicide. She attempted to kill herself by taking laudanum, but was relieved of the effect by Dr. Bibb, when she remarked, "You have prevented me this time, but I will find a way to kill myself;" and subsequently went to a tobacco-house with a razor concealed about her person, where she deliberately cut her throat and died the next day from this cause.

And from Covesville comes the news that on Tuesday night Miss Emma Rice, was burned to death. She was attempting to kindle a fire by pouring kerosene on it, when the can exploded, enveloping her in flames, and also a little boy, son of her sister, Mrs. Carter. Miss Emma ran out of doors, and Mrs. Carter, in her efforts to put out the fire on her child, was badly burned. Miss Rice was found in the yard in a dying condition, and expired in a short while.—*Charlottesville Chronicle.*

Lynchburg *News*: Exit Mayo! Too long did he occupy another man's seat. But let us be thankful that at last a Mahone fraud has been righted, and that by unanimous vote.

CINCINNATI'S FURIOUS MOB!

TEN THOUSAND CITIZENS ATTEMPT TO LYNCH A MURDERER!

The Jail Bombarded with Cannon!

MEN AND WOMEN KILLED!

[Special to The State.]

CINCINNATI, March 29—8 A. M.—A terrible riot occurred here last night caused by the verdict in the Berner murder case. The whole city is in a state of wild excitement. The military and police have been on duty all night, but have been powerless. Last Monday the trial of this case was concluded.

William Berner was charged with the murder of William H. Kirk, a worthy and most esteemed citizen. The tragedy occurred over a month since. Kirk, who was a quiet and inoffensive man, and not known to have an enemy, was missing for two days. Search was instituted and his body found in a mill-stream near the city. His head was crushed in, and there was every evidence that he had been robbed and murdered. The affair caused the most intense excitement.

The crime was traced to Joe Palmer and William Berner, and they were arrested.—Both confessed the crime. They said they followed Mr. Kirk to his stable and killed him by striking him on the head with a hammer. They then robbed him of $100 and put his body in a covered wagon, which they drove to Cummingsville. There they dumped it into the mill-stream where it was found. Threats of lynching were made at the time, and the men were kept under strong guard.

Soon after their arrest Berner attempted to put the actual commission of the crime upon Palmer. He said that Palmer did the actual murder, while he only looked on and got a share of the money. The trial attracted great attention, the court-room being crowded to suffocation. Berner had the most adroit counsel. The jury last Monday returned a verdict in the case of Berner, finding him guilty of manslaughter. The verdict was declared privately by the Judge who tried the case to be an outrage, and the jury were hooted after leaving the court-room and told that they would soon be hanged.

HIDING FROM THE MOB.

James Bohne, one of the jurors who so excited the Judge by their verdict in the Berner murder case, was threatened by a mob Thursday night and would have met with violence had not policemen taken him from his house by a back way. He spent the night at the Bremen-street Police station. Upon his returning home this morning a crowd again gathered to hang him.—The crowd was dispersed by the police. Soon afterward Bohne received word that a couple of friends wanted to see him at a neighboring saloon. Emerging from his house, a crowd who had been in concealment jumped upon him, tore his clothes and beat him in a serious manner. Bohne has since been taken to the jail for safety. Charles Dollahan, another member of the jury, who lives in Harrison, does not dare to return home. He got as far as Cleaves, when a crowd pelted him with rotten eggs. He spent the night in a corn-field, and the next day went to Brookville, Ind. There he was recognized and told that he had better leave the place, which he did. The foreman of the jury, A. F. Shaw, is in hiding through fear of a mob. Louis Havemeyer, another of the jurors, returned to the printing house of Russell & Morgan to-day, intending to go to work, but was told that the services of such men were not wanted there. During the noon hour the employes hanged him in effigy. A crowd gathered before the house of L. Phillips on Liberty street, supposing that L. A. Phillips, one of the jurors, lived there. They tore off the blinds and threw dead cats and rotten eggs through the windows before the mistake was discovered.

Last night ten thousand persons gathered at Music Hall in response to a call by reputable citizens to take action on the Berner verdict. The crowd was so great that many hundreds could not obtain admission, but stood outside awaiting the result of the proceedings with feverish intent. The speeches were made in both English and German. The feeling of indignation was made intensified by the discovery to-day of corruption in the jury-box in a civil suit in progress before Judge Johnson.

ATTACKING THE JAIL.

Resolutions were adopted condemning the verdict, and a committee on legislation was appointed. Upon adjournment the crowd moved to the jail, where they attacked the front door. At 9:40 P. M., the riot alarm was sounded, summoning the entire police force to the jail. Crowds of people gathered in that vicinity. Berner was removed after his sentence this afternoon, and is now on his way to Columbus.

THE POLICE FIRE ON THE MOB.

The police upon arriving in the vicinity of the jail commanded the crowd to move on, and not being obeyed fired, but as no one was hurt it was presumed that they fired in the air. It is said that was the intention of the police, they being in sympathy with the movement to condemn the Berner verdict. A shot or two has been fired from the jail, but the crowd refuses to move. They are, at 10 o'clock, still at work at the jail door.

THE REGIMENT CALLED OUT.

11:30.—The First Ohio Regiment, National Guards, has just entered the jail, having been marched through the front entrance of the court-house, and thence through the tunnel into the jail, where the mob is thronging. The police inside the jail arrested some of the first members of the mob that entered, but this soon became impracticable, and the police refrained from using their pistols.

About thirty shots with muskets were fired by the militia, it is supposed, for the purpose of scaring the mob. The result was that glancing balls struck at least four persons, inflicting injuries which may be fatal in the case of one or two rioters. A policeman named Nunn and a private named Cook are the worst hurt.

SETTING FIRE TO THE JAIL.

12:45 A. M.—The jail has been fired by the mob, and the crowd on the streets say they will cut the hose and prevent the fire department from extinguishing it. The mob seem to think a wholesale holocaust the only means of accomplishing their purpose.

The menaced murderer meanwhile had been removed from the building by the City Sergeant; but escaped while being conveyed in cars to a place of safety, and is still at large, though supposed to be hiding in Clarmount county, which is being thoroughly searched by hundreds of people. If caught, short work would be made of him.

The greatest excitement prevails in the city, and the expectation was at one time to the effect that the enraged people would attack the military armory and the gun stores this morning. The police and militia are completely powerless. A dozen persons are reported killed and over fifty said to be wounded thus far.

THE MOB AGAIN FIRED UP.

CINCINNATI, March 29—10:30 P. M.—The mob has again gathered in the neighborhood of the jail in greater numbers than last night, and is full of drunken men. Some lighted inflammable substance was thrown in the County Treasurer's office in the court-house, setting it on fire, and there are no prospects of saving the Treasurer's papers. The entire building is very likely to be destroyed. The troops at first fired blank cartridges, but when the inflammable substance was thrown into the Treasurer's office they fired ball, and drove the mob back to Vine street. Many are wounded and possibly many killed. Armory Hall, on Court street, near the court-house, is on fire. Captain Desmond, of the First regiment, is killed. Sergeant Malone is seriously wounded, also Private McBrair. The crowd is threatening to destroy Hunt's Hotel, on Vine street near Fourth, owned by the colonel of the regiment defending the jail. The guests are removing now from the place. Troops from Columbus are momentarily expected, when the trouble must be worse.

FAILED TO PROTECT HIS REAR.

CINCINNATI, March 29.—Private advices from Columbus say that Berner was safely deposited in the penitentiary.

About 8:30 o'clock to-night, while Sheriff Hawkins carefully protected his front and flanks by barricades he neglected to protect his rear, which was the court-house front looking west on Main street. This was the mob's opportunity, and the Treasurer's office was fired, the large plate glass windows being smashed for that purpose.

THE COURT-HOUSE DESTROYED—ONE HUNDRED RIOTERS KILLED.

CINCINNATI, March 30—1 A. M.—The court-house is totally destroyed. The Fourteenth regiment, National Guards, fought its way from the Little Miami depot to the court-house. They charged the mob, firing upon them with a Gatling gun, killing over one hundred. The dead are lying in the streets on all sides of the court-house. The crowd are running in all directions.

A CALL FOR ALL THE STATE TROOPS.

CINCINNATI, March 30.—The following was issued this afternoon:

"Adjutant-General Finlay,—I hereby request that the Governor concentrate in this city immediately all the available force of the Ohio militia, believing that the presence of a strong body of troops will save the necessity for their actual use.

[Signed.] "THOMAS J. STEPHENS, "Mayor."

Accordingly Adjutant-General Finlay ordered Colonel Entticken, of the Sixth regiment, with headquarters at Chillicothe, to muster his troops at once and come to Cincinnati by special train. This was done, and the regiment arrived at 4 o'clock.

An incomplete list made to-night gives the names of twenty-two killed and sixty-one wounded in the riots of Friday night and yesterday.

At the opening fire, at about 8 o'clock, four or five persons were killed and as many wounded, including, as reported, two women on Court street. Only one man is reported to have been shot in the Main-street firing.

THE ENTIRE STATE FORCE ORDERED OUT.

COLUMBUS, O., March 30.—Governor Hoadly's official advices to-night from members of his staff in Cincinnati are such that he has ordered every military organization in the State to report to Cincinnati immediately. They number in all seventeen regiments and five batteries.

A TRAGEDY IN WASHINGTON.—The Washington correspondent of the Richmond *State* under date of Friday last, says:—

"A terrible tragedy took place here last night, in which a young sewing machine agent named John W. Grimes, said to have come originally from Virginia, was shot to death by the husband of the woman in whose bed-room he was. Mr. and Mrs. Louis Karchner had been married for several years, but did not occupy the same rooms. He is a draughtsman in the Coast Survey office, and gets one thousand eight hundred dollars a year salary. A fact that had either escaped his attention, or been tolerated, is that his wife has been leading a fast life for some time, being almost promiscuous in her amours. Last night she met young Grimes, who was some ten or fifteen years her junior, and had a wife and young family, and after getting about half-intoxicated they proceeded to her home. First ascertaining that her husband was asleep in his room, she admitted the young man to hers, where they proceeded to continue their orgie upon bottled beer. They made so much noise that Karchner was awakened. He came to his wife's door and demanded admittance. This was refused, and the husband procuring an axe was proceeding to batter down the door when the woman turned the key and admitted him. She was alone, but stood in front of a large closet in the further corner of the room. Pushing her aside he told whoever was in that closet to come out or he would fire through the door. Grimes appeared and was begging mercy when he received a bullet through his mouth. He had not time to advance a step from the closet door before two more shots were fired, both entering his left breast, and one or both the heart. The trespasser fell in a death agony on the floor, while his slayer coolly proceeded to complete his toilet and was ready to accompany the policeman, who was attracted to the spot by the shots, to the station. The woman was taken along also, and both were locked up.

A jury has been summoned this morning and the inquest will be proceeded with when the autopsy is completed. It is not believed that Karchner can be convicted, unless it shall be proved that he was aware of his wife's infidelity and had tolerated it.

Grime's wife and children were only informed of his fate this morning."

Hon. J. Ran. Tucker.

On last Friday night, the Washington correspondent of the Richmond *State* asked Speaker Carlisle about the position of the Virginia Democrats in Congress upon the tobacco tax and fruit brandy resolution, which passed in the caucus.

"Messrs. Tucker, Cabell and Wise voted for it. Messrs. Garrison and Barbour were not present."

"How did Mr. Randall vote?"

"Against the tobacco and fruit brandy resolution, as he had against the other."

"How did the tobacco resolution come to be drawn up and offered?" was then asked.

"Fruit brandy would probably have been relieved of most of its tax by a resolution, but it was solely owing to Mr. Tucker's efforts that the step was taken to relieve tobacco. No other member ever mentioned the matter to myself or Mr. Morrison, of that I am sure, until after the caucus. Mr. Tucker was asked to see the other members of the Virginia delegation and find out whether the passage of such a resolution would induce them to support the Morrison bill. He reported favorably and the resolution was offered with what result you know. Mr Tucker has been for it all the time, and wanted to make fruit brandy free, but it was objected to this that a nominal tax would be necessary to prevent fraud, by the substitution of grain spirits. He had a resolution freeing both tobacco and fruit brandy, but I objected to it, and substituted the one offered."

"Then you regard Mr. Tucker as the father of the resolution by which the Democratic caucus was pledged to take off the tobacco tax when the tariff is reduced?"

"Certainly; that is a fact, and no one can controvert it."

From another equally authentic source the correspondent learned that the removal of iron ore from the free list was in consequence of a suggestion from Mr. Tucker to Mr. Morrison.

Buried in his own Mine.

A MAN WHO WENT TO HIS RESCUE CRUSHED TO DEATH BY A FALLING BOULDER.

POTTSVILLE, March 24.—James S. Kirk, formerly a wealthy hotel proprietor of this place, an active Republican politician and candidate of that party for sheriff a few years ago, was killed in his coal mine today. Victor Feyant, a young operator, who went to his rescue, was also killed. Kirk has been in reduced circumstances for several years. Last fall he sunk a slope on an almost perpendicular vein on the side of Sharpe Mountain, below this place. He and his two sons, mere boys, worked the mine. Victor Feyant had driven a tunnel into the mountain about 30 yards below the level of Kirk's slope.

While Kirk was at work this afternoon the roof of his slope caved in and four feet of earth cut off his retreat. His sons were behind the wall and were able to hear their father's cry for help. They ran to Feyant's tunnel and told him. Feyant entered the Kirk slope, and while vigorously at work to release the imprisoned man an immense boulder fell on him, crushing him to death. William Lloyd, a miner at Feyant's tunnel, went in after his employer, and brought out his lifeless body. Hardly had he done so when the whole mouth of the slope caved in.

By this time a thousand persons had collected about the spot. Every few minutes there was a loud report as another portion of the slope roof fell. A number of men felled all the trees in the neighborhood and converted them into props, and then dug their way into Kirk's mine, where they found his mangled remains and hoisted them out with ropes. Kirk leaves seven children. Feyant leaves a widow and three children, the latter all in a precarious state from scarlet fever.

A VILLAGE WIPED OUT.—*Indianapolis, Ind.*, March 27.—A dispatch to the *Journal* from Brookville, Ind., says that the village of Scipio, near the Ohio and Indiana line was wiped out by Tuesday's tornado. Only two houses remain, and they are badly damaged. Rev. Joseph Winston was killed.

A Remarkable Discovery.

MOFFETT'S CREEK, March 27th, 1884.

A gentleman, residing near this place, whilst out on his farm a few days since, accidentally discovered a cave, which he determined to explore on yesterday. With a view to carrying out this determination, having first provided himself with the necessary adjuncts, such as candles, matches, twine, &c., he repaired to the spot, and after securing one end of the twine to a shrub, placing the ball in his pocket and lighting a canole, he proceeded to enter the cave, the mouth of which he describes as being very small, so small, indeed, as to render it necessary to get on all fours, in order to effect an entrance. After proceeding in this manner some ten or fifteen feet, the aperture became enlarged to admit of an erect position. Pursuing his explorations, Mr. L. found several apartments, adjacent to the main passage, on entering, one of which he was surprised to find it contained various culinary and other utensils, showing conclusively that the cave had once been inhabited. The walls of this apartment were profusely decorated with hieroglyphical figures carved in *basso relievo*. In a remote corner, Mr. L. discovered what, on inspection, proved to be a bronze vase, which, on further examination, was found to contain a quantity of silver coins of curious device, having on the opposite side a medallion head, surmounted with the letters L. O. O. L. F. I. R. P. A., and below, the date 1210. On the reverse side is a representation of the *Fleur de lis* encircled above with the French words *jour de poissons d'avril*, and below with the Latin, *Nimium ne crede colori*. These coins, apart from their intrinsic value, which is apparently about that of our half dollars, will prove rare souvenirs to all interested in archæological researches. The vase, which is of antique workmanship, (probably Etruscan,) is elaborately embellished with arabesque ornaments. This discovery gives color to the theory that this continent was inhabited by or known to a race other than the Indian, (perhaps the ancient Gauls,) at a period long anterior to that of its discovery by Columbus. The vase and coins are in the possession of Mr. L., who will doubtless take pleasure in exhibiting them to any whom either motives of curiosity or the interests of science may prompt to their inspection. GUILLAUME.

WHAT THE CHAIRMAN OF THE REPUBLICAN COUNTY COMMITTEE OF ALBEMARLE SAYS.—The Washington correspondent of the Alexandria *Gazette*, under date of the 26th of March, says:—

"Mr. Dezendorf has just returned from New York. He says that from what he heard and saw there he is induced to believe that the majority of the delegates from that State to the national republican convention will be opposed to Arthur's nomination.—With regard to Virginia affairs, he says that a Mr. Lawson, a relative of Lieut. Gov. Lewis, and chairman of the republican county committee of Albemarle county, has issued a call for a meeting of the republicans of that county to appoint delegates to the straightout republican State convention, in which call he takes the ground that the Mahone convention to meet on the 22d proximo will not be a republican convention and has not been called by a republican committee, but by a committee which was chosen for a purpose relating exclusively to State affairs, while the Chicago convention is a national one, to nominate republican candidates, and that the republicans of Virginia having heretofore always entered national contests under their own banner, intend to do now also."

A LIVELY OHIO GHOST.—A Dayton (Ohio) special says: A thousand people surround the grave-yard in Miamisburg, a town near here, every night to witness the antics of what appears to be a genuine ghost.—There is no doubt about the existence of the apparition, as Mayor Marshall, the revenue collector, and hundreds of prominent citizens, all testify to having seen it. Last night several hundred people, armed with clubs and guns, assaulted the spectre, which appeared to be a woman in white. Clubs, bullets, and shot tore the air in which the mystic figure floated without disconcerting it in the least. A portion of the town turned out *en masse* to-day and began exhuming all the bodies in the cemetery.

The remains of the Buss family, composed of three people, have already been exhumed. The town is visited daily by hundreds of strangers, and none are disappointed, as the apparition is always on duty promptly at 9 o'clock. The strange figure was at once recognized by the inhabitants of the town as a young lady supposed to have been murdered several years ago. Her attitude while drifting among the graves is one of deep thought, with the head inclined forward and hands clasped behind.

MR. PAYNE AS A LECTURER.—We learned yesterday that Mr. Lawrence Register Payne had concluded to try the lecture field, having recently received flattering invitations from various places to deliver lectures. His withdrawal from the mercantile and agricultural world is spoken of in another article, and was preparatory to taking the rostrum. We predict for this gentleman great success in his new vocation. The topics to be treated upon have not been announced, but we can assure his audiences that they will be handled in an intelligent manner, as he is a gentleman of education, pleasant manners, and a fine judge of human nature. We would suggest to Mr. Payne that the proper thing to do would be to make his *debut* before a Winchester audience. A full and appreciative house would be guaranteed him. He stands to-day the best advertised person in any business in the United States. The press universally, both city and country, have given him a free notice, hence the whole people, wherever he is billed, will crowd *en masse* to hear him We trust his coffers may be filled to repletion, while his audiences will be instructed and entertained.—*Winchester Times.*

Penalties for Carrying Concealed Weapons.

We would call the special attention of our readers to the law, approved on the 22nd of February, in reference to carrying concealed weapons, which is as follows:

If a person carry about his person, hid from common observation, any pistol, dirk, bowie-knife, razor, slung-shot, or any weapon of the like kind, he shall be fined not less than twenty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars, and said pistol, dirk, bowie-knife, razor, slung-shot, or any weapon of like kind, shall be confiscated by the police justice, magistrate, or court trying the case, and sold by the proper officer at public auction, and the proceeds arising from the sale thereof shall go to the school fund; provided that any police officer, town or city sergeant, constable, sheriff, conservator of the peace, or collecting officer, when in the discharge of his official duty, shall not be amenable to the penalties of this act.

LAMBS INTIMIDATION.—Mayor Lamb, of Norfolk, suspended from duty all the policemen engaged in the raid on the negro gambling dens on Sunday morning. Has it come to this in Norfolk, that violators of the law shall go free, because they affiliate with the Malone Republican party? Would Mayor Lamb have suspended these policemen for making a similar raid upon a den of gambling Democrats? He has done all in his power to trample under foot the best people of his city, and his last act is an outrage without parallel, an intimidation of peace officers in the discharge of their duties—a blow to honesty, morality and virtue for which there can be no possible excuse.—*Lynchburg Advance.*

Henry Tinsley, of the Staunton *Vindicator*, has been lecturing his wife on the shortcomings of their daughter, wondering if the young men would admire her (the daughter) so much if they knew how untidy she was at home. His wife very properly told him he "was a person of a coarse mind." We hope Mrs. Tinsley will continue to polish and otherwise our friend and contemporary.—*Charlottesville Chronicle.*

BLASTING ACCIDENT.—On Saturday week a blast was put down at Locher's Cement Quarries which failed to explode. It remained until Monday, when an attempt was made to drill it out, resulting in an explosion which tore off one hand, destroyed both eyes, and broke several ribs of the man holding the drill. Two others were less seriously hurt.—*Lexington Gazette.*

E Pluribus Unum.

John Randolph Tucker, congressman from Virginia, recently in reply to a sentiment at a meeting of the Trustees and Faculty of the Columbia College in Washington, told the following story, which is reproduced by the Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia *Record*:—

"Years ago one of the most intelligent and most highly cultivated men in public life, a great statesman, came over from the other side of the House to my desk, and, knowing my idiosyncrasy in regard to the tariff, said: 'Tucker, whatever political barriers rise between us, let there be free trade between you and me in literature and science.' 'With all my heart, Garfield,' said I, for it was the late president. Not long after he brought me a passage from Virgil with his description of the preparation of a Roman salad. He dwells on the whiteness of the milk and the greenness of the herbs, and then on the peculiar resultant color after they have been mixed together. There occurs the phrase, 'color est e pluribus unus.' 'There, Tucker,' said Garfield, 'that's where we get our "E Pluribus Unum."' 'What,' said I, 'do you mean to say that we get our national motto from a Roman salad?' 'Certainly,' he said; 'and there's the "unus" (one), you see.' 'Yes,' said I, 'and there's the "pluribus" (many), too. You must never forget that this is an indissoluble union of indestructible States."

ATTEMPTED JAIL DELIVERY.—On Monday night about 9 o'clock a desperate attempt to escape jail was made by a number of prisoners confined there. Mr. R. E. Hardwicke happened to be passing the jail about that hour, and hearing a disturbance he unlocked the door and entered to see what was the matter, when he was at once set upon by several of the prisoners, but although roughly handled and thrown to the floor, he managed to prevent most of the prisoners from reaching the door. Some few, however, got outside and attacked the Rev. L. L. Lloyd, who chanced to be passing, with rocks. Mr. Lloyd at once made his way to the jail door, and, perceiving the situation, promptly summoned help, and went at once to the rescue himself, when Mr. Hardwicke was relieved from his assailants and quiet restored. It was found that two colored men had escaped during the melee. The prisoners had been supplied with rocks by some one without the jail, and the attempt to overpower the jailer and escape, was evidently premeditated. Mr. Hardwicke's desperate resistence, and Mr. Lloyd's prompt assistance, only prevented the accomplishment of the scheme. The affair created considerable excitement. One of the escaped prisoners was shortly af