

Stanton Spectator

TUESDAY, JULY 8, 1884.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET SUGGESTED.

We would nominate, subject to the action of the National Democratic Convention, the following ticket:—

FOR PRESIDENT:— Gov. GROVER CLEVELAND, OF NEW YORK.

FOR VICE-PRESIDENT:— Ex-Senator J. E. McDONALD, OF INDIANA.

With the popular Governor of New York for President, and "old saddle-bags" of Indiana for Vice-President, the Democrats would have a "walk-over" on the presidential race-course.

The National Democratic Convention.

This is the day when the National Democratic Convention meets in Chicago to nominate candidates for President and Vice-President. We still hope that the ticket will be Cleveland and McDonald, but are satisfied that if they select others as the standard-bearers that they will be good men, for all are such who are prominent as candidates for nomination. We prefer Cleveland and McDonald, not only because we believe they would be elected, but because they represent more emphatically than others the policy of reform that the people desire, and that is needed to give the country a better and more honest administration than it has had for twenty years.

EDWARD ECHOLS, Chairman.

THE ROTTER DAMNED IS DISPERSED WITH W. B. DERRICK, (colored), who had been appointed Republican Elector-at-Large for the State of New York, has been withdrawn upon the alleged pretext that he is not a citizen of the United States.

This Derrick proceeding as "unqualifiedly" asserting that he came from Haiti, where he was born, 24 years ago, and that he was naturalized in Boston, and served as Chaplain in the Federal service during the war. He put his resignation upon the ground that it would be impossible for him to "fill the high office," as he "has been chosen by his church and brethren to be the representative to meet the M. E. Conference to assist in arranging the affairs for the Centennial celebration of American Methodism, the coming Fall. As the British and Logan ticket was found to be too heavy a weight to hoist in New York, "machine politics" was put in play, and a Derrick was resorted to, but as the Derrick was found to be too rotten to support its own weight, its application was dispensed with, and that ticket is now prostrate in the Empire State. Selah.

Like the Norfolk Landwharf, what we desire to see is a ticket with two good, upstanding men, who they did not get the honest votes of the land; men who will see that he is inaugurated on the 4th of next March. Should the Convention, in its wisdom, nominate Cleveland for President, and McDonald for Vice-President, we believe that they will be elected, and that the country will enter upon a new era of liberty and prosperity.

BUSINESS MEN FOR CLEVELAND.—The New York World publishes interviews with leading members of the Cotton and Produce Exchanges of that city of both parties, in regard to the presidency, which show a notable preponderance of sentiment in favor of Gov. Cleveland. Among these are Wm. V. King, W. H. Brodie, W. H. Wallace and S. K. Fox, all Republicans, who are pronounced for Cleveland because of his conservatism and moderate devotion to duty. Mr. Vernon K. Stevenson, one of the largest real estate operators in New York, but a native of Tennessee, has addressed an earnest letter to the delegation from that State to Chicago urging the nomination of Cleveland as the best that can possibly be made. The World further says that such prominent Germans as ex-Gov. Edward Salomon, Mr. Herman B. Schumann, president of the National Brewers' Association, Mr. Sigismund Kaufman, who ran for Lieutenant-Governor of New York on a republican ticket, and others of equal influence are bitterly opposed to Blaine, and will support Cleveland if he is nominated.

OPPOSITION TO CLEVELAND.—As Cleveland will have a majority in the Convention over any other candidate, the friends of each of the other candidates are working like leviathans to defeat him, as the only hope of giving their candidate any chance at all, and this combination of the friends of the other candidates.—We hope that he will be nominated, and that the ticket will be Cleveland and McDonald. That ticket is the choice of the people, and with that they would win a glorious victory.

RECHONDED DISPATCH.—This excellent journal has done a new typographic dress and been enlarged 25 per cent in size. In appearance and size it may be improved, but as a news-paper but little, if any, for that respect, there was but little, if any, room for improvement. It has been for years a most excellent paper for news, and not for news only, for it is conducted with marked ability in its editorial department. Its merits and enterprise deserve the success it has won.

Mr. Blaine seems to have a large number of what are called "fool friends."—New York Commercial Advertiser.

"That's their style hereabouts, except when they are of the knave kind."—Rich. Whig, July 5th.

A month ago, the Whig said the friends of Blaine were fools and knaves. The Whig is now a friend of Blaine, and it can make the application, and show whether it belongs to the "fool friends" or the "knave kind," or to both.

The city council of Winchester, Va., has elected the following democratic officials: President of the council, H. S. Baker; clerk, Wm. Hieley; weigher, Wm. Taylor.

A cavalry company has been organized in Surry county, with B. T. Mosse captain. The company now numbers about fifty members.

CALL FOR THE DEMOCRATIC CONGRESSIONAL CONVENTION—FIFTH DISTRICT.

At a meeting of the Congressional Committee of the Democratic party for the Tenth Congressional District of Virginia, held in Alexandria on the 26th of June, 1884, it was decided that the convention to nominate a candidate to succeed Hon. J. R. Tucker in the National House of Representatives (49th Congress) be held in the City of Stanton, on Thursday, 1884, at 12 o'clock.

The Democratic county chairman of the Tenth District are therefore requested to issue calls at once for meetings, in their respective counties at a time and at places usual to the voters, to select delegates and alternates from their respective counties.

The basis of representation will be the vote cast for the Democratic Legislative ticket at last November, and one delegate and one alternate will be chosen for every hundred votes, or fraction of a hundred over fifty, that were cast for Democratic members of the General Assembly in November last, 1883. That is to say:—

The county of Augusta and city of Stanton, 40 delegates and 40 alternates.

The county of Alleghany, 7 delegates and 7 alternates.

The county of Bath, 5 delegates and 5 alternates.

The county of Highland, 5 delegates and 5 alternates.

The county of Rockbridge, 22 delegates and 22 alternates.

The county of Amherst, 19 delegates and 19 alternates.

The county of Nelson, 6 delegates and 6 alternates.

The county of Appomattox, 9 delegates and 9 alternates.

The county of Buckingham, 13 delegates and 13 alternates.

The county of Fluvanna, 11 delegates and 11 alternates.

The county of Cumberland, 6 delegates and 6 alternates.

By order of the Committee of the Tenth District.

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Public Robberies.

Never in the history of this country has there been a title of the public robbery that has signalized the administration of the government under the Republican party. Not only has the public treasury been unlawfully depleted of millions upon millions of dollars, and that by every species of thievery in the National House of Representatives, but the public treasury has been robbed of more than ordinary interest, one at Cambridge, Md., the other at Winchester, Va. The celebration at Cambridge was in commemoration of the two hundredth anniversary of the founding of the town. The celebration at Winchester, Va., was one of the most splendid in the history of that venerable city. There were visiting military and dragoon from our country. Mayor Williams delivered a patriotic address, which was followed by a parade, and at night there was a brilliant torchlight procession.

Carter Harrison, Mayor of Chicago, a native of Kentucky, and a very strong and popular man, was elected Governor of Illinois.

Democratic Principles.

What we want more than anything else just at present is a clear enunciation of principles. In the hurrying order of action the combatants sometimes do not take time to comprehend the very things for which they are fighting.

In political campaigns people are more frequently deceived than politicians, and the masses are appealed to rather than principles. The various principles which the Republican party professes are as multitudinous as the points and their divergence should be kept continually before the people.

Under this legislation of every sort which the Republican party has adopted since the declaration "that all men are born free and equal in rights," the Republican party has nothing to fear, for if the people should become disgusted with the party, they would divert their attention from jobs at home.

Now it is possible that thousands of thoughtful men who have hitherto supported the Republican party have had their eyes opened by the Star Route investigation and the record of subsequent events, and by the proof that the Republican party is not able to punish its thieves. It is possible that these voters, who know how numerous and powerful these thieves have come to the conclusion that the defeat of the Republican party and the election of a fit Democratic President are demanded in behalf of the interests of honest taxpayers, and to preserve republican institutions. In what other way can the fool brood of political robbers be shorn of their power?

The Times, Republican though it be, sees no other remedy for this condition of things, but the bringing in of a Democratic administration with a suitable man at the head of it, that "the fond herd of political robbers may be shorn of their power." The Republican party thinks it cannot afford to present its thieves, and will not seriously undertake the job. It must therefore devolve upon the Democratic party to accomplish this good work, and secure a settlement of the books of the Government that have not been balanced for many a year.— Lynchburg Virginian.

THE MOON.—The July moon falls on the 8th, (to-day) at 11 minutes past 5 o'clock in the morning, standard time. On the 17th, two days after the quarter, she is near Neptune, and on 19th near Saturn. On the 21st, the day before new moon, she is near Venus. On the 23rd, the one-day-old moon is near Jupiter and Mercury. On the 26th she is in conjunction with Uranus and Mars, and on the 27th she is in conjunction with the planet of her position in regard to the sun. The old moon draws near Neptune, Saturn and Venus, morning stars, on the sun's western side. The new moon draws near Jupiter, Mercury, Uranus and Mars, evening stars, on the sun's eastern side.

The Moon occupies only three small stars that are visible in this belt of the world's territory. Observers from other lookouts are more favored. For the moon counts thirty-two observers in some localities between 44° and 74° north latitude, and occupies Venus, that most charming sight, to some favored mortals looking upward between the limiting parallels of 90° and 54° north latitude.

CONVENTION FOR THE CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.—John M. White, Chairman of the Committee for the 7th District, has called a meeting of the committee for that district to be held in Lunenburg, Pa. county, on Wednesday, the 29th of August, for the purpose of nominating a candidate for Congress.

It is probable that the contest for nomination will be between Hon. Holmes Courard, of Winchester, Mr. Minajah Woods, of Albemarle, and Hon. Chas. T. O'Reilly, of Harrisonburg.

REPEAL OF TAX ON TOBACCO AND FRUIT BRANDY.—In the House of Representatives on Wednesday last, Hon. J. Ran. Tucker again moved to go into the Committee of the Whole to take up the bill abolishing the tax on tobacco and fruit brandy, but the House refused to do so by the following vote—yeas, 90; nays, 131. This indicates clearly that there is not the remotest chance of reducing the tax on tobacco and fruit brandy at this session of Congress. The vote was not a party one.

It seems to us that any thoughtful citizen who reads carefully the daily reports from Washington, showing what has been done and is being done, must desire a change in the management of affairs. Mr. Springer may not be a model investigator, but he has at least managed affairs during his present inquiry that many Republicans of influence in the party have exposed to corruption and corruption of many other republicans of influence and prominence.

A FATAL SCENE.—At Tunnelton, Preston County, W. Va., on last Friday, Jas. Turner, aged about 70, was killed by a young man named Harry Taylor. The latter claims that the killing was unintentional. He says he and Turner were scuffling in fun, when he threw him on the ground, killing him instantly. Turner has a family grown. Taylor is about 25 years old. He has always been on good terms with the deceased. Taylor is under arrest.

"Ten men of the Blaine family are now holding office, whilst eight of the Logan family gain a support from the public crib." However, the people have decided that it is time for the cribbing business to stop.

Judge Wm. R. Taliaferro, of Orange county, broke one of his legs a few days ago whilst attempting to pull off his boot.

Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage and family arrived at Rawley Springs, Tuesday, where they will spend the month of July.

Lord Rosebery has purchased Mr. Keene's race-horse, Foxhall, for \$4,800, about \$24,000.

Col. Wm. Hill, formerly a prominent and wealthy citizen of King William county, died last week.

Col. Von Breke will visit Lynchburg in a few days as the guest of Gen. T. T. Munford.

Lieutenant-Colonel F. L. Smith, of the Third Virginia Regiment, has resigned.

Two Famous Celebrations.—The Fourth of July year, says the Baltimore Sun, was marked by two celebrations of more than ordinary interest, one at Cambridge, Md., the other at Winchester, Va. The celebration at Cambridge was in commemoration of the two hundredth anniversary of the founding of the town. The celebration at Winchester, Va., was one of the most splendid in the history of that venerable city. There were visiting military and dragoon from our country. Mayor Williams delivered a patriotic address, which was followed by a parade, and at night there was a brilliant torchlight procession.

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Congressional Proceedings.

SENATE.—Monday, June 30th. The Senate on Monday adopted a resolution continuing last year's appropriations for five days. The Senate voted down the resolution discharging the Finance Committee from the duty of reporting on the bill for the retirement and reorganization of the trade dollar. The Senate insisted on its amendments to the general deficiency bill, and the bill was referred to the committee on the bill for the retirement and reorganization of the trade dollar.

HOUSE.—The House concurred in Senate amendments to the general deficiency bill, and the bill was referred to the committee on the bill for the retirement and reorganization of the trade dollar.

SENATE.—Tuesday, July 1st. In the United States Senate the resolution directing the Secretary of the Treasury to redeem \$10,000,000 worth of trade dollars at their face value was referred to the Finance Committee. The Senate passed the bill for the retirement and reorganization of the trade dollar.

HOUSE.—The House, by a party vote, insisted on its disagreement to the steel pension bill, and the bill was referred to the committee on the bill for the retirement and reorganization of the trade dollar.

HOUSE.—The House, by a large majority, adopted a resolution to amend the tariff act of 1883, and the bill was referred to the committee on the bill for the retirement and reorganization of the trade dollar.

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Reform Versus Rascality.