| E DAILY DISPATC | $\mathrm{mR}$ |  | Locat matras |  |  |
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| Dispitch io thane tixes wo large as that other Dally paper in the eity of Richmond. | We learn from Fluvanna, has eatablished his quariz cr anceeeda to admiration. It he |  |  |  | $\frac{a i f .}{\operatorname{sman}}$ |
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| Cr Perroone abrond from the city car have the Diopatch sent to them for any period of time they mand dedire, by leaving their orders and paying the mor | powder, renderin ble to separate t cheap that it will ple as the comm |  | which what latd on the table and ordered to be printed. <br> Thin ordinanee probibits negroes from entering | These improvemente are to be extesded by eut ting away a large portion of the mound or embankment between the Capitol ead Bank Atreet, eo an to |  |
| the conflagatation of moscow. <br> We begin, to-day, the tranelation of a brochure, which was published at Paris in 1823, relative to the true author of the conflagration of Moseow. It will be seen that the Count de |  |  |  |  |  |
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| of Moscow. It will be seen that the Count de Rostopchin, the Goveraor of Moecow, who has always been charged with it, and has been made a hero of on account of it, denies that he had any participation whatever in. The world ase been strangely deceived heretofore if such |  |  |  |  |  |
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| has been strangely deceived heretofore if such be the fact. One thing, however, he confesses |  |  |  |  |  |
| which would seem to fix the deed upon him, and that is, that he carried off all the engines belonging to the city, amounting to four or five |  |  |  |  |  |
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| belonging to the city, amounting to four or five hundred. Why he should heve done this, unless he had known that a fire was to take place, we cannot conceive. In spite of this pamphlet, Gen. Gourgaud, who was an aid of the Emperor Napoleon, maintained that Rosropchin was the man who set fire to Moscow. How hard it is to arrive at the truths of histo- |  |  |  |  |  |
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| reply to Segur, we learn what we had not before conceived-that is, that the people of Moscow, so far from being stimulated by patriot- |  |  |  |  |  |
| cow, so farm to destroy their city, were bitterly incensed against Rostopchin for having, as they at least supposed, been guilty of the act. Gourgaud |  |  |  |  |  |
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| supposed, been guilty of the act. Gourgaud says that he never afterwards dared to show |  |  |  |  |  |
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| self, seems to prove that he could not have been in very good odor at home. However, here is what he says upon the subject. He called his book "the truth with regard to the burning of Moscow." |  |  |  |  |  |
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| "Ten years have elapsed since Moscow was burned, and I have been continually transmitted to history and to posterity as the author of a transaction, which, according to the received |  |  |  |  |  |
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| the destruction of Napoleon's army, of his downfall, of the salvation of Rassia, and the deliverance of Europe. Certainly I might have cause to feel proud of such high achievements; |  |  |  |  |  |
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| but never having usurped the rights of any person, heretofore, and being tired of hearing the same tale everlastingly repeated, $\mathbf{I}$ intend to make a satatement of the simple truth, which |  |  |  |  |  |
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| ought to be the only thing that history should have in view. <br> "When the conflagration destroyed, in three |  |  |  |  |  |
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| would produce upon the Russian nation, which would be sure to attribute to his presence, and the presence of 130,000 soldiers along with him, that terrible disaster. He thought he had |  |  |  |  |  |
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| discovered a sure method of divering from himself all the odium of that act, not only so |  |  |  |  |  |
| far as the Russians were concerned, but in the eyes of all Europe, by throwing it upon the chief of the Russian Government, in the department of Moscow. Accordlngly, through |  |  |  |  |  |
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| his bulletins, he began immediately to charge me with being the incendiary. The newspapers and pamphlets of the day seemed to de- |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | New Fowling Pirce.- Passing by Mr. Henry Hyman's store, on Alaiu sireet Monday, we stopped |  |
| pers and pamphlets of the day seemed to deliŝth in repeating the accusation; and they turnish the authority to all those who have written since, upon the campaign of 1812 , torepresent, as undoubtedly true, a fact utterly |  |  |  |  |  |
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| represent, as undoubtedly true, a fact utterly without foundation. <br> "I will recapitulate the principal evidence |  |  |  |  |  |
| upon which has been founded the opinion that the conflagration of Moscow was my work.- |  |  |  |  |  |
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| I will reply to them by a statement of facts, well understood by all the Russians. It can hardly be possible that I shall not be believed, since I voluntarily renounce all credit for a deed, considered to be the most glorious of that remarkable epoch, and since, with my own hands, I destroy the edifice of my own celebrity. |  |  |  |  |  |
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| rity. <br> "Napoleon, in his bulletins 19, 20, 21, 22,23 and 24, asserts, positively, that the conflagra. tion of Moseow was conceived and prepared by the Rostopehin government. <br> "To conceive and execute a design so horri- |  |  |  |  |  |
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| the enemy, must have existed. Although three fourths of the city were destroyed by fire, still houses enough were left to lodge Napow leon's whole army. It was hardly probable |  |  |  |  |  |
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| that the conflagration would spread to all the quarters ; and if there had not been any high |  |  |  |  | B <br> UTTEK, BUTTEK, BUTTEK.- Jastre ceived per steamer, 20 Kxeg , ppime Goticeac bur for ame in ang quantity by |
| winds at the time, the fire would have stopped of itself for want of food, and on account of the |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | W P1UnLAN, all ready for tabie use, tor le by the barrel, hait barrel, or gallon. |
| gardens, places and boulevards. Thus, the only real evil that the enemy could be made to feel, would have arisen from the destruction |  |  |  |  |  |
| of provisions stored in the houses devoured by the flames, and this would have been the only result of an act as silly as it was wick- |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  | The Canal and Dock Connection.-The |  |
| the dañille railroad. <br> As a proof that we have never overestimated the importance of this road, we will make a simple statement. It will carry conviction |  |  |  |  |  |
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| along with it. | ${ }_{\text {not }}^{\text {of }}$ |  | $\mathrm{MrI}$ |  |  |
| $\$ 6000$. In April, they hid risen above $\$ 7000$. In June, they were upwards of $\mathbf{\xi} 9000$, and dur- |  |  |  |  |  |
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| ing the month of August, they were more than $\$ 12,000$ ! When it is recollected that it has only gone sixty-five miles, some ides may be |  |  |  |  |  |
| formed of what it will be when it gets into the rich portions of Halifax, Charlotte and Pittsylvania, and obtains command of the tier of |  |  |  |  |  |
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| tobacco counties lying along the frontiers of North Carolina and Virginia. |  |  |  |  |  |
| pushing this rond through. At first they were diaposed to laugh at us. <br> FLETCHER'S STEDIES ON SLAVERY. <br> We received a copy of this work from J. W. Randolph, several days ago, but as yet have had no time to atudy it whith the attention it cheerver. It is admitted, however, to be a very powerful work-the most powerful, probebly, that her been written on the Southern side of he question. | ETBrt.Col. E. Robt. Lee has been appointed by the Secretary of War, Superintendent of the Miltary Acadeny at West Point, to re lieve Capt. Henry Brewerton, who has ceecu. pied that responsible station for several yeara. Col. Leo is a brother of C. C. Lee, of this city, and won unfading laurele att the heud of a corpo of engiueere whose efficient services through, out tho Mexienn war have given it a reputationfor gallantry and olill which time enn cever destroy. | $1 .$ |  |  |  |
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