

THE DAILY DISPATCH.

The circulation of the Daily Dispatch exceeds considerably that of all the Daily papers of Richmond combined.

RICHMOND, VA. Thursday Morning, May 5, 1853.

THE BEECHER STOWE CELEBRATION IN GLASGOW.

We take great pleasure in laying before our readers the following remarks of the N. Y. Express upon the proceedings of this meeting and the principal actors in it: "UNCLE TOM'S CABIN... RECEPTION OF THE STOWES IN GLASGOW... The professional abolitionist who lives and thrives and gets rich on negro agitation..."

In order that the reader may form some idea of the proceedings which called forth this indignant rebuke, we shall endeavor to give an outline of the speech made by Stowe (the husband) on the occasion. It will be necessary to observe, in the first place, that the guests were introduced to the meeting by one Doctor Wardlaw; who, lamenting the ill-health of Mrs. Beecher Stowe, consoled her by reminding her that she was suffering in a good cause... that there could not be a better—that it was one which involved the well-being, corporeal and mental, physical and spiritual, temporal and eternal, of degraded, plundered, darkened, oppressed, brutalized, perishing millions..."

In his reply to this speech, Stowe told the foreign court, sitting in judgment upon his country, that "the passage of the fugitive slave law was the last dying struggle of the system—that there were real difficulties in the way connected with the question in those States where slavery exists—that the social habits of the people were connected with slavery, and that they did not know how to do without them—that another great difficulty was, that the slave States are, as political bodies, internally independent, and that as the slave-holders possessed all the political power, no movement could be made for the amelioration of the slave but through them—that it was not he same as in Great Britain, where Parliament could hold a rod 'over the slave-holders—that in the slave States the slave-holders held the rod, and used it, too—that there were two ways of effecting a change: either the slaveholder himself must be persuaded to adopt a system for the abolition of slavery, or the evil would be brought to an end by a bloody revolution..."

He next entered upon a subject which he, apparently, thought a little too delicate to dwell upon very forcibly in a city, owing all its prosperity to the American trade, and much the larger portion of it to the trade in slave-products. He had seen, he said, evidences of immense prosperity in all the towns he had passed through on his way from Liverpool, and he had learned that it was mainly attributable to cotton. It was cotton that kept up the price of slaves, and made a man sell for £300 sterling. We do not read that he recommended the weavers of Glasgow to cut up the evil by abolishing their looms. Nothing, indeed, could have been more delicate than the rose-water intimation which he gave, that they themselves were the main encouragers of the system they were assembled to hear him denounce. He expressed the belief that nine-tenths of the people of the United States felt as his audience did, but he insisted that they were prevented from acting by the tremendous power brought to bear against the feeling. Out of a population of 23,000,000, he asserted that there were but 300,000 slave-holders, who yet contrived to exercise a despotism over public opinion unknown even in the most absolute governments. This they effected by clinging together on this subject, though in all other cases he represented them as ever ready to cut each other's throats, or to pistol or bow-knife each other, on the slightest provocation. Referring to the fugitive slave law, he declared that it was wholly inoperative, not twenty-five out of one thousand fugitives having been arrested under it. Something he said in the body of his speech about the Scottish Dissenters in America, and the Quakers, both of whom he said were the enemies of slavery..."

Such is an outline of a speech delivered by an American, before a foreign audience, in a foreign country, in reply to an address stigmatising his countrymen as oppressors, robbers and brutes. We need not point out that the consummation for which he so devoutly prays, war, for only through all these can it be reached. Deep as we know British hatred to this country to be, eagerly as they devour everything that can be written or said to our disparagement, we can hardly believe it possible that such an exhibition can fail to disgust even Englishmen and Scotchmen. There is something shocking in the idea of a man blackening his own country to please its enemies and if there is any one circumstance which tends to deepen the repulsive shadows of a black deed, it is that of its being done from mercenary motives.

A COUNTER RESOLUTION.

At the Beecher Stowe festival in Glasgow, the Rev. Dr. King offered the following resolution, which was enthusiastically cheered: Resolved, That it is deeply to be deplored that in the national exultation of a people so closely affiliated with ourselves, and themselves so nobly free in their constitutional principles and so jealously conservative of their own liberties, this one blot of slavery, so large and so foul, should be permitted to remain; that it would be a cause of true and heartfelt joy to see our Transatlantic brethren rescued from a bondage to hold millions in bondage, and giving practical proof of the sincerity of their love of liberty, by taking measures to impart to others what they so liberally and so justly value themselves; and with the generous spirit of freedom, to "let the oppressed go free"; and that, instead of the two countries wasting words in crimination and recrimination, it would be incomparably wiser and better for each to set itself in earnest to the rectification of its own wrongs, the cure of its own moral and physical maladies, and the removal of its own sources of danger; the two freest and most highly favored countries of the world, thus constituting a contrast to the grand divine rule of social rectitude—"Whatsoever ye would that men should do to you, do ye even so to them..."

For our own part, we are deeply grateful for the concern which the Rev. Dr. King expresses for us, and for his voluntarily undertaking our cause. We are so grateful, indeed, that our feelings have expanded under the influence of our gratitude, and we propose to supervise the affairs of his country, as he has undertaken to supervise those of the United States. We shall therefore offer as a pendant to his resolution, at the next meeting which it may concern, the following: Resolved, That it is deeply to be deplored, that among a people so closely affiliated with ourselves, and boasting so loudly of its freedom as the British nation, the only liberty known to nine-tenths of the population should be "the liberty to work twenty hours out of the twenty-four for a miserable pittance scarcely sufficient to keep body and soul together, or to starve—to bellow lustily for rival politicians—to send ragged children to ragged schools—to eat in the ale houses—to grow lumpy and brutal—to neglect the offices of religion, to lie, to swear, to blaspheme, to pander to the basest appetites—to creep like worms through life—to starve, to rot, to die and be buried in a fustid pauper's grave, on which the sweet scented flowers sent to strew the pathway of man and woman with beauty, love and hope, refuse to grow, much less to bloom—that out of 18,000,000 of human beings there should be 6,000,000 who cannot read or write—that every twelfth person should be a pauper, every twentieth person a destitute wanderer, with no roof but the sky, no home but a prison, their hands being against every man, and every man's hand against them—that out of 10,743,747 females, there should be 500,000 avowed harlots, being one twentieth of the whole number—that the average wages of a skilled mechanic should be less than five dollars a week, and that out of this pittance he should be compelled to make a decent appearance, pay rent, or go to prison, there to rot, buy food for his family, clothe them, educate his children, and depend upon the residue for the luxury of a book or a newspaper—that three hundred thousand human beings should be compelled annually to emigrate, in order to escape inevitable starvation—that it would be a source of heartfelt joy to see our British brethren roused to a sense of their inconsistency in wasting their sympathies upon the slave of this hemisphere, while their own countrymen are in a condition compared to which the worst slavery of which the imagination can conceive is a heaven, and that when they shall have shown their right to preach, by practising upon their own precepts, we may possibly acknowledge it.

FRANCONI'S HIPPODROME. There was a grand dress rehearsal in this establishment a few nights ago, before the members of the New York press, and about five hundred other invited spectators. The exhibition, according to the Herald, was so magnificent, that all equestrian performances ever before witnessed in this country, sunk into insignificance in comparison. The Hippodrome contains seats for at least six thousand persons, and three thousand more can be accommodated in the passages. The interior is of an oval shape, and is three hundred feet long by two hundred broad, the course being one-sixth of a mile round, and the middle of the area being laid out in tasty parterres of a beautiful verdure, ornamented with flower vases, and illuminated fountains. The course is over forty feet wide, and is covered with loose earth. The interior illuminated by a thousand gas lights, presents a spectacle of indescribable magnificence. The roof consists of 90,000 square feet of canvas, and the posts placed in front of the seats, are ornamented with heraldic bearings and armorial devices, as in the age of chivalry.

The performances seemed to have left the vulgar track altogether. They consisted of horse-racing, chariot racing (after the fashion of the Olympic games) "a series of surprising gymnastic exercises, a grand steeplechase of ostriches, exercises of the manege, in which Mons. Franconi's celebrated dancing horse Johnster goes through a variety of extraordinary terpsichorean feats, and a grand tournament intended to represent that which took place in France, and is known as the 'Field of the Cloth of Gold.' This part of the performance reminded one strongly of the tournament described in Ivanhoe." There were ninety persons introduced into the field, among them Francis I. and Henry VIII. The English were distinguished by the lions emblazoned on their shields, and the French by the fleur de lis. As both were dressed with great magnificence, we can well imagine that the scene was surpassingly brilliant. After the whole array had passed in procession two or three times round the course, they took their stations at the gates leading into the area, where the contest was to take place. The challengers then entered, each flinging his gauntlet on the ground, and daring the others to mortal combat. Then followed the preparations for the tilt, announced by the clarion. Some of the knights were unhorsed, and carried off in a dying condition. A horse which was killed was carried off in a hurdle, the animal counterfeiting death with astonishing accuracy. Next came the races, which were as intensely exciting as that between Eclipse and Henry. The Herald says there was an appearance of reality about both the tournament and the races that excited the deepest interest in the spectators. The company consists of one hundred and forty persons, of whom about thirty are women. The equestrian skill of these last is

spoken of with great praise. Besides the human performers, there are eighty horses, ten ostriches, four deer, five camels, two elephants, and a large number of monkeys. The performances of the last named animals, of course, excited prodigious meritment. P. S. Since writing the above, the Hippodrome has been opened to the public. There were between nine and ten thousand spectators present; the largest number of human beings ever collected in one building in the city, not even excepting the occasion of Jenny Lind's first concert. The audience was formed of persons of every condition of life, and from the Herald's account, all were highly delighted. In the chariot race, one of the chariots struck against the fence of the stadium and was upset, carrying the lady charioteer over with it. She fortunately escaped uninjured. The Herald gives the decided preference to the ladies among the equestrians. They rode a race of one mile (six horses entered) in a manner so bold and fearless as to call forth repeated applause. This seems to have been the most interesting portion of the exhibition.

MASONIC NOTICE.—The members of Richmond Royal Arch Chapter, No. 43, are hereby notified to attend a called convocation of their Chapter, at the Masonic Hall, on Thursday evening, May 5th, at 7 o'clock. Transient Companions in good standing, are respectfully invited to attend. By order of the M. E. H. P. JAMES H. MITCHELL, Secretary.

ATTENTION WASHINGTON GUARD!—Attend a meeting of your Company, at Lafayette Hall, this evening at half past 7 o'clock. By order of the Captain. A GARY, O. S.

BOOKS, PERIODICALS, &c. AT NO. 104 Broad Street, next to Broad Street Hotel. Harper's Magazine for May. Godey's Magazine for May. Woman's Life or the Trials of Caprice, by Emily Weston. The Flying Dutchman or the Wedding Guest of Amsterdam. Castle Avon, by the author of Ravenscliff. A Wife's Husband, by the author of Oliveth Ogilvie. Vilette, by Currier Bell. The Spirit, by Capt. Chamier. Eastern Question, by Mrs. Mary Price, or the adventures of a Servant Maid, by G. W. M. Reynolds. Nine Years in Australia, by Mrs. Chas Meredith; bound, price \$1 25. Catharine Sinclair; bound, price \$1 25. Clara Moreland; bound, \$1 25.

NOTICE.—The subscriber having purchased of Mr. C. C. Hanes his entire interest in the concern of Dabney & Hanes, will continue the Grocery and Commission Business at the old firm and public address, opposite the Theatre, where he hopes, by strict attention to business, to merit a share of the patronage so liberally extended to the late firm for the last two years. BUSHROD W. DABNEY. May 24, 1853.

Having sold to Mr. B. W. Dabney my entire interest in the concern of Dabney & Hanes, take pleasure in recommending him to the customers of the old firm and public generally. C. HANES. May 24, 1853.

NEW BOOKS.—Memoir and Sermons of Rev. W. J. Armstrong, D. D. D'Abnig's History of Reformation, 5th vol; The Shady Side; Starting Questions; The Young Woman's Friend, by James; Catholicism, by the Rev. Wm. W. Phelps; Christian Titles, by Dr. J. W. Inters; Memoirs of a Village Twenty years ago; Clara Stanley, or a Summer among the Hills, &c.—just published and received. Also, an additional supply of Stationery of all kinds, which we offer at fair prices. KNOWLES & WALFORD, 37 Cornhill, above the Exchange Bank.

Mrs. M. W. WILKINSON will open her Summer Millinery, at No. 43, just above the Exchange Bank, (next to her Ware Rooms, 101 Main street, my 5-41w.

LOST OR MISLAID, a LETTER, from T. T. Coleman, relative to a Pension Claim of Mrs. Elizabeth Thompson. The finder will be rewarded by leaving the same with LEWIS HILL, 13th street.

ICE CREAM FREEZER BUCKETS.—Just received Austin's Patent Ice Cream Freezers, the best now in use—freezes in six minutes. Also, a few pairs of Butter. Something very nice for table use. For sale by E. W. TURPIN, Main, between 7th and 8th sts.

FOR LYNCHBURG.—Boat and Landing for Lynchburg, and will leave on Saturday, 7th inst., without fail. A. S. LEE, my 5-3t.

PICNIC, —Ginger Nuts, Spice Nuts, Ginger Snaps, Sweet Crackers, and various other knick knacks, suitable for pic nic excursions, for sale at ADAM & CO'S Bakery, my 5 No 144 Main street.

FOR HIRE, a No 1 Woman, by the month—An excellent cook, washer and ironer and a good house servant. Apply to EDWARD D. EACHO, General Agent and Collector.

FOR RENT, a very desirable residence on the corner of the Hill, &c.—just repaired, with a well of most excellent water in the yard. Possession can be had by the 10th inst. Apply to EDWARD D. EACHO, General Agent and Collector.

SODA WATER.—The subscriber's fountain is open, where may be enjoyed at all hours of the day and evening a glass of this most delicious beverage, with the following flavors: Lemon, Pine Apple, Orange, Sarsaparilla, Scherbet, Strawberry, Ginger, Non Pareil, &c. J. B. WOOD, my 5 Corner above City Hotel.

JOHNSON'S CELEBRATED PATENT ICE CREAM FREEZER.—This Freezer is found to be the best ever invented. The finest quality of Cream can be made by this Freezer, in from 20 to 30 minutes, at a cost of less than 20c per quart. Also, the celebrated Patent Freezers can be found at BULKLEY & CO'S, 137 Main street, my 5

THE FOLLOWING NECESSARY articles can be found at BULKLEY & CO'S, No 137 Main street: Refrigerators, of the most approved kind; Sponge Bath, Hip Baths, Foot Baths, Toilet Pails, Water Cans, with a large assortment of House and Kitchen Goods of every kind. A call is solicited at my 5 137 Main Street.

REV. ALEXANDER CAMPBELL.—F. P. Palmis, Hymns and Spiritual Songs, original and selected; Compiled by Alex. Campbell, E. W. Stone and J. T. Johnson, Elders of the Christian Church; with numerous and various Additions and Emendations; Adapted for the use of the Christian Church, by Alexander Campbell—second edition. A large assortment of the above Hymn Book, in various styles of binding. For sale by my 5 BASH & WOODBOLT.

DIES AND PASTRY.—Gonberry, Green Apple, Peach, Cherry and Cranberry Pies.—They are very nice, and when such are wanted, be particular to send to WM FALCONER'S, 171 Main Street, my 5

PENCILS.—500 gross just received. A large assortment of all kinds and prices. For sale at manufacturer's prices by ELIAS HALE, my 5

LOCAL MATTERS.

THE CASE OF WORMLEY.—On yesterday, the General Court of Appeals gave their decision in the case of Wormley, convicted of the murder of A. T. Robou, confirming the decision of Judge Nash, and refusing to grant him a new trial upon any and every count. Wormley will therefore be hung. He will be again sentenced by Judge M. Circuit the present term of the Chesterfield Circuit Court this week.

U. S. CIRCUIT COURT.—Before Judge Halyburton.—The spring term of this Court commenced on Monday last. The Grand Jury having been duly sworn and charged, retired, and after due deliberation, returned into court and indicted Thomas Osborn, Whiskey Joe, Henry McIntyre, Wesley Vaughan, James Woods, James Nugent and Thos. Burns, mariners on board the Harriet Augusta, of which Isaac C. Trott is master, for mutiny and revolt on the high seas, on the 24th of March last, and found true bills against all the above named men. They also found true bills against Benjamin Jackson and John Burnham for mutiny on board the Sophia, Henry C. Small commander, on the 19th of November last.

These mutineers have been brought up from Norfolk, and it is expected that the trial of the first named will commence to-day. John M. Gregory, Esq., newly appointed U. S. Attorney, duly appeared in court. The Grand Jury met again last evening for the purpose of examining witnesses in the case of Alfred J. Gouldman, formerly a laborer in Fortress Moore, charged with feloniously inflicting a mortal wound with a knife in the abdomen of one William Weldon, a musician, on the 25th of February last. This affray, which resulted in Weldon's death it will doubtless be recollected, grew out of alleged improper conduct on the part of Weldon towards Gouldman's wife. The Grand Jury will, of course, bring a true bill of indictment against Gouldman, upon which to try him.

THE FUNERAL OF MR. MITCHELL.—Yesterday morning the reporter of this paper, who prepared the article relative to the untimely death and burial of the unfortunate stranger Mitchell, in yesterday's paper, was requested by Rev. Mr. Langhorn, in order that his action might not be misinterpreted, to present his reasons for not officiating at the funeral on Tuesday afternoon. Mr. L. stated that he was applied to on Tuesday morning to attend and officiate at the funeral, and out of respect to the members of the Typographical Association, in behalf of a portion of whom the request was made, he consented to do so. He then devoted the time between the hours of 10 and 1 o'clock to the preparation of a sermon for the occasion. At 4 o'clock by his watch, he was at the church, where he found only the coffin and two persons present. He then went down into his office in the basement, remained a few minutes, returned and found none others but the two in attendance. He then went to Messrs. Putney & Watts, where he remained fifteen or twenty minutes, and then sent a Mr. Winfree to the church, who returned, saying there were only two persons there, when, at his (Mr. L's) request, Mr. W. returned again to the church and informed the undertaker that he (Mr. L.) had other duties to attend to, and could wait no longer. This is Mr. L's statement.

The reporter has only to add, that there must have been some difference in the time of watches, as it was 4 o'clock by the watches of several gentlemen when they were patiently awaiting Mr. L's arrival, and at a few minutes past four, all who accompanied the remains to the grave, numbering some fifteen or eighteen persons, were in attendance. It was not later than half past 4 o'clock by the estimate of those gentlemen present, when the procession left the church, after its members had been waiting some twenty minutes. Whether it is usual for a funeral to take place at the precise hour, or within a few minutes of it, we leave it for those who have attended them frequently, to decide. As far as our experience goes, and it is not a slight one upon this point, we have never attended one in our lives where the ceremonies commenced even within thirty minutes of the time appointed. We do not know that any good would have resulted from waiting a half an hour to address a score of individuals upon duties to themselves and Maker—even with so practical an illustration of the effects of sin, shrouded in the garments of death before them—neither do we know that the incurrence of the same, or a longer delay, in order to allow of the delivery of appropriate funeral rites by an ordained clergyman, over the remains of a friendless stranger, in preference to their consignment to earth as if a marked Cain or an accused blasphemer against the Holy Ghost—would have honored God or created a greater respect in the minds of the witnesses of the burial, for His ambassadors and ordinances. We are not skilled in the theory of Christianity, and cannot, therefore, decide as to its practice. All we would remark is, that the reading of the simple burial ritual of the Episcopal Church, by a humble layman, over the decaying body of an erring man, gave consolation to the hearts of the few who waited at the grave—accorded with their feelings of sympathy, and deeply impressed them with the solemnity of the occasion.

CONCERT OF THE SACRED MUSIC SOCIETY.—The First Presbyterian Church, on Monday evening last, was filled, though not to an overflowing extent, with a highly respectable and delighted audience, drawn together by the welcome invitation to a vocal banquet of choice and thrilling sacred harmonies. We felt assured that the labors of the Richmond Sacred Music Society would be crowned with success, and that the patronage of our citizens would be liberally accorded for their encouragement. The result more than verified our anticipations. There were about 80 members present, half of whom were ladies. The platform was adorned with a perfect galaxy of female loveliness, whose melodious voices were in full accordance with their superior personal attractions. There was a full and most efficient orchestra under the able leadership of Messrs. Dollinger and Liebman. Mr. Dunderdale presided at the piano, and the whole performance was under the direction of the conductor of the Society, S. S. Stevens, Esq. We speak but mildly of the execution of the different solos, quartettes and choruses when we say that it was uniformly excellent. There are male and female voices in this Society of great flexibility and power, and the discipline to which they are subjected cannot fail to develop tones of most persuasive sweetness and superior compass; the result will be of course a high and improving degree of efficiency in the singing of church choirs and the adornment of many a private and social circle with nature's most winning utterances. We trust that the Society, under its energetic and devoted President, Mr. Williams, will continue, at stated intervals, to furnish our citizens with exhibitions of those musical gifts that charm and soothe the world pilgrim as he moves forward in the journey of life, and awaken to new vigor and higher aspirations the dormant sensibilities of the heart.

UNLAWFUL ASSEMBLAGE.—Barney Litman, who keeps a small grocery store in the vicinity of the Basin, for permitting an unlawful assemblage of negroes to congregate in his house on Saturday evening last, was, on yesterday, fined by his Honor \$16. There were 11 negroes upon the lot, 8 of whom were arrested by the watch and doly punished. Litman will also be answer to an indictment for retaining ardent spirits without a license.

WHIG MEETING.—There was a large and enthusiastic meeting of the Whigs of the city, held in the African Church last evening for the purpose of nominating Delegates to the Legislature. On motion Colonel McKee was called to the Chair and the editors of the Whig newspapers were appointed Secretaries of the meeting. Messrs. Rose and Lowallen of the Morning Mail and Ballie of the Times being all that were present of the Whig editorial corps of the city in response took their seats upon the platform. Mr. Scott then moved that a rievocote vote be taken upon two nominees, and that Mr. O. P. Baldwin be recommended to be voted for for the Senate, and Mr. J. R. Anderson for the House of Delegates. This motion was put and carried unanimously.

Mr. Scott then offered the following resolution: Resolved, That we now proceed to select, by ballot, two candidates for the House of Delegates—that the tellers be appointed, collect and count the ballots, and report the result to the meeting—that each ballot be endorsed with the name of the person voting, and the person receiving a majority of the votes cast shall be declared the choice of the meeting. After discussion, on motion of Mr. H. L. Brooke the resolution was so amended as to provide for the nomination of one delegate at a time—and the resolution, as amended, was adopted.

Mr. J. A. Scott then put in nomination H. K. Elyson, J. B. Ferguson, J. A. Cowardin, G. R. Penke, G. W. McCance, J. Cowles, R. D. Sanxay, W. J. Taylor and W. Hancock. Subsequently, on enquiry, it being ascertained that Mr. McCance would not accept the nomination, his name was withdrawn by Mr. Penke. Nine tellers were then appointed to collect and count the ballots. While counting, Mr. Miller, of Amelia county, and R. T. Daniel, Esq., in obedience to loud calls addressed the meeting. The tellers having counted the ballots, reported through Mr. Scott the following result: Whole number of votes cast, 273; necessary to a choice, 137. Elyson received 135 votes, Cowardin 117, Sanxay 14, Hancock 5. So that there was no nomination.

Mr. Cowles then withdrew the name of Mr. Sanxay for the present. The second balloting resulted as follows: Whole number of votes cast 287; necessary to a choice, 143. Elyson 158, Cowardin 135, Hancock 2, Sanxay 2. So H. K. Elyson was nominated to fill one vacancy. During the counting of this ballot Mr. J. H. Shook offered resolutions expressive of the continued confidence of the Whig Party in their principles, and in their nominee for Congress, Mr. Coleman, and pledging their support to Mr. C. and the nominees of the present meeting.

Mr. S. M. Price then put in nomination for the second vacancy B. B. Miner. Messrs. Harrison and Ferguson renewed the name of J. A. Cowardin, and the Chairman stated that it was understood that it would be continued. The result of the third balloting was as follows: Whole number of votes cast 222; necessary to a choice 112. Cowardin received 132; Minor 90—So J. A. Cowardin was nominated to fill the second vacancy. The meeting then adjourned.

REV. ALEXANDER CAMPBELL.—At 11 o'clock yesterday morning, the Synagogue Church, on 11th street, near Broad, was well filled with an attentive congregation, to whom the far-famed preacher, Rev. Alexander Campbell, of Bethany, Va., delivered a plain, effective and practical discourse. This minister is the founder of the extensive denomination of professing christians known as the Campbellites, comes-outers originally, we believe, from the Baptist church. Mr. C. is far advanced in years, nevertheless, is tall and vigorous of person, earnest and impressive of speech, and possesses a strong and well cultivated mind. He is simple and unaffected in manners, and is beloved both for his many social virtues and his firm christian character and integrity. His discourse, yesterday, was in ex. position of the 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th verses of the 1st chapter of the 2nd Epistle to Peter, and inculcated the duty of professing christians to seek to increase their faith, courage, temperance, patience, brotherly kindness, charity, piety and love. We took full notes of the discourse, and may transcribe them for some future issue. The Reverend gentleman will preach again at 11 o'clock this morning, and at 8 o'clock this evening, in the Synagogue Church. He is certainly one of the most remarkable divines of the age, and arraigns sin in the pulpit, on the highway, or by the fireside in the most fearless and direct manner.

The receipts of toll on the James River and Kanawha Canal for the month of April, have been as follows: For April 1842..... \$ 8,992 81 For April 1847..... 19,923 31 For April 1853..... 28,073 44 being an annual increase of 20 per cent. The receipts of toll for this year ending September 30th, 1842, were..... \$ 59,513 33 September 30th, 1847, were..... 199,583 37 September 30th, 1853, will be..... 310,000 00 which will also show an annual increase of 30 per cent.

CONCERT AT THE AFRICAN CHURCH.—This evening the famous musician Signor Da Costa will give his first and only vocal and instrumental Concert in this city at the African Church. He will be assisted by that lovely vocalist Madame Anna Bishop and Mr. Boehsa, the far-famed harpist. Mr. De C will perform on the Portuguese Machette, a peculiar kind of guitar. The pieces to be performed generally have been selected with great care on account of their peculiarly thrilling and attractive character, and the lovers of chaste harmonies will do well to give them a hearing.

MARRIED. At Montross, the 3rd instant, by Rev. Charles H. Reed, Mr. George C. REID, of Norfolk, Va., and Miss BESSIE C. WILLIAMS, daughter of Chas B. Williams, Esq. of Henrico.

EXCHANGE AND BANKING. HOUSE OF C. W. PURCELL & CO.—Bank, are redeemed as heretofore at par at our counter—except for Brokers, who will be required to send them to the office at Washington for redemption, to HENRY M. NOURSE, Esq. who will remit them in Virginia notes for the same. All solvent Washington small notes will for the present be redeemed at par from Merchants. We caution the public therefore, against paying and discounting small notes dated at Washington, my 5-1t

AUCTION NOTICE.—Particular attention is requested to the sale of elegant Furniture, at the Tontine House, opposite the Bank. See advertisement. GEO. J. SUMNER, Auct. my 5

GLEASON'S PICTORIAL, BARNUM'S ILLUSTRATED NEWS, and all the Papers for this week, together with lots of new Books and Magazines, at Under the American Hotel, Main street, my 5-2t

Elder A. Campbell, of Bethany Brocks county, will preach in Synagogue Church, on Monday, at 11 o'clock to-day and at 8 o'clock this evening. my 5-1t

Auction Card.—The attention of House keepers is solicited to our sale of Furniture, &c. &c. this morning, at 10 o'clock. my 5 ALEX. NOTT & CO. Auctioneers.

DR. THEODORICUS P. MAYO offers his professional services to the citizens of Richmond. When not necessarily absent, he may be found at his office over the store of Jacob A. Levy, opposite City Hotel. my 4-6t

Dr. John B. Walshall, Homoeopathic Physician, Office on Governor street, nearly opposite the Governor's House. mh 14-6m

At Adam & Co's Family Bakery, 144 Main street, can be obtained Bread, Rolls, Biscuit, Crackers, Cakes of all kinds, Fruit Pies, &c., manufactured under the best materials. Balls, Parties, &c., supplied at short notice. Orders promptly attended to. my 5-1t

KUPPER & HUKKA, UNDERTAKERS, Governor street, between Main and Franklin. to 28-ly

GREAT EXCITEMENT AT SIMONS.—The great excellence of his daguerrotypes is now fully appreciated. This is what we expected when we first saw his likenesses, and remarked to a friend of ours, that SIMONS was the first artist in the country. ap 30

The Exchange Hotel Bathing Rooms having been refitted, improved and put in complete order, are now open for the patronage of the public. my 3-1m

BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND PATENT INFRINGEMENTS.—THE PATENT RIFLING PATROL, ARMY, NAVY, and POCKET SIZERS, Price \$17. For sale at S. SUTHERLAND'S, Main street, ap 25-1m1st Opposite the Farmers' Bank.

Washing and Bleaching.—The Virginia Magic Washing Fluid is the greatest discovery ever made for washing clothes, scouring floors, &c. It saves time, labor and hard rubbing. The genuine article is prepared only by ap 21-3m E. J. PICOT, Druggist.

B. W. STARR, Attorney at Law and Notary Public.—Practices in all the Courts of this State and in Richmond city. As a Notary Public, partitions and estates will be paid to the taking of Depositions, (in or out of his office) Proof and Acknowledgments of Deeds, Relinquishments of Dower, &c. Claims for collection entrusted to him, promptly attended to. Office removed to No 52, third floor above City Hotel, on North side of Main street, Richmond, Va. do 2-ly

To "Many Voters."—It has always been my pleasure, or misfortune perhaps, never to change my political opinions. I have never assumed one without due reflection, and I reluctantly compelled to decline the proposition made under the above signature to become an independent candidate for Congress from this District. Were I disposed to make such a candidate for Congress, I could not enter the field against a gentleman whom I have known since my childhood, my schoolmate, Judge John S. Caskey. my 5-1t MARTIN M. LIPSCOMB.

To the Independent Voters of the City of Richmond.—FELLOW CITIZENS.—Nothing daunted by my late defeat for the office of Mayor of your City, I beg leave to offer you an opportunity of again availing yourselves of the benefit of my services, and to announce myself as a candidate for a seat in the next Legislature of Virginia. my 3-4d MARTIN M. LIPSCOMB.

At a Meeting of the Council of the City of Richmond, held April 18th, 1853, it was Resolved, That a poll be, and the same is hereby directed, to be taken on Monday, the 19th inst., in the city on the question, whether the Council on behalf of the city of Richmond may subscribe to the stock of the Virginia Central Railroad Company, a Company incorporated for a work of internal improvement in this State, part of which is constructed in and near this city, an amount not exceeding two hundred thousand dollars—that the time of holding the poll be Monday, the 19th inst., 1853, and that this resolution be published for one month, and afterwards until the day of the poll, in at least two newspapers of the city. A copy: WM. F. SHEPARD, C. C. R. ap 20-3d23M

FREIGHT NOTICE.—RICHMOND AND DANVILLE RAILROAD.—From and after May 10th each article of freight, intended to be transported over the Road, must have the name and residence of the person to whom it is consigned, distinctly marked thereon, and be delivered at the Depot before 4 o'clock, P. M., and the freight paid in advance. General Freight Agent, my 5-3m

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.—A large assortment—embracing every variety. For sale in quantities to suit purchasers by ELIAS HALE, 106 Main street. my 5

SILVER AND PLATED WARE.—For sale by ELIAS HALE, 106 Main street. my 5

COMBS, Buttons, Brushes, Pins, Needles, Fish Hooks, Suspender, Plated Sewing Birds, Fancy Soap, Perfumery, Cologne Water, Extracts.—ELIAS HALE, 106 Main street. my 5

BLANK BOOKS, Paper Envelopes, Pencils, Pens, Ink Stands, Letter Presses, Copying Books, &c. For sale by ELIAS HALE, 106 Main street. my 5

CUTLERY.—Of English and American Manufacture.—A large assortment just received. Razors, Knives, Scissors and Shears. For sale at low prices by ELIAS HALE, 106 Main street. my 5

CARPET BAGS.—An assortment just received and for sale by ELIAS HALE, 106 Main street. my 5

FOR HIRE.—A superior Main Cook, for the balance of the year. Apply to TOLER & COOK, Agents. my 5

CIRCULAR SAWS.—From 9 to 54 inches. Inclusive. For sale by SMITH & ROBERTS, No 74 Main street. my 5

EMORY CLOTH.—Of superior quality. For sale by SMITH & ROBERTS, No 74 Main street. my 5

SAFETY FUSE.—Just to hand, an additional supply of Safety Fuse of superior quality. SMITH & ROBERTS, No 74 Main street. my 5

IRON JACK SCREWS.—For Railroad Cars and Wagons. For sale by SMITH & ROBERTS, No 74 Main street. my 5

FAMILY ROE HERRING.—50 barrels; 75 half barrels, received and for sale by ap 5 J. WOMBLE & CO.

CLAY FRAM.—600 bushels, in two bushels. For sale very low by JNO WOMBLE & CO. my 5

NEGRO HOUSE MOLASSES, Manilla, Rio & Java Coffee, Starch, Spanish Cigars. For sale by DAVENPORT, ALLEN & CO. my 5