DAILY DISPATCH.

VOL. VII.--NO. 84 RICHMOND, MONDAY, APRIL 9, 1855. PRICE ONE CENT.

THE DAILY DISPATCH.

BY J. A. COWARDIN

The DAILY DISPATCH is served to subscribers at SIX AND A QUARTER CENTS PER WEEK, payable to the Carrier weekly. Price for mailing, $4 a year in advance.

The WEEKLY DISPATCH is issued every Friday, and mailed to subscribers at $1 per annum.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

AYERS' CHERRY PECTORAL.—For the rapid cure of Coughs, Colds, Hoarseness, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Asthma and Consumption, is universally known as the best remedy ever yet discovered for every variety of Pulmonary disease. So wide is the field of its usefulness and so numerous the cases of its cures, that almost every section of the country abounds in persons publicly known, who have been restored from alarming and even desperate diseases of the lungs by its use. When once tried, its superiority over every other medicine of its kind is too apparent to escape observation, and where its virtues are known, the public no longer hesitate what antidote to employ for the distressing and dangerous affections of the pulmonary organs which are incident to our climate. By its timely use many, nay, almost all attacks of disease upon the Lungs or throat, are arrested, and thus are saved many thousands every year from a premature grave. No family should be without it, and those who do neglect to provide themselves with a remedy which wards off this dangerous class of diseases will have cause to deplore it when it is too late. Proofs of the surprising efficacy of the Cherry Pectoral need not be given to the American people,—they have living proofs in every neighborhood. But those who wish to read the statements of those whose whole health has been restored and whose lives have been saved by its use, will find them in my American Almanac which the Agent below named has to furnish gratis to every one.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass., and sold by PURCELL, LADD & CO., wholesale and retail, Richmond, Va. mh 27—deod&w2m

PAYNE & MAYO, Auctioneers, have removed their office to Mr. Wellington Goddin's new building, corner of 11th and Bank streets. Entrance on Bank street.

They will sell at auction or private sale, Real and Personal Property; Rent out Houses and hire out Servants

☞ Deeds of every description will be accurately drawn.

ABEL U. MAYO being a Notary Public, will attend to taking Depositions, Acknowledgment of Deeds, &c.

Their charges will, in all cases, be entirely satisfactory, and they hope to merit patronage by prompt attention to business.

JOHN R. D. PAYNE,
ap 3—ts ABEL U. MAYO.

JNO. W. WRIGHT & Co. are prepared to receive all kinds of Produce and Merchandize on Storage, at their Warehouse on the Dock, on as reasonable terms as it can be taken in the city.
fe 12—6m

SAM'L CARY, Dealer in Paper Material (RAGS, ROPES, BAGGING, &c.) South Franklin st., 5 doors West of Old Market, buys small as well as large lots. fe 9—d6m

BOUNTY LAND AND PENSIONS.—The undersigned hereby announces to the public that he will prosecute Claims against the Federal Government to BOUNTY LAND and PENSION, on the most reasonable terms.

☞ Office in the Law Building.
mh 15—1m* B. W. STARKE.

BOUNTY LAND, &c.

I will prosecute claims against the Federal Government to BOUNTY LAND and PENSIONS, on the most satisfactory terms.

Under a recent act of Congress, soldiers who served a period of *fourteen days* in *any war*, since 1776 and if such solders be dead, their widows or minor children are entitled to 160 acres of land. Those who have received less than 160 acres, are entitled to as much more as will make that quantity.

Having been engaged as a clerk in the Pension and Bounty Land Department at Washington, for nearly three years, I have peculiar advantages for prosecuting claims of the above description.

Communications by mail, *post paid*, or at the office of Payne & Mayo, in Wellington Goddin's new building on Bank street, will be attended to at once.

Any reference given that may be desired.
mh 3—d&w3m ABEL U. MAYO.

NOTICE.—One of the most popular medicines ever introduced in Virginia is BAKER'S PREMIUM BITTERS. As a guarantee for my assertion, it is spoken of generally as one of the best Family Medicines ever before the public. It is a greater strengthener to the whole system than anything ever heard of for Dyspepsia, Nervousness, Cholic, or any derangement of the stomach. You need not fear its not giving immediate relief, for I am yet to hear one instance where it has failed in giving relief. In cases of female diseases, it is without fail.

They can be had, wholesale and retail, of Messrs. PURCELL, LADD & CO., and Druggists everywhere. ap 3

TRIMMINGS, EMBROIDERIES AND FANCY GOODS.—J. L. WEIL has just returned from the Northern Cities, where he has purchased some of the handsomest and most fashionable styles of Trimmings to be had in the city; all of the latest importations landed from the European steamers whilst he was there, together with a fine and well selected stock of Needle Work Goods—such as Bands, Collars, Sleeves, Gimpure Collars and Setts, Ribbons, Mohair Hair Dresses, Jet Bracelets, Breastpins and Necklaces, Card Cases, Portmonnaies, Fans, Perfumeries, and a nice stock of Fancy Goods and Hosiery, to which he calls the attention of purchasers, as every article will be sold cheap by calling at

J. L. WEIL'S
Fancy and Trimming Store,
ap 5—1m* 131, Broad Street.

RUSHTON'S COD LIVER OIL.—The late firm of RUSHTON, CLARK & CO. being dissolved by its own limitation, I am now sole proprietor of the genuine Cod Liver Oil which is so generally prescribed by physicians at this season for Consumption, Coughs, Colds, &c., &c.

CAUTION.—In purchasing or ordering, be careful to ask for Rushton's, and see that my name is on the label, and my signature over the cork of each bottle, as there are several spurious articles in the market claiming to be Rushton's.

FREDERICK V. RUSHTON
Son of the late Wm. L. Rushton, N. York.

The above Oil for sale by DUVAL & NORTON, corner of Main and 10th streets, Bank Square, Richmond. ap 5—3m

SCOTT'S LITTLE GIANT CORN AND COB MILL—NOTICE.—The undersigned having purchased of Messrs. Robbins & Bibb, of Baltimore, the exclusive right to vend the above Mill in the counties of Madison, Orange, Greene, Louisa, Albemarle, Fluvanna and Goochland, is now prepared to supply the demand with Mills of the very best materials ready for use, as follows:

No. 2 grinds 10 bushels per hour with one horse—price $46.

No. 3 grinds 15 bushels per hour with two horses—price $57.

No. 4 grinds 20 bushels per hour with two horses—price $68.

The utility and economy of these mills are unquestionable, and it is confidently believed that they may be kept in daily use for ten years

The undersigned hereby gives notice that these mills cannot be sold within the above named territory except by himself or by his duly authorised agents; and any infringement upon his rights will be promptly prosecuted.

I am acting as agent also, for the sale of Macgregor's Patent Cauldron Furnace, or Agricultural Boiler, for wood or coal.

Persons ordering, will address me at Gordonsville

C. B. McCORMIC.

☞ Fredericksburg News and Lynchburg Virginian copy 1 month and forward bill to me at Gordonsville
ap 7—d&e1m C. B. McC.

SHIRTS AND COLLARS.—A fresh supply of Linen and fine Muslin Shirts; also, Fancy Muslin Shirts, and fine three-ply Linen Collars of the various styles now worn, made by one of the most celebrated makers in the country, and which we have sold for years with universal satisfaction. We are prepared to have Shirts and Collars made to order at short notice. All warranted to fit.

KEEN, BALDWIN & CO.,
ap 7 102 Main st.

CHEAP SILKS! CHEAP SILKS!—New and splendid exhibition of Plaid, Striped and Check Spring Silks for cash, this 7th day of April, 1855. Ladies, call and see the bargains now landing from the New York auctions. Unprecedentedly low prices for good goods. Notice: 1000 yds Plaid, rich, glossy Spring Silks at 50c; 1000 yds finer striped and plain do. at 62½c.; 1000 yds still better, nice goods, at 75c. Also all the finer grades of rich Chene and plain French Goods. 25 per cent. saved by calling at

C. A. GWATKIN'S,
ap 7 Opposite Exchange Bank.

CHAS. H. LANGLEY, Tin and Sheet Iron Manufacturer, 13th street, between Main and Cary, Richmond, Va.

GAS FITTING AND FIXTURES,

Steam Pipes for Churches, Public Buildings, &c., Metalic Roofing, Guttering and Spouting, put up in any part of the city or country.

WELL AND GARDEN PUMPS FOR SALE.
mh 3

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS.—On hand a full supply of the above cut, all new and of latest styles, which will be made to order in a neat manner, and very low for cash.

ap 7 WM. IRA SMITH, 114 Main st.

KNOWLES & WALFORD, STATIONERS, No. 21, Pearl Street, next door to H. W. Fry & Sons, offer to merchants and others at Wholesale or Retail, a very fine assortment of—

BLANK BOOKS;
PAPERS; INKS; PENS;
SEALING WAX; WAFERS;
ENVELOPES, &c., &c,

At prices to suit the times.

ALSO,

"HERRING'S FIRE AND BURGLAR PROOF IRON SAFES.

Call and see them.
mh 30—ts KNOWLES & WALFORD.

PARLOR SOAP.—A superior article for sale by A. BODEKER,

THE DAILY DISPATCH.

☞ The circulation of the DAILY DISPATCH exceeds considerably that of all the Daily papers of Richmond combined.

RICHMOND, VA:

MONDAY MORNING .....APRIL 9, 1855.

WASHINGTON IRVING.

A writer in the New York Quarterly, who has recently visited Mr. Irving at his calm retreat, "Sunny Side," found him in excellent health, and in the full enjoyment of an exuberant flow of spirits. Mr. Irving, it is said contemplates an additional volume or two of his fugitive miscellanies, which will complete the elegant series of his collective works, issued by his American publisher, Mr. Putnam, of New York. "Wolfert's Roost, and other Sketches," has just been issued, and his "Life of Washington," which will form three more volumes, will now speedily appear.

Mr. Irving, says the writer, in the course of conversation, spoke appreciatingly of the "multitude of clever authors of the present day," instancing some of the most prominent names; but, he added, with strong emphasis, "Dickens is immeasurably above his contemporaries, and 'David Copperfield' is his master production."

The writer justly observes, as worthy of note, that the re-issue of the works of this author of two ages, as he may be fitly designated, so far from suffering any diminution in fame, enjoy an unprecedented popularity. Indeed, the "Sketch Book" can never cease to be popular while the English tongue is spoken, nor the exquisite humor of "Knickerbocker's History of New York," fail to be keenly appreciated whilst the human mind retains a sense of the humorous. Sir Walter Scott, in an unpublished letter, thus referred to this last production:

"I beg you to accept my best thanks for the uncommon degree of entertainment which I have received from the most excellently jocose History of New York. I am sensible that, as a stranger to American parties and politics, I must lose much of the concealed satire of the piece; but I must own, that looking at the simple and obvious meaning only, I have never read anything so closely resembling the style of Dean Swift, as the annals of Diedrich Knickerbocker. I have been employed these few evenings in reading them aloud to Mrs S. and two ladies, who are our guests, and our sides have been absolutely sore with laughing. I think, too, there are passages which indicate that the author possesses power of a different kind, and has some touches which remind me much of Sterne."

Serene, joyous, and unclouded be the sunset of Washington Irving's career, a career as full of light and happiness to his race, as of honor and distinction to himself.

ROBBERY AND STRATAGEM.—About 1 o'clock last Friday morning, a man pretending to be a watchman, went to the house of Mr. John Louden, in Baltimore, and told him that a friend of his was at the station house, and wanted him to come and get him out, and that he had better bring some money with him. Mr. L. got up and dressed, put $45 in his pocket, and started with the pretended watchman. He had not gone far, when two more men ran up, seized and gagged him, taking away the $45 and a gold watch.

EXPORTING BOGUS BANK NOTES.—The house of Donvale & Co., New York, recently exported, to the order of Arriceto Friete, of St. Thomas, several barrels of fish, which were consigned to them by one H. Hartman for exportation. Upon the arrival of the fish at St. Thomas, several boxes were found in them, containing counterfeit notes on American banks, wrapped up in tin foil, which would have been passed at St. Thomas as genuine, had they passed the custom house undetected.—Senor Arriceto Friete was arrested and sentenced to imprisonment for life, and a man named Bouve, of St. Domingo, who was concerned in the transaction, escaped from the island to New York, where such financial ability will be more properly estimated.

THE WASHINGTON FORGER.—Colonel L. P. Taylor, who committed such extensive forgeries, was seen in Baltimore, at Barnum's Hotel, on the 1st instant. He was much intoxicated, and stated his intention to go to Harrisburg, Pa. It has been discovered that even after some of his forgeries were discovered, and his friends were endeavoring to raise money to pay them and save him from the penitentiary, he negotiated more forged paper.

TRAGEDY AT MOBILE.—We gave a brief account, Saturday morning, of a shocking affair which took place in Mobile, on Saturday, the 31st ult. In the Advertiser, of Sunday, we find the following statement of it:

Yesterday, at a quarter past one o'clock, the lower portion of our city was thrown into much excitement by a shooting affray, which occurred on Royal street, opposite the Battle House. The particulars, of the affair, as near as we could ascertain them, are these: A quarrel had taken place during the forenoon between the parties, William Metcalf, Thomas Tuggles, and Berry Odam, all of them pilots on the river. With the cause of the difficulty we are unacquainted, but the two former persons were greatly incensed against Odam, and many insulting and threatening expressions passed between them. A short time before the affray occurred, Odam, fearing that the quarrel would so result, had armed himself with a revolver and bowie knife, and on his return to the place of altercation, was insulted and struck at by Metcalf.—Whereupon he drew his pistol, placed himself in attitude of defence, and warned Metcalf not to approach him on peril of his life, when Metcalf, who provided himself with a long strip of thick plank, advanced upon him, and Odam continued to retreat for many yards with his pistol presented. Finally, Metcalf came within reach and appeared to be in the act of striking, when Odam fired, the ball tearing up the flesh of the left arm and entering the side of Metcalf, inflicting a severe but not dangerous wound.

Immediately on the discharge of the weapon, Mr. Tuggles, who had followed up the parties, sprang towards Odam with a drawn bowie knife in his hand, and when he had approached almost within striking distance, the pistol was again discharged, the ball entering his breast some four inches below the left nipple. The wounded man was taken into a shop, laid upon a sofa, and though there was no outward effusion of blood, internal hemorrhage immediately ensued, and he died in an hour and a half after receiving the wound. He retained his senses, and spoke after being shot, and did not appear to suffer much. Mr. Tuggles was a native of Rome, Georgia, and was much esteemed by his acquaintances. His deportment generally, it is said, was quiet, inoffensive, and gentlemanly.

Immediately after death an inquest was held upon the body by Coroner Strambler, and a verdict rendered in accordance with the facts. Fearing the immediate vengeance which was threatened by the friends of the slain man, Mr. Odam secreted himself in the theatre, and on the arrival of officers Walker and Charpentier, gave himself into their hands, and was committed to the guard house, from whence he was transferred to the jail. He will be examined before a Magistrate's court on Monday, and we will not anticipate by venturing an opinion as to the probable result of its proceedings.

OLD MILITARY COMPANY.—There is a company of German Fusiliers, in Charleston, S. C., which dates its organization as far back as the revolutionary war.

RAILROAD ELECTION.—At a meeting of the South Carolina Railroad Company, in Charleston, on Wednesday last, Mr. S. Mowry, jr., late President of the Washington and New Orleans Telegraph Company, was chosen one of the Directors.

VIRGINIA.

SPEECHES.—Col. W. H. Harman of Augusta, and T. J. Michie, Esq., addressed the people of Shenandoah, at the Court House Wednesday.

ROANOKE VALLEY RAILROAD.—The amount of freight passing over this road at present, indicates great prosperity, and the Clarksville Tobacco Plant thinks that in view of its present success, and the prospect of a considerable increase of its transportation, when steam navigation on the Dan is established, the friends of the road have great reason to be gratified.

MAIL TO ROXBOROUGH.—The question of petitioning the Postmaster General for a stage mail from Clarksville to Roxborough, is being mooted in the former place.

FIRE.—The roof of the warehouse of James Gordon & Co., in Norfolk, took fire Thursday from sparks issuing from the chimney. The damage done was slight.

NORFOLK AND PETERSBURG RAILROAD.—A committee, consisting of the President, Directors, and Chief Engineer, of this road have, says the Democrat, just completed an inspection of this road, and report that the track is cleared one hundred feet wide, and being provided with deep ditches on both sides, will be kept dry and sound. For some distance the track progresses through the dismal swamp, and so perfect is the work on this part of the line that the committee pronounced it the most substantial portion of the road. As the road is almost perfectly straight, there being one section in a mathematical straight line of fifty-two miles, a high speed will probably be obtained, and as only about a fourth of the capital has been expended, while one half of the work has been finished, we see nothing to retard the early completion of the work. Four hundred men are now engaged on the line and this force will soon be augmented.—The financial affairs of the company are in a flattering condition.

NOMINATIONS.—Wm. T. Lundy was nominated by the Democrats of Sussex Wednesday, to represent that county in the House of Delegates, and W. W. Cobb received the nomination for the State Senate.

STEALING BACON.—The inhabitants of Farmville are troubled with a set of rogues who have an irresistible desire for bacon. Their last operation was breaking open the smoke house of Mr. W. J. Porter, Saturday night, and stealing thirty hams.

RAN OFF.—On Friday week, a freight train on the Southside Railroad, ran down an embankment. Luckily, no one was hurt.

MONEY IN NORFOLK.—In Norfolk on Tuesday last, ten shares of Exchange Bank stock were sold at $107.25 per share; 5 do. at $107; 3 shares American Insurance at $102 50; and $1000 worth of Norfolk city scrip at $90.

APPOINTMENTS.—Mr. Tho's S. White has been appointed clerk and book-keeper of the Alexandaia gas works.

BLUE RIDGE TUNNEL.—This work has progressed through all its difficulties 3050 feet, the remaining 1200 feet will probably, offer no further difficulty than the hardness of the rock; and the progress at about 70 feet per month will complete it short of 18 months. We understand there is wanted at the Tunnel from 100 to 150 hands, and the price paid per day is $1 on the flooring and $1:25 on the heading.

BAILED OUT.—David T. Peace, who has been in jail in Piedmont, for shooting his own father, was tried on Tuesday and the jury not being able to agree he was bailed out to appear next fall.

John Wright, was tried at the same court for stealing a watch from James E. Murray—convicted and sentenced to one year in the penitentiary.

FIRE ON A BOAT.—The steamer Altamont was partially burned while lying at her wharf, at Wheeling, on Tuesday last. Covered by insurance.

KNOW NOTHING NOMINATION.—Jno. S. Carlisle was nominated for Congress by a convention of voters of the 11th District, which met at Parkersburg on Monday last. Mr. H. J. Boseman of Parkersburg, was nominated by the same party to represent Wood county in the House of Delegates.

FIRE.—An old untenanted wood house in rear of the residence of Mrs. S. Edgarton, in West Liberty, Ohio county, was burned on Monday last.

FAIR.—The Ladies of Trinity Church, Staunton, begin a fair at Union Hall this evening.

SHOCKING ACCIDENT.—Mrs. Ann Coleman, wife of Jas. Coleman, residing in Mervine street, Philadelphia, was burned to death on Wednesday last. Her husband, who is a dealer in marketing, went home about 8 o'clock, but his knock failing to bring any one to the door, he concluded that his wife was at her mother's house, a few squares distant. He went thither, and was told that she must be at home. Returning, he saw through the window that some combustibles lying on the cellar floor were on fire. He then burst the front door open, and going into the kitchen, found the furniture on fire, and his wife at the head of the cellar stairs most awfully burned from head to foot, and the fragments of her clothing still burning. She was still alive, and her husband in the effort to extinguish the fire, burned his hands very severely. He then gave the alarm, and some of the police coming, extinguished the fire. Mrs. Coleman was dead when her husband returned. She was only 35 years of age, and leaves three children, who fortunately escaped unhurt.

BURNT AT THE STAKE.—John Kinder, who emigrated from Lawrence county, Indiana, to Texas, was burnt at the stake by a party of Indians. Mr. K. got into a difficulty with one of the Indians and shot him down, and then fled to a fort for protection, but the Indians came in such numbers as to compel the fort to deliver him up to the stake.

OUTRAGE.—A man named John Walterham was arrested in New York, Wednesday, while attempting to commit a rape on the person of Mrs. Louisa Frohome, of 165 Orchard street. He went to pay a visit to the house, and Mrs. Frohome's husband having occasion to go out, Walterham seized her and attempted to violate her person. Her screams brought her husband to her assistance, and W. was arrested.

ARREST OF AN OHIO DEFAULTER.—John M. Throck, recently a resident of Holmes county, Ohio, was arrested in Germany for forgeries committed in Ohio, and arrived at New York in the steamship Union Wednesday evening. The forgeries amount to $20,000. Throck is an old man, 66 years of age.

BURIED IN A WELL.—While a man named Mc. Cormack was digging a well Wednesday morning in Newark, N. J., the earth fell in upon, and buried him. He was thirty feet below the surface of the earth.

JAIL DELIVERY.—On Monday night last six prisoners confined in the jail of Macon, Ga. made their escape. It appears that a negro man named Bill, from Houston county, confined upon the charge of an assault with intent to kill, succeeded in freeing himself from his irons and his cell, and opened the doors of the cell of the other prisoners. They then cut a hole through the wall of the second story of the building, and with the aid of their blankets descended to the ground. Six in all escaped—among whom were Bertine, under sentence of death, and Phillips, sentenced to the penitentiary for seven years.

SPIRIT OF THE PRESS.

The *Penny Post* continues its remarks on the temporal power of the Pope, and argues that the doctrines held by Catholics violate the "bill of rights." It says that the Know Nothing party has never proposed, and does not desire, to put the least obstacle in the way of the free exercise of every man's right to worship God in his own way. Every man is entitled to his own religious belief, and in this free country can and does exercise his own pleasure in worshipping God in his own way and in his own Church. A Catholic has just as many *religious rights* as a Protestant in Virginia, and the American party never has, for one moment, thought of restricting the religious privileges of any man, be he Catholic or what not. That party, however, contends that the Catholic Church holds doctrines inconsistent with freemen's rights, irreconcilable with the spirit and letter of our constitution, and in utter violation of the "Bill of Rights." Those doctrines, it says, are the *supreme temporal authority* of the Pope, the union of Church and State, and a positive denial of that fundamental principle of our liberties, that all men are born free and equal.

The *Enquirer* having, on Friday, published the statement, that a man who desired to vote the Democratic ticket at Monroe Ward was not allowed to vote, and afterwards, upon appearing with a K. N. ticket, was allowed to vote, lays before the public a letter from John D. Quarles, Fleming Griffin, Thomas Barham, Lewis L. Barnes, Commissioners, and W. L. Maule, conductor, of the election in that Ward, in which the charge is pronounced "worse than groundless," and "utterly destitute of truth."

This is followed by a statement of the facts of the case as the Enquirer heard them, and which are vouched for by Mr. John J. Palmer in a letter to the Editors of that paper, in which he says: "I know the statements are true. I was present when the facts transpired, and I immediately proclaimed them aloud in the crowd at the polls, and in the presence of Minor; while at the same time I denounced such conduct on the part of men sworn to do equal and exact justice as guardians of the purity of the election franchise. Messrs. Lewis Barnes, William Maule and James May were the guardians of the polls at the time the vote of Minor was rejected and subsequently admitted."

The *Whig* has an editorial on the election in this city, and says that it is confirmed, that the K. N's could have polled four or five hundred more votes had they desired, and repeats its prediction that Flournoy will have a majority of from 150 to 2000 in this city.

In another article the Whig deprecates "the efforts of the Wise press to excite jealous or ill feeling between the town and country by saying, in connection with the recent election, that Richmond is the seat of vice, bigotry, venality and servility," and says that it will be mistaken if the people here of all parties will not resent this effort to prejudice them in the eyes of the country people, with whom they are in every day business and social intercourse.

A YOUTHFUL DEBUTANTE.—The Paris correspondent of the N.O. Picayune, writes thus of a danseuse who has just made her debut at the Grand Opera there. M'demoiselle Caterina Beressa, is a child about fifteen years of age, and is engaged at the Grand Opera on the following terms: $3,600 the first year, $4,800 the second, $7,200 the third, and a four months leave of absence annually. She is a mere child in everything but her legs, (scarcely less large than those of the Farnesian Hercules,) her dancing and her pay. She is really a wonderful dancer.

KILLED BY THE BURSTING OF A SAW.—An old man named Jno. H. Key, a former resident of Baltimore, was killed in St. Marys county, Md., on Monday last, by the bursting of a steam saw at a sawmill. One of the fragments struck the old man directly on the top of his head, with such force as not only to cleave his skull, but also to cut through his neck, neck-bone, &c. down into the breast; that portion of his body from the top of his head to the breast, being completely divided.

THE WAY IT WAS DONE.—The City of Philadelphia has applied to the Legislature of the State for a loan of one million and a half dollars. Last year the receipts of the corporation of Philadelphia were $2,226,196 87 and its appropriations amounted to $4,594,264 82.

CUSTOM HOUSE BURNT.—The Custom House at St. Thomas, and the adjoining warehouse of Messrs. Whitmore & Co. were burned on the 13th ult. loss $5,0000.

INTERESTING FROM CENTRAL AMERICA.—The *Gazette* of Costa Rica, of March 7, publishes the following extract from a letter just received by the government, without vouching for its exactitude:

It is said that Guardiola, who attempted to invade Honduras at the head of a force of Guatemalans, has been routed, and that Gen. Cabanas, the President of the former State, is in Los Llanos, at the head of 2,000 men, well supplied with light artillery. The montaineer of Santa Cruz in Guatemala, had rizen against the government, and numbered some 1,500 men.

PRICE OF LAND WARRANTS.—Land warrants are being bought in Washington at the rate of $1 per acre of land.

CANADA AND THE WAR.—In the Provincial Parliament, on the 22d ult, the Hon. Mr. Hincks moved for an address to the Governor General in favor of granting land, not to exceed one hundred acres, to each individual who may enlist in Canada for service in the British army during the next 12 months. So much opposition was made to this, however, that the motion was withdrawn.

A BRAVE BOY.—A young lad, in Jonesport, some time last week, while in the woods, pitched into a wild cat, Davy Crockett fashion, with the breech of his gun; after firing the first shot without effect, and after a well contested engagement, with tooth and nail on one side, and repeated blows on the other, the cat gave up. The animal weighed 56 pounds.

BOUNTY FOR SEAMEN.—The pressing want of seamen for several of the squadrons to supply the places of those whose terms of enlistment have expired, has induced the Secretary of the Navy, with the approbation of the President, in addition to the present liberal pay, to offer a bounty of twenty dollars to all seamen, and fifteen dollars to ordinary seamen, who shall enlist for three years' service within the next sixty days.

BOUNTY LAND APPLICATIONS.—The unprecedently large number of three thousand four hundred applications under the bounty land act of March 3d, 1855, were received at the Pension office on Wednesday. Total number of applications under this act, up to the present time, forty thousand three hundred.

BISHOP POTTER.—Bishop Potter has as yet preached but three times in New York city since his consecration, and not at all in any of the large churches. He has taken an active interest in feeble churches and missionary societies.

WHEAT CROPS IN THE WEST.—We continue to have the best accounts of the coming wheat crop. From Iowa, Illinois, Wisconsin, Indiana and Michigan all reports are cheering—the wheat fields never looked better.

A MILL STONE BURSTING.—On the 25th ult. a mill stone in rapid motion bursted in the grist mill of U. T. Wooster, at Benton, Ohio, and a piece of about five pounds in weight struck Mr. Wooster in the head, killing him instantly.

DEAD LETTERS.—At the Dead Letter office there were made up and transmitted, on the 30th ult., for England, 31,000 letters; Canada, 8000; Prussia, 5,000; and Bremen, 4,000, all received during the last quarter.

ADDITIONAL FOREIGN NEWS BY THE BALTIC.

SIEGE OF SEBASTOPOL.

The siege of Sebastopol was unchanged Lord Raglan admits that the Russians are making the place stronger.

RUSSIA.

The Pope has sent an embassy of condolence to the Emperor Nicholas.

Letters state that Russian preparations indicate the eventful evacuation of Bessarabia, without contest.

The Grand Duke Constantine directs the fleet and the ministry of marine.

A nocturnal levy of recruits was made throughout Russian-Poland on the night of the 13th.

ENGLAND.

In the House of Lords, Lyndhurst and Clarendon had spoken severely against the vacillating conduct of Prussia.

The proceedings of the Roebuck committee were drawing to a close.

The flying British squadron, the first installment of the Baltic fleet, sailed from Spithead for Kiel on the 20th inst.

FRANCE.

Louis Napoleon had reviewed the Imperial Guards, and made a short patriotic speech.

BELGIUM.

A new ministry had been formed, but only held office one day, and the crisis therefore continued.

FROM CHINA.

The attempt of the French to storm Shanghai proved a failure.

There is nothing of importance from Canton.

THE LATEST:

A despatch from Vienna, dated Friday evening, says: The conference is progressing most favorably. The second point was either settled to day or will be to morrow.

The Paris correspondent of the London Times telegraphs under date of Friday evening, as follows: The news from Vienna appears to be favorable to peace, and people are disposed to believe that the conference will be attended with happy results. Count Nesselrode will be at Vienna when the negotiations become critical.

The new Czar has given strong evidence of his design to abide by the plans of his father, and that he will make no concession. Rumors are current of a new basis of arrangement, including the freedom of the Black Sea, opening the Danube and the erection of Turkish forts, &c., in Asia.

[SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE SUN.]

NEW YORK, April 6, P. M.—News from Sebastopol to the 10th states that the principal Russian batteries, especially those of the Tower of Malakoff, have been doubled by an inner line, and the redoubts in many places trippled. The place was stronger than ever. The effect of the French rockets is exaggerated. Little damage had been done to the town.

On the 3d of March the effective strength of Omer Pacha's army amounted to 35,000 men, with 1,000 horse and four complete batteries. Troops of all arms were rapidly arriving. Supplies very abundant.

On the 6th, an English battery, which commands the bottom of Sebastopol harbor, compelled a Russian steamer to quit her position in great haste.

TURKEY.

Varna, Wednesday.—The palace of Beglerberg has been ordered to be repaired and put in order for the Emperor of the French.

The mission of Ali Pasha to Vienna is now improbable.

The representative of the Porte will protest against the Christians of the Turkish empire being placed under any foreign protection.

The Porte desires the participation of Prussia in the conference at Vienna.

Lord DeRedcliffe is still unwell.

Shocks of earthquakes continued to be felt, and the sulphurous springs at Broussa were dried up in consequence, while Mount Olympus vomits smoke like a volcano

The Journal of Constantinople says that the Minister of War has given orders for the immediate freighting of ten Turkish sailing vessels, to be despatched to Eupatoria with winter clothing, munitions, and supplies of every kind. Some steamers also are engaged in the same service and conveyance of troops.

THE VIENNA CONFERENCE.

The advices from Vienna report that the Conferences there are in danger of assuming a diliatory character—the real work of the conference, the limitation of Russian power in the Black Sea—being postponed to two points, which chiefly affects Austrian interest, namely: The future foreign relations of the Principalities and the navigation of the Danube. No tangible concessions are reported as having been made by the Russian Plenipotentiaries, but the spirit evinced by these gentlemen is said to be admirable. The touchstone for Russia, and Austria also, will be the deliberations on the third point.

RUSSIA.

Another attack to be made on Omer Pasha.

Private accounts from Odessa lead to the belief that Gortschakoff is preparing for a grand attack on Omer Pasha's position at Eupatoria. Orders have been sent from St. Petersburg to take the place at any cost. General Pawloff's corps, standing between Eupatoria and Simpheropol, had been reinforced by an entire cavalry division, sent by way of Perekop. A park of artillery followed, and heavy convoys of provisions were daily moving along the same route. General Read, lately acting commander-in-chief in Georgia, is to take command of this special army.

A Russian circular of the 10th of March, strengthens the hopes of a peaceful issue of the Vienna deliberations.

THE CRIMEA.

At Balaklava, the 6th of March, the weather was fine and mild.

The French had not renewed the attack on the Russian works near Malakhoff Tower. There were 8,000 Russians at Tchorgoum. The Russians were advancing towards Inkermann, and constructing new batteries. The English position is well fortified.

At a council of war held on the 4th, it was resolved to recommence active operations. A continual fire was kept up between the French and Russians.

The health of the troops was satisfactory.

Intelligence from Constantinople via Trieste, states that Gen. Pellissier had advanced against the heights occupied by the Russians, to the rear of Balaklava.

AUSTRIA.

The Austrian internuncio had had repeated interviews with Ali Pasha, the Turkish Minister.

Accounts from Malta describe the constant passage of troops towards the Crimea

MOVEMENTS OF TROOPS.

Two batteries of artillery have been embarked at Corfu for the east. Large purchases of horses for the British government are being made near the Dardanelles.

Intelligence from Turin states that a levy of 500 sailors would shortly be made.

THE SARDINIAN EXPEDITION.

Genoa, Sunday Evening.—A separate treaty has been concluded between Sardinia and the Porte, and all diplomatic difficulties which retarded the embarkation of the Piedmontese contingent have been removed.

BESSARABIA.

Vienna, Sunday Evening.—Accounts from Czernowitz to the 16th, state that Russian preparations indicate the eventful evacuation of Bessarabia without a contest.

Prince Gortschakoff had left for the Crimea to take the supreme command.

GERMANY.

A Prussian despatch of the 8th declares that Prussia had no intention to make a demonstration against France in the proposition relative to the Rhinish fortresses, but that Austria had no right to criticise the motives and resolution of the Diet in respect to placing the troops on the war footing.

THE VERY LATEST NEWS.

The Manchester Guardian expresses no hopes of peace from the Vienna Conference.

The funeral of the Czar Nicholas, on the 11th ultimo, was magnificent.

A large bell fell from its high position, at Moscow, during the ceremony of swearing allegiance to Alexander, the new Czar, crushing about one hundred persons.

The steamer Edinburgh had been wrecked at Varna.

There were rumors at Paris of the early raising of the siege of Sebastopol.

ALEXANDER'S SPEECH TO THE CORPS DIPLOMATIQUE.—The Czar's speech to the members of the corps diplomatique, on the 7th, was more temperate in tone, and is as follows:

"I am persuaded, gentlemen, that all your courts feel sincere sorrow at the misfortune that has befallen us. I have already received proofs of it from all sides; they have greatly moved me, and I stated yesterday to the ministers of Prussia and Austria how much I appreciated them. I solemnly declare here before you, gentlemen, that I remain faithful to all the sentiments of my father, and that I will persevere in the line of political principles which served as a rule to my uncle, the Emperor Alexander, and to my father. These principles are those of the holy alliance. If that alliance no longer exists, it was not my father's fault. His intentions were always upright and loyal, and, if recently they were misunderstood by some persons, I do not doubt that God and history will do him justice.

I am ready to contribute towards a good understanding, on the conditions which he accepted.—Like him, I desire peace, and wish to see the evils of war terminated; but if the Conferences which are about to open at Vienna do not lead to a result honorable for us, then, gentlemen, at the head of my faithful Russia, I will combat with the whole nation, and will perish sooner than yield. As to my personal sentiments for your sovereign, [addressing the Minister of Prussia] they have not varied. I have never doubted of the fraternal affection and friendship which His Majesty the King always had for my father, and I have already told you how grateful I am to him for it. I am deeply sensible of the kind words which the Emperor has caused to be transmitted to me on this occasion—[addressing the minister of Austria]—and his majesty cannot doubt of the sincere affection which my father entertained for him at a period which he himself has recalled by an order of the day addressed to the army.

"Be kind enough, gentlemen, to communicate my words to your respective courts."

GERMANY.

Bavaria, having her own game to play, gives her full assent neither to Austria nor to Prussia. Saxony continues to act entirely toward Russia. Wurtemberg, Baden and Hesse Darmstadt, whose contingents form the eight army corps, have chosen Prince Frederick of Wurtemberg, a man of very independent character, for its commander; the Prince has no bias in favor of Russia. The Thuringian States, whose contingents form the tenth, or reserve army corps, have elected Duke Bernard, of Saxe Weimar, who favors France.

FRANCE.

SPEECH TO THE TROOPS—THE JOURNEY TO THE EAST.—On Tuesday, the 20th March, the Emperor reviewed the whole of the Imperial Guards, in campaining equipment, and presented standards to the Cent-Gardes, with the following speech:

"Soldiers! The army is the true nobility of our country. It preserves intact, from age to age, the traditions of glory and of national honor, and your genealogical tree is here—[pointing to the colors.]—It marks, at each generation, a new victory. Take, then, these flags. I confide them to your honor, your courage and your patriotism."

Rapturous applause greeted this oration.

The latest Parisian *mot* has reference to the renewed journey of the Emperor and Empress to the East. "L Imperatrice va a Jerusalem en *Pelerine* dans l'espoir d'em revenir *en Sainte (enceinte)*

ASIA.

REPORTED CAPTURE OF THE TURKISH CAMP.—The *Invalide Russe* publishes the following:

"After their defeat on the 16th June, 1854, on the Tcholok, the Turks were compelled to remain on the defensive on the frontiers of Gouriel; and to cover their territory, they had formed near the villages of Leghvy and Okhtchamouro, two entrenched camps, occupied by their advance detachments, to the number of 2000 men in each camp.

"On the night between the 18th and 19th of January last (30th, 31st,) Captain Prince Gouriel, head of the Gouriel militia, attacked the Turkish camps with great success. Crossing the frontier near the bridge of Tcholok, he advanced rapidly on Leghvy, and vigorously charged the Turks, who advanced to meet him. Notwithstanding their numerical superiority, the Turks were beaten. The militia pursued them into their camp, which they destroyed, after driving out the Turks"

RUSSIA.

A circular has been issued by the Court of St. Petersburg to the Russian representatives abroad. It states that the mission of the new Emperor is to shield the integrity of Russia, but especially to restore peace to his empire and to the world. The instructions to the Russian representatives at Vienna have been renewed in this sense.

The French have obtained firmans to erect latin churches in Trebizonde, Metelin, Mersine and Sinigase.

The St Petersburg Gazette publishes an imperial letter thanking the citizens for their sympathy on the occasion of the death of the late Emperor

The Gazette publishes several appointments. The Grand Duke Constantine is given, in his quality of Grand Admi