Richmond Dispatch.

BY COWARDIN & HAMMERSLEY.

THE DAILY DISPATCH is served to subscribers at SIX AND A QUARTER CENTS PER WEEK, payable to the Carrier weekly. Price for mailing, $4 a year, or $2.50 for six months, in advance.

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DAILY DISPATCH.

VOL. XVI.---NO. 66. RICHMOND, VA., 1DAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1859. PRICE ONE CENT.

ELECTION NOTICES.

TO THE VOTERS OF THE CITY OF RICHMOND.—MARMADUKE JOHNSON, Esq., having resigned the office of COMMONWEALTH'S ATTORNEY, for the Circuit Court of the City of Richmond, I hereby announce myself a candidate for said office.

se 5—1m FRANKLIN THOMAS.

TO THE PEOPLE OF RICHMOND.—As already announced to you, I am very respectfully a candidate for the vacant office of COMMONWEALTH'S ATTORNEY, in the Circuit Court of your city. My course among you for the last eighteen years must speak for it self.

I am still a candidate for practice in all the Courts held in your city; prepare deeds and other writings of all kinds; give oral advice and written opinions; collect and secure claims, and discharge law-office business of all sorts, and the duties of a NOTARY PUBLIC, for this city and the county of Henrico. [au 30—1m] B. B. MINOR.

TO MESSRS. GEO. J. SUMNER, J. L. Apperson, G. D. Shell, A. Judson Crane, John B. Morton, John W. Davies, August Schad, Joseph Doerflinger, E. Mayr, C. Wendlinger, E. S. McElroy, T. P. Cramp, Jno. W. Cardwell, A. B. Williams, Albert L. West, and others:

GENTLEMEN: In reply to your request, that I will permit my name to be announced as a candidate for the office of COMMONWEALTH'S ATTORNEY for the Circuit Court of the City, I have to say that, appreciating your kindness, I accede to the request, and, if elected to the office, will discharge its duties to the best of my judgment and ability.

Yours, &c.,
N. A. STUDIRVANT.
Richmond, Aug. 26th, 1859. au 27—ts

TO THE VOTERS OF THE CITY OF RICHMOND.—I hereby respectfully announce myself a candidate for the office of ATTORNEY FOR THE COMMONWEALTH, in the Circuit Court of this city, which has just been made vacant by the resignation of MARMADUKE JOHNSON, Esq.

au 25—1m* LITTLETON TAZEWELL.

TO THE VOTERS OF THE CITY OF RICHMOND.—I hereby respectfully announce myself a candidate for the office of COMMONWEALTH'S ATTORNEY, for the Circuit Court of the City of Richmond, made vacant by the resignation of MARMADUKE JOHNSON, Esq.

au 26—tde JAMES R. CRENSHAW.

LAW AND MEDICAL CARDS.

DR. S. L. INGRAM has removed his office to Main street, below 14th, opposite T. S. Price & Co.'s Dry Goods Store.

se 10—1w*

W. R. HOWLE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, MANCHESTER, VA.,

Practices in all the Courts of Chesterfield, City of Richmond, Henrico, Powhatan, Amelia counties, and City of Petersburg.

Particular attention given to the COLLECTION OF CLAIMS, and prompt returns made.

Office on Main street, opposite Town Hall.

au 31—d1m

LEE & PLEASANTS, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Practice in the Courts held in Richmond, Henrico, Goochland and Hanover.

As Notaries Public and Commissioners of Deeds, &c., they are authorized to take Depositions, Affidavits, Acknowledgements of Deeds, Powers of Attorney, Bills of Sale, &c., to be used or recorded in the several States and Territories of the Union.

Office on 11th st., 3d door from Main.

mh 12—1y

PARKE POINDEXTER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, RICHMOND, VA., will practice in the city of Richmond and in the counties of Chesterfield, Powhatan and Amelia.

Office in Lisle's Building, corner of Main and 14th streets. se 23—1y

DR. W. M. HAMMOND, LATE OF BALTIMORE CITY OFFICE AND RESIDENCE on 6th street, between Grace and Franklin streets. jy 13—3m*

BUSINESS NOTICES.

1859. L. WAGNER, APOTHECARY AND DRUGGIST, CORNER 6TH AND BROAD STS., Keeps constantly on hand a full and select stock of DRUGS, MEDICINES, OILS, &c., best PERFUMERY and TOILET ARTICLES. All MEDICINES are pure and genuine. se 3—1m

MARBLE WORKS.

JOHN W. DAVIES, MARBLE MASON, MECHANICS' INSTITUTE, 9TH STREET, RICHMOND, VA., MONUMENTS, TOMBS, HEAD PIECES, MANTLES, FONTS, &c.

First Premiums awarded by the Virginia Agricultural Society and Mechanics' Institute.

D. HAGERTY, BRASS AND BELL FOUNDER, 10th, between Main and Cary streets, Richmond, Va.—Having fitted up a FOUNDRY at the above place, I am now prepared to execute all orders for BRASS AND COMPOSITION CASTINGS, at the shortest notice, and cheaper than any other establishment South of Baltimore. Also, GARRETT'S PATENT ANTI-FRICTION AND BABBIT'S METAL, for sale at reduced prices.

N. B.—Highest CASH PRICES paid for OLD METALS and taken in exchange for new.

jy 8—6m

JORDAN, WINN & CO., GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS, BASIN BANK, RICHMOND,

Offer their services for the Sale and Purchase of all kinds of PRODUCE and MERCHANDIZE.

They are permitted to refer to Messrs. Kent, Paine & Co., Messrs. Crenshaw & Co., Richmond.

GEO. W. JORDAN, JOHN G. WINN, (Late of the firm of Breeden & Fox,)

jy 30—1tstJa ROBERT S. JORDAN.

HOPKINS, HULL & ATKINSON, BALTIMORE, Offer to the trade a very large and elegant stock of FRENCH, BRITISH AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS, which they will sell low to prompt dealers.

Baltimore, August 10, 1859. au 13—5w*

GEORGE DARBY, Manufacturer's Agent for the sale of DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, MOULDINGS, &c. A large assortment constantly on hand. Orders, by mail or otherwise, promptly attended to. No. 13, Governor street, Richmond, Va. Young's celebrated Smooth Sawed SHINGLE MACHINE put up in any part of the State, at short notice. jy 29—6m

AUCTION CARD.—The subscriber offers his services as AUCTIONEER to the citizens of Richmond and the public generally, pledging his particular attention to all sales entrusted to his care, feeling assured his experience as an Auctioneer will entitle him to a share of public patronage.

Office in rear of D. N. Jones' store, No. 76 Main street—entrance in the alley.

au 13—3m J. H. DIGGES.

J. G. BLACKFORD, GENERAL FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, PARKERSBURG, VA. N. W. Va. & B. & O. R. R.

REFERS TO
Samuel Ayres & Son, M. Blair & Co., J. Stewart Walker, Barksdale & Read, } Richmond.

Particular attention paid to forwarding manufactured TOBACCO. mh 21—d6m

INDIA RUBBER PENS! MADE ENTIRELY OF RUBBER! MANUFACTURED UNDER GOODYEAR'S PATENTS, BY THE INDIA RUBBER PEN COMPANY, 57 LIBERTY STREET, NEW YORK.

Are for sale by Booksellers, Stationers, and Rubber dealers generally throughout the United States.

They have all the ELASTICITY of the quill, without the spattering and scraping of that instrument, the points being perfectly smooth, and will last longer.

They are, likewise, superior to the steel pen, in that they are MORE ELASTIC, WEAR LONGER, and WILL NOT CORRODE.

The India Rubber Pens are peculiarly adapted to the wants of editors, lawyers, clergymen, students, and professional men generally, being less tiresome to the hand, and more uniform in action, than any other pen now in use. They are cheaper than quill pens, and are offered at a price not exceeding that of the best steel pens.

The India Rubber Pens are put up in boxes, containing one gross each, with holder, at $3 per gross, and will be mailed, POSTAGE FREE, to any address, upon receipt of the price.

A liberal discount allowed to the Trade, Colleges, Schools and Public Institutions. Address

THE INDIA RUBBER PEN CO., Office, 57 Liberty st., N. Y.

je 23—3m*

GRATES, FENDERS FINE SETS OF SHOVELS, TONGS and POKERS.—I have for sale an elegant assortment of all kinds of GRATES, including every style of FENDERS, SUMMER PIECES, handsome and plain sets of SHOVELS, TONGS and POKERS. Seven different sizes of coal SCUTTLES, Cinder SHOVELS, Fire SHOVELS, handsome STANDS for Shovels and Pokers; Blower STANDS; Brass and Iron FOOTMANS; fire BRICK; fire SLABS and JAMS; sets of SOAP STONE for setting up Grates; Tavern and Church BELLS, of sweet tone. Builders, Housekeepers and others in want of any of the above articles, can be supplied at the lowest Northern prices. I am manufacturing all kinds of Brass and Iron Work of the above description at my BELL and BRASS FOUNDRY, and GRATE and FENDER MANUFACTORY, No. 225 Main street, between 8th and 9th streets, west side, Richmond, Va.

au 17—3m S. D. DENOON.

SHOCKOE MILL—RICHMOND GROUND PLASTER.—The subscriber begs leave to return his grateful acknowledgments for the heavy patronage extended to his Mill from the State at large, and North Carolina; and would state that he is now making improvements that will double the capacity, and enable him to supply fresh GROUND PLASTER promptly, exceeding any demand that can at present exist.

His stock will be entirely of Nova Scotia LUMP, the richest and purest that can be selected, and he pledges a faithful adherence to his determination, to sustain the flattering reputation that his brand has already gained.

To those who have been driven from the use of Plaster—by application of Northern Ground—he only asks a trial of HOME MANUFACTURE.

JOHN H. CLAIBORNE, je27 3m No. 11 Pearl street.

NOTICE.—Persons having NEGROES to sell in the country, or who wish to sell them privately, will find a ready sale for them by calling on us, next door to Pulliam & Betts, on Franklin street, at the highest market price. We will go to the country and buy, if persons wishing to sell desire it. All communications addressed to us will be promptly attended to.

au 24—d&w1m DAVIS & HUTCHESON.

LARD.—50 kegs REFINED LARD, for sale by MASSIE & PLEASANTS.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Fall Campaign! 1859. J. MILLHISER & BROTHER, No. 193, BROAD STREET,

Will open, on MONDAY, Sept. 12th, an extensive and elegant stock of entire NEW GOODS, suited to the present and approaching season, to which they beg leave to call the attention of their friends, and of strangers visiting this market, assuring them, at the same time, that GOODS of the best fabrics are only sold at the lowest prices.

NOTICE—
J. MILLHISER & BROTHER

Would call the particular attention of the ladies to their magnificent line of SILK ROBES, DRESS SILKS, &c., all of which were purchased by us at twenty per cent. less than cost of production, at the large auction sales in New York, and will be sold at small advance on cost. The assortment comprises a greater variety and quantity than we have ever offered before, and at prices much below former times.

500 yards DRESS SILKS from 75 cts. to $3 the yard.
100 SILK ROBES A'DEUX VOLANDT, from $20 to $40.
FALL RIBBONS, FALL RIBBONS.

We will inaugurate the Fall Season by selling BONNET RIBBONS at half price.

100 cartons NEW RIBBONS will be opened on Monday, September 12th.
Beautiful styles of NEW RIBBONS for Misses and Children, at one shilling the yard.
Richest styles of RIBBONS for ladies, at 25 cts. the yard.

Call and examine for yourselves. Every article in DOMESTIC GOODS for families and servants are kept by us in great variety, and sold only at low prices. We are selling an excellent article of FLANNEL (all wool) at 25 cts. Other Goods in proportion. J. MILLHISER & BROTHER,

se 12—2w 193 Broad street.

Notice.—The subscribers find it necessary, in order to carry on their business, to sell goods EXCLUSIVELY FOR CASH, from Sept. 1st, 1859.

Tendering their very liberal patronage bestowed on the house for the past few years, we hope, by being able to offer greater inducements by doing a CASH BUSINESS, to merit a continuance of the same. TUFMAN & HILL.

se 7—1s 116 Main street.

Cure for Worms!—B. A. Fahnestock's VERMIFUGE, the only safe and effectual remedy for EXPELLING WORMS FROM THE SYSTEM.

The lives of thousands of children have been saved by the timely use of this extraordinary medicine.

This standard and valuable preparation has now been before the public twenty-six years, and there cannot be any better evidence offered of its efficacy than its constantly increasing reputation. It is, without doubt, the safest and most effectual medicine for expelling worms from the system that has ever been discovered. The knowledge of its remedial virtues is not confined to the United States, but there is a constant demand for it from England, South America, West Indies, &c., where it is extensively used. It is perfectly harmless, and may be administered with the utmost safety to children of all ages.

Physicians do not hesitate to recommend it and use it exclusively in their practice. Many of the most eminent and skillful of the profession, from all parts of the country, testify to its uniform success. For sale by FISHER & WINSTON,

se 2—1m Wholesale Agents.

Mrs. J. A. Williams, M. D., offers her services to those of her own sex, and to children, who may need medical advice or attendance.

Especial attention given to the management of female diseases, and displacements.

Those wishing an interview at their residence, can address Post-Office, Box 867.

RESIDENCE on Clay, between 4th and 5th streets. Richmond, Va. au 4—2m*

Notice! Notice! Notice!—To Farmers, Merchants, and all others who may buy anything in the way of SADDLES, HARNESS, &c., &c., at wholesale or retail. No. 116 Main street, is the place to go. The best Saddles for the lowest prices. Call soon and see them. They are particularly cheap, and we warrant them to give entire satisfaction. Repairing of every description neatly, cheaply and promptly done at No. 115 Main st., third door below Governor st.

au 18—1m J. W. DENNIS.

Notice to Tobacco Manufacturers.—The undersigned having made arrangements with Mr. GEORGE LINDSAY, of Petersburg, Va., proprietor of Wm. Cameron's PATENT HYDRAULIC AND RETAINING PRESS, are now prepared to manufacture them, and are getting up two different sizes, which they will guarantee to perform to the entire satisfaction of all who may favor them with their orders.

au 29—1m TALBOTT & BRO.

Physicians are generally loth to speak a word in praise of what are called "patent medicines." Indeed, it is an article in the code of medical ethics, that a physician who sanctions the use of such remedies cannot be considered a member of the *National* Association. But there are exceptions to the most stringent rules, and it most the disciples of Esculapius have actually been compelled, by the force of facts, to recommend the use of DR. J. HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, for those diseases which are particularly prevalent during the summer and fall. They have ascertained that there are no remedies in the pharmacopia which can compare with this wonderful compound for derangement of the system. Thousands of families residing along the low grounds of the Western and Southern rivers, are now convinced that they have found a medicine peculiarly adapted for their ailments, while in other portions of the country, during the summer months, the demand for the article is equally large.

Sold by druggists and dealers generally.

Artificial Teeth—The Cheoplastic Process.—G. W. JONES, DENTIST, having purchased the *exclusive right* for the above mode of making TEETH, and after *using and testing* it in the most *difficult cases, where other plates had failed, is entirely satisfied of its absolute superiority* over the gold, silver and platina method, and, therefore, with confidence, recommend it to all who may desire full or partial sets of teeth, *and especially to such as may be dissatisfied with those they are now using.* In this process, all of the objections to the gold plate are removed—the suction *being perfect* secures *comfort* and *stability* to the fit, and the teeth being embedded in the metal, the *food* is excluded from under or between them; they are, therefore, cleaner, smoother, and in every respect better, in consequence of the perfect adaptation of the plate to the mouth, and the suction thereby secured, he can insert one or more teeth *without clasps*, and in all cases guarantee a perfect and satisfactory fit.

This method having been adopted and commended by those standing highest in the profession, North and South, testimonials will be given and specimens exhibited to any who may desire to see them. The *old plates* of those wishing to exchange the old method for the new, will be taken in part pay. Will, of course, make TEETH on the old mode for those who may prefer it.

Filling thoroughly and gently done; and teeth extracted by electricity for those who wish it.

Office opposite Corinthian Hall. ja 7—1y

The Great Virginia Remedy, and no Humbug.—PETERS' INFALLIBLE REMEDY FOR GONORRHŒA, AND ALL SECRET DISEASES.—This great American remedy, containing no Mercurial or Balsamic properties, excels everything heretofore offered the public, in its curative, restorative, and renovating powers; and the medical world are astonished when told that the above remedy will cure the above diseases, and continued when they have ocular demonstrations of the facts. But the proprietor, who has known of the remedy for twenty-odd years, has known of a case of twenty years standing to be restored to perfect health, and all other cases of shorter duration to be restored, without a single exception, and therefore challenges, any case of Gonorrhœa which the remedy will not cure, provided the directions are carried out with prudence on the part of the patient; and any one purchasing half a dozen bottles, and using accordingly, in his or her case, he guarantees a perfect cure; and in case of failure, will furnish additional medicine, free of charge, to complete the cure, through his agents; and a cure will be effected without inconvenience to the patient. Sold by

APPERSON & DUPUY, Druggists, Agents for the city of Richmond, au 3—6m* No. 201, Broad street.

To the Lovers of Good Eating.—To enjoy the good things of life, without fear of entailing upon oneself that worst of all complaints, Dyspepsia, generally produced by a too indiscriminate indulgence in eating everything, procure a supply of "BAKER'S PREMIUM BITTERS," and use it jud ciously and you need never fear having Dyspepsia. It is considered the best Tonic now in use, and acts admirably as an anti-dyspeptic.

Messrs. ADIE & GRAY, PURCELL, LADD & CO., FISHER & WINSTON, in this city, have them for sale, and all other prominent Druggists elsewhere in Virginia. Orders filled by addressing

E. BAKER, Richmond, Va.

To the Ladies.—Dr. SEGUIN'S EMMENAGOGUE, or Female Monthly Pills. These valuable Pills are now confidently offered to the public as the safest and most effectual remedy that can be found in the world for all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female sex are subject. They will, at any time, bring on the menses with perfect ease, and cannot injure the most delicate constitution. Full directions will accompany each box, signed by the proprietor, JAMES SEGUIN, M. D., 156 Fulton st., New York.

Sold by druggists generally throughout the United States. Price $1 per box, or six boxes for $5.

Agents in Richmond, FISHER & WINSTON, Wholesale Druggists.

Kidney and Bladder Complaints.—The newest and most important discovery for Kidney, Bladder Complaints, Urinary Obstructions, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Sexual Weaknesses, Physical Prostration and Debility of either sex, is HARTSHORNE'S BUCHU COMPOUND.

Persons who have been unable to walk, have soon been relieved by this wonderful COMPOUND. It is prepared by a Chemist, and is pronounced by medical men and those who have used it, to be the best BUCHU COMPOUND in the world. Large bottles, $1; small bottles, 50 cents. A fresh supply just received by FISHER & WINSTON, Druggists,

je 14—3m Main street, Richmond.

Licorice, in Mass and Stick, of the best quality.

GUM ARABIC (genuine), for Tobacconists.
TONQUA BEANS—Angastura, Black and Crystalized.
OLIVE OIL, in glass, of new crop. In store and for sale low by J. PITFIELD GEORGE

my 4—6m In M. Blair and Co.'s Building, Corner 12th and Cary sts.

Licorice—A. O. C. Brand.—The above well known favorite Brand always on sale by

JAMES C. McANDREW, de 8—1y 5½ Fine street, New York.

To Smokers—Meerschaum Pipes.—We have on hand a beautiful lot of MEERSCHAUM PIPES and CIGAR HOLDERS, which we warrant to be GENUINE. MEADE & BAKER, Druggists,

156 Main st., corner above Post-Office.

Richmond Dispatch.

FRIDAY MORNING.....SEPT. 16, 1859

The Syracuse Democratic Convention—Lively Scenes.

The telegraph has noticed the riotous proceedings of the New York Democratic Convention, at Syracuse, on Wednesday, relative to the mode of sending delegates to the Charleston Convention. The Hards favor appointing by districts, and the Softs favor the appointment by the Convention. A dispatch says:

Before 12 o'clock the gallery of the hall was crowded densely with spectators, and a large number of delegates were present, with a number of outsiders.

Immediately on the stroke of twelve, Hiram C. Smith, of Monroe, jumped on the floor and moved that Thomas G. Alvord be temporary Chairman of the Convention.

The vote was instantly put and carried.—Immense excitement followed, the majority of the Convention being taken by surprise so terribly as to prevent any attempt at amendment.

Instantly, on the vote being declared, Thos. G. Alvord, who was on the platform, took the Chair and called the Convention to order.

A motion was then instantly made to elect Messrs. Shankland, of Cattaraugus, and J. B. Hall, of Schoharie, Secretaries. This resolution was also carried amidst a perfect panic on the part of the Softs.

C. D. Murray, of Cattaraugus, immediately took the floor and moved the following resolution:

"*Resolved*, That, regretting the difficulty in the Democratic party in the city of New York, this Convention will not decide upon the regularity of the two existing organizations there, and hereby admits to seats both of the delegations from that city with equal rights upon this floor."

Loud and overpowering shouts of "Question," "Question," "Question," from all parts of the hall.

Mr. Cochrane took the floor, but for a long time his voice was drowned in shouts for "question," and the most deafening uproar.

Jumping on a seat, Mr. Cochrane continued, amidst immense excitement, until Peter Cagger took the platform, called the Convention to order, and nominated John Stryker, of Rome, as temporary Chairman.

An immense riot followed, during which no word could be heard. This continued until Captain Isaiah Rynders came forward in support of Mr. Cochrane, when he was immediately confronted by Messrs. Sheehan and Rae, and blows were partially struck.

Callahan, a New York boy, sprung at Wood, exclaiming, "You must stop this fight."

Reporting was at this time impossible, owing to the fighting and dreadful row.

John Stryker was moved as temporary Chairman by Mr. Cagger, and was knocked down by one of the Wood men. He was not hurt, tho' knocked off the platform.

The excitement was most intense at that moment.

After tremendous excitement, Mr. Stryker, in dumb show, adjourned his Convention, and Mr. Wood moved the regular motions for committees, and made a speech, bitterly attacking the "disorganizers," as he called those who had left.

The motions were all put and declared carried.

Mr. Stryker having declared the Convention adjourned till 1 P. M., all the Convention except the Wood men then withdrew.

It was impossible to see how many remained in the hall, in consequence of the immense crowd of outsiders.

At half-past 1 P. M., there was no farther meeting, but the Wood men remained in possession of the hall.

The Wood Convention adjourned.

Mr. Stryker then took the chair amidst immense applause from the gallery and floor, though lame and bruised from his fall and the blow he received.

After a fine speech from Mr. Cochrane, declaring the party now united, the roll was called, and every delegate answered to his name, except Murray and Shankland, of Cattaraugus; H. C. Smith, of Monroe; Dunlap and Mather, of Niagara; Thomas G. Alvard, of Onondaga; D. W. Dean, of Otsego; W. J. Wieant, of Rockland; J. McGuire, of Rockland; and Thomas Smith, of Westchester.

The Tammany delegates responded: no contestants appeared.

When George Bartlett, of Rome, answered to his name, there were immense cheers.

Great excitement was manifested, and soon there were terrible rows and fighting among the shoulder-hitters. Captain Rynders was assaulted by a "hard" boy, and finally the "softs" in Convention adjourned, leaving the "hards" in the hall.

Fernando Wood then made a bitter speech, attacking the "softs" as disorganizers in leaving the Convention. Several motions were carried cheering the regular committees, but in the course of the proceedings, chairman Stryker, of the regency Convention was knocked off of the platform. Finally the Wood Convention adjourned, when Mr. Stryker again took the chair, and organized a Convention. The roll was called and every delegate answered except three.

A resolution to appoint delegates to the Charleston Convention was introduced, when a motion made to postpone was voted down—ayes 31, nays 92. A resolution was adopted for the Chair to appoint two delegates from each judicial district to report the names of two delegates to the Charleston Convention from each congressional district and four alternates. The vote was almost unanimous. The Convention then adjourned till to-morrow.

THE MASONIC FRATERNITY.—There are now two important bodies of the Masonic fraternity in triennial session at Chicago.—The Times, of that city, gives the following concerning them:

The Grand Encampment of Knights Templars of the United States, was organized in 1816, its first convocation being held June 20th of that year; the celebrated De Witt Clinton was elected Grand Master, and continued to hold that office until his death, in 1829. There have been thirteen regular convocations of this body. Hon. Wm. B. Hubbard, a Mason of great eminence, and a well known citizen of Ohio, has been Grand Master for the past twelve years. Hon. B. B. French, of Washington, D. C., treasurer of the National Agricultural Association, is Grand Recorder.—The system upon which the order of Knights Templars in the United States is established, involves a State Grand Commandery in each State. Of these there are near fifteen, and the entire order embraces about one hundred subordinate commanderies, with a membership approximating to 4,000.

The General Grand Royal Chapter of the United States is an older and much more numerous body. There are twenty-five State Grand Chapters (the States of Kentucky and North Carolina have seceded during the last three years) under its control, and three, viz: Pennsylvania, Virginia and Florida, which have never acknowledged its authority. The only State in the Union in which there is no Grand Chapter, is Delaware. Of subordinate Chapters, there are about 800, embracing a membership of nearly 30,000. The General Grand Chapter was established in 1797. The present General Grand High Priest is the Hon. Charles Gilman, of Baltimore, Md., a Mason of great age and experience, and long the Grand Secretary, an office now filled by the Hon. B. B. French.

The business of these illustrious bodies, thus assembling each third year, and linking together every State, district and nearly every territory in our confederacy, in an indissoluble bond of fraternity, is to supervise the respective constituencies, correct errors and innovations, and establish constitutional measures for their prudent, but not too rapid, dissemination.

THE REVOLUTION IN COSTA RICA.—The expulsion of President Mora from Costa Rica by the revolutionists, is thus described by a letter:

On the morning of the 4th of August, about 5 o'clock, two officers of the garrison, named Soltero Rodriguez and Luis Pecheco, went to the Palace, and asked to see the President on urgent business. On being admitted, they told him that his presence was immediately required at the barracks to put down a riot that had broken out, and that Colonel Salasar, the Commander, had sent for him. The President gave some orders relative to the matter, and told them that he would go down after he had taken his coffee and dressed himself, and was about to retire, when the officers seized him, told him he was a prisoner, and even struck him with their swords when he offered to resist. From the Palace the President was immediately taken to the barracks, and before the people knew anything about the matter, the revolution was over. When a prisoner the President was compelled to write to the commanders of the troops in other towns, and to the chief authorities, counseling them not to resist, and shortly after he was sent, with a guard of one hundred soldiers, to Punta Arenas, and put on board the Gautemala.—His brother, General Mora, and his brother-in-law, General Canas, were also included in the act of banishment.

NIGGER SYMPATHY OF JOHN BULL.—Miss Sarah P. Remond, of Salem, Mass., a colored woman, is now in England, delivering lectures on American slavery. While in London, recently, she was the guest of two noted fugitive slaves from the United States, William and Ellen Craft, and was "called on" by Lord Brougham.

The "Private Life of Daniel Webster."

A new edition of the "Private Life of Daniel Webster" is about to be issued, and the letters given below are from advanced sheets of it. They were addressed chiefly to members of the family of Mr. Seaton, one of the venerable editors of the National Intelligencer:

The first is brief, but as it relates to a State paper which made a great impression at the time, it will be read with interest. The day before the famous Hulsemann letter was transmitted to Congress, Mr. Webster sent it to Mr. Seaton to read. After it was returned, and on the morning it was to be sent to the Senate, it occurred to Mr. Seaton that the word "patch," as applied to a great empire, would appear rather undiplomatic, or beneath the dignity of such a State paper, and like an attempt to belittle an adversary government, and therefore he dispatched a note to Mr. Webster, suggesting, if not too late, the substitution of another word. He received, by his messenger, the following reply:

"The deed was done, before I got your note; but *patch* means a small piece of ground—*vide* Webster,—*vide* Shakspeare, in Hamlet.

D. W."

And with what exquisite grace did Mr. Webster, in the following epistle solicit from his friend a present of choice wine!

"Impart your portion to the poor,
In money, and in meat;
"And give the starving, hungry soul,
Of that which you do"—*drink*.

"*My Dear Sir:* We look for Mr. *Archer* to dine with us to-day, and he, as you know, is an irreclaimable *Sherry* man. Now, it is a lamentable fact, that in this house of Mr. Burderies, from garret to cellar, there is not, in any nook, closet, or corner, a single bottle of *good* Sherry wine.

"But further. There are, they say, some things to be had for money, and other things that can only be had for love. Now, at this present moment, there is in this city, and in regard to good Sherry—'no purchase in money.' As to the rest, let imagination supply it!!

"If a single bottle should happen to make its appearance here this forenoon, I would give it to Mr. Archer with the air of a satisfied host, nor whisper whence I stole 'the balmy spoils.'

"Mr. A. was uncommonly fine on Wednesday.*

"His shaft flew thrice and thrice
The —— was slain."

"Yours, D. W."

[*Alluding to a very able speech made by Mr. Archer, in Executive session.]

Although Mr. Webster's dinners were always all that could be desired, his invitations were oftentimes quite original. Witness the following for two separate days:

"*My Dear Sir:*—A man in health, of a bright and cheerful morning, generally feels happy after what Lord Bacon calls an apt breakfast.' Such is my condition at the present moment. There is consolation in an excellent herring, a cup of coffee, and a piece of toast.

"I have not heard from Mr. Gales in answer to a note I sent him yesterday. But I expect the whole Intelligencer to dinner, to-day at 4 o'clock.

"Your, struly,

"DAN'L WEBSTER."

"*My Dear Sir:*—We are 5 of us here, who were of Gen. Harrison's Cabinet. We dine together at my house, on Thursday, at 5 o'clock. We have voted you in as P. M. Genl. in the place of Mr. Granger; you must come. If you are engaged at H——'s, or elsewhere, you must get off and come to us. '*It is quite an unexpected matter of business.*' We can take no excuse.

Yours, D. W."

Hear him when sighing for a little recreation:—

"*My Dear Sir:* I shall be, *inevitably*, detained here, some days longer; so I find, and I am tired. Can we go shoot to-morrow! or fish! or drive! or do anything! Is there anybody to go with us! Pray invent something if you can. Pray invent something—or I shall plunge.

D. W."

But Mr. Webster's notes were not always frolicsome, as the two following, on totally different subjects, will prove:—

"*My Dear Sir:* I rely on you for to-morrow, at 4 o'clock. I put the hour thus early in hopes of catching Mr. Macready, for an hour or two, before he goes to his readings."

"Huzza for Republican liberty in France!—The mere image,—the empty idea of Imperial Power, preferred to real, experienced, well tried talent and public virtue!

"I greatly fear trouble in Europe. It is more than even a chance, that war will break out on the Austrian question; and this French election will add new fuel to the popular heats, in Germany and Prussia.

"Yours, truly, D. WEBSTER."

"NEW YORK, March 21, '50.

"*Dear Sir:* I am a good deal beset here, for copies of my speech, by some friends, and shall be equally so when I reach Boston.—Pray put my unhappy case before Mr. Grouard.*

"I found a great panic here. The article in the National Intelligencer of Saturday struck like a thunderbolt. It is regarded as doing the highest credit to the paper, both for honest patriotism and ability. The alarm is now subsiding, under a confident feeling that the Senate may be relied on.

"I go to Boston to-morrow or next day, leaving Mrs. W. here. I hope all are happy at your house.

"Yrs, truly,

"D. WEBSTER."

[*Foreman printer in the office of the Intelligencer.]

The writer has been enabled to procure for his little book of agreeable personalities the two following notes, addressed to ladies who were among Mr. Webster's most intimate friends. The second one will explain itself, but the first needs a word of introduction.—The young lady to whom it was addressed had been spending a social evening at Mr. Webster's house, and on account of the rain had substituted a borrowed hood for her own bonnet, and the note in question was delivered with the bonnet, at the residence of the lady, by Mr. Webster, while driving to his office the next morning.

"MONDAY MORNING, March 4, '44.

"*My Dear Josephine:* I fear you got a wetting last evening, as it rained fast soon after you left our door, and I avail myself of the return of your *bonnet*, to express the wish that you are well this morning, and without cold.

"I have demanded parlance, with your bonnet; have asked it how many tender looks it has noticed to be directed under it; what soft words it has heard, close to its side; in what instances an air of triumph has caused it to be tossed; and whether, ever, and when, it has quivered from trembling emotions, proceeding from below. But it has proved itself a faithful keeper of secrets, and would answer none of my questions. It only remained for me to attempt to surprise it into confession, by pronouncing sundry names, one after another. It seemed quite unmoved by most of these, but at the apparently unexpected mention of one, I thought its ribbands decidedly fluttered!

"I gave it my parting good wishes; hoping that it might never cover an aching head, and that the eyes which it protects from the rays of the sun, may know no tears, but those of joy and affection.

"Yours, dear Josephine, with affectionate regard, "DANL. WEBSTER.

"Miss J. SEATON."

"A happy New Year to you, dear Mary. I have the sincerest good wishes for you, your aunt and Josephine, to the full number and amount of 976543567890890241; the whole of which I send over this morning.

"At Christmas, I received an elegant article for the equipage of the breakfast table. It was easy to guess whence it came. I thank you for it; it will be a pleasant morning memento, and I promise you, that you shall, always—

"Be in my flowing cup freshly remembered."

"I escaped, and but just escaped, a great fault, yesterday, and a great misfortune, too.—There came an invitation from your house, for dinner on Saturday. So early a note of preparation indicated, I thought, a large party, made up, as I presumed, of black coats. I answered the note, and declined the invitation, with a thousand apologies of colds, headaches, engagements, &c. This note was sealed, and superscribed, and the boy was taking it, to carry over, when Mr. C. suggested to me, what I had not noticed, that *Mrs.* S. was one of the inviters! This reversed everything. I then cared nothing for engagements, bid defiance to colds and catarrhs, and hastened off an acceptance. Such is the power——; but I must restrain my pen.

"'*Une reunion Gastronomique, sans femmes, est un Parterre sans fleures*'; &c., &c. I would quote more of these just sentiments, but I cannot trust French to my pen, any more than to my tongue."

"Yours, affectionately,

"Miss MARY SCOTT. "DAN'L WEBSTER.

"New Year's Day, 1850."

NAVAL ORDERS.—Lieut. P. U. Murphy has been ordered to the naval rendezvous, Norfolk, Va., Commander Wm. McBlair, to the Washington navy-yard; Purser J. O. Bradford to the receiving ship Pennsylvania, in place of Purser Thos. R. Ware, detached; Lieutenants John G. Walker and Hunter Davidson to the Naval Academy. Surgeons Joseph Beale and D. Harlan, have been ordered as members of a board to examine candidates for admission into the naval school. Chief Engineer J. P. Whipple ordered to the Wyoming, in place of Chief Engineer H. Newell, detached.

The Rockdale flour mills, near Baltimore, were burnt Wednesday. Loss $15,000.

The Galley Slaves of Toulon.

It is not to be expected that one can speak of Toulon without saying a word of the galley slaves or *forcats*. There are in the arsenal and yard 4,500, who do all the heavy work. They drag the materials about, and some are employed in sawing timber. The worst are attached in couples by heavy chains passing round the ankles and waists, and linked together. The better behaved are allowed to go singly, ironed in the same way, with the exception of the connecting chain. They are clothed in coarse canvas trousers and shirts, branded with their numbers and a woollen jacket. Those who are condemned for life, wear a long green woollen peakless cap, something like a night-cap with the top cut off, and made square. On the front of the cap is a tin plate with the number of the wearer punched out. The convicts who are condemned for a number of years are distinguished from the others by red caps, and those who have been more than once to the Bagne, by yellow sleeves to their jackets.

Their faces, close shaven, bronzed by exposure to the sun, and brutalized by crime, are fearful to behold, and their repulsive appearance is heightened by their hair being notched short, in lines running round the head, in order to facilitate their recognition should they escape. At night they lie down on inclined lengths of planking, without mattress or covering, in twenties or thirties, and an iron rod is run through the leg chains of each, so that no one can move without the rest. Their food consists of brown bread, not all wheaten flour, soup and *haricots et feves*, beans. No wine or tobacco is allowed, but the convicts are permitted to receive 10f. a month from their friends, with which they may purchase any eatable they please. The greatest and most degrading punishment, which must also be the greatest obstacle to reformation, is chaining the men in couples. Youths over sixteen may be seen chained to old men tainted with every vice.

Walking or sleeping the *campagnons de chaine* are never separated until freedom or death removes one of them. In spite of the hideous costume and revolting appearance of the *forcats*, there were some who still exhibited traces of their former position, whose gentility, so to speak, pierced through their convict garb. One in particular, standing nearly six feet high, and who intently watched the arrival of wounded French soldiers from Italy, struck me on account of the perfect ease and grace with which he moved, bowing to the guardians passing by, although his actions were accompanied by the horrid clanking of his chains.—At the time of my visit, I was told that there were then among the *forcats* Colonel de Crecy, who commanded a regiment at Marseilles in 1851, who was charged with the execution of the *coup d' etat* in his town, and who was subsequently convicted of *escroquerie*; Captain Doineau, *Chef d' un burjau Arab*, convicted of having conspired to murder an Arab chief; Lieut. de Mercy, convicted of having unfairly, and with premeditation, slain another officer when tipsy in a duel; the chief army accountant (*chef comptable*) who was sent to the Crimea, the chief officers of the bank of Toulon, and six *abbes*, (and there are more who manage to keep their former calling secret.)

An eminent painter is chained to a distinguished member of the Paris bar, and between them they keep the accounts of one department of the prison, while of lawyers and notaries there is no end. Among the *forcats* are men of all nations, as of all ranks in society.—To the present government of France is due the merit of endeavoring to deal with the great social evil, the Bagnes, where vice stagnates and grows more hideous, to be again let loose on society. Penal settlements have been formed in Africa and French Guiana, to which some of the convicts have been removed. Toulon is now the only Bagne—those of Rochefort and Brest have been abolished, but still the work goes on very slowly.

Three cargoes of 500 each have been shipped off, yet their places are nearly all filled up by new arrivals. Moreover, it would