DAILY DISPATCH.

Richmond Dispatch.

BY COWARDIN & HAMMERSLEY.

THE DAILY DISPATCH is served to subscribers at SIX AND A QUARTER CENTS PER WEEK, payable to the Carrier weekly. Price for mailing, $4 a year, or $2.50 for six months, in advance.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY DISPATCH is issued every Tuesday and Friday at $2.00, in advance.

THE WEEKLY DISPATCH is issued every Friday, and mailed to subscribers at $1 per annum.

VOL. XVI.---NO. 67. RICHMOND, VA., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1859. PRICE ONE CENT.

ELECTION NOTICES.

TO THE VOTERS OF THE CITY OF RICHMOND.—MARMADUKE JOHNSON, Esq., having resigned the office of COMMONWEALTH'S ATTORNEY, for the Circuit Court of the City of Richmond, I hereby announce myself a candidate for said office.

se 5—1m FRANKLIN THOMAS.

TO THE PEOPLE OF RICHMOND.—As already announced to you, I answer respectfully as candidate for the vacant office of COMMONWEALTH'S ATTORNEY, in the Circuit Court of your city. My course among you for the last eighteen years must speak for it self.

I am still a candidate for practice in all the Courts held in your city; prepare deeds and other writings of all kinds; give oral advice and written opinions; collect and secure claims, and discharge law-office business in all parts, and the duties of a NOTARY PUBLIC, for this city and the county of Henrico. [au 30—1m] B. B. MINOR.

TO MESSRS. GEO. J. SUMNER, J. L. Apperson, G. D. Shell, A. Judson Crane, John B. Morton, John W. Davis, August Joseph, Richard Joseph, Geo. R. Mayo, C. Wendlinger, E. S. McElroy, T. P. Crump, Jno. W. Cardwell, A. D. Williams, Albert L. West, and others:

GENTLEMEN: In reply to your request, that I will permit my name to be announced as a candidate for the office of COMMONWEALTH'S ATTORNEY for the Circuit Court of the City, I have to say that, appreciating your kindness, I accede to the request, and, if elected to the office, will discharge its duties to the best of my judgment and ability. Yours, &c.,

N. A. STUDIRVANT.

Richmond, Aug. 26th, 1859. au 27—1t

TO THE VOTERS OF THE CITY OF RICHMOND.—I hereby respectfully announce myself a candidate for the office of ATTORNEY FOR THE COMMONWEALTH, in the Circuit Court of this city, which has just been made vacant by the resignation of MARMADUKE JOHNSON, Esq.

au 29—1m* LITTLETON TAZEWELL.

TO THE VOTERS OF THE CITY OF RICHMOND.—I hereby respectfully announce myself a candidate for the office of COMMONWEALTH'S ATTORNEY, for the Circuit Court of the City of Richmond, made vacant by the resignation of MARMADUKE JOHNSON, Esq.

au 25—tde JAMES R. CRENSHAW.

LAW AND MEDICAL CARDS.

W. R. HOWLE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, MANCHESTER, VA.,

Practices in all the Courts of Chesterfield, City of Richmond, Henrico, Powhatan, Amelia counties, and City of Petersburg.

Particular attention given to the COLLECTION OF CLAIMS, and prompt returns made.

Office on Main street, opposite Town Hall.

au 31—d1m

LEE & PLEASANTS, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Practice in the Courts held in Richmond, Henrico, Goochland and Hanover.

As Notaries Public and Commissioners of Deeds, &c., they are authorized to take Depositions, Affidavits, Acknowledgments of Deeds, Powers of Attorney, Bills of Sale, &c., to be used or recorded in the several States and Territories of the Union.

Office on 10th st., 3d door from Main.

mh 12—1y

PARKE POINDEXTER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, RICHMOND, VA., will practice in the city of Richmond and in the counties of Chesterfield, Powhatan and Amelia.

Office in Lisle's Building, corner of Main and 14th streets. se 23—1y

DR. W. M. HAMMOND, LATE OF BALTIMORE CITY OFFICE AND RESIDENCE on 5th street, between Grace and Franklin streets. jy 13—3m*

BUSINESS NOTICES.

1859. L. WAGNER, APOTHECARY AND DRUGGIST, CORNER 6TH AND BROAD STS., Keeps constantly on hand a full and select stock of DRUGS, MEDICINES, OILS, &c.; best PERFUMERY and TOILET ARTICLES. All MEDICINES are pure and genuine. se 3—1m.

SOUTHERN IMPORTING HOUSE. SAM'L SUTHERLAND, No. 132 MAIN STREET, RICHMOND, VA., *Importer of and Dealer in* GUNS, PISTOLS, RIFLES, POWDER FLASKS, SHOT POUCHES, GAME BAGS, WADDING, *and Sporting articles of all kinds*; POCKET CUTLERY, WALKING CANES, FISHING TACKLE, &c., &c. *COLT REVOLVERS, in any quantity, and on the most favorable terms.* je 30—1t

MARBLE WORKS. JOHN W. DAVIES, *MARBLE MASON*, MECHANICS' INSTITUTE, 9TH STREET, *RICHMOND, VA.*, MONUMENTS, TOMBS, HEAD PIECES, *MANTLES, FONTS, &c.*

First Premiums awarded by the Virginia Agricultural Society and Mechanics' Institute.

ALEXANDER GARRETT, CARY ST., 20 DOOR BELOW 13TH, *Adjoining the old Columbian Hotel*, RICHMOND, VIRGINIA, *GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANT AND DEALER IN GROCERIES*,

Peruvian and Slide Island GUANO, Ruffin's PHOSPHO GUANO, PLASTER, &c. Particular attention paid to the sale of all kinds of country produce—WHEAT, CORN, FLOUR, TOBACCO, OATS, &c.

I have made arrangements with Mr. JNO. M. SHEPPARD, Jr., one of the best judges and salesmen of tobacco in the city, to attend to the sale of all tobacco consigned to me.

I return my sincere thanks to my friends for the liberal patronage they have bestowed upon me, and hope, by strict attention to business, to merit a continuance of the same. au 19—d3w3m

P. G. BAYLY. THOS. J. MONCURE. BAYLY & MONCURE, COMMISSION MERCHANTS, RICHMOND, VA.,

Offer their services for the sale of TOBACCO, CORN, WHEAT, FLOUR, and ALL KINDS OF PRODUCE, to which they will devote their entire and exclusive attention.

Office near Shockoe Warehouse.

jy 18—d3w3m

D. HAGERTY, BRASS AND BELL FOUNDER, 10th, between Main and Cary streets, Richmond, Va., begs to inform the public that, at the above place, I am now prepared to execute all orders for BRASS AND COMPOSITION CASTINGS, at the shortest notice, and cheaper than any other establishment in the City. BABBITT'S AND HARRETT'S PATENT ANTI-FRICTION AND BABBITT'S METAL, for sale at reduced prices.

N. B.—Highest CASH PRICES paid for OLD METALS and taken in exchange for new. jy 8—6m

JORDAN, WINN & CO., *GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS*, BASIN BANK, RICHMOND, VA.

Offer their services for the Sale and Purchase of all kinds of PRODUCE and MERCHANDIZE.

They are permitted to refer to Messrs. Kent, Paine & Co., Messrs. Crenshaw & Co., Richmond.

WM. W. JORDAN, JOHN C. WINN, (Late of the firm of Breeden & Fox,) jy 30—tSt1a ROBERT S. JORDAN.

HOPKINS, HULL & ATKINSON, BALTIMORE, Offer to the trade a very large and elegant stock of *FRENCH, BRITISH AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS*, which they will sell low to prompt dealers.

Baltimore, August 10, 1859. au 13—5w*

GEORGE DARBY, Manufacturer's Agent for the sale of *DOORS, SASH, BLINDS, MOULDINGS, &c.* A large assortment constantly on hand. Orders, by mail or otherwise, promptly attended to. No. 13, Governor street, Richmond. Desires to exhibit a celebrated Smooth Surface NOLE MACHINE put up in any part of the State, at short notice. jy 29—6m

AUCTION CARD.—The subscriber offers his services as AUCTIONEER to the citizens of Richmond and the public generally, pledging his particular attention to all sales entrusted to his care, feeling assured his experience as an Auctioneer will entitle him to a share of public patronage.

Office in rear of D. N. Jones' store, No. 76 Main street—entrance in the alley.

au 13—3m J. H. DIGGES.

J. G. BLACKFORD, *GENERAL FORWARDING AND COMMISSION MERCHANT*, PARKERSBURG, VA.

N. W. Va. & B. & O. R. R.

REFERS TO Samuel Ayres & Son, M. Blair & Co., J. Stewart Walker, Barksdale & Reed, } Richmond.

Particular attention paid to forwarding manufactured TOBACCO. mh 24—d6m

1859. FALL TRADE. 1859.

By recent arrivals from New York and Boston, I am in receipt of my Fall Stock, to which I call the attention of dealers. Among my assortment will be found—

25 bales Bordeaux Almonds, 10 do. Marseilles do., 20 lls Ivica do., 50 bags Sicily do.; 25 do. Palm Nuts, 25 do. Pecan do.; 20 do. Filberts; 30 do. Walnuts; 25 boxes Maccaroni; 10 casks Currants; 10 boxes Oranges; 15 do. Lemons; 100 cases assorted Pickles; 500 boxes No. 1. Fire Crackers; 500 do. Layer Raisins, assorted sizes; 300 do. M. R. do. do.; 500 drums Figs; 10 cases Fresh Prunes; 200 drums Sultana Raisins; 25 boxes Sugared Almonds; 25 do. Genoa Citron; 10 cases Sardines; 50 do. Muscat Wine; 25 frails Dates; 25 cases Ginger; 20 do. Brandy Peaches; 50 do. assorted Preserves.

Also, 50,000 assorted Cigars, at from $5 to $70 per thousand.

Also, Double Refined Steam Candies. My factory is now complete, and by far the largest establishment of the kind south of Philadelphia, which enables me to offer to the trade of Virginia, North Carolina, and Tennessee, as also to the city grocers, an article of City-made, Steam-refined, Crush Sugar Candy, warranted to stand in any climate, much below the Northern price, for an article of like standard.

Call and examine it at my factory, No. 80 Main street. [se 9—1m] LOUIS J. BOSSIEUX.

TREDEGAR IRON WORKS, RICHMOND, VIRGINIA.

The undersigned solicit orders for BAR-IRON, of all sizes; RAILWAY CHAIRS AND SPIKES; Switches, Frogs, Pumps, Bridge Bolts, &c., &c.; FREIGHT CARS, with Iron or Wooden Trucks; IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS, of all descriptions; WHEELS AND AXLES, separate or fitted; LOCOMOTIVES; STATIONARY AND PORTABLE ENGINE, of any desired power; SAW-MILLS, GRIST-MILLS, AND SUGAR-MILLS; CANNON, of all calibres, Iron or Brass.

J. R. ANDERSON & CO.

THATCHER PERKINS, Supt's Machinery Department. au 26—1m

DRY GOODS, CARPETING, &c.

SEPTEMBER, 1859.

SPLENDID STOCK.

THOMAS R. PRICE & CO.

Have already opened, and will continue to add by every arrival for weeks to come, the largest and most varied assortment of FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS which it has ever been their good fortune to offer to the citizens of Richmond and the Virginia public.

They will attempt no detail of their supply; suffice it to say, that in elegant SILKS and SILK ROBES, (some surpassingly beautiful,) every description of WORSTED and other DRESS GOODS; say, Poplains, Poplanetts, Valentias, Mouslanes, figured and plain Merines, Foulards, (entirely new,) they have an abundant stock of.

Their MANTILLA DEPARTMENT will be crowded with the newest shapes and choicest fabrics.

In CURTAIN GOODS, Cornice, Bands, Loops, Lace and Muslin Curtains, Damasks, Brocatels, Moreens, &c., &c., they have a full line, and will have made up upon the lowest terms.

Their Cellar they keep packed to its utmost capacity with every article in the way of FURNISHING GOODS, for servants and laborers, such as Linsys, Kentucks, Damasks, Towelings, Foiled Cloths, Kerseys, Linseys, Satinetts, Oznaburgs, Brown and Bleached Goods, &c., &c., all of which will be offered at the very lowest rates.

se 16—dlm THOS. R. PRICE & CO.

FALL AND WINTER DRY GOODS.

A general assortment of STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS, Received and in store, for sale at the lowest market price, by

WADSWORTH, TURNER & CO., se 13—2m No. 18, 14th street.

FALL TRADE. SAM'L M. PRICE & CO.

Are now receiving by every steamer and packet, their Fall stock of FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS, of the very latest importations. Among which may be found—

Bias cut two and four-Flounced Silk ROBES
Rich Brocade and Bayadere SILKS
FOULARDS, in great variety
Bayadere POPLINS
Brocade do.
Plaid do.
Paris Printed DE LAINES
De Laine ROBES
Rich Brocade MATILDA
Valencia ROBES
VALENCIAS, plain and Bayadere
VELOUR DE PARIS, new styles
Tourquise CLOTHS, all colors
POIL DE CHEVRES
English PRINTS and GINGHAMS
Mourning GOODS of every variety.

Also a large lot of beautiful Silk and Velvet VESTINGS
CLOTHS and CASSIMERES, in great variety.

All of which they will sell as low as can be bought in this or any other market.

se 3—ts SAM'L M. PRICE & CO.

CARPETINGS, CURTAIN GOODS, &c.

We respectfully invite residents of, and visitors to, the city to examine this season our stock of CARPETINGS, CURTAIN MATERIALS, &c., which we think more extensive and varied in assortment than any we have before offered, and which we now have ready to exhibit at our Carpet Warerooms, No. 95 Main street.

Giving our individual attention to this business, and importing a large portion of our stock direct from the foreign manufacturers, we are enabled at all times to supply housekeepers *at prices lower than can otherwise ordinarily be afforded*, in the following description of goods, viz:

CARPETINGS:
VELVET,
BRUSSELS,
TAPESTRY,
THREE-PLY,
INGRAIN,
VENETIAN,
DUTCH,
HEMP, &c.,

With a full assortment of RUGS, DOOR MATS, TABLE OIL CLOTHS, PIANO AND TABLE COVERS, (some splendid,) BOCKING, CRUMB CLOTHS, STAIR RODS, &c.

CURTAIN GOODS, (our stock and assortment of which is unsurpassed in any house in Virginia:)

BROCATEL,
DAMASK,
DELAINES,
TURKEY RED, &c.,

With TRIMMINGS of every description and quality.

FLOOR OIL-CLOTHS, of various qualities and patterns, from 4 to 24 feet wide.

WINDOW SHADES, of every style and grade, with all proper fixtures of good quality.

Having exclusively in our employ an experienced and competent upholsterer, we are prepared, when desired, to make up Curtains in the latest styles. Carpets in the best manner, to hang Window Shades, cut and put down Floor Oil-Cloth, &c.

RICHARDSON & CO., au 25—d2mw5t* 95 Main street.

CARPETINGS!—CARPETINGS!!—INGRAIN, THREE-PLY, TAPESTRY, BRUSSELS, VELVET, BOCKINGS, FELT-CLOTHS, RUGS, DOOR MATS, &c., &c.

BREEDEN & FOX, BROAD STREET, are receiving, THIS DAY, Monday, 29th August, the LARGEST and MOST ATTRACTIVE assortment of CARPETINGS ever yet exhibited by them. We have made arrangements to keep our Carpet Department constantly supplied with the newest and most desirable styles. Our constant attention shall be given to this branch of our business, and by adding the inducement of a large and well-assorted stock to the very LOWEST scale of prices, we hope to increase our sales in this Department very largely.

BREEDEN & FOX, 217 Broad st.

P. S.—We have engaged the services of UPHOLSTERERS, who will be prepared to cut and lay down Carpets for us at shortest notice. au 29—1m

NEW GOODS, NEW GOODS.—We are now receiving and to show a good assortment of GOODS for the fall and winter trade. With enlarged facilities for showing goods, having taken the second floor of our house, we have increased our stock, and invite the attention of purchasers, confident of our ability to show a stock which will engage their attention, in price and quality, as well as size. We have now a full stock of Silk, Valentia, De Laine, and other Robes. Also, Silks, by the yard; Mouslanes; Printed Merinos; Valentias, and other styles of Dress Goods. We have a better stock of Domestic and Staple Goods than ever before, which we will sell as low as any one in town—say, Foulled Cloths, Cassimets, Sheeps' Greys, Linseys, Kerseys, Blankets, Flannels, &c.

We have added a feature to our business which we hope will meet the approbation of the ladies.—In our Cloak Room (up stairs) will be found a Lady from one of the first establishments in New York, who will show the Cloaks and Shawls, and also take orders for, and have made, any style of Cloak, which shall be done as well and as cheap as it can be in New York. We invite a call from the ladies to this department, which will be open on a few days. CHILES & CHENERY.

SIXTH ANNUAL EXHIBITION OF THE VA. MECHANICS' INSTITUTE, FOR THE PROMOTION OF THE MECHANIC ARTS: *RICHMOND, VA.*

The SIXTH ANNUAL EXHIBITION of the VIRGINIA MECHANICS' INSTITUTE, will open for the 42d spacious Hall, on 9th street, on WEDNESDAY, the 5TH OF OCTOBER, and the Board of Managers invite Mechanics, Manufacturers, Artists, Inventors, and all others, both in Virginia and in all the other States of this Union, to avail themselves of the opportunity thus afforded to display their taste, ingenuity and skill in the collection about to be exhibited.

The Halls of the Institute are so arranged that depositors will have ample accommodations to display their goods to the best advantage. THE MACHINERY DEPARTMENT is entirely separate from every other where MOTIVE POWER will not be required; and no pains will be spared to give each exhibitor a fair opportunity of showing his machinery.

The LADIES are especially invited to continue their favors to the Institute; for without a liberal share of their handiwork, the Exhibition would be shorn of one of its most attractive features.

All articles deposited for competition will be carefully classed, and competent persons only will be appointed Judges, to determine their merits.

The Premiums to be awarded will be *money or its equivalent*, in sums varying from $3 to $100. For second and third class articles, Diplomas or Certificates of Merit.

The Hall will be open for the reception of articles on MONDAY, the 3rd OF OCTOBER, and goods intended for competition will be received until MONDAY, the 16TH OF OCTOBER.

Any information in reference to the details of the Exhibition, will be promptly given, by addressing WM. FORBES,

se 7—3w Ch'n of Exhibition Committee.

1859. FALL AND WINTER. 1859.

RIBBONS, MILLINERY AND STRAW GOODS. *ARMSTRONG CATOR & CO.*, IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF RIBBONS, *BONNET SILKS AND SATIN, VELVETS, RUCHE, FLOWERS, FEATHERS, STRAW BONNETS, FLATS, &c.*,

No. 237 AND LOFTS OF 239 BALTIMORE STREET, BALTIMORE, MD.,

Offer a stock unsurpassed in the United States in variety and cheapness. Orders solicited and prompt attention given. Terms—6 mos.; 6 per cent. off for cash. par funds. au 15—6m

TWENTY-FIVE TO THIRTY-THREE 1/3 PER CENT. SAVED IN GETTING YOUR PARASOLS AND UMBRELLAS RE-COVERED.—The only manufacturing house in Richmond, corner of 2d and Broad streets.—JAMES POWELL begs respectfully to inform the inhabitants of Richmond and its environs that he has now commenced to MANUFACTURE UMBRELLAS and PARASOLS, of the latest styles, with all the modern improvements of American and European manufacture. Combined with a set of highly proficient artists, together with unprecedented LOW PRICES, must soon render this establishment popular and attractive. RE-COVERING and REPAIRS executed with neatness and dispatch. JAS. POWELL, Sole Proprietor.

N. B.—All work left at this establishment must be called for within sixty days after leaving the same, as the proprietor will not be accountable for such after the expiration of that time. se 3—1m*

CITY SCAVENGER.—The undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Richmond that he is prepared to clean out rear houses, sinks, and other places of deposit, and thoroughly lime them, on the most reasonable terms, and in a manner not in the least offensive to the premises on which he may work. His wagon is so constructed as to be air and water-tight.

Letter-boxes may be found in the Mayor's office, and at the drug store of Millspaugh & Johnston, one door from corner 18th and Main streets, and all orders left in them will be promptly attended to.

au 15—3m R. H. ALLEN.

TRAVELING BLANKETS.—100 Traveling Blankets, comprising a great variety of new and handsome designs of our own importation.—Just received and for sale very cheap, by

KENT, PAINE & CO.

Richmond Dispatch.

SATURDAY MORNING.....SEPT. 17, 1859

Great Riot at Manchester N. H.

The telegraph yesterday noticed a great riot at Manchester, N. H., on Thursday. There were 75 fire companies in the city contending for a prize. With the crowd of visitors to the show were numerous gamblers, between whom and the firemen some trouble occured about 11 o'clok, last night, which led to a serious riot, in which several buildings were partially demolished, and other property destroyed. The attack was first made on buildings Nos. 27 and 31 Elm street, where the gamblers occupied rooms. The inside party having the advantage of position, drove off the firemen, using pistols and clubs. A dispatch adds:

A second attack was made by the firemen, in which they were victorious, and took possession. The interior of the building was ransacked, the furniture smashed, and about $300 worth of liquors and cigars seized, which the firemen speedily appropriated.

The crowd numbered at least two thousand, who then proceeded to demolish Nos. 24 and 25 Elm st., supposing that they were also occupied by gamblers; but this was not the fact. The mob then turned their attention to the American House, kept by Horace Bonney, a large three-story building on Manchester street.—All the lower windows were smashed, and other damage done.

Missiles were also thrown into the restaurants under the Museum building. At this point a fireman appeared upon the balcony of Orfuit's building, and after persevering efforts gained an audience with the throng in the street, and addressed them as follows:

FIREMEN: You have been imposed upon in this house by gamblers, and you have cleaned them out. [Loud and tumultuous cheers.] But do you remember that these gamblers do not own these buildings, [hisses,] and that you are destroying the property of other men.—[Cries of "what did they let them have the buildings for?"] Gentlemen, this thing has been carried too far. [Cries and hisses here interrupted the speaker.] He again gained attention, and introduced City Marshal J. W. Farmer, who addressed the crowd as follows:

GENTLEMEN: If you have been imposed upon by any man here, I will make every exertion to make it all right in the morning. I advise you now to go home, and not to destroy the property of others because you have been cheated by gamblers. I assure you that I shall do all in my power to vindicate your rights. [Groans and cheers.]

Mr. Farmer's remarks only produced a lull in the excitement, and the loud talk and throwing of missiles were speedily resumed.—Another fireman then attempted ta address the crowd from the steps of the restaurant to which they were ratlacking. He said:

FIREMEN: We came here for a good time, and to enjoy ourselves; and now what are we doing? [Cries of routing the d—d gamblers.]—We are breaking glass, and destroying the property of other persons.

This is disgraceful, gentlemen, and I hope, for the honor of firemen, you will stop it. We are now attacking premises which we should let alone, and I entreat of you, if you care for your reputations, to stop it.

The mob here desisted in their work of destruction. The windows of the restaurant were broken, but no other injury was done to it. About 4 o'clock, the streets began to wear the appearance of quietness and order again. To-day the firemen will be received in Merrimac Square by Mayor Harrington and Chief-Engineer Hunt.

ALMOST A BATTLE BETWEEN A VIGILANCE COMMITTEE AND A BAND OF OUTLAWS.—The New Orleans True Dalta of the 10th, contains the following:

A friend who has just arrived from Lafayette parish, La., informs us that on Saturday morning last, the Vigilance Committee of that parish were summoned to assemble and proceed to a place called Bayou Tortue, about fifteen miles west of Vermillionville, where an encampment of outlaws had been formed, the ringleaders of which had challenged them to battle. Accordingly, the law and order men of the parish, who had long suffered from these depredators, who had robbed, plundered, passed counterfeit money and murdered with impunity, quickly gathered, and taking a piece of artillery with them from the village of Vermillionville, started for the *rendezvous* of the outlaws. At 9 A. M. on Saturday about 500 well-equipped mounted men suddenly appeared before the entrenched camp of the boastful defiers of the laws, where they found them in full force, with the Bayou well guarded, and a house in the centre of their position, loopholed, and otherwise thoroughly prepared for enduring a siege of resisting a storming party. The flag of their fraternity also floated defiantly in the breeze, and until the Vigilants had formed their order of battle and unmasked their cannon, all looked as if the defence would be obstinate and sanguinary.

The sight of the big gun, however, struck terror into the hearts of these outlaws, and *suave qui peut* suddenly appeared to animate the warriors. Their number was about one hundred and fifty, many of whom having horses, managed to make their escape, but seventy of their force fell into the hands of the Vigilants. Immediately a court-martial was formed, consisting of two vigilants from each company, to whom the question was submitted whether the prisoners; notorious evil-doers, should suffer death or be paddled. By a majority of two, it was decided to inflict the paddle punishment, and thirty-six hundred blows were equally administered. One fellow committed suicide, by shooting himself, to avoid the paddle.

Subsequently, five others of the gang were found dead from gun-shot wounds.

Our informant says that the news of this affair caused the greatest pleasure among all the honest and decent inhabitants of the parish where it occurred, and the adjacent Attakapas parishes, which have long suffered from the depredations of the powerful and dangerous gang.

FEARFUL TRAGEDY—*Murder and Suicide by a Woman.*—A fearful tragedy occurred last Sunday at a lonely farm-house, three miles from Versailles, Riply county, Indiana. The premises were occupied by a farmer named John Windsor, his wife, and a son, the latter aged 14 years. It seems that the man and woman lived unhappily together, and their frequent violent altercations were a subject of comment to the neighborhood:

On the afternoon of Sunday, their daughter, who had been upon a visit to a neighboring acquaintance with whom she remained several days, returned home, and entering the house was paralyzed by a sight of such intense horror as almost to deprive her of reason.—Extended upon the floor, weltering in their blood, lay the bodies of her parents and her brother. The man was lying upon his face near the hearth with his head nearly severed from his shoulders; the body of the boy lay in another part of the room with several murderous cuts in his head, and close by the bloody weapon, a sharp axe, with which this double deed of horror had been consummated. In the kitchen, adjoining, was the body of the wretched woman, her throat severed from ear to ear, and a large butcher's knife, with which she had taken her life, still clasped in her hand.

It is conjectured that while the husband was in the act of kindling a fire upon the hearth, his wife seized the axe and dealt him the fatal blow which nearly severed the head from the body, and then turning upon her son, who, from being in his night clothes, had evidently in alarm just arisen from his bed, she dispatched him with the same weapon, after which she rushed into the next apartment and concluded the tragedy by the sacrifice of her own life.

The poor girl, who is the sole survivor of the ill-fated family, has received so severe a shock from the scene which was so unexpectedly revealed to her, that she has ever since been bordering upon insanity.

THE JAPANESE AT SAN FRANCISCO.—One of the objects of interest at San Francisco is the exhibition of a cargo of goods brought from Japan, including a large amount of beautiful toilet work, silk and crape goods, fancy toys and other fancy articles, exhibiting a high degree of constructive ability and great mechanical perfection in some of the arts. The growth of commerce on the Pacific is placing the cities on the western coast in closer relationship with the older portions of the Eastern Continent, and if ever the exclusiveness of the Japanese and the Chinese is to be broken down, it will be through the enterprise and commercial spirit of our own people, acting from so favorable a position as they now occupy on the Pacific. If the Japanese can find a sale for their fancy goods, the Californians will soon find an exchange of some of their own commodities, and San Francisco will become the seat of direct commerce between the Old and the New World.

TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.—On the 5th inst., Hugh McGowan was instantly killed, at Limeport, Bucks county, Pa., by the premature explosion of a blast. "He was blown 100 feet high, and fell into a field, 25 yards from the quarry. One hand and one arm were found 75 yards from the body, and fragments of clothing and pieces of his body were scattered over nearly an acre of ground."

Word Painting by Hugh Miller.

"But let us trace the history a single pine tree of the Oolite, as indicated by its petrified remains. This gnarled and twisted trunk once anchored its roots amid the crannies of a precipice of dark-grey sandstone, that rose over some nameless stream of the Oolite in what is now the North of Scotland. The rock, which, notwithstanding its dingy color, was a deposit of the lower old red sandstone, formed a member of the fishbeds of that system—beds that were charged then, as now, with numerous fossils, as strange and obsolete in the creation of the Oolite as in the creation which at present exists.

"It was a firm, indestructible stone, covered by a thin, barren soil; and the twisted rootlets of the pine, rejected and thrown backwards from its more solid planes, had meagre subsistence. The tree grew but slowly; in considerably more than half a century it had attained to a diameter of little more than ten inches or a foot over the soil, and its bent and twisted form gave evidence of the life of hardship to which it was exposed. It was in truth a picturesque rag of a tree, that for the first few feet twisted itself round like an overborne wrestler struggling to escape from under his enemy, and then struck out an abrupt angle, and stretched itself like a bent arm over the stream.

"The seasons passed over it; every opening spring gave its fringe of tenderer green to its spiky foliage, and every returning autumn saw it shed its cones into the stream below.—Many a delicate fern sprang up and decayed around its gnarled and fantastic root, single-leaved and of simple form, like the *Scolopendria* of our caverns and rock recesses; or fretted into many a slim pinnate leaflet, like the minute maiden hair or the graceful lady fern. Flying reptiles have perched amid its boughs; the light-winged dragon fly has darted on wings of gauze through the openings of its lesser twigs; the tortoise and the lizzard have hybernated during the chills of winter among the hollows of its roots; for many years it formed one of the minor features in a wild picturesque scene, on which human eye never looked; and at length, touched by decay, its upper branches began to wither and bleach white in the winds of heaven; when shaken by a sudden hurricane, that came roaring down the ravine, the mass of rock in which it had been anchored at once gave way, and, bearing fast jammed among its roots a fragment of the mass, which we still find there, and from which we read a portion of its story, it was precipitated into the foaming torrent. Dancing on the eddies, or lingering amid the pools, or shooting, arrow-like, adown the rapids, it at length finds its way to the sea, and after sailing over beds of massive coral—the ponderous *Pentrea* and more delicate *Thamnastræa*—and after disturbing the Enaliosaur and Belemnite in their deep-green haunts, it sinks, saturated with water, into a bed of arenaceous mud, to make its appearance, after long ages, in the world of man—a marble mummy of the old Oolite forests—and to be curiously interrogated regarding its character and history."

THE GREAT INTERNATIONAL CRICKET MATCH.—The eleven chosen from the "All England" and "United Eleven" having sailed from Liverpool on the 7th inst. for Quebec, and the twenty-two selected by the St. George's Club to represent the United States, there is no longer a doubt that American and English cricketers are to meet upon the "tented field" for supremacy in their scientific and manly game of out-door sport. In England the game of cricket has become a national amusement, and the players selected for this match are "professionals," who do little else at home than play the game for amusement and instruction of their patrons—hence the odds of twenty-two to eleven. In America base-ball is more a national game, but cricket is making rapid strides, and many base-ball players who have given their attention to cricket acknowledge the latter game far more superior and more scientific—Germantown and Philadelphia especially; and, before many years we may look for an annual match, home-and-home, between America and England—eleven against eleven.

The eleven will play their first match at Montreal against twenty-two of Canada, and from thence will proceed to New York, where it is expected they will arrive in time to commence the match against the States on the 27th instant.

The St. George's Club of this city have procured upon lease, a beautiful site for a cricket ground, attached to the estate of Mr. Stevens, at Hoboken, where the matches will be played, and which has been under preparation for the last three months, at a cost of $1,500. It is situated upon an elevation between the Elysian Fields and the old cricket ground, commanding a most picturesque view. Ample arrangements are made for the accommodation of the public.

The names of the eleven are G. Parr, Jackson, Diver, Julius Cæsar, T. Hayward, Daft, Wisden, J. Lillywhite, Caffyn, Lockyer, Grundy and Carpenter, (one to stand as umpire).

The twenty-two chosen by the St. George's to represent the United States, are: Bage, Comery, Gibbs, Lang, Lillywhite, Scarlet, Waller, Walker, S. Wright, H. Wright, of St. George's; Saarp, Marsh, Wilby, Higham, Crossley, of New York; Hammond, Morgan, Newhall, of Germantown; Barclay, Senior, of Philadelphia; Head, of Chicago, and Hallis, of New York. (Mr. Chas. Vinton, will, in all probability, stand umpire).

In addition, there is a reserve on both sides in case of accident or sickness.—*N. Y. Post.*

HAPPY TERMINATION OF A BAD AFFAIR.—A Mr. Rodgers, of Ripley county, Indiana, with his daughter Elizabeth, of about 17 years, and her illegitimate child of three or four months, appeared in Olney last week, and applied to Hayward & Kitchell, attorneys, to procure the arrest of a young Mr. Lane, the absconding father of the child, who was said to be in the county. The writ was made out and handed to Deputy Sheriff Jones, who turned to her and said, "How does he look?" She turned her face—a tear fell on the floor—"Like this—this babe—a dimple on his chin," said she, as she pulled its little white bonnet back; then, with her face still averted, drew from her bosom a daguerreotype. "You will know him by this." She was dressed lady-like, with a sweet, sorrowful half-matronly look, with eye-brows darker than her hair, and a pretty foot that set off the kid. Her father, a severe looking old man, said to the attorneys: "This shall not be settled short of two thousand dollars." She turned her eyes upon him with a look of horror. "Not money," she cried, as she drew her babe closer to her.

The next day Lane was brought in. It seems that the parents of both were farmers, living neighbors—the children growing up and being school-mated together—that Lane's father had given him $1,000 not to marry her. He is a fine looking young man, of about 24 years. He went round to find an attorney—but all being out of town, except Hayward & Kitchell, he concluded to go to the hotel and see Miss Rodgers. The door was open. She sat at the back part of the room; at the sight of him she came to her feet with her child in her arms; he faltered; she stood still, pale as this paper; he blundered into a chair, and she unconsciously resumed her seat—neither speaking. People left the room. In a few moments he appeared and enquired of the officer where to get a marriage license. The officer, whose very soul was glad to hear such a hint, went with him. They were married, and, with the blessings of a large crowd, left on the train bound East.

SONS OF MALTA TOURNAMENT.—A tournament, under the auspices of the Sons of Malta, came off at Arlington Springs, near Washington, Thursday. The Judges were Hon. Jacob Thompson, Secretary of the Interior; Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Clayton; Henry Addison, Esq., Mayor of Georgetown; and W. D. Massey, Esq., Mayor of Alexandria.—There were numerous ties, when eventually the wreath was taken by the Knight of the Silver Rose, from Fairfax county, Va., who named for the Queen Miss Macelhany, who was accordingly crowned, and received also a fan of great beauty. The second successful knight was the Knight of the Silver Cross, who named for the First Maid of Honor Miss Hattie Naylor; the third was the Knight of Georgetown, who named for Second Maid of Honor Miss Jennie King, of Baltimore; and the fourth was Knight of Potomac, who named also a lady of Baltimore as Third Maid of Honor.

GRAIN STACKS IN WISCONSIN.—Threshing machines have work to do in the Rock River region of Illinois and Wisconsin. Between Beloit and Janesville, twelve miles, a few days ago, there were seven hundred and thirty-eight stacks of grain within sight of the prairie road; and a considerable portion of the grain along the route had been threshed when the count was taken. Fourteen hundred and ninety-four stacks can be seen from the top of Brockway College, at Ripon, Wisconsin, with a telescope. The Star states that there are three thousand stacks in a square of ten miles, with Ripon for the centre. Farmers estimate a stack at from one to three hundred bushels, making full one million bushels of grain in the ten miles square.

SHOT BY A WOMAN.—A lawyer name Peyton, living in Gallatin county, Ky., entered the house of a Mr. Lawrence of that place and made dishonorable proposals to Mrs. Lawrence. She answered by discharging a pistol at him, which, however, did no damage. The next day she met him in the street and again fired at him, blowing out one of his eyes. It is supposed Peyton will die. Lawrence was absent from home, and after shooting Peyton, Mrs. Lawrence went to Indiana, declaring that she would never suffer herself to be arrested.

FINANCIAL CONDITION OF THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.—The United States Treasury stands a good chance of again having on hand a large surplus. A Washington dispatch to the New York Times says:

According to official data, the importations for the present fiscal year will greatly exceed the year 1857, and will reach in amount at least $300,000,000, which at the average duty of 16 per cent. will yield revenue of $62,400,000, or $6,400,000 more than was estimated for by Secretary Cobb in his last annual report to Congress. It is an interesting fact that while the government receipts thus exceed the Secretary's estimates, the public expenditures are falling considerably below his figures. The result of this double operation will be the receipt of a sufficient revenue not only to meet the current wants of the government without any further loan or reissue of Treasury notes, but the speedy accumulation of a surplus to be again applied to the redemption of the public debt. Never before, since the foundation of our government, have the recuperative powers of the federal exchequer been so forcibly exhibited.

The dispatch adds that the receipts for 1859-'60 are estimated at $77,072,475, and the expenditures at $63,321,415, thus leaving a surplus of $13,751,059. After deducting from this surplus the six millions required to be retained in the Treasury for Mint purposes, there still remains a balance of $7,751,059 to be applied to the redemption of outstanding Treasury notes, a sum much larger than the whole amount of notes reissuable on the 30th June last, and it is a fact well ascertained, that no notes redeemed *subsequent* to that date will be reissued at the Treasury.

DEATH OF "MADGE WILDFIRE."—The Border (Scotland) Advertiser notices the death of Elizabeth Graham, the "Madge Wildfire" of the "Heart of Mid-Lothian." She was a pauper and was found in a dying state in the public road. It says:

Fifty years ago Elizabeth Graham was the rustic beauty, belle and toast of Melrose and its neighborhood, respectably brought up, with health mantling on her cheek and guileless innocence in her heart. Returning home one evening, she was set upon in the gloomy solitude of the Bogie Burn, and there ruined. She returned home, or rather she immediately forsook the ordinary haunts of man, having become a raving maniac, and henceforth she dwelt apart, living alone among, but not a responsible portion of, humanity. The outward form of what had once been a gay and happy girl took up its dwelling-place in a rude cave on the wild Quarry Hill of Melrose.