Richmond Dispatch.

BY COWARDIN & HAMMERSLEY.

THE DAILY DISPATCH is served to subscribers at SIX AND A QUARTER CENTS PER WEEK, payable to the Carrier weekly. Price for mailing, $4 a year, or $2.00 for six months, in advance.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY DISPATCH is issued every Tuesday and Friday at $2.00, in advance.

THE WEEKLY DISPATCH is issued every Friday, and mailed to subscribers at $1 per annum.

DAILY DISPATCH.

VOL. XVI.—NO. 132. RICHMOND, VA., FRIDAY, DECEMBER 2, 1859. PRICE ONE CENT.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

MARKET GARDEN TWO MILES FROM RICHMOND, FOR SALE.—I offer for sale a very desirable MARKET GARDEN, containing between four and five acres of land, in good condition, well enclosed and ditched, and very productive, immediately on the Brook Plank Road, and one mile out from the toll-gate. There is a good house on the land, which, at but little expense, can be made very comfortable. Apply to
no 28—ts A. D. WILLIAMS.

SALE OF LAND IN HANOVER, ON THE VIRGINIA CENTRAL RAILROAD, ABOUT TWELVE MILES FROM RICHMOND.—At the instance of Mrs. Emily J. Lyle, the undersigned will, on the 8TH DAY OF DECEMBER, 1859, (if fair; if not, the next fair day,) on the premises, offer for sale a TRACT OF LAND of said Lyle, immediately on the Virginia Central Railroad, containing 220 ACRES. It adjoins the lands of Mr. William Priddy, John F. Cross, and others. The tract will be sold in whole, or in 2 lots of 110 acres each. This land is in a good neighborhood, and adapted to the growth of corn, wheat, tobacco, &c., and is well timbered. Indeed the ready sale for wood to the Railroad Company, and its convenience to the road, afford great inducements to any one wishing to engage in such business.

TERMS made known on the day of sale.

W. H. WINSTON,
no 12—2tawtds Agent for M. E. J. Lyle.

LAND FOR SALE IN POWHATAN COUNTY.—We would sell a small TRACT of LAND in Powhatan, lying on Jones' Creek, 18 miles from Richmond, and one mile from James river, containing 65 ACRES, a large portion of which is creek flats, and all of excellent quality.—It is heavily timbered with original growth of oak, poplar, hickory and pine. There is a large amount of barrel timber of best quality. Coopers and millers would do well to examine the same.

ALSO—Another TRACT of 53 acres, near the above, upon which coal pits have been extensively worked. We refer those wishing information, to Mr. Edward Scott, of Manikin, or to Dr. J. S. Nicholas, near Scottsville, Powhatan.

no 15—dts J. S. NICHOLAS & BROS.

VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE.—I offer for sale privately, my large and valuable TRACT OF LAND, situated in Pittsylvania county, about one mile and a half from Danville, and lying slightly upon the waters of Sandy and Dan rivers, at the intersection of the two. It contains about 325 acres, of which 55 acres are cleared and in a fine state of cultivation. The remainder is all heavily timbered, and the proceeds of the sale of the timber alone would be found very remunerative. The land is of the best quality for raising tobacco and other products of this section in general.

I also offer for sale that valuable property known as WILSON'S FERRY, half a mile above Danville, and upon the wagon-road from Danville to Henry and Western Pittsylvania. In connection with the Ferry, I will sell a small TRACT OF LAND, containing about 12 acres of fine river lowgrounds, suitable for a market garden, or a small farm.

Persons wishing to purchase any of this property, will please address me at Danville, Va., and I will take pleasure in showing the property, or giving any further information. GEO. T. WILSON.
oc 15—ts

FOR RENT AND SALE.

HOUSE FOR RENT IN GORDONSVILLE.—A most desirable DWELLING, GARDEN and OUT-HOUSES, now occupied by me, situated opposite Rev. D. B. Ewings' Female Boarding School. Any person having daughters to educate, or wishing to take boarders, will find this a most pleasant place. Terms reasonable. Possession given within a few weeks. Apply to
Mrs. MARY H. BEALE.
GORDONSVILLE, Nov. 28, 1859. no 30—1m

FOR RENT.—One-half, or more if desired, of a HOUSE, in a central situation, suited to business. To a responsible and desirable tenant rent will be moderate. Apply at this office.
no 30—3t*

FOR RENT.—On Brooke Avenue, opposite Mr. COOKE'S Store, TWO ROOMS AND KITCHEN. To a good tenant the rent will be moderate. Apply to D. SHANAHAN, on the premises. no 29—12t*

FOR RENT.—The large and convenient ROOM under our office. It has both gas and water, and is very comfortable. To a good tenant, will be rented low. Apply to
RAWLINGS & HOLLADAY,
no 28—ts 12th st., between Main and Cary.

FOR RENT.—The BRICK STABLE belonging to Jas. Lyons, Esq., situated on 7th street, between Main and Cary streets. Also, two new TENEMENTS, with four rooms, on Jackson street. Has kitchen and outhouses. G. W. H. TYLER, General Agent.
no 26—ts Office Marshall, betw. 6th and 7th sts.

FOR SALE—A HOUSE and six acres of LAND, in Swansboro', near Manchester.

The House has been recently repaired and enlarged, and has a good Garden, well enclosed, and well of excellent water on the premises.

The Lot fronts a considerable distance on the James River Road, and has an open lane belonging to the premises, and sas part thereof, commencing the Lot with the Coal-Pit Turnpike. It is bounded by the lands of Messrs. Jas. B. Vaughan and Thos. Vaiden, and Mrs. Mariah Clark, and others. Mr. Jno. Crostic is now occupying the house, and will show the premises to any one wishing to purchase. Also, 30 acres of wood and timbered Land, about four miles from Manchester, joining the lands of Benjamin Hatcher, Fore, and others. For further information, apply to James Bradley and Lawson Whitlock, Manchester, or to D. Bates, Richmond.
FRANCES A. MOORE,
no 23—lm Ex'r of Tobias Moore, dec'd.

FOR RENT—STORE and FIXTURES on 12th street, near Main, adjoining Merchants' Insurance Company, now occupied as a Stationery store. The rent is very low. Possession will be given on 1st January, or earlier if necessary. For terms, apply at the store.
no 22—d2w

FOR RENT OR LEASE.—About 20 ACRES OF LAND on the Meechanicsville Turnpike, opposite the residence of Mr. H. J. Smith and about a quarter of a mile from the city. The above land is admirably suited to farming or gardening purposes. Apply to
J. F. KEESEE,
no 19—ts 18th street, between Main and Cary.

FOR RENT.—PHOTOGRAPH and FINE ART GALLERY over Johnson & Harwood, No. 77 Main street, formerly Whitehurst's Gallery, with two fine sky-lights, and is in the business portion of the city. Apply to
no 12—ts JOHNSON & HARWOOD.

FOR RENT.—My desirable and commodious DWELLING HOUSE on Church Hill, beautifully located and the view unsurpassed. The Grounds embrace the entire square from Grace to Franklin, and from 23d to 24th streets. It will be thoroughly repaired and the grounds put in order, for a good tenant. Apply to VAN-LEW, TAYLOR & CO., or to me.
ELIZA L. VAN-LEW.
no 15—1m

FOR SALE.—I offer, at private sale, the HOUSE in which I now reside, in Sidney, one mile west of Richmond, with from two to twelve acres of ground attached. Price reasonable, and terms of payment to suit the purchaser.
no 16—1m* J. E. JOHNSON.

PHYSICIAN'S RESIDENCE AT NEW KENT COURT-HOUSE FOR SALE.—Having determined to leave the county, I offer for sale, privately, my HOUSE and LOT situated at New Kent Court-House. The improvements consist of a dwelling house in perfect order, with fine basement, and all necessary out-houses, ice house, &c. This is one of the best locations for a physician I know of. Terms liberal.
no 7—1m* J. C. WILLIAMS, M. D.

FOR RENT.—A basement STORE-ROOM, in rear of Messrs. Johnston & Bransford's warerooms, and fronting in Lombardy Alley.—Rent moderate. Possession given immediately.
WM. WALLACE & SONS.

FOR RENT.—For rent, PROFESSIONAL OFFICE or LODGING ROOMS—the front room over the subscriber's store. Possession given immediately. Apply to
no 4—ts JUAN PIZZINI, No. 128 Main st.

FOR RENT—The upper part of the HOUSE corner of Main and 11th streets, next to American Hotel.

ALSO—The three-story Brick BUILDING on 11th, between Main and Cary streets. Apply to
MARCUS HARRIS & BRO.,
oc 26—ts 175 Main street.

FOR RENT.—One elegant LODGING ROOM, on first floor, over our store, corner of 4th and Broad streets. For terms, apply to
oc 13—ts JOHNSTON & WHITING.

FOR RENT.—One excellent Room over my store, suitable for a single gentleman only. F. McCARTHY,
oc 13—ts 117 Broad street.

FOR RENT—On 25th street, Church Hill, and possession given immediately, one of those BRICK TENEMENTS lately occupied by R. W. Pearce, Esq., 2 doors North of Leigh st., and nearly opposite the Church Hill Bakery, containing 6 rooms, with dry basement, small garden attached, and a well of water on the premises. Price per annum, $180. Apply to
oc 12—ts E. D. EACHO.

FOR RENT—One TENEMENT, on the north side Basin Bank, adjoining the office of Messrs. Gooch & Echols. Apply to
oc 3—ts WARWICK & BARKSDALE.

FOR RENT.—The BUILDING occupied by the Examiner is for rent from the 1st of August. For terms, apply to
RICHARD WALSH, Note Broker,
jy 11—ts Governor street.

TWO FIRST RATE BUSINESS STANDS FOR RENT.—The STORE now occupied by S. Guggenheimer, on Main st., under St. Charles Hotel, and the STORE No. 5, Wall st. The rent, to good tenants, will be low. Apply to
je 17—ts BENJ. DAVIS.

FOR RENT—Lawyers' and Doctors' OFFICES and LODGING ROOMS, on 12th street, in front of Bank, by
my 5—ts JOHN A. BELVIN.

B. BEECHER.

JUST RECEIVED.

I have received within the last ten days my second supply of

FINE CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,

Splendid Velvets and a beautiful assortment of MARTELLESAS VESTINGS.

and I invite my customers and friends, and the public generally, to call and examine the same.
B. BEECHER,
no 21—2w* Under the Mansion House.

WEDDING AND OTHER PARTIES—In town or country, supplied with Ornamental Confectionery, Ice Cream, Jelly, &c., at short notice and at reduced prices. A. ANTONI,
next door Exchange Bank.

JUST RECEIVED a new supply of Professor Wood's celebrated Hair Restorer, for the cure and prevention of baldness; for sale by
E. J. PICOT, corner Main and 17th sts.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Let the Whole Afflicted World Read THE TESTIMONY OF A LADY AFTER 30 YEARS OF SUFFERING.

NORTHAMPTON COUNTY, April 13th

Messrs. Tyler & Adair:

I have been afflicted with Rheumatism, at times from my twelfth year—I will be fifty years of age the 18th of this month. The attacks were, at times, so severe as to render me helpless. I have tried various remedies to very little effect. Last October I was attacked in my shoulders, sides, back and hips. I could not rest day or night. I could not move any part of my body without crying with pain. At this time I also tried many remedies, internal and external, without receiving any relief. I was at last advised to try HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE; before I had taken one bottle of which, I felt much better, and as I continued taking it, I felt strength coming into my back and limbs, and my stomach strengthened and revived every way. I have taken five bottles, and am much better than I ever expected to be. I intend to use it whenever I need it, and would recommend it to the afflicted, believing it to be unequalled.

Yours, ELIZABETH BAGWELL.

Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbray:

Gents:—Mrs. Elizabeth Bagwell is a lady of the highest respectability, wealthy and influential—the cure in her case speaks volumes in favor of this wonderful Tincture. Several other persons we have heard of have derived great benefit from its use in our county. We are entirely out of the article, and have daily anxious inquirers to know when we will receive another supply. We expect large sales of it from the present demand, and want you to send us a box as soon as possible.

Yours, TYLER & ADAIR,
April 19th. Northampton county, Va.

Call and get Pamphlets and see cures.

Sold by PURCELL, LADD & CO., Richmond; by Dr. COOKE, Fredericksburg; by all the Druggists in Petersburg; by MORTIMER & MOWBRAY, Baltimore; and by Druggists and Shopkeepers everywhere. $1 per bottle; six bottles, $5. oc 31—d&cwts

Fairbanks'

STANDARD SCALES;

Adapted to every branch of business where a correct and durable scale is required.

SCALES FOR RAILROADS,
SCALES FOR COAL DEALERS AND MINERS,
SCALES FOR HAY AND CATTLE DEALERS,
WAREHOUSE AND TRANSPORTATION SCALES,
PORTABLE AND DORMANT SCALES FOR STORES,
SCALES FOR GRAIN AND FLOUR DEALERS,
COUNTER SCALES, every variety,
BANKERS' AND JEWELERS' BALANCES,
SCALES FOR FARM AND FAMILY USE,
WEIGHMASTERS' BEAMS,
POST-OFFICE SCALES,
DRUGGISTS' SCALES,
TWENTY DIFFERENT STYLES.

All of which are warranted in every particular. Call and examine, or send for an Illustrated Catalogue, to the Agents,

CLARKSON & ANDERSON,
No. 106 Main st., Richmond, Va.
no 15—dlm&de1cw6m

Insurance—LIFE and FIRE, at the lowest rates charged by *responsible* companies!

FOR ALL KINDS of Insurance upon *Liberal Terms*, call at the *General Insurance Office*, on Pearl st., next door to E. D. Eacho, opposite J. N. Gordon.

The BEST COMPANIES represented, and *all* Losses promptly paid. C. R. BRICKEN,
no 11—1m General Insurance Agent.

We call attention to a Special NOTICE of BAKER'S PREMIUM BITTERS, in another column. For us to say anything in praise of this orthodox and universally used medicine, would be unnecessary. We deem it so, at least, in view of the fact that three-fourths of Christendom use it and are conscious of its virtues.

A gentleman of the first intelligence and standing in this community said to us the other day:—"Whenever I feel ill from any cause whatsoever, I gulp down a dose of BAKER'S PREMIUM BITTERS, and I am all right for the next week, certain."—*Norfolk Examiner.*

These BITTERS can be had of all Druggists in this city and elsewhere in Virginia. Orders filled promptly by E. BAKER, Proprietor, Richmond, Va. no 11—ts

Great Bargains—

FOR CASH, AT
PERKINS & CO.'S,
No. 141, EAGLE SQUARE.

4-4 Brown SHIRTING, Heavy, at 6d.
4-4 Bleached " " " at 6d.
Super. " " " at 10 cents
The best 4-4 " " " ever sold here, at 12½ cts.
100 pcs Fast Col'd PRINTS, at 6¼ cents
Best English and American PRINTS, at 11 cents
50 pcs VALENTIAS and DELAINES, at 12½ cts.
Rich Paris DELAINES, at 62½ cts., worth 87½ cts.
DRESS SILKS, very cheap
25 Very Rich SILK ROBES, at $35, worth $45
KID GLOVES, as good as Alexander's, at 75 cts.
Best 10-4 Bleached SHEETINGS, at 28 cts.
PERKINS & CO.,
se 19—ts No. 141 Eagle Square.

Martshorne's Cure-All.

IT CURES ALL PAIN.

This valuable preparation is used internally and externally. It cures

TOOTHACHE,	HEADACHE,
SPRAINS AND BRUISES	CHILBLAINS,
CHOLERA MORBUS,	EARACHE,
RHEUMATISM,	SCALDS and BURNS,
NEURALGIA,	CHOLERA,
PAIN IN THE LIMBS,	PAIN IN THE SIDES,
PAIN IN THE STOMACH,	PAIN IN THE BREAST,
SORE THROAT,	FROSTED FEET,
PAIN IN THE BACK,	PAIN in the BOWELS.

Being a fine TONIC, it is very beneficial for a week stomach or bowels.

In bottles of 12, 25 and 50 cents. Sold by all Druggists in Richmond, Petersburg and Norfolk, and throughout the State. je 14—12m

A Word to the Wise is Sufficient.—Eminent physicians now using T. R. BASS' COUGH SYRUP, for Coughs, Colds, Consumption, &c., in their practice, can testify that it is the best in use; and if you are suffering, do as others are doing, give it a trial, and continue its use if it benefits you, as much is accomplished every way by perseverance. His other remedies, equally valuable, are the Pain Extractor, Compound Aperient and Dyspepsia Pills, Rose Water, the Diarrhœa, Dysentery, and Bloody Flux Remedies, Toothache Tincture, cure for neuralgia, and others, can be had, by wholesale and retail, of

T. R. BASS, Proprietor,
Clay street, west side, between 1st and 2d.,
Richmond, Virginia.

Also, APPERSON & DUPUY, Druggists, No. 01, Broad street. oc 26—1m

Even those who are in the enjoyment of perfect health frequently have need to have recourse to tonics as preventives of disease. We are never too well armored against the assaults of "the ills that flesh is heir to." Such an invigorator they may find in HOSTETTER'S BITTERS—a medicine that cannot be taken regularly without giving vitality and elasticity to the system. At this season, particularly, the strongest man is not proof against the malaria, in certain sections of the country. In all cases of fever and ague, the BITTERS is more potent than any amount of quinine, while the most dangerous cases of bilious fever yield to its wonderful properties. Those who have tried the medicine will never use another, for any of the ailments which the HOSTETTER BITTERS professes to subdue. To those who have not made the experiment, we cordially recommend an early application to the BITTERS, whenever they are stricken by diseases of the digestive organs.

Sold by druggists and dealers generally, everywhere.

The Great Virginia Remedy, and no HUMBUG.—PETERS' INFALLIBLE REMEDY FOR GONORRHŒA, AND ALL SECRET DISEASES.—This great American remedy, containing no Mercurial or Balsamic properties, excels everything heretofore offered the public, in its curative, restorative, and renovating powers; and the medical world are astonished when told that the above remedy will cure the above diseases, and confounded when they have ocular demonstration of the facts. But the proprietor, who has known of the remedy for twenty-odd years, has known of a case of twenty years standing to be restored to perfect health, and all other cases of shorter duration to be restored, without a single exception, and therefore challenges any case of Gonorrhœa which the remedy will not cure, provided the directions are carried out with prudence on the part of the patient; and any one purchasing half a dozen bottles, and using accordingly, in his or her case, he guarantees a perfect cure; and in case of failure, will furnish additional medicine, free of charge, to complete the cure, through his agents; and a cure will be effected without inconvenience to the patient. Sold by

APPERSON & DUPUY, Druggists,
Agents for the city of Richmond,
au 3—6m* No. 201, Broad street.

Kidney and Bladder Complaints.—The newest and most important discovery for Kidney, Bladder Complaints, Urinary Obstructions, Leucorrhœa or Whites, Sexual Weaknesses, Physical Prostration and Debility of either sex, is HARTSHORNE'S BUCHU COMPOUND.

Persons who have been unable to walk, have soon been relieved by this powerful COMPOUND. It is prepared by a Chemist, and is pronounced by medical men and those who have used it, to be the best BUCHU COMPOUND in the world. Large bottles $1; small bottles 50 cents. A fresh supply just received by FISHER & WINSTON, Druggists,
je 14—12m Main street, Richmond.

Two—One—Seven.—The Public are respectfully invited to call at my NEW and beautiful ROOMS, recently fitted up for the purpose of conducting the PHOTOGRAPHIC ART in all its varied branches, and examine the numerous improvements lately added to the ART. PHOTOGRAPHS colored in WATER or OIL, from miniature up to life size, which styles combine all the delicate finish of the Ivory Miniature, and the bold and speaking Portrait in oil. AMBROTYPES taken in every variety of style. G. W. MINNIS,
217 Main st.

R. C. Hobson, Practical Hair Cutter AND DRESSER.—His HAIR CUTTING, SHAVING, SHAMPOOING and DYEING ROOMS are under the American Hotel. Gentlemen wishing to get their HAIR CUT in the latest and most approved style, I would advise you to call on him.—Entrance on 11th street.

Make Ready—Take Aim—Fire!—Just received one hundred COLT'S CELEBRATED FIVE-SHOOTERS—Army, Navy and Pocket sizes. For sale by JAMES WALSH,
no 21—1m Maker and Importer of Guns, &c.

Licorice—A. G. C. Brand.—The above well known favorite Brand always on sale by
JAMES C. McANDREW,
de 8—1y 54, Pine street, New York.

Steam Engine for sale.—A two-and-a-half horse STEAM ENGINE, in complete order, having been used only three weeks. It will be sold at a bargain. Apply at this office. oc 4—ts

Elegant Buckwheat Cakes can be made by using SEMPLE'S INFALLIBLE BAKING POWDERS.

Richmond Dispatch.

FRIDAY MORNING.....DEC. 2, 1859.

AFFAIRS AT CHARLESTOWN.

More Rumors—The Life of John Brown—The Prisoners—The Approaching Execution, &c.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

CHARLESTOWN, 29th Nov., at night.

Rumors have not ceased even yet. The latest reached our quarters since sunset this evening. It bears that the notorious Dr. Doy, who was condemned to the penitentiary in Missouri for five years, (the offence negro stealing) and was rescued by Old Brown, is on the way from Kansas with a body of ruffians, to return the favor, by rescuing his benefactor. The intelligence added that he was to make the attempt to-night; but I am disposed to think he will have sense enough to know when he is well off, and not venture within reach of the valley, when he can keep out of it. Honor among thieves may do well enough to talk of, but of its existence in point of fact, I have very great doubts. I suspect old Brown himself would not believe in such a report, were he to hear it, for he knows the composition of his friend too well to be credulous. Pirates and outlaws of every description live in continual fear of their lives, not so much from the law as from their own associates. That Old Brown is one of these is proved by the clearest evidence, the monstrous lies of the abolition newspapers. He, therefore, can feel no confidence in any promise Doy may make. It was this rescue of Doy that so warmed up the affections of Hon. Joshua R. Giddings. Think of a Senator, sworn to support the Constitution, entertaining at his own house a man who had recommended himself to his favor by a notorious infraction of the law! Does it not prove that the Constitution no longer has any binding force? Surely there can be no union between any number of Commonwealths where the criminals escaping from justice in one of them is openly protected in another.

Speaking of the lies the abolitionists have told about Old Brown, I am induced to call your attention to a "Life of John Brown" circulated here, and I believe everywhere else. In that book the article first published by an abolition paper published somewhere in the West, that Old Brown was maddened by the wrongs he had received from pro-slavery men to the point of doing what he did do, is repeated *verbatim*, and without comment. The Lawrence (Kansas) Herald gave that statement the lie, point blank. It stated that Brown and his sons committed the five horrible murders on Pottawatomie Creek in May, and that his son was not killed until the succeeding fall. This statement, then, of the abolitionists, was a lie out of the whole cloth.—The same paper said that Brown and his gang conceived the horrible design of intercepting the members of the Lecompton Convention, one by one, and murdering them. Both these assertions are corroborated in full by a writer in the Charleston Courier, for whose character the editor of the Courier, one of the most fastidious of editors, does not hesitate to vouch. This writer says that he saw Brown's son killed with his own eyes—that he was killed by a preacher from Illinois, whose name is White—and that his slayer was an anti-slavery man. Again, we have the evidence of Mr. Pennybacker, whose character nobody has ever attempted to impeach. He says that Brown committed the murders in question forty miles from the frontier, and that they had no connection whatever with Kansas politics. During the time of his detention by Brown, he saw his son come in with property to the amount of eight or ten thousand dollars, the contents of a store which they had plundered. The inference is, that he was a regular highway robber, and every circumstance connected with his mode of life—his formidable armory, his guns, his habit of writing in cypher—corroborates that inference. Now, however, lawyer Hoyt has discovered that his mother was deranged, that derangement is hereditary in his family, and that, as a necessary consequence, he was deranged, too. Indeed! Was all that fine "Kansas work" which used so to gladden the hearts of the abolitionists the work of a crazy man? Was "the battle of Black Jack," lauded heretofore as the result of military combinations only inferior to those conceived by Hannibal or Napoleon, the achievement of a madman? If, however, he was a madman, he was a very dangerous one. Why, then, did not his friends put him in a straight-jacket? Why was he allowed to go up and down the world, violating the law and killing everybody that attempted to carry it out? It is creditable to Old Brown that he rejects this hypothesis with scorn. I am unable to account for the lies told by the abolition papers with regard to the affairs of Kansas, or, rather, I was until I saw from the New York Herald's extracts, that it was done on system, as recommended in the abolition book published by a renegade North Carolinian, and endorsed by sixty odd abolition members of Congress. The Tribune had a correspondent there, who misrepresented everything, to the disadvantage of the South, and so had all the Northern abolition papers. This was another branch of the same "Kansas work."

You are aware that orders have been received from the Governor, directing that no visitors shall call on the prisoners from this time forth. This is a very good regulation, but it dooms many a visitor to a heavy disappointment. It is further reported that a few companies will be at the place of execution, the others being so disposed as to guard the town. Arrangements will certainly be made to keep off the crowd as far as possible, and particular caution will be observed against the admission of strangers to any position near the gallows.—Thereare contradictory rumors about the state of Brown's health. Some say he is penitent—others that he is dejected. A gentleman who had a long conversation with him a few days ago, assures me that he is neither the one nor the other. He still believes, or pretends to believe, that he was serving God when he was destroying his image. It has also been said that Cook was much cast down. The same gentleman says this also is a mistake, and that none of them seem to have any real sense of religion. The negro, Emperor, is the only one among them who has a Bible, except old Brown. As for Cook, we found him reading Byron. He is a great admirer, it seems, of the great poet, and probably has had him for a model. He certainly has succeeded in imitating, and even improving, the vices of his original. I recollect when imitation of Byron was very fashionable among young gentlemen, some of them going so far as to shave their temples, in order to give themselves the semblance of a retreating forehead, while others limped to counterfeit a club foot. If such gentlemen could only have seen Cook, I think it would have cured them of the Byronics. He is one of the meanest looking men I ever saw. He cannot look you in the face, and you would be apt to mistake him for a Yankee pedlar, trying to play the dandy.

The most interesting event of the day (this day) was the arrival of the Armory Band.—They are the lions, just now, to the exclusion even of Old Brown. Along with them came Tom Griffin, having been engaged by some of the military companies to cook for them.—It is rumored that your Ude or Soyer, Zetelle, is also about to take up his temporary residence here, all the troops having gone into quarters. We have no Ude, no Zetelle, no Soyer, and no Tom Griffin. Quarter-Master Baldwin has our cooking done for us, and though it is a little extempore, yet it is good, and we have a plenty. Indeed, I, and all the men, have such glorious appetites that we enjoy our meals more than we should at the President's table, with appetites less keen.—We have buckets full of strong coffee, and you may depend on it, it tastes better than the best Mocha. I still have invitations to dine out every day, but I think it wrong to ride a willing horse to death, and have, therefore, determined to take my meals in my quarters, in future. Epicures, and other self-indulgent persons, may think it strange, in the meantime, but it is nevertheless true, that I have found a straw bed and the fare of our quarters the greatest luxuries I ever came across. Exercise and the fresh air are worth all the canvas-backed ducks and stewed terrapins in the world. It is to exercise that we owe our fine health, and our keen enjoyment of existence. It went hard with us at first, but we are all of us twice the men we were when we left home. P.

A letter from Charlestown, dated the 30th, to the Baltimore American, says:

Although our town is becoming more crowded every hour, as the execution of Brown draws nigh, there is nothing of special interest to write about. The day is ushered in with a loud *reveille*, after which comes breakfast, the posting of the guard at 9 in the morning, and then the pleasures of the morning commence. Yesterday I noticed a party of about a dozen going from house to house, treating the fair occupants to some vocal as well as instrumental music. The serenading party belonged to the Young Guard, from Richmond, and their desire to amuse the fair inhabitants of the town is no doubt highly appreciated.

I was much amused night before last at an incident occurring to one of our newly-arrived companies. The Mountain Guards, a fine looking body of men, arrived on Monday and were provided for. They were informed that no duty would be required of them that day, but that there would be a dress parade at 3 o'clock the day following. Great, therefore, was the excitement of our people on hearing the sounds of the drum from the Mountain Guards' armory at three in the morning, the hour when all honest people (except sentinels) are supposed to be asleep. Of course, a rush was at once made for the place of alarm, and inquiry made as to the meaning of the beating of the drum. The officer in command very coolly informed the crowd that it was for the *purpose of a dress parade!* After a good laugh at the expense of the company, the crowd retired.

A strict watch is now kept at the depot to look after strangers, and see that every one gives a good account of himself. Besides a military company being detailed to visit each train, a special police has been organized, with John W. Kennedy as chief, who pass through each car before passengers are allowed to come forth.

The Hon. Mr. Edgerton, member of Congress from Ohio, also arrived yesterday. In company with three other Republican members of Congress, he reached Harper's Ferry, where they met with Hon. A. R. Boteler, who advised the other three to remain there whilst he accompanied Mr. Edgerton to this town, as Mr. E. was on a mission from the son of John Brown. On arriving here, Mr. Boteler took Mr. Edgerton to the headquarters of General Taliaferro, where he stated that he had been requested by John Brown, Jr., to come here and obtain the body of his father after the execution. After consultation with Andrew Hunter, Esq., Gen. T. informed him that no decision would be given as to the disposition of the body. Mr. Edgerton, having no other business here, preferred not to stay longer, and, mounting a wagon, which was being sent to Harper's Ferry with arms, under a military guard, he bade adieu to Charlestown and its inhabitants, and will probably not return again, although he was treated with the utmost courtesy.

The prisoners were visited yesterday afternoon by Father Costello, of the Catholic Church, and Messrs. Waugh, Leech and Little, of the M. E. Church. No interview was had with Brown, as he refused to receive them, or hold an interview. Cook and Coppie thanked Father Costello for his kindness, but informed him that they had ministers of their own persuasion. They communicated frankly with their spiritual advisers, and seemed earnest in prayer. It is reported, I know not with what truth, that Brown yesterday informed Col. August that a rescue would certainly have been attempted had not the strong military force been concentrated here. As it is now, however, he says there need be no fear entertained, as no rescue will be now seriously thought of.

At the reading of general orders yesterday, thanks were returned to the Baltimore City Guards for their generous loan of overcoats to the Norfolk and Portsmouth soldiers, when they passed through your city.

The Baltimore American of yesterday, says:

Governor Wise and John W. Garrett, Esq., President of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, were in correspondence per telegraph up to a late hour on Tuesday evening in relation to the anticipated rescue of Brown, the result of which was that the President and officers of the company are to exercise a proper surveillance over the entire road in reference to the character of persons taking passage in the various trains during the present week and to refuse to carry any persons who may be suspected of evil intentions. The Governor expressed his confidence in the officers, and no difficulty hereafter is anticipated. Yesterday, just as the Western train was about starting, Mr. Garrett passed through the cars and scrutinized the passengers. It was not considered necessary to refuse any of them the right to travel.

During the afternoon several persons applied for tickets for Charlestown, but the agent, acting under instructions, refused to sell them, and it should be understood in this connection that under no circumstances will the company sell tickets for that place until after the execution.

Among the passengers who left yesterday for Charlestown was the wife of John Brown, who was accompanied by a male and female relative. She appeared at the depot and showed the ticket agent a letter from Gov. Wise, granting her privilege to proceed to Charlestown and visit her husband. The letter, besides giving Mrs. Brown and her attendants authority to visit Charlestown, also directs the delivery of the remains of her husband to her care, after the sentence of the law shall have been executed.

Dispatches from Charlestown say:

The execution of Friday will take place in a large field back of the prison, in the rear of which are the mountains. The arrangements of the hanging are in charge of Major-General Taliaferro, Sheriff Campbell, Mayor Greene and Col. Hunter, but as yet none of them have been disclosed.

A proclamation has been issued forbidding any person to leave his house after dark, under penalty of ten dollars.

On the day of execution all communication between Charlestown and Harper's Ferry will be suspended, and no dispatches will be permitted to leave the latter place without first having undergone a strict supervision. All persons are solicited to stay away, on peril of their comfort, if not their life.

Brown is reported to have said that he intended to make no speech from the scaffold, and that the precaution of a circle of troops to prevent his words being heard was needless.—He has nothing, in the way of a confession, to offer. Gov. Wise has sent orders that no person shall be admitted to the jail until after Brown's execution.

A dispatch to the New York Times says:

John Brown maintains his wonderful equanimity, and is busied with correspondence and reading. No further interviews with him will be allowed. On being importuned for his autograph, he kindly but firmly declined, on the ground that he could not grant the favor and keep his faith with others.

Cook is very much shaken. His lip quivers, his hand shakes, and his eyes wander. He evidently anticipates his death with great horror. The other prisoners are much the same. Stephens' face is very much swollen, but his life will last long enough. The negroes say they are "as comfortable as could be expected."

A letter to the Baltimore Sun says:

Brown has written to his wife requesting her to come on, provided she has fortitude enough to undergo the terrible ordeal. He continues in apparent good spirits, and says he wants no minister to accompany him to the scaffold, nor does he want the mockery of prayers.

Old Brown yesterday sent for Mr. J. F. Blessing, a merchant here, a generous and noble-hearted man, who has been extremely kind to him, in dressing his wounds and paying other attentions, and requested him to accept as a token of regard his pocket Bible. Mr. B. thanked him for this mark of regard, but suggested the propriety of his keeping it a few days longer. The edition is the common bible-class edition, bound in calf, and of the cheapest description.

The Boston Atlas, a free-soil organ, contains nearly twenty affidavits from persons in Ohio, all declaring their *opinion* that John Brown is either insane or a monomaniac on the subject of slavery. These affidavits were procured by his counsel, Mr. Hoyt, who has laid them before Gov. Wise. Some of them admit that he went to Kansas armed to the teeth; that he considered it honorable to steal slaves; that he, (Brown,) at one time, declared that, with a hundred men, he could free Kansas, and Missouri, too; and could then march to Washington and turn the President and Cabinet out of doors; that he had no confidence in aid societies, associations, or anything else—the only thing to be done was to fight.

A correspondent of the Boston Bee, writing from Providence, says:

Ossawatomie Brown has many sympathizers in Providence. On Friday next, the day on which the old patriot is to swing, there will be a mass meeting of the citizens in Pratt's Hall. It will bear the character of an indignation meeting, such as that which assembled here after the Brooks' assault on Sumner.—Among the prominent speakers will be the Hon. Thos. Davis and the Rev. Augusta Woodbury. Many of the church bells will toll in memory of the departing hero.

A TOUCHING APPEAL.—A mother's love for her son is never weakened, never dies. The mother of Wm. A. Choice, under sentence of death at Atlanta, Georgia, for the murder of a young man named Webb, while under the influence of liquor, has petitioned the Legislature that her son may be saved from the gallows on the ground that he was subject to frequent fits of aberration of mind. It appears she was prevented from bringing this fact before the jury, at the trial, in consequence of being prostrated by illness. In her petition she uses the following words, an appeal that could only come from a mother's heart: "The law, which cannot know mercy, has doomed him to die on the gallows, but I am still his mother, and that tie which nature creates and makes holy is most sacred—it is not weakened even by his impending fate. If any among you be inclined to deem me intrusive, let him remember this—let him remember his own mother, and say whether she ought to be silent if a cruel destiny was about to consign you to such a fate." The Senate, after an able debate, passed the bill granting a pardon to the condemned by a vote of 54 to 53.

SHOCKING ACCIDENT.—The St. Louis Evening News has a story of a terrible affair which happened in Illinois, opposite that city, on Monday last. A woman, the wife of Robert Greenleaf, it is said, left her two little girls aged four and eight years respectively, locked up, in the house while visiting at Illinoistown, and during her absence the wooden building caught fire and burned to the ground, destroying both children.

Ingenious Counterfeit Bank Notes—An Extensive Swindle of Banks and Bankers.

It was mentioned yesterday that well executed $50 and $100 counterfeit notes on the Philadelphia Bank had been discovered in that city. It appears that Messrs. Drexel & Co., a banking firm of that city, received from New York, on Tuesday morning, a remittance of $3,000, which was soon after deposited at the Philadelphia Bank, without the least suspicion of anything being wrong. One of their clerks subsequently, on hearing that counterfeits on the bank had appeared, proceeded to the institution, and on examination by the officers the whole package was found to consist of counterfeits. The party in New York from whom the package was received are known, but they, no doubt, were deceived as the counterfeit is so admirably executed. The Ledger says:

So well are they executed, that they have been taken at the counters of several of the city banks, including the institution from which the notes purported to be issued. The imitation of the genuine issues is so exact, and the signatures so much like those of the president and cashier, that those gentlemen could scarcely distinguish between the good and bad. In addition to the remittance received by Messrs. Drexel & Co., from New York, Messrs. Work, McCough & Co., bankers, received one, which came from the west; the whole amounting to several thousand dollars. Some of the counterfeits received at the banks were deposited by well-known business men, who had obtained them from others without suspicion of their character. It was at first supposed that the notes were printed from genuine plates, surreptitiously obtained, but a close inspection of them showed that they were entire counterfeits. The $100 notes are printed in blue, and dated Jan. 1, 1858. Of the genuine notes of this date and denomination, but few are in circulation. The counterfeit $50's are printed, some in black and others in blue, and dated Feb. 1st, 1859. There never was any genuine $50's issued of that date, printed in blue. The belief that the counterfeits were circulated several days ago in the South is based upon a dispatch received here by President Robins, from a party in New Orleans, saying that $4,000 in $100 bills of the Philadelphia Bank were in their hands, and asking if it was all right. Mr. Robins, thinking that it was not all right, so telegraphed in reply. It is supposed that the counterfeits have been circulated largely through the South and West.

The usual course of operation in putting counterfeit bills in circulation since the establishment of the telegraph, was for parties, by the brokers, is to begin in a circuit hundreds of miles away from the commercial centre, thus securing several days of uninterrupted operation before the notes are returned and the fraud is exposed. There is reason to believe that this policy has been pursued in the present instance. Nearly every bank in our city has more or less of them. The Philadelphia Bank itself has some $1,700 that it cannot trace, and a much larger am