Richmond Dispatch.

MONDAY MORNING..... APRIL 16, 1860.

The Late Engagement in the Gulf.

It gives us pleasure to publish the following letter from an intelligent officer of the Navy, concerning the late naval engagement in the Gulf. Lieut. KENNARD, who receives such just and generous praise from his brother officer, and a very high tribute in the Commodore's dispatches, is one of the most gallant, energetic and accomplished officers in the service. He is a native of Alabama:

EDITORS DISPATCH: As the following particulars of the recent engagement between the Mexican steamers and a portion of our Naval force off Vera Cruz have not before been made public, I venture to give them to the readers of your journal:

In the late action between the U. S. ship "Saratoga," (Capt. Thos. Turner,) and a detachment of the crew of the U. S. ship "Preble," (Capt. Thornton A. Jenkins,) and the Mexican steamers-of-war, the General "Miramon" and the "Marquez de la Habana," which resulted in the capture of the two latter, the Mexican steamers first commenced aggressive measures.

After the return fire of the "Saratoga," Lieutenant J. S. Kennard, of the "Savannah," who signally participated in the capture, was ordered on board the "General Miramon," to receive the surrender of the renowned Admiral Marin.

Lieut. K. found the deck of the "General Miramon" strewn with the wounded and the dying, their groans and cries indicating the sufferings of the conflict and the precision of American fire.

After receiving the formal surrender of Admiral Marin, the attention of this gallant and humane officer was directed to the care of the wounded, all of whom were immediately dispatched to the "Saratoga" for surgical assistance.

The "General Miramon" having grounded during the action, she was, with some difficulty, got again into deep water, as the engineers of the steamer, when wanted for service, could not be found. They had snugly ensconced themselves in a place of safety and out of the reach of danger. Lieut. Bryson being directed to send an engineer from the "Indianola," and those of the "Miramon," making their appearance—full twenty minutes after the cessation of fire—the attempt was successful.

At one period of the engagement, Lieut. Kennard occupied quite a dangerous position in the "Wave," she being within a few rods of the "General Miramon," pouring in volleys of musketry and shell from a twelve-pounder "Dalgreen" howitzer, as fast as it could be loaded, pointed and discharged.

Of this handy piece of ordnance, Midshipman Whipple was the Captain, and, upon observing the twenty-four pounder gun of the "General Miramon" trained on the Wave, as ordered by Lieut. K., he brought the howitzer to bear against it. The "Wave" was at the time so close that a successful discharge of the "Miramon's" piece would certainly have sent her and the gallant crew to "Davy Jones' Locker,"—as old salts style the final resting place of seamen. Fortunately, the shell of the "Wave's" howitzer struck the forecastle-piece of the "Miramon," knocking off the "pomillion," and killing by its explosion five of the gun's crew.

Although the proceedings of our officers in this instance may not be approved by all, they give most gratifying evidence that they are ever ready to do what may seem right in their country's cause, and that gallant spirits yet adorn and give vitality to the great right arm of the nation's defence. When more extended operations require their services they will be found ready, willing, eager to pluck fresh laurels for the land they love.

The American Bonapartes.

The 17th volume of THIERS' *History of the Consulate and Empire*, is just out. It was delayed in consequence of the insertion of a note by JEROME NAPOLEON BONAPARTE, Esq., of Baltimore. This gentleman is, as all our readers are aware, the son of JEROME BONAPARTE, formerly King of Westphalia, and at this time the only one of the brothers of the Great NAPOLEON still living, and his wife ELIZABETH PATERSON, of Baltimore. The note in question relates to the marriage of JEROME BONAPARTE with the mother of the writer, and consequently to his own legitimacy. It states that on the 24th December, 1803, JEROME BONAPARTE, then a naval officer in the service of the French Republic, married Miss ELIZABETH PATERSON, the daughter of a citizen of the United States; that the marriage was celebrated by the Bishop of Baltimore, according to the rites of the Roman Catholic Church; and that the marriage was regularly registered. JEROME BONAPARTE was at the time nineteen years of age, old enough to contract marriage, according to the laws of France. The father of JEROME being dead, his mother did not within a year, as the French law requires, demand that the marriage should be declared null and void. On the contrary, Madame LETITIA called Mr. JEROME NAPOLEON BONAPARTE, the issue of that marriage, her "dear son," and signed herself in a letter to him, his "very affectionate mother." In the year 1805, the Emperor NAPOLEON demanded of the Pope a bull annulling this marriage, and the Pope replied that there was no reason to annul it, and that were he to annul it, he should be guilty of a most abominable abuse of his sacred ministry before the tribunal of God, and before the whole Church. Such are the facts of the case.—Our readers are well aware that it is a part of the Catholic creed that no power on earth can dissolve a marriage lawfully contracted, but the Holy Father himself; for with the Catholic, marriage is a sacrament. The Emperor NAPOLEON was a Catholic, and so were the French people. As such, the Pope was their spiritual father, and according to the Canon, NAPOLEON I. had no more right to dissolve that marriage than he had to dissolve any other. So far as we recollect, NAPOLEON never *did* obtain the consent of the Pope, and if this be so, as we believe it is, ELIZABETH PATERSON is this day the lawful wife of JEROME BONAPARTE—as much so as any other lady is the lawful wife of her husband—and JEROME NAPOLEON BONAPARTE, of Baltimore, is his legitimate and only legitimate son. Legitimate he would have been, even had the Pope annulled the marriage, for the marriage itself was perfectly formal and in accordance with law, and he was born before the application of the bull. But as things now stand, he is the *only* legitimate offspring of his father, whose marriage with a princess of Bavaria, while he had a wife still living, was altogether void and of none effect.

An answer to the note, the substance of which we give above, by Prince NAPOLEON, ("Plon Plon," as he is called,) the eldest son of JEROME by his marriage with the Bavarian Princess, is also published. The amount of it is this: When the Empire was re-established under NAPOLEON III., the descendants of Miss PATERSON attempted to establish a right, and Prince NAPOLEON and Princess MATHILDA appealed to an Imperial family council, the only competent tribunal, according to Prince JEROME, to forbid *Jerome Paterson* to attribute to himself, with the name of BONAPARTE, a filiation which does not belong to him legally. He goes on to say that on the 4th of July, 1856, the family council, having heard M. ALLON, the council of Prince JEROME and the Princess MATHILDA, and M. BERRYER, the council of M. JEROME NAPOLEON BONAPARTE, maintained the right of the latter to the name of BONAPARTE, but without the right of availing himself of the advantages conferred by the 21st and 22d articles of the "Code NAPOLEON." The Emperor not only approved of the judgment, but when the present note was submitted to him for his approbation, he added the following paragraph with his own hand: "His Majesty the Emperor, by his conduct towards the descendants of Mlle. PATERSON since the judgment was determined, thought it right to prove that he did not even consider them as belonging to his family *civile*." The question was again raised by a claim made by M. J. N. BONAPARTE to a part of Cardinal FESCH'S property, and rejected by a decision of the Imperial family council, dated 23d December, 1859.

Nevertheless, JEROME NAPOLEON is the true Prince, and "Plon Plon" is a bastard.

SHOOTING AFFRAY.—A shooting affray, of a serious character, occurred among a party of Northern oystermen, at Carter's Creek, Lancaster, Va., on Wednesday morning last, in which two brothers named Harwood, from New York, were instantly killed, and another named Jordan, from Elizabethtown, New Jersey, mortally wounded. All three were sailors on board the oyster-schooner Charlotte, of Boston. The Charlotte put to sea immediately after the fight, sailing with her dead and the killed and wounded.

The Annexation of Savoy to France.

A week ago, it was pretty generally believed that the questions arising out of this annexation had been fairly settled. All the great powers had, it was thought, given answers which amounted to a declaration that however displeasing the annexation of Savoy to France might be, they hardly regarded it as a matter of sufficient consequence to involve all Europe in war. But the question seems to have assumed a new aspect. Switzerland, which offered no barrier to the passage of the French troops into Sardinia last year, has become suddenly alarmed at the increased facility the annexation affords France of reaching her in the midst of her mountains. She has issued orders for troops to be in readiness to occupy the neutral Territories of the Chablais and Faucigny, and to take all necessary measures to cause the neutrality in question to be respected. A suspicion naturally arises, that Switzerland does not do all this of her own motion. It can hardly be possible, after the events of last year, that she really believes the neutrality of these two provinces necessary to her protection, or that it is a matter of the slightest consequence to her integrity whether Savoy belongs to Sardinia or to France.—The belief of some is, that she is backed by other powers, jealous of France, and willing to use this question as a peg whereon to hang a quarrel. Of others the opinion is that the French Emperor, who certainly must have been well aware, beforehand, of all the objections that would be raised—this among the rest—had weighed and calculated them before he took the step—and that his sole object is to render absolutely necessary a European Congress, in which there may be a fresh settlement of Europe. This is said to be his one great passion—the absorbing idea of his mind—the point to which all his policy is directed. Whether or not this be the true interpretation of his conduct, it is not for us to say. It is natural, however, that he should wish to put an end, and forever, to every vestige of the treaty of Vienna; that treaty, the ruling principle of which was the debasement and exile of his own family—that treaty which he has already infringed in a number of important particulars—that treaty which, as a whole, ceased in fact to exist the moment he and his family were permitted to return to France.—He is not contented, however, according to this theory, with setting the treaty of Vienna at defiance. He wishes to have it formally disavowed, by the same authority that imposed it; that is, by a Congress of the European powers.

We confess this policy looks to us somewhat too refined and far-sighted. We are disposed to think that the great events which have disturbed the peace of the world heretofore, have arisen out of causes much nearer than most persons are apt to imagine, and that for statesmen, quite as much as for any other class of persons, the evil of the day is fully sufficient to the day itself. It is, nevertheless, a remarkable fact, that while that portion of the French press which it has been thought proper to unmuzzle has been loud in denunciation of England, and while, in the British Parliament, Lord JOHN RUSSELL expresses the belief that "such an act as the annexation of Savoy is one that will lead a nation so warlike as the French to call on its government from time to time for other acts of a similar nature," and that, "however we may wish to live on the most friendly terms with the French government, we (the English,) ought not to keep ourselves apart from the other nations of Europe," the funds have not been in the slightest degree affected, either in England or in France. Whatever may be the designs of the Emperor NAPOLEON, therefore, or however determined the English government may be to counteract them, there seems to be at present no apprehension of a general war. Lord JOHN RUSSELL, himself, says the issue raised by Switzerland affords the only just ground for the interference of the European Powers at present.

Perhaps the reader may desire to have a clearer conception of the nature of this difficulty, than we have yet enabled him to possess. If he will look at the map of the kingdom of Sardinia, he will see that the two departments of Savoy now in question—the Chablais and Faucigny—border immediately upon the Southwestern frontiers of Switzerland. The treaty of Vienna guaranteed the neutrality of these two departments, including the Alpine passes about Mount Blanc and the Southern shore of Lake Geneva, or a portion of it; and it was stipulated that when war should break out, the King of Sardinia should withdraw his forces, and Swiss troops and none other should take possession of the passes. England has become, all of a sudden, very solicitous about the maintenance of this portion of the treaty of Vienna. Nevertheless, when the neutrality of Cracow, guaranteed by the same instrument, was violated by Austria in 1846, upon the most flimsy pretext, and the citizens of that republic were shamefully massacred to the number of several hundred, England, speaking through the Duke of Wellington, "had no doubt it was all right."

The Emperor NAPOLEON has thus far done pretty much as he pleased with the treaty of Vienna and all the minor treaties springing out of it. Nobody but Austria has, ventured to oppose him by force of arms, and we very much suspect nobody will do it now. At least, we can see no signs of a European coalition against him. In the language of the Augsburg *Gazette*, "England will not, Russia does not wish to, Austria cannot, and Prussia will take pretty good care not to do it."

ACQUITTAL.—A verdict of acquittal has been rendered by the jury in the case of J. B. Brownlow, on trial last week at Abingdon, Va., for the killing of James W. Reese, (both students at Emory and Henry College,) on 23d of February last. The case was given to the jury late Thursday evening, and they were absent but a few minutes before agreeing. The verdict was received with loud acclamations of applause by the large auditory in the court room.

VIRGINIA AND TENNESSEE RAILROAD.—From a statement of the Treasurer of the Virginia and Tenn. Railroad Co., we learn that the gross earnings of the month of March, 1860, were as follows:

From Freight	$32,929 56
From Passengers, Mail and Express	32,238 69
	$65,168 25

For the corresponding month of 1859, the gross earnings were $57,191 98, showing an increase for March, 1860, of $7,976 26.

APRIL SNOW.—A severe snow storm commenced early Saturday morning and extended from Lake Erie to within a few miles of the Hudson river. There was from three to six inches of snow on the ground in New York city at 2 o'clock P. M., and it was still falling fast.

PASTOR CALLED.—The Lutheran congregations of Roanoke, Va, have extended an invitation to Rev. J. P. Smeltzer, of Harper's Ferry, to become their pastor. The call has been accepted.

Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.

The State Democratic Convention—The Accommodations in Charleston—Consecration, &c.

COLUMBIA, S. C., April 12.

The State Convention for electing delegates to the Charleston Convention meets here on Monday next. It is believed that the delegates will not be instructed, but given *carte blanche* to act as in their judgment shall seem best.

It is pleasing to learn that the accommodations in Charleston will be fully equal to the occasion. The markets of Augusta, Savannah, Columbia, and other neighboring cities, have been somewhat affected by the demand for supplies; but now there is provision enough laid up to meet any emergency, and probably to supply the citizens after the Convention has adjourned for some months. Douglas stock is far below par in this latitude.

The heat for the last few days has been unusually severe, the thermometer indicating from 90 to 95. It is a very dry time, and the planters are complaining.

Bishop Davis consecrated a new Episcopal Church here (St. Paul's) this morning. Hon. Wm. C. Preston, who has been spending the winter here, leaves on Monday morning for Virginia. His health is much improved.

In my next I will write you in detail of this beautiful city. R.

The fire in the Jersey Pines has been extinguished by the recent rains.

There were 267 deaths in Philadelphia last week.

The widow of General Sir William Napier is dead.

COMMERCIAL.

The southerly winds are bringing into New York an unusual number of coasters and West Indiamen. Friday, the almost simultaneous arrival of eighteen vessels from West India sugar ports, with heavy cargoes, (amounting in the aggregate to some 8 000 or 7 000 hogsheads,) had some influence on the sugar market, and though no actual decline took place, sales can only be effected by a reduction of ½c per pound.

Sales in New York, March 14, of $500 Va. 6's at 93¼; $2,000 same 6's at 91, and $1,000 North Carolina 6's at 95¾.

Mobile, April 13.—Cotton—sales to-day of 2,500 bales at 10c. @ 10½c. Sales of the week 13 000 bales. Receipts 8,000 bales against 8,000 bales of last year. Receipts ahead of last year 111 000 bales. Value of the exports of the week, $711,000. Stock in port, 146,000 bales. Freights on Cotton to Liverpool, 1-16d. @ 1-8d.; to Havre, ½c.

CHARLESTON, April 13.—Cotton unchanged—sales of 1,200 bales to-day.

NEW YORK, April 14.—Cotton closed dull—sales of 800 bales. Flour closed firm—sales of 16 000 barrels—State $5.30@5.35; Ohio $5@6.15; Southern has advanced 5@10 cts, closing at $5.20@5.30.—Wheat closed firm—sales of 62 000 bushels—Southern white $1.60. Corn closed heavy—sales of 8 500 bushels—yellow 76 cents. Provisions closed steady. Whiskey closed dull at 21 cts. Sugar has declined ½c. cts., closing at 6½ cts. Naval stores closed quiet. Rice closed heavy. Stocks are dull and irregular—Chicago and Rock Island 63⅞; Illinois Central shares 59¾; do. bonds 88; Michigan Southern 11 cts.; New York Central 83⅛; Reading 41⅞.

BALTIMORE, April 14.—Flour steady at $5 for Howard street. Wheat buoyant at $1 50 for white, and $1 50@$1 52 for red. Corn firm—white 75@76c.; yellow 72@73c. Provisions quiet. Whiskey dull at 23c.

PHOTOGRAPHS, PEARL AMBROTYPES, and all the various styles of Portraits, scientifically and artistically executed at REES' Steam Gallery, 145 Main street, Richmond, Va., which is one of the largest establishments of its kind in the world, occupying three floors 25 by 60 feet, and possessing all the modern improvements necessary for the production of fine Photographic portraits, from the smallest up to life size, colored in oil, pastell, aquarille, or India ink, by the best artists in the country. One thousand executed daily, at prices ranging from 25 cents, 50 cents, $1 to $100. Copies taken from old Daguerreotypes and Ambrotypes, enlarged to any desired size, in the new styles, and satisfaction guaranteed. The genuine Vignette Photographs and Pearl Ambrotypes can be had at REES' Gallery only. ap 10—ts

SALES OF TOBACCO, BY BAYLY & MONCURE, at Snockoe Warehouse:

J. G. Yarbrough, No. 1, bought by W. B. Ross & Co., at $5.90.

J. G. Yarbrough, No. 2, bought by Messrs. Hardgrove, at $10.75.

T. R. Pulliam, No. 1, bought by Hunt & James, at $2 55.

T. R. Pulliam, No. 2, bought by Wm. Greanor, at $6 00.

R. H. Pulliam, No. 1, bought by A. Thomas & Son, at $6 50.

G. W. Morris, No. 1, bought by J. H. Greanor, at $3.45.

G. W. Morris, No. 2, bought by Messrs. Hardgrove, at $3 25.

G. W. Morris, No. 3, bought by Messrs. Turpin & Yarbrough, at $9.00.

H. W. Gatewood, No. 1, bought by Messrs. Butler & Talbott, at $3 10.

R. A. Ricks, No. 1, bought by Messrs. Hardgrove, at $17 00.

T. A. Gatewood, No. 1, bought by Messrs. Wilson & Kent, at $7 50.

T. A. Gatewood, No. 2, bought by Messrs. Turpin & Yarbrough, at $4 50.

T. A. Gatewood, No. 3, bought by Messrs. Hardgrove, at $13.25

T. A. Gatewood, No. 4, bought by Messrs. Hardgrove, at $13.50.

T. A. Gatewood, No. 5, bought by Messrs. Turpin & Yarbrough, at $4.70.

Benj. Anderson, No. 1, bought by Messrs. Turpin & Yarbrough, at $6.50.

Benj. Anderson, No. 2, bought by Messrs. Turpin & Yarbrough, at $3.90.

The above are full size hogheads. The lowest prices are for very ordinary lugs; the highest prices are for sweet sun cured manufacturing tobacco.

RICHMOND THEATRE.

THE BEWITCHING AND FASCINATING STAR SISTERS,

LUCILLE AND HELEN } WESTERN,
LUCILLE AND HELEN }
LUCILLE AND HELEN }

Will { POSITIVELY APPEAR, POSITIVELY APPEAR, POSITIVELY APPEAR,

TO-NIGHT, TO-NIGHT, TO-NIGHT, } In W. B. ENGLISH, Esq.

of the { GREAT LOCAL DRAMA, GREAT LOCAL DRAMA, GREAT LOCAL DRAMA,

THREE FAST MEN, THREE FAST MEN, THREE FAST MEN, } and sustain

Sing { 17 DIFFERENT CHARACTERS, 17 DIFFERENT CHARACTERS, 17 DIFFERENT CHARACTERS,

TWENTY SONGS, TWENTY SONGS, TWENTY SONGS, } and execute

The celebrated { TEN DANCES, TEN DANCES, TEN DANCES,

MINSTREL SCENE, MINSTREL SCENE, MINSTREL SCENE, } by

in { 15 FEMALE MINSTRELS, 15 FEMALE MINSTRELS, 15 FEMALE MINSTRELS.

ETHIOPEAN SONGS, ETHIOPEAN DUETS, ETHIOPEAN DANCES, ETHIOPEAN JOKES, &c. } The best Band in the United States.

THE "DISPATCH" STEAM POWER PRINTING OFFICE,

Corner of Main and Thirteenth Streets, Richmond, Virginia.

This Establishment, (being the most complete Printery in the South, both as regards Types, Ornaments, &c., and the latest and most approved Machine Presses,) is daily turning out the finest specimens of

BOOK AND JOB PRINTING,

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HAWES R. SUTTON, ATTORNEY AT LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC—Practices in all the Courts of the city of Richmond and the counties of Henrico and Goochland. Office corner Bank and 11th streets, Richmond, Va. He is also Commissioner of the United States Court of Claims. ap 16—3m

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE MALE ORPHAN SOCIETY will be held in the Lecture Loom of the United Presbyterian Church (Rev. Dr. Read's) on this (MONDAY) evening, the 16th inst., at 8 o'clock. Interesting addresses may be expected. ap 16—1t*

DR. WM. E. WILSON can be found at his former office, on 7th, between Main and Cary streets, after Monday, April 16th. Office hours from 12½ to 2 o'clock, daily. Practice CASH. ap 14—3t*

THE FAIR ON CHURCH HILL at Masonic Hall, will be open each day during the week, from 10 o'clock A. M., until 11 o'clk P. M. TICKETS ONLY TEN CENTS. SUPPER ONLY FIFTY CENTS. The Ladies would respectfully solicit their friends and the public generally, to give them a call and purchase some of their Creams, Jellies, Fruits, Confectioneries, Fancy Articles, &c. ap 11—6t*

TRADERS' BANK OF THE CITY OF RICHMOND.—The minimum capital of THE TRADERS' BANK OF THE CITY OF RICHMOND having been subscribed, a meeting of the Stockholders of said Bank will be held in the Reading-Room of the St. Charles Hotel, on TUESDAY, the 24th inst., at 12 o'clock M. ap 7—td THE COMMISSIONERS.

TO THE PUBLIC.—Having heard it rumored that I am not prepared nor in the habit of undertaking the *minor* parts of my business, such as PAVING, LAYING HEARTHS, RUNNING CULVERTS, &c., and deeming such rumors calculated to injure me, and possibly to prevent my friends from giving me such work to do, I take this method of informing the public that I am not only prepared, but *better* prepared for such work now than I have ever been since I was in the business. I have in my employment two *competent workmen* to attend to that branch of the business exclusively. All that I ask is a call, assuring my friends that any work in my line, however *great* or *small*, shall be executed promptly and properly. There is another rumor to the effect that bricks are so scarce and difficult to obtain, that building is retarded. In answer to this I beg leave to say that *I* have never failed to contract for work because of the difficulty to get bricks. And if there is any one now who desires to build, but cannot do so for want of material, let them call on the undersigned, and I assure them they shall be accommodated; provided however, that I contract to lay the bricks. When it was said about the 1st of January last that there were *no* bricks in town, *I* had on hand 700 000. Believe not, therefore, in rumors, but when you wish to have work done, call upon me, and see if I cannot do it for you. ap 9—3w JOHN D. QUARLES.

NOTICE.—The co-partnership in the Practice of Law, heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the firm of GRISWOLD & CLAIBORNE, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

The unfinished business of our clients will receive, as heretofore, the attention of us both.

C. G. GRISWOLD, H. A. CLAIBORNE.

Richmond, April 2, 1860.

C. G. Griswold having taken his son, JOSEPH G. GRISWOLD, into partnership, they will transact business under the firm of GRISWOLD & GRISWOLD. They will practice in all the Courts of the city of Richmond, and in the counties of Henrico and Hanover, and in the Circuit Courts of Essex and King and Queen counties. They will also attend to the Collection of Claims of Love and upwards in any part of the State.

Office on Ross street, two doors from Richmond House. C. G. GRISWOLD, J. G. GRISWOLD.

Herbert A. Claiborne, (late of Griswold & Claiborne,) ATTORNEY AT LAW practices in all the Courts of the city of Richmond and county of Henrico.

Office over Tayman & Hull's, 119 North Main, 6 doors below Governor street. ap 5—4t

ONE ARGOND-HARD PATENT HAIR-CLOTH WASHING MACHINE, a machine entirely for calico, by JOHN F. GORDON & SON. ap 14—1t

GUN WADDING.—Superior quality, for sale by L. & G. T. DAVENPORT.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF RICHMOND, APRIL 14.

High Water this day (Monday) 12¼ o'clock.

ARRIVED.

Steamship Roanoke, Couch, N. Y., mdze. and passengers, Ludlam & Watson.

Steamer Belvidere, Keene, Baltimore, mdze. and passengers, D. & W. Currie.

Steamer Virginia, Kelly, Philadelphia, mdze. and passengers, E. P. States.

Bark Angelita, (Spanish,) Caranceas, Porto Rico, sugar, Dunlop, Moncure & Co.

Schr. Ashland, Graves, Baltimore, guano, Bacon & Baskervill.

Schr. New York, Carnival, James river, lumber, W. W. Wells and I. G. Mercer & Co.

SAILED.

Steamer Belvidere, Keene, Baltimore, mdze. and passengers, D. & W. Currie.

Schr. Mary A. Guest, Minor, down the river, light.

Schr. Butterfly, Hubbard, down the river, light.

Schr. Acorn, Bease, down the river, light.

Schr. Thomas Bagley, McConnell, Halifax, flour, Haxall, Crenshaw & Co.

Schr. R. H. Kemp, Ruark, Norfolk, mdze., W. D. Colquitt & Co.

Schr. J. S. Barnes, Rogers, down the river light.

Schr. Champe, ——, down the river

Schr. American Star, Godfrey, Norfolk, manure.

NEW YORK, April 12—Cleared, schrs. Matchless, Hinckley, Norfolk; Caroline, Bacon, Fredericksburg. Arrived, schr. Brave, Carson, Virginia; brig Storm-King, Penny, Wilmington, N. C.; schrs. Mary Rover, Hughes, do.; Lilly, Francis, do.; Emily, Smith, do; D. E. Wolfe, Russell, do.; Eva Belle, Lee, do; Ned, Henderson, do; L. A. Edwards, Smith, do.; Sherwood, Williams, Va; J. T. Boyd, Matthews, do.; D. Davidson, Ketchum, do.; brig B. Young, Eaton, Wilmington, N. C.; schr. J. Clark, Fredericksburg, Va.

BALTIMORE, April 13.—Cleared, schrs. Mary Willis, North, Richmond; M. A. Mitchell; Courier, Woolford, do, do.

SAVANNAH, April 13.—The schooner R. L. Fay, cleared for Philadelphia with 235 bales of cotton, caught fire this morning opposite the Lazaretto Press, and was scuttled. Only slight damage was done, and she will be raised to morrow and unloaded. The schooner Alra, bound to Saint Tobias with a cargo of lumber, was wrecked on the 9th on the east of North Carolina. The captain and crew were saved. The vessel is a total loss.

NORFOLK, April 13.—Arr'd, schrs. Julia Newell, Cussion, City Point; Thomas Worrell, Hubart, Wilmington, N. C. Cl'd, schrs. Jno. Lackey, McCann, Richmond; Susquehanna, Skinner, Alexandria.

CHARLESTON, April 13.—Arrived, schr. Pangassett, Keene, Elizabeth City, N. C.

RIO JANEIRO, Feb. 13.—Arrived, bark Weather Gage, McKee, Richmond. Sailed, 18th, brig Esperanza, (Port.) Wilmington, N. C.

NEWPORT, April 11.—Sl'd, schrs. Almira T., Emerson, Rappahannock; Ann, Blake, Bluff Point, Va., for Boston.

BOSTON, April 12.—Cl'd, steamer City of New York, for Norfolk and City Point.

FAIR HAVEN, April 12.—Arr'd, schrs. Sea Witch, Tyler; Alethea, Hervey, and Frances, Connell, Va. Cl'd schrs. Marcena Murson, O. L. Baylis, and L. Tyler, Va.

NEW HAVEN, April 12.—Sl'd, schr. Eliza S., for Va.

PHILADELPHIA, April 13.—Cleared, steamer Pennsylvania, for Richmond.

LIVERPOOL, March 27.—Advertised, ship Henry Buck, Pendleton, City Point, 5th April.

PASSENGERS PER STEAMSHIP ROANOKE, COUCH, Master, from New York:

B. S. Crooke and lady, H. Maxon and lady, J. G. Hughes and lady, J. Kehoe, H. Olsem, G. Wilson, C. J. Ackerman, W. T. Luckado and lady, John A. Lovett, Miss Adams, Rev. Mr. Bray, lady and three children, Miss Pruell, S. L. Clarke, R. C. Smith, J. T. Harr and child, Miss M. Ackerman, W. H. Pointer and lady, D. O'Neil, John Williams, Mrs. Stevens and child.

Also, from Norfolk, Miss M. Wickham, Mr. Bullock.

LOST AND STRAYED.

ALL PERSONS LOOK OUT FOR AN ESTRAY MARE—Strayed from the subscriber, on the 12th inst., near Rocketts, in Fulton, a bare ROAN MARE, aged about ten years. Reasonable or legal satisfaction will be given for her delivery to me or to the Stable of Messrs. Hutcheson & Davis, in the city of Richmond, or to John A. Waddil, on Maddox Hill, or to Wm. Thomas, in Fulton, near Rocketts. Also, any information where the said mare is, so that I get her again—delivered to me or any of the forenamed persons, will be very thankfully received. ap 16—3t* CHAS. BICKLEY.

LOST OR STOLEN—MY POCKET-BOOK, containing $28 and several valuable papers—a negotiable note of Miles A. Gill's for $800, and other papers. Any person who may find the papers will please forward to me at "Deatonville, Amelia," SAMUEL T. HENDRICK. ap 13—3t*

WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, GREENBRIER COUNTY, VA. This long-established WATERING PLACE will be opened for the reception of visitors on the 15th May.

Many new and important arrangements have been made since the last season in this large establishment, and no efforts will be spared to make the guests comfortable.

JEREMIAH MORTON, President.

J. HUMPHREYS, General Superintendent.

Correspondents will please address J. HUMPHREYS, Superintendent White Sulphur Springs, Greenbrier county, Va. ap 16—eodtJuly

A PRIVATE FAMILY wishes to dispose of a fine PIANO FORTE, almost new, made by the celebrated firm of Nunns & Clark; cost $300, will be sold at $180. Apply at E. MAYR'S Music Store, No. 218 Broad street. ap 16—3t*

U. S. M. STEAMSHIP YORKTOWN—FOR NEW YORK.—The YORKTOWN, Capt. LEWIS CARRIER, will leave here at 4 o'clock P. M., TUESDAY, the 17th inst.

Excursion tickets issued to go and return by either of the steamers. State-room and meals included, for the very low price of $15.

Passage to New York, meals and State-room included, $10. Steerage passage $5.

Passage to Norfolk same as by the river boats.

Freight received to-day, MONDAY, and up to hour of 1 o'clock P. M., TUESDAY.

Consignees are requested to send for their goods to-day.

Freight for Boston taken at moderate rates, and forwarded with dispatch.

Tickets and Berths secured at our office or on board the steamer. ap 16—2t LUDLAM & WATSON.

FOR BALTIMORE.—THREE TIMES A WEEK.—POWHATAN STEAMBOAT COMPANY.—The steamer GEO. PEABODY, Capt. RICHARD PRITCHARD, will receive freight to-day, (MONDAY,) and up to the hour of 12 o'clock M., TUESDAY, the 17th inst.

Freight taken to Boston via Baltimore at as low rate as by any other steamer, and with great dispatch.

This steamer has splendid state-room passenger accommodations.

Passage and fare $5.

Passengers are requested to be on board before 12 o'clock M., TUESDAY, the hour of departure.

Tickets for passage procured either at our office, in the slip, opposite the Columbian Hotel, or at the Steamers' wharves, Rocketts.

ap 16—2t DAVID & WM. CURRIE.

FOR LYNCHBURG—To leave TUESDAY.—The Canal Boat FAME will leave as above. For freight, apply to WM. P. COX, ap 16—2t At the Shed, Dock st.

FOR BALTIMORE.—The regular packet schr. BENJ. VANDIVER, Captain JONES, having a portion of her cargo engaged and going on board, will have dispatch. For remainder of cargo, apply to ap 16—6t W. D. COLQUITT & CO.

CITY DRUG STORE.—CHAS. S. DAWSON begs to inform the citizens of Richmond, that he has now on hand a full and complete assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Chemicals, Fancy Goods, etc.

Physicians can rely upon his Drugs as being pure and from the first manufacturers, both of this country and Europe. They can also obtain the Dry Chemicals from him, as he keeps a supply of them constantly on hand, and all new preparations will be obtained as they come out. Medicines can be obtained at all hours day and night; and personal attention will be given to the Prescription department. Street.

He has also a full assortment of all kinds of Patent Medicines, direct from the manufacturers, so that there can be no mistake as to their genuineness.

Also, Oils, Paints, Dye Stuffs, Tobacco and Cigars.

The Ladies can also be supplied with a fine assortment of imported Pomades, Hair Oils, Lubin's Extracts, Mean Fun, Lilly White, Brown Windsor, Honey, Glycerine and other Toilet Soaps; fine Hair Brushes, both domestic and imported; also, Buffalo, India Rubber and Horn Combs, both fine tooth and coarse. He would call their attention to his fine Toilet Cologne, superior to the French or German.

FOR SALE—A fine young MULE.—She works well anywhere. Apply to P. N. MAYO, Corner 9th and Canal streets. ap 16—4t

TEMPERANCE NOTICE.—The members of SHOCKOE HILL DIVISION, No. 34, Sons of Temperance, are requested to meet at their Division Room, in SAUNDERS' HALL, on Foushee street, between Grace and Broad streets, this (MONDAY) evening, at 8½ o'clock. As very important business will be a special object at this meeting, every member is requested to be present. By order of the W. P.

ap 16—1t PETERFIELD TRENT, R. S.

HOWITZER COMPANY.—Assemble for drill, at Corinthian Hall, on TUESDAY EVENING, at 8 o'clock. By order of Capt. RANDOLPH.

THEO. P. MAYO, 1st Serg't.

The COURT OF INQUIRY will meet on WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, at 5 o'clock, at the office of Mr. H. C. Hudnall, corner of Bank and 11th streets, opposite Geddin's Hall. The attention of delinquents is called to sec. 2d, art. 8th of the Constitution. ap 16—2t

ARMORY R. L. I. BLUES, RICHMOND, April 16th, 1860. Attend a drill on the Company, at their Armory, on this (MONDAY) evening, April 16th, at 8 o'clock, promptly. By order of Capt. MAULE.

ap 16—1t S. B. JACOBS, 1st Serg't.

HEADQ'RS MONTGOMERY GUARD, Co. C, 1st Reg. Vols., APRIL 14th, 1860. This command will assemble at Military Hall, MONDAY EVENING, the 16th inst., at a quarter before 8 o'clock, for Drill. By order of the Captain.

ap 14—2t JOHN McDONALD, 1st Serg't.

FOR SALE—A STEAM SAW MILL, eighteen Horse Power ENGINE, nearly new, located near White Hogan, the present terminus of the Richmond and York River Railroad, on the farm of Mr. Toler, who will take pleasure in showing the same to any one wishing to purchase. It will be sold at a bargain, by applying to COCKE & CLOSE, Insurance and Collecting Agents, 14th st., Exchange Hotel Building, Richmond, Va. ap 16—3t; w&sawtf

LIQUOR AND LOT FOR SALE.—Will be sold, on WEDNESDAY afternoon, the 25th inst., at 4 o'clock P. M., (if fair; if not, the next fair day,) the HOUSE and LOT occupied by the subscriber, situated on Church Hill, at the intersection of Marshall and Stevenson. It is a good Lot and an excellent House. ap 15—3t*eod JAS. A. GODDIN.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Large and Elegant Stock of SPRING AND SUMMER DRY GOODS!

Just received from auction and prior sales at greatly reduced prices.

THOMAS D. QUARLES & SONS, 248 BROAD STREET,

Are prepared to offer their second supply of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, which were purchased during the last week at unusual low prices.

Splendid DRESS SILKS; Chintz CHINI SILKS. Mourning GRENADINE ROBES. Foulard SILKS; SILK CHALLIES. POPPINETTES; Silk Warp POULARDS. GOODS for traveling dresses in great variety. French CHINTZ BRILLIANTS; Organdies and Jaconet ROBES, 9 flounces. ORGANDIES, JACONETS and LAWNS. Silk Lace and Berege WRAPPINGS. PARASOLS and Ladies' UMBRELLAS. FANS in great variety. ap 16—4t

Seventeen Valuable Building Lots on COUNCIL CHAMBER HILL, FOR SALE AT AUCTION THIS DAY, AT 4½ O'CLOCK P. M. The particular attention of the public is respectfully called to the sale of the above valuable Lots, to take place THIS AFTERNOON, at 4½ o'clock. A plan of the lots will be exhibited at the hour of sale. For terms, see auction head.

ap 16—1t GODDIN & APPERSON, Aucts.

Do you suffer after eating, or from acidity of the stomach, heartburn, water brash, wind, burning sensation, or indigestion? Immediate relief can be obtained by using the OXYGENATED BITTERS. ap 16—2t

Notice.—Attention is requested to my sale of FLOWERS, FRUIT TREES, &c., to take place at my store THIS MORNING at 10 o'clock. See advertisement under auction head.

ap 16—1t J. H. DIGGES, Auct.

500 boxes prime Sweet Oil for sale low by J. W. GARLICK, Apothecary, &c., Market Place, Franklin st.

Sweet Oil in barrels—A very nice article, for sale by JOHN W. GARLICK.

Fire Insurance! Fire Insurance! On every description of Property, in the best companies in the Union. The sub