DAILY DISPATCH.

VOL. XVII.—NO. 98. RICHMOND, VA., TUESDAY, APRIL 24, 1860. PRICE ONE CENT.

Richmond Dispatch.

BY O'FARRELL & HAMMERSLEY.

THE DAILY DISPATCH is served to subscribers at SIX AND A QUARTER CENTS PER WEEK, payable to the Carrier weekly. Price for mailing, $5 a year, or $2.50 for six months, in advance.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY DISPATCH is issued every Tuesday and Friday at $2.50, in advance.

THE WEEKLY DISPATCH is issued every Friday, and mailed to subscribers at $1 per annum.

CANDIDATES FOR OFFICE.

HENRICO COUNTY.

TO THE VOTERS OF THE COUNTY OF HENRICO.—At the request of many friends, I am a candidate for the office of SHERIFF, and if elected, will devote all my time and energy to the discharge of the duties, and feel confident, with the long experience I have had as Sheriff, to be able to do so in compliance with the oath of office.

Respectfully,

ap 10—tde* HENRY R. JONES.

TO THE VOTERS OF HENRICO COUNTY.—I respectfully announce myself a candidate for the office of COMMISSIONER OF THE REVENUE in the Upper District of said county. Having served as Constable of that District for about six years, I leave my friends to judge of my qualification for that office. My past course is a true criterion to judge by. If you think I am worthy of your suffrages, I respectfully solicit your votes.

Election the 4th Thursday in May next.

ap 6—tde* THOS. M. MONTAGUE.

TO THE VOTERS OF HENRICO COUNTY.—I am a candidate for the office of COMMISSIONER OF THE REVENUE for the UPPER DISTRICT OF HENRICO CO., and respectfully solicit your suffrages at the election in MAY next. Should it be your pleasure to elect me, I pledge myself to discharge the duties of the office faithfully.

Respectfully,

fe 7—tde* GEO. W. CARTER.

TO THE VOTERS OF DISTRICT No. 2.—I hereby announce myself a candidate for re-election to the office of CONSTABLE for the above district, and respectfully solicit your votes in May next.

mh 28 -tde* GEO. W. THOMAS.

TO THE VOTERS OF HENRICO.—I respectfully announce myself a candidate for re-election for COMMISSIONER OF THE REVENUE in the Lower District, at the election in May, and very respectfully solicit your votes. [mh 8—tde] JOHN A. EACHO.

THE SHERIFFALTY OF HENRICO COUNTY.—I hereby announce myself a candidate for the above office. Should it be the pleasure of the voters to elect me, I shall be ever grateful, and will use every exertion to discharge the duties thereof faithfully and impartially. [mh 6—td] JACOB S. ATLEE.

TO THE VOTERS OF HENRICO COUNTY.—By the advice of my friends, and in accordance with my own wishes, I announce myself a candidate for the office of SHERIFF OF HENRICO COUNTY, and solicit your suffrages at the State election in May next.

As a guarantee for the faithful performance of the duties of the office, I refer you to all who know me for the manner in which those duties have been performed during the past three years that I have acted as deputy for the present Sheriff.

Respectfully, your fellow citizen,

mh 1—dt24my* GEO D. PLEASANTS.

TO THE VOTERS OF DISTRICT NO. 1, HENRICO COUNTY.—I respectfully announce myself a candidate for the office of CONSTABLE for the first District, and solicit your suffrages.

ELECTION—The 4th THURSDAY in May next. JAS. FENELON BRADLEY.

fe 24—2m*

TO JOHN O. TAYLOR, ESQ.—DEAR SIR: As the time is approaching for the voters of Henrico to select a suitable person to fill the office of SHERIFF, and being satisfied, from our long acquaintance with you, that you are qualified to discharge the duties of the office, we, the subscribers, respectfully request you to announce yourself a candidate for the said office, pledging you our support in the ensuing election.

Dr. A. J. Terrell,	Joseph Bernard,
J. W. Crenshaw,	Benjamin Walton,
James C. Gordon,	Major Ford,
R. B. Jones,	O. C. Bridgewater,
Wm. E. Wade,	Thos. M. Montague,
S. Heilstern,	S. A. Moles,
Peter Lawson,	Simon P. Fox,
J. S. B. Tinsley,	Hudson B. Ford,
R. A. Lapsnatter,	Abner Hillman,
Wm. A. Barnett,	Thomas M. Ladd,
James Gilman,	Charles G. Paleske,
Peter S. Hughes,	Henry Nirough,
Robert G. Walton,	Geo. Timberlake,
W. C. Taliaferro,	R. E. Ellyson,
James H. Maloney,	Richard Thomas,
E. A. Schwagerle,	Daniel N. Melton,
Fendall Griffin,	John Perkins,
F. Hatfort,	Sherwin McRae,
Wm. Cullingworth, Sr.,	E. C. Crump.
J. P. Ford.	

fe 31—ts

TO MESSRS. A. J. TERRELL, WM. C. TALIAFERRO, FENDALL GRIFFIN, JAMES GILMAN, AND OTHERS.—In compliance with your request and in accordance with my own inclination, I hereby announce myself a candidate for SHERIFF OF HENRICO COUNTY, and respectfully solicit the votes of my fellow citizens in May next, for that office, pledging myself to discharge the duties of the office faithfully.

Respectfully,

fe 1—ts JOHN O. TAYLOR.

HANOVER COUNTY.

PETER W. WINGFIELD is a candidate for COMISSIONER OF THE REVENUE for the upper district of Hanover county.

Election fourth Thursday in May. [mh 26—tde*

CHESTERFIELD COUNTY.

TO THE VOTERS OF CHESTERFIELD COUNTY.—The office of COMMONWEALTH'S ATTORNEY for the County of Chesterfield being within the range of my professional employment, would be for that reason, and that reason only, an acceptable position to me. I therefore accede to the requests of a number of voters, recently expressed, and declare myself a candidate for the suffrages of the people, at the election to be held on the fourth Thursday in May next, at which time the office is to be filled for the regular term of four years.

ap 11—tde C. C. McRAE

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

GEO. DABNEY WOOTTON, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, *Office on corner of Main and Governor streets, opposite Purcell, Ladd & Co.'s Drug Store,* RICHMOND, VA.,

Attends Mayor's Court, Hustings Court, Circuit Superior Court of Law and Chancery, Court of Appeals, United States Court and Henrico County Courts. Is prepared to give strict attention to all kinds of Law Business.

P. S.—Has an elegant Room for rent, located in one of the most desirable parts of the city, suitable for a Lawyer's or Doctor's Office, or a Lodging Room for two or four gentz. Terms moderate.

ap 6—1m

HAWES R. SUTTON, ATTORNEY AT LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC—Practices in all the Courts of the city of Richmond and the counties of Henrico and Goochland. Office corner Bank and 4th streets, Richmond, Va. He is also Commissioner of the United States Court of Claims. ap 16—3m

BENJAMIN H. NASH, ATTORNEY AT LAW, (OFFICE CORNER OF 1ST AND MAIN STS.,) Attends all the Courts of Chesterfield, Powhatan, Henrico and of the city of Richmond.

ap 17—1m

NOTICE TO THE LADIES.—MRS. JANE A. WILLIAMS, M. D., has removed to Broad, between 1st and 2nd street, south side, and is prepared to treat all forms of diseases peculiar to females and children.

Especial attention given to the practice of Obstetrics. ap 6—1m*

GEORGE B. STEEL, DENTIST, Office and Residence Southwest corner Main and 8th Sts., first door above Crenshaw's New Hotel, Richmond, Va.

Having an experience of ten years in his profession, he feels confident of giving satisfaction to those who may favor him with their patronage.

mh 15—6m

ARCHER ANDERSON, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Will practice in the Courts held in the city of Richmond. Office, for the present, in Geddin's Building. mh 7—3m

JOHN S. CASKIE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Has removed his office to No. 2 Law Building, near the State Court-House.

He practices in all the Courts held in the city of Richmond and county of Henrico. fe 14—ts

LAW REMOVE S. MARYE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Practices in the Courts of the City of Richmond and the Counties of Henrico, Hanover and Caroline.

He is also Notary Public and Commissioner of the United States Court of Claims.

The partnership between Mr. CHAPTAIN WHITE and himself being dissolved, his office is now on 11th street, just below Geddin's Hall. fe 13—tf

HENRY HUDNALL, ATTORNEY AT LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC, Practices in all the Courts held in the city of Richmond.

RE. Also, practices regularly in the County and Circuit Courts of Chesterfield.

As Notary, will take Depositions and Acknowledgements, Administer and Certify Oaths, Perform whatever other duties pertain to the office of Notary.

Office on the corner of Bank and 15th streets, one door below the Custom-House. ap 16—1y

[illegible] AT LAW, [illegible] Office [illegible] Richmond. ap 17—1m

PINE WOOD FOR SALE.—I would respectfully give notice that I am now prepared to furnish good PINE SLAB WOOD, delivered any where within the city limits, for the low price of $1 50 per cord, for cash.

Any orders which may be left at Mr. Wm. Keesing's on Franklin st., or at my place, Mission Hill, will be promptly attended to.

ap 17—1m* MICHAEL MARYE.

MUSIC CONCERTS.—PROFESSOR [illegible] will be received at the Office of [illegible] GAZETTE or at [illegible] ap 17—1m

FOR SALE.—A [illegible] Apply to [illegible] ap 21—tf

FOR RENT.—A vacant lot [illegible] the Rock, near the [illegible] A. M. [illegible] & Co., No. 15 Main street. mh 26—ts

Richmond Dispatch.

TUESDAY MORNING.....APRIL 24, 1860.

THE CHARLESTON CONVENTION.

A correspondent of the Baltimore American, writing from Charleston on Friday last, says there will not be 2,000 strangers in that city during the Convention, independent of those who lodge on the steamers. He adds:

The hotel-keepers are greatly disappointed at the meagre attendance, and asserts that their charges are not as high as those paid at Cincinnati four years ago. The hotel accommodations of Charleston not being as great as those of Cincinnati, they have been compelled to make large outside arrangements, in expectation of an immense access of visitors, and have fitted up halls and houses in the neighborhood with cots. The Mills House has the Hibernian Hall, next door to it, furnished with one hundred and twenty-four cots, and with other buildings is capable of accommodating seventeen hundred guests. The Charleston Hotel has increased its accommodations to twelve hundred, and so far neither of them has more than two hundred names recorded.

The Louisiana delegation have a furnished house, with a caterer provided for their accommodation at one hundred dollars per day. The Wood delegation, from New York, have engaged St. Andrew's Hall, where they eat, drink and sleep, and keep open house for all visitors. A more merry set of fellows were never congregated, and they seem to be determined on having their seats in the Convention, or at least not to yield their claim without a brisk fight. In Washington they kept quiet as to their Presidential preferences, but in conversation with some of them on the cars I am satisfied they will go unanimously for Douglas if they should obtain their seats. They say that it is Douglas and victory, or certain defeat with any other candidate. I was also in conversation with some of the New York Cagger delegates, or "softs." They appear to be opposed to Douglas, but not very strongly. They say that the South must name the candidate, as it cannot be expected that delegates from States that will not give an electoral vote for the nominee, let him be whom he may, will be allowed to force a man on the Southern States.

There is one thing that seems apparent at the time of this writing, that Douglas is hourly becoming less objectionable to the South.—Personal objections are giving away to availability, and party success is being looked to as the main point in making the selection.—There are but few of the Southern delegates now here; but Mr. Orr, of South Carolina, seems to speak as if "by authority," and he does not regard Douglas as a candidate that will be unacceptable to the South. It is said that the friends of Douglas name him (Mr. Orr) as their candidate for the Vice-Presidency, and this may be the cause that induces him to favor Douglas. There are several delegates here from Kentucky, and their first choice is Guthrie; but as he does not stand any chance, except for the Vice-Presidency, they will go for any candidate for the first office that will secure the second to their nominee. The Florida delegation have arrived, and are bitterly opposed to Douglas, as are those of Georgia and Alabama. The friends of Douglas are here, however, in great force, and with Gov. Richardson at their head, are taking the Southern delegates in detail as fast as they arrive. They are answering their arguments, and endeavoring to convince them that Douglas is the friend of the South, the only man whose nomination will prevent the nomination of Seward at Chicago, and the only Democratic nominee who can possibly be elected. They say that Indiana and Illinois are certain for Douglas, and certain for the nominee of the Chicago Convention if he is not nominated.

The moderate Southern men are now settling on Dickinson, of New York, and it is said that he will be brought forward as the Administration candidate in opposition to Douglas. The friends of Douglas, as their second choice, will, it is said, rally on Breckinridge, and were it not that his own State has gone against him, they might succeed in giving him the nomination. Their object in taking Breckinridge as their second choice, in preference to a Northern man, is to secure the succession in 1864 for Douglas.

It is my present impression that Dickinson, of New York, will receive the nomination. It is said that he has two-thirds of the South pledged to him as their second choice, and that, with such a strength, he will have no difficulty in securing two-thirds of the whole Convention. His strength will not be developed until the fight between Douglas and Hunter is disposed of, and should they both be abandoned, then the contest will lie between Dickinson and Breckinridge. There are a host of the friends of Dickinson here from New York, working to secure pledges for him as second choice, and I have seen letters from a number of prominent Southern politicians urging his nomination in case a Southern nominee should be found to be impracticable.—Having no personal preferences myself, and viewing the chances of all the candidates, I cannot but consider those of Mr. Dickinson as decidedly the best.

Fernando Wood is at present the lion of the city, and a crowd follows him wherever he goes. His headquarters, St. Andrew's Hall, is the great political centre of the city, and he has a most wonderful tact of making himself agreeable to all who cross its threshold. He professes to have come here to secure the unity of the Democratic party, unpledged to any candidate, remaining free to vote as his convictions may lead him when the strength of the various candidates is developed. A friend of Mr. Dickinson, who is here electioneering for him, assures me that he will vote for Dickinson, but I am of the opinion that Wood and his colleagues are here on a political speculation, and that they will make haste to vote, if they get their seats, for the strongest man, whoever that may be. A seat in the Convention, and an early support of the successful candidate, is a sure passport to office, and this is the main object that most of the delegates have in view. Every man here, especially from the Northern and Middle States, has already picked out and parcelled to himself an office, and they will vote with an eye to their own success after going through the form of obeying instructions on the first two or three ballots.

The Committee of Arrangements have to-day assigned the seats from New York to the Cagger, or "soft" delegates, to the exclusion of the Wood, or "hard" delegates, just as they did at Cincinnati. We may, therefore, expect to see Mayor Wood following the example set by the "hard" delegates at Cincinnati, of knocking down the doorkeeper and forcing their way *ci et armis* into the hall. No one but delegates who are supplied with tickets will be admitted on the floor, and Mayor Wood, as a conservator of the peace, will be placed in an awkward position if called upon to lead his followers in such a contest.

I must not omit to mention that the citizens of Charleston are exhibiting the most unbounded hospitality towards the members of the Convention and the strangers visiting the city, which is one cause of disappointment among hotel-keepers. Almost every private house has several visitors.

THE LEMON SLAVE CASE.—The opinion of Judge Denio, of the Supreme Court of New York, in the Lemon case, has been published. The leading point of the decision is that a Virginian coming to New York does not bring the laws of Virginia with him, and has no rights here which do not belong to a citizen of New York. To the clause in the Constitution which declares that the citizens of each State shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in the several States, Judge Denio gives the following interpretation:

A citizen of Virginia, having his home in that State and never having been within the State of New York, has the same rights under our laws which a native born citizen, domiciled elsewhere, would have, and no other. Either can be the proprietor of property here, but neither could claim any rights which under our laws belong only to residents of the State. But where the laws of the several States differ, a citizen of one State asserting rights in another, must claim them according to the laws of the jurisdiction in which they according to those which obtain in his own jurisdiction that a citizen therein, with slaves in every State into which he may go, the fundamental institutions of the one in which he was born, cannot be supported. A very little consideration will show the absurdity of the idea. One moment's reflection, considering upon contingent chance or skill, between [illegible] of insurance, bargains for more than [illegible] per cent, and [illegible] of money [illegible] would contend that if [illegible] by a citizen of another [illegible] [illegible] would be [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]