Richmond Dispatch.

BY COWARDIN & HAMMERSLEY.

☞ THE DAILY DISPATCH is served to subscribers at SIX AND A QUARTER CENTS PER WEEK, payable to the Carrier weekly. Price for mailing, $4 a year, or $2.00 for six months, in advance.

☞ THE SEMI-WEEKLY DISPATCH is issued every Tuesday and Friday at $2.50, in advance.

☞ THE WEEKLY DISPATCH is issued every Friday, and mailed to subscribers at $1 per annum.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ **Ezekiel's Great Virginia Hair Restorer** is highly recommended by many in this city, having successfully used it in restoring and preventing the falling off of their hair. Sold at $1 per bottle.

For sale by all Druggists. Orders attended to.
je 18—1m R. EZEKIEL, 69 Main st.

☞ **Nature is the Great Physician.**--This is now admitted by the medical profession, as a fundamental principle of healing science. It is wisely provided by the human economy, that whenever anything is wrong in the physical system, the natural forces of the body are brought to bear to expel the disease. The great aim, therefore, is to strengthen the natural powers. This has been kept in view by the skillful compounders of DR. J. HOSTETTER'S BITTERS, which operate to give fresh vitality to all the organs of the body. The effect of this medicine upon the stomach, the liver and the kidneys, are prompt and decisive. The patient who is wise enough to quit drugging, and try the Bitters, soon feels as if he had taken a new lease of life, and as he continues the use of the article he is overjoyed to find the streams of health coursing through his frame. Let all from whose cheek the bloom has departed, give Dr. J. Hostetter's Celebrated Bitters a trial.

Sold by druggists and dealers generally, everywhere. je 4—1m

☞ **Blood Food! Blood Food!!**--We have varied feelings in reading the advertisement of DR. BRONSON'S BLOOD FOOD, in another column; but we think gratification predominates; for, though we regret to see so celebrated a man coming forward, even in appearance, under the same flag as quacks—that is, by resorting to advertising, yet we take satisfaction also in knowing that there is now a reliable preparation before the people for that most melancholy and fatal disease—Consumption, and other organic complaints.

DR. BRONSON is a lecturer in our Medical Colleges, and his success in his speciality has been so wonderful that he has consented, at variance with the prejudices of every regular practitioner, to make it known, as he is doing, for the benefit of suffering humanity.

He has secured for agents, however, a firm whose respectability separates entirely his preparations from all tinge of quackery. Messrs. CHURCH & DUPONT are his sole managers, as they are also for that most invaluable of preparations, DR. EATON'S INFANTILE CORDIAL. If mothers could know the great care taken in putting up this article—some idea of which they can form by comparison of it with any other article of the kind—they would prefer it to anything that has ever been offered them. For our own part, if we had a child suffering, we would not hesitate to administer this preparation, knowing that such careful druggists would not engage in anything that was not perfectly safe and effectual.—*Quebec Gazette.*

For sale by FISHER & WINSTON, Richmond, Va., and by Druggists generally. je 4—1m

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☞ **Nervous**

SUFFERERS,
BROKEN DOWN AND DEBILITATED PROFESSIONAL MEN,
WHY NOT HAVE YOUR HEALTH RESTORED?

We offer you the great RESTORATIVE AND INVIGORATOR!

We offer it to all classes—it may save valuable lives. We do not believe that any other remedy has such a mass of testimony.

HEAR—HEAR
THE REV. B. F. BROOKE.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 27, 1860.

Messrs. Mortimer & Mowbray:

The use of your HAMPTON'S TINCTURE has been a *very great blessing* to me and my family.—The effect it has had on my throat disease has been *marvelous*. For all such diseases I most cordially recommend it. Yours, truly,

B. F. BROOKE,
Pastor of the Eutaw M. E. Church.

AS AN INVIGORATOR.

As an invigorator and restorative, where a gentle stimulant is wanted, we believe it superior to all the Cordials before the public as *a cure for Dyspepsia, Cough, Scrofula and Rheumatism*, with all diseases of the Stomach and Bowels. It has been truly successful to the single and married. We offer the most valuable remedy, which thousands will testify.

FEMALES AND CHILDREN.—This TINCTURE will be found a great medicine for all their diseases.

☞ Call and get Pamphlets and see cures.

Sold by PURCELL, LADD & CO., Richmond; by Dr. COOKE, Fredericksburg; by all the Druggists in Petersburg; by MORTIMER & MOWBRAY, Baltimore; and by Druggists and Shopkeepers everywhere. $1 per bottle; six bottles, $5.
my 28—d&cowts

☞ **Copper Lightning-Rod.**—We are now prepared to put up, in town and country, this very superior ROD, which consists of a broad twisted piece of heavy SHEET COPPER, presenting a large amount of conducting surface. This Rod does not CORRODE, and is very durable. Please call and examine sample, and certificates from the most scientific and business men of this State.

CHARLES D. YALE & CO.,
my 30—1m Iron Block, Governor st.

☞ **More New Goods.**

A. K. PARKER & CO.

Have just received a new and beautiful assortment of LADIES' DRESS GOODS, in

Rich Berege Anglais ROBES;
Rich Chintz Berege ANGLAIS;
Plain Berege ANGLAIS;
Rich Organdie ROBES;
Rich Chintz ORGANDIES;
Grey MOHAIR; Plaid MOHAIR;
Broche CELESTIALS;
POPLINS and POPLINETS;
Grey VALENCIAS;
JACONETS and LAWNS, &c., &c.

All of which we will sell very low. my 23—ts

☞ **The Great Virginia Remedy, and no Humbug.**—PETERS' INFALLIBLE REMEDY FOR GONNORRHŒE AND ALL SECRET DISEASES.—This great American remedy, containing no Mercurial or Balsamic properties, excels everything heretofore offered the puplic, in its curative, restorative and renovating powers; and the medical world are astonished when told that the above remedy will cure the above diseases, and confounded when they have ocular demonstrations of the facts. But the proprietor, who has known of the remedy for twenty-odd years, has known of a case of twenty years' standing to be restored to perfect health, and all other cases of shorter duration to be restored, without a single exception, and therefore challenges any case of Gonorrhœa which the remedy will not cure, provided the directions are carried out with prudence on the part of the patient; and any one purchasing half a dozen bottles, and using accordingly, in his or her case, he guarantees a perfect cure; and in case of failure, will furnish additional medicine, free of charge, to complete the cure, through his agents; and a cure will be effected without inconvenience to the patient.

Sold by APPERSON & DUPUY, No. 201 Broad street, and O. A. STRECKER, Main street, Druggists, agents for the city of Richmond.
mh 26—d6m*

☞ **White Sulphur Water**—

FROM THE
WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS,
Greenbrier Co., Va.
BOTTLED AT THE SPRINGS.

The Company have made great improvements in bottling, and the transported water is now as perfect as when taken from its source. Address all orders to

PURCELL, LADD & CO.,
General Agents for the U. States,
ap 24—6m Richmond, Va.

☞ **Leeches! Leeches!! Leeches!!!**—I have just received, by Adams' Express, a lot of fresh SWEDISH LEECHES, the very best, and large size, which will be applied upon the most reasonable terms

P. S.—CUPPING and LEECHING promptly attended to. I can be found at all hours of the day at the HAIR DRESSING ROOM, under the American Hotel, (entrance on 11th street,) and at night at the corner of Leigh and 10th streets.

ap 19--ts R. C. HOBSON.

☞ **Notice.**--To the sick, afflicted and numerous families who have heretofore used DR. J. S. ROSE'S MEDICINES, always with the most unbounded happy results, that some unprincipled persons have circulated an imitation. The Doctor has been compelled to change the wrapper, which is plain without any figures, and his written signature is over the cork of every bottle of the genuine Medicines, so that the public can again obtain those remedies which have suited their wants and relieved their sufferings.

DR. J. S. ROSE'S COUGH SYRUP, for coughs and diseases of the lungs is the standard remedy. The PAIN CURER for pains, rheumatism, cholic, sprains or bruises, and the DYSPEPTIC COMPOUND for dyspepsia and liver complaints.

Sold by Druggists generally, and by
WARNER L. WARING, 107 Broad st.,
ja 31—1y Richmond, Va.

☞ **Judge not According to Appearance**—But like sensible men, test the products of your neighbors and friends, and then, if not worthy, discard them. This is all we ask for BAKER'S PREMIUM BITTERS. We recommend them as superior to all Northern remedies for Dyspepsia and Indigestion, and if, upon trial, they do not prove their superiority, then we say discard them. As a tonic, physicians of the highest standing speak of them in the strongest terms of praise.—Give them a trial. These Bitters are to be had of all Druggists in this city and elsewhere in Virginia.

E. BAKER, Proprietor, Richmond, Va.

☞ **Blackberry Brandy.**--A most desirable and efficient preparation for the diseases attendant upon the present hot season, such as Diarrhœa, want of tone and weakness of stomach and bowels. This article has been extensively sold by the subscriber for two summers past, and has given general satisfaction. Call and try a bottle, at the Drug and Prescription Store of

JOHN W. GARLICK, Market Place,
Franklin street, Richmond.

☞ **Lyon's Magnetic**

INSECT POWDER

Exterminates BED BUGS, ROACHES, TICKS, ANTS, GARDEN INSECTS, &c. *It contains no Poison.*

LYON'S MAGNETIC PILLS

Are certain death to RATS and MICE. Sold everywhere.
ap 10—d&cow3m

☞ **Baths, Baths, Baths.**

HOT, COLD AND SHOWER BATHS, can be had daily, from 6 o'clock A. M., until 10 P. M., at the American Hair Cutting, Shaving, Shampooing and Bathing Saloon, under the American Hotel, entrance on 11th street. Single Bath 25 cts.; or five tickets for $1.

☞ **S. I. B. P.**--**Good Bread.**--Those fond of light, sweet and wholesome Loaf Bread, Biscuits, &c., should use SEMPLE'S INFALLIBLE BAKING POWDER. *For sale by all Druggists and Grocers.*

MUST BE SOLD.—Mantles, Dusters and Lace Wrappings still selling at a great sacrifice. Over 300 Spring and Summer Wrappings at less than cost of making. CHAS. A. GWATKIN,
Corner 8th and Main streets.

TIN PLATES—200 boxes in store, for sale by
E. H. SKINKER & CO.

DAILY DISPATCH.

VOL. XVII.—NO. 155. RICHMONI

Richmond Dispatch.

FRIDAY MORNING.........JUNE 29, 1860.

POLITICAL.

Mr. Yancey in Petersburg--The Opinions of the Northern Press--Mr. Buchanan and the Seceders--Senator Fitzpatrick, &c.

Hon. William L. Yancey, with two or three other delegates to the Baltimore Convention, arrived in Petersburg, Va., Wednesday evening, and was saluted with 100 guns.—At night Phœnix Hall was crowded to hear him speak. In the course of his remarks, he said that Mr. Seward, of Georgia, who spoke at Mechanics' Hall, in the same city, on Tuesday night, had, he understood, asserted that he (Mr. Yancey) desired the election of the Black Republican candidate for the Presidency. If this was true, he pronounced Mr. Seward a base calumniator. During the evening, a resolution ratifying the Breckinridge nomination and endorsing the secession of the delegates from the Petersburg district, was carried by a tremendous "aye!" Some two or three voices responded "no."

The Washington Constitution, speaking of course for the Administration as well as itself, goes without hesitation for Breckinridge and Lane. It says:

> In the present crisis of affairs both as regard the Democratic party and the best interests of the country, it is the duty of every true Democrat and honest patriot to announce his opinions, fearlessly and explicitly; to declare the course which he purposes to pursue, without equivocation or reserve; and to indicate the candidates whom he intends to support in the approaching Presidential contest, with decision and firmness.
>
> For ourselves we mean to perform that duty fully and faithfully. We place at the head of our paper to-day, and shall keep them there until the people decide in November next, the names of John C. Breckinridge, of Kentucky, for President, and Joseph Lane, of Oregon, for Vice-President.

The Boston Post adheres to the Breckinridge ticket, on the ground of its regularity and its nationalty. The Douglas nomination, it says, was not only made by a Convention irregularly constituted, but was in itself a sectional nomination. "It had not the support of the old Democratic States; and thus, lacking in its mode the essential quality of nationality, it is open to the most objectional charge which can be made against a political party." The Hartford Times is not so positive as the Post, and argues that an odor of regularity, at least, clings to the Douglas Convention. It says;

> "Stephen A. Douglas, of Illinois, and Benjamin Fitzpatrick, of Alabama, are the nominees of the original or regular Baltimore Convention. Though not nominated by the two-thirds rule, this is the ticket of the regular Convention, or what there was left of the regular Convention, and as such, is entitled to Democratic support, under fair circumstances. We prefer to watch and wait for a day or two before taking a stand.
>
> John C. Breckinridge and Gen. Joseph Lane are the nominees of the Seceders. Gallant and popular men, both, and the South will support them."

The Detroit Free Press (Gen. Cass' home organ) enthusiastically responds to the nomination of Mr. Douglas. It proclaims that it cannot

> "Convey more welcome intelligence to the Democracy of Michigan than that the Democratic National Convention has nominated Stephen A. Douglas for the Presidency. On the first vote yesterday he received the requisite two-thirds of the Convention, and was thereupon nominated by acclamation. Thus have the wishes of the vast majority of the Democracy of the country been responded to. It is true that the delegates from several of the States withdrew from the Convention before this result was reached, but upon grounds wholly unwarrantable, unjustifiable, and indefensible."

The Free Press adds that

> "The crusade against Mr. Douglas has been inexcusable, wicked, devilish. The difficulty about the platform has mostly come of this crusade. Seeing no other way which promised defeat of the popular will, which demanded the nomination of Mr. Douglas, the conspirators have stimulated the South to demand a platform upon which he could not stand.—This demand involved the utter subversion of the Democratic doctrine regarding the relations of Congress to slavery in the Territories. The conspirators have failed here; the doctrine of "non-interference by Congress with slavery in the Territories has been preserved, and Mr. Douglas has been nominated."

The N. Y. Journal of Commerce has not yet declared for either ticket. Its preferences are for Breckinridge. In the meantime it points out one of the consequences of the division:

> In discussing the questions connected with the late breakdown of the Democracy at Baltimore, we are apt to confine our views mainly to the effect it will have upon the Presidential election. But there is another aspect of the question, quite as important, and equally affecting the interests of the people of the several States. We refer to the almost certain effect which it must have upon the local political organizations, in every State, county and district, throughout the Union. Failing to agree upon candidates for the Presidency, separate organizations will be demanded, to promote the success of the different nominees, and when these organizations are once provided, there is no ground for expectation that they will abstain from meddling with other questions of a more local character. Hence we may reasonably anticipate throughout the whole Union, double organizations, and as a consequence, conflicting and rival tickets, for all offices, from President down to member of assembly and town constable.

The Missouri Republican is strongly for Douglas. The two Louisville Democratic papers are divided, the Democrat supporting Douglas, and the Courier Breckinridge.

On Wednesday, the national Democratic Committee, appointed by the Breckinridge Convention, visited President Buchanan. He received them cordially and approved of the secession from the other body. The Constitution says:

> A very pleasant informal conversation between the President and the different members of the committee followed, in the course of which Mr. Buchanan's cordiality and earnestness in the cause impressed every one present. Upon their taking leave the venerable Chief Magistrate said: "God bless you, gentlemen, one and all. You go home to your different States; and there I am sure you will do your whole duty; and I fervently trust that you may be successful!" One of the committee turned and said, with emotion, "Think not, sir, that in going eagerly into the struggle to secure the ascendancy of our candidates, we shall ever cherish the less veneration and devotion for the setting sun."

Senator Fitzpatrick, in his letter declining the Vice Presidential candidacy on the Douglas ticket, says:

> The Black Republicans have harmoniously (at least in Convention) presented their candidates for the Presidency and Vice Presidency. So have the Constitutional Union party, (as it is termed.) Each party is already engaged in the contest. In the presence of such organizations we still, unfortunately, exhibit a divided camp. What a melancholy spectacle! It is calculated to cause every Democratic citizen who cherishes the Constitution of his country to despond, if not to despair of the durability of the Union.
>
> Desirous, as far as I am capable of exercising any influence, to remove every obstacle which may prevent a restoration of the peace, harmony, and perfect concord of that glorious old party to which I have been inflexibly devoted from early manhood—a party which, in my deliberate opinion, is the only real and reliable ligament which binds the South, the North, the East, and the West together upon Constitutional principles—no alternative was left to me but that which I have herein most respectfully communicated to you.

The Lynchburg, (Va.) Republican, (Douglas paper,) hoists the name of Breckinridge and Lane, and says in explanation:

> The State cannot be carried for either candidate except the friends of both cordially unite. We hope this may be done, and shall wait to see if it is not done. We think, perhaps, the State can be more easily carried for Breckinridge than for Douglas, and hence we have hoisted the name of the former. But the friends of the latter must be treated with proper respect and deference, or both will be hopelessly defeated. No war should be made upon Judge Douglas or his friends, nor should any war be made upon the Seceders and their friends. Let all agree to disagree, and vote for a common electoral ticket.

The National Democratic Committee, of the Breckinridge wing of the party, is as follows: Isaac I. Stevens, of Oregon; George W. Hughes, of Maryland; John W. Stevenson, of Kentucky; Wm. Flinn, J. G. Berret, Walter Lennox, George W. Biggs, of Washington, D. C.; Jefferson, Davis, of Mississippi; Thomas B. Florence, of Pennsylvania; J. R. Thomson, of New Jersey; Augustus Schell, of New York; A. B. Meek, of Alabama; J. D. Wright, of Indiana, and Robert Johnson, of Arkansas.

The Lexington (Va.) Star heads its column with Douglas and Johnson.

A Convention of the National Democracy of Georgia is called for the 24th of July.

The following are telegrams of interest:

TOLEDO, June 26.—The friends of Mr. Douglas held a ratification meeting here last night. A salute of thirty-four guns was fired, with bonfires, music, speeches, &c.

TRENTON, June 26.—A large Democratic meeting was held this evening to form a Democratic Club for the support of Stephen A. Douglas for the Presidency. Speeches were made by C. W. Joy, Charles Shelton, &c. Arrangements were made for a large mass ratification meeting.

PROVIDENCE, June 26.—One hundred guns were fired here this evening for Breckinridge and Lane.

STAMFORD, June 26.—One hundred guns were fired for Breckinridge and Lane this afternoon, and an immense enthusiasm prevailed.

BUFFALO, June 26.—A salute of 105 guns were fired here to-night, by the friends of Breckinridge and Lane.

ST. LOUIS, June 26.—The demonstration of the Breckinridge faction last night at the Planters' House was interrupted by a large body of Douglas men. Judge Bowlin, late Commissioner to Paraguay, endeavored ineffectually to speak, and finally withdrew. A collision at one time was imminent. Another Douglas jubilee comes off to-morrow night.

PARKERSBURG, VA., June 27.—A large and enthusiastic Breckinridge and Lane ratification meeting is being held here to-night at Union Hall. Hon. Albert S. Jenkins and other speakers are present.

ERIE, N. Y., June 27.—One hundred guns were fired here yesterday in honor of the nomination of Douglas. Military companies paraded, and the enthusiasm was very great.

LATER FROM JAPAN—*A Reported Battle.*—The brig Ida Rogers arrived at San Francisco on the 1st inst., 28 days from Kanagawa. A battle had been fought near Jeddo, in which a Prince was killed. Fears were entertained that an attack would be made on Kanagawa, and so much probability of it, that the shipping in the harbor were notified to hold themselves in readiness to protect themselves, as they could not be protected by the Government. A letter from a commercial firm at Kanagawa, dated May 3d, says:

> It is reported that there was a big fight in Yeddo yesterday, between the revolutionary party and the Government. No particulars received. The captains of all the vessels in the harbor were notified to be prepared for an attack. Guns were run out and shotted, and things certainly look squally.
>
> Two hundred and sixty soldiers arrived in town yesterday. Some say they came to protect the place; others say that they intend to wipe out all the foreigners. We have so many reports of this kind, that we do not regard them much. A few days will tell the story.

From the Rev. Mr. Goble, who sailed a few months ago from San Francisco for Kanagawa, as a missionary, the following letter is received, dated Kanagawa, April 24:

> "We arrived safe in Japan on the 1st of April, where we found the What-Cheer and the Page at anchor. They were about three weeks before us.
>
> "The white men here are in a state of constant alarm, on account of a set of desperadoes who hate foreigners, and have assassinated several and wounded others. These people are led on by a prince Meta, and are said to be constantly lurking about to see what they can do to disturb foreign residents. Besides this, the Government seems almost childishly to trifle with the Treaty, and strive to hinder the course of the trade, like the boy trying to stop the flow of the mountain stream by a few stones and lumps of clay. But just so sure as the accumulating force of the mountain brook will break down its barriers, just so sure will the stream of commerce break through all that this effeminate Government can oppose.
>
> "The Presbyterian and Dutch Reformed missionaries here are living in Budhist temples, rented willingly by the priests, who moved out with all their idols to admit the new comers. This is because the rent is more than the contributions of the worshippers.—The Government have carefully placed a watch at the gates of all the foreign residents to watch for thieves and robbers, and pretend to think us safely guarded, although the rear of our grounds is left exposed in all directions. We are permitted, however, to sit down quietly with our native teachers to study the language, and hope that, when the way is more fully opened, we shall be ready to go out and preach to the benighted millions, who throng us on every hand, the Gospel of the Son of God.
>
> "The climate is pleasant and healthful—so mild that the camelia japonica, which here, on its native soil, grows to a large tree, blooms all the winter as well as summer. We have heavy spring rains, and in summer the rain is generally sufficient to prevent great drought. Wheat is now in the ear, and the rape which produces oil, in full bloom. Peas are also in flower, and the whole face of nature looks gay. The air is redolent with perfume, and were it not for human degradation and misery everywhere apparant, we might almost think this a paradise."

THE JAPANESE.—A grand ball was given to the Japanese at Niblo's Theatre, in New York, Monday night. The Aldermen provided one thousand bottles of champagne for the occasion. The "No-Kamis" are packing their trunks to go on board the Niagara to-morrow, preparatory to sailing for home. The following is an incident of their operations on Tuesday:

> In the afternoon seven of the principal officers of the Embassy, including the princes and the chief interpreter, all of whom expressed their great pleasure at the Metropolitan ball, visited the widow of Commodore Perry, and were handsomely entertained. The officers of the naval commission, and the government interpreter, Mr. Portman, accompanied the Japanese. The collation was served up upon a Japanese table service, and the party were regaled with Japanese *saki*, or wine, imported by the Commodore. Com. Perry's children and grand-children were introduced to the Ambassadors. In response to Mrs. Perry's welcome, the chief Ambassador said that it gave him great pleasure to make Mrs. Perry's acquaintance. The memory of the late Commodore was held in high esteem by the government of Japan and by himself. Since the Commodore's visit, Japan had made great advances of the greatest importance to its prosperity. With so many articles of Japanese manufacture, the Japanese could not but feel entirely at home. He returned the thanks of the Ambassadors to Mrs. Perry and her friends.

ARCHBISHOP HUGHES ON THE "PERSECUTION" OF THE POPE.—The New York World says:

> After the conclusion of the mass in the Cathedral last Sunday, Archbishop Hughes ascended the pulpit and made a vigorous and stirring address of twenty minutes or so, on the position and difficulties of the Sovereign Pontiff, and explained a plan he has adopted for conveying to the "Holy Father" a substantial expression of the sympathy of this diocese. In the bold and expressive language of which the Archbishop is so great a master, he denounced with unmeasured severity the "transient emperors and contemptible kings," meaning, of course, Louis Napoleon and Victor Emmanuel—who, though pretending to be Catholics, had co-operated in despoiling the Pope of a part of his "patrimony," which, said his Grace, has been "snatched away by the sacrilegious hands of assasins and invaders." He announced that next Sunday he would preach a sermon which he has "no objection to see in print," in which he will explain at length, as far as is possible in a single discourse, his views on this whole Italian question, and refute the lying statements of "Protestant papers and infidel bureaus established for the purpose of misleading the Catholic world."

THE NEW COMET.—The new comet was visible at Boston, Monday night, about 9 o'clock, with the naked eye. The Journal says:

> It presented in the telescope a beautiful appearance, throwing off a light filmy train of seven or eight degrees in length, from a bright, starlike nucleus. It increases in brilliancy from night to night: but owing to the bad state of the sky since its discovery, sufficient observations were not obtained by the astronomers at Cambridge for determining its elements till last evening. The particulars of its distance and future course through the heavens will be reached by calculation to-day. The comet is now moving rapidly on the confines of Auriga, toward the zodiacal constellation, Cancer. Until the elements are computed, nothing but conjecture can be made respecting its future brilliancy.

DEATH OF A JAPANESE.—The latest California mails received at New Orleans announce that one of the Japanese, left sick in the San Francisco Hospital by the *Candinmarruh*, has since died and been buried.

ADROIT SWINDLER.—A man calling himself E. R. Miller, and hailing from Manchester, Calvert county, Md., came to this town some ten or twelve days since, with the ostensible purpose of buying out one of the merchants and of establishing himself in business here. He had deposited a check of $40 on a Baltimore bank, for collection [illegible] the Monticello Bank, which was promptly paid by the bank in Baltimore. He then agreed to purchase of Mr. A. H. Cleveland his stock of goods, and an inventory was taken and completed on Saturday afternoon, and he was to have taken possession on Monday last. In the meantime, he had lodged two checks, of $400 each, with the Monticello Bank, and two of $600 each with the Farmers' Bank, payable in Baltimore. On Saturday night he purchased a gold watch for $135, of Mr. J. W. Lipop, and gave him a check on the Farmers' Bank for the same, which was paid, after its endorsation by L.; he then drew $400 from the Monticello Bank, as his Baltimore checks had been entered to his credit by Mr. Flannagan, the cashier; and on Monday morning he hired a horse of Barksdale & Fretwell, and took himself off to parts unknown. The checks which he had deposited in our banks were forgeries, as they have been returned protested. As the wires on the Alexandria and Richmond telegraphs were cut below town on Sunday night, it is quite probable that this adroit forger and swindler cut them himself, to give him time to get out of the reach of the officers of the law.—*Charlottesville (Va.) Jeffersonian.*

A CHILD DEVOURED BY BEARS.—On Wednesday, 6th inst., a child about four years of age, was carried off and devoured by a bear in the town of Ellenburgh, Clinton county, N. Y. The child, a boy, went a short distance from his father's house, with a brother about eight years old, to fish in a brook. At school-time, the oldest boy went into the house to prepare for school, and told his mother that his brother had remained at the brook, and would return in a short time. In a little while his mother went after him, but he was not to be found. She then called him, and heard him crying at a distance. The sounds rapidly receded and passed beyond hearing. The woman immediately alarmed her husband, who made search for the child without success. The neighbors were then notified and a general search took place till nightfall. Next day the alarm became more extensive, and the search was renewed with increased energy. It was continued from day to day, without avail, till the following Monday, when a man passing a hollow log was growled at by a black bear. The bear was fired upon and killed. In the log were found two young bears, the missing child's clothes, and a portion of one of his legs. The cubs were dispatched, and upon and in the stomach of all three were found portions of the devoured boy.

SLACK ROPE PERFORMANCE BY A RAT.—Rats are somewhat proverbial for their natural instinct, which often manifests itself in expedients resorted to by them for self-preservation. We were witness of an instance of this a day or two since. Dick, our family cat, had caught a rat, and in its struggles for liberty and dear life the latter animal escaped up a post on which was stretched a clothes line. Out upon this the fugitive walked, *a la* Blondin and De Lave, till he had reached what he doubtless considered a safe distance from his pursuer, where he paused to await the issue, watching, with distended orbs, his enemy the cat. The latter, meanwhile, had lost no time in pursuing his prey, and having reached the top of the post, attempted to imitate his ratship in his slack-rope performances. But finding this impossible, he descended to the ground, and after pausing for a moment watching his prey he apparently became bewildered at the strange turn matters had taken, and returned to watch the hole from whence the rat had emerged. This was the rat's opportunity, and seizing upon it he descended to the ground and made good his escape.—*Newport (R. I.) News, June 25.*

A ROYAL FRIEND.—The means in use by the degraded King of Naples for torturing suspected persons among his subjects, as described by the London Times, are most revolting. One person, for merely carrying a letter in cypher, was placed in a sack and kept beneath the water until he had lost consciousness three times. The thumb-screw was used to extort confessions, and also an instrument called the tourniquet, which was applied to the head, which makes the eyes start forth and almost drop. Pontillo, a lieutenant of Maniscaler, invented an arm chair, in which the victim is seated on a sort of gridiron, under which is a pan of coal. Another way was to tie the head of the victim between his legs, and leave him in that position until he confessed. Another instrument was the *sbini*, or "angelic instrument," in which, by turning a screw, the limbs of a victim are crushed. On one occasion a man was suspended in the air, his arms being tied to one wall and his legs to another, and in that position an officer of the police jumped upon him and beat him.

SUIT FOR FORFEITURE OF THE ISABEL.—The Charleston Mercury of the 20th inst., says that in the United States District Court, in the case of the United States against the steamship Isabel, which has been pending since June 8, Judge Magrath delivered his opinion yesterday, dismissing the libel on the ground that the evidence had not sustained the charge made against the vessel. The libel in this case was filed for a violation of the act prohibiting the delivery of foreign goods brought into an American port, before sunrise and after sunset, without the special license of the naval officer or collector of the port; and upon the delivery of any such goods to the amount of $400, the vessel is liable to forfeiture. The application was for the forfeiture of the steamer Isabel, on the charge of landing, without a permit, twenty-five thousand cigars, valued at near $900.

CHARMING VALEDICTORY.—Mrs. Dr. Lydia Sayre Hasbrouck has been compelled to vacate the editorial chair of the *Sibyl* temporarily. Hear her reason: "We are the fortunate owners of a clover field, and we have just returned from walking through and inhaling its sweets—such as no cosmetic can imitate. But above all the fruits, plants and flowers, we have another little nursing plant to tend and nestle to our heart in the form of a little boy of ten days old, who lays quietly sleeping near us as we write this. A blue-eyed, fair-skinned, golden-haired and tender plant, he seems to meet the roughness of this world in striking contrast to our dark-eyed little Daisy, whose place here seems, if possible, more vacant now that the little brother she so often asked us to get her has come among us."

TRIBUTE TO A NOBLE WOMAN.—Miss Medkirk, a teacher in the Fourteenth District School at Cincinnati, who, during the memorable tornado in that city on the 21st of May, at the peril of her own life, nobly preserved the lives of the pupils under her charge, by resolutely standing at the door, although painfully wounded, and preventing their egress, was, on Saturday last, presented by a number of citizens with a gold watch, valued at $175, and suitably inscribed. She was also granted the freedom of the street railroads of the city, and about twenty of the railroads running out of or having connection with the city, so that she can enjoy the benefit of travel when she is sufficiently recovered from her injuries to leave the house.

VIRGINIA POST-OFFICE AFFAIRS.—On route 4,560, Parkersburg to Jackson C. H., a second weekly trip is ordered, which is important to the good people of that region. The name and site of office at Republican Mills, Fairfax county, is changed to Thornton's Depot, on the Alexandria, Loudoun and Hampshire Railroad, and Wm. H. Thornton appointed postmaster, vice John Powell. The office at Avo, Patrick county, is discontinued. Appointments to fill vacancies created by resignations: Robert S. Anderson postmaster at Applewood, Caroline county, vice Benson M. Wright. Josiah R. White postmaster at Hillsboro', Loudoun county, vice James Carroll. John Haines postmaster at Knob Fork, Wetzel county, vice R. B. Anderson.

A CURIOUS OLD CANNON.—The cannon with which the Brockport (N. Y.) people intend to fire the 4th of July salute is thus described by the *Republic*: It was cast at a government arsenal of Prussia, at Berlin, was taken from the Prussians by the English during a battle in the year 1778; was subsequently taken from the English by the Americans during the war of 1812. It is ten and a half feet long, has a four and a half inch bore, carries a twelve pound ball, and requires two and a half pounds of powder to charge it to its proper capacity. The gun weighs over two thousand pounds, aside from the carriage, which weighs as much more. It was purchased at the New York State Arsenal at Batavia. The price paid for it was $300.

CRINOLINE AND HATS IN CHURCH.—At a church in London, recently, a young gentleman put his hat under the seat, and shortly after two prepossessing ladies sat next to him. At the conclusion of the service the ladies left the church first, and the gentleman stopped in search of his hat, and to his surprise found it gone. He called the sexton, and applied to that worthy functionary for advice, who suggested that it might have been caught in the ladies' crinoline, and entangled in the crinoline sure enough it was. After bobbing against one of the young ladies' legs for a distance of about twenty yards, the hat dropped out, much to the surprise and astonishment of those following.

Snow fell at Kanagawa, Japan, on nine days between Dec. 1 and April 1, the greatest depth at any one time being three inches.

29, 1860. PRICE ONE CENT.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Stabbing the Watchmen.—A large number of persons, mostly the friends of the prisoners, were in attendance at the Mayor's Court yesterday, to witness the investigation into the charges against JAMES S. VANHORN and JOS. N. GILL, of feloniously stabbing Watchmen James R. Crafton and James H. Davis, on the night of the 2d inst. The prisoners are both young men, well known in the city, and heretofore have borne good characters. When the prisoners were set to the bar, Messrs. Johnson, August, and Crane, appeared as their counsel, and interrogated the witnesses who testified in behalf of the Commonwealth. We append the substance of the evidence, as follows:

About 10 o'clock on Saturday night, the 2d of June, watchmen Mundin and Heckler, while on their beat in the western part of the city, heard a noise near the corner of 2d and Broad, and started to ascertain the cause.—Before getting to 2d street they met the prisoners, who seemed to be intoxicated, but as they were then quiet and accompanied by a sober man, said nothing to them. Soon after they passed the party Mr. Fischer told them that he had been jostled from the sidewalk by the prisoners, and as they seemed disposed to get into a "muss," the watchmen turned about and followed them to Grill's corner, where they stopped and got into a scuffle. The watchmen then spoke to them, but did not arrest them, as Wm. Ahern promised to get them home. About this time Granville Montell crossed from the south to the north side of Broad street, and when he got to the prisoners, they stopped him, Gill declaring that he could whip anything that walked on two feet. Montell told them to go away, and immediately after exclaimed that he was stabbed, at the same time showing a slight flesh wound on his left side. Watchman Heckler then took hold of Vanhorn to arrest him, and Mundin aiding; a scuffle ensued; Gill and others trying to rescue him, and the officers holding on to their prisoner. When the parties scuffled across 1st street, Mundin gave the distress rap for aid, the lookers on refusing to help him, and watchmen Davis and Crafton hearing the call, hastened up.—When they reached the scene, Crafton approached the prisoner, who was in the custody of Mundin and Heckler, and took hold of his right arm. Soon after he did so, he received a severe stab in the left side, near the ninth rib, and finding that he was badly injured, released his hold, exclaiming that he was wounded. Davis, not knowing that the parties were armed, and seeing that Gill was endeavoring to release Vanhorn, put his hand upon his shoulder and told him to desist. As soon as he did so, Gill made a lunge at him, stabbing him in the breast just above the pit of the stomach, and striking the bone. Almost immediately, Davis gave Gill a severe blow over the head with his watch club knocking him down, and cutting his scalp badly. Davis then went to the aid of Heckler and Mundin, and assisted in overpowering Vanhorn, and carrying him to the cage, where a large pocket-knife was found on his person. A warrant was then obtained for Gill, who exhibited a knife at Grill's after the stabbing, and Lieut. Crone arrested him in his room on 12th street about 1 o'clock that night. Crafton was positive that Vanhorn stabbed him, though he did not see what he had in his right hand; and Davis saw Gill when he stabbed him in the breast, though none of the watchmen engaged in the arrest saw a knife in his hand. The Mayor remanded both for examination at the July term of the Hustings Court, and committed them to prison.

Fourth of July.—In order to guard against unnecessary exposure to the scorching rays of the sun, and at the same time to celebrate the approaching anniversary of Independence Day in an appropriate manner, Col. August has determined to order a parade of the First Regiment of Volunteers at 7 o'clock on the morning of the 4th. The various companies will fall into line at the hour designated, and after firing the usual salute, and marching and drilling, will be dismissed by 10 o'clock, so that the soldiers can spend the remainder of the day with their families and friends, at home or in the country, as may seem to them best. Col. August has seen the ill effects of keeping men under arms, in the streets, unnecessarily long in hot weather, and he has wisely and humanely determined to run no unnecessary risk with them hereafter.

The Young Guard Light Battalion, Capt. Rady, will also parade in the morning, and march to Volk's Garden, where they will have the Declaration of Independence read, partake of a dinner, and spend most of the day in social enjoyments.

The Grays, Capt. Elliott, will not visit Lexington, as they at one time expected to do. On inquiry, they have found that to reach there in good time, they would be compelled to make a long march on foot—a trip that would prove anything but agreeable to young men unaccustomed to long tramps over hot, dusty roads.

Two or three civic associations are preparing for short country trips, and any number of private pic-nic parties are already made up. Certainly no better mode of celebrating the 4th could be desired, than in social gatherings and pleasant trips for recreation.

Hustings Judge.—We understand that Judge Lyons will qualify on the 1st of July, and will hold the first term of his Court on the 16th, that being the third Monday in the month. No criminal business can be transacted in this new Court before the August term, because of the simple fact that all felony cases have first to go before a Grand Jury, and that body does not meet until the second Monday in August, and every third month thereafter. The Judge will sit every three months, and will transact most of the civil business now disposed of by the Court of Aldermen. He has no jurisdiction over misdemeanors, all of which belong to the Hustings Court. When the Grand Jury meets and files bills of indictments against felons, they are then tried before the Judge, at any of his sessions; but until the Grand Jury has acted, the accused parties cannot be brought to trial.

The Hustings Court will meet on the second Monday in each month, as heretofore, and will dispose of misdemeanors, etc., as well as sit as an examining Court on criminals charged with felony. Their duties will be materially abridged by the new Court.

Universalists' Sabbath School Pic-Nic.—The members and friends of this school held their annual pic-nic in the Fair Grounds, on Wednesday last. The company left the city in a special train of cars, at 9 o'clock A. M., and returned at 7 P. M. Short religious services were held in the pavillion, consisting of singing, prayer and addresses, by Rev. Mr. Shrigley and J. W. Shields, Esq. Although the company was much larger than on any former occasion—many more being present than were expected—all were most cordially welcomed, and there were provisions enough left to have fed an hundred more. The chairman of the committee, Mr. Joyner, is certainly deserving of much praise for his zeal and efficiency in perfecting the arrangements. The school is now in a more prosperous condition than at any former period in its history, and numbers among its members some of the most efficient teachers in the city. Everything connected with this pic-nic passed off to the entire satisfaction of all concerned.

Open the Books.—If books were opened for subscription to stock in the street railway from Rocketts to Brooke Avenue, there is very little doubt that all the money needed to complete and equip the road, could be secured in a single week. In other cities such improvements have proved profitable to the stockholders as well as serviceable to the community in which they are located, and similar results, with proper management, might be anticipated here. Street railroads in Richmond would probably not pay more than six per cent. for a year or two; but as the population increases the profits would become greater, and thus the company would be enabled to grid-iron the city with their rails, and supply every family a pleasure carriage for visiting and shopping, at trifling cost.

The York River Railroad Company are hastening forward the completion of their works, and will soon be ready to land passengers at West Point, in a few hours' run. Superintendent Sharp is bending all his energies to the perfection of the road, and to that end has completed a neat and roomy shed at the corner of 23d and Dock streets, from which point the passenger trains will hereafter take their departure. This new arrangement will save passengers a long ride or walk to and from the depot, and, as a consequence, will reduce hack hire and porterage considerably lower than at present.

Worth Trying.—Instead of sending bad boys to jail for trivial offences, and throwing them into the company of bad men, it would be wise policy to ship them on vessels as sailors, and to send them out West, where they would be put in charge of honest farmers and made to work. There are now several of these youngsters in the city jail, and the Mayor, no doubt, would get rid of them if he could, but he has no way of doing so, and must either keep them locked up, or turn them out to pillage and plunder at pleasure.

Getting Scarce.—Good vegetables were scarce in the First Market yesterday, and dealers say that if the weather continues hot and dry for a few days longer, their plants and vines will die. A farmer from Hanover informs us that his corn, and vines of various sorts, have burned up, and that his prospects for the future are gloomy. The season for harvesting could not have been more delightful, but the growing crops in many sections are suffering terribly from the drought.

Independence Day.—The approaching 4th of July is to be celebrated at the Amelia Springs with unusual spirit. We understand that a large concourse of persons are expected to convene at that delightful watering place on that day, and we are sure our city readers would be well repaid the cost and trouble of the trip, if they were to participate in it. We understand that the military of Amelia, together with the Cumberland Dragoons, will unite in the celebration. The procession will move at 11 o'clock, and will continue under arms for an hour. The public exercises will be opened with prayer by Rev. James Barnes, Chaplain of the regiment. Col. Charles A. Crump, of Nottoway, will then read the Declaration of Independence. After which Rev. RICHARD MCILWAINE, a speaker of fine abilities and great popularity, will deliver an oration suited to the occasion.—This portion of the exercises concluded, the audience will be dismissed for dinner. At four o'clock, the tournament will take place, which, to the young and gallant, will be the grand attraction of the day. At night the coronation ceremony will come off, the military and civic ball to close the gala day. The proprietors are making extensive arrangements to accommodate their guests, among whom will be the fair and lovely from the surrounding country. The out-door proceedings will be under the control of the military, who will insure good order. How the day can be more appropriately celebrated and enjoyed, we are unable to see.

Soiree Musicale.—By far the most pleasant and agreeable evening that the friends of education have had the privilege of spending, was in attendance on the *soiree musicale* of the Richmond Female Institute, on Wednesday evening last. At an early hour—although the President had limited the number of tickets—the hall was densely crowded by a very intelligent and appreciative audience, and when the young ladies who were to perform on the occasion entered the hall, there was a voluntary burst of applause at the beauty and grace displayed. The exercises consisted of pieces of the finest and most difficult music, both vocal and instrumental, and the solos, duetts, trios and choruses were rendered in that happy style that only well practiced performers can command, and displayed a high state of cultivation.

There have been a number of interesting exercises held by the Institute during this Commencement. On Friday last, Rev. A. J. Huntingdon, of Farmville, addressed them; on Sabbath evening last, Rev. Dr. Burrows delivered the Valedictory; on Monday evening, Rev. T. G. Keen, of Petersburg, addressed the Literary Society, and on Tuesday evening, the Commencement Exercises proper were held at the First Baptist Church.

Charged with Felony.—Yesterday afternoon, a man named James W. Richardson, a sailor, was arrested on the dock charged with stealing $110 in money, and a yawl, worth $25, from Luke P. Malloy, Captain of the schooner Ivey, now lying in this port. The robbery is said to have been committed in the waters of Maryland. Mr. Malloy, while his vessel was at anchor, went ashore on business. In his absence, Richardson helped himself to the money, took possession of the yawl and left, making his way to this port, where he was discovered by the Captain and arrested. He will probably be examined before the U. S. Commissioner and then sent on to the U. S. Court for trial.

The Encampment at the Fair Grounds, next November, promises to be a grand affair for the Cavalry, hundreds of whom will assemble to receive instructions in their duties as soldiers. One of the officers informs us that he expects to see at least ten commands of horse on the field; and others have hopes that they will be joined by infantry companies from the adjoining counties, and that the display will surpass anything of the kind ever witnessed in Virginia.

Imposition on Travelers.—To prevent the continual complaints of exorbitant charges by hackmen, it has been suggested that the Superintendents of the various Railroads leading into this city, should have the ordinance rates printed and posted in their cars, and that the various boarding-house and hotel keepers also post them in conspicuous places, so that their patrons can see and understand them at a glance.

U. S. Attorney.—John M. Gregory, Esq., U. S. Attorney for the Eastern District of Virginia, has resigned his office, and P. H. Aylett, Esq., of this city, has been appointed to fill the vacancy. Mr. Aylett is an able lawyer, and will no doubt discharge the duties of his office with promptness and fidelity.

The Commencement Exercises of Richmond College will take place in the First Baptist Church at 11 o'clock this morning, and cannot fail to prove highly interesting to the public, who are invited to attend.

"*The Niagara*" is one of the most important institutions in the city, and should be liberally patronized. But for its cooling showers the streets would now be impassable for the dust

HONORARY DEGREES.—At the commencement of Columbia (D. C.) College, Tuesday, the honorary degree of Master of Arts was conferred on the Rev. Wm. H. Roberts, of Marietta, Ga., and on Henry R. Brown, artist, now of South Carolina. Also, the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity upon the Rev. Robert Ryland, president of Richmond College, and on the Rev. Henry R. Tucker, professor of metaphysics and belles lettres of Macon University, Georgia, both of whom are alumni of this college.

ELOPEMENT OF A LOUISVILLE BELLE WITH HER MUSIC TEACHER.—A day or two since, a beautiful and accomplished young lady, one of the reigning belles of Louisville, Ky., a member there of the *beau monde*, and the only daughter and heiress of a druggist, worth at least half a million, eloped with her music teacher, a middle-aged German, and, after going through the necessary formula of the hymenial connection, at Cincinnati, departed *en route* for Europe.

A FEMALE RAIL FENCE BUILDER.—In Franklin county, Tenn., there is a woman who can beat Abe Lincoln all hollow at his favorite game. One of the Deputy Marshals for that county made the acquaintance of a lady 75 years old, who built 300 yards of good rock fence within the last year, with her own hands; and what is more, she gathered and carried in her arms all the materials of which the fence is built.

THE GOLDEN ROBIN.—The Gloucester (Mass.) Telegraph notices the appearance in great numbers of the golden robin. The song of this bird is spoken of as much sweeter than that of the old familiar robin red breast, and his plumage is much brighter. In other respects he much resembles that bird. The increase is attributable to a decrease in the disposition to interfere with the birds, among both old and young.

THE STEAMER BEN LEWIS.—The total number lost by the explosion of the Ben Lewis is about twenty, including three who died of their injuries. McGinnis, the Chief Engineer, thinks the boat listed at the confluence of the Ohio and Mississippi rivers to such an extent as to empty one boiler for possibly one minute. The Ohio river is very low, and the Mississippi quite high.

GRADUATES.—At the commencement of Columbia College, D. C., Wednesday, the degree of Bachelor of Philosophy was conferred on Sam'l Forrer and Dan'l D. Johnson, of Va.; that of Bachelor of Arts on Jno. B. Gorman, Geo. Thomas, Jas. O. Kirk, Adolphus McClenney, Jno. Pollard, Jr., and Wm. L. Wilson, of Va., and that of Master of Arts on Jno. T. Griffin, of Va.

RELIGIOUS.—Rev. Dr. Palmer, of New Orleans, who was recently called to the pastorate of the church in this city, which was under the care of the late Dr. Alexander, has also been elected to a Professorship in Princeton College. The New Orleans Picayune states that it is not at all probable that Dr. Palmer will accept either position.

FACTORY BURNT.—The woolen factory of Solon Perry, at Cambridgeport, Vt., was set on fire and totally destroyed, on the night of the 16th inst. The loss on factory, machinery, and stock, is about $35,000, on which there is insurance amounting to $[illegible],000. A large number of people are thrown out of employment.

A CARD OF THANKS.—Henry Baldwin for fourteen years, George Stevens for five, and Richard Knowles for three, all left Wheeling, Va., on Monday for the State Prison. They left a "card of thanks" to the jailer and his wife for their kind treatment.

CANADIAN TESTIMONIAL TO SAYERS.—The citizens of Montreal have been getting up a testimonial for Sayers. It consists of a [illegible] embossed covered silver quart tankard, bearing the following inscription: "To Tom Sayers, from a few admirers of English pluck."

SUGAR FROM MEXICO.—A cargo of sugar, the first imported, was recently received in New York, from Campeachy, Yucatan. It is pronounced "a good strong article, fully equal to Cuban, in the hardness of its crystals, when refined."

SWORDFISH.—The pilot boat Vision, with two swordfish, the Hornet with four, and the Rescue with five, arrived at New Bedford on Sunday, having taken them off Block Island on Friday and Saturday. The largest weighed 600 pounds.

Richmond Dispatch.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

1 square, 1 day,——	$0.50	1 square, 5 days,—	$1.50
1—do.—2 days,——	0.75	1—do.— 6 days,—	1.75
1—do.—3 days,——	1.00	1—do.— [illegible]	[illegible]
1—do.—4 days,——	1.25	1—do.— 1 month,	[illegible]

Larger advertisements in exact proportion.

Advertisements published until forbid, will be charged 50 cents per square of eight lines for the first insertion, and 25 cents for each continuation.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

JOHN W. GREEN,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Will practice in the Courts of the city of Richmond and county of Henrico. Strict attention will be given to all business entrusted to him.

Office, for the present, with his father, William Green, southwest corner Main and 7th streets.

je 27—6m

DR. Z. S. McGRUDER, of Henrico, having taken an office on FRANKLIN STREET, first house above Metropolitan Hall, tenders his professional services to the public.

je 7—3m

DR. F. S. LUCKETT having located permanently in the city of Richmond, tenders his professional services to the citizens.

Office, Ballard House. Residence, Mrs. Mosby's, corner of 9th and Franklin sts. je 1—1m

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CHASTAIN WHITE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Practices in all the Courts of the city of Richmond, the counties of Henrico, Hanover, Caroline and Goochland.

Office, corner 12th and Franklin streets, near the State Court-House. my 12—dis

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NOTICE TO THE LADIES.—Mrs. JANE A. WILLIAMS, M. D., has removed to Broad, between 1st and Foushee streets, south side, and is prepared to treat all forms of diseases peculiar to females and children.

Especial attention given to the practice of Obstetrics.

my 7—3m

LEECHING, LEECHING.—MRS. WOOLHOUSE, Cupper and Leecher, 138 Main street, over S. Sutherland's Gun Store, sign of the Big Gun.—Mrs. W. has for years attended the ladies of Richmond, and given universal satisfaction.

Mrs. W. will attend those requiring her services at all hours, day or night.

N. B.—LEECHES for sale. Orders from the country carefully packed. ap 20—3m

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HAWES N. SUTTON, ATTORNEY AT LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC.—Practices in all the Courts of the city of Richmond and the counties of Henrico and Goochland. Office corner Bank and 11th streets, Richmond, Va. He is also Commissioner of the United States Court of Claims. ap 16—3m

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GEORGE B. STEEL,
DENTIST.

Office and Residence Southwest corner Main and 8th sts., first door above Crenshaw's New Hotel, Richmond, Va.

Having an experience of ten years in his profession, he feels confident of giving satisfaction to those who may favor him with their patronage.

mh 15—6m

JOHN S. CASKIE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Has removed his office to No. 2 Law Building, near the State Court-House.

He practices in all the Courts held in the city of Richmond and county of Henrico. fe 14—ts

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LAWRENCE S. MARYE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Practices in the Courts of the City of Richmond and the Counties of Henrico, Hanover and Caroline.

He is also Notary Public and Commissioner of the United States Court of Claims.

The partnership between Mr. CHASTAIN WHITE and himself being dissolved, his office is now on 11th street, just below Goddin's Hall. fe 13—1y

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HENRY HUDNALL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
AND NOTARY PUBLIC,

Practices in all the Courts held in the city of Richmond.

Also, practices regularly in the County and Circuit Courts of Chesterfield.

As Notary, will take Depositions and Acknowledgments, Administer and Certify Oaths, and perform whatever other duties pertain to the office of Notary.

Office at the corner of *Bank* and 11th streets, just below the Custom-House. ja 31—1y

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PARKE POINDEXTER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, RICHMOND, VA., will practice in the city of Richmond and in the counties of Chesterfield, Powhatan and Amelia.

Office in Linle's Building, corner of Main and 14th street oc 29—1y

DISSOLUTIONS, &c.

DISSOLUTION.—The concern of RODDEY & STROTHER is this day dissolved by the purchase of R. H. Strother's interest in same by F. W. Roddey, who will in future conduct the business in his own name. All liabilities of the concern of RODDEY & STROTHER will be paid by F. W. Roddey.

F. W. RODDEY,
R. H. STROTHER.

JUNE 19th, 1860.
je 21—1m

DISSOLUTION.—The co-partnership of BURGER & BOYLE has been dissolved by mutual consent. The debts due the concern will be paid to BURGER & BROTHERS, who will also settle all claims against the same.

HENRY R. BURGER,
EDWARD BOYLE.

New Co-Partnership.—The undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership for the manufacture and sale of all kinds of Saws, under the name and style of BURGER & BROTHERS.

HENRY R. BURGER,
LEWIS BURGER,
PETER N. BURGER.

Richmond, 19th June, 1860.

Dissolution.—The co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the style of BURGER, BOYLE & GAMBLE, has been dissolved. The debts due the concern will be paid to BOYLE & GAMBLE, who will also settle all claims against the same.

HENRY R. BURGER,
EDWARD BOYLE,
THOMAS GAMBLE.

Co-Partnership.—The undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership for the manufacture and sale of CIRCULAR and all other kinds of SAWS, under the name and style of BOYLE & GAMBLE.

EDWARD BOYLE,
THOMAS GAMBLE.

Richmond, 19th June, 1860. je 20—d3w

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The firm of NORVELL & WAGGONER is this day dissolved, EDWARD NORVELL withdrawing therefrom. The business will be closed by JAMES J. WAGGONER, who will use the name of the concern only in liquidation.

Richmond, June 16, 1860.

The undersigned have this day formed a co-partnership under the style and firm of WAGGONER, HILL & ARCHER, for the purpose of conducting a WHOLESALE GROCERY and COMMISSION BUSINESS, at the stand lately occupied by Norvell & Waggoner, corner of 14th and Cary streets. They solicit the custom of the old concern.

JAMES J. WAGGONER,
JAMES R. HILL,
SAM'L M. ARCHER.

Richmond, June 16, 1860. je 20—2w

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The partnership of MILLSPAUGH & JOHNSTON, heretofore existing between the subscribers, was dissolved by mutual consent on the 1st day of June, 1860.

All persons indebted to the concern, will please make payment to CHARLES JOHNSTON, who alone is authorized to settle up its business, and who will continue at the old stand.

HENRIETTA MILLSPAUGH,
June 1, 1860. CHARLES JOHNSTON.

Card.—The subscriber takes this opportunity of returning thanks to his friends and the public for their patronage of the late firm, and hopes by strict personal attention to business and endeavors to supply them with none but pure and reliable medicines, to merit a continuance of their favors.

CHARLES JOHNSTON,
Apothecary and Druggist,
No. 27 Main street, Richmond, Va.

PRESCRIPTIONS carefully compounded at all hours of the day and night by competent assistants. je 9—tJy1

NOTICE.—The firm of PULLIAM & BETTS having this day ceased, WM. H. BETTS will continue in the NEGRO AUCTION BUSINESS, and has taken into co-partnership with him E. J. GREGORY. They will conduct the business under the firm of BETTS & GREGORY, at their salesroom on *Franklin street*, four doors below Wall street, and about one square below the former office of Pulliam & Betts, and respectfully solicit a continuance of the patronage which was so liberally extended to Wm. H. Betts while in the firm of Pulliam & Betts.

They have obtained the services of Mr. Buckner W. ELMORE as Clerk, who has an interest in the business.

WM. H. BETTS,
E. J. GREGORY.

RICHMOND, May 10, 1860. my 10—d&cw2m

NOTICE.—The term of co-partnership of PULLIAM & BETTS having expired, by agreement, this day, the same business of selling NEGROES AT AUCTION and privately, on commission only, will be continued by us, at THE OLD STAND, ODD FELLOWS' HALL. We respectfully solicit a continuation of patronage from our friends and the public generally, and by industry and perseverance hope to merit the liberal patronage heretofore extended to us.

PULLIAM & CO.

A. C. PULLIAM,
H. F. PULLIAM,
D. K. WHITLOCK.

Richmond, Va., May 10, 1860. my 11—3m

NOTICE.—Having sold my tools, stock in trade and good will to Mr. GEO. STARRETT, my friends and customers will please call on him for any work they may require.

Very respectfully, WM. BOWDEN, JR.

PLUMBING, GAS-FITTING, TINNING, &c., done in the best manner and with dispatch. Estimates furnished for Buildings. Furnaces and Ranges of the most approved patterns; always on hand a large and desirable stock from which to select.

GEO. STARRETT,
Belvin's Row, Governor st.

[illegible] EXTRACT OF JAMAICA GINGER.—[illegible] contains all the virtues of [illegible] free from all deleterious [illegible] excellent stimulant and [illegible] For sale by [illegible], Druggist.

5,000 [illegible]

[illegible]

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200 [illegible]

[illegible]

CHAMPAGNE WINES [illegible] landing and for sale by [illegible]

[illegible]