Richmond Dispatch.

BY COWARDIN & HAMMERSLEY.

THE DAILY DISPATCH is served to subscribers at SIX AND A QUARTER CENTS PER WEEK, payable to the Carrier weekly. Price for mailing, $4 a year, or $2.50 for six months, in advance.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY DISPATCH is issued every Tuesday and Friday at $2, in advance.

THE WEEKLY DISPATCH is issued every Friday, and mailed to subscribers at $1 per annum.

DAILY DISPATCH.

VOL. XIX.---NO. 97. RICHMOND, VA., SATURDAY, APRIL 27, 1861. PRICE ONE CENT.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Encourage SOUTHERN MANUFACTURES.

Do so, and especially if you can obtain as desirable Goods, without paying any more for them than their actual worth.

THE CRENSHAW WOOLEN COMPANY, OF THIS CITY,

Organized last year, and in order to make such Goods as would not compete with, but would rather aid other Southern manufactures by furnishing grades and styles of Goods that have never heretofore been made in Virginia, they filled their Mill with machinery of the best and finest quality. They are now manufacturing FINE CASSIMERES and CLOTHS of every variety, from Fine Virginia Merino and Mestizo Wool, and solicit the attention of the trade in the South to their Goods. All who have seen their ARMY CLOTHS, manufactured at first expressly for the Virginia Military Institute, pronounce them at least equal, if not superior in quality, to those they had been buying heretofore, and quite as cheap.

The Virginia State and Central Agricultural Societies, at their Fair held in this city, in October last, awarded to this Company a GOLD MEDAL for their exhibition of Woolen Goods, which included some beautiful SHAWLS, BLANKETS, &c.

Purchasers may rely upon every piece of Goods manufactured by us being what it is represented, and under no circumstances will this Company be induced to work shoddy in their Goods, nor will they card any cotton with their wool.

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$50,000 WORTH OF ELEGANT DRY GOODS, AT AND BELOW COST, FOR CASH ONLY, TO CLOSE BUSINESS.

In consequence of the general financial derangement throughout the country, we have determined to sell off our superior and desirable stock of

DRY GOODS,

at a GREAT SACRIFICE, to close business as soon as possible.

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Large stock of Goods for SERVANTS' Summer and Winter Clothing.

Purchasers are invited to call and see for themselves.

A. E. PARKER & CO., 143 Main street, Eagle Square.

N. B.—All persons indebted to us, will please call and settle their accounts without delay, as longer indulgence will not be given.

A. E. P. & CO.

mh 5—ts

Health, Health—

BETTER THAN GOLD!

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[An Extract from the Letter.]

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"Gentlemen, I am a thousand times obliged to you, and you are at liberty to use my name and case to all.

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FEMALES AND CHILDREN.—This TINCTURE will be found a great medicine for all their diseases.

Call and get Pamphlets, and read many of the most powerful possible certificates of cures of the above diseases of our own citizens.

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ap 1—d&ewts

A Physiological View of Marriage—Containing nearly 300 pages, and 130 fine plates and engravings of the anatomy of the sexual organs in a state of health and disease; with a treatise on self abuse, its deplorable consequences upon the mind and body, with the author's plan of treatment—the only rational and successful mode of cure, as shown by the report of cases treated. A truthful adviser to the married and those contemplating marriage, who entertain doubts of their physical condition. Sent, free of postage, to any address, on receipt of 25 cents in specie, or postage stamps, by addressing,

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(ESTABLISHED 1836.)

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INVESTED IN THE UNITED STATES.... 850,000
DAILY REVENUE..... 7,500

Stockholders personally responsible for all the engagements of the Company.

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Price 50 cents per bottle. To be had of all Druggists. mh 1—ts

Bathe!! Bathe!! Bathe!!!

HOT, COLD AND SHOWER BATHS can be had daily, from 6 o'clock A. M. until 10 P. M., at the American Hair Cutting, Shaving, Shampooing and Bathing Saloon, under the American Hotel, entrance on 14th street. Single Bath 25 cents; or five tickets for $1 ap 15

ENGRAVINGS.—A beautiful collection has just been received at the Artists' Supply store of ALB. LYBROOK, Under Spotswood Hotel ap 4

Richmond Dispatch.

SATURDAY MORNING...APRIL 27, 1861.

FROM MONTGOMERY.

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE DISPATCH.]

MONTGOMERY, MONDAY, April 22d, 1861.

The noble band of Virginia secessionists, who, Mazeppa like, had been lashed to the dead brute of Black Republicanism until they had well nigh despaired of bursting the cords that bound them to the putrid remains, must have felt, when the day of their deliverance came, a thrill of joy like those alone can feel who subside from a supposed death into the happy enjoyment of a delicious life. Such, indeed, seemed the feelings of the Hon. Roger A. Pryor on last Friday night, whilst addressing the dense mass of human beings in this city who turned out to welcome him to their midst. During his speech, which was made from the rotunda of the Exchange Hotel, he thanked his God that he was no longer in a Government presided over by "a vulgar excrescence of Northwestern black-guardism," who, he trusted, would be accommodated with a continuation of the wicked war he had brought upon the country, until his black heart should sink and sicken with its horrors. In concluding, he paid a glowing tribute to the talents and patriotism of Wm. L. Yancey—styling him the Patrick Henry of Southern Independence, and, discarding forever from his mind the lingering recollection of their ancient feud, begged to lay at his feet the homage of his admiration.

Mr. McClusky, one of the editors of the *Avalanche*, a paper published in Memphis, Tenn., responded most happily for that State, defending with much warmth the people against the charge of sympathizing with the Lincoln Administration, and pledging them to an immediate and unconditional separation from the "old wreck."

Montgomery being the seat of the Government, its citizens, as you may suppose, watch with deep interest the political and warlike developments that are daily occurring, and are easily excited to the exhibition of much feeling by anathemas against the Lincoln Administration, or by encomiums on this. But nowhere is there a particle of treason to be snuffed in the tainted breeze. All are ready, if it were necessary, to throw their last dollar into the Treasury to support the Government in its brave course, and maintain the gigantic preparations that are rapidly progressing, to afford an entertainment to our enemies that shall fully deserve the application of Tom Corwin's infamous idea of a *Mexican reception*.

Private information received by me from several of the interior counties of Virginia, heretofore opposed to secession, discloses the fact that certain politicians of the Submission breed are representing to the masses that the people of the seven States forming the Southern Confederation, in consequence of the great excitement and disquietude attending their secession, have been converted into a condition of the most slavish subjection and distress, and that their prosperous fields and cities are fast becoming a

"Melancholy waste of putrid marshes."

Nothing could be more wickedly and maliciously false! They are indeed loathsome, viperous slanders, that foam with the poison and gall of a black malignant hatred of the noble Southern people, whose authors cannot be deterred from their perpetration by even the shame of convicted falsehood. The people are not only happy and contented, but rejoice and exult over their new condition.—Even the mothers prepare with their own hands the military clothing worn by their sons, and exhort them to bear bravely the hardships of the field. The business of the whole country is being prosecuted with an almost redoubled energy.

The agriculturists are tending with the utmost diligence the heavy crops of grain that were planted in anticipation of a necessity for extra supplies, and the most unselfish devotion to the interests of the Government and common country are shown by all classes.

A system, too, of rigid economy is practiced by the inhabitants of all professions, and prevails in all the departments of the Government. No *sinecurists* are to be found within its walls. None but the most indispensable expenditures of the peoples' money are permitted. I heard the Chief of an important Bureau in the Treasury Department, whose duties as Comptroller of the Treasury here were divided at Washington among four large Bureaus, complain at the purchase of an ordinary hat-rack for his room, worth $10. And the proprietor of a large Cabinet warehouse, with whom the Government deals, assured me that the furniture in the two Executive rooms of the President cost very little more than that purchased to furnish the apartments of the most ordinary clerks.

The people of the Confederate States, like the Sumters and Marions of the first Revolution will breakfast on roots and dine on sweet potatoes sooner than abandon their noble struggle for Southern independence.

Intelligence reached the War Department last night (Sunday) from Virginia in relation to the destruction of the Gosport Navy-Yard. The President was sent for, and was engaged in consultation with Gen. Walker until a late hour of the night. Great indignation is expressed at the malicious act, which shows how cold-blooded and atrocious is the hate of the enraged beast against a people for whom he recently expressed his partiality and admiration.

J. R. P.

FROM THE NORTHWEST.

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE DISPATCH.]

PRUNTYTOWN, TAYLOR CO., VA., April 21st, 1861.

Union sentiments are rapidly dying away all over this portion of Northwestern Virginia, and the people are becoming one in sympathy, one in desire, and one in heart, with a rapidity which is as astonishing as it is gratifying. I am not writing for sensation purposes, as I have certainly no desire to deceive any one. I am speaking facts, as I know them to exist, and as I have learned them from reliable and intelligent sources. A number of men, in this immediate vicinity, who voted for either Douglas or Bell, and who have been Union men all along, are now cooperating heartily with the Secession party. (Thank God for this change in their feelings.) A very sensible gentleman, who knows the people generally in our county, assured me this morning that at least one hundred changes had taken place in Taylor county during the past week. Instead of the news of the secession of our State having strengthened the Union party—as some false prophets had declared it would do—it bids fair to break them down, or break them up, whichever you prefer.

In Marion county, (adjoining this,) it has been asserted by intelligent persons that the Secession ticket will prevail by a majority of 1500, if there should be time to submit it to the people.

Volunteer companies are being raised with most commendable zeal. Taylor county will furnish two or three, and more if found necessary. I see by the public papers that Major Geo. W. Hansbrough, of this town, and Capt. John A. Robinson, of Fetterman, are each engaged in raising a company. Major Hansbrough came to this county from Eastern Virginia nearly six years ago. He possesses a fine classical education, (a graduate of the Virginia University,) and is a lawyer of ability and promise. He is a whole-souled Virginian, full of patriotism, full of fire and full of courage. For several months past he has scarcely been able to restrain his inclination to abandon his profession, hasten away from the endearments of an interesting family, and fly to the aid of the seceded States. Capt. Robinson is also a good man, and an unwavering patriot. Both of these gentlemen, if called into service, will make their mark, so far as skill, bravery and courage are concerned.

But we have hundreds of good men in Western Virginia, and the patriotic fire is spreading among them like the fire in the mountains."

Had you, Messrs. Editors, been intimately and thoroughly acquainted with our people six months ago, and were you now to visit us, you would be astonished at the change in sentiment. The Unionists are dispirited, mortified, alarmed, chagrined, amazed. They know not what to do. They look like a whipped child, while their ranks are being rapidly thinned, and the ranks of the State-Rights or Patriotic Party are being as rapidly augmented.

MORE ANON.

PRUNTYTOWN, TAYLOR CO., VA., April 23d, 1861.

Yesterday was the regular term of the County Court for Taylor county. At an early hour the people of Grafton, Fetterman, Webster, Clayville, Flemington, and Rogue's Harbor, (all railroad towns in this county,) and a number of farmers, began to arrive.—The usual business of granting licenses to sell "*the ardent*" was attended to before dinner. After dinner the people re-assembled at the Court-House to consult about our National troubles, when a number of interesting speeches were delivered. The occasion was the most agreeable and harmonious one I have ever seen in any political gathering in Western Virginia, (and I have been a close observer of political movements in this section of the State since 1820.) I feel proud of my native section of the Old Dominion, while I record the fact that she will roll up a majority for the ratification of the Secession Ordinance at the general election.—Gentlemen, "I am not mad, but speak forth the words of truth and soberness," when I assure your thousands of Southern readers, that Western Virginia will be true to the honor, the glory, the renown, and the independence of our noble old State. The change going on is beyond anything the most sanguine could have hoped for. Among those who formerly opposed secession may now be found hundreds who will vote for the ratification of the Ordinance—some from one *avowed* motive and some from other motives; but *all* because they are Virginians, either by birth or by choice, and cannot find it in their hearts to forsake their venerable mother, in this hour of her trial. I have been a close observer and an attentive listner of this day's proceedings, and give it as my deliberate opinion that, apart from petty jealousies, eight out of every ten of our people would vote the ratification ticket. In every county in this (Wheeling) Congressional District, and in many of the counties of the adjoining (Parkersburg) District, a glorious change is going on.

The speakers, to-day, were Col. James K. Smith, our delegate to the Legislature; Jno. S. Burdett, Esq., our delegate to the State Convention; C. W. Newlon, Esq., our State Senator, and James Neeson, Esq., the Senator from the Marion District. Mr. Neeson's speech was a most powerful and argumentative appeal to the people to repel the insults, injustice and outrages of an abolitionized Government, by voting for the ratification of the Ordinance. Mr. Smith and Mr. Newlon both made excellent speeches on the same side, urging the people to act a noble part. Mr. Burdett spoke in a subdued tone, neither sustaining nor opposing the Ordinance. He most earnestly, however, joined the other speakers in recommending peace, unanimity, and harmony of action among the people. He reminded the people that they had extorted a pledge from him that he would not, under any circumstances, vote for secession. He had kept his promise, and thus discharged his duty to those who elected him.

The best order and the most good feeling I ever witnessed on such occasions prevailed throughout the meeting. An incident of an unpleasant character, and which liked to have proved serious, occurred just before the speaking commenced. In a street quarrel a pistol was fired with intent to kill, but the murderous arm was thrown up by a bystander an instant before the discharge, and no harm was done. This was the first pistol ever fired at a fellow-mortal in our village, so far as I remember.

Hon. Z. Kidwell received the nomination to Congress from this district at the recent District Convention at Fairmont, by the States-Rights party. His competitor is Hon. W. G. Brown. Kidwell will beat him handsomely, if the Congressional election comes off, though it is believed that that election will, and ought to be postponed for the present.

MORE ANON.

FROM HARPER'S FERRY.

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE DISPATCH.]

HARPER'S FERRY, April 23, 1861.

The population of this village having increased about three hundred per cent. in the last single week, it now claims to be of importance enough to have a place in the "Correspondence of the Dispatch."

Under telegraphic orders from Governor Letcher, received in Staunton on Wednesday, the 17th instant, Major General Harper immediately started with such of his command as could be called so suddenly in the field, and himself and staff traveling all night, reached this place about 12 o'clock on the night of the 18th instant, just in time to be too late to save the loss of 15,000 stand of the most improved arms, which were set on fire by the United States force in command of the Arsenal, on their abandoning the post. So much for not having a railroad from Winchester to Strasburg.

Volunteer companies have been arriving daily, and now number over 3,000 select troops, composed of the flower and chivalry of Virginia. The command, as near as I can represent it unofficially, is as follows:

Major-General Kenton Harper, of Augusta, Commanding. Staff—Col. Bolivar Christian, of Augusta, Adj't Gen'l of Division; Col. Geo. A. Porterfield, of Berkeley, Inspector Gen'l of Division; Maj. J. A. Harman, of Augusta, Quartermaster Gen'l of Division; Maj. Wm. H. Tams, of Augusta, Aid-de-camp of Division. Brigadier-General James H. Carson, of Frederick, 3d Brigade Comd'g; Brigadier General Wm. H. Harman, of Augusta, 13th Brigade Comd'g; Brigadier General Gilbert S. Meem, of Shenandoah, 7th Brigade Comd'g.

The great Union county of old Augusta has no less than eight fully equipped and well-filled volunteer companies here, and were among the very first in the field, although farthest off. Rockingham has five; Albemarle two, with two beautiful companies of University students; Culpeper has three; Orange has three; Louisa one; Shenandoah three; Warren one; Fauquier two; Jefferson about five; Berkeley about four; Frederick about four; and scattering companies from other neighboring counties.

These troops are skillfully posted, in fine spirits, and spoiling for a fight. The enemy are hovering in large numbers along the Pennsylvania border, making Carlisle barracks and Harrisburg headquarters, communicating by railroad to within 18 miles of this point; besides these, the Federal troops in Washington and Annapolis are near enough to us to be more "neighborly" than they seem inclined. Although many fine arms were burnt or stolen, yet a decided acquisition in Old Virginia's present emergency was secured; and the General has employed actively a large force of the workmen in putting together the components of arms, to the number of near one thousand; thus nearly every volunteer on the ground rejoices in a first quality Minnie gun, and is as proud as a boy with a new toy. Machinery not needed for this purpose is rapidly packed off to Winchester, out of reach of re-capture. This expedition will prove most valuable in its results to the Republic and Dominion of Virginia.

ANON.

FROM PORTSMOUTH.

[SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE DISPATCH.]

PORTSMOUTH, April 24, 1861.

I am endeavoring to keep you posted in regard to matters with us. If what I may write is acceptable to you, and shall furnish some satisfactory information, I shall be willing to make these contributions to your columns. Let me say that many merely incidental matters I am compelled to omit, as almost innumerable duties press upon me. I have to write such articles amid urgent calls and distressing circumstances.

Yesterday was comparatively a quiet day with us. It was to a great many somewhat a gala day. There has been a constant rush to the beautiful Hospital grounds, but yesterday the attraction seemed to be greater than ever. The beautiful weather favored the turnout, and by five o'clock in the afternoon there must have been over five thousand persons gathered there, a large proportion of whom were the beautiful women of Portsmouth and Norfolk. The Georgians said they had felt they could do some fighting; now, with such a display of female loveliness, they were inspired to meet the world in arms.

The batteries are being pushed forward with amazing diligence. It is gratifying to contemplate the fact that here on the spot of our own citizens, we have the men who know how to carry on these preparations with faultless skill. Well may we say of these noble men, they are the "bone and sinew" of the land.

I presume the battery at Seawell's Point is all prepared for action. Five guns of heavy calibre, all mounted, were sent down there yesterday. They were recovered from the Merrimac, the steamer which was sunken at the Navy-Yard. A vessel coming up must near that battery within three quarters of a mile, and keep within that range for several miles.

Last night we sent to your city ten powerful guns, already mounted on carriages, which were recovered from the battery of the Germantown. I suppose that by this hour you are rejoicing over their arrival. If they are ever used, being in the hands of your brave boys, we shall expect to hear a good report.

EMCH.

SPEECH OF GEN. CASS.—At the meeting held at Detroit on Wednesday evening, under the direction of the Board of Trade of that city Gen. Cass spoke as follows:

Fellow-Citizens: I have not come to make a speech; my time for engaging in political discussions has passed away. I have come to do honor to that glorious old flag which you have just unfurled to the breeze—that flag, which has ever waved triumphantly at home and abroad. I was born under it. I have spent my life under it, and when my last hours shall come, I sincerely hope my last gaze may rest upon it with its Stars undimmed and its Stripes unsevered. [Cheers.] And I hope the Almighty Being will, in His mercy, yet stretch forth His hands, save us from the calamity of civil war, and restore a fraternal feeling among these States. May He incline the hearts of our people to restore our glorious Union and secure its perpetuity.

ABOUT THIRTY of the students of the Theological Seminary of Virginia, who resided at the North, have left the Seminary, on account of the troubles of the country. It was pleasing to know, that the young brethren there parted from each other, with true Christian feeling and brotherly kindness. If the feelings there exhibited on a small scale could only now be seen in our country at large, what little need there would be of war.—*Southern Churchman.*

VIRGINIA.

THE WAR FEELING AROUSED—WESTERN VIRGINIA TRUE TO THE SOUTH—RETURN OF THE UNIVERSITY COMPANY, &c., &c.

Letters which we publish elsewhere show that Virginia is fully aroused, and that her brave sons are ready to buckle on their armor and march to her defence. Every mail brings renewed assurances of the spread of the war feeling, and we regret that we are unable to publish all that we receive.

A letter from Union, Monroe county, (April 23d,) says:

The flags of Virginia and the Confederate States are floating all over the town. The students of our High School raised a beautiful one last night, by the light of the moon, with the arms of Virginia, surrounded by eight stars. Speeches and fire-works ended the entertainment. Gen. Chapman addressed us at length in his glowing language of exulting patriotism. Never fear! Western Virginia is all right. Our motto is, "A Union of hearts, a Union of hands, and the flag of *our* Union forever!"

A student at the University of Virginia gives us an account of the return of the University Company from Harper's Ferry:

They express themselves as much pleased with their short excursion, and are all ardent, the next time that they are called out, to meet the enemy in reality. Immediately upon arriving they fell in rank, and, headed by Capt. Carr, proceeded to the residence of Dr. Maupin, the Chairman of the University. Here, in a brief speech, Capt. Carr turned over the command to Dr. Maupin, to be devoted to quite other labors than those of the soldier.—The Doctor, though "unprepared," made a few remarks, counselling them to study, but heartily approving of the promptness with which they had gone to their country's aid.—He earnestly advised them not to go to battle in one company, but to scatter themselves throughout the State. Virginia could not suffer such a mass of talent to be cut to pieces at once by a set of mercenaries. Three cheers for the Doctor, for Capt. Carr, and for each of the companies, were then respectively given, when the crowd dispersed. By order of the Faculty, the flag of the Southern Confederacy, with its eight stars, floats from the dome of our rotunda.

A correspondent in Norfolk county, alluding to the harbor defences and matters connected therewith, writes:

"I have been watching," said he, "the indications of Providence in this contest; and the fact that with 7,000 men scattered about on the Islands in Charleston harbor and at the various batteries, not a man among them was killed, is proof that the God of Battles is with us, and with Him on our side, they are whipt! Yes, sir, they are whipt."—*Floridian and Journal.*

MISSOURI TO VIRGINIA.—The St. Louis Daily State Journal raises the following exultant shout over the secession of Virginia:

Three round, glorious cheers for the Old Dominion!—birth-place of Washington? She will, as of old, have an immortal list of Henrys, Lees, Masons, Randolphs and Madisons, with which to dignify the history of a second war of independence and the perpetuation of constitutional liberty.

NO MORE TROOPS WANTED AT WASHINGTON.—The New York *Tribune* of Tuesday says:

By private and special advices received late last night, we learn that Gen. Scott was satisfied on Sunday that his force was sufficient to defend Washington against any attack that could be made within a few days, and that the troops which were expected to reach us this week would be ample for its protection in any possible contingency.

DEATH BEFORE DISHONOR!—Among the many incidents of the morning attending the departure of our volunteers, on Monday, we witnessed the following: Our friend, Baylis Prater, clasped his son's hand as the column moved off, exclaiming, "John, good bye! an *honorable discharge* or die!" Aye, that's the word. Let this sentence ring in every youth's ear, when he mounts the deadly breach, or charges the column of the foe—"death before dishonor."—*Jacksonville (Ala.) Republican, 18th inst.*

IMPORTANT CONVENTION.—The Manufacturers and Direct Trade Association of the Confederate States, will convene in Atlanta, Georgia, on Wednesday, 1st day of May next. As there will be business of very great importance before the Association, it is hoped, and earnestly desired, that all the manufacturing establishments in the Southern States will have representatives, to facilitate and encourage the movement.

FROM PENSACOLA.—We understand that Captain O'Harra, of Mobile, arrived in this city from Pensacola yesterday, and states that Col. William Lamberton, the Postmaster at Warrington, had been arrested by order of Gen. Bragg, for communicating with the Federal fleet lying off the harbor; also, that all the citizens of Warrington had left the place, this course being deemed advisable.—*Mon. Advertiser.*

BORDER DEFENCE.—The Wilmington (N. C.) Journal announces the arrival there of Jas C. Lumsden, Esq., of South Carolina, on his way to Virginia, with authority to tender to Maj. Ben. McCulloch, or some other proper party, the services of 200 Richland Rangers, for the defence of the Border States.

MR. VALLANDIGHAM NOT MOBBED.—We are authorized to say that the statement which has been published in the papers to the effect that the Hon. Mr. Vallandigham had been mobbed at his house at Dayton, Ohio, is incorrect. There was some excitement, but it was soon quieted.—*Baltimore Exchange.*

FROM RIO JANEIRO.—Files of Rio Janeiro papers to March 14 have come to hand. There is no local news of any importance. The coffee market is nearly paralyzed, and foreign exchange shows a tendency to decline. Some negotiations were effected at 25¼ and 25½.

The Crescent Iron Works, of Wheeling, have been sold under a deed of trust, for the sum of $57,000. Whittaker & Cowden purchasers.

WOOD, COAL, &c.

COKE.—The prices of CARBON HILL COKE will be, until further notice, as follows:

Lump Coke,.....$5.50 per load.
Stove Coke,.....5.00 " "
Half Coke,.....5.00 " "

ap 2—ts JOHN J. WERTH, Agent

40 CORDS DRY OAK WOOD—On the wharf, for sale by A. S. LEE, mh 7—ts On the Dock

WOOD—WOOD.

A constant supply of OAK and PINE WOOD, Which will be delivered to families at the very lowest market price.

fe 21—ts A. S. LEE.

OAK AND PINE WOOD—Seasoned and under shelter, for sale at Coke Yards.

de 13—ts JNO. J. WERTH, Ag't.

GERMAN CONGREVE MATCHES, equal to the best Wax Matches; Shoe and Cloth Brushes; Hair and Tooth Brushes; Ivory and India Rubber Combs; Pocket Combs; Ladies' Side Combs; Tuck Combs and Puff Combs; India Rubber Hair Pins, &c. L. WAGNER,

ap 5 Druggist, cor. 6th and Broad sts.

NOTICE.—Captains of Volunteer Companies throughout the State are respectfully informed that the Commissioners appointed by law for the purpose of obtaining Accoutrements, &c., have made contracts for these items, and as fast as they are delivered at this post they are issued immediately, according to priority of date of orders.

CHARLES DIMMOCK,

fa 19—ts Capt. Sup. Armory, Richmond, Va.

SHINGLES.

100 M Heart and Sap CYPRESS SHINGLES For sale by

fe 12—ts A. S. LEE

NOTICE.—We have an order for a No. 1 BRICK MASON. Any one having a qualified Mason to sell, will inform us, giving age, appearance, &c.; also, stating price.

fe 19—ts BILLIAM & CO., Ans'rs.

TO PLASTERERS.

CALCINED PLASTER and PLASTERING HAIR. In store and for sale low by

mh 15—ts A. S. LEE.

NOTICE.—Volunteer Officers of the State are respectfully informed that beside the *bonds* required by law, there must be an *order* from the Adjutant General, to authorize the Superintendent of the State Armory to issue arms, &c.

fa 19—ts C. DIMMOCK

HAIR ORNAMENTS MADE TO ORDER. Ladies or gentlemen desiring HAIR WORK, can have it done with dispatch. A great variety of patterns of Breastpins; Ear-Drops; Buttons; Studs; Charms; Vest Chains; Bracelets; Necklaces; Chatelains; Crosses; Lockets; Finger Rings, &c. C. GENNET, Eagle Square.

GRECIAN PAINTING.—A very large and choice collection of Mezzotint Engravings and Lithographs, suitable for that Art, just received by steamers Jamestown and Yorktown. A call at my store is respectfully solicited.

ap 4 ALB. LYBROOK.

POCKET COMBS, with Brush and Looking-Glass—a convenient and necessary article for the Volunteers; Leather and India Rubber Drinking Cups, Flasks, &c., just received and for sale by THOS. A. BULKLEY & CO., 157 Main st.

LOCAL MATTERS.

The South Carolina Volunteers.—The arrival of the officers and men of the 1st Regiment of South Carolina Volunteers has already been noticed, and a list published of the Staff and Commanding officers. We are pleased to be able to state that the South Carolina boys have expressed their approbation of their treatment since their arrival in Richmond. If they do not find in every man a brother, then they may take it for granted that he is no true Southerner, and has no Virginia blood in his veins. The several companies of the Regiment already here are officered as follows:

Company A—Richland Rifles, of Columbia. D. B. Miller, Captain; J. Cordero, First Lieutenant; J. S. McMahon, Second Lieut.; E. S. Percival, Third Lieut.; H. C. Heise, First Sergeant; R. E. B. Hewitson, Second Sergeant; Jas. Cathcart, First Corporal.

Company B—Darlington Guards.—Under the command of Lieut. J. B. McIntosh; Second Lieut. J. W. Norwood.

Company C—Edgefield Rifles.—Under the command of Capt. Dean; First Lieut. Read; Second Lieut. Hughes.

Company E—Union District Volunteers.—J. M. Gadberry, Captain; J. M. Gist, First Lieutenant; R. Boyce, Second Lieutenant; D. A. Thomas, Third Lieutenant; C. W. Boyd, First Sergeant; Jesse S. Gwin, Second Sergeant; W. S. Allston, Third Sergeant; Wm. Munro, Fourth Sergeant; H. F. Scaife, Fifth Sergeant; W. H. Jeter, First Corporal; B. F. Glen, Second Corporal; C. W. Porter, Third Corporal; W. H. Giles, Fourth Corporal; James Purvis, Fifth Corporal.

Company H—Edgefield.—R. Merriweather, Captain; A. P. Butler, First Lieutenant; J. Merriwea ther, Second Lieutenant.

Company I—Monticello Guard.—J. B. Davis, Captain; D. R. Elkin, Third Lieutenant; John C. Bell, Orderly Sergeant; H. McCormick, Second Sergeant; Joseph B. Hoy, Third Sergeant; James Murphy, Second Corporal; D. R. Martin, Third Corporal; W. F. Kirkland, Fourth Corporal; Joseph Willingham, Fifth Corporal; J. W. Paul, Sixth Corporal.

Company F—Rhett Guards, of Newberry.—Under the command of Capt. Walker; First Lieutenant Notts; Second Lieutenant Pope; Third Lieutenant Sigon.

Company M—Richardson Guards, of Charleston.—Lieutenant Charles Axson, Commanding.

Convention of the Episcopal Church of Virginia.—The next Convention of the Episcopal Church of this Diocese will be held in Richmond on the 15th of May, in conformity with the following notice issued by Rt. Rev. Bishop Meade:

Whereas, by the 1st Article of the Constitution of the P. E. Church of Virginia, it is ordained that "in the event of the existence of an epidemic disease or any other good cause, rendering it necessary or expedient to alter the place fixed on for any meeting of the Convention, the Bishop may change the place, or the time, or both, at his discretion;" and whereas, the present state of our country and diocese seem to require a change of the place appointed for the meeting of our Convention, therefore, I, William Meade, Bishop of the P. E. Church of the Diocese of Virginia, do hereby give notice that the same is removed from the city of Alexandria to that of Richmond, at which latter place the Convention will assemble on Wednesday, the 15th of May next, at 11 o'clock, in St. Paul's Church.

Virginians Returning Home.—We noticed the return of two citizens of Richmond from Philadelphia, in Wednesday's *Dispatch*, ascribing it to the prejudice existing against Southerners. Capt. Chas. Richardson, one of the gentlemen alluded to, says that the article "might lead many to believe that I was forced to leave Philadelphia because I am a Southerner, and that the 'feeling there is very bad against Virginians,' I desire to say that I have never been treated by the Philadelphians with the slightest indignity; on the contrary, with great respect. I do not believe that I have an enemy in the city, certainly I have no personal ill-feeling against any individual there. I left entirely of my own accord; my State needed my services, and I came here to serve her." We rather imagine that Capt. R. does more than justice to the amiable feelings of the people of Philadelphia.

Troublesome Duty.—In addition to the other duties of the Mayor (always onerous,) has been imposed that of issuing passports to non-resident sojourners who evince a desire to repair to more congenial latitudes during the pendency of the present troubles. On Thursday the Mayor deputed Capt. Seal, of the police, to attend to the matter, and that officer remained in the Court-room the entire day. Yesterday, while the Mayor was holding his Court, an individual applied for an exodus pass whom the Mayor would have been entirely justifiable in seizing. The fellow would have sold readily at $10 per pound as guano. He was more odoriferous than the most highly scented Peruvian, Jarvis Island or Manipulated. A good many of the immigrants conform to this description. Let them go.

Delegates to the Southern Congress.—It was understood yesterday that the Convention would proceed to elect delegates to the Southern Congress, and it was intimated that all of the members of the old United States Congress (representing Virginia) would be commissioned to proceed to Montgomery. The policy of choosing the old members is no doubt a commendable one, yet *some* of these gentry very strangely interpreted Virginia sentiment in the last Congress of the "Old *United* States." A new order of things has lately been inaugurated in Dixie's land, and the sooner people find it out the better for their own good, whether they be Congressmen "or otherwise."

Prosperous.—Despite the general dullness of the times, the canal boats pursue the even tenor of their way. We can see no diminution in the amount of trade carried on by boats between this city and the interior.—Little villages on the line of the Canal have poured into this city their quota of troops destined for State defence, without stint, in large numbers, healthy condition, and full of the right spirit of resistance to