Richmond Dispatch.

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THURSDAY MORNING....APRIL 2, 1863.

REPORTED CONFEDERATE TRIUMPH IN NORTH CAROLINA.

A report reached this city yesterday afternoon that our forces, after an obstinate fight on Tuesday succeeded in driving the enemy out of the town of Washington, N C, and that we now hold the place. Washington is in Beaufort county, at the mouth of Tar river, and in the heart of one of the richest agricultural sections of the State of North Carolina. Large quantities of produce are said to be now in store in that region.

Of the particulars of the fight on Tuesday we were unable to learn anything; but the report is so well authenticated that we think there can be no doubt of its correctness.

DASH INTO WILLIAMSBURG.

We understand that a company of Confederate cavalry made a gallant dash into the city of Williamsburg recently. As a result of this daring raid they brought off as prisoners some seven or eight Yankee soldiers, besides killing one or two others in the town. We also learn that a good lot of Federal "green-backs" was captured at the same time.

CONGRESS YESTERDAY.

C. S. SENATE, *April 1st.*—Joint resolutions to pay Deputy Marshals for taking the Texas census in 1860 were printed; also, bill to establish supernumerary offices in the Commissary and Quartermaster's Departments.

Joint resolutions recommending an inquiry into the propriety of raising the salaries of Department Clerks, &c, war reported, with a recommendation that it do not pass.

The following bills were passed: Authorizing the Secretary of the Navy to appoint clerks to the Commandant and Quartermaster of the Marine Corps; for the establishment and equalization of the grade of officers of the Navy; prohibiting the punishment of soldiers by whipping; for the establishment and organization of the Army of the Confederate States; amending the act relative to the sequestration of the estates of alien enemies.

The bill regulating the fees and compensation of District Attorneys was reported on adversely.

The Committee on the Judiciary was discharged from the consideration of a resolution inquiring into the expediency of so amending the mileage of District attorneys as to allow it in certain cases.

The Senate refused to reconsider the vote authorizing newspapers to be mailed to soldiers free of postage.

The bill establishing the Judicial Courts of the Confederate States was laid on the table.

The bill allowing the Comptroller of the Treasury the privilege of obtaining the legal advice of the Attorney General was postponed indefinitely; also the bill to provide for transportation of persons who have been mustered into service for the war; organizing Military Courts to attend the Army of the Confederate States in the field, and to define the powers of said Courts.

Adjourned.

Very little business of public interest was yesterday transacted in the House of Representatives.

A resolution was adopted that the House meet to-morrow in the Hall of the House of Delegates of Virginia.

On motion of Mr. Boteler, of Va., a resolution was adopted authorizing certain parties to withdraw their papers from the Committee on Claims.

Two bills introduced by Mr. Boudinot, the delegate from the Cherokee Nation, were referred.

The House, under a resolution offered by Mr. Lyons, of Va., drew for seats in the new House, after which they adjourned.

THE DEATH OF MAJOR JOHN PELHAM.

The following order, relative to the death of Major Pelham, has been issued by Brig.-Gen. Stuart:

HEADQUARTERS CAVALRY DIVISION,
Army of Northern Virginia,
March 20, 1863.

General Orders, No. 9—The Major General Commanding approaches with reluctance the painful duty of announcing to the Division its irreparable loss in the death of Major John Pelham, commanding the Horse Artillery.

He fell mortally wounded in the battle of Kelleysville, March 17th, with the battle-cry upon his lips and the light of victory beaming from his eye.

To you, his comrades, it is needless to dwell upon what you have so often witnessed—his prowess in action always proverbial. You well know how, though young in years—a mere stripling in appearance—remarkable for his genuine modesty of deportment—he yet disclosed on the battle-field the conduct of a veteran, and displayed in a handsome person the most imperturbable coolness in danger.

His eye had glanced over every battle field of this army, from the first Manassas to the moment of his death, and he was, with a single exception, a brilliant actor in all.

The memory of "the gallant Pelham," his many manly virtues, his noble nature, and purity of character, is enshrined as a sacred legacy in the hearts of all who knew him.

His record has been bright and spotless; his career brilliant and successful.

He fell (the noblest of sacrifices) on the altar of his country; to whose glorious service he had dedicated his life from the beginning of the war.

In token of respect for his cherished memory the horse artillery and division staff will wear the military badge of mourning for 30 days; and the senior officer of staff, Maj. Von Borcke, will place his remains in the possession of his bereaved family, to whom is tendered, in behalf of the division, the assurance of heartfelt sympathy in this deep tribulation.

In mourning his departure from his accustomed post of honor on the field, let us strive to imitate his virtues, and trust that what is loss to us may be more than gain to him.

By command of Major Gen. J. E. B. Stuart.

R. CHANNING PRICE, Major and A. A. G.

BURNED TO DEATH BY PRAIRIE FIRES.—We find the following in the Leavenworth *Bulletin*:

From a letter received in this city, a few days ago, we learn that prairie fires in Anderson county have been very destructive this season. Many farmers have lost all their fences, and other property has been burned.

A man, his wife, and family, consisting of six children, were caught in a prairie fire, and all perished. It occurred not far from Minneola, under the following circumstances:

The wife, with two or three children, were in the wagon and driving the team, which consisted of a pair of horses. The man was some distance behind the wagon, with two boys, driving some stock. Seeing the flames approaching the women headed the team toward a spot which had been burned, and proceeded to a hollow but a short distance off, and, from some unaccountable reason, the horses stopped and refused to go further. The man by this time had reached the wagon and taking the horses by the head attempted to start them, but failed. At this period the flames overtook them, and all burned to death. The man lived a few hours after being found, but the rest seemed to have perished instantly from suffocation. The woman and children were found in the wagon but little burned, appearing as if asleep.

FREE DISCUSSION.—A Northern journal says:

Noble words were those of Horatio Seymour, in his recent message, when he said: "There must be no attempt to prohibit free discussion." As Daniel Webster truly remarked, 'it is a homebred right, not to be drawn into controversy.' But Webster was before Lincoln's day. If he had lived till now he might have been compelled once more to vindicate principles which we all once thought were settled. Thanks, however, to the election of Horatio Seymour, this "homebred right" is once more secure. Under the broad seal of the Empire State, we may now, we trust, safely repose in the broad conscousness that "opinions are not treason." If they had been, how many Abolitionists would have been hanged ere this time? No doubt terribly galls the Lincolnites that they have been forced to give up their system of arbitrary arrests and their interference with the press. But the people have willed it, and they must submit, just as they will have to submit to be turned out of office two years hence. It is too late now to save themselves.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—A young man named Woody, employed in the mill of Mr. Robert G. Scott, near Lynchburg, Va., met a deplorable death on Saturday last. A little boy who had come to the mill got upon the whirl of a perpendicular shaft, in rapid motion, to ride, and, his clothes becoming entangled in the machinery in some way, placed him in imminent peril. Woody rushed forward to rescue the lad and succeeded in saving his life, though he had an arm and a leg broken. His generous deliverer, however, while performing this praiseworthy and noble act, also became entangled in the machinery, and, before assistance could reach him, was crushed to death.

A VALUABLE ACCESSION.—The Charleston correspondent of the Mobile *News*, says that Mr. Thos. Upham, a lieutenant in the British army, and a scale of the British West Indies, arrived there the other day from Barbadoes, and has gone West to the service with Gen. Morgan's cavalry. Lieut. Upham was educated in England, and is well informed and highly educated. He expresses the opinion that the final success of the Confederacy, which he looks upon as already accomplished, will eventually break up the Abolition party in England as well as in America. He represents all Greeks in the British West Indies as deeply sympathizing in our cause, and that they yet hope to see slavery established among them.

DAILY DISPATCH.

VOL. XXIV. RICHMOND, VA., THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 2 1863. NO. 79.

FURTHER FROM THE NORTH.

We have received the New York *Herald*, of March 28th—triple sheet—which the *Herald* says it "will probably have to continue constantly," because of "the unexampled and continually increasing prosperity of the country." "The exigencies of our position, as the leading political journal, would otherwise preclude the possibility of our keeping pace with what is expected of us." "At the present moment we occupy, as to circulation and advertising, a position as far in advance of the London *Times* as that journal is in advance of all its European contemporaries"—all owing to the *Herald's* "independent course."

The rebel accounts of affairs in the Southwest conflict somewhat with ours, says the *Herald*

The Natchez *Courier* says the Hartford, with Farragut on board, anchored in front of that city on the afternoon of the 16th and sent a small boat with a flag of truce on shore, with a note addressed to the Mayor, stating that if the U. S. gunboats were fired upon by the people of Natchez, or by guerillas, he would bombard the city. The Hartford remained all night, and left with the Monongahela in the morning.

The *Herald* quotes in full, with many italics, the Richmond *Sentinel's* account of the situation in the Southwest and the *Enquirer's* "impressive article" on the Northwest. It also asserts that "the rebel papers state that General Longstreet is rapidly advancing into Kentucky. The rebel force now in the State under General Pegram is believed to be about 6,000. Clarke's guerillas still hover around Mount Sterling. Over 100 men have been captured since Sunday. The Union wagon trains, stores, and camp equipage, from Danville and Richmond, have reached Lexington in safety. The rebels were reported to have retreated from Danville, but later intelligence proves the report untrue."

A deserter from the 71st Indiana Volunteers, who returned from the enemy's lines as a spy, was shot at Indianapolis on Friday, by sentence of court-martial.

Two gentlemen—one a legislator, and the other the Second Auditor—were arrested there for cheering for Jeff Davis.

The British steamship Nicholas I. was captured off Wilmington, N C, while trying to run the blockade, having previously attempted to enter Charleston. She had 16 tons of gunpowder and 170 cases of rifles.

The *Herald* publishes an account of the forts in Texas on the banks of the Rio Grande, the loyal character of a large portion of the people, the collisions between them and the rebel troops, and the efforts to raise loyal Texans to drive the rebels from their positions on the Rio Grande. Also particulars of the immense trade carried on by the Rebel Government through Mexico with European States. Re occupation and seizure of cotton by Union troops is recommended.

The ship Prince of Wales reports that she was brought to by the Alabama, on Feb. 23, in latitude 30, longitude 44 west. The Alabama reported that she had destroyed 34 North American vessels during her cruise.

In the New York Legislature the Assembly passed a Gold bill, making it illegal for the Banks or individuals to loan on deposits of gold to an amount greater than the gold deposited.

William Thompson, master of the rebel schooner David Crockett, captured while running the blockade at Galveston, Texas, was released Friday from Fort Lafayette.

Marsey's (Dem.) majority in the First District of New Hampshire for Congress was 89.

The Legislature of Missouri has adjourned *sine die* without filling the two vacant seats in the U. S. Senate. The law was passed in reference to emancipation.

Gold fluctuated between 139 and 142, and closed at 141½ bid. The *Herald* says it is very encouraging to see the present improvement in public confidence. But it is well to remind the people that the war is not over yet—the first indication of a disposition to make peace has not yet been manifested at the South—we have won no victories since gold was selling at 173—and though the people are lending the Government about two millions a day, the necessities of the Treasury and the falling due of debt certificates compel Mr. Chase to use not only all this money, but about one million of new paper money besides, which the Bank Note Companies are daily producing.

Exchange sold at 153, 154, and closed at 155.

Stocks opened irregular and panicky, but rallied and were strong at an advance.

Middling cotton ranged from 58 to 62½ cents.

A Washington correspondent thus telegraphs:

A specific offer of a loan of one hundred millions in gold was made to the Secretary of the Treasury, by a leading house at Amsterdam, in exchange for U. S. 6 per cent bonds at the current premium at the time of the draft of any portion of the amount.

The subscriptions for 5.20 bonds yesterday were $1,760,000

It is urged that the Home Guard of Kentucky be increased to 20,000 men, to be officered by the Government, and subject to the order of the President. Mr. Guthrie states that a number of young men may be partially lost to the Union cause if the rebels again succeed in advancing to the Ohio river.

More troops should be called for. The rebels are massing great armies for desperate efforts. Meantime it is known the ultra Abolition faction are urging that there is danger that the rebellion may be so soon suppressed that slavery may not get its fatal blow. Shoddy people endorse this idea also.

A number of Indian Chiefs had called on the President.

The Army of the Potomac is in splendid condition. Hooker has it "well in hand." "This sense of a strong hand at the head was the one thing that the army needed, and this one thing has made it a magnificent army; and I may safely tell you to expect a great success when the time for movement comes" Gov. Curtin, of Pennsylvania, has visited all the Pennsylvania troops, and testifies in like manner.

A Stafford Court House correspondent, of March 25th, says 40 rebels, disguised as civilians, were discovered yesterday hovering near our lines, and were captured. They were nearly all armed with revolvers, but it is not known whether they were regular Confederate soldiers.

A dispatch from Chattanooga, March 23d, says:

Morgan had a fight at Auburn, Canaan county, Tenn., Friday, with an overwhelming force of the enemy. He fought gallantly, and killed and wounded a number of the enemy, but was at last forced to retire.

It is reported that Lincoln will visit New York shortly. The *Herald* promises him great enjoyment.

The *Herald* has obtained a copy of the Confederate Navy Register and publishes it in full, with a long article on "the Rebel Navy in Buckram." It asks "where are the ships? Echo answers where?" [The exploits of the Alabama and Florida and Retribution have echoed through Yankeedom.]

We published yesterday a brief allusion to the arrest of Col. Talcott in New York city, on the 27th ult. The following are the particulars, as obtained from the *Herald* of the 28th of March:

The War Department received information on Thursday week that Col. Talcott, Chief Engineer of the rebel defences at Yorktown, constructor of Fort Darling, and late Superintendent of the Tredegar Works at Richmond, would arrive in this city on Saturday. Officers were at once detailed by U. S. Marshal Murray to look after him, and it was ascertained that he had taken rooms with his wife and daughter at No 144 West Twenty fourth st. He left his house at 5 o'clock yesterday morning, in company with his daughter, and was followed by the officers, who were directed to arrest him as soon as they parted. This occurred about noon, near Barnum's Museum.

He was at once taken before Gen. Wool, who made an examination of the prisoner, and then transferred him to Fort Lafayette, in custody of deputies Lawyer and Young, the officers who had arrested him. Two other officers searched his baggage, and found several papers; among them was a pass from the Confederate States of America, passing himself, wife and daughter beyond the rebel lines, and ordering the military authorities to aid and assist him with all force at their command, if necessary. He traveled North by the way of Mexico, and has been a long time making his way from Richmond, Va.

Col. Talcott is upwards of 60 years of age, has a fine military bearing, and is possessed of a high order of talent as an engineer. His wife, on learning of his arrest, was suddenly stricken with partial paralysis, although the news was broken to her as quickly as possible. The family were about leaving for Europe.

FROM EUROPE.

The Bohemian, from Londonderry, on the 12th, arrived at Portland Friday. News one day later. Consols closed in London on 13th at 92¼ for money. American securities were fewer.

The Liverpool cotton market closed firm on the 13th at previous rates. Breadstuffs quiet. Provisions dull.

POLAND.—Langiewicz had assumed the dictatorship of Poland. He issued a stirring and liberty-inspiring address to his countrymen of all the provinces, with prodigious effect. He is hopeful of the issue. The Czar of Russia, in reply to Napoleon's letter, refused to make any concessions to Poland before the insurgents had surrendered unconditionally.

It is said the reduction of discount of the Bank of France was caused by a considerable influx of gold from America.

The British Government have officially endeavored to induce King of Dahomey to abolish the right of "human sacrifices." He replied that if he did so he would be poisoned by his subjects; but if at all possible he would do so.

The Prince of Wales and his wife remained at Osborne, on the Isle of Wight. During the illuminations in London some seven persons lost their lives, and over one hundred others had limbs broken. The crowd was unusually large, and the confusion very great.

WHAT THE LONDON TIMES THINKS.—The London *Times* concludes an editorial on American affairs as follows:

A hand will sooner or later be held out to the South, and when it is refused—as it undoubtedly will be—there will be no resource for such belligerents but to part in peace. That is, as far as the features can be distinguished, is the present aspect of American politics. A strong and increasing party, which is tired of the war, consents to let an Administration committed to the war carry out its policy by acts of revolutionary extravagance, satisfied in the meantime that such revolutions will have little effect, and that its own principle will have a powerful influence in determining events. That influence must necessarily tend to a settlement of the quarrel, and it is not likely to be impaired by a few weeks more of such disheartening spectacles as the war now presents.

GIVE YOUR CHILD A NEWSPAPER.—A child beginning to read becomes delighted with a newspaper, because he reads of names and things which are very familiar, and will make progress accordingly. A newspaper in one year is worth a quarter's schooling to a child, and every father must consider that substantial intelligence is connected with advancement.

A mind occupied becomes fortified against the ills of life, and is braced for any emergency. Children amused by reading and study are, of course, more considerate and more easily governed. How many thoughtless young men have spent their evenings in a tavern or grog shop who ought to have been reading! How many parents who have not spent twenty dollars for books for their families, would have given thousands to reclaim a son or daughter who had ignorantly and thoughtlessly fallen into temptation.

TIMEO DANAOS ET DONA FERENTES.—We find the following in the New York *Herald*:

The American (i. e. Yankee) Bible Society has recently made a grant of 7,000 Bibles and Testaments for circulation in the rebel States, and they are now on their way to Richmond, our Government having permitted them to be forwarded.

QUEEN VICTORIA IN THE LITERARY LINE.—The Queen of England has translated Zschokke's "Reflections upon Death and Eternity." It will appear under the *nom de plume* "Fredrick Rowena." The preface consists only of the see lines: "This book has been translated by one to whom, in the overwhelming depression of grief, it has been a source of comfort and edification."

LOCAL MATTERS.

Municipal Election.—The annual election of persons to fill the various offices in the gift of the people of Richmond occurred yesterday, and was conducted with remarkable quietness, and an entire absence of the usual bustle, parade and excitement that ordinarily marks an occasion of the kind. Between five and six hundred votes were polled, and the former incumbants of the different offices were nearly in every case elected where they did not positively decline a re-election. The following officers were elected:

Mayor—Joseph Mayo.
City Sergeant—Thomas U Dudley.
High Constable—George A Freeman.
City Assessor—D M Miller.
City Collector—J A Robson.
City Guager—Richard Fox.
Grain Measurer—Henry Davis.
Superintendent of Gas Works—John J Fry.
Superintendent of Water Works—J L Davis.
Superintendent Poor House—John Pierce.
Captain Night Watch—Jas B Pleasants.

Jefferson Ward—Aldermen: Richard D Sanxay, Wm Taylor, Abel F Picot, James A Lokes, and John Hampden Pleasants. Common Council: Nathaniel B Hill, Richard O Haskins, Edward A J Clopton, W Holt Richardson, and Allen T Stokes.

Madison Ward—Aldermen: James K Caskie, James Bray, George N Gwathmey, George W Gilliam, and William B Smith. Common Council: David J Barr, George W Randolph, James A Scott, George K Crutchfield, and Richard F Walker.

Monroe Ward—Aldermen: John F Regnault, Wm W Timberlake, N C Lipscomb, Adolphus Gary, and Thomas M Jones.

Common Council: Thomas C Epps, Larkin W Glasebrook, Fleming Grimm, David J Saunders, and Samuel D Duncan.

In Monroe Ward the voters made the mistake of turning out two very good magistrates, and in Jefferson Ward a gentleman was elected to that office who declined being a candidate.

Robberies—The store of Burton & Greenhow, on 13th street, was entered and robbed on Tuesday night of $1,250 worth of tea, $1,200 worth of bacon, 160 lbs. of sugar, 70 lbs. of coffee, a box of candles, and sundry other articles. On finding the front door and lower premises all safe and not disturbed, it was concluded that the robbery had been effected from above. Traces of the robbers were discovered near the sky-light, and on further search parts of the missing articles were found dropped on the roof leading to a window of Mr. John Fisher's factory, on Eagle alley, between 19th and 13th streets. A search in this factory was rewarded by finding all the stolen goods save a few trifling articles, proving conclusively that the operatives there had concocted the abduction. The police seized on eight of the negro hands employed there, and conveyed them to the cage, as principals. The officers engaged in ferreting out the robbery were Messrs. Pleasants, Hoze and Brock, of the night, and Davis, of the day police.

On the same night the store of Messrs. M. Blair & Co, corner of 12th and Main streets, was entered by experienced robbers, with a steel "jimmy," at the door on 12th street. The robbers, in this instance, left their "jimmy," and contented themselves with marching off with a box of soap the only article missed yesterday. They were no doubt frightened by outside noises. This is the second time Blair & Co have been robbed, having, on the first occasion, been despoiled of a large lot of flour.

Gambling Shop Broken Up—The city police, under the guidance of Lieutenant Carter, of the night watch yesterday morning made an inroad in the house on 17th street kept by a man named John H. Day, known as Beckman's old stand, which was suspected, and not wrongfully of being a gambling resort of the colored population. When the police entered a mighty scrambling towards the attic was heard, and all but seven of the colored betters disappeared through a skylight in the roof. They were captured, conducted to the cage, and each ordered by the Mayor twenty lashes. On entering the room where the 'dealing' was carried on, a table, in primitive fashion, was found arranged, covered with a blanket, with wooden chips and a tin dealing box with the usual springs, &c, and some $45 in money staked on the game. The cards, dealing-box, and table were carried away in triumph to the cage, together with the seven darkeys who were so unfortunate as to be caught.—John H. Day, a white man and a Yankee, who ostensibly owned the place, was carried to the cage and bailed in $1,000 to appear before the Mayor to answer for permitting "faro" to be exhibited on premises controlled by him.

Mayor's Court April 1st—The Mayor held no Court to day. The following parties were subject to police surveillance, viz: Pat McGarra, drunk, lying in an alley, discharged; Pat Martin and Jas. Organ, assaulting and robbing Wm. H. Hardgrove of a gold watch, confined for examination; Tom Bows and Mike Dooley, stealing coal from the Petersburg depot, discharged; Samuel D. Arwood, drunk, lying on the sidewalk, discharged; John Wm. Thaxton, drunk, disorderly, and rolling empty hogsheads along Main street, continued; William, slave of Clifford Campbell, entering the store of Smith & Trailor and stealing a coat belonging to Wm. J. Ferguson, and one bed quilt and two glass tumblers belonging to Albert, slave of Smith & Trailor, case continued; and Henry, slave of Col. Tallieferro, and Jim, slave of James Gait, committed as runaways. During the day yesterday a number of parties were committed for roustdyism around the polls and petty delinquencies. The Mayor holds his Court to day and will dispose of the accumulations of the last two days.

In a case of robbery tried at the Mayor's Court on Monday, a notice of which was made in the *Dispatch* it was stated that Martha, slave of R. H. L. Tighe, had been sentenced to be whipped for stealing a $140 note from her master. Malvina, a servant in Mr. Tighe's employ, was the party mentioned, Martha the person charged, having nothing to do with the matter. The party accused was found before the Hustings Court, on answer to a charge of grand larceny.

On the Watch.—Officers are now stationed at the different street crossings to intercept all who bear the semblance of soldiers. Hundreds were stopped yesterday, and on exhibiting the proper credentials were permitted to pass on their several ways, while a few who had not provided themselves with the proper permits were marched off to Castle Thunder.

Continued.—The case of Wm. H. Ross, a free negro, charged with stealing a pocket-book containing $1,600 from Joseph Stuckenberg, was continued by the Mayor yesterday until to-day, the defendant meanwhile being confined in the cage to await developments.

Political Prisoner.—A man calling himself Sam'l Newberry has been committed to Castle Thunder, in this city, as a political prisoner. This charge implies treason on the part of the defendant towards the Confederate States.

City Jail.—There are are now confined in this prison over 140 persons, who are supported at an expense of $1 25 per day to the State. This sum barely suffices for their maintenance. The number of prisoners are increasing daily.

Barbee's Coquette.—This splendid piece of statuary, the production of Major Barbee, a Virginia artist, was sold at auction, in this city, on yesterday, for $7,000 cash. Mr John G. Moom, of Lynchburg, becoming the purchaser. The purchaser may congratulate himself on the possession of a work of art that has attracted the attention of the connoisseurs not only of the New but the Old World.

All Fools' Day.—Yesterday was the first of April, and an occasion on which practical jokes are allowed by universal consent all the world over.—The people of Richmond, however had their thoughts occupied by other matters, and none were attempted, so far as we could learn. Not a stuffed paddy or a bogus package of imaginary goods were to be seen anywhere.

City Battalion.—Major Elliott's Battalion had their regular monthly inspection of arms on the Capitol square yesterday. The battalion mustered unusually strong. The evolutions were credible to the skill of the members as soldiers. The delightful music of the admirable band led by Smith afforded much pleasure to thousands of pleasure-seekers who had congregated on the square.

ONE OF THE LARGEST PRINTING HOUSES IN THE CONFEDERACY, FOR SALE:
LOCATED AT RICHMOND, VA.

The undersigned, desirous of retiring from a business which he has pursued for twenty years—not because it is not remunerative, but because he wishes to change his pursuits, which will require his undivided attention—offers for sale his

EXTENSIVE PRINTERY!

This presents a most desirable opportunity for investment to any well known Publisher or Manager of such an establishment. Its capacity is equal to

150 TOKENS A DAY!

Is now printing five Weeklies, of the largest circulation in the State. It has a 14 horse Boiler with Engine—three floors 90 feet long, heated by steam—Gas Fixtures complete.

THE FONTS OF TYPE

Are very large, embracing every description for BOOK PUBLISHING and JOB PRINTING, and are in good condition; with a very large supply of

LEADS AND BRASS RULE,

and all the Fixtures necessary to conduct successfully and profitably a large business. In a word, the establishment is complete in all its appointments, nothing being wanted to render it efficient.

The house is located on the corner of Main and 14th streets, in the centre of business and most populous part of the city, and is under a moderate rental.

Parties wishing to purchase will address, for particulars, CHAS. H. WYNNE,
mh 31—ed6t Box 133, Richmond, Va.

☞ The Columbia Guardian, Charleston Courier, Savannah Georgian, Montgomery Advertiser, Mobile Advertiser, Wilmington Journal Knoxville Register, and Petersburg Express will copy twice a week for one month, and collect through Southern Express

I HAVE NOW IN STORE, And FOR SALE,
Routt's Improved Corn Planter;
Emery's Corn Planter and Seed Drill;
Sinclair's Corn Planter;
Long-Handled Shovels;
Three and Four-Pronged Forks;
Axes and Axe Helves;
Lard Presses,
Well Fixtures for raising water;
Cotton and Manilla Rope, various sizes;
Hoes; Rakes;
And a variety of Farming and Gardening Implements.
H M SMITH,
mh 27—6t No 14 Main street.

OFFICE R & P R R CO,
Richmond, Va, March 31 1863.
DIVIDEND NOTICE—The Board of Directors have declared a dividend of eight per cent on the capital stock of the company, payable on and after the 10th of April next to all persons who may be stockholders on that day, or to their lawful attornies.
The books of transfer will be closed until the 10th proximo.
M W YARRINGTON,
mh 31—1m Treasurer.

QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE,
BACON'S QUARTER BRANCH,
Richmond, March 28, 1863.
PROPOSALS will be received at this office until the 10th of April next, for furnishing five thousand (5,000) HORSE and five thousand (5,000) MULE COLLARS, to be delivered in the months of May, June, and July. Proposals for one thousand (1,000) and more.
W S WOOD,
mh 30—3w Maj and Q M Army Transportation.

R & D R R EXPRESS OFFICE,
March 20, 1863
NOTICE.—On and after March 30th, 1863, all Express PACKAGES consigned to parties living within the corporate limits and left in the Express Office until 10 A M of the day following their arrival, will be delivered by the Company's Express Wagon, and a charge made for such delivery.
Packages received by Express will be delivered at the Express Office to consignees, on application, as soon as practicable after the arrival of the train, but no Passages will be received for transportation after 4 P M.
J D GOODE,
mh 30—1w Express Agent.

THE celebrated Saddle Stallion TOM TELEGRAPH will make a season at my plantation, near Mangohick, King William county, Va. He is probably the best horse of his class in the South, having taken the first premium at the exhibition of the United States Agricultural Society in Virginia, besides numerous other premiums. Terms, twenty dollars the season. Mares will be kept at one dollar per day, but no responsibility against accidents assumed. [mh 30—3t*] WM N BERKELEY.

NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the estate of A P Miller, dec'd, will please make early payment. All persons having claims against said estate will please present them, properly authenticated, for immediate liquidation. H T MILLER,
Richmond, Va;
JAS A AGREW,
Burkeville, Nottoway co, Va, Ex'ors.
mh 31—5t*

NOTICE.—All persons having claims against me as guardian of Miss Mary H Barker, will please present them to me, that steps may be taken to pay them. C BARKER, Guardian,
Second Auditor's Office,
mh 21—6t* Room No 2.

AT COST.—We have on hand a lot of Ready Made CLOTHING and Piece Goods, which we will sell at cost. Also, a lot of Merino Drawers, suitable for the coming season, together with a lot of Neck-Ties and Half-Hose, to which we call the attention of the trade.
NOAH WALKER & CO,
Corner of Main and 14th sts.
ap 1—3t* Richmond, Va.

FINE DIAMONDS AND WATCHES
I have in store some very fine Diamond sets of Ear rings, Pins and Rings, Carbuncle and other beautiful sets, fine Gold Watches Jewelry, Plated Castors, &c CHARLES LUMSDEN,
ap 1—3t* 96 Main street.

NEW GOODS.—We have just received, of the latest importation—
Beautiful English Prints
do French Ginghams
Rich French Organdies
do English Jaconets and Cambrics
Black and White Prints
Real English Thread Hose
Bleached Cottons
Striped Osnaburgs, &c.
ap 1—3t SAM'L M PRICE & CO.

DRIED APPLES, &c.—
100 bags Dried Apples
30 bushels Dried Peaches
Sweet Potatoes
Ground Peas, &c.
For sale by
PRESCOTT, WORTHINGTON & CO,
mh 31—3t* No 25 Main street.

FOR SALE—1500 blocks French BURR STONES, 30 by 15 inches, and 13 by 9½ inches, on a consignment and for sale by
DRAKE, HOBSON & JAMES,
mh 24—1w Mn Bank.

NOTICE.—Having qualified as Administrator of the estate of Grace Booker, dec'd, all parties having claims against said estate are notified to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement. Those indebted to the estate will please make payment without delay. F LAURE,
mh 30—3* Administrator.

MULES FOR SALE—I have for sale, at Duke's Stable, on Eighth street, between Franklin and Grace, six No 1 MULES. Persons wishing to purchase should call at once.
mh 30—3t* J ROWE.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Reports from Memphis.

MOBILE, March 30.—A special dispatch to the *Appeal*, dated Panola, March 28th, states that the Memphis *Bulletin*, of the 24th, says that the route to Yazoo river via Deer Creek, is reported working finely. The canal operations are impeded by shells, and the workmen can only work at night.—The Federal batteries at Fort Pemberton have been washed away and abandoned. The rebel position is reported impregnable, owing to high water.

The circulation of Cincinnati reports is prohibited at Nashville.

It was reported that the advance guard of Kentucky invaders had reached Clinton county. Reinforcements from Virginia, intended for Bragg, had halted at Knoxville, the base of Kentucky operations.

The Enemy Marching Towards North Alabama.

MOBILE, March 30.—Advices from Okalona represent that the enemy is marching South in Tennessee, desolating the farms on the way. It is supposed he is aiming at North Alabama.

Another Steamer In.

MOBILE, March 29.—The steamer Alice arrived this morning, from Havana, 27th, with an assorted cargo

RUNAWAYS.

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD.—I will pay one hundred dollars reward for the apprehension and delivery to me, or to Messrs P M Tabb & Son, of my slave LUCY ANN—generally called Lucy—who absconded from my house, corner of Clay and 6th streets, some two months since. She is about twelve or fourteen years old, very thin and black, stutters sometimes in talking, and had on when she left a yellowish cotton dress and an old shawl, which she wore over her head, in lieu of a bonnet. She has been seen in the streets several times since she left my house, and is doubtless lurking somewhere about the city. I had reason to believe that she was at first harbored by some person or persons residing north of Leigh street and west of sixth street but she has probably changed her quarters, as she was last seen coming down Cary street, near 5th street, with a tin bucket. If any person is employing her in ignorance of her being a runaway slave it will be well for him to give immediate information.
B E WELLFORD, Jr.
mh 30—3t*

TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.—Runaway, from the farm of John O Taylor, dec'd, on the Brook Plank Road, three miles north of Richmond, a man named DICK. He is about 5 feet 6 inches in height, gingerbread color; he has a lump on the shoulders, and walks very careless and lazy. He left about the time Hood's division passed through Henrico, and may be with them. I will pay the above reward for him if delivered in Richmond, or on the farm in Henrico
TEMANDA T TAYLOR,
mh 30—6t* Adm'x of Jno O Taylor, dec'd.

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD.—Ran away, from the residence of Mr Lewis Dogwell, on Church Hill, about six weeks ago, MARY, a good-looking girl, of bright complexion, about 20 years old; badly dressed at that time; she is of medium size, and stammers some when spoken to quick.—She is supposed to be somewhere about the city. I will give the above reward if she is placed in the county jail of Henrico.
GEO D PLEASANTS,
Sheriff of Henrico, and
mh 30—ts Adm'r of Marcus A Tinsley, dec'd.

RAN OFF, FROM HOSPITAL NO. 12, GEORGE, about 23 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 8 inches high, smooth black skin, tolerably long hair, and good teeth; turns his head when spoken to and you look him in the eye. He has a pleasing face, and is very likely.

Also, JIM, a stout, well-set man, about 33 years old, 5 feet 4 or 6 inches high, not very black, thin beard about the mouth and chin, rather slow of speech, and appears rather sullen.

One hundred dollars reward for each of them.—Reference—Dr Thom, Hospital No 12, or Mr Lewis H Piggott, Chimborazo.
CHAS M HUBBARD,
mh 27—3t* James City county.

RAN AWAY—$100 REWARD.—Ran away from the Danville and Greensboro' Railroad, about the 7th of this month, (March,) two negroes, named EMANUEL and DENNIS. Emanuel is about thirty five years of age, five feet ten inches in height, of a dark gingerbread color. Dennis is about fifteen years of age, of a rather brighter color than Emanuel, with quite a pleasing countenance when spoken to. It is thought they are aiming to get back to Caroline county, but may try to pass themselves off as free and attach themselves to the army, or remain lurking in the neighborhood of Richmond. The above reward will be given for their delivery to either of the undersigned, near Rappahannock Academy, or secured so that we get them again.
Dr THOS W GOULDIN,
JAS P GOULDIN.
mh 25—ed6t*

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD.—Ran away, from the subscriber, and crossed James river at Mickaux's Ferry, on the night of the 18th instant, two negro women, one named UPHAMIA, aged about 32, very black, and has the peculiarity of turning her head and laughing when spoken to; the other, named ROSETTA, aged 21, a bright mulatto, and has an open countenance. It is thought they are making their way to Fredericksburg. I will give $50 reward each for the apprehension of said women if taken out of this county, and $20 each if taken in this county.
ROBERT TERPT.
Powhatan C H, March 29, 1863. ap 1—3*

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD.—Runaway from the Piedmont railroad, on the 14th of March, 1863, a negro named FRANK, about five feet two inches high; complexion brown; aged 16 years; scar on the right fore finger; purchased of Dr Greenhow, of King George co, Va. Said negro is supposed to be in Caroline co, Va. The above reward will be paid for his delivery on this work.
E D WILBURN,
ap 1—2w Gen'l Sup't Piedmont R R.

FIVE DOLLARS REWARD.—Runaway, on Friday, the 20th of March, a negro girl by the name of MARIAH. The said negro was hired from E A J Clopton, and had on when she left a striped calico dress and a coarse linen apron. She is about 14 years of age; dark mulatto, and bushy hair. She was seen in Rocketts old field on 27th ult, and is probably lurking about there now.
MICHAEL HARRIS, No 10 Main st.
ap 1—3t* Between 17th and 18 h.

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD.—Will be paid for the apprehension and delivery to me, in Richmond, of JACK GREEN, a slave, who absconded last week from the fortifications in Chesterfield county. Jack is a black negro, about 19 years of age, slightly built, good teeth, but rather far apart, has a scar on the right hand, and another on the left wrist; was lately purchased from near Goldsborough, N C. JOHN J WERTH,
mh 31—6t* Agent.

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD.—Will be paid for the apprehension of my negro man ANDERSON, who runaway in the city of Richmond on the 13th inst. Anderson is about 20 years old; black; well formed, and about 5 feet 7 inches high. Has no scars or marks on him. The above reward will be paid for his apprehension and delivery to Hill, Dickinson & Co. [mh 17—t*] ALEX PEIROE.

RAN AWAY.—From the U S lot, Bacon's Quarter Branch, about the 1st of February, two negro men, named DELAWARE and BEN.

Delaware was hired from P M Tabb & Son, and belongs to Mrs Jno Mutter, of Hanover county, and was hired last year to Mr George Turner. He is a sort of bricklayer, and is probably doing job work about the city. He is about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, copper colored, and about 25 years of age.

Ben was hired from W S Phillips, and belongs to King Graves, of Chesterfield county. He is black, about 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, and about 24 years old. I understand he is a kind of huckster around the markets and the city, which occupation he may now be engaged in.

A liberal reward will be paid for the delivery of the above named negroes to me, or confined in any jail in the city, so that they can be procured.
W S WOOD,
Major and Q M Army Transportation,
mh 7—4t Bacon's Quarter Branch, Richmond.

RUNAWAY