DAILY DISPATCH.

VOL. XXVII. RICHMOND, VA., SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1864. NO. 63.

Richmond Dispatch.

BY J. A. COWARDIN & CO.

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OFFICIAL.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, CONFEDERATE STATES OF AMERICA, Richmond, Va., August 26, 1864.

REGULATIONS FOR CARRYING INTO EFFECT THE ACT OF CONGRESS APPROVED JUNE 13, 1864, AUTHORIZING OWNERS OF REGISTERED EIGHT PER CENT. BONDS ISSUED UNDER THE PROVISIONS OF THE ACT APPROVED MAY 16, 1864, TO EXCHANGE THE SAME FOR COUPON BONDS.—Parties owning registered eight per cent. bonds under the act of May 16, 1864, desiring to exchange them for coupon bonds, will assign them, in the manner pointed out in the printed endorsement on the back of the certificate, to the "Confederate States of America, in exchange for coupon bonds," and cause them to be presented to the Register of the Treasury Department, who will thereupon, in compliance with the provisions of the act of June 16, 1864, issue coupon bonds for the amount specified in the registered bonds so assigned.

G. A. TRENHOLM, Secretary of the Treasury.

au 29—4t

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, CONFEDERATE STATES OF AMERICA, Richmond, July 22, 1864.

LOANS ON THE SECURITY OF THE FIVE HUNDRED MILLION SIX PER CENT. NON-TAXABLE BONDS, UNDER THE SEVENTH SECTION OF THE CURRENCY LAW.—Deposits on call will be received by the Treasurer in this city, Assistant Treasurers at Charleston and Mobile, and the Depositaries at Wilmington, N. C., Raleigh, Columbia, Augusta, Savannah, and Montgomery, and certificates will be issued for the same, bearing interest at the rate of four per cent. per annum, and secured by the hypothecation of an amount of the above bonds equal to the sum loaned on these bonds. The bonds to be set apart by the Treasurer, and the proceeds, when sold, applied exclusively to the payment of the said certificates.

The security and convenience afforded to banks and other corporations, and to the public generally, as the mode of temporary investment, and the effect of the measure, if generally adopted, in keeping the currency within moderate bounds, it is hoped will commend it to the favorable consideration of the community and secure their practical co-operation in carrying it into effect.

G. A. TRENHOLM, Secretary of the Treasury.

RICHMOND, July 22, 1864. au 22—4t

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, CONFEDERATE STATES OF AMERICA, Richmond, August 8, 1864.

CERTIFICATES OF INDEBTEDNESS BEARING SIX PER CENT. PER ANNUM INTEREST AND FREE FROM TAXATION.—By the fourteenth section of the act to reduce the currency, approved February 17, 1864, the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to issue the above certificates, payable two years after the ratification of a treaty of peace with the United States. They cannot be sold, but are only to be issued to such creditors of the Government as are willing to receive the same in payment of their demands. They must also be issued at par, though free from taxation.

The attention of purchasing agents and disbursing officers of the Government is called to this class of public securities as offering peculiar advantages to those from whom the supplies of the Government are bought; and to facilitate the use of them, checks drawn by disbursing officers upon the depositaries will be issued for the amount of these certificates, payable to order of certificates of indebtedness," will be indorsed and negotiated by them.

Depositaries are hereby authorized and required to comply with this regulation, and to make application to the Register for supplies of certificates as required. [Signed] G. A. TRENHOLM, Secretary of Treasury.

au 22—4t

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, CONFEDERATE STATES OF AMERICA, Richmond, July 28, 1864.

TAXED TREASURY NOTES.—In order to promote, as far as practicable, the early exchange by the Treasury of the OUTSTANDING TEMPORARY NOTES, the Treasurer, Assistant Treasurers and Depositaries in the different States, are hereby authorized to receive the said notes, except the 1-10 notes, at 66½ per centum, on deposit, issuing for same certificates of loan, upon hypothecation of non-taxable bonds. The said certificates to be payable on demand after the expiration of ninety days.

And all agents for the sale of the above bonds are hereby authorized to receive the taxed notes, with the exception above named, in payment of bonds, when sold, at the rate of 66½ per centum.

G. A. TRENHOLM, Secretary of the Treasury.

au 22—4t

RUNAWAYS.

SIX HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD.—Ran away from my stables, on the night of the 28th ultimo, my two NEGRO MEN, named ALBERT and HENRY. Henry is about twenty-two or twenty-three years old, about five feet six inches high, black, and stammers very badly when talking. Albert is about twenty years old, about seven inches high, bright mulatto, with sandy hair and very large feet and hands. I will pay the above reward for them, or three hundred dollars for either one, delivered to me at my stables, in Franklin street. They are evidently making their way to the Yankee lines.

JAMES C. JOHNSON, Virginia Stables, Franklin street, Richmond, Virginia.

se 10—6t

TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD.—Ran away from the subscriber, on the 8th of last month, (August) a Negro Boy named ROBERT; about twenty-eight years old; five feet eleven inches high; black; fine set of teeth; rather inclined to be knock-kneed; quick spoken, and very active. He had on when he left a brown jeans sack coat; his other clothing not recollected. He was raised in Middlesex county. I will give the above reward for his apprehension and delivery to me, or to Messrs. S. N. DAVIS & CO., of Richmond, or for his confinement in any jail so that I get him again. [se 3—10t] J. J. PACE.

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS REWARD.—Ran away, about the 1st of July, 1864, from J. A. Seay, to whom he was hired to work on the Danville railroad, my boy JOHN, sixteen or twenty years old, five feet six or eight inches high, bright complexion, spare made, and very likely. I will pay the above reward for his delivery to me or confinement in jail so I can get him.

R. A. A. WATSON, Jennings's Ordinary Postoffice, Nottoway county, Virginia.

se 1—12t*

BUSINESS NOTICES.

THE SUBSCRIBER, HAVING RECOVERED from his late illness, will attend his office from TO-DAY, and will be pleased to see his patients and the public generally. A splendid assortment of GOLD FOIL and other materials on hand.

Persons wishing to see me on business, after office hours, will please call at my residence, on Marshall street, between First and Adams.

M. A. BLANKMAN, Surgeon and Dentist, 83 Main street.

se 10—3t

W. F. PRICE,

GROCER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT, Thirteenth street, between Main and Cary, RICHMOND, VIRGINIA,

Keeps constantly on hand a general assortment of GROCERIES, WINES and LIQUORS, which he is prepared to sell at the lowest market rates. He solicits the attention of the public.

Consignments solicited. se 1—12t*

I WILL KEEP ALWAYS ON HAND SADDLE AND HARNESS HORSES for sale; also buy and sell HORSES AND MULES on commission for any friend, and will sell at auction EVERY SATURDAY, on Council Chamber Hill, HORSES, MULES, BUGGIES and CARRIAGES.

EGBERT T. BASS, Office J. B. Davis' Livery Stable, Franklin street.

se 7—3t

OFFICE VIRGINIA COTTON AND WOOL CARD MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Richmond, September 2, 1864.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.—A dividend of TEN PER CENT. has been declared on the capital stock of the Virginia Cotton and Wool Card Manufacturing Company, payable at the office of the Company on and after the 15th of September. By order of the Board of Directors.

GEORGE ARENTS, Treasurer and Secretary.

se 10—3t

NOTICE.—An adjourned meeting of the IRON MASTERS of the State of Virginia will be held in Richmond at the office of the Old Dominion Nail Company on WEDNESDAY, the 28th September instant. A full attendance is earnestly requested.

J. WARREN SLAUGHTER, Chairman.

se 10—6t

FOR SALE, a very likely and intelligent BLACK GIRL, thirteen years old, and raised in town. Also, a fine TOP BUGGY and HARNESS.

For rent, several HOUSES and ROOMS in Manchester. Inquire of

Dr. BROOCKS, No. 142 Main street, Richmond.

se 10—1t*

SPOTTS & HARVEY will sell to all families holding tickets of application for RICE two pounds for each member, when not exceeding five in number, commencing on MONDAY, 12th of September.

se 10—6t

FOR SALE, a fine lot of COLORED GAITERS, with heels, at forty dollars per pair.

No. 98 MAIN STREET, Military store.

se 8—3t*

PIANO FOR SALE PRIVATELY.—I am requested to sell a very elegant PIANO.

JAMES M. TAYLOR, Auctioneer.

se 5—4t

AMUSEMENTS.

RICHMOND THEATRE, Corner Seventh and Broad streets.

Acting and Stage Manager.....R. D. OGDEN.

SATURDAY EVENING, September 10, 1864.

BENEFIT OF MISS IDA VERNON.

Upon which occasion she will appear, by special request, in the most successful play of the season,

EAST LYNNE.

LADY ISABEL, MADAME VINE, } .....IDA VERNON.

ARCHIBALD CARLYLE, Esq.....R. D. OGDEN

CASTINETT SOLO, (by request,).....E. BANKER.

MR. E. R. DALTON, the young and popular Tragedian, has volunteered and will deliver Mrs. P. Norton's Poem of "BINGEN ON THE RHINE!"

BALLAD.....BLANCHE MIDDLETON.

Conclude with C. T. Wolf's Poem of SIC SEMPER TYRANNIS!

WITH A GRAND SWORD COMBAT.

By IDA VERNON and R. D. OGDEN.

se 10—1t

RICHMOND VARIETIES, (Franklin street, next to Exchange Hotel.)

Unprecedented success and additional attraction—HARRY T. ALLEN, the popular favorite, every night.—Remember, ladies can visit the OLIO MINSTRELS without the fear of having their modesty shocked by obscene "gagging" and vulgar attempts at wit, our motto being: "Fun without Vulgarity."—The VARIETIES is nightly crowded with the elite, beauty and fashion of the Capital City to witness the unequalled parlor entertainments of the OLIO MINSTRELS, the only Legitimate Minstrel Organization in the Confederacy.—Prices moderate; Hall cool and pleasant; polite and attentive ushers, and an abundance of ice water. se 10—1t*

FASHIONABLE DANCING AND WALTZING ACADEMY.—Prof. THOMAS V. CARR respectfully announces that he will re-open his DANCING AND WALTZING ACADEMY on SATURDAY next, September 10th, 1864, at the EXCHANGE CONCERT HALL, corner of Franklin and Fourteenth streets.

All the latest and most fashionable Dances will be taught, embracing some never before introduced in Richmond.

DAYS OF TUITION: For ladies, misses and masters, every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOON, from 2½ till 5 o'clock. For gentlemen, every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY EVENING, from 7½ till 10 o'clock.

Parents desiring to enter their children are requested to do so next SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

TERMS: Fifty dollars per quarter, or twenty dollars per month, payable invariably in advance.

se 10—1t*

METROPOLITAN HALL.

GREAT SUCCESS OF BIRCH'S NIGHTINGALES, SEVENTEEN STAR PERFORMERS AND BRASS BAND.

GEORGE REEMS and F. H. RIX nightly.

Come early to secure a good seat.

BIRCH'S BRASS BAND in front of the Hall nightly.

se 9—2t*

MOONLIGHT EXCURSION.

The Steamer WILLIAM ALLISON will make a MOONLIGHT EXCURSION down JAMES RIVER On TUESDAY NEXT, 13th instant, leaving the wharf at half-past 7 o'clock; returning to the city at 12 o'clock.

The ARMORY BAND (Professor Lachman) is engaged for the occasion.

Refreshments will be found on the boat.

FARE FOR THE TRIP: Gentlemen, $10; gentleman and lady, $10, and each additional lady, $5; children under ten years of age, $2.50. se 9—4t*

GRAND SELECT BALL.

A GRAND SELECT BALL will be given at the MONTICELLO HALL On MONDAY EVENING, September 12, 1864, on which occasion the Managers pledge themselves to use every possible effort to make it the most pleasant and agreeable affair of the kind that has been given in Richmond for years.

Grand Entree March at 9 o'clock precisely.

A splendid Cotillon Band has been engaged.

Strict order will be enforced.

Tickets, admitting a gentleman and ladies, $5.

MANAGERS:

A. H. HOPKINS, J. W. GENTRY, E. N. HOPKINS,

se 9—3t*

A GRAND BALL will be given at the NEW MARKET HALL, (Corner of Sixth and Marshall streets,) On MONDAY EVENING next, September 12, 1864.

Grand March to commence precisely at 9 o'clock P. M. Music by Professor Tremer's Cotillon Band. No pains will be spared to make this one of the most pleasant parties of the season.

Tickets, admitting a gentleman and ladies, $5.

MANAGERS:

G. E. DELARUE, W. DAVIS, R. EMERSON, Proprietor.

se 8—4t*

NOTICE.

The GRAND SELECT BALL which was to be given at Company G's Hall on THURSDAY, September 8th, for the benefit of JASPER MEREDITH, is postponed until TUESDAY EVENING, September 13th, on account of the inclemency of the weather. Tickets heretofore sold will be good on Tuesday evening next. A good time will be insured to all who may attend it.

MANAGERS:

J. F. REDFORD, GEORGE OLPHIN.

se 10—3t*

GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS, &c., for sale by W. F. PRICE, Thirteenth street, between Main and Cary, Richmond, Virginia.

10 bags Laguayra Coffee,
10 barrels Crushed Sugar,
3 do. Clarified Sugar,
12 do. Brown Sugar,
5 cases Black Tea,
30 boxes Sperm Candles,
5 cases Colman's Mustard,
10 kegs Cooking Soda,
5 bags Black Pepper,
5,000 Superior Havana Cigars,
50 bushels Crowder Peas,
100 boxes Essence of Coffee,
100 do. Concentrated Lye,
25 cases Champagne,
10 do. Claret,
100 dozen Scotch Ale,
5 cases Old Tom Gin,
20 do. Superior French Brandy,
Scotch Whiskey,
Rye Whiskey, &c.

se 8—6t

T. W. ROYSTON'S MERCHANT TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT, No. 229 Broad street, at T. D. Quarles's old stand, where I will manufacture all kinds of CLOTHING in the best style.

On hand, a large lot of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTINGS, TRIMMINGS, &c.

Ladies' CLOAKS made to order.

A well-selected stock of DRY GOODS.

FURNISHING GOODS in great variety.

No. 10 COTTON CARDS.

Mr. DISMORE, who will conduct the manufacturing department, will use his best efforts to please. Try him.

Wanted, HANDS on Coats, Pants, Vests, Shirts and Ladies' Cloaks at T. W. ROYSTON'S, No. 229 Broad street, T. D. Quarles's old stand.

se 5—6t

SEVEN HUNDRED PADS COTTON YARNS, Nos. 6 to 14,
200 pairs COTTON AND WOOL CARDS,
5,000 yards 4-4 BROWN COTTON,
NEW ORLEANS MOLASSES, (genuine,)
SPIRITS TURPENTINE,
TOBACCO, SUGAR, &c.,

For sale, wholesale and retail, at BOSHER & WOODY'S, No. 71 Main street.

se 8—6t*

CHOICE BRANDS FLOUR.

GALLEGO FAMILY,
DUNLOP, MONCURE & CO.'S EXTRA,
SUPERIOR MOUNTAIN BRANDS.

In store and for sale by CHARLES L. TODD, Corner Sixth and Clay streets.

se 8—3t*

LATE ARRIVALS AT BELVIN'S BLOCK SHOE STORE.

100 fine French Felt Hats—beauties;
50 pairs of Baltimore Boots,
200 pairs of Children's Shoes,
200 French Corsets,
Kid Gloves.

Store on Twelfth street, above Main. se 10—2t

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ TO NEWSPAPER MEN.—One or two REPORTERS and LOCALIZERS may hear of pleasant SITUATIONS, at fair wages, on Virginia papers, by addressing J. L. BULLETT, Dispatch office. None but sober, industrious men need apply.

se 10—3t*

☞ SPECIAL NOTICE.—BALLARD-HOUSE SALE.—All parties who have bought any articles at my sale are very urgently requested to call promptly and get their purchases. The accounts are all ready, and it is very desirable to get the rooms emptied as soon as possible.

E. B. COOK, Auctioneer.

se 10—2t

☞ SHOCKOE MILL, SEVENTEENTH STREET, ACROSS THE DOCK.

CORN GROUND ON TOLL.

FLOUR, MEAL AND OFFAL FOR SALE

se 10—6t*

FRESH SHELL OYSTERS, SORA AND FISH, JUST RECEIVED AT TOM GRIFFIN'S RESTAURANT, Main street, two doors above Thirteenth, (up stairs).

se 10—1t*

NEW MUSIC.

Song—THE MURMER OF THE SHELL. Poetry and Music by the Hon. Mrs. Norton, with Piano-Forte accompaniment. Guitar accompaniment, additional.

Waltz—"BESSIE BELL." By A. J. Turner.

At all Music and Bookstores. Two dollars each Published by GEO. DUNN & CO.

se 10—2t

THE MAGNOLIA WEEKLY, THE MAGNOLIA WEEKLY, THE MAGNOLIA WEEKLY.

THE MAGNOLIA WEEKLY for this week will be out to-day at 1 o'clock, and will contain a great variety of interesting reading matter—literary and pertinent to the times.

The list of contents is as follows:

THE OLD STORY. (Poetry.)
A TALE OF TWO CITIES. By CHARLES DICKENS. (Concluded.)
WHO KNOWS? (Poetry.)
THORNS IN THE CUSHION. By W. M. THACKERAY. (From Roundabout Papers.)
PEARLS FROM THE PERSIAN GULF.
AMONG THE PINES. (Poetry.)
THE STORY OF A LEGACY.
HOME. (Poetry.)
BIRDS OF PASSAGE, DRIFTINGS, &c.

Office on Bank street, one door from Main.

se 10—1t

MUSIC, MUSIC.

Just Published by JOHN W. DAVIES & SONS, At P. H. TAYLOR'S Music Store.

Carnival of Venice—Quickstep.
Greenwood—Waltz.
Castle—Waltz.
My Home—Waltz.
Mountain Boy—Waltz.

Keeps constantly on hand all MUSIC published in the South, together with the largest collection of OLD MUSIC to be found in this city.

MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, VIOLIN AND GUITAR STRINGS, &c.

PIANOS bought or sold on commission.

Music dealers supplied on the usual terms.

se 5—6t* JOHN W. DAVIES & SONS.

LOCKS FOR SALE.

On hand, a large assortment of PASSENGER AND FREIGHT CAR LOCKS, SPLIT LOCKS, and a general assortment of PADLOCKS, TRUNK LOCKS, &c., which are offered for sale upon very reasonable terms.

All kinds of REPAIRING and other work in my line promptly and efficiently done.

W. W. SNEAD, Tenth street, Between Main and Cary.

se 9—6t

COTTON CARDS,
WOOL CARDS,
COTTON YARNS,
FINE TEAS,
CONCENTRATED LYE,
MOUNTAIN BUTTER.

CHARLES L. TODD, Corner Sixth and Clay streets.

se 8—3t*

SCHOOL BOOKS. SCHOOL BOOKS.

Wanted, as many as possible of the following-named School Books:

Fasquelle's French Course,
do. do. Grammar,
Noel et Chapsal's do.,
Levizac's do.,
Bolmar's Levizac's do.,
Putney's French System, Readers, &c.,
Ollendorff's French Method.

HISTORIES:

Student's Hume,
Goldsmith's Greece, Rome, France, England.

GEOGRAPHIES AND ATLASES:

Cornell's and Mitchell's.

MATHEMATICAL:

Davies's Arithmetic, Algebra and Geometry,
Smith's Arithmetic and Algebra,
Colburn's Mental Arithmetic.

PHYSICAL SCIENCE:

Quackenbos's Natural Philosophy,
Comstock's do. do.

BELLES-LETTERS AND ENGLISH LITERATURE:

Reid, Campbell, Shaw, Schlegel, &c.

Astronomy,
Rhetorics,
Mental and Moral Philosphy.

GEORGE L. BIDGOOD, Publisher and Bookseller, No. 161 Main street.

se 9—2t

SUNDRIES.

200 bags Salt,
10 barrels very fine Whiskey,
15 do. Jamaica Rum,
5 4-casks Superior French Brandy,
20 bales 4-4 Georgia Sheeting,
50 packages Crushed and Brown Sugar,
1,000 do. Tobacco, all grades,
100 quarter tierces Negrohead Tobacco,
10 bales No. 8 Cotton Yarns,

for sale by W. B. JONES & CO.

se 7—6t

AT PRIVATE SALE,

1 Velvet Tapestry Carpet, twenty by twenty-two feet.
1 Brussels Carpet, eighteen by twenty feet.
3 sets Brocatelle Curtains.
3 sets Lace Curtains.

All nearly new and of fine quality.

SLAUGHTER & CO., No. 159 Main street.

se 6—6t

DOMESTIC GOODS.

50 bales 4-4 Graniteville Sheetings,
50 do. 4-4 Augusta Sheetings,
50 do. 7-8 Augusta Sheetings,
20 do. Heavy Drills,

in store and receiving, for sale by KENT, PAINE & CO.

se 8—3t

SLAUGHTER & CO., No. 159 MAIN STREET, have at private sale

5,000 pounds Cotton Yarns, No. 10,
5 bales Osnaburgs, 28-inch,
3 bales 4-4 Sheetings.

se 6—6t

FOR SALE, PRIVATELY, A lot of HARNESS LEATHER, French KIPSKINS, &c.

ALSO,
700 pounds TALLOW,
60 do. BEESWAX.

TARDY & WILLIAMS.

se 8—3t

FIVE HUNDRED SACKS OF SALT on consignment and for sale by MINOR & BURKE, Commission Merchants, Cary, between Thirteenth and Virginia streets.

se 9—3t*

Richmond Dispatch.

The DAILY DISPATCH is sold to News Dealers at TWENTY CENTS per copy. CITY CARRIERS are authorized to charge ONE DOLLAR AND FIFTY CENTS per week to regular subscribers.

SATURDAY MORNING..SEPTEMBER 10, 1864.

THE WAR NEWS.

From Petersburg we learn that the enemy has been grading the country in the rear of his works, preparatory to the building of a branch railroad to connect his extreme left with City Point. There seems to be but little doubt that Grant is receiving reinforcements, and that they are being conveyed to his left. The enemy continue to shell the city from elevated positions, and the trains on the City Point railroad are distinctly to be seen and the rattling of the cars and whistling of the engine heard.

THE DEATH OF GENERAL MORGAN.

It adds to the regrets which the death of General Morgan has caused (says the Lynchburg *Virginian*) to know that he fell a victim to treachery, and did not fall in fair and open fight. A woman, at whose house he was spending the night,—a Mrs. Williams, said to be a native of Lynchburg,—rode to the nearest camp of the enemy and informed them of his whereabouts. Eager on securing so illustrious a prize, they lost no time in repairing to the spot, surrounded the house, and, while thus in their power, the noble chief received his death wound through the heart. The enemy were afterwards driven out of the town. The false creature who thus, in violation of all the soft and gentle promptings of her sex, has brought the blood of our princely hero upon her head, deserves the execrations of friend and foe, the ceaseless lashings of conscience—if she has one—and anathemas for time and eternity.

FROM TRANS-MISSISSIPPI.

We have received a copy of the Galveston (Texas) *News* of August 10th. It announces that Colonel Ford, of the Confederate army, was in possession of Brownsville, and that the Yankees were fortified at Brazos Santiago. Major-General Magruder had left Galveston to assume command of some other point (probably Arkansas). His departure was much regretted. We copy from this paper the following good news from the Indian Department:

"On the morning of the 28th ultimo, General Gano, with a strong scout of seven hundred men, fell suddenly upon the Sixth Kansas, three hundred and fifty strong, and made a 'clean turn' of the party, or nearly so. Gano whipped them very badly, killed some hundred and fifty, took one hundred and twenty-seven prisoners, wounded a good many—but a few got away—took all the camp equipage and a lot of clothing—burned their tents and everything that could not be brought off on horses. Several wagons were burned. The Colonel commanding and several other officers were taken prisoners.

"This affair took place this side of Fort Smith, and only five miles distant from that place. We had ten men killed and several wounded."

FROM CHARLESTON.

There were but eight shots fired at Fort Sumter on Monday night last and fifteen on Tuesday, (the four hundred and twenty-sixth day of the siege.) Battery Gregg fired twenty-two shots at the city on Monday night and thirteen on Tuesday. One negro woman was killed. Meanwhile, Battery Simpkins kept up a brisk fire on the enemy's new work at the mouth of Schooner creek, to which Battery Wagner replied. A few scattering shots were also exchanged between the batteries of Morris and Sullivan islands.

KENTUCKY.

A letter from a lady in Kentucky reflects not a little upon the Southern feeling existing in that State. Speaking of recruits for the Confederate army, it says: "You might come in here now and not a dozen men would you get. They will stand anything that is put upon them. I believe if Burbridge were tell them to go to the Old Nick, they would get on their horses and try to find the way."

PROMOTIONS.

We learn that Brigadier-General M. C. Butler has been promoted to the rank of Major-General, to command Hampton's old division. Colonel John Dunnovant, Colonel of the Fifth South Carolina cavalry, has been promoted to Brigadier-General, to command Butler's old brigade. Lieutenant-Colonel R. J. Jeffords rises by grade to the rank of Colonel Commanding Fifth South Carolina cavalry.

FLAG OF TRUCE.

The United States flag-of-truce steamer arrived at Varina, in James river, late yesterday evening.

THE CAPTURE OF THE GEORGIA.

We have high authority for stating that the steamer Georgia, reported captured in the Northern papers of the 7th, was not the Confederate cruiser which has been doing such good service among the Yankee shipping. The captured steamer was some time ago dismantled and sold to a British merchant at Liverpool, was loaded with a British cargo, and put upon the line between Liverpool and Lisbon.—The "protest" entered by her captain against her seizure was, therefore, made in good faith, and may lead to trouble between the Yankee and British Governments. The following are extracts from European papers concerning the affair:

[From the London Shipping Gazette, August 24.]

LONDON, August 24.—The supposed capture by a Federal war steamer of the Georgia(s), formerly in the Confederate service, but lately publicly disposed of to an English merchant at Liverpool, has produced considerable excitement among the underwriters, who contend that the act was illegal, and demand the immediate attention of the Government to the seizure.

[From the Dublin Freeman's Journal, August 25.]

Private telegrams received at Liverpool announce that the Federal frigate Niagara has seized the ex-Confederate cruiser Georgia, bound to Portugal, landed her crew, and sent the ship to New York.

LIVERPOOL, August 24.—The master (Withycombe) and thirty-three of the crew of the steamship Georgia have been landed at Dover by the Federal steamer Niagara.

The following has been received by the Secretary of the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company in London:

ELLORA (s. s.), GIBRALTAR, August 15, 1864.

To the Managing Directors Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company:

Gentlemen: On the 15th instant, at 2 P. M., Great Burlings bearing N. E. eight to nine miles distant, we passed close to two screw steam vessels, both under steam, but hove to with their heads in shore. The larger of these was evidently an American-built frigate, and was flying the Federal flag. The smaller was an English-built vessel, of about seven hundred to eight hundred tons, without any flag flying, and was deeply laden. On her stern was written in white letters, (apparently quite recently done,) "Georgia, Liverpool." Heavily laden boats were frequently passing from the smaller to the larger vessel. Preparations also appeared to be going on for hoisting in heavy weights. On the poop of the smaller vessel were several officers in American naval uniform and a number of men evidently belonging to the frigate, all fully armed. Boats were passing between the ships as long as we could discern them.

I am, &c., GEORGE C. SPARKES, Commander Ellora, (s. s.)

The Georgia, it will be recollected, was, for a length of time, engaged as a Confederate privateer. She arrived at Liverpool a few months ago, and was publicly sold to Mr. Bates, of that port, for £15,000 or £16,000; was subsequently taken up by the Portuguese Government for the conveyance of mails from Liverpool, Lisbon, to the Azores and back; and it appears she was in transit to those ports when her capture was made, with her cargo.

The affair has caused much excitement in the North. The *Herald* says of it:

The Georgia, when seized, was under the British flag, and her captain entered a protest against her seizure. The event excites much controversy. It is rumored that the capture was effected under consent of the British Government. There is much difference of opinion as to the legality of the capture; but general satisfaction is expressed.

Some attributed the quick recovery of gold this morning in part to the capture of the privateer Georgia, under the British flag, the impression being that it may possibly lead to entanglements with England.

DRIED TOMATOES.—Take ripe tomatoes and scald them in the usual way, and strip off the skins, or mash and squeeze them through a sieve, then stew the pulp slowly, so as to evaporate as much as possible, without burning, then spread it on plates, and dry it in a slow oven or in the hot sun. When wanted for use, you have to soak and cook a few minutes, and serve it up just as you would tomatoes stewed fresh from the garden.

LATEST FROM THE NORTH.

The New York *Herald* of the 7th instant was received last night. We make from it the following interesting summary of news:

FROM ATLANTA—WHEELER'S RAID.

The *Herald* contains the following dispatch from Nashville:

NASHVILLE, September 5.—The news from Sherman's army to-day reports the loss of the enemy at three thousand killed and wounded. We captured two thousand prisoners, among them a brigadier-general, (name not given.)

We also captured a large amount of *materiel*.

The army is in full possession of Atlanta.

There are nearly four feet of water in the river at this point and it is rising.

General Rosseau telegraphs from Spring Hill, late on Saturday, that Wheeler's rebel force was across Duck river and had joined Roddy. Both were retreating towards Florence.

General Rosseau pronounces their raid a complete failure.

General Kelly, reported mortally wounded, died at Franklin yesterday.

General Haskell is also reported killed in a skirmish.

Considerable damage has been done to the railroad. A large force is employed in repairing it, and will soon have it in running order again.

The damage done to the Chattanooga railroad by the rebels is also being rapidly repaired. Only one bridge has been destroyed—that over Stewart's creek, fifty feet long.

Colonel Spaulding was not captured, as reported. He is safe with his command.

Captain Price, of the Tenth Tennessee, was killed on Friday.

FROM THE VALLEY—SHERIDAN'S OPERATIONS.

The following dispatch contains the latest intelligence from Sheridan. It seems Early has not retreated so far as might have been supposed:

BERRYVILLE, VA., September 6.—The enemy are still in Sheridan's front, and, as far as can be seen, there are no indications of Early's retreat up the Valley at present.

The cavalry corps which left Rippon's store on Friday night have returned, having ascertained that the enemy was in strong force beyond the Occoquan.

Recruits and convalescents from the hospitals are arriving in great numbers almost every day, and are being rapidly sent forward to the front.

A heavy rain storm has prevailed since last night and still continues, making the transportation of supplies to the front very difficult.

It was expected the enemy would have attacked us in our position at Berryville yesterday, and preparations were made at the field hospital for the reception of one thousand wounded; but we were disappointed, and your correspondent holds to the opinion that the enemy have no idea of assuming the offensive, but will be perfectly content for the present with acting on the defensive and holding the Valley.

The prisoners captured in the fight on Saturday number some seventy.

Up to the time of writing this dispatch, there has been no fighting since Saturday; and, with the exception of little picket skirmishing, everything is perfectly quiet.

FROM GRANT'S ARMY.

The following bulletin of Stanton to Dix explains the cannonade opened on our lines at Petersburg last Sunday:

WAR DEPARTMENT, Washington, September 6—8.10 P. M.

Major-General John A. Dix, New York:

In honor of the capture of Atlanta, General Grant yesterday ordered a salute to be fired with shotted guns from every battery bearing upon the enemy.

Nothing has been received by the Department from Atlanta since the 4th instant, nor anything south of Nashville, on account of the derangement of the telegraph lines by the prevailing storm.

No movements of importance have taken place in the Shenandoah Valley. EDWIN M. STANTON, Secretary of War.

DEATH OF GENERAL MORGAN.

A dispatch from Knoxville on the 5th gives the following official report of General Gillem, relative to the surprise and killing of General John Morgan at Greenville:

BULL'S GAP, TENNESSEE, September 4, 1864.

To General Tilson:

I surprised, defeated and killed John Morgan at Greenville this morning.

The killed are scattered for miles, and have not yet been counted, and probably number fifty or one hundred.

I have about seventy-five prisoners.

Among those captured are Morgan's staff, with one piece of artillery and a caisson.

The enemy's force outnumbered mine, but the surprise was complete. ALVAN C. GILLEM,

SECRETARY SEWARD'S CAMPAIGN—NO DRAFT.

On Saturday evening last a large crowd of the citizens of Auburn, New York, including several hundred volunteers who were waiting to be mustered into the service of the United States, congregated in the grounds adjoining William H. Seward's residence, in that city, and called for the Secretary to address them. In response to the invitation, Mr. Seward came forward and addressed the crowd at length. He announced that there would be no draft, as there were plenty of volunteers going to the war, and argued to show that the preservation of the Union depended upon Lincoln's re-election.

The stump oration which the Secretary of State delivered to his fellow-citizens of Auburn, New York, on Saturday evening last, is an important *pronunciamento*. He opens the Presidential campaign with the announcement that the salvation of the Union depends upon the re-election of Mr. Lincoln, and that the war must continue until the rebels are forced to sue for peace. He intimates that slavery is no longer an issue of the war, and that the institution will not be interfered with after peace is declared.

He is severe on the radical abolitionists, and directly charges the delegates to the Chicago Convention, and the peace democrats generally, with being aiders and abettors of the rebellion and the supporters of Jefferson Davis. He also makes the welcome announcement that there will be no draft, as the Union armies are being reinforced by volunteers as fast as necessity requires.

THE VERMONT ELECTION—INCREASED VOTE—LARGE REPUBLICAN MAJORITY.

The Vermont election was looked to with interest. The *Herald* had received only meagre returns. It says:

The meagre returns of the Vermont election, which came to us last night by telegraph, indicate that the vote polled was larger than was ever before given, and that the Republican candidates have gained over the vote of last year.

The same two candidates ran for Governor at this election, and, as far as the result is known, the majority for the Republican ticket is even greater than it was last year. Vermont can, therefore, continue to claim what the radicals in that section consider a great honor—that she has never given a Democratic majority. The vote for Governor in the towns of Burlington and Rutland was as follows:

	Smith, Rep.	*Redfield, Dem.*
Burlington	684	328
Rutland	740	371

Returns from about one-seventh of the State foot up as follows:

	This Year.	*Last Year.*
Smith	5,935	4,654
Redfield	1,915	1,551
Republican majority	3,990	3,103

A corresponding Republican increase throughout the State will make Smith's majority nearly twenty-one thousand.

The three Republican candidates for the Thirty-ninth Congress are elected by increased majorities.

The vote of forty towns for representatives to the Legislature has been received, and they all return Republicans but two.

The State Senate will probably be without a Democrat.

It will be seen that the returns, as far as received, all show a small increase in the Democratic vote.

THE PRESIDENTIAL CAMPAIGN IN NEW YORK—DEMONSTRATIONS FOR M'CLELLAN AND PENDLETON.

The *Herald* says:

There will be a grand demonstration of the people to-morrow night at Union Square for McClellan and Pendleton. Immense arrangements have been made by the committee. Among the speakers expected are Governor Seymour, Governor Parker, of New Jersey; Senator Bigler, and a host of prominent men from all parts of the Union.

Arrangements are being made by the Tammany Hall General Committee to carry out the resolution of the Chicago Convention in regard to a grand county ratification meeting for McClellan and Pendleton. The committee of arrangements will be selected this evening at Tammany Hall.

THE MILITARY SITUATION A SIMPLE ONE—GRANT AND LEE.

Under this heading the *Herald* proceeds to show that the rebels have but one army—that of General Lee. It says:

The Confederacy has but one army left. Fifty general actions, skirmishes innumerable, and the hardships of three years of terrible warfare, have exhausted, have destroyed entirely, the ignorant but hardy population upon which the rebel leaders counted to overthrow the Government of the United States. All that is left of that population now is the rabble of Hood's last thirty thousand and the one army under Lee. Nearly a million armed men have, in the three years of its career, fought the battles of the great rebellion, and we have destroyed all but the last tenth of that immense power. Putting down the rebellion is now narrowed to the question of beating Lee's army. It must be apparent to every reasonable person that, with our present power, it cannot be very difficult to destroy that one army. Writers in Richmond may refuse to see this, and politicians in our Northern cities, blinded by party zeal, may refuse to examine the facts as they are; but no one disposed to use his eyes can deny that the Government which has reduced the immense power of the rebellion down to what is left of it can, by only ordinary exertion, finish the business for that crippled remnant.

With the military situation reduced to the simple issue in Virginia, we find that matters even there are in the position that we could desire. Lee cannot, apparently, spare an effective force to strike for the Weldon road, lest he should weaken his line at other vital points, and thus put himself even more completely within Grant's power. He is helpless, except for stolid resistance; there is no longer any offensive power in the Army of Northern Virginia; it stands at bay, the only one of all the rebel armies that seems disposed to make the last ditch a bloody one. It is with the Government to do the rest. Give Grant the requisite number of men, and let him go in and finish it, and put the Confederacy out of its misery. Our war policy is the simplest that a government ever had: it is simply sending men to Grant.

THE CAPTURE OF ATLANTA.

We append a copy of Sherman's official report of the capture of Atlanta, which we were compelled to defer yesterday by the demand upon our available space:

WAR DEPARTMENT, September 4, 1864.

To Major-General Dix, New York:

General Sherman's official report of the capture of Atlanta has just been received by this department. It is dated twenty-six miles south of Atlanta, six o'clock yesterday morning, but was detained by the breaking of the telegraph lines, mentioned in my dispatch of last night.

"As already reported, the army withdrew from about Atlanta; and, on the 30th, had made a break of the West Point road, and reached a good position from which to strike the Macon road—the right (Howard) near Jonesboro', the