

By J. A. COWARDIN & CO.

The Dispatch is published daily, Sundays excepted...

THURSDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 1, 1864.

THE DISPATCH IS PUBLISHED BY NEWS EXCHANGE...

THE WAR NEWS.

It was reported on yesterday, upon what seemed the best authority, that Grant was massing his troops on the north side of James river.

On Tuesday morning, the batteries of the army on General Parke's line, in front of Bermuda Hundred, opened on our battery at the Howlett House...

The following dispatch from General Lee on the subject was received by the Secretary of War on Tuesday night...

MONITOR BATTERIES OF SOUTHERN VIRGINIA, I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter...

We have not heard that the monitors moved the action on yesterday.

FROM GEORGIA. Pending the consideration of the resolutions, the House went into secret session.

FROM MISSOURI. Mr. Clark, of Missouri, moved to strike out all after the word resolved, and substitute a series of resolutions declaring that the Confederacy would never listen to propositions of peace unless every foot of its territory was surrendered by the Yankee Government.

FROM TENNESSEE. Intelligence has been received here that Sherman has issued an order relative to that Tennessee similar to that issued by Grant to Sheridan in the Valley.

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Senate bill to exempt cargoes of vessels owned by the States of the Confederacy from existing restrictions upon exports and imports was postponed till today.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. The House was opened with prayer by Rev. Dr. Burrows.

Mr. Farrow, of South Carolina, introduced a resolution that the House resolve calling for the ages of the clerks in the several departments and bureaus of the Government had no reference to the female clerks.

Mr. Foote offered a joint resolution that Congress has no power to emancipate slaves. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

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believed that Stephen D. Lee has removed his entire corps from Jackson to South Florence, and that Frank Cheatham has crossed the river with his corps, and made headquarters at Waynesboro, a small town situated on or near Greene's creek, a branch of Duck river, and about half way between Columbia, Tennessee, and Florence, Alabama.

FROM SHERMAN—HE RESCUES SOME IMAGINARY PRISONERS. The Northern papers have not a word yet from Sherman, not copied from the Richmond papers, except a sensation report brought by a steamer which arrived at Annapolis, Maryland, on Sunday, with 1,246 Yankee prisoners, from Savannah.

THE CAPTAIN OF THE HIRAM LIVINGSTON reports that, when he left Savannah on Friday last, the 25th instant, the exchange had ceased, the rebels being unable to furnish any more prisoners, as General Sherman had cut off the railroads leading to Savannah.

AS HOUR WITH MOSBY. A letter from the Valley, in the New York Herald, gives the following account of a little "guerrilla" experience, as the Yankees call it, which may be found almost any day in the Valley.

THE CASE OF THE FLORIDA—THE YANKEES SINK THE SHIP. A telegram from Washington says that the Yankees have determined to surrender the Florida to the Brazilian Government, and adds:

THE DECISION OF MR. SEWARD has been fully canvassed in Cabinet council, and is believed to be opposed by Mr. Bates, in deeming an apology to Brazil for the seizure as ample reparation.

AN ENGLISH PEACE ADDRESS DECLINED BY SEWARD. The English peace address, with three hundred and fifty thousand signatures, asking Lincoln to suspend hostilities, was carried to Washington by Mr. Joseph Parker, of Manchester, England, on Saturday.

TO THE SECRETARY REPLIED that, before answering the letter, it was desirable to be further informed whether Mr. Parker had authority from the Government of Great Britain and Ireland for the purpose referred to, and whether his mission had been made known to the diplomatic agent of that Government near the Government of the United States.

THE CONFEDERATE GENERAL Hindman, with his wife, staff, and body guard, crossed the Mississippi river at Catfish pond, some days ago, en route for Arkansas. He had a heavy box of specie with him.

THE DOUBLE-ENDER GUNBOAT Tacony went ashore off Cape Hatteras, North Carolina, a few days ago, and had not been released from her perilous position when last heard from.

THE LOUISVILLE DEMOCRAT says that Lieutenant-Governor of Kentucky, R. T. Jacobs, who was recently ordered through the Confederate lines by the military authorities of that State, is now at Gallipolis, Ohio. The rebel authorities refused to receive the exile, saying that "they do not intend to let President Lincoln make a Botany Bay of the South."

A GIRL OF SIXTEEN, convicted in St. Louis of repeated violations of the oath of allegiance, of carrying contraband articles across the lines, and of being a spy, has had her sentence, which was death, commuted by General Rosecrans to imprisonment during the war.

BUTLER'S DISPATCH Capt Greyhound, while going down James river on Sunday, caught fire and was destroyed.—General Butler and staff, with Rear Admiral Porter, were on board, but all escaped safely.

THE FIRES IN NEW YORK—ORDER OF GENERAL DIX—EXCITEMENT IN WASHINGTON. The hotel fires in New York constitute the reigning excitement in Yankeeedom now. General Dix has issued the following order:

HOW THE YANKEE GOVERNMENT TREATS OUR PRISONERS IN THE OHIO PENITENTIARY.—One of our returned prisoners, who had been confined for a time in the Ohio penitentiary, brings the following copy of the "rules and regulations" that were observed by the Federal authorities towards our men who were confined there:

NOTICE.—The following rules and regulations will be observed in the treatment of the rebel prisoners of war confined in this prison: 1. Roll Call.—The roll will be called daily, as follows: 1. After unlocking in the morning. 2. After breakfast. 3. Before dinner. 4. Before locking up.

FORBIDDEN TO INDULGE IN CERTAIN PRIVILEGES, described as follows: 1. To go into each other's cells. 2. To make avoidable noise, either in talking or otherwise. 3. To play at disallowed games. 4. To converse in the dining-room. 5. To converse with convicts, on any pretext, or for any purpose. 6. To converse with guards, except briefly in making known their necessary wants.

TO ORDER THE FUNDS FOR THEIR USE to be placed in the hands of any one except the authorized agent. 11. To transact any kind of business with any person, or to receive anything without permission from the warden.

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A YANKEE EXPEDITION INTO GREENSBRIER.—On the 11th instant, Captain Ramsey, a Tory marauder, with forty-two men, made a raid into Greenbrier county, Virginia, and captured about sixty horses, belonging to the Confederacy, and ten men, guarding them. They were pursued by Lieutenant Aulsted, with fifteen men, who rescued our prisoners, captured all the horses but eighteen, (fifty or sixty having been captured), took sixteen of Ramsey's men prisoners, got nineteen fine guns, and drove the rest of them out of the county.

TRAGEDY IN MISSISSIPPI.—A frightful tragedy was enacted on Monday last near Tibbee, the particulars of which we learn from a gentleman who resides in that vicinity. The perpetrator of the foul deed was a man by the name of Robert Wingfield. For some time he has been trying to get a divorce from his wife, in order to marry again, but failed; and at the time of the deed was living separate from her. On Monday last he hired a negro boy to go to his wife's house and murder her. The boy went to the house, and calling Mrs. Wingfield to the door, first choked her down and then drew a knife and inflicted many frightful gashes upon her head and throat; after which he fled, thinking her dead. The news having spread through the country—Mrs. Wingfield recovering sufficiently to give information—a search was made for the negro by the neighbors. During the search suspicion rested on Wingfield, his house was visited, where he was found in company with a young man who was living with him.

GOVERNOR WATTS, of ALABAMA.—The topics of Governor Watts's message to the Alabama Legislature are:—The finances, salt, cotton cards, the university, the pay of quartermaster-general and military printers, fines for crimes and misdemeanors, the militia, soldiers' families, the meeting of Governors at Augusta, and convention of States. The Montgomery Advertiser says:

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE will be glad to read the explicit denial of their Governor that he was privy to, or favored the resolution of the Governors which has been construed as looking to the policy of arming slaves. He is only in favor of using the slaves as laborers in the various departments of the army in which they can be employed to advantage, and is opposed to freeing them on any account.

NOT HEALTHY FOR MASSACHUSETTS MEN. The Springfield (Massachusetts) Republican gives two cases of the fatality of the Missouri climate to New England squatters:

IT IS REPORTED that Rev. Joshua Boucher, formerly of this county, who removed to Missouri last spring, was killed, a few days ago, by guerrillas. Some rebels seized him and ordered him to take the oath of allegiance, which he declined, no doubt very decidedly, when they shot him. Mr. Boucher was one of the original Liberty party men of Ohio—one of the old anti-slavery vanguard.

A PRIVATE SALE.—Desiring to change our business, for reasons which will be stated, we offer our entire STOCK, MATERIALS and FIXTURES, for sale, at a private sale, at a moderate price. To a practical business man a rare chance is offered.

CITY SCAVENGER.—The subscriber, having been appointed CITY SCAVENGER, is prepared to clean out stables, cellars, closets, attics, and to remove all rubbish, and to do all the work of a scavenger, at a reasonable price. Orders left at the office, post-office, box 200, will receive prompt attention.

NOTICE.—A gentleman proposes to leave for Europe on about thirty days, and so forth, and offers for sale, for the purpose of disposing of his business generally, a large amount of valuable merchandise. This is an excellent opportunity for those who may have business transactions on the Continent. He will return in four or five months. The best of references given. Address "Box 200," Salisbury, North Carolina, or "Richmond, Va.," care of W. F. Price, Esq., Richmond, Va.

LINCOLN'S TYRANNY.—The Catholic Bishop of Liverpool (England), in a recent address, delivered there, said: "Think you that the imperialism of Russia is more tyrannical, or that it

crushes more people than Abraham Lincoln, who is the representative of a Liberal Government in the Republic across the ocean? No; there is no tyranny more terrible than that which bears the banner of Liberty—that banner which crushes the liberty of others whilst it raises up itself, which brings itself into fame; because it has trodden down almost everything else that may be near it.

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