

Richmond Dispatch.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 28, 1864.

RAGS WANTED.—The highest market price will be paid at this office for all kinds of CLEAN COTTON and LINEN RAGS, in large or small quantities.

A rumor, which we fear is of that description usually marked as "too good to be true," has been in circulation ever since the commencement of the Christmas holidays, to the effect that the President has appointed General Lee generalissimo of the land and naval forces of the Confederacy, with all the powers appertaining to that exalted office. It was alluded to, in very pointed terms, by two of the morning papers yesterday otherwise, we should have forbore to mention it. Time, we suppose, will reveal the truth with regard to this report.

No act which the President could perform would have so great an effect in cheering and stimulating the country, at this moment, when, above all others that have occurred, it requires cheering and stimulant. Nor do we believe that any other act of his, apart from the moral effect, could so powerfully aid in the prosecution of the war. General Lee is, beyond all question, the greatest of living captains. There is no other, indeed, whose deeds admit of the slightest comparison. But apart from this, he possesses a weight of character, and an estimation with the multitude, such as no other man but one ever possessed in this country, and that other was Washington. The whole people look up to him with a respect amounting to reverence, and a belief in his capacity almost superstitious. They are unwilling to believe, and cannot be taught to believe, that anything he undertakes will fail—that any course he recommends can be wrong—that any cause he may adopt can fail. Whatever might be the movements of our armies, were General Lee the head of them all, they would be received with confidence alike by soldiers and people.

Besides, General Lee is the principal figure in the designs of the enemy. All their aim, and all their hope, is to destroy him and his army. They are the centre against which he is combining all the scattered fragments of his armies.—Every blow that has been struck by Thomas, Sherman and Sheridan, has for its object the destruction of Lee and his army. The force thus used against him is concentrated in the hands of a single man, who moves it at his will; while ours is disseminated over a space as wide as the Confederacy itself, and is lodged in many different hands. Under these circumstances, there being no unity of command, General Lee is placed in the most disadvantageous position. It is but just to give him all the advantages in the power of the Government to bestow, since he has to bear the brunt of the enemy's entire force.

It is hardly worth while to detail the enormous advantages which a general possesses when he is the master and director of all subordinate movements. He can then form a single plan and make all the movements of the different corps conform to that plan. Whereas, when a number of generals act independently, they all have different objects, and can seldom be made to work together for the accomplishment of one. He who is the chief in responsibility should not only have the power to order movements, but he should have the power to appoint the agents who are to execute the subordinate parts of his plan. In the latter year of his command, Washington was, in point of fact, a Dictator. After the unfortunate expedition of Gates to South Carolina, Congress called on him to appoint a general. It had exhausted itself, and had wrought nothing but mischief. Washington appointed Green, and from that day took the war pretty much into his own hands. In twelve months after he had done so, Cornwallis surrendered, and Independence was secured. We are told that General Lee is consulted now about all military matters. That will not do. The President, no doubt, designs well, and acts conscientiously. But nobody except the commander in the field can properly exercise such powers as have become essentially necessary to be exercised.

LATEST FROM THE NORTH.

We have received a copy of the Washington Chronicle of Sunday, the 25th instant. There is nothing of interest in it. The latest intelligence from New Orleans was to the 17th instant. The prize schooner Julia, of Nassau, with an assorted cargo, was captured off Brazos river, on the 5th, by the United States steamer Dacotah. She had arrived safely at New Orleans. The gunboat Narcissus was blown up

in Mobile Bay, on the 9th instant, by a torpedo. No lives were lost, but several persons were scalded. All the material was saved. The boat will probably be raised.

General Dana has ordered all arms, ammunition and military pyrotechnics in the hands of private citizens to be shipped north of Cairo previous to the first of January. Persons found south of Cairo with such property, or the materials used for their manufacture, will be arrested and imprisoned.

There is nothing from Thomas or Sherman.

The New Haven Journal announces the pardon by Lincoln of Tuckerman, convicted of robbing the mails between New York and Boston eight years since. He was sentenced for twenty years. He left Weatherfield prison on Saturday.

Gold was quoted in New York on Saturday at 221 1/2.

HIGHLY INTERESTING FROM EUROPE.

The Peruvian has arrived at Cape Race with Liverpool dates of the 16th.

The news is of no special importance. The British Emancipation Society had presented a congratulatory address to Mr. Adams, the American minister, on Mr. Lincoln's re-election.

American advices, in view of Sherman's progress in Georgia and Hood's operations in Tennessee, were regarded with the greatest interest. The London Globe thinks that at no period of the war were greater interests at stake.

The London Times urges the opening of negotiations in regard to the American war, saying it must come to this at last, and the sooner it does come the better it will be for America and the world at large.

A LINCOLN MEETING IN ENGLAND BROKEN UP—RICH SCENES.

On Thursday night a meeting was convened at Broadmead Rooms, Bristol, by a body styling itself the "Bristol Emancipation Society," to adopt an address expressive of gratification at the re-election of President Lincoln, and the consequent continuance and extension of the anti-slavery policy which the Federal Government has inaugurated under his administration. The room was crowded to excess. The following account of this demonstration is taken from the Bristol Daily Post:

"At the time appointed for the commencement of the meeting, Mr. Handel Cossham, Mr. A. Warren and others ascended the platform—a movement which excited the dense crowd who thronged the room to the most demagogical outburst of indignation. Those who had not already got upon the seats, jumped upon them and joined the more prominent leaders of the opposition in a volley of hissing and yelling that was perfectly indescribable. Mr. George Powell, who is generally known as 'the working man,' and usually takes part in meetings having similar objects in view to this one, advanced to the front of the platform and essayed to address the meeting; but he had no sooner uttered the word 'Gentlemen,' than he was assailed by the most discordant sounds.

"Some person near the door had excited the ill-feeling of those around him by uttering sentiments contrary to those entertained by the majority of the meeting, and a cry of 'Turn him out' was raised, which served to divert attention from the upper end of the hall to the point indicated, and Mr. Powell endeavored to avail himself of this diversion; but the utterance of the word 'Gentlemen' acted like a talisman, and the crowd, forgetting the unlucky wight who had ventured to express his opinions as it were in the enemy's camp, returned to their 'first love,' and seemed determined to cry the bold Powell down. The meeting cheered for President Davis until they were literally hoarse, and grained for 'Abe Lincoln' with equal vehemence. The Workingman again made a feeble attempt to address the meeting, and assured them that they were defeating their own object; but this line of argument was futile; it failed to obtain him anything approaching a hearing. He shouted at the top of his voice, 'I am here merely to move a chairman, won't you have a chairman?' but in the dire confusion which then existed his words could not have been heard beyond the reach of the reporters' table immediately underneath. An individual in the back gallery here called out, 'Stonewall Jackson forever!' a sentiment which evoked the heartiest responses, cheer following cheer in quick succession, an increasing intensity as the applause proceeded.

"Mr. Powell still stood his ground, and, apparently losing his temper, said, 'Do you call yourselves men? There is no manliness about you.' [Derisive cheers and laughter.] The speaker begged leave to move that Algernon Warren, Esq., take the chair, and then resumed his seat. The meeting not hearing what he stated, and conceiving that they had at last conquered him, cheered vociferously, and waved their hats with the wildest enthusiasm. Mr. J. Harris rose upon the platform, and was understood to second the motion, but if he said anything, it certainly was not heard by those who were within a few feet of him. Mr. Warren, having assumed the chair, stood up with the placard convening the meeting in his hand, upon seeing which, some person at the lower end of the room commenced singing the bacchanalian song, 'We won't go home till morning, till daylight does appear,' which was joined in by the great majority of those present, and was accompanied by stamping of feet and other noises. The refrain was

sung again and again, and the chairman's patience having been exhausted, he resumed his seat, and was loudly cheered for having thus admitted his defeat, and again the refrain of the bacchanalian ditty was taken up.

"An occupant of a seat upon the platform here came forward, and putting his two hands to his mouth, shouted, 'Hear both sides. But the meeting had evidently made up their minds to hear neither side. An elderly man in the middle of the room, standing upon a seat, with frantic gesticulations and the waving of his cap, demanded something upon the rights of an Englishman, but what it was he desired no one could tell, for even to those immediately around him it was but dumb show. The meeting, conceiving that they had found fresh food for fun in the impromptu orator, crowded around him. Stools were thrown down; a scene of great confusion ensued, and an attempt was made to force him on the platform; but the old gentleman declined the honors they would thrust upon him, subsided into silence, and was lost in the crowd. A cry was raised in the body of the room to clear the platform of the sympathizers with President Lincoln, and no sooner was the suggestion made, than several hundred persons came surging over the seats like an immense wave, and in the foremost rank was distinguished the stalwart form of a grenadier.

"The promoters of the meeting clustered around each other and formed a sort of secret conclave, discussing it was presumed, the course best to be pursued; but what resolution they came to we know not, excepting that they stood their ground for some ten minutes or a quarter of an hour after the enemy had successfully assaulted their 'position.' A number of Lincolnites endeavored to improve the occasion of being brought into contact with their opponents by arguing in favor of 'old Abe'; but it was throwing words away. With mock earnestness a publican advanced towards the centre of the platform, and seeing him come, those in the vicinity drew back on either side, leaving a space by the chairman clear. Behind the table, and great, even in defeat, were the devoted band of Federals, and Mr. Cossham, foremost among them, seeing the burly form approaching, courtously removed his hat, and went forward to ask what was wanted. The publican, instead of proposing any plan for quelling the disturbance, as Mr. Cossham perhaps expected, requested to know if he could have the sixpence which he had paid for admission returned, upon which some one inquired ironically whether two three-penny pieces would do instead. In the midst of the scuffle the table was seized and turned upside down, and hurled off the platform, while, a chair minus legs was held up, and benches bereft of supports were thrown down.

"Whilst this scene was being enacted, numerous incidents of an amusing character were witnessed in various parts of the room. Some one suggested that a glass of beer should be sent for Handel Cossham—a remark which was provocative of much laughter, and two respectably-dressed persons immediately upon the platform indulged in some strong expressions as to the merits and demerits of the North and South, and an animated conversation was brought to a conclusion by one challenging the other 'just to come outside.' Small shot and dried peas were thrown in great quantities about the hall, to the discomfort of many timid persons. Cheers were given for General Lee, and resounded through the room again and again; and on an excited individual in the middle of the room, declaring that he wished to address the meeting in favor of the South, loud cries for 'silence' were raised, and many seemed disposed to give him a hearing; but when the disturbance had almost been quelled, and the meeting had subsided into something approaching order, the gas was lowered, and there was a general rush towards the door. A vast number, however, remained in the room, and an individual in the back gallery commenced singing some ditty—a parody on 'John Brown's body'—the burden of which was that they would 'hang Abe Lincoln to a sour apple tree,' and the chorus, which was heartily joined in, 'Glory, glory, hallelujah.' Three cheers for the defeat of Cossham were then demanded and responded to, and the gas was further lowered, but the ruse did not this time succeed, and very few left the room. A person from the platform suggested that now they had got the room to themselves (the promoters of the meeting having left) they should pass a vote of thanks to President Davis, and give three cheers for the people of Bristol for the noble manner in which they had shown their true sentiments that night. Let them also give three cheers for Abe Lincoln, who knew how to use the bowie knife, but not the bayonet, so that he might learn what was the feeling of Englishmen with regard to him. The same individual also proposed a vote of censure upon those who had convened the meeting, and though he spoke amid great confusion, he obtained a hearing, which was refused to the many others who attempted to speak. The gas was once served to make the darkness visible, and still a large number lingered in the room, and the noise and uproar still continued with unabated fury, until eventually the gas was turned completely off, when stools were thrown down and the room was speedily cleared of its noisy occupants."

Captain J. M. Williams, of Danville, Virginia, was shot and killed by Moses D. Echols on the 25th.

TELEGRAPHIC REPORTS OF MUTUAL FIRE ASSOCIATION.

FROM WILMINGTON. WILMINGTON, NORTH CAROLINA, December 27.—General Bragg telegraphs from below that he has re-opened communication with Fort Fisher, and that there is no occasion for alarm or excitement.

The enemy landed with only three days' rations. Two feeble assaults by the enemy's vessels were made last night.

There is but little firing on Fort Fisher to day.

The fleet is reported to have hauled off.

Weitzel's negro division forms part of the enemy's force on the North Carolina coast.

Four of the enemy's vessels have certainly been disabled on the Roanoke river.

Prisoners admit a loss of three gunboats on the Roanoke.

[SECOND DISPATCH.] WILMINGTON, December 27.—The situation is unchanged.

Communication open to Fort Fisher by land and water.

The enemy still hold their position on the beach, under cover of their fleet.

The attack on Fort Fisher has not been renewed. The fort is uninjured.

Our loss of men under fifty. The Federals suffered much.

Everything looks well.

[THIRD DISPATCH.] WILMINGTON, December 27.—General Bragg telegraphs from below that the enemy have abandoned their position above Fort Fisher and re-embarked.

Our troops and officers behaved well throughout. The enemy has been defeated at all points.

AMUSEMENTS.

RICHMOND VARIETIES. (Franklin st., one door below Exchange Hotel.) WEDNESDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 28, 1864.

R. JEAN BUCKLEY in his CELEBRATED CHAMFION JIG.

CHARLEY WHITE in a FANCY DANCE.

TIM MORRIS and HARRY DUDD in their budget of comedies, assisted by the whole strength of the company.

THE TERPSICHOEAN SISTERS and the Fascinating Dances, Miss CARRIE BENTLEY, will also appear.

See small bills. de 28-1*

THE THIRD GRAND BALL OF THE season will be given by the VIRGINIA PLEASURE CLUB

MONTICELLO HALL, ON WEDNESDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 28, 1864. Grand March at 9 o'clock.

Professor KOSKOWSKA's full Band has been engaged for the occasion.

BALLET MASTER: A. COLBROOK.

COMMITTEE OF INVITATION: WM. W. TENNANT, THOS. J. WALKER, M. FREITER.

FLOOR COMMITTEE: JAS. J. RAULAND, JVA. E. ASHLEY, WILLIAM KEANSLEY.

Positively, no ladies admitted unless they have received invitations. de 28-4*

MISS PATTINGTON'S FASHIONABLE DANCING ACADEMY, ON BROAD STREET, BETWEEN SIXTH AND SEVENTH STREETS.

CLASSES ON THURSDAY AND SATURDAY AFTERNOONS.

POSITIVELY NO GENTLEMEN ADMITTED.

NOTE.—For further particulars, call at their residence, on Leigh street, between Adams and Fourth streets. de 28-1m

WANTED, for the Confederate States steamer Patrick Henry, twelve COLORED WAITERS. Good pay and rations furnished. Apply on board, at Rocketts. de 27-10*

WANTED TO HIRE, a good COOK, WASHER and IRONER; by the month preferred, without encumbrance. Apply at No. 123 Broad street. de 28-3*

WANTED.—I wish to rent a good HOUSE, with from six to eight rooms, with garden attached, in Sydney. Address, at once, G. T., Dispatch office. de 28-2*

WANTED.—THE RICHMOND HAT MANUFACTORY wishes to purchase ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND POLISH, of SHEEP AND LAMB'S WOOL, for which the market price will be paid in cash.

The company also wants several competent HATTERS, who are not liable to the conscript law.

The stockholders who have not paid in the installment required last August are hereby notified that if the installment is not paid by the 31st of January next, their stock will be considered forfeited.

JOHN DODLEY, President. W. M. HENRY HAXALL, Secretary. de 27-6*

THIRD REGIMENT, LOCAL DEFENCE TROOPS.—All the men detailed from the Third Regiment, Local Defence Troops, are ordered to report at the Headquarters of the Local Defence Troops, in Behm's Block, on Twelfth street, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 3 o'clock P. M. on WEDNESDAY, the 28th instant.

Those who have not had their details renewed at the Headquarters Department of Richmond since the 23d instant must come prepared to rejoin their command. JOHN C. WADE, Captain in charge. de 28-1*

NOTICE.—CORN MEAL.—One hundred bushels fresh BOLTED MEAL; fresh dressed FLOUR, in store and for sale by J. W. S. TAYLOR, Fifth street, between Broad and Marshall. de 28-2*

TO THE POTOMAC.—Parties wishing to obtain VEHICLES for the Potomac river can do so at any time by calling at the Livestock stable on Franklin street, near Seventh street, at 28-3*

P. WESCOTT.

APPLES, APPLES, APPLES.—Forty barrels, in good order, for sale at R. E. DeLaney's store, corner of Broad and Seventh streets. de 28-2*

M. G. DONALDSON.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

STRAM BOILER FOR SALE.—For sale, a good UPRIGHT STEAM BOILER, six-horse power, with fixtures complete. Apply at the Dispatch office. de 28-6*

SPECIAL NOTICE.—Persons who have been waiting for BROWNSTUFF and SHIPSTUFF can obtain the same any day this week by calling before 12 M. at the

CITY FEED STORE, south side of Cary street, between Fourteenth and Fifteenth streets. de 28-2*

HORSE WANTED.—Wanted, to purchase, a FINE HORSE, that racks or paces smoothly under saddle and works well in harness; not more than five or six years of age; of medium size, sound and gentle. Address C. F., through Richmond post-office, stating price and where horse can be seen. de 21-3*

AMUSEMENTS.

RICHMOND THEATRE, Corner Seventh and Broad streets.

UPON THIS WEDNESDAY EVENING, DECEMBER 28, 1864, WILL BE GIVEN A GRAND COMPLIMENTARY BENEFIT FOR THE SOLDIERS' DINNER.

CORRESPONDENCE.

RICHMOND, December 26, 1864.

Mrs. E. McGill.—Madam: Your note of this morning, addressed to John F. Reganault, Esq., denouncing the Richmond Theatre, on WEDNESDAY NIGHT, for a benefit to the soldiers' dinner of New Year's day, has been placed by him in the hands of the committee of citizens having charge of the arrangements connected therewith.

The committee beg to accept your generous proposition and to return you, on behalf of our gallant defenders, our sincere thanks.

You may rely on our best exertions to aid the management in procuring a large and brilliant audience, worthy of the occasion.

Very respectfully, Your obedient servants, SAMUEL J. HARRISON, THOMAS W. McCANCE, WILLIAM B. ISAACS, R. F. WALKER, JOHN F. REGANULT, J. A. HOLMES, W. S. GILMAN, J. L. APPERSON, ANDREW JOHNSON, JOHN F. REGANULT, Committee.

RICHMOND, December 27, 1864.

Miss Vernon: You are, no doubt, aware, through notices in the daily papers, that the citizens of Virginia contemplate giving a dinner on New Year's day to the gallant soldiers of General Lee's army, and we beg that you will lend your distinguished counsel and valuable aid on Wednesday evening next, at the Richmond Theatre, which has been kindly tendered to the committee for the benefit of the object.

We feel sure that you will participate with us with genuine pleasure, and we need not add how much gratification your acquiescence will afford to the community at large. Please name your own piece, and we remain, Miss Vernon, very respectfully, your obedient servants,

SAMUEL J. HARRISON, THOMAS W. McCANCE, R. F. WALKER, JOHN F. REGANULT, J. A. HOLMES, W. S. GILMAN, J. L. APPERSON, ANDREW JOHNSON, Committee.

RICHMOND, December 27, 1864.

Gentlemen: You have only requested me to do what gives my heart joy, and cheerfully I say yes; and I trust your noble troops (God bless them!) feel as much real pleasure in partaking of their New Year's meal as it gives me to contribute towards it.

You wish me to select the play for the evening's entertainment. I name "East Lynne," and trust it meets your approbation. I have not entirely recovered from my late severe illness, but feel God, in His goodness, will give me strength to act in such a cause. Yours, respectfully, IDA VERNON.

To Messrs. S. J. HARRISON, JOHN ENDRS, and others, Committee.

The performance will commence with the Grand Overture, LA FAVORITE, when will be presented EAST LYNNE.

LADY ISABEL..... Miss IDA VERNON.

OPERATIC GEMS..... Miss INEZ FLOYD.

FANCY DANCE..... MARY PARTINGTON.

Conclude with the Protean Farce entitled the PET OF THE PUBLIC.

To-morrow—A NEW PLAY.

Doors open at quarter to 7 o'clock; performance commencing at 7 1/2 o'clock. de 28-1*

CORRESPONDENCE.—Miss VERNON: You are, no doubt, aware, through notices in the daily papers, that the citizens of Virginia contemplate giving a dinner on New Year's day to the gallant soldiers of General Lee's army, and we beg that you will lend your distinguished counsel and valuable aid on Wednesday evening next, at the Richmond Theatre, which has been kindly tendered to the committee for the benefit of the object.

We feel sure that you will participate with us with genuine pleasure, and we need not add how much gratification your acquiescence will afford to the community at large. Please name your own piece, and we remain, Miss Vernon, very respectfully, your most obedient servants,

SAMUEL J. HARRISON, THOMAS W. McCANCE, JOHN ENDRS, R. F. WALKER, JOHN F. REGANULT, J. A. HOLMES, W. S. GILMAN, J. L. APPERSON, ANDREW JOHNSON, W. S. GILMAN, Committee.

To Miss IDA VERNON.

RICHMOND, December 27, 1864.

Gentlemen: You have only requested me to do what gives my heart joy, and cheerfully I say yes; and I trust your noble troops (God bless them!) feel as much real pleasure in partaking of their New Year's meal as it gives me to contribute towards it.

You wish me to select the play for the evening's entertainment. I name "East Lynne," and trust it meets your approbation. I have not entirely recovered from my late severe illness, but feel God, in His goodness, will give me strength to act in such a cause. Yours, respectfully, IDA VERNON.

To Messrs. S. J. HARRISON, JOHN ENDRS, R. F. WALKER, and others, Committee.

Tickets may be had at the Theatre or from any member of the Committee. Secured seats may be had of the Treasurer of the Theatre, at the book-store of Messrs. West & Johnston, Main street, from 10 o'clock A. M. to 4 P. M. de 28-1*

NOTICE.—All persons having claims against the estate of ANN BARRY, deceased, are requested to present their claims at once for settlement; and those who are indebted are requested to make immediate payment. Claims may be left at the office of ALANSON H. SAXTON, Attorney at Law, on Eleventh street, between the lotages, WILLIAM HILL, Executor of Ann Barry, deceased. de 28-5*

NOTICE.—On MONDAY NEXT, the 2d of January, at 12 o'clock, I will sell, at public auction, in front of Henrico County Court-House, a valuable NEGRO MAN and a FREE BOY. These slaves are sold for the purpose of a division among the legatees, C. H. CLARKE, Administrator of A. S. Clarke, deceased. de 28-5*

WANTED.

WANTED, a respectable COLORED WOMAN, with a husband, who would be willing to do such cooking and washing of two in back lot for rent. Apply at second house, Grace street, First street. Also, a STABLE or CARRIAGE-HOUSE for rent. de 28-2*

WANTED, a LADY competent to teach English, French, and music to the piano, a private family, with reference. Apply to Rev. GEORGE G. EXALL, Scotsburg, Halifax county, Virginia. de 28-5*

WANTED, a WHITE SERVANT, a nurse, and I wish to sell an ENGLISH CAVALLRY SADDLE. Apply at my house, Franklin street, between Fourth and Fifth. de 28-1*

WANTED, TWO FURNISHED ROOMS (adjoining), a STORE-ROOM and a kitchen for cooking, keeping coal, &c., to be used by a gentleman, his wife and two small children. Address J. R. cars of R. H. Wynne, Dock street, the House of Representatives. de 28-2*

WANTED, a good COOK, WASHER and IRONER for a small family. No country recommended. Apply to ROBERT SMITH, at Stokes Mill, or on Ninth street, to the house north of Leigh street. de 28-2*

WANTED, a No. 1 DINING-ROOM SERVANT, for the ensuing year. No need apply unless well recommended. A BOILER, No. 10 Main street. de 28-3*

WANTED TO HIRE, for the ensuing year, a good WASHER and IRONER, without encumbrance. Apply at Mrs. MORRIS'S Third street, between Cary and Canal. de 28-3*

FIVE THOUSAND DOLLARS WANTED BY ROBERT HILL, a note, for which the highest price will be given. ROBERT HILL, a note. de 28-2*

WANTED, IMMEDIATELY, a WASHER and IRONER, and a good CLEANER. Apply at Mr. J. M. MORRIS'S, Grace street, between First and Foucher. de 28-3*

WANTED, immediately, by a young lady, a SITUATION, as a governess, or some other. References given if required. Address A. R. C., Dispatch office. de 28-2*

WANTED TO HIRE, for the ensuing year, a WHITE GIRL, to do general household work. References required. Apply to Mrs. KILPATRICK, Main street, between Third and Fourth. de 28-2*

WANTED, a competent HOTEL COOK. Address box 966, giving references. de 28-2*

WANTED, at the Carbon Hill Gas Mine, in this county, a RELIABLE MAN, competent to superintend steam engines and manage the surface operations. JOHN J. WERTH, Agent. de 28-10*

WANTED TO HIRE, for the ensuing year, an EXPERIENCED NEGRO, who is a GOOD GARDENER. Apply at Warsaw, beyond Sidney, or at No. 68 Main street. de 28-10*

WANTED, an experienced MAN, as OVERSEER ON A FARM near Richmond. Must be a single man, with military services, and bring the best of references as to character and qualifications. Will require him to give some attention to the management of the farm. Address Mrs. S. HILLIARD, Richmond, box 1411. de 28-1w

SEWANT WANTED.—I wish to purchase or hire a good HOUSE, SEWING AND SEAMSTRESS, without encumbrance. Apply my residence, on Grace street, between Sixth and Seventh. de 28-3*

WANTED TO HIRE, for the ensuing year, from SIXTY to SEVENTY NEGROES, to do such work as the Virginia Central railroad, near Altoa, may require. Negroes for drivers, train hands, &c. Clothing, rations and medical attendance free of cost. de 28-15*

WANTED, a First-rate COOK, WASHER and IRONER, for a gentleman's family. For one well recommended, a liberal salary will be given. Apply to the subscriber, corner of Ninth and Main streets, upstairs. de 28-6*

FOR QUARTERMASTER'S OFFICE, CONFEDERATE STATES AMERICA, SALISBURY, NORTH CAROLINA, Dec. 18, 1864. NEGROES WANTED.—This Department wishes to hire, for the ensuing year, FOUR BLACK SMITHS, TWO WHEELWRIGHTS, SIX CARPENTERS, SEVENTY WOOD-CUTTERS and LABORERS.

For which will be paid a liberal price. They will be well fed and supplied with clothing, and having able-bodied negro men to hire may find it to their advantage to apply.

JAMES M. GOODMAN, de 28-4m

SAWYER WANTED.—I wish to buy or hire a NEGRO MAN who understands the management of a steam saw mill, and is capable of keeping the saw in order. For further particulars, address D. C. K., box No. 6, Dublin, Virginia. de 28-10*

WANTED.—Wanted, for the ensuing year, ONE THOUSAND SLAVES, to work on the Richmond and Danville railroad, and THREE HUNDRED SLAVES to work on the Virginia Central railroad. Apply to any agent of the roads along the line, or at the office in Richmond and Danville. CHARLES C. TALKOTT, Superintendent. de 14-1m

WANTED TO HIRE, for the ensuing year, twelve NEGRO WHEELWRIGHTS to work on Government work in the city of Richmond, for which the highest Government price will be paid. R. F. ARCHER, Major and Quartermaster. de 14-1st1*

WANTED, immediately, LABORERS, to go in the country. A man and his wife, also a family, consisting of a man, his wife and two children (a boy and a girl). The woman must understand cooking, washing and ironing. Apply to R. A. E. DABNEY, corner of Broad and Seventh streets. Good recommendations required. de 27-5*

WANTED, a CLERK, entirely exempt from military duty, one with some knowledge of the banking business preferred. None need apply without the highest testimonials with regard to qualifications, &c. A liberal salary will be paid, stating where an interview can be had. de 27-3*

WANTED, I M M ED A T E L Y, a WHITE WOMAN, a good character, and a steady habit, to do the cooking in a family. Apply on Leigh street, between Sixth and Seventh, second door from Sixth, north side. de 27-3*

WANTED, a CLERK.—Wanted, a CLERK at the Manassas Gap