Richmond Dispatch.

FRIDAY.....JUNE 11, 1875.

SUMMER RESORTS.

NEW RIVER WHITE SULPHUR.—Upon the banks of New river, in the green valley in Giles county, is situated this serene and happy retreat. At the edge of the river is the White Sulphur Spring which supplies the water for the seeker of health. From the simple porch of the hotel the guest looks out upon the smoothly-flowing river and the cliffs and crags that wall it in and are mirrored like paintings upon the glassy surface of the stream. The limestone rocks that form the banks are water-worn, or broken into fantastic shapes, and present often outlines of ruined walls and arches that set the beholder to figuring out the architecture of ancient temples—very pleasant occupation for a traveller seeking recreation.

The locality is indeed rarely entertaining. There are objects to visit and sketch, if you choose, in the neighborhood; the river continually showing you novelty and beauty, wild scenes, rich groves, &c. There are good trout-streams not far off, and the mountain lake, so much talked of, is only six miles away.

The New River White is therefore a place with ample sources for enjoyment for the lover of nature. It is both cheerful and quiet, and the water is a valuable remedial agent in cases in which sulphur waters are indicated. The best part of the entertainment at the New River, however, is the board. A real old Virginian sees to that. Our friend Captain EGGLESTON, native of Amherst, knows what's good, and like a true gentleman will not be satisfied unless his guests have it. Commend us to a chowder of New River catfish seasoned to his taste, or a "Brunswick stew" which he places upon the table in unequalled style; but above all, he others take what they may, give us the baked head of a catfish—half to the Captain, half to us, and "let us have peace." Nothing but insuperable obstacles detain us from these delights. We shall at least think of them. There is pleasure in that.

The New river (a pet of ours) is accessible from the Atlantic, Mississippi and Ohio railroad by a short stage drive, which will help decidedly to promote the health of the traveller by whetting his appetite and making his rest sweet. See advertisement.

ALPHA.

CORB'S ISLAND.—A place which has become quite famous. Here the sea shows you its riches, its fishes, its shells, its sea-birds and their eggs, and its rolling, roaring surf. The Corbs are to the sea born, and exercise a spell over it and everything about it. They prepare for the fisherman, and take him to where he catches shining beauties, and will also indulge the adventurous with a tussle with the shark—vile monster—against whom man's vindictiveness will never be appeased. The hunter may follow the marsh bird, whose sharp cry and erratic movements entice him on, and may return with that in his bag for which he will have a keen appetite, and with a fatigue that will give extraordinary zest to a two hours' nap. But the great joy at Corb's is in the raging surf, in which you roll in safety inside of a long shoal.

To do Corb's is brisk and animated exercise, and fits one finely for mountain shades and cool waters. It is the finest preparation for these things. See notice.

VIE DE L'EAU HOTEL.—This place is brought out with quite a flourish the present year. The hotel looks out upon the broad bay that lies between Hampton Roads and Norfolk, and you see where the James and Elizabeth rivers join. The James shores and the white sails that emerge upon the view impress us strangely, and seem to be messengers from a fairy land. The bay is lively with passing vessels, and the broad, reflected light of broad waters empurples the region. The hotel is spacious, and pleasant, and the bathing good. The advantages of the place for salt-water bathers are fine. See notice.

Letter from Petersburg.

[Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.]

PETERSBURG, June 10, 1875.

This afternoon about half-past 5 o'clock a portion of the scaffolding erected for the purpose of painting the three-story brick building at the corner of Sycamore street and Courthouse avenue, shortly to be occupied by the Planters and Mechanics Bank, fell, bringing down with it two negro men who were engaged in coloring the walls. They were at work on the second story (about twenty feet above the pavement), and at the time both were together over one of the brackets, which proved too frail to support their combined weight. They fell through the timbers beneath, carrying the planks with them, and struck the brick walk below with such force as to inflict severe injuries upon both. One of them, Henry Jones, was knocked senseless, and was seriously injured by the fall of his companion square across his body. Henry Mason, the other, was injured upon the head, and for some moments was scarcely conscious of what had occurred. Physicians were called, restoratives administered, and the injured men removed to their homes. The timbers beneath broke the force of their fall and probably prevented fatal results.

The final examinations in the public schools are now in progress. The plan is somewhat different from that pursued in previous years—the answers of the pupils in the different schools being given in writing. The schools will close the latter part of this week.

James Carey, a colored man, was this afternoon adjudged a lunatic after examination before a commission of magistrates, and committed to jail to await the result of an application for his admission to Howard Asylum.

A semi-annual meeting of the stockholders of the Academy of Music will be held to-morrow night. The institution has not been a paying one thus far.

At Prince George County Court to-day—Judge Battle presiding—the contested election case of Gilliam *vs.* Lane was tried. Mr. Lewis Gilliam, Sr., was the Conservative candidate for clerk at the late election, and Lane the Republican candidate. Though a majority of the Conservative ticket for county officers was elected, Mr. Gilliam was defeated by 29 votes. The main question in the trial turned upon the vote of one township, which being recounted was found to be as heretofore reported, and the clerkship was awarded by the court to Mr. Lane.

The ladies of Wesley chapel are preparing for a feast, to be continued all next week, for the benefit of their church.

ROBIN HOOD.

Amherst Matters by a Danville Man

[Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.]

AMHERST COURTHOUSE, June 9, 1875.

This town, the county-seat of what has formerly been called the "Old Free State," but now the size of Chatham, but looks much fresher—in fact, it looks very neat and nice. It is another cut to Charlotte Courthouse. I believe Amherst used to be called the "Old Free State" because the sporting gentlemen of Lynchburg and its suburbs used to find their freedom amongst the Amherstites whenever his Honor of the Circuit Court was holding his sessions in Lynchburg.

The Methodists have one house of worship, the Episcopalians one. There is an organization of Presbyterians, but they have no church-house; and also a sprinkling of others, but they worship with churches which meet in the country. The colored Baptists have quite a respectable meeting house. The ministers resident are: Rev. Mr. Campbell and Rev. T. A. Ware, of the Methodist church; Rev. Mr. Cheese, of the Presbyterian church; Rev. Mr. McBryde, of the Episcopal church (who, by the way, has been appointed chaplain for the University); Rev. W. A. Tyree, of the Baptist church, a native of Amherst, who, after residing over twenty years in Halifax, returns to Amherst under strong endorsements of the Dan River Association, of that county.

Business-houses: One drugstore; five large stores for general merchandise, four of which are new; five saloons; three smith-shops; three carpenter-shops; the printing-house of that enterprising paper the Amherst *Enterprise;* one university high-school; one public free school, with an occasional average of eighty pupils.

An attempt is now being made to establish a national bank here with a capital of $50,000. About $40,000 have been subscribed, and the originators of the project are hopeful of success.

Of course it is a matter of surprise to a Danville man that there are no tobacco factories here, and not even one warehouse for the sale of leaf tobacco.

The population of this county is about 15,000, of which, perhaps, the negroes have a small majority.

The total value of the real and personal estate of the county is about $2,700,000, of which the farms amount to about $1,900,000. The staple products are about as follows: Wheat, 75,000 bushels; rye, about 2,260 bushels; corn, 161,000 bushels; oats, 118,000 bushels; tobacco, 1,290,000 pounds; wool, 3,330 pounds; Irish potatoes, 16,000 bushels; sweet potatoes, 4,000 bushels; butter, 110,000 pounds.

The people of this county are said to be in a very prosperous condition. Their crop of tobacco last year was large, and they are now marketing it at the prevailing high prices—generally at Lynchburg. The crops of wheat and oats are very promising, and a large crop of tobacco will be planted, for which the weather recently has been favorable. Lands are now selling for from $15 to $25 per acre which several years back did not bring more than $5 per acre. Except salt and plaster, fertilizers are not generally used. The yield of wheat ranges from ten to one to twenty-five to one; I saw several farmers whose wheat crops last year averaged more than twenty bushels to one, and such crops are made on lands which in the eye of a Halifax man would be deemed fit for nothing but the manufacture of brick.

The scenery at this place is sublime. Paul mountain, Mount Pleasant, and Sugar-Loaf mountain stand out boldly against the sky. On the line of this county and Rockbridge is the pass of the James through the Blue Ridge, which for its grandeur would attract visitors from all quarters if it were only in New Hampshire or New York.

I did not see while here any of that famous article of food "Amherst bacon," or "old hares" dried and barbecued.

ALPHA.

[For the Dispatch.]

Decoration-Day in Gordonsville.

At Gordonsville, in Orange county, is a soldiers' cemetery, where are buried many soldiers of the Confederate army—some, indeed, from nearly every State which cast its lot with the Confederacy.

The cemetery has been much neglected till of late, when the ladies of the town and vicinity took it in hand; and now it is substantially enclosed, is adorned with quite an ornamental entrance-gate, and each grave is provided with a neat iron head-piece whereon the name and regiment of the soldier therein buried may be ascertained. This Association was duly incorporated by an act of Assembly as long ago as March, 1867, under the name of the "Piedmont Cemetery Association." We noticed to-day, however, that it had undergone a new christening, and was called the "Lee Mountain Memorial Association"—a pleasant fantacy of the ladies, but whether in compliment to Lee or the mountain (hitherto known as "Bell's") has not yet transpired. The question arises whether it does not take an act of the Legislature to change the name of an artificial as well as of a natural person.

To-day was celebrated as decoration-day. The harmony and spirit of the occasion was marred, as some think, by the Association's having a pay dinner as part of the day's doings; but as to that opinions may be diverse.

At 3 o'clock in the afternoon all who had come in to participate in the ceremonies of the day assembled in the Methodist church to hear the address of the orator of the occasion, Judge Sinclair, of Prince William.

The proceedings were inaugurated by an impressive and appropriate prayer by the Rev. J. W. McCown, pastor of the Baptist church; after which the Hon. B. Johnson Barbour introduced the orator in the apt and eloquent manner usual with him.

The address of Judge Sinclair was a disappointment to his audience. After appropriate prayer by the Rev. John Dinwiddie, pastor of the Presbyterian church, the procession, headed by the Temperance organization, in regalia, and the various Sunday schools, marched to the cemetery. Arrived there, wreaths and floral tributes were laid upon the many graves, and the assemblage dispersed to their several homes.

W.

June 9, 1875.

A SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.—The authorities of the Central Pacific railroad are quietly but energetically pushing forward what will be a southern line through Arizona and New Mexico. Their road extend southward from San Francisco, through the San Joaquin valley, two hundred and thirty-eight miles to Goshen, and thence the Southern Pacific is completed about a hundred miles further, to Tehachape Pass. At that point large forces are employed tunneling, which will make a continuous route to Los Angeles. It is expected that the road will be completed from Los Angeles to Fort Yuma, on the Colorado, by July 4, 1876,—that is, seven hundred and thirty miles from San Francisco. It will then be extended through southern Arizona and New Mexico to the Rio Grande, and it will be a simple matter to connect with roads already projected westwardly from Missouri, Louisiana, and Texas. *Baltimore Sun.*

NEW MAIL-POWER.—The Postmaster-General received a letter yesterday (June 7th) from a firm in New York offering to furnish a machine that would take a news train from New York to Washington in three hours, and through to Chicago in thirteen hours. They asked the cooperation of the Postmaster-General in establishing it by using it for a mail train. A reply was sent to them to-day stating that there was no legal means by which the Department could enter into competition with private enterprises in such an undertaking, it being only empowered to contract for the transportation of the mails. *New York Times.*

IMPORTANT, IF TRUE.—The St. Michael's (Talbot county) *Comet* says that a gentleman of St. Michael's, and a grower of potatoes, states that he has discovered by experience that oak ashes are either certain death to the bugs or an infallible prevention of their destruction of potato-vines. The ashes should be unleached and sprinkled on the vines in the early morning. The remedy is simple, cheap, safe, and certain, and worthy of a trial by those suffering from the ravages of this most inveterate enemy to the potato.

ATTENDANCE AT THE REVIVAL.—*London,* June 9.—It is estimated that 80,000 people have attended the meetings of Mr. Moody in Bow Hall during the past three days, and in the same time 3,000 have visited the "inquiry rooms." Mr. Spurgeon will open a series of meetings in Camberwell to-morrow.

The opinion at the Treasury is, from the present outlook, that it will be feasible to substitute silver for the fractional paper currency during the coming fall.

The magnificent subscription of $10,000 has just been made the centennial fund by the Singer Manufacturing Company.—*Philadelphia Press.*

"Metallic Postage Stamps"! is a heading in the Baltimore *Gazette.* The paragraph under it tells of Judge Kelley's metallic revenue stamps for liquor-barrels, &c.

The International Typographical Union has decided to hold its next annual session at Philadelphia, commencing July 1st. Several important amendments to the constitution were adopted. The Greeley Monument Committee reported that a fund of $5,052 was sufficient to erect a suitable monument within a year.

Mr. Francis Galton has been comparing school-boys in town and country, and announces that at the age of fourteen the average rural pupil is an inch and a quarter taller and seven pounds heavier than his city cousin.

DRY GOODS.

JUNE 11, 1875.

CARDOZO, FOURQUREAN & CO.

are daily receiving large additions of NEW AND SEASONABLE GOODS to their already extensive stock, many of which will be found lower than ever seen before—such as

YARD-WIDE FRENCH-FINISH PERCALES at 12½c., never sold before at less than 16½c.;
CALICOES in pretty patterns at 8½c.;
VICTORIA LAWNS, 16½c. per yard;
SIDE-BAND LAWNS and ORGANDIES;
Great bargains in GRENADINES;
COLORED SILKS, very cheap;
POLONAISE GOODS in endless variety;
PARASOLS, handsome styles;
A full line of LADIES' UNDERWEAR;
LINENS,
LINEN SHEETINGS,
PILLOW LINENS,
NAPKINS,
DOILIES, &c.

Parties in want of goods may with all confidence buy now, as goods cannot be lower and many may be higher. je 11

AT CHARLES HUTZLER'S,
611 BROAD STREET,
a full assortment of
DRESS GOODS, WHITE GOODS, NOTIONS, &c.

The following specialties are offered this week:
Pacific Lawns, fast colors, 12½c.;
Standard Prints, warranted 8½c.;
Black Grenadine, best quality, 25c.;
L. "S. Grenadine, wool thread, 40c.;
Two-Button Opera Kid Gloves, 75c.;
Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, all linen, 12½c.;
Huck Towels, over a yard long, 25c.
ALL GOODS WARRANTED AS REPRESENTED.
je 11

COURTNEY & POWELL,
815 BROAD STREET,
between Eighth and Ninth streets,
have just received another supply of
BLACK GRENADINES at 37½, 40, and 50c.;
WHITE PLAID ORGANDIES at 25c. worth 50c.,
LACE STRIPE VICTORIA LAWN at 25c.,
Beautiful FRENCH ORGANDIES with chintz borders,
LACE SACQUES and POINTS very cheap,
Ladies' and Misses' GAUZE VESTS, all qualities;
Gentlemen's GAUZE SHIRTS and DRAWERS, all qualities.
We are selling gentlemen's GAUZE SHIRTS for 50c. worth $1; STRIPED HOSE and HALF HOSE; ladies' OUTSIZE HOSE cheaper than they can be bought elsewhere.
We have a complete assortment of Frank Leslie's PAPER PATTERNS. je 9

CHARLES HUTZLER will open on Tuesday, 25th instant, some of the CHEAPEST GOODS that have been shown in this market during the present season.
Having just returned from New York, he brings with him a splendid line of NOVELTIES purchased at the recent package sales in New York, when goods declined from 20 to 25 per cent.
Special bargains are offered in
DRESS GOODS, EMBROIDERIES,
CASSIMERES, PRINTS, and FANS.
The best assorted stock of KID GLOVES in the city; among them some more of those two-button opera shades at 75c., at
CHARLES HUTZLER'S,
my 25 611 Broad street.

NOTICE.

From now until further notice I will close out (at and below cost) my entire stock of DRY GOODS, such as
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
POINTS, LAWNS,
CAMBRICS, CASSIMERES,
COTTONADES, SHEETINGS,
SHIRTINGS, CHEVIOTS, &c.
Also a large variety of
CLOTHING, BOOTS,
SHOES, HATS, &c.&c.
Give me a call and be convinced.
L. LICHTENSTEIN,
je 4-eod 1705 and 1707 Franklin street.

DRY GOODS.

CORDED LAWNS 12½c.
CORDED LAWNS 12½c.
Just received 20,000 yards of those beautiful CORDED LAWNS at 12½c., and the only place to find them is at P. STRAUSS', 1411 Main street. The same lawns are selling in other stores at 20 to 25c. Also, a full line of DRESS GOODS, CASSIMERES for men's and boys' wear, and every thing else kept in a dry goods store. Call at once, before they are sold, at
P. STRAUSS',
my 20-1m 1411 Main street.

TO BE READ BY LADIES ONLY.—We are now ready to offer the ladies of Richmond superior UNDERWEAR of our own manufacture, and guarantee the material used better, designs prettier, and
PRICES LOWER THAN NEW YORK GOODS.
Special attention is called to our
GLOVE-FITTING CORSET-COVERS,
which a lady's wardrobe is incomplete without. Mrs. GROOKE presides over the SAMPLE ROOMS, and will take great pleasure in showing goods.
BOOKER & CO., 1114 Main street,
second floor, second door above *Dispatch* office.
my 3 3m

BOOKS, STATIONERY, &c.

JUST RECEIVED
and for sale by
WOODHOUSE & PARHAM,
A PASTOR'S RECOLLECTIONS,
BY
Rev. T. G. DASHIELL,
rector of St. Mark's church, Richmond, Va. je 9

BREAKFAST, LUNCHEON, AND TEA, by Mrs. Parlund. $1.75; also, her other valuable work, common sense in the household, $1.75. Pemberton's Claude Mellotte as a Detective, $1.50; Reed's Practical suggestions for the Management of Lawsuits, $5; Austin & Campbell's Jurisprudence, $4.50; General Sherman's Memoirs, 2 volumes, $5.50; Wood's Man and Beasts Here and Hereafter, $1.50; Holmes's Authorship of Shakespeare, $2; A Perfect Atonement, $1.50; Thompson's Maltese, Indo-China, &c., plates, $4; Ingersoll's Fears for the Democracy, $1.50; Tamade's Sports that Kill, $1.50, &c.
RANDOLPH & ENGLISH,
je 7-o&w 1318 Main street.

C. McCARTHY,
FINE PAPER, ENVELOPES,
and VISITING CARDS,
my 1-eod2m 914 Main street, Richmond.

GROCERIES, &c.

SYRUPS.—Extra fine Sugar; extra heavy Molasses; common Molasses. REFINED SUGARS.—Cut Loaf, Granulated and Powdered. White and Yellow Soft, "A," "B," &c. COFFEE.—Java, Laguayra, and Rio. MACKEREL.—Nos. 1, 2, and 3 HERRINGS.—North Carolina and Eastern. SALT.—Liverpool Fine and Ground Alum. BACON.—Sides, Shoulders, and Hams. ALE AND PORTER.—Scotch and English. For sale by
je 7 DAVENPORT & MORRIS.

TEAS! TEAS!—We are in receipt of twenty-one chests of fresh GUNPOWDER and OOLONG TEAS, ranging from good to choicest, which we are retailing at 50c., 75c, $1, $1.25, $1.50, and $2. A liberal discount allowed on lots of five pounds and upwards.
GEORGE A. HUNDLEY & CO.,
je 7 528 Broad street.

FRESH TEAS.—Direct importation from China—GUNPOWDER TEAS of the finest grades; ENGLISH BREAKFAST, OOLONG, and BLACK TEAS, of superior quality, selected with great care for the Virginia trade by Messrs. Russell & Co., of Shanghai, China. For sale by
DAVENPORT & MORRIS,
Je 7-1m Importers.

301 CORNER OF BROAD AND THIRD STREETS. 301
THE FAMILY GROCERY.
CHARLES M. BOLTON & CO.
Just received, WILSON'S CORNED BEEF, GREEN PEAS, CHAMPAGNE CIDER, FRESH PEACHES, MUSHROOMS, and CAPERS.
my 24

425 BARRELS OF THE BEST brands FAMILY and EXTRA FLOUR; 35 half-chests CHINA and JAPAN TEAS, COFFEE ROASTED and SPICES GROUND daily at the Virginia Tea and Coffee Store, corner Main and Eighth streets.
my 15 F. T. HERDER, Proprietor.

FLOUR! FLOUR! FLOUR!—500 barrels choice Virginia extra Flour, 300 barrels choice Virginia superfine Flour—just received and for sale. Also,
20 tons Rock Salt (for cattle), with full stock of Groceries, Liquors, and Provisions.
BURGER & McCANCE,
my 17 Fourteenth (or Pearl) street.

100 DOZEN CANS FRESH TOMATOES,
10 dozen cans FRESH CORN,
10 dozen cans FRESH PEACHES,
5 cases PRESERVE STRAWBERRIES,
COOKING-PRUNES, CONDENSED MILK,
PINEAPPLE CHEESE, TOILET SOAPS,
BEEF, in cans; PICKLED PEACHES,
CHOW-CHOW PICKLE, &c., at
WILLIAM G. DANDRIDGE & CO.'S,
fe 9 827 Broad street.

CHOICE TEAS.
5 chests very superior GREEN TEA; 3 chests finest OOLONG TEA. Just to hand at
WILLIAM G. DANDRIDGE & CO.'S,
fe 9 827 Broad street.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ANOTHER OCEAN DISASTER.

WRECK OF THE STEAMSHIP VICKSBURG BY RUNNING ON FLOATING ICE.

MOST OF THE PASSENGERS AND CREW LOST.

NEW YORK, June 10.—Captain Cooper, of the steamer State of Georgia, which arrived here this morning, makes the following statement: June 5th, latitude 46 degrees, 34 minutes, north; longitude 37 degrees, 58 minutes west, had light breezes from the northwest and hazy weather. There were numerous icebergs and large quantities of floating ice in sight. At 11:30 A. M. discovered a ship's boat with sails set, on the port bow. I made immediately for her, and she proved to be Boat No. 1, of the steamer Vicksburg, of Liverpool, belonging to the Dominion Line, and commanded by Captain Bennett. There were five men in her who were in a very exhausted state, with their feet and legs very much swollen—so much so that their boots had to be cut from their feet. I at once took them, with their boat, on board, and put the men in hospital, under the surgeon's charge. They are still suffering from their great exposure to the wet and cold, but are recovering as fast as could be expected. Their names are James Crowley, of London, boatswain's mate, aged 22; Thomas O'Brien, of Liverpool, seaman, aged 25; Patrick Giogan, John Williams, and Jonas Wilkinson.

STATEMENT OF THE BOATSWAIN'S MATE.

Crowley, the boatswain's mate, makes the following statement:

"We left Quebec May 27th, with a ship's crew of sixty men, all told, and eight saloon passengers—five gentlemen and two ladies—and about twenty in the steerage, of whom four were females. The weather was fine until 9 o'clock Sunday evening, May 30, when we fell in with a field of ice, and was soon surrounded by it. The ship was stopped till daylight, when we proceeded again with but little ice in sight. At 9:30 A. M. Monday all hands were called to shorten sail. The ship was stopped amongst the heavy ice and headed to the South, when we proceeded at full speed to get clear of ice. At 12 o'clock, while at half-speed, we struck the ice. The engines were immediately reversed. The ship struck heavily aft on the port quarter, carrying away the fans of the propeller, and a hole was knocked through the plate on that quarter, through which came a great deal of water. We got a sail over it and stopped the hole up, so that but little water came in. All hands were employed in heaving the cargo overboard. The second officer and myself were taken from the cargo to clear away the boats. This was about 6 o'clock A. M. Tuesday, June 1st. The captain ordered the forward wells to be sounded, and six inches of water was found, the after-steerage then being full of water. The main-hold wells were then sounded and five feet and a half of water was found. The captain called me on the bridge and told me not to mind the boats, and then called everybody aft and told them to have no fears as he could take the ship to St. Johns, N. F. It was then discovered that the fires in the engine-room were drowned out. The captain then gave orders to launch the boats with respective crews and told them to mind that the distance from St. Johns was 120 miles northwest. I proceeded to launch Boat No. 1, which was my boat, and it was capsized in lowering, losing the chronometer-watch, charts, rudder, and part of the provisions. O'Brien and I partly bailed her out, when Grogan, Wilkinson, and Williams jumped in. We could not hang on to the ship, owing to the heavy sea on and the ice. After drifting about 150 yards from the ship we saw the second officer's boat lowered, all clear, with nine hands and himself in her. She pulled to the windward about sixty yards. The ship sunk about 10 o'clock, floating Boat No. 2 from her chocks, with the chief officer and about thirty people in her. She got clear and pulled to windward. O'Brien, after the ship went down, saw the captain and some other person floating on a bale of hay. We tried all we could to pick them up, but were unable to do so. We shipped our mast, kept company with the other boats about two hours, and then lost sight of them to the westward. We then decided to steer clear of the ice.

We had in the boat about three gallons of water, forty pounds of raw beef, and fourteen pounds of bread, wet with salt water, and a compass, which did not fall out when the boat capsized. We continued under sail, heading mainly to the northeast till Saturday morning, when we sighted the State of Georgia, and we got out our oars and pulled away dead to windward till she picked us up. I think that forty-odd people with the captain went down with the ship. We saw no ladies in the chief or second officer's boats.

The Recent Silk-Smuggling Frauds in New York—Numerous Indictments against the Firm of H. B. Claflin & Co.

NEW YORK, June 10.—The grand jury of the United States Circuit Court to-day found indictments against Horace B. Claflin, of the well-known dry-goods house of H. B. Claflin & Co., and William H. Talcott, silk-buyer of the firm, for complicity in the recent silk-smuggling frauds. There are three indictments against Talcott charging him with receiving and concealing smuggled silks, and three indictments against Claflin & Co., the first of which contains four counts charging them with concealing six cases of smuggled silk goods valued at $30,000, on the 21st of April, 1873; the 2d indictment contains sixteen counts, and charges them with, at various times during the years of 1872-'73, receiving silks; the third indictment contains twenty-eight counts charging them with having received and sold large quantities of silks, well knowing them to have been imported into the United States contrary to law.

The following are the names of the members of the firm who are also indicted: H. B. Claflin, John Claflin, Edward E. Esmee, Horace J. Fairchild, William S. Dunn, Daniel Robinson, and William H. Talcott.

Messrs. Claflin & Co. will publish a card to-morrow asking a suspension of judgment, claiming there has been no dishonor on their part, and say they will defend themselves against any accusations that have been or may be brought against them.

The aggregate value of smuggled goods alleged to have been received by the firm is upwards of $1,000,000.

A Black Fiend—Two Young Ladies Outraged.

ATLANTA, GA., June 10.—A negro was arrested to-day for committing a rape upon two white girls in De Kalb county. They are sisters, and their name is Johnson; aged respectively twenty and twenty-three years. The negro worked upon an adjoining place, and came to the house early in the night when nobody was at home but the two sisters and their little brother, who tried, unsuccessfully, to kill the negro with axe.

The negro locked the doors, and threatened the lives of the girls with a pistol, committed the double crime, and took to the woods. Before morning medical assistance was rendered the girls. Jordan Jones, the negro, was arrested, and carried back to the scene of his crime for identification.

Fatal Explosion—Steam-Tug Blown to Atoms.

BUFFALO, N. Y., June 10.—The tug Heffered exploded her boiler to-day, killing Captain Hand, Engineer Day, and an unknown boy. The fireman was fatally injured. The boat was blown to atoms. The body of the captain was blown over a four-story building, 150 feet across the street.

Appointments.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—Samuel Patterson has been appointed storekeeper for the Fifth Virginia district; Martin Burton gauger for the Third Virginia district.

Obituary.

ATLANTA, June 10.—General Duff Green died to-day at his home, in Dalton, Ga.

Personal Difficulty.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

ALEXANDRIA, VA., June 10.—Yesterday evening, on the Washington train for this city, a personal difficulty occurred between Colonel Mosby and Mr. R. P. W. Garnett, during which the latter was struck, but not much hurt.

Washington Items.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—Secretary Fish has gone to New York.

Bristow and Pierrepont are the only members of the Cabinet here.

Bristow and Senator Morton are in accord.

The new foreign postage-stamps will bear the face of General Taylor, copied from the medal voted him by Congress in 1842.

The Secretary of the Treasury and Commissioner of Customs had an hour and a half consultation to-day regarding customs business in frontier ports.

The Secretary of the Treasury is not satisfied with the management of affairs at the lake ports, and Commissioner Johnson will probably retire on the 1st of July.

Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—For the Ohio Valley and Tennessee, falling barometer warmer, partly cloudy weather, fresh southeast to northeast winds.

For the Middle and Eastern States, falling barometer, northeast to southeast winds, warmer, clear, and partly cloudy weather.

For the Gulf and South Atlantic States, stationary or lower pressure, southerly to easterly winds, warmer, clear, and partly cloudy weather.

Closing Exercises of the Hampton Normal School.

FORT MONROE, June 10.—The closing exercises of the Hampton Normal School took place to-day, and was witnessed by a large number of distinguished visitors, among whom were Dr. Ruffner, of Richmond; General Ewell, president of William and Mary College; Rev. Philip Brooks, of Boston; Dr. Taylor, of New York; Judge Hughes, and others.

New York Items.

NEW YORK, June 10.—Arthur Dyer, lately editor of the *Financier,* committed suicide to-day.

Turner Brothers, bankers, who suspended in 1873 but resumed business, have again suspended.

The Maryland Democracy.

BALTIMORE, June 10.—The Democratic State Convention to nominate candidates for Governor, Controller, and Treasurer has been called to meet in this city on Wednesday, July 21st.

France.

PARIS, June 10.—A violent storm passed over this city yesterday. Much window-glass was broken and thousands of chimneys blown over. Many accidents occurred, and business was entirely suspended in the city.

The storm extended to the south of France, and from the Pyrenes comes a report that a house was prostrated and eleven persons were killed. The damage in Paris alone is estimated at 11,000,000 francs.

FINANCIAL.

RICHMOND STOCK EXCHANGE.

THURSDAY, June 10, 1875.

Gold.—American gold, 116 bid.

State Securities.—Virginia consols, 58⅝ bid, 58¾ asked; Virginia consols, new, 45½ bid, 47¼ asked.

City Securities.—Richmond city 8's, 104 bid, 105½ asked; Richmond city 6's, 85 bid; Petersburg city 6's, 75 bid; Lynchburg city 8's, 92 old; Fredericksburg city 6's, 38 bid; Manchester bridge 8's, 87 bid.

Railroad Bonds.—Virginia Central Railroad first mortgage 6's, J. and J., 84 bid; Virginia Central Railroad third mortgage 6's, J. and J., 82½ bid; Virginia and Tennessee Railroad third mortgage 8's, J. and J., 75 bid; Southside Railroad first mortgage preferred 8's, J. and J., 81 bid; Petersburg Railroad first mortgage 8's, J. and J., 85 bid, 95 asked; Richmond and Petersburg Railroad first mortgage 7's, J. and D., 96½ bid, 100 asked; Richmond and Petersburg Railroad second mortgage 8's, A. and O., 100 bid; Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad mortgage 7's, J. and J., 98 bid; Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad mortgage 6's, J. and J., 82 bid; Orange and Alexandria Railroad second mortgage 6's, A. and O., 74½ bid; Orange and Alexandria Railroad third mortgage 8's, M. and N., 72½ bid; Richmond and Danville Railroad consolidated 6's, M. and N., 71½ bid, 72½ asked; Atlanta and Richmond Air-Line mortgage 8's, J. and J., 58 bid.

Canal Bonds.—James River and Kanawha Canal first mortgage 6's, M. and N., 58 bid.

Railroad Stocks.—Richmond and Petersburg Railroad, 100 par, 22½ bid; Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac common, 100 par, 65 bid, 70 asked; Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac 6 per cent. guaranteed, 100 par, 81 bid; Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac 7 per cent. guaranteed, 100 par, 92 bid; Richmond and Danville Railroad, 100 par, 9½ bid, 11 asked; Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad guaranteed, 100 par, 95 bid.

Bank Stocks.—First National, 100 par, 120 bid; Planters National, 100 par, 109½ bid; State Bank of Virginia, 100 par, 98¾ bid; Union Bank of Richmond, 50 par, 52½ bid; Merchants and Planters Savings, 25 par, 22½ bid, 23¾ asked; City savings, 25 par, 23 bid, 24½ asked; Richmond gas-lighting and fuel insurance company, 25 par, 34 bid.

Insurance Companies.—Virginia Fire and Marine, 25 par, 35½ bid; Virginia State, 25 par, 26 bid; Merchants and Mechanics, 100 par, 110 asked; Old Dominion, 100 par, 96½ bid, 98 asked.

By Telegraph.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, June 10—*Noon.*—Stocks active but lower. Money, 2. Gold, 116¼. Exchanges—Long, 487½; short, 490½. Governments dull and steady. State quiet and nominal.

Evening.—Money easy at 2@2½. Exchange firm at 487½. Gold active at 116⅜@116¾. Governments and States dull and steady.

BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, June 10.—Virginia 6's, peelers, 45½; consols, 58¾. West Virginia's, 87½. North Carolina 6's, old, 20; new, 11; special tax, 4. Bid to-day.

COMMERCIAL.

CORN AND FLOUR EXCHANGE.

RICHMOND, June 10, 1875.

OFFERINGS.

WHEAT.—*White,* 450 bushels. *Red,* 880 bushels.
CORN.—*White,* 504 bushels. *Yellow,* 24 bushels.
OATS.—332 bushels.
SHIPSTUFF.—100 bushels.
BEANS.—2 bushels.
FLOUR.—100 barrels.

SALES.

WHEAT.—*White:* 300 bushels choice on private terms; 36 bushels at $1.30; 56 bushels at $1.40; 36 bushels at $1.32—total, 428 bushels. *Red:* 48 bushels good at $1.36.

CORN.—*White,* 80 bushels common at 80c.; 76 bushels very good at 85c.; 248 bushels very good on private terms; 100 bushels prime at 86c.—total, 504 bushels. *Yellow:* 24 bushels prime at 85c.

OATS.—264 bushels prime at 75c; 68 bushels very good on private terms.—total, 332 bushels.

RE-EXHIBITED.

WHEAT.—*White,* 56 bushels.

RICHMOND MARKETS.

THURSDAY, June 10, 1875.

Country Produce.

Roots: Ginseng, $1.25@$1.40; seneca, without tops, 60c.
Beeswax: 28c. ℔ lb.
Butter: Prime to choice yellow, 23@27c.; fair to good, 17@20c.; common, 12@15c.
Corn Meal: $5@90c. ℔ bushel.
Eggs: In barrels, 14c. ℔ dozen; in crates, 15c.
Flour: Virginia country is quoted to-day: fine $4.75@$5; superfine, $5.75@$6; extra, $6.50@family ordinary run, $7.25; family fancy brands, $7.75@$8.
Shorts: Prime five-goose, 45@55c.; common, 25c.
Flaxseed: $1.65@$1.70 ℔ bushel.
Hay: Virginia timothy, $1.10@$1.25; clover, 75@90c.
Oats: Rated, $1.05@$1.15.
Potatoes: Irish, 50@65c. ℔ bushel.
Lard: Country, 15c.
Rye: 90c. ℔ bushel.
Shucks: 60@65c.
Baled Straw: 50@60c.
Tallow: 6@7c. ℔ lb.
Wool: Washed, 40@45c.; unwashed, 25@30c.

Cement, Lime, Plaster, &c.

Cement: Rosendale, $2@$2.10 ℔ barrel; James River, $2.10@$2.25.
Lime: Agricultural, 100 ℔ bushel Virginia, Indian Rock, $1.20@$1.40; Riverton, $1.25@$1.40; Rockland, $1.30@$1.50.
Plaster: Lump, $4.75@$5; ground, $10.50@$11, delivered; calcined, $2.75.

Dry Goods.

Brown Sheetings and Shirtings: 4-4 Manchester, 8c.; ¾ Manchester, 7c.; ⅞ 4-4 James River, 8c.; ¾ James River, 7c.; ⅝ James River, 6c.; 4-4 Graniteville, 10c.; ¾ Graniteville, 8c.; 4-4 Rockbridge, 8½c.; ¾ Rockbridge, 7½c.; 4-4 W. Conestoga, 10c.; ¾ G. Conestoga, 9c.; ⅞ D. Conestoga, 8c.; 10-4 Pepperill, 35c.; 10-4 City, 30c. Cotton-yarns, $1.25.

Bleached Shirtings and Sheetings: 4-4 Wamsutta, 15½c.; 4-4 Masonville, 13c.; 4-4 Rockdale, 11½c.; 4-4 Home, 12½c.; 4-4 Oneida, 12½c.; 4-4 Avondale, 9c.; 4-4 Social, 9c.; 4-4 Androscoggin, 10½c.; Whitestone, 9½c.; ¾ Barnsley, 7½c.; ⅞ Red Dog, 7c.; 8/8 Seltsuite, 7c.; Methuan, 6c.; Peterborough, 6½c.; 10-4 Waltham, 35c.; 10-4 City Mills, 32½c.

Brown Drills: Petersburg, 9c.; Graniteville, 10½c.

Corset Jeans: Pavonia, 9c.; Amoskeag, 10½c.; Hallowell, 10½c.

Denims: Harlem, 12½c. Boston Steam Mills, 10c.

Prints: American, 8c.; Allen's, 8c.; Richmond, 8c.; Sprague, 7½c.; Manchester, 8c.; Washington, 9c.; Hamilton, 9c.; Merrimack, 8c.; Mallory, 9c.; Oriental, 8½c.; Pacific, 8c.; Arnold, 8c.; Amoskeag, 7½c.; Wamsutta, 6½c.

Cambrics: Slice, 7½c.; Hamilton, 6½c.

Drugs, Dyestuffs, Oils, &c.