THE DISPATCH.

E. COWARDIN & ELLYSON.

CASH—INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

The DAILY DISPATCH is delivered to subscribers at FIFTEEN CENTS per week, payable to the carriers weekly. Mailed at $4 per annum; $3 for six months; $2 for three months; $1 per month, for a shorter period. The SEMI-WEEKLY DISPATCH at $3 per annum, $2 for six months. The WEEKLY DISPATCH at $2 per annum.

Richmond Dispatch.

THE CIRCULATION OF THE DISPATCH IS LARGER THAN THE COMBINED CIRCULATION OF ALL THE OTHER DAILY NEWSPAPERS OF THE CITY.

WEDNESDAY.....MARCH 15, 1876.

DAILY DISPATCH.

VOL. XLIX. RICHMOND, VA., WEDNESDAY MORNING, MARCH 15, 1876. NO. 65.

THE DISPATCH.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING:

CASH—INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

One square, one insertion.....$0 75
One square, two insertions.....1 25
One square, three insertions.....1 75
One square, six insertions.....3 00
One square, twelve insertions.....5 50
One square, one month.....10 00
One square, two months.....18 00
One square, three months.....25 00

WEATHER REPORT.

PROBABILITIES TO-DAY.—*Washington, March 14, 1876.*—For the South Atlantic States, partly cloudy and warmer weather, northeast to southeast winds, and rising followed by falling barometer.

For the Gulf States, Tennessee, and the Ohio valley, warmer, generally cloudy weather, and rain, with east to south winds, and falling barometer.

For the Lake region, generally cloudy weather, with rain or snow, variable winds, mostly from north and east, and increasing in force, rising temperature in the southern portion, and falling barometer during Wednesday.

THE WEATHER YESTERDAY was clear, cool, and pleasant.

TEMPERATURE YESTERDAY: 6 A. M., 32; 9 A. M., 37; 12 M., 42; 3 P. M., 62; 6 P. M., 50; Midnight, 42.

LOCAL MATTERS.

THE JACKSON WARD MEETING—LIVELY TIME—ELECTION OF MEMBERS OF THE CITY COMMITTEE.—A meeting of the Conservative citizens of Jackson Ward was held at the fire-house engine-house last night to elect members of the City Committee in place of the delegation resigned. About one hundred and fifty were present. The room allotted was quite insufficient to comfortably accommodate the crowd, and from the beginning it was found impossible to maintain very good order.

Richard Gray, the City Superintendent, called the meeting to order, and recommended harmony and the sacrifice of personal interests for the party good, and the election of good citizens for the places to be filled.

On motion of Mr. William H. Talman Mr. W. Moore was elected chairman, and Mr. W. C. Elam, of the *Whig*, secretary.

The following were put in nomination: John W. Beveridge, J. A. Beier, Henry C. Adams, R. F. Gaskins, Thomas Cox, Charles Walsh, J. H. Gresham, T. C. Epps, Jr., T. F. Hannegan, Emmett Harris, John Krause, A. Asch, Jr., and E. C. Minor.

There were two complete tickets circulated—one headed by Adams (which proved successful) and another headed by Walsh.

A number of plans for balloting were presented. None seemed to suit very well. After excited discussion Mr. Charles Walsh proposed that the voters should retire to the street, and that the tellers be posted at the door to receive the ballots as they passed in one by one. This was accepted as a happy solution of pending difficulties, and the sergeants-at-arms, elected for the purpose, cleared the room.

The table of the chairman and secretary was moved rear to the door. A space between the table and the truck was left for the voters to pass in. Sergeant Ben. Howard was stationed in the narrow passageway and received the ballots, and cried out the names of the voters and their residences. In about five or ten minutes after the balloting commenced Mr. Jackson Beier, a young man, presented himself to vote. He was challenged. It was represented that he was not registered. He admitted that he was not registered, but stoutly maintained that he had just become of age. He was finally, amid no little excitement, declared entitled to vote.

Shortly afterwards Wingfield J. Wicks, who was in the foremost rank of the crowd which was pushing forward, was warned by Policeman Maurice Griffin, who was standing guard over the hat containing ballots, not to press against the table. Wicks said the crowd was pressing against him, and he could not resist. He became quite excited, and used rough language to Griffin, and Griffin laid hold of him. There was a struggle and loud yells. A number of angry and threatening men closed around the two. Cornelius J. Wicks, father of the young man, rushed forward to his son's assistance, and there was a *melée*, which resulted in a summary suspension of the balloting and the crowd pouring out into the street.

Policemen Griffin and Fensom started to the second station-house, having in their custody young Wicks. Policeman Hulce followed them with the father. A considerable number of men followed Griffin and Fensom, and seemed determined to rescue the prisoner, but after proceeding one or two blocks they returned.

At the corner of Seventh and Broad streets Police Justice White gave some instructions to Hulce. The elder Wicks responded to Mr. White in language as foul as the English tongue is capable of.

At the second station-house the two accused were admitted to bail.

After this disturbance the meeting went on quietly. The result was announced as follows: Epps, 43; Cox, 76; Gaskins, 65; Hannegan, 43; Beveridge, 78; Adams, 79; Asch, 6; Beier, 36; Harris, 41; Walsh, 45; Gresham, 18; Krause, 42; Minor, 4; Rose, 1; Edwards, 1.

Messrs. Adams, Beveridge, Cox, Hannegan, and Gaskins, being the five highest on the list, were declared duly elected members of the City Committee.

Walsh took his defeat good-naturedly.

Adjourned.

A VICTIM OF CIRCUMSTANTIAL EVIDENCE PARDONED.—The Governor yesterday pardoned John Randolph (colored), who was convicted in April, 1874, in the Circuit Court of Cumberland of murder in the second degree and sentenced to five years' imprisonment in the penitentiary. The Governor says: "Although the prisoner was convicted upon circumstantial evidence which many leading minds deemed utterly inconclusive, and although a large number of good citizens believing him innocent had asked his discharge, I have hitherto refused a pardon in the case. It is now granted on the application of the Board of Directors and other officers of the penitentiary because of the uniform and extraordinary good behavior of the prisoner during his incarceration, who at his own peril has prevented escapes and other violations of the rules of the institution."

HENRICO COUNTY COURT.—In the Henrico County Court yesterday, Judge E. C. Minor presiding, the following cases were disposed of:

Edward and Samuel Douglass, charged with stealing cord-wood from Charles Cottrell, were tried. The former was acquitted and the latter sent to jail for ten days.

In the case of Annie Douglass, charged with the same offence, a *nolle prosequi* was entered.

Ephriam Brady, charged with selling liquor on Sunday, was tried, convicted, and fined ten dollars. He was also charged with retailing liquor without license, but the case was dismissed on payment of costs.

POLICE COURT, YESTERDAY.—A. Morris alias Shepherd was acquitted of stealing a box of shot from Gordon & Co.

Wyatt Davis was sent to jail for ninety days for want of surety.

Charles Jones was sent to jail for thirty days for assaulting C. F. Whittle.

Mr. Oliver J. Schoolcraft has been reported in two different cases for fast driving on Franklin street.

CHURCH FESTIVAL.—The ladies of the First Baptist church are holding a festival over Bargemin's store, 907 Main street, which will continue for several days. The proceeds will be given to the Dorcas Society.

THE A., M. & O. ROAD.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE TRUSTEES.

THE BILL OF COMPLAINT—CONDITION OF THE ROAD AND TRUST—DEFAULT IN PAYMENT OF INTEREST—FRUITLESS NEGOTIATIONS IN ENGLAND—THE COMPANY DECLARED INSOLVENT—FORECLOSURE ASKED—GENERAL MAHONE'S FIGURES, VERSUS THE STATEMENT OF THE TRUSTEES—THE RECEIVERSHIP—WHO IS TO BE APPOINTED.

The veil of secrecy was lifted yesterday by the officers of the United States Circuit Court, and the representatives of the press, the members of the bar, and all others feeling interest therein, were permitted to examine the papers filed against General Mahone's railroad company.

The orators—Francis Skiddy, William Butler Duncan, and Samuel L. M. Barlow, of the city, county, and State of New York—represent in their lengthy bill of complaint that on the 9th day of September, 1871, the Atlantic, Mississippi and Ohio Company executed a mortgage upon its line of railroad property and franchises for $15,000,000 to secure the bonds of said company to be issued for the purpose of raising money for the use and benefit of the company; that on the 9th September, 1871, the said company executed and delivered to the orators its indenture and deed of trust and mortgage, wherein the company conveyed to the orators for the trusts described the right, title, and interest of the said company—the true intent of the said indenture being to vest all the property and all the corporate powers in the orators.

AMONG OTHER THINGS

it was provided that the premises aforesaid were conveyed to the orators to secure the bonds of the said company to the amount of $15,000,000, of $1,000 each, payable in gold coin of the United States thirty-three years from date, with interest coupons attached for the payment of interest thereon semi-annually at the rate of seven per cent. in gold coin. It was provided in the said indenture that if default should be made in the payment of any of the interest coupons on the demand of the *bona fide* holders of said coupons representing at least one fifth of the bonds secured by the said indenture, and within ninety days after the said demand, the orators, trustees as aforesaid, should enter upon the mortgaged premises and take possession thereof, receive the rents, tolls, and income thereof, and apply the same as therein provided, and might proceed to sell after certain notice. And it was further provided that

IN CASE OF DEFAULT

in the payment of such bonds at maturity, and the continuance thereof for the period of ninety days, and upon the demand of the holders of one fifth in amount of the said bonds remaining due at the time, then if required by the *bona fide* holders of the one fifth the orators should enter upon the premises and take possession of the entire property, and proceed by their duly appointed agents to conduct the business of the same and pay off interest and principal, or, in their discretion, sell the premises. That upon execution of the indenture the company sold bonds to the amount of $5,470,000.

Five and one-half million dollars additional of bonds were issued by the company to be exchanged by the trustees for certain prior mortgage bonds. No such exchange has been made, and the bonds are under the trustees' control, and constitute no lien upon the mortgaged premises.

Four thousand additional of the said bonds were created for the purpose of raising means for the extension of the road from Bristol to the

CUMBERLAND GAP.

The orators (the trustees) are informed that none of these bonds have been disposed of, and that they do not constitute a lien upon the mortgaged premises. The orators have no information touching the possession and custody of the said bonds at this time, and are advised that for their better protection and for the protection of their *cestui que trusts* the said company ought to be restrained and enjoined from issuing or negotiating any part of the $4,000,000 of bonds, or any other portion of the said $15,000,000 remaining unissued.

The said company continued to pay interest as it became due to and inclusive of the 1st of April, 1874, on the said 5,470 bonds so issued. The

COMPANY MADE DEFAULT

in the payment of interest on the 1st of October, 1874, subsequently it paid one half of the interest which became due on the 1st of October, 1874, and one half of the interest which became due on the 1st of April, 1875. It has paid no interest since the date last mentioned.

The orators are informed and believe that when and as the interest aforesaid became due and payable according to the tenor of the said bonds, payment thereof was duly demanded by the holders respectively of interest warrants or coupons; and that if in any case formal demand was omitted, such omission was in pursuance of notice on the part of said company that such interest would not be paid; that payment was refused by the said company and its agents; that public notice was given of the inability of the said company to make such payment, and that

VARIOUS NEGOTIATIONS

have from time to time been had between the said company, its agents, and the holders of such bonds and coupons, to the end of inducing such holders to forbear proceedings to enforce the mortgage security therefor and to grant time and indulgence to the said company for the payment thereof. All of which negotiations have failed, though the bondholders have hitherto voluntarily foreborne to enforce the mortgage, relying upon the assurance of the said company and its agents that it would pay and discharge the interest; but the said company, notwithstanding its promises and assurances in this behalf, has

FAILED TO PAY,

and as the orators are informed and believe that the company concedes and admits that it is unable to pay the interest so due and unpaid, and which amounts in the aggregate to a large sum—to wit: the sum of $700,000 or more—and that the said company, being unable to pay the said interest, has endeavored to induce the holders of such bonds and coupons to fund the same and forego payment thereof for a series of years, which said bond- and coupon-holders have refused to do.

The trustees represent that there are liens on the roads which existed before consolidation which amount to $5,498,008.11. They pray that the order of these liens be ascertained, and that they have leave to make the holders of the liens defendant hereto, if they shall be advised that it is proper or necessary to do so.

As

THE STATE OF VIRGINIA

has some interest in the mortgaged premises, they pray that such order and decree may be made in respect thereof as may be just and lawful.

The trustees represent that there are unsecured debts amounting to $1,000,000, and in addition the company is indebted to its employés about $195,000 for services for the last six months. Also, that there are sundry judgments against the company.

Also, that the company is insolvent, possessing no property of considerable value other than the mortgaged premises; that the mortgaged premises are entirely inadequate security for the several liens thereon, and that the current

REVENUES AND INCOME

of the said road are being diverted and appropriated by the said company to other purposes and to the payment of other debts than those secured by the indenture to the orators and by the several prior mortgages hereinbefore mentioned; whereas, in fact, the net revenues of the road are entirely inadequate, as the said company concedes and admits, to the satisfaction of the payment of such current interest as it matures.

The orators therefore pray that a receiver be appointed; that the company and its agents be enjoined from issuing any more bonds; that the wages in arrears be paid up as soon as possible; that an account may be taken of the liens and debts, and that the mortgaged property may be decreed to be sold under the indenture mentioned.

The bill of complaint of which the above is a synopsis is signed by Francis Skiddy, S. L. M. Barlow, and W. B. Duncan, the trustees under the $15,000,000 loan.

In a circular issued in London on December 15th, 1875, by General Mahone, and addressed to the consolidated bondholders of the Atlantic, Mississippi and Ohio Railroad Company, the

LIABILITIES AND ASSETS

of the company were stated as follows:

LIABILITIES.

1. To capital stock		$6,921,900
2. Funded debt of divisions, including January, 1874, coupon ($130,000) funded into certificates	$5,123,041	
3. Consolidated loan, including unpaid and unfunded interest to October, 1875	5,906,415	
		11,029,456
4. Obligations to State of Virginia for stocks and securities in the divisional bonds handed over to the company		4,000,000
5. Floating debt 30th September, 1875		1,056,341
Balance		3,571,165
		$26,578,862

PROPERTY.

1. By cash expended on construction to 30th September, 1875	$19,373,404
2. Stocks and securities on Norfolk and Petersburg, Southside, Virginia and Tennessee, and Virginia and Kentucky roads handed over by the State of Virginia	6,371,130
3. Doubtful assets	834,328
	$26,578,862
Excess of property over liabilities	$3,571,165

General Mahone said in this circular: For

THE VERIFICATION

of the proper application of all resources since the incorporation of our company, we now beg to call your attention to the following statement:

RECEIPTS.

Gross earnings from 1st October, 1870, to 1st October, 1875	$9,694,861
Consolidated bonds	5,470,000
	$15,164,861

DISBURSEMENTS.

Current expenses	$5,996,110
Interest on funded debt	2,807,563
Improvement of property	3,482,821
Reduction of funded debt	547,196
Reduction of floating debt	860,995
Losses by flood of 1870, law and printing, discount and expenses on issuing consolidated loan	1,388,046
Surplus	82,130
	$15,164,861

GENERAL MAHONE

expressed "our willingness and wish that an agent should be nominated by you (whose fitting salary we will pay), to reside in Virginia. This agent shall have full access to and knowledge of all the operations of our company, and shall report in reference thereto in such manner as the bondholders shall deem best."

"With regard to the bonds which have been intended to be applied to the construction of the extension to Cumberland Gap, now that such extension has been practically abandoned, with the sanction of the State, we propose and consent that such bonds, of the nominal value of $4,000,000, shall be deposited with bankers in London in the joint names of two trustees, to be approved by you, of the president of the company for the time being and of our London agent, and shall not be withdrawn except on the following conditions—viz.:

"That should we deem their application in part or in whole advisable, we shall submit our intentions to a properly called meeting of our consolidated bondholders, who shall, by a majority vote of not less than $1,000,000 of par value, sanction their appropriation to the purpose or purposes proposed."

In this circular General Mahone submitted estimates of expenses from date to 1881-'82, and he asked the bondholders to fund the interest in arrear in a form named, and the inducements offered were intended to accomplish that object.

Proceedings similar to those instituted in the United States Circuit Court for this district have no doubt already been begun in the United States Circuit Court for the western district of this State.

Judge Bond is in Baltimore. It is thought he may

APPOINT A RECEIVER

at once, or he may defer the appointment until the April term of his court. In October last Judge Bond, when asked to appoint General Wickham receiver of the Chesapeake and Ohio Company,—a request in which nearly all the bondholders united—said:

"Now, the proposition is that the court remove its present receiver and appoint another, who has all along been connected with the present management of the company, and who is responsible in a degree for the present unfortunate bankrupt condition of the railroad, whether that condition be the result of misfortune or negligence.

"It seems to the Court to do this would be to decide now *in limine* that there had been no mismanagement or negligence in the past conduct of the affairs of the defendant company, and that its condition was the result solely of the depression in mercantile affairs.

"A receiver, while it is not necessary that he should be antagonistic to the officers of the company, ought at least to be an indifferent person as between the parties. The unsecured creditors, though they may have little hope of ultimate payment, ought to have the full assurance that the affairs of the road will be administered by impartial hands, and should be satisfied that if they get nothing it will be because there was nothing to be gotten."

In this opinion Judge Hughes concurred with Judge Bond.

A PRIVATE TELEGRAM

from a gentleman of New York to a business-man of Richmond received yesterday states that General Mahone was in New York endeavoring to effect a compromise with the trustees. It was represented that General Mahone was willing to deliver over to the trustees the $4,000,000 in bonds set apart for the construction of the Cumberland Gap road, and which he some time ago proposed to send to England for the security of the foreign bondholders.

It is stated that even should General Mahone compromise with the trustees proceedings would be commenced in somewhat similar form by bondholders.

THE RICHMOND POMONA GRANGE will hold its third quarterly meeting in the hall of the State Grange, Main street opposite the post-office, commencing at noon to-day. Quite a number of delegates are already in the city. This grange is composed of the masters of the subordinate granges and their wives, who are matrons, and three delegates from each grange in the district, who are elected by the members at the meeting in February of each year.

BARK STONEWALL JACKSON.—A well-executed painting of this vessel may be seen in the office of the Exchange Hotel—a present to Colonel Carrington from Mr. D. D. Kelley, of East Boston, Massachusetts.

MOTION OVERRULED.—Judge Wellford yesterday overruled the motion to set aside the verdict in the case of Marshall *vs.* Binswanger. The jury gave Marshall $150 damages because the driver of one of Binswanger's vehicles ran over and injured Marshall's daughter in September last.

MORTUARY REPORT.—The following is the mortuary report for the week ending Saturday, March 11, 1876, compiled from sextons' returns received at the office of the Board of Health: *Cause of Death:* Aphthæ, 1 colored; brain disease, 1 white; bronchitis (acute), 1 white; consumption, 1 white, 6 colored; convulsions (infantile), 1 colored; debility, 1 white; diphtheria, 1 white; drowning, 1 white; gangrene (senile), 1 colored; gastritis, 1 white; heart-disease, 2 colored; infanticide, 1 colored; infantile lockjaw, 1 colored; mania (acute), 1 white; old age, 2 colored; paralysis, 1 colored; softening of spinal cord, 1 white; scrofula, 1 colored; unknown, 6 colored. Whole number of deaths in the city exclusive of still-births, 32. *Still-Births:* White males, 1; colored females, 2—total, 3. *Sex and Color:* Males—white, 4; colored, 11—total, 15; females, white, 5; colored, 12—total, 17. *Age:* One day to thirty, 4 colored; six months to twelve, 1 white, 3 colored—total, 4; one year to three, 1 colored; three years to five, 1 white, 1 colored—total, 2; five years to ten, 1 white, 1 colored—total, 2; ten years to twenty, 1 colored; thirty years to forty, 2 colored; forty years to fifty, 2 white, 2 colored—total, 4; fifty years to sixty, 2 white, 2 colored—total, 4; sixty years to seventy, 1 white; seventy years to eighty, 1 white, 3 colored—total, 4; eighty years to ninety, 2 colored; ninety years to one hundred, 1 colored. *Condition:* Single, 4 white, 12 colored—total, 16; married, 2 white, 5 colored—total, 7; widowers, 3 colored; widows, 3 white, 3 colored—total, 6. *Nativity:* United States, 29; Ireland, 3. *Locality:* City at large, 1 white, 1 colored—total, 2; Marshall Ward, 2 colored; Jefferson Ward, 4 white, 6 colored—total, 10; Madison Ward, 1 white; Monroe Ward, 2 white, 2 colored—total, 4; Clay Ward, 2 colored; Jackson Ward, 6 colored; almshouse, 1 white, 4 colored—total, 5. *By whom Certified:* Regular practitioners, 8 white, 14 colored—total, 22; Coroner, 1 white, 2 colored—total, 3; Board of Health, 7 colored.

COMPARATIVE WEEKLY MORTALITY.

	Week ending Mar. 14, 1874. W.	C.	Mar. 13, 1875. W.	C.	Mar. 4, 1876. W.	C.	Mar. 11, 1876. W.	C.
Total deaths	19	19	17	23	10	14	9	23
Still-born	2	1	1	3	0	2	1	2

Mean temperature for the week ending March 4, 41.00; mean temperature for the week ending March 11, 55.85.

Amount of rainfall for the week ending March 4, 0.00 inches; amount of rainfall for the week ending March 11, 0.00 inches.

Population of the city estimated by school-census, 72,500—white, 41,400; colored, 31,100.

Rate of mortality of whole population was 22.95 per 1,000 per annum; rate of mortality of white population was 11.30 per 1,000 per annum; rate of mortality of colored population was 38.45 per 1,000 per annum.

SALE OF LIQUOR TO MINORS.—In the Hustings Court yesterday the case of Charles Euker, for selling liquor to minors without the consent of their parents, was argued on a demurrer of defendant's counsel to indictment on the gound that it did not give the name of the party to whom the liquor was alleged to have been sold. The motion was overruled, and the trial of Mr. Euker proceeded as a test-case. Colonel John B. Young and Mr. G. D. Wise acted as counsel for defendant.

The case was given to the jury, who failed to agree at the morning session, and the court adjourned until 5:30 P. M. In the afternoon they came again into court, but being unable to agree were discharged. The jury stood seven for acquittal and five for conviction. There were three "Sons of Temperance" on the jury.

CHASE AFTER AN ESCAPED CONVICT.—On Saturday night while Messrs. Strange and Carter, of Fluvanna county, were on their way to this city with a negro convict named Thornton Alexander *alias* Jack Smith the negro jumped from the boat into the canal, swam ashore, and made for the bushes. The guard fired at him but missed their aim. Upon arriving in this city Sergeant Hall and Policeman Clark were notified, and they made a thorough search as far as the Five-mile lock, but could not come up with the man, although they tracked him a considerable distance.

STATE CONSERVATIVE COMMITTEE.—The State Conservative Committee will meet at the rooms of the committee, in the *Whig* building, to-night at 8 o'clock to fix the time and place for holding the State Convention to nominate delegates to the National Convention.

HOME AGAIN.—Sergeant Daniel Wren returned to the city from Norfolk yesterday, bringing Maggie Williams, the girl T. Spicer Curlett is charged with misleading. She acquits Curlett.

CHARGED WITH STEALING CIGARS.—C. H. Harris was arrested yesterday and lodged in the Second police-station, charged with having in his possession a lot of cigars supposed to have been stolen from D. Columbus.

ABSCONDED.—A clerk in a Main-street store who collected money for his employer and has not accounted for it has absconded. He was thought a promising young man.

One or two similar cases occurred last week.

RESIGNED.—Hon. William E. Tanner, senator from Richmond, has tendered his resignation as a member of the Board of Aldermen.

NOT ALLOWED TO GAMBLE.—Grace-Stree Baptist church has, by a unanimous vote, excluded one of its members for vending "Southern Association" tickets.

O. P. BALDWIN'S LECTURE.—Association Hall was crowded last night with a brilliant audience. Mr. Baldwin was warmly greeted by many old friends, and those who heard him for the first time seemed to fully endorse the verdict which has long placed Mr. Baldwin among our most popular lecturers. With keen wit, broad humor, well-told anecdotes, and capital *hits*, he drew a portraiture of "Fast and Slow People" so vivid and so just that by turns he convulsed the audience with laughter, or elicited from them loud applause.

The announcement that Mr. Baldwin will lecture again to-morrow (Thursday) evening at the Second Baptist church on "Humbugs" will doubtless attract a large crowd of those who wish to improve digestion by a hearty laugh.

CRADLES.—Mr. Beazley's lecture at the Virginia Opera-House last night was well received by those who were so fortunate as to be present to hear the "native humorist." He succeeded in keeping up a continued roar of laughter, and received abundant applause. Mr. Beazley seems to be an expert in the administration of paregoric. The lecture will be repeated some time during the coming week.

SINGING CLUB.—A number of young gentlemen living in the eastern part of the city have organized a singing club to be known as "The Sextette Club," with the following members: H. D. Riddick and E. F. Riddick, first tenors; E. H. Williams and Walter McDonald, second tenors; E. F. Duesberry and N. B. Pleasants, bass. They propose to give their services to charitable objects.

MANCHESTER NEWS.

Trial for Murder.—In the County Court yesterday Beverley Jackson (colored) was arraigned for trial upon the charge of murdering Henry Scott (colored) on the 25th of December, 1875. The case was called about 5 o'clock P. M., when, owing to numerous desultory motions of counsel for the accused, it was 7 o'clock before a jury was sworn in. Among the questions propounded by the court to the jury was: Have you any conscientious scruples about finding a verdict of guilty where the penalty is death? The witnesses were all recognized to appear at 10 o'clock to-day; after which the court adjourned until that hour. Messrs. A. C. Atkinson and J. M. Fitzpatrick represent the accused, and Colonel William Ambers the Commonwealth.

Indicted for Arson upon Six Counts.—Charles Robinson (colored) and Philip Epps (colored) have been indicted by the grand jury of the County Court upon six counts charging arson upon the property of Colonel F. G. Ruffin, of Chesterfield county. First count, burning the dwelling-house of Colonel Ruffin on the night of the 31st of March, 1874; second, burning his stable and carriage-house on the night of the 13th of January, 1875; third, burning his barn and stable on the night of July 29, 1874; fourth, burning his dwelling-house on the 26th of April, 1874; fifth, burning his dwelling-house on the 14th of May, 1874; sixth, burning his barn and stable on the 23d of May, 1874.

Mayor's Court.—The following cases were disposed of in this court yesterday:

Charles Turpin, charged with unlawful riding, was fined two dollars.

Samuel Jackson, charged with a like offence, was discharged.

Anderson Fleming, charged with deserting his wife, was discharged.

The Turf.—A pacing race will take place this afternoon at 3 o'clock at Holly Spring track, the farm of Major Joseph Walker, located about a mile and a half from this city. Three entries have been made, and as the horses are known to possess good bottom an exciting race may be anticipated. Mr. T. M. Fendley enters a roan horse, Mr. Charles Chalkley a black mare, and Mr. P. C. Temple a sorrel horse. Three-mile heats, best two in three. Prize: A silver cup, valued at $25.

Revival.—An interesting series of religious services is in progress at the Methodist church. Monday night thirty penitents presented themselves at the altar, five of whom were converted.

Acquitted.—William Burke (colored), charged with feloniously assaulting John Booker (colored), was tried and acquitted yesterday in the County Court. The attention of the court was engaged from 10 o'clock A. M. until 4½ P. M. in the hearing of this case. Mr. S. M. Page represented the prisoner, and the Commonwealth's attorney was assisted by Mr. D. L. Pulliam.

Continued until Friday.—The case of Alpheus and Allen Burke, charged with feloniously assaulting John Burke, was continued until Friday.

Real Estate Sales.—Sampson & McCrary, real estate agents, sold on Monday the land belonging to the estate of D. P. Jones, in Chesterfield, to M. E. Gates and John C. Goode, containing 154 acres, for $720. Also, a vacant lot corner of Thirteenth and Stockton streets, in Manchester, of thirty-three feet, to Dr. Thomas B. Dorsett, at $3.50 per front foot.

HAMS, Westphalia cure; something extra, at CHRISTIAN & WHITE'S.

GO TO SYCLE BROTHERS' for your Dry Goods, as you can always find some great bargains there. They have just opened twenty cases new spring goods, and offer splendid inducements.

ALL BRANDS OF BROWN AND BLEACHED COTTONS AND SHEETINGS retailed at manufacturers' price at SYCLE BROTHERS'. One thousand pieces new Prints and Percales just opened.

SMOKED SALMON and BLOATERS, at CHRISTIAN & WHITE'S.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.—We solicit your orders for printing, or a call at any time you may wish to see specimens or obtain estimates, feeling assured that it will be to your advantage.

WONDERFUL SUCCESS!—It is reported that BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP has, since its introduction in the United States, reached the immense sale of 40,000 dozen per year. It is a certain cure for coughs, colds, and consumption. Sample bottles can be had at any drugstore. Regular size, 75 cents. It is curing its thousands of consumption. PURCELL, LADD & CO., wholesale agents.

AUGUST FLOWER.—There is no case of dyspepsia that GREEN'S AUGUST FLOWER will not cure. Go to the nearest drugstore and inquire about it. If you suffer from costiveness, sick headache, sour stomach, indigestion, liver complaint, or derangement of the stomach or liver, try it. Two or three doses will relieve you. Sample bottles, 10 cents. PURCELL, LADD & CO., wholesale agents.

DISPATCH PRINTING-HOUSE.—In order to meet the constantly increasing demands of our trade we have added a well-selected assortment of NEW TYPE, which, together with our IMPROVED MACHINERY and SKILFUL MECHANICAL TALENT warrant us in guaranteeing the VERY BEST CLASS OF WORK at moderate figures and in the most expeditious manner.

GET THE POCKET CIGARETTE-ROLLER. GEORGE SCHOEN has them—corner Main and Eleventh streets.

GO TO GRIGG'S, Tenth and Main streets, for Satchels.

DIANORA, WARD, and other CHOICE BRANDS of TOBACCOS for sale wholesale and retail at P. WHITLOCK'S, 1445 Main street.

OVER-GAITERS AT GRIGG'S, Tenth and Main streets.

IT IS CONCEDED by all smokers that WHITLOCK'S MODEL CIGARS are the best for ten cents. For sale everywhere.

GO TO GRIGG'S, Tenth and Main streets, for a perfect fit.

SAVE MONEY by having your printing done at the DISPATCH PRINTING-HOUSE. Good work, low prices, and satisfaction guaranteed.

FINE CIGARS AND CHEWING- AND SMOKING-TOBACCOS at SCHOEN'S.

BOSCHEN & BROTHER offer their winter stock of Boots, Shoes, Trunks, and Valises at very low prices in order to make room for spring goods.
509 and 511 BROAD STREET.

CUSTOM (hand-made) WORK to order, and guaranteed to fit. Repairing neatly done by
BOSCHEN & BROTHER,
509 and 511 Broad street.

CHILDREN'S SHOES AT GRIGG'S, Tenth and Main streets.

DISPATCH PRINTING-HOUSE.—Unsurpassed facilities for the prompt execution of all kinds of printing. Orders filled promptly and at low prices.

THE NEW PATENT CIGARETTE-ROLLER at GEORGE SCHOEN'S, Main and Eleventh streets.

I have analyzed the WHISKEY known under the brand of "B SELECT," controlled by Messrs. WALTER D. BLAIR & CO., Richmond, Va., and find it FREE FROM FUSIL-OIL and other impurities, and recommend its use for medicinal and family purposes. J. B. MCCAW, M. D., late Professor of Chemistry, Medical College of Virginia.

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

☞ *On all sales of Real Estate made between the 1st of January and last of June the taxes for the present year have to be paid by the purchaser. On all sales made between the 1st of July and last of the year the taxes have to be paid by the seller.*

[This custom was adopted about fifteen years ago by all the real estate agents in Richmond, and applies to Richmond and vicinity.]

COOK & LAUGHTON, 10 A. M., 10,000 assorted fruit- and ornamental-trees, shrubs, grapevines, &c.

RICHARDSON & CO., 4½ P. M., brick dwelling and vacant lot adjoining on the south side of Franklin street between Eighteenth and Nineteenth streets.

A. B. DUESBERRY, 11 A. M., at Wyatt's barroom, on the west side of Seventeenth street between Main and Franklin, bar-room fixtures, &c.

ROBERT B. LYNE, 4 P. M., two framed dwellings on the northwest side of Marshall street between Monroe and Henry streets.

GEORGE E. CRAWFORD, 5 P. M., lot on north side of Leigh between Third and Fourth.

VEGETINE.

VEGETINE
PURIFIES THE BLOOD, RENOVATES AND INVIGORATES THE WHOLE SYSTEM.

Its medicinal properties are ALTERATIVE, TONIC, SOLVENT, and DIURETIC.

VEGETINE is made exclusively from the juices of carefully-selected barks, roots, and herbs, and so strongly concentrated that it will effectually eradicate from the system every taint of Scrofula, Scrofulous Humors, Tumors, Cancer, Cancerous Humor, Erysipelas, Salt-Rheum, Syphilitic Diseases, Canker, Faintness at the Stomach, and all diseases that arise from impure blood. Sciatica, Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Gout, and Spinal Complaints can only be effectually cured through the blood.

For Ulcers and Eruptive Diseases of the Skin, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Tetter, Scaldhead, and Ringworm, VEGETINE has never failed to effect a permanent cure.

For Pains in the Back, Kidney Complaints, Dropsy, Female Weakness, Leucorrhœa, arising from internal ulceration, and Uterine Diseases and General Debility, VEGETINE acts directly upon the causes of these complaints. It invigorates and strengthens the whole system, acts upon the secretive organs, allays inflammation, cures ulceration, and regulates the bowels.

For Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Habitual Costiveness, Palpitation of the Heart, Headache, Piles, Nervousness, and General Prostration of the Nervous System, no medicine has given such perfect satisfaction as the VEGETINE. It purifies the blood, cleanses all of the organs, and possesses a controlling power over the nervous system.

The remarkable cures effected by VEGETINE have induced many physicians and apothecaries whom we know to prescribe and use it in their own families.

In fact, VEGETINE is the best remedy yet discovered for the above diseases, and is the only reliable Blood-Purifier yet placed before the public.

UNQUALIFIED APPRECIATION.

BOSTON, November 18, 1875.

H. R. Stevens, Esq.:

Dear Sir,—During the past five years I have had ample opportunity to judge of the merit of VEGETINE. My wife has used it for complaints attending a lady of delicate health with more beneficial results than anything else which she ever tried. I have given it to my children under almost every circumstance attending a large family, and always with marked benefit. I have taken it myself with such great benefit that I cannot find words to express my unqualified appreciation of its goodness.

While performing my duties as a police officer in this city, it has been my lot to fall in with a great deal of sickness. I unhesitatingly recommend VEGETINE, and I never knew of a case where it did not prove all that was claimed for it. Particularly in cases of a debilitated or impoverished state of the blood its effects are really wonderful; and for all complaints arising from an impure state of the blood it appears to work like a charm, and I do not believe there are any circumstances under which VEGETINE can be used with injurious results, and it will always afford me pleasure to give any further information as to what I know about VEGETINE. WILLIAM B. HILL,
Police-station 4.

CANNOT BE EXCELLED.

CHARLESTOWN, March 19, 1869.

H. R. Stevens:

Dear Sir,—This is to certify that I have used your "Blood Preparation" in my family for several years, and think that, for scrofula or cankerous humors, or rheumatic affections, it cannot be excelled; and as a blood-purifier and spring medicine it is the best thing I have ever used, and I have used almost everything. I can cheerfully recommend it to any one in need of such a medicine.

Yours respectfully,
Mrs. A. A. DINSMORE, 19 Russell street.

A SOURCE OF GREAT ANXIETY.

My daughter has received great benefit from the use of Vegetine. Her declining health was a source of great anxiety to all her friends. A few bottles of the Vegetine restored her health, strength, and appetite. N. H. TILDEN.
Insurance and Real Estate Agent, No. 49 Sears Building, Boston, Mass., June 5, 1872.

VEGETINE IS SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
mh 11-s&W

BOOKS, STATIONERY, &c.

CONFEDERATE PUBLICATIONS.—RANDOLPH & ENGLISH will buy all kinds of OLD BOOKS, particularly CONFEDERATE WORKS. Some of them are valuable.

At 1318 Main street will be found the largest stock of STANDARD BOOKS, new and old, in the Southern States. mh 15-d&w

NEW BOOKS AT WOODHOUSE & PARHAM'S.—PROFFATT'S CURIOSITIES AND LAW OF WILLS. $1.75.
PAGET'S JUDICIAL PUZZLES. Gathered from the State Trials. $1.50.
BROWNE'S HUMOROUS PHASES OF THE LAW. $1.50.
THE SENSUALISTIC PHILOSOPHY OF THE NINETEENTH CENTURY. By Rev. Dr. Dabney. $2.
AIR AND ITS RELATIONS TO LIFE. By W. N. Hartley, F. C. S. $1.50.
THE PILLOW OF STONES. Divine Allegories. By Seawell. $1.50.
CARTER QUARTERMAN. A Novel. By Baker. 75c. ROBINSON CRUSOE'S MONEY. By David A. Wells. 50c. THE SQUIRE'S LEGACY. A Novel. By Mary Cecil May. 75c. mh 13

J. R. & W. H. KEININGHAM,
MANUFACTURING AND COMMISSION STATIONERS,
RICHMOND, VA.
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