THE DISPATCH.
BY COWARDIN & ELLYSON.
CASH—INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.
The DAILY DISPATCH is delivered to subscribers at FIFTEEN CENTS per week, payable to the carrier weekly. Mailed at $6 per annum; $3 for six months; $2 per month for a shorter period.
The SEMI-WEEKLY DISPATCH at $3 per annum, or $1.50 for six months.
The WEEKLY DISPATCH at $2 per annum.

DAILY DISPATCH.

VOL. L. RICHMOND, VA., SATURDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 11, 1876. No. 116.

THE DISPATCH.
TERMS OF ADVERTISING
CASH—INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

One square, one insertion	$0 75
One square, two insertions	1 25
One square, three insertions	1 75
One square, six insertions	2 50
One square, twelve insertions	5 00
One square, one month	10 00
One square, two months	18 00
One square, three months	25 00

LIST OF LETTERS.

LIST OF LETTERS REMAINING IN THE POST-OFFICE AT RICHMOND, HENRICO COUNTY, VA., NOVEMBER 11, 1876.

LADIES' LIST.

Allen, Frances
Alsion, Delia
Allen, M. L.
Armstard, H.
Bailey, B. A.
Beard, S. E.
Bird, Bell
Blair, Fanny
Bain, S.
Bowles, Ruth A.
Booth, F.
Booker, Ann
Brander, S. N.
Bullock, H.
Burwell, E. T.
Carter, Julia
Carter, Mary (2)
Carter, H. A.
Cox, Lucy
Christian, J.
Cook, M. A.
Cobbed, Kittie
Davis, L. R.
Davis, Annie
Davis, Lucy
Dickerson, J.
Dear, Amanda
Eubank, Susan C.
Fossett, S. M.
Gainey, Ellen
Gayer, Mary
Gibson, E. W.
Glover, Mary
Graves, C.
Gray, Vinnie
Griffen, Bettie
Hampton, M. L.
Hardin, Mrs.
Harris, Annie
Harris, Agnes
Haskins, M.
Hill, Ella
Hopkins, M. H.
Johnson, Mrs.
Johnson, Maria
Johnson, C.
Lee, C.
Lusby, Della
Lyon, Eliza
Marsden, C.
Miller, Betty
Miller, Lucy
Minor, Sarah
Moore, A. J.
Mosby, Amelia
Myers, A. A.
McGruder, J. P.
Nelson, Louisa
Payne, Mildred
Pearse, Mrs. Josiah
Pharo, Julia R.
Robinson, Mary
Saunders, Sarah
Scott, Sallie
Semsden, J. A. A.
Shears, M. J.
Smith, T.
Smith, Maggie
Stubbs, A. J.
Taylor, V. (2)
Tenney, E. S.
Terry, M.
Thompson, T. E.
Tyler, Mary
Walker, S. M.
Walke, Emma
West, Nanny
White, M. J.
Williams, M.
Winston, M. W.
Winston, Jane
Woodsom, M. W.

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Allen, J. G.
Alvey, John
Alsop, Wm.
Allen, S. T.
Allen, W.
Allen, Walter
Armstrong, Graves & Co.
Atkinson, Jas.
Ayres, C. R.
Bates, Dr. R. P.
Brown, Charles
Bagby & Barksdale
Birch, F. T.
Blacker, M. M. (2)
Bolton, G. H.
Bolton, W.
Bowles, Rev. C. H.
Bolton, J.
Bowles, John
Bowles, Louis
Bolton, W.
Bolton, C. H.
Bowman & Co.
Bailey, A.
Barron, P.
Bailey, W.
Bennington, W. H.
Bass, Conrad
Bailey, S.
Bailey, John H.
Carter, F. W.
Carter, E. I.
Carter, R.
Carter, J. W. D.
Carter, W. M.
Finnigan, Thos.
Gibbs, I.
Gee, Geo. W.
Franklin, J. R.
Gaines, Jos. L.
Gates, M. C.
Gayle, Jr., Jno. T.
Good, John H.
Good, A. D.
Griffin, P. D.
Graves, Charles
Hall, W. D.
Harris, W. B.
Heilly, Joseph
Hill, Edward M.
Hicks, E.
Holland, G. L.
Howard, Thos.
James, R. J.
Johnson & Browning
Johnson, Peter
Johnston, R. F. & M. F. McLanahan
Johnson, R. I.
Jones, R. A.
Jones, Cornelius
Jordon, H. C.
Kelly, J. B.
Knight, H. M.
Kuhn, M. W.
Lawery, R. W.
Lee, William
Linck, H. L.
Little, Alex.
Litchfield, K.
Loth & Hill
Luey, Geo. H.
Lyle, R. D.
Lyshon, David
Marshall, W. C.
Mason, C.
Mathews, J. L.
Mayblum, S.
Merchant, S.
Meyer, A.
Micon, J. R.
Miller, E. J.
Miller, Maurice
Malone, John
Moody, J. H.
Morris, J. H.
Morton, H. V.
Mosley, George
McDonough, J.
McGowan, S. W.
McKee, John
McLellan, F. T.
McRae & Cockburn
Naylor, James
Oliver, Jas. H.
O'Rielly, Brien
Patterson, Jas.
Pleasants, M. H.
Portioux, B. E.
Price, Chas. T.
Putzell, L.
Reed, T. B.
Reed, A. L.
Robinson, W.
Robinson, Geo.
Rose, Clem.
Rugg, Edwin
Scott, John
Samuels, H.
Seaman, G. H.
Shadbolt, Jas. C.
Shepperdson, B. F.
Silvie, Antone
Smith, Charles
Snead, G. S.
Snyder, B. F.
St. Andrews, H.
Stanton, Jefferson
Stephan, Charles
Stevens, W. S. (2)
Stern, R. D.
Stock, James
Stringfellow, Rev. F.
Taliaferro, Jr., J. P.
Taylor, Wm.
Terry, Edward
Vincent, John
Vaughn, T. M.
Wachey, G. W.
Walsh, Jas. E.
Waldeman, J. K.
Waldrop, J. S.
Ward, Patrick
Wheeler, D. E.
Wilcox, W. A.
Wilson, J. J.
Willins, Sam
Woodward, W. W.
Wright, Norice
Wright, D. S.
Younger, Henry

VESSELS.

Schooner William R. Drewery, Schooner Calista, Schooner Gertrude E. Smith, Schooner Emma M. Cox (2), Brig Alaric.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Booker, P. O. Box 349 (2); Agent Weed Sewing-Machine Company.

E. L. VAN LEW, Postmaster.

LIST OF ADVERTISED LETTERS REMAINING IN THE MANCHESTER POST-OFFICE NOVEMBER 11, 1876.

LADIES' LIST.

Brown, Sallie
Barton, Cora
Cordell, Lucy J.
Cox, J. M.
Danford, S. E.
French, Sallie
Holloway, Laura
Johnson, Eliza
James, Charlotte
Jiles, Lucy
Moody, Willie
Nash, Elvira
Smith, Harriet
Walsh, Bridget
Wicks, Jennie
Welburn, Alice

GENTLEMEN'S LIST.

Bowles, D. H.
Bowen, John T.
Branch, John T.
Brown, Jas. A.
Clark, G. G.
Chinley, W. B.
Dent, Jacob
Davis, P. E.
Dalton, Alfred
Dunce, Emanuel
Henderson, Mr.
Hillyard, John
Moody, E. S.
Moore, David
McCrary, W. B.
Newby, E. R.
Powell, Edmond
Register City of Manchester
Sampson, J. L.
Watkins, Philip
Wyatt, William
Williams, H. J. D.
Winfree, W. W.

ROBERT BEATTIE, P. M.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT, THREE-STORY BRICK DWELLING No. 322 east Franklin street, with about ten rooms and modern improvements.
FRAME DWELLING on the corner of Grace and Pine streets, with six rooms; kitchen, and a large yard attached.
BRICK DWELLING No. 202 east Leigh street, with seven rooms, with kitchen; gas and water.
BRICK DWELLING No. 204 east Leigh street, with seven rooms; kitchen; gas and water.
COTTAGE DWELLING No. 702 west Marshall street, with five rooms; kitchen and water.
COTTAGE DWELLING No. 704 west Marshall street, with five rooms; kitchen and water.
BRICK DWELLING on Clay street near Brook avenue, with four rooms; kitchen; gas and water.
SMALL HOUSES in different sections of the city.
F. T. ISBELL,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.
no 11-eod3t No. 8 Eleventh street.

FOR RENT, STORE AND DWELLING No. 1414 east Franklin street, adjoining the Ballard Hotel, containing ten rooms besides the store; kitchen with two rooms.
Also, STOREHOUSE No. 1011, on the north side of the basin, lately occupied by Charles P. Winston.
Also, TWO FRAME STORES AND DWELLINGS on the west side of Eighth street between Main and Cary streets, containing four rooms each besides the stores.
Also, BRICK STORE AND DWELLING No. 815 on the north side of Cary street between Ninth and Tenth streets, containing three rooms besides the store.
Also, TWO FRAME DWELLINGS on the east side of Cherry street between Beverly and Cumberland streets, containing three rooms each.
Also, a SMALL BRICK DWELLING on the east side of Twenty-sixth street between Marshall and Clay streets, containing three rooms. Apply to
JAMES M. TAYLOR & SON,
no 11-3t Real Estate Agents and Auctioneers.

FOR RENT, A NEAT FRAMED HOUSE, six rooms, large yard, &c., at 729 Ninth street. Will be put in good repair for a prompt tenant. Price, $200.
Also, large, pleasant ROOM and DRESSING-ROOM attached, second floor, at 512 east Franklin street.
Also, STABLE. SQUIRE & GODDIN,
Real Estate Agents, 1115 Main street.
oc 11-1t*

FOR RENT, A HOUSE ON SECOND and Jackson streets, containing four or five rooms. Apply to J. J. PENDLETON,
702 Broad street, second door from Seventh.
no 11-2t*

FOR RENT, "ROSE COTTAGE," a very pleasant HOUSE with thirteen rooms; stable, office, kitchen, and TEN ACRES; within one mile of the city. Apply to
JACKSON BOLTON,
no 11-1t* 803 east Clay street.

FOR RENT, two excellent ROOMS, Nos. 2 and 3, in Lisle's building, first floor, southeast corner of Main and Pearl streets. Rent low to a careful tenant. Apply to
J. T. GODDIN, Real Estate Agent,
no 11-3t Bank and Eleventh streets.

FOR RENT, A VERY PLEASANT UNFURNISHED ROOM, suitable for one or two ladies, with BOARD, if preferred. Terms moderate. Address K. E. C., *Dispatch* office.
no 10-2t*

FOR RENT, DWELLING No. 320 west Cary street, containing eight rooms; gas, water, bath-room, and other modern conveniences; good repair. Rent, $300 per annum. Apply to
CHAFFIN, STAPLES & CO.,
no 9-3t No. 1 Tenth street.

FOR RENT, at a reduced price, BRICK DWELLING, No. 126 west Canal street (new and in good order), containing eight rooms; water, &c., in the house. Price, $18 per month.
CHAFFIN, STAPLES & CO.,
no 9-3t No. 1 Tenth street.

DWELLINGS FOR RENT.

No. 416 west Franklin street, 7 rooms. $350.
No. 316 east Byrd street, 10 rooms. $400.
No. 509 west Grace street, 12 rooms. $480.
No. 902 west Main street, 8 rooms. $300.
No. 201 east Canal street, 8 rooms. $400.
Frame house, Strecker's Hill. $120.
No. 304 south Pine street, 5 rooms. $150.
No. 106 south Laurel street, 4 rooms. $120.
No. 106 High street, Oregon Hill. $60.
No. 531 Mosby street, Strecker's Hill. $100.
No. 1202 west Leigh street, 5 rooms. $120.
No. 608 Beverly street, 5 rooms. $180.
Apply to FRANK D. HILL.
no 7-eod3t

FOR RENT OR SALE, those TWO BEAUTIFUL AND ELEGANTLY-FINISHED STOCK-BRICK DWELLINGS on Laurel street, fronting Monroe Park. They contain each front fourteen rooms in all, handsomely finished throughout with all the latest improvements: ranges, stationary wash-tubs; hot and cold water on two floors; well ventilated and desirably located.
TERMS: Very reasonable. Call at once.
FRANK D. HILL,
no 7-3teod 1108 Main street.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS to lend on Richmond city REAL ESTATE.
RICHARDSON & CO.,
no 6-1w 1113 Main street.

25 PER CENT. SAVED.
LIQUOR FLAVORS, to manufacture all kinds of liquors, with full directions; also, FRENCH FLAVORING EXTRACTS, for confectioners and soda-water. Apply direct to SALING COHEN & CO., 36 and 38 Cedar street, New York. No agents.
oc 24-6w

Richmond Dispatch.

THE CIRCULATION OF THE DISPATCH IS LARGER THAN THE COMBINED CIRCULATION OF ALL THE OTHER DAILY NEWSPAPERS OF THE CITY

SATURDAY.....NOVEMBER 11, 1876.

WEATHER REPORT.

PROBABILITIES TO-DAY.—*Washington*, November 10.—For the South Atlantic States, steady and slightly falling barometer, westerly winds, warmer and partly cloudy weather will prevail.

For the Middle States, falling followed by rising barometer, northeast to northwest winds, cooler followed by warmer, cloudy, and rainy weather.

THE WEATHER YESTERDAY was clear, cool, and pleasant.

THERMOMETER YESTERDAY: 6 A. M., 42; 9 A. M., 49; noon, 61; 3 P. M., 58; 6 P. M., 54; midnight, 49.

The Next Senate.

The present terms of twenty-five United States senators expire in March next. The names of these senators are Messrs. Goldthwaite, Clayton, Saulsbury, Norwood, Logan, Wright, Harvey, Stevenson, West, Blaine, Boutwell, Ferry, Windom, Alcorn, Hitchcock, Cragin, Frelinghuysen, Ransom, Kelly, Anthony, Robertson, Cooper, Hamilton, Johnson, and Davis. Nine of these are Democrats, fourteen Republicans, and two Independent Republicans—Messrs. Robertson and Hamilton. Two other senatorial vacancies remain to be filled—viz., those in Louisiana and West Virginia, occasioned by the rejection of the claim of Pinchback to a seat, and the death of Senator Caperton. The successors of several of these senators have already been chosen. Governor Kirkwood (Republican), of Iowa, has been chosen to succeed Mr. Wright (Republican); Mr. Beck (Democrat) to succeed Mr Stevenson (Democrat), of Kentucky; Mr. Lamar (Democrat) to succeed Mr. Alcorn (Republican), of Mississippi; Mr. Rollins (Republican) to succeed Mr. Cragin (Republican), of New Hampshire; and Governor Coke (Democrat) to succeed Mr. Hamilton (Independent Republican), of Texas. Messrs. Anthony (Rep.), of Rhode Island, and Johnston (Dem.), of Virginia, have already been elected to succeed themselves. Messrs. Goldthwaite (Dem.), Clayton (Rep.), Saulsbury (Dem.), Norwood (Dem.), West (Rep.), Frelinghuysen (Rep.), Ransom (Dem.), Kelly (Dem.) Robertson (Ind. Rep.), Cooper (Dem.), and Davis (Dem.), will undoubtedly be succeeded by Democrats, and the Louisiana and West Virginia vacancies will be filled by Democrats. Politically, the parties in the present Senate may be divided into 42 Republicans, 2 Independent Republicans, and 29 Democrats. It is, therefore, easy to see that after March 4th next the Senate will be much more evenly divided, and that a bare Democratic majority is among the possibilities. The Republicans will gain two senators, however, from the new State of Colorado, and consequently the Senate, after March 4th next, will consist of seventy-six members. A careful estimate makes the Senate after that date stand forty Republicans against thirty-six Democrats, but this is based on presumption that Messrs. Logan, Harvey, Blaine, Boutwell, Ferry, Windom, and Hitchcock will be succeeded by Republicans. Should any two of these senators be succeeded by Democrats the Senate would stand thirty-eight to thirty-eight, and with a Democratic presiding officer in the person of Mr. Hendricks would have a majority of one.

DESTRUCTION OF MUTILATED CURRENCY.—The following circular has been issued from the office of the Controller of Currency:

It has become necessary to present for the consideration of national banks a fact which has occasioned much inconvenience, and which is the cause of daily increasing embarrassment—namely, the rapidity with which national-bank notes are wearing out and being returned for destruction, taken in connection with the large number of agents appointed to witness this destruction in behalf of the banks. It is necessary to destroy the notes of one hundred to one hundred and fifty different banks in one day, and the names of about one hundred and fifty persons are registered as agents. Much time is consumed in looking up these gentlemen; some cannot be found when wanted, some are dilatory, and others neglect to attend when notified. Then, when they assemble, the number is often so great that there is no room for their accommodation, and great confusion, delay, and inconvenience are likely to result. The matter has at length reached that point where some change must be made—some relief must be obtained—or the public business will be seriously obstructed. I have accordingly concluded that the most feasible method of obviating the difficulties of the situation will be to submit the names of a sufficient number of reliable agents, and request the banks to make choice from that number. The following names are presented for that purpose: The National Bank of Washington city, Messrs. A. S. Pratt & Son, J. C. G. Kennedy, T. W. Patchin, Esq., Messrs. Middleton & Co., Lewis Johnson & Co., and Joseph S. Burnett, Esq. All these will be in daily attendance at this office, and will save the necessity of giving special notice as well as the loss of time in looking for them. The necessities of the case have forced me to adopt this plan, and, while I do not wish to be arbitrary, such regulations must be prescribed as will prevent unreasonable delay in the transaction of public business.

ANOTHER BOSS FAILED.—Mr. Alexander R. Shepherd last night called together a number of his personal friends and creditors, stating to them that he was pecuniarily embarrassed, and submitted to them a statement of assets and liabilities, showing an excess of assets of upwards of $600,000. A committee of five was appointed to examine into the details, and in a few days a meeting of his creditors will be called to hear the report of the committee. The feeling manifested at the meeting was that the better course, not only for the creditors but for the welfare of the District, that plans should be devised to uphold the Governor, and to provide such assistance as would enable him to achieve relief. The committee is composed of the following gentlemen: Hon. George Taylor, Fitzhugh Coyle, Nathaniel Wilson, Lewis J. Davis, Henry A. Willard, H. M. Hutchinson, and William F. Mattingly.—*Washington Republican, 10th.*

MONTENEGRO TREATING WITH TURKEY.—*Paris*, November 9.—The *Temps* publishes a telegram from Vienna, which states that Montenegro, finding herself incapable of maintaining the troops in their present positions during the armistice, has opened direct negotiations with the Porte for a prompt conclusion of peace.

There is a restaurant in Greenwich street, New York, which caters to 30,000 people, and cooks fifteen barrels of eggs each day.

Four years ago two Californians planted one thousand acres in walnuts and almonds, and their crop this season will yield them a profit of $250,000.

A Massachusetts man went on with the building of his new double-house while his aged father was on the way to the almshouse.

There is to be an industrial exhibition at Sydney, Australia, during April and May next, and the Australians hope to see a good show of American machinery.

A Kalamazoo woman being told while in church that a divorce had been granted her began to sing at the top of her voice, "My country, 'tis of thee, sweet land of liberty."

Admission of New Mexico—Character of the People.

[Letter to New York Times.]

It is generally understood that the bill for the admission of New Mexico, which passed the House at the last session of Congress, is to be urged again with new advocates and a strong lobby at the coming session. But should it by any means get through the Senate with amendments and go back to the House it is not likely to meet with the same favor as was shown it last spring. The Democrats who so generally voted for the Colorado bill were assured by the Democratic delegate then representing that Territory in Congress that there was not a particle of doubt but that the new State would go Democratic, and send two senators and a representative to swell the list of Confederates in Congress; and the same promises almost secured the passage of the New Mexico bill. The late election in Colorado has been a clean Republican sweep, and the disgusted opposition will not at present be found trying their hand any more to create Democratic States out of our western Territories. There are several good reasons why New Mexico should not be admitted as a State. Its people do not desire it, and its population and progress are not sufficient to justify it. It is in no sense a progressive State. Its people are not of us. It is pretty much what Daniel Webster pictured California to be when in 1850 the bill for admitting that State was under discussion—"A land of rocks and deserts, with rattlesnakes enough to fence it." Some extravagant statements have been made in support of the fitness of this Territory for admission. Her population, which the census of 1870 placed at 91,870 (including 30,000 Indians), has been figured out to be 140,000 white citizens in 1876. Any one who has been in the habit of making trips through the settlements and plazas is fully aware that if there has been any change in population at all in the past six years it has been a falling of instead of a gain. There are fewer Americans than there were in 1872, and the natural increase among the Mexican families has been offset by the emigration into Old Mexico. There are not over 75,000 residents, Mexican and American, in New Mexico, and of this number not one half exercise the rights of citizenship. They are generally content to live in their adobe huts and till their ranches or tend their flocks without neighbors to annoy them, using their hired help as slaves, never reading books or newspapers, and never so happy as when in ignorance of what is going on in the world. The most numerous inhabitants are the joint offspring of Peons and Indians, with an abhorrence of schools.

A Merchant's Son Reclaimed.

[New York letter.]

A recent announcement in a city paper of a new partnership, by which an old merchant associates himself with his son as full partner, recalls a very singular episode in the young man's history. Less than fourteen years old, he was a graduate of a popular educational institution, and returned to his father's house with one very unfortunate habit—that of gambling. He gambled away every cent he could obtain by fair or foul means, and finally forged his father's name to a check for $1,000 and left the city. A private detective was employed to bring him back, but started from the city without the slightest clue to his whereabouts. It was ascertained, however, that he had gone off with another young scapegrace, and without any information as to their route the officer concluded that the party would want to see the world *en route*. He followed blindly, but luckily overtook the fugitives near Cleveland. The companion was warned to take care of himself, but the merchant's son was reckless, and at first declined to return to the city with the officer. At length he consented to come as far as Jersey City. This was satisfactory to the detective, who managed to telegraph to the anxious father to meet him on the train's arrival. The young man was astounded to see his father, but a truce was soon established and the son taken home. Ever after he avoided cards and bad company, and for four years and more has borne ample evidence of his complete reformation. He is now a partner in a business reputed to be worth $50,000 yearly, and not one of his acquaintances knows these facts. They are recorded in a private detective agency.

Andersonville—A Rebel Panegyric on That Modern Eden.

[Special dispatch to the New York Tribune.]

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 3.—A Baltimore firm have printed a campaign history of the Andersonville prison, from which it appears that reform is necessary in the popular belief in the North concerning that charming spot. The volume asserts that Andersonville was selected for a military prison on account of the suitability of its position and facilities for obtaining abundant food at all times, as well as on account of its remoteness from the Federal armies. The grounds and buildings were prepared with the utmost regard for hygiene and philanthropy; that every effort was made to mitigate the sufferings of imprisonment; that the patriot prisoners confined there were more numerous than the whole Confederate army, and had insatiable appetites; that they were illiterate, lazy, dirty, savagely cruel to each other, liars, thieves, bounty-jumpers, and only controlled by force; that their real suffering resulted from a malignant pestilence; that Captain Wirz was hung on suborned testimony; that his alleged co-conspirators were all innocent and loving; and that the few deaths which occurred, excepting executions and murders by prisoners, are attributable to the calculating villainy at Washington, which, by refusing to furnish food and clothing to its captured troops, and drawing away southern labor to the ill-endured work of fighting, caused the suffering that occurred.

A NEVADA CAVE.—Some prospectors have recently discovered and are now exploring an extensive cave in Prospect mountain. The mouth of the cave is situated on the southeast side of the mountain about two hundred rods south of the mouth of the Prospect Mountain tunnel, and consists of a small aperture in the top of the ground. Through this aperture a man was lowered, fastened to a rope, and found himself in a large dome-shaped chamber. In the floor of this chamber he discovered another opening leading downward further into the ground, but this aperture was not at that time entered. Subsequently a tunnel was run into the mountain from the surface which opened an entrance into the chamber which the man had entered, and here a windlass was put up, and further explorations begun. The man was lowered down for a distance of about one hundred feet, when he rested on the floor of a large cavern, distant from the natural entrance of the cave at the surface about one hundred feet. On the floor of this cavern was piled a bank of snow about eight feet in depth, and here were found the skulls and bones of coyotes and deer. Some of these bones, which are covered with mud which had dried on them, were brought to town. There is a third aperture leading into the ground from the cavern, which will be explored by the parties who discovered and are working the cave. There is a possibility that a mine may be encountered in the explorations, as Prospect mountain is veined and dotted with mineral deposits, and if ore is found the parties who find it will have a ready-made shaft to work with. *Eureka (Nevada) Sentinel.*

MARKSMANSHIP IN COLORADO.—It was evening. Three of them were killing a cat. One of them held a lantern, another held the cat, and the third jammed the pistol in the cat's ear and fired, shooting the man in the hand who held the cat, and the one with the lantern was wounded in the arm. The cat left when it saw how matters stood and that ill-feeling was being engendered.—*Fairplay Sentinel.*

LOCAL MATTERS.

THE LATE ELECTION—ANNOUNCING THE RESULT.—The interest in the election news was unabated yesterday. Here and there knots of people were gathered on the streets in various parts of the city discussing the situation. All were hopeful and many were unwilling to believe that there was any doubt about the result. In and around the *Dispatch* office the crowd was nearly as large as it had been on Tuesday night and on Wednesday and Thursday.

We continued to receive special telegrams and Associated Press dispatches during the day, and as fast as they came in they were read to the crowd inside and then posted so that all outside could be equally well informed as to the result of the great contest. Up to 6 o'clock in the afternoon the cheerful hum of voices was heard all around, and the election returns were given to our friends with pleasure as fast as received. After that hour the crowd dispersed; Judge Meredith, acting Mayor, and Judge Guigon, of the Hustings Court, requesting us to suspend the announcement of the telegrams in order to remove any chance of excitement or possibility of a breach of the peace. Had these requests not been made we should have continued to post our dispatches up to midnight, as on Tuesday night, Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday. The *Dispatch*, however, of this morning contains all the latest telegrams, and to them we refer our readers.

Last night the city was quiet. Very few persons remained around the newspaper offices or at Conservative or Republican headquarters, and all seemed satisfied of the election of Mr. Tilden.

About 5 o'clock a number of boys with sticks in their hands were arrested by direction of Judge Guigon, and their sticks taken from them. One youth, more determined than the others, said he meant to get another, and he was escorted to the station-house.

THE FIRE LAST EVENING.—Considerable excitement was created last evening at 8 o'clock, when the alarm bells in the city struck 31, the No. of a fire-station at the corner of Fourteenth and Main streets. The alarm was given by means of the Automatic Signal Telegraph Company from the box at Delarue's, opposite the Exchange Hotel, on Fourteenth street, and was occasioned by the discovery of fire in store No. 21 Fourteenth street, under the Exchange, occupied by William Daffron as a shuck manufactory. The fire was in the rear of the store, near the window opening upon the hotel yard. The store was locked up, and the door had to be broken open. The fire, which is believed to have been the work of an incendiary, was taken up and carried out into the street. Loss trifling.

YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.—A regular meeting of the directors of this Association was held at Association Hall Thursday night last—J. Taylor Ellyson (president) in the chair; J. S. Clarke secretary *pro tem.*

The librarian reported an average number of books taken from the library during the past month.

The Library Committee reported that they are engaged in selecting new books, to be placed in the library as soon as the labor can be well done. It is expected that about two hundred volumes will soon be added. The committee would urge contributions for this purpose.

The following persons were elected members of the Association: J. L. Waring, Colonel Julian Harrison, J. S. Sutphin, R. L. Barnes, Mrs. R. L. Barnes, S. W. Godsey, A. H. Tideman, W. N. Burke, Mrs. M. J. Tyler, Sol. Cutchins, J. P. Rogers, M. T. Smith, P. G. Harrison, W. A. Sublett, Mrs. W. A. Sublett, Heath Harrison, Louis M. Griffin, W. H. Blackadare, W. H. Tyler, Mrs. E. A. Bowe, Miss Sallie C. Parker, F. A. Chapman, E. V. Murray, Miss Z. Cocke, Robert Scheildt, A. F. Bagby, T. N. Jones.

WEEK OF PRAYER.—In accordance with the recommendation of the last Convention of the Young Men's Christian Association of the United States and British Provinces, a week of prayer for the blessing of the Almighty on the efforts of the Associations will be observed in this city from the 12th to the 18th November, 1876. The second Sabbath in November will be observed as a day of thanksgiving and prayer in all of our Associations.

The rooms of the Association in this city will be open on Sunday the 12th instant at 5 o'clock P. M., and on Monday the 13th instant at 7:30 P. M.

ROLL OF HONOR AT THE RICHMOND HIGH-SCHOOL.—The following is a list of the pupils on the roll of honor at the Richmond High-School this week: Senior Class—Carrie Bennett, Ida C. Cox, Nellie Johnson, Loulie Minetree, Annie B. Pace. Intermediate Class—Carrie Drew, Mamie Lyon, Mary Nowlin, Lucy Powers, Gertrude Smith, Rachael Van Vort, Florrie Wilkinson, J. Parker Stith. Junior Class—Belle Brown, Constance Cabell, Fannie Cox, Ella Hutcheson, Zaidee Morton, Julia Smith, Anna Woodson. Attendance for the week, 97 per cent.

THE ALLEGED RIOTER.—Nathaniel White, the negro man charged with being engaged in a riot on Thursday night, and having in his possession a double-barrelled shot-gun, and carrying concealed weapons, was brought up for trial in the Police Court yesterday, but the case was postponed until Tuesday next.

LARGE CARGO.—The schooner Gertrude E. Smith, which cleared at the custom-house yesterday for Matanzas, Cuba, with a cargo of 246,000 hoops, shipped by Curtis & Parker, carried the largest cargo of the kind ever shipped from this city, and probably one of the largest ever shipped from this country.

CONVICTION OF A FORGER.—In the Hustings Court yesterday, Judge Guigon presiding, Elijah Edmonds, charged with forging an order on the Tredegar Company for $12.09, was tried and convicted, and sent to the penitentiary for two years.

A MUCH-NEEDED IMPROVEMENT.—The measurements were made yesterday for carrying out the recent order of the City Council to pave the alley between Twelfth and Thirteenth and Main and Cary streets.

LOCK-JAW.—Mr. W. G. Freeman, master machinist of the Richmond and Danville Railroad Company, who has recently suffered a second amputation of his leg, is suffering from tetanus (lock-jaw).

SPIRIT POWER.—At the Richmond Theatre to-morrow (Sunday) evening, at 8 o'clock, Mr. George Everett, a gentleman who comes recommended by some of the best papers in the country, will give an illustration of spiritualism by physical manifestations, in the bright, open gas-light. The most rigid scrutiny is invited by Mr. Everett on the part of any one who may be skeptical of his wonderful powers. He has testimonials in his possession from managers of the most prominent theatres in the country, all testifying to the success which has attended his seance in Chicago, St. Louis, Philadelphia, and in fact all the large cities. The Philadelphia *Times* says:

"Among other manifestations was the materialization of faces and forms; flowers brought to the audience; piano-raising from the stage; and other weird and wonderful things, whether natural or supernatural, are well worth seeing."

This is but one of many notices received from papers of this class, and if Mr. Everett fails to accomplish what is promised in the advertisement (which appears in another column) it will be, he says, the first time he ever disappointed his audience, if such papers as the New York *Herald*, Philadelphia *Times*, New York *Tribune*, and other equally prominent journals, may be believed.

THE HOWITZERS' BANQUET.—The annual banquet of the Richmond Howitzers, which took place night before last, was a most enjoyable affair. Captain Henry Hudnall presided with his usual ease and dignity, and despite the political excitement in the city the Howitzers turned out in full force—both the veterans who won glory on a score of fields and the younger men who emulate their renown, and are just the stuff of which soldiers are made. A number of invited guests were also present.

A number of stirring speeches were made. Among those who made addresses were Messrs. George L. Christian, J. H. Chamberlayne, Rev. J. William Jones, Captain Carter, Mr. M. McCandlish, and Mr. Joseph Bryan.

SUPREME COURT OF APPEALS.—McCready *vs.* Commonwealth, and same *vs.* same. Argued by Judge Ould for the plaintiff in error and the Attorney-General for the Commonwealth, and submitted.

Andrews, Ordway & Green *vs.* Taylor, Auditor, &c., and Commonwealth *vs.* Andrews, Ordway & Green. Partly argued by Frank W. Christian and the Attorney-General, and continued till-day.

HUSTINGS COURT.—Robert Howell, charged with retailing liquor without a license, was tried yesterday and acquitted.

Stephen Jones, charged with carrying concealed weapons, was tried and acquitted.

Garland Gordon, charged with breaking open the house of Mary S. Howlett, was tried and convicted, and sent to jail and chain-gang for sixty days.

POLICE COURT, FRIDAY—*Justice Joseph J. White presiding.*—The following cases were disposed of:

Lorenzo Giosetti, charged with stealing one trunk and contents valued at $7.50 from Mary McBride, was discharged.

Michael Dugan, trespassing upon and injuring the stall of James Blackburn, in the Second Market, was discharged.

Samuel Stewart (colored), charged with stealing one pocket-book containing $7 in United States currency from Peyton Jasper, was discharged.

Peyton Jasper (colored), charged with trespassing on the premises of and assaulting and abusing Samuel Stewart, was dismissed.

HERICO COUNTY COURT.—The November term of the Henrico County Court commences on Monday next.

SENT TO THE PENITENTIARY.—Peter Selden, charged with stealing a buggy-cushion from Dr. Vest—second offence of petit larceny—was tried before Judge Guigon yesterday and sent to the penitentiary for one year.

MANCHESTER NEWS.

Our city has been so much excited over the election for the past two days that your reporter has found it almost impossible to gather any items of interest. Last night, however, there was a diversion of a rather serious nature, which is given below.

Mysterious Shooting Affair.—Last night Mr. Allen Bradley, a well-known citizen of our city, was shot through the leg under very mysterious circumstances. Mr. Heindl, the engineer from your city, was walking down Hull street, when he heard some one calling for help. He found Mr. Bradley lying near the front gate of "The Cottage House," above Third street, and upon asking what was the matter, he received the reply, "I am shot!" He immediately procured assistance at Mr. Jones's saloon, and the wounded man was taken to Dr. Weisiger's office. Upon examination it was found that the ball had entered the calf of the left leg and ranged downward, going out just above the ankle. The wounded man's account of the shooting is contradictory, and leaves the affair in mystery. He said at first that he was shot by "two d—d white Republicans," and afterwards he said that a negro shot him. The police authorities here are diligently engaged in ascertaining the truth of the matter. The wound is a flesh one, and not serious.

A. SAKS & CO.'S opening of FINE READY-MADE CLOTHING takes place TO-DAY at 1013 Main street. Call and examine it.

GO TO PIZZINI'S and get some of those nice Figs, Prunes, and Malaga Grapes.

FIFTY THOUSAND.—Not less than fifty thousand of the substantial people of the Virginias, the Carolinas, and other southern States, read every issue of the *Religious Herald* of this city. It has also a considerable circulation at the North. The *Herald's* charges for advertising are very moderate considering the extent of its circulation. Office on Main street nearly opposite *Dispatch* office.

ACCOUNT BOOKS are always better when they are well seasoned before used. Give early orders at 1318 Main street. RANDOLPH & ENGLISH.

CALIFORNIA PEARS.—PIZZINI has a fine lot of delicious Pears.

FROM PROFESSOR E. BRIDGER, Chemist, Montreal: * * I know of no preparation affording so much nutriment, and none which builds up the constitution so readily and effects such permanent and positive cures, as COLDEN'S LIEBIG'S LIQUID EXTRACT OF BEEF AND TONIC INVIGORATOR.

TILDEN is elected, and PIZZINI'S has been selected as the place to get Chocolate and Marshmallow Drops.

THE PEOPLE WANT PROOF.—There is no medicine prescribed by physicians or sold by druggists that carries such evidence of its superior virtue of BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP for severe coughs, colds settled on the breast, consumption, or any disease of the throat and lungs. A proof of this fact is that any person afflicted can get a sample bottle for ten cents and try it. Regular size, seventy-five cents. PURCELL, LADD & CO., wholesale agents.

CUSTOM WORK.—Hand-made Boots and Shoes of every description made to order by HERMAN BOSCHEN & BROTHER, 509 and 511 Broad street.

I have analyzed the WHISKEY known under the brand of "B SELECT," controlled by Messrs. WALTER D. BLAIR & CO., Richmond, Va., and find it FREE FROM FUSIL OIL and other impurities, and recommend its use for medicinal and family purposes.—J. B. MCCAW, M. D., late Professor Chemistry, Medical College of Virginia.

BOOTS of all styles, Trunks, Satchels, Valises, &c. for sale low at BOSCHEN'S, 509 and 511 Broad street.

DISPATCH PRINTING-HOUSE.—In order to meet the constantly increasing demands of our trade we have added a well-selected assortment of NEW TYPE, which, together with our improved MACHINERY and SKILFUL MECHANICAL TALENT warrant us in guaranteeing the VERY BEST CLASS OF WORK at moderate figures and in the most expeditious manner.

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

☞ *On all sales of Real Estate made between the 1st of January and last of June the taxes for the present year have to be paid by the purchaser. On all sales made between the 1st of July and last of the year the taxes have to be paid by the seller* [This custom was adopted about fifteen years ago by all the real estate agents in Richmond, and applies to Richmond and vicinity.]

HILL & ANDERSON, 11 A. M., at T. Duke's stable, Franklin street, horses, mules, buggies, &c.

BANKS AND BANKERS.

CITIZENS BANK OF RICHMOND.

PAID-UP CAPITAL	$100,000
SURPLUS	12,000

Z. W. PICKRELL, President.
E. B. SNEAD, Cashier.

Deposits of one dollar and upwards received, and six per cent. allowed on deposits.
Deposits received subject to check without notice, and interest allowed on same if not checked on more frequently than two or three times a week.
Bank open