Richmond Dispatch.

WEDNESDAY.....MAY 15, 1878.

[For the Dispatch, through R. A. Brock, Esq.]
For the Virginia Historical Society.

SIR THOMAS DALE, KNIGHT.

BY REV. EDWARD D. NEILL.

ADVENTUROUS LIFE OF DALE—STRACHEY SECRETARY—CONVICTS CONDEMNED TO DIE REQUESTED FOR THREE YEARS' SERVICE IN THE COLONY—SETTLEMENT OF THE TOWN OF HENRICO—JOHN ROLFE—POCAHONTAS—A YOUNGER DAUGHTER OF POWHATAN DESIRED AS A WIFE BY DALE—VOYAGE TO ENGLAND OF DALE, ROLFE, POCAHONTAS, AND OF INDIAN CHIEF AND MAIDENS—RARE BEN. JOHNSON'S MENTION OF VIRGINIA.

Thomas Dale had been a soldier from his youth. As early as 1588 he was with the Earl of Essex, Queen Elizabeth's favorite, in the wars of the Continent. It is supposed that he accompanied the Dutch Ambassador to the Court of James the Sixth of Scotland, afterwards James the First of England, and then became interested in Henry, the infant Prince of Wales, whom in later days he calls "My glorious Master."

Upon the recommendation of the King of France, in 1603 he was elevated from the position of a private soldier and commissioned as a captain in the army of the United Netherlands.

King James, by Secretary Cecil, in March, 1604, informed the English Ambassador to the Netherlands that he wished him to "take notice of Captain Dale, both for having been a valiant and long servitor, and having for the most part rendered them at his charges."

In recognition of his valor he was knighted by the English King in June, 1606, as Sir Thomas Dale of Surry, and in the same year, with Sir Thomas Gates, was in garrison in a quiet town on the river Isell, about eighteen miles from Rotterdam.

In 1608 Gates left the Netherlands, early the next year sailed for Virginia, in July was wrecked at Bermudas, and not until May, 1610, did he reach Jamestown. By order of Lord Delaware in September of that year he arrived in London to procure supplies and colonists.

Caron, the Dutch Ambassador, had proposed that England and the States should unite in colonizing North America, and on December 15, 1610, a London correspondent of Sir Ralph Winwood writes: "So soon as the Hector, now ready to hoist sail, shall be set forth of this harbor towards Virginia, Sir Thomas Gates will hasten to the Hague, where he will confer with the States about the overture of Sir Noel Caron hath here made for joining us in that colony."

One of the results of Gates's visit was that the States General of United Netherlands the next month, January, 1611, upon the recommendation of Henry, the young Prince of Wales, allowed Captain Dale to be absent from their service for a space of three years without any allowance, and in the spring of the same year he sailed with colonists for Virginia.

Upon the 12th of May he arrived at Jamestown, and found Lord Delaware absent on account of ill health, and George Percy Deputy Governor. Dale was despondent when he saw the condition of the Colony, and felt that the London Company had not given a fair description of the country, and in an altercation with Captain Newport, pulled his beard, and threatened to hang him. In the absence of Gates he acted as Governor. He incorporated with the already strict code a part of the law of the army in which he had served, and sent the enlarged code to London by the hands of William Strachey, Secretary of the Colony, for examination. The London Company approved and had it printed and returned. In August, 1611, about the time Strachey left Virginia, he requested the authorities in England to send out for three years' service "all convicts condemned to die," alleging that they were "not always the the worst kind of men, either for birth, spirit, or body."

Upon the return of Gates he left Jamestown, and about Michaelmas, with three hundred persons, commenced the settlement of Henrico. His course was very severe, and it was charged that he broke some on the wheel, hung others, and chained one to a tree until he starved to death. The town was never built, and the few buildings erected within a pale of four acres in five years fell to pieces.

In 1613 Argall, under a commission from the Governor of Virginia, proceeded to the north Atlantic coast and attacked the French upon the ground of encroachment, and returned to Jamestown with two prizes—a vessel of one hundred and a pinnace of twelve tons, and some prisoners, among others a Roman Catholic priest. Dale, upon their arrival, blustered and threatened to put the prisoners to death. Argall quieted him and then went back to Port Royal and demolished the fortifications. From the second voyage he returned to Virginia on the 9th of November, 1613.

Near the time that Gates left Virginia, "about the 5th of April," 1614, the marriage of Pocahontas to John Rolfe, who had come into the Colony in 1610 with his white wife, is alleged to have taken place.

Not many weeks after Pocahontas was recognized as the wife of Rolfe, Ralph Hamor visited Powhatan with greetings from Dale and a request that the Chief would allow his youngest daughter to go with him to Jamestown to become Dale's "nearest companion, wife, and bed-fellow." Powhatan replied that he had just sold his daughter to an Indian for his wife for some Indian beads. Hamor suggested that he might restore the beads and obtain his daughter for Dale, but the Chief declined the dishonorable proposal.

This year Dale sent 100 pounds sterling to Sir William Throckmorton, whose sister was, or soon became, Lady Dale, to be invested in the East India Company. An error has crept into the "History of the Virginia Company of London." That work states that Dale was twice married, but a more careful investigation discovers but one wife.

His wife, Elizabeth, was the daughter of Sir Thomas Throckmorton, Knight of Totworth, County Gloucester, and sister of Sir William the Baronet. At the time her father's will was signed—December 17, 1607—she was unmarried. The time of her marriage to Sir Thomas Dale has not been ascertained.

In the summer of 1614 Captain Argall brought letters from Virginia to London, and in August the English Ambassador at the Netherlands had Dale's leave of absence extended for two or three years.

In the spring of 1616 Dale, with John Rolfe, Pocahontas, Tamocomo, her uncle, and several Indian girls, embarked for England in the ship Treasurer, and early in June were anchored in the port of Plymouth.

"Rare Ben. Jonson" prepared a "Masque," which was played before King James on Twelfth Night January 6, 1616-'17. A correspondent of the day wrote: "The Virginia woman Pocahontas, with her father counsellor (Tamocomo), have been with the King and graciously used, and both she and her assistant were pleased at the Masque."

It was not until 1624 that Captain John Smith published his General History, in which he used these words: "In the utmost of many extremities that blessed Pocahontas, the great King's daughter of Virginia, oft saved my life."

Jonson appears to have read the adventures of Smith, and in the Staple of News, written in 1625, occurs the following dialogue between Picklock and Pennyboy Canter:

Picklock: A tavern's as unfit too for a Princess.

Pennyboy: No; I have known a Princess, and a great one, come forth of a tavern.

Picklock: Not go in, sir, though.

Pennyboy: She must go in, if she came forth. The blessed Pocahontas, as the historians call her, and great King's daughter of Virginia, hath been in womb of tavern.

In about two months after Pocahontas witnessed Jonson's "Mask" she prepared to embark for Virginia, but died before she left the Thames, perhaps "in a tavern," and on March 21st, 1616-17, was buried in the chancel of the church at Gravesend. Her infant child was named Thomas, it is supposed, after Dale. Tamocomo, her brother-in-law, returned to Virginia and railed against England, English people, and particularly Sir Thomas Dale.

The Indian girls who accompanied Pocahontas remained in England, but did not develop as well as was expected. Five years after their coming it was proposed in the Virginia Company's meeting to bring over some Indian lads, but the project was opposed by Sir Edwin Sandys, who remarked: "To send for them into England, and to have them educated here, he found, upon experience of those brought by Sir Thomas Dale, might be far from the Christian work intended."

Upon May 17, 1620, Sir William Throckmorton, Dale's brother-in-law, informed the company that one of the Indian girls who had lived with a mercer in Cheapside was a consumptive, and very weak, at the residence of the Rev. Mr. George, of Black Friar's, who took great pains "to comfort her both in soul and body"; and the company agreed to allow twenty shillings a week for her support until death.

In June, 1621, two "Virginia maids" were still in the custody of the company, and it was resolved to send them to Bermudas by the first opportunity. During the year 1617 Dale remained in England, sick and feeble.

On the 30th of September of 1617, at a meeting of the East India Company, Sir Richard Hawkins, Captain Best, and Sir Thomas Dale were among those applying for the command of their fleet. Captain Best was first selected, but as he refused to sign certain articles of agreement on November 28th Sir Thomas Dale was chosen commander at a salary of £480 per annum. After he accepted the position he objected to Captain Parker, the second in command, because he was "old and corpulent," but his complaint was not sustained. In a few weeks Dale went to the Netherlands with a letter from Sir Henry Savile, recommending him as "the friend of the Earl of Southampton, and one who has done good service on the plantations of Virginia."

Sir Dudley Carleton, on the 26th of January, 1618, presented a petition to the States General for pay during Dale's absence in America, and complimented his services and the means employed, "and by that," he stated, "he hath preserved Virginia to God by the exercise of religion, which is introduced there, and to man by the augmentation of commerce."

When the East India Company found that he prolonged his visit to the Low Countries they thought of revoking his appointment, but on the 15th of January he wrote that he would soon return to England, and on the 3d of February his wife asks for £50 of his salary to make suitable provision for her husband's arrival.

The petition was duly considered, and the States General, on the 6th of February, 1618, resolved to grant him half pay for seven years; but three days after they decided to give him full pay, amounting to one thousand pounds sterling.

The English Ambassador at the Hague writes to one of the secretaries of King James: "Hears that he [Dale] left the States' service the very day of the receipt of his money, *sans dire adieu*, it being given out that he is employed in the East Indies by the King's command. Shall gladly receive some civil excuse, the King's name being interested both in Sir Thomas Dale's good treatment by the States and in his ill manner of leaving their service."

To this note Secretary Lake replied: "Your Lordship wrote to me, of late, of a fault of Sir Thomas Dale which his Majesty and all men have condemned in him."

In March he sailed for the East Indies, leaving his wife in not very commodious quarters in Black Friars.

On the 24th of September, 1618, O. S., Parker, the old and fat vice-admiral of the fleet, died, and on the 15th of November one of the ships, the Sun, struck on the rocks near the Isle of Engano, in the Malay Archipelago, and Dale lost all his clothes except those he wore. Four days after his fleet arrived at Bantam Roads, off the Isle of Java, where he found Captain Martin Pring in the Royal James with another fleet of the East India Company. On the 5th of December Dale captured the "Black Lion," belonging to the Dutch, with a valuable cargo, and on the 20th he held a council of war with Captain Martin Pring and the other captains in the Bay of Jacatra, and it was decided to attack the Dutch fleet. Patrick Copland, the founder of the first free school in North America, at Charles City, Va., was chaplain of the Royal James, Captain Pring's ship, and gave an exhortation before the battle began. Before the ship Sun sunk, James Rynd, the chaplain of the Sun, in answer to a false charge of the purser's mate, wrote "that he read prayers with some portions of Scriptures twice a day except during his sickness, when Sir Thomas Dale did so."

Under the direction of Dale were eleven ships, and the Dutch had seven. The fight took place on the 23d of December, about three leagues from the Isle of Java, and lasted from 11 in the morning until 3 in the afternoon. In the conflict Roger Dale, who appears to have been a relative of the commander, lost his leg and died. The Dutch were defeated and sailed away.

Three or four days after some desperate sailors broke open the hold of the prize-ship Black Lion about 2 o'clock in the morning to steal "rackapee," and as they were drawing the liquor set it on fire, which soon destroyed the ship and cargo.

On the 29th Dale landed at Jacatra, on the Isle of Java, and the Dutch fort surrendered. He then returned to Bantam. After this battle he sent home to Lady Dale some Japan-ware, and desires to know how Virginia prospers. Patrick Copland, the chaplain of the Royal James, writes from Bantam Roads to Adrian Jacobson, the Dutch chaplain, and laments the dissensions among Christians in the presence of the Heathen, and charging the captain of the Dutch fort at Jacatra with breaking his pledge to Sir Thomas Dale, and wishes him to remember "all standeth not on one side. There must be a yielding of both if ever there be a sound peace." About the middle of April Dale left Jacatra. At a council held in Bantam Roads on the 20th of May, 1619, it was decided that he should go to Engano with the ships Moon, Clove, Globe, Advice, Peppercorn, and Dragon's Claw, to try to recover the moneys in the wreck of the Sun.

The next day the sailor who was the ringleader in breaking open the hold of the Black Lion and setting it on fire was sentenced by a court-martial to be hung and his confederates to receive seventy lashes.

Dale's voyage to Engano was fruitless, finding nothing but a little of his own plate and some sixteen or eighteen skulls of Englishmen lying in a heap.

Upon leaving this island the flux broke out in the fleet, and on the 19th of July, 1619, Sir Thomas Dale "departed this life in peace" off the coast of Coromandel, in India.

On the 20th of February, 1617-18, O. S., just before he sailed for the Indian Ocean, he made his will, and left all his estate to his wife Elizabeth, who on the 15th of January, 1620-21, proved the same.

In 1621 the Virginia Company granted Lady Dale a patent for a plantation. She sent thither some colonists, twenty-two in all, eight of whom were boys, and they had fifty-four head of cattle; but it was abandoned in 1622 from fear of the Indians.

It was several years before Dale's widow was able to obtain a settlement with the East Indian Company. Captain Thomas Conway, son of the King's secretary, on July 1, 1623, requests the navy commissioners "that they will decide in the case of Lady Dale, widow of Sir Thomas Dale, cousin to his first wife, by a persuasion of the justness of her cause, and of their equity and wisdom."

It was not until 1640 that Lady Dale died, without children. To her niece, Dorothy, daughter of Sir William Throckmorton, she left five hundred acres in Virginia, and to her relatives, Edward Hamby and his brother Richard, all her lands in Charles and Shirley Hundred.

FINANCIAL.

RICHMOND STOCK EXCHANGE.

TUESDAY, May 14, 1878.

SALES.—2,000 city of Petersburg 8 per cent, February and August, at 104½.

American Gold.—100¾ bid.

State Securities.—Virginia consols, 60½ bid. 61½ asked; Virginia consols, new, 33 bid; Virginia fundable, 20 bid; Virginia deferred, 4¼ bid; Virginia interest certificates, 5 bid; Virginia tax-receivable coupons, 82¾ asked.

City Securities.—Richmond city 8's, 118 bid; Richmond city 6's, 102¼ bid; Petersburg city 6's, 97 asked; Petersburg city 8's, 104¾ bid; Lynchburg city 6's, 97½ bid.

Railroad Bonds.—Virginia Central Railroad first mortgage 6's, J. and J., 100 bid; Virginia Central Railroad third mortgage 6's, J. and J., 79½ bid, 81 asked; Virginia Central Railroad fourth mortgage 8's, J. and J., 95 bid; Virginia and Tennessee Railroad third mortgage 8's, J. and J., 95 bid; Southside Railroad second mortgage preferred 6's, J. and J., 70½ bid, 73½ asked; Southside Railroad third mortgage preferred 6's, J. and J., 65 asked; Petersburg Railroad first mortgage 8's, J. and J., 86½ bid; Atlantic, Mississippi and Ohio Railroad certificates, 86 bid, 90 asked; Richmond and Petersburg Railroad mortgage 8's, A. and O., 100 bid; Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad mortgage 8's, J. and J., 103 bid; Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad mortgage 7's, J. and J., 97½ bid; Richmond and Danville Railroad consolidated 6's, M. and N., 71 bid, 72 asked; Piedmont Railroad first mortgage 8's, A. and O., 91 bid.

Railroad Stocks.—Richmond and Petersburg Railroad, 100 par, 35 bid, 40 asked; Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad common, 100 par, 75 asked; Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad six per cent. guaranteed, 100 par, 80 bid; Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad seven per cent. guaranteed, 100 par, 90 bid; Richmond and Danville Railroad, 100 par, 2 bid.

Bank Stocks.—First National, 100 par, 115 bid; National Bank of Virginia, 100 par, 82 asked; Planters National, 100 par, 110 asked; Merchants National, 100 par, 80 asked; Union Bank of Richmond, 50 par, 43 asked.

Insurance Companies.—Virginia Fire and Marine, 25 par, 40 bid; Virginia State, 25 par, 28½ bid, 30 asked; Merchants and Mechanics, 100 par, 86 bid, 95 asked; City, 100 par, 79 bid; Granite Insurance Company, 100 par, 79 bid; Richmond Fire Association, 25 par, 15 bid.

Miscellaneous.—Old Dominion Steamship Company, 100 par, 76 bid.

By Telegraph.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, May 14.—Gold opened at 100⅝.

Noon.—Stocks strong. Money, 6 per cent. Gold, 100⅝. Exchange—Long, 485½; short, 488. States dull. Governments firm.

Evening.—Money easy at 4 per cent. Sterling lower at 485½. Gold higher at 100⅝@100¾. Governments strong and higher; new 5's, 104¾. States quiet and steady.

BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, May 14.—Virginia 6's, deferred, 4½; consolidated, 60⅝; second series, 32. Bid to-day.

COMMERCIAL.

CORN AND FLOUR EXCHANGE.

RICHMOND, May 14, 1878.

OFFERINGS REPORTED TO SECRETARY.

WHEAT.—*White*, 296 bushels. *Red*, 3,605 bushels; of which 32 bushels were re-exhibited.

CORN.—*White*, 1,080 bushels.

SALES REPORTED TO SECRETARY.

WHEAT.—*White*, 52 bushels prime at $1.23; 124 bushels choice at $1.24—total, 176 bushels. *Red*, 120 bushels prime Fultz at $1.18; 50 bushels prime Fultz at $1.18; 50 bushels prime Fultz at $1.18; 50 bushels very good Lancaster at $1.23; 52 bushels prime Lancaster at $1.24; 50 bushels prime Fultz at $1.18; 6 bushels mixed at $1.20; 2 bushels prime Lancaster at $1.23; 60 bushels good Fultz at $1.15; 32 bushels very good Fultz at $1.18; 340 bushels good Fultz at $1.18; 122 bushels Fultz at $1.16; 60 bushels mixed at $1.20; 1,064 bushels mixed on private terms—total, 2,058 bushels.

CORN.—*White*, 140 bushels on private terms; 50 bushels on private terms; 172 bushels very good at 55c.; 310 bushels on private terms—total, 672 bushels.

Flour.

Fine, $4; superfine, $4.50@$4.75; extra, $5.50@$5.75; common family, $6.50; fancy brands, $7@$8.

RICHMOND TOBACCO EXCHANGE.

TUESDAY, May 14, 1878.

The breaks to-day comprised 220 hogsheads, 42 tierces, and 9 boxes. The offerings at auction on 'Change were 92 packages; of which number 17 were taken in, and the remainder sold at prices ranging from $2 to $72.

Owing to the large amount of tobacco in bad order which was being forced on our market last week prices generally ruled about as low as we ever saw them. Indeed, we think they must have struck bottom. This week the offerings are of a little better grade, and there is more activity. Fine yellow wrappers are scarce and in good demand. There are some orders here for strictly fancy bright wrappers, but they cannot be found at present on this market. The prices of dark tobacco are about the same. All good, desirable stemming and shipping grades are taken readily at our quotations, while the lower grades are neglected and hard to sell.

We continue to quote:

NEW DARK.

Lugs.—Common to medium, $1.50@$2; medium to good, $3@$3.50.

Leaf.—Common, $4@$5; medium, $5@6; good, $6.50@$7.50; fine, $8@$10.

BRIGHT.

Lugs.—Common colory, $3@$4.

Fillers.—Common, $4@$5; medium, $5@$7; good, $7@$10; fine, $10@$13.

Smokers.—Common, $7@$8.50; medium, $9@$11; good, $10@$13; fine, $15@$18; fancy, $18@$22.

Wrappers.—Common, $10@$14; medium, $15@$20; good, $25@$40; fine, $50@$55; fancy, $60@$65.

By Telegraph.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, May 14.—Cotton steady; uplands, 10¾c.; Orleans, 10¾c.; sales, 1,022 bales. Flour without decided change in price, and with moderate export and home-trade demand; southern flour unchanged. Wheat opened steadier and stronger, and closed with holders more disposed to realize, but scarcely so firm. Corn opened a shade firmer, and closed with the advance lost, but good business for export and speculation; ungraded, 49@52c.; southern, 55@55½c. Oats a shade stronger. Coffee in fair demand and firm. Sugar firm and in fair demand; fair to good refining, 7¼@7½c.; prime, 7⅝c.; refined in fair demand and steady; standard A, 9c. Molasses—Foreign quiet; New Orleans more active at 25@50c. Rice firm with fair inquiry; Carolina, 6½@7c. Petroleum quiet and firmer; refined, 11½@11¾c. Tallow more active and steadier. Rosin quiet at $1.50@$1.52½. Turpentine unchanged. Pork dull and unchanged. Lard dull and heavy; prime steam, $7.07½@$7.12½, closing at $7.07½. Whiskey unsettled at $1.06½@$1.08. Freights firm.

BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, May 14.—Flour dull and unchanged. Southern wheat steady and in fair demand; western steady and quiet; southern red, $1.10@$1.28; amber, $1.30; Pennsylvania red, $1.25@$1.28; No. 2 western winter red, on spot and May, $1.26½; June, $1.27¼@$1.27½; July, $1.25@$1.25½. Southern corn steady; western steady and firm; southern white, 52½c.; yellow, 52c. Oats quiet and steady. Rye quiet and nominal. Provisions dull and depressed. Coffee firm; cargoes, 14½@17¾c. Whiskey dull at $1.05½@$1.06. Sugar quiet and firm. Freights a shade easier.

LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, May 14.—Flour dull; extra, $3.25@$3.75; family, $4.25@$4.50. Wheat dull; red, $1.15; amber and white, $1.19. Corn firm and in good demand; white, 45c.; mixed, 42c. Oats quiet; white, 31c.; mixed, 30c. Rye dull at 60c. Pork steady at $9. Lard quiet; choice leaf, tierce, 7½c.; kegs, 8¼c. Bulk-meats steady; shoulders, $3.75; clear rib, $5.19; clear sides, $5.20. Bacon steady; shoulders, $4.25; clear ribs, $5.25; clear sides, $5.50; sugar-cured hams, $7.75@$9. Whiskey steady at $1.03. Manufactured tobacco quiet and unchanged.

ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, May 14.—Flour easier and weak. Wheat—No. 3 red fall, $1.11½@$1.12; No. 4 red fall, $1.05½@$1.06; No. 2 spring, $1.05, bid. Corn—No. 2 mixed, 38@38⅛c. Oats—No. 2, 32@32½c. Rye quiet and steady. Whiskey steady at $1.05. Pork dull; jobbing, $8.90@$9, delivered. Lard nominally unchanged. Bulk-meats dull and nominal. Bacon, $5.10@$5.15 and $5.25 for clear rib and clear sides.

CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, May 14.—Flour active and unchanged. Wheat firmer; red, $1.12@$1.17. Corn quiet but firm at 43@43½c. Oats steady. Rye steady and firm. Barley quiet and unchanged. Lard nominally $9; current make, $6.70; kettle, $7.25@$7.50. Bulk-meats quiet; $3.70, $4.70, and $5.25 for shoulders, clear rib, and clear sides. Bacon quiet and steady; 4¾, 5¼@5⅜, and 5½@5¾c. for shoulders, clear rib, and clear sides. Butter steady and unchanged. Sugar steady and unchanged. Hogs inactive; packing, $3.25@$3.40; receipts, 2,297 head; shipments, 380 head.

CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, May 14.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat unsettled and generally higher; No. 2 Chicago spring, $1.10¾, cash and May; $1.07¾@$1.07⅞ June; $1.06¼ July; No. 3 Chicago spring, $1.01@$1.03¼. Corn fairly active and a shade higher; 40c. cash; 39¾c. May; 39½c. June; 40c. July. Oats dull and a shade lower; 26c. cash, May, June, and July. Rye steady and in fair demand at 58¾c. Barley quiet, firm, and a shade higher at 51@51¾c. Pork dull and a shade lower; $8.20 cash and June; $8.37½@$8.40 July; $8.57½@$8.60 August. Lard dull and a shade lower; $6.77½ cash and June; $6.85 July; $6.92½ August. Bulk-meats steady and unchanged. Whiskey nominally unchanged at $1.04.

Receipts: Flour, 9,500 barrels; wheat, 109,500 bushels; corn, 25,000 bushels; oats, 91,000 bushels; rye, 5,000 bushels; barley, 5,000 bushels. Shipments: Flour, 7,500 barrels; wheat, 85,000 bushels; corn, 154,000 bushels; oats, 55,000 bushels; rye, 2,800 bushels; barley, 1,400 bushels.

Afternoon Board.—Wheat stronger; $1.10¾ May, $1.08¾@$1.08½ June, $1.05¼ July. Corn stronger; 40c. bid May, 39¾c. bid June. Oats firmer but not higher. Pork and lard firmer but not quotably higher.

LOST, STRAYED, AND FOUND.

ARRESTED, MAY 3, 1878, IN the county of Powhatan, a negro man in possession of a MARE, supposed to have been stolen. The negro is now in the jail of said county. Parties desiring further information will communicate with WILLIAM M. TILMAN,
my 13-3t* Michaux's Ferry post-office.

NOTICE.—This is to give notice that application will be made to the DIRECTORS OF THE STATE BANK OF VIRGINIA, Richmond, for the issue of a certificate of deposit of $2,500 in renewal of a certificate of deposit in said bank for $2,500, dated December 6, 1872, No. 370, payable to the order of the Female Humane Association of the city of Richmond, which has been lost or mislaid. LUCY TRENT,
Secretary Female Humane Association.
my 8-W2m

AUCTION SALES—This Day.

By J. Thompson Brown,
Real Estate Agent and Auctioneer,
1113 Main street.

PUBLIC RENTAL OF
WAREHOUSE PROPERTY
TO-DAY AT 1 O'CLOCK P. M.
TOBACCONISTS, ATTENTION!
MAGNIFICENT WAREHOUSE PROPERTY
FOR RENT AT AUCTION THIS DAY.

I will proceed at 1 P. M. THIS 15TH DAY OF MAY to rent at public auction that splendid WAREHOUSE PROPERTY recently occupied as a foundry by Asa Snyder & Co., on the corner of Eleventh and Cary streets. The attention of tobacconists is especially called to this property, which is the most desirable in the city of Richmond for use as a tobacco warehouse.

TERMS: Announced at sale.

J. THOMPSON BROWN,
my 15 Agent.

By Grubbs & Williams,
Real Estate Agents and Auctioneers.
Eleventh street between Main and Bank.

COMMISSIONERS' SALE OF DWELLING AND LOT NO. 623 NORTH SEVENTH STREET AT AUCTION.—In execution of decrees of the Chancery Court of Richmond, entered in the case of Williams's executors *vs.* Keeling's executor and *als.*, we will sell at auction, upon the premises, on WEDNESDAY, 15th May, at 5 o'clock P. M., the PROPERTY situated on the east side of Seventh street, adjoining the City Spring lot on the north, and occupied by Mrs. Eggleston, being the former residence of the late Henry Keeling, deceased.

The first story is of brick; the second story and attic are framed. Has six rooms, store-room, brick kitchen with four rooms, smoke-house, &c. The lot fronts 80 feet and runs back 114 feet.

TERMS: One fourth cash; balance at six, twelve, and eighteen months for negotiable notes, with interest added, and title retained by the Court until the notes shall be paid.

L. R. SPILMAN,
JAMES PLEASANTS,
Commissioners.
GRUBBS & WILLIAMS, Auctioneers. my 4

By W. Goddin, Auctioneer,
corner of Eleventh and Bank streets.

SALE AT AUCTION OF NICE LITTLE COTTAGE RESIDENCE, NO. 1312 WEST LEIGH STREET, WITH BEAUTIFUL AND HIGHLY IMPROVED LOT ATTACHED. At the request of Mr. Z. L. Trainham (who is in feeble health), I shall offer for sale at auction, on the premises, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th May, 1878, at 6 o'clock P. M., his neat little COTTAGE RESIDENCE, located as above, containing two rooms, with front veranda, recently painted, and in perfect order, with coal and wood house detached, and a well of good water in the rear yard. The lot has a front of 53 feet on the south line of Leigh street and runs back 220 feet to a wide alley. The rear portion is filled with vegetables and the front yard is set out in a great variety of flowers and shrubs, and is really so beautiful as to attract attention of the passers by.

TERMS: Very liberal; to be announced at the sale.
my 11 W. GODDIN, Auctioneer.

By Poindexter & Tupper,
Real Estate Agents and Auctioneers,
1200 Main street.

PEREMPTORY SALE OF LOT No. 97, IN THE PLAN OF BUCK HILL, COMMENCING AT A POINT 198 FEET FROM THE EAST LINE OF LEIGH STREET, FRONTING 33 FEET ON THE NORTH LINE OF DECATUR STREET, AND RUNNING BACK WITHIN PARALLEL LINES 157 FEET TO A 16-FOOT ALLEY.—We shall sell on WEDNESDAY the 15th of May, 1878, by auction, on the premises, at 5 o'clock P. M., the above-described LOT.

Immediately afterwards we will offer at a great sacrifice LOTS Nos. 44 and 91, in same plan of Manchester—the first fronting on Hull or Main street 33 by 157 feet to a sixteen-foot alley; the other on northwest corner of Lee and Decatur streets 33 by 157 feet to alley of same width.

TERMS: Cash as to first-named lot; the other two, one third cash, and residue in six and twelve months, deferred notes secured by deed of trust.

POINDEXTER & TUPPER,
my 11 Auctioneers.

REAL ESTATE AT PRIVATE SALE.

FOR SALE PRIVATELY, THREE NEW STOCK-BRICK-FRONT DWELLING-HOUSES, convenient to business, and well arranged, with about seven rooms each; brick kitchens attached; all modern improvements; now renting to good tenants at $400 each per annum. This property was built under the supervision of one of the best architects in the city, and is substantial in every respect. The owner is determined to sell, and parties desiring a good-paying investment will do well to purchase. Terms liberal.

FRANK D. HILL,
Real Estate Agent,
my 14-5t 1108 Main street.

FOR SALE PRIVATELY.—I have a number of excellent DWELLINGS for sale privately at prices to suit the times. Property was never lower than at present, and all in want should avail themselves of the opportunity to purchase at less than actual cost.

FRANK D. HILL, Real Estate Agent,
my 14-3t 1108 Main street.

MOST DESIRABLE LOTS FOR SALE OR PERPETUAL LEASE.—I have in various localities most desirable VACANT LOTS for sale on REMARKABLY EASY TERMS AND REASONABLE PRICES, or I will make PERPETUAL LEASES with the privilege of buying the fee-simple, as may be ENTIRELY CONVENIENT TO THE LESSEE. Those wanting sites for FACTORIES, WAREHOUSES, STORES, DWELLINGS, &c., have now a RARE OPPORTUNITY to supply themselves on the most favorable terms and prices. Apply to J. L. APPERSON,
my 11-3t Real Estate Agent.

AT PRIVATE SALE.—BEAUTIFUL LOT on the south side of Grace street between Pine and Belvidere, fronting 30 feet and running back 150 feet to an alley.

MOST DESIRABLE LOT on the west side of Third street between Main and Cary streets, fronting 30 feet and running back 120 feet to an alley.

QUARTER SECTION No. 3, in Section No. 24, in Range No. 2, in the burying-ground of the city of Richmond, at Oakwood Cemetery.

FRANCIS T. ISBELL,
No. 8 Eleventh street, between Main and Bank.
my 13-eod3t

FOR SALE AT A SACRIFICE AND ON VERY LIBERAL TERMS (good reason given for making the sacrifice), a VERY DESIRABLE LITTLE FARM OF 140 ACRES—half cleared, balance in wood—twenty miles from Richmond or Petersburg, and near railroad station. Good buildings, orchard, &c. Price only $1,400; $500 cash; balance in one, two, and three years.

GEORGE E. CRAWFORD,
ap 25-eod 1005 Bank street.

REAL ESTATE AGENTS, &c.

EDWARD C. GODDIN, REAL ESTATE AGENT AND AUCTIONEER,
No. 1015 MAIN STREET.

Loans Negotiated at lowest market rates.
Special attention given to Renting Out Property.
Deeds Written and Acknowledements Taken.
Property Sold Publicly or Privately.
No charge unless sale is made. my 4-2m

BANKRUPT NOTICES.

[No. 5485.]

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA—IN THE MATTER OF C. B. LIPSCOMB, BANKRUPT, IN BANKRUPTCY.

CLERK'S OFFICE,
RICHMOND, VA., May 7, 1878.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: Take notice that a petition has been filed in said court by C. B. Lipscomb, of Richmond, Va., in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, and the acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, for a discharge, and certificate thereof, from all his debts and other claims provable under said acts, and that the 21ST DAY OF MAY, 1878, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of Thomas S. Atkins, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, in the custom-house in the city of Richmond, Va., is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where you may attend and show cause, if any you have, why the praver of the said petition should not be granted.

JOHN R. POPHAM, Clerk.
my 8-W2w

[No. 5558.]

THIS IS GIVE NOTICE THAT ON the 25th day of April, A. D. 1878, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Eastern district of Virginia against the estate of M. J. Rosendorf, of Richmond, Henrico county, in said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a court of bankruptcy to be holden at Richmond, Va., before Thomas S. Atkins, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for said district, on the 7TH DAY OF JUNE, A. D. 1878, at 1 o'clock P. M.

C. P. RAMSDELL,
my 8-W2w United States Marshal.

[No. 5560.]

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON the 23d day of April, A. D. 1878, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Virginia against the estate of Daniel O'Donnell, of Richmond, Henrico county, in said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate will be held at a court of bankruptcy to be holden at Richmond, Va., before Thomas S. Atkins, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for said district, on the 11TH DAY OF JUNE, A. D. 1878, at 1 o'clock P. M.

C. P. RAMSDELL,
my 8-W2w United States Marshal.

[No. 5569.]

THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE THAT ON the 29th day of April, A. D. 1878, a warrant in bankruptcy was issued out of the District Court of the United States for the Eastern District of Virginia against the estate of Wirt Roberts, of Richmond, in Henrico county, in said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt on his own petition; that the payment of any debts and the delivery of any property belonging to said bankrupt to him or for his use, and the transfer of any property by him, are forbidden by law; that a meeting of the creditors of said bankrupt, to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of his estate, will be held at a court of bankruptcy to be holden at Richmond, Va., before Thomas S. Atkins, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy for said district, on the 28TH DAY OF MAY, A. D. 1878, at 1 o'clock P. M.

C. P. RAMSDELL,
my 8-W2w United States Marshal.

BILL-HEADS, $5.50 to $8 per ream, at the DISPATCH PRINTING-HOUSE.

AUCTION SALES—Future Days.

By Chaffin, Staples & Co.,
Real Estate Agents and Auctioneers,
corner Tenth and Main streets.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF VERY VALUABLE AND DESIRABLY-LOCATED BUSINESS PROPERTY SITUATED ON THE SOUTH SIDE OF THE DOCK, AT THE CORNER OF EIGHTEENTH STREET.—By virtue of a deed of trust executed by Edward Mayo, executor of E. C. Mayo, united in by W. C. Mayo, George W. Mayo, and Edward Mayo, dated the 8th of January, 1876, and duly recorded in the clerk's office of Richmond Chancery Court, D. B. 107 B, page 169, I shall sell by public auction (being required so to do by the beneficiary in consequence of default having been made in the payment of one of the notes thereby secured), on the premises, on SATURDAY, May 25, 1878, at 5 o'clock P. M., that VALUABLE PROPERTY now occupied by S. P. Lathrop, Esq., as a coal-yard and known as "Sandy Bar," fronting 200 feet on the south side of the dock, and running back at right angles between parallel lines 175 feet. The advantageous location of this property is so well known as to make an extended advertisement unnecessary.

TERMS: Cash as to expenses of sale and to pay off a note of $5,000, with interest from 8th-11th of January, 1878, until paid; and the balance upon such terms as may be announced at the hour of sale. E. D. MEREDITH,
my 15 Trustee.

By Chaffin, Staples & Co.,
Real Estate Agents and Auctioneers,
Tenth and Main streets.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF VALUABLE BUILDING LOTS IN BAKER'S ADDITION, AND OF FRAMED DWELLINGS AND VACANT LOTS IN THE TOWN OF HARVIE, ON WASHINGTON, JACQUELIN, AND HARVIE STREETS, AT AUCTION.—By virtue of a decree of the Chancery Court of the city of Richmond, rendered on the 18th day of April, 1878, in the cause of Fitzpatrick's executrix *vs.* Burton and *als.*, the undersigned, special commissioner thereby appointed, will sell, upon the premises, at auction, at the time stated below, the following-described PROPERTY—to wit:

On MONDAY, May 13th, at 5½ o'clock P. M., FOUR BUILDING LOTS on Calhoun, Tyler, and Cabell streets, in Baker's addition.

On TUESDAY, May 14, 1878, at 5½ o'clock P. M., EIGHT VACANT