Richmond Dispatch.

FRIDAY.....AUGUST 9, 1878.

BEDFORD COUNTY.

BEDFORD ALUM AND IRON SPRINGS, VA., August 7, 1878.

Editors Dispatch: From this delightful summer resort, equally removed from mountain dampness and tidewater malaria, with the thermometer at 59°, I wait you a line. These springs have been greatly improved by the erection of spacious and admirably-ventilated buildings, and refitted in every department, and are in the control of a most energetic and responsible company, who have spared neither effort nor expense in their arrangement and conduct.

The company here is numerous and pleasant. Lynchburg, Richmond, Petersburg, Danville, Memphis, and North Carolina are well represented here, and visitors are daily arriving from other points. The fare here is *unequalled*, at least so pronounced by those who have visited every other watering-place in the country from Saratoga to Greenbrier White, and the waters are almost marvellous in their curative effects.

Near here is the site of the old court-house where Patrick Henry made his famous "beef" speech, and as I write I look upon the foundation of Johnny Hook's stone house. It was here that the county-seat was when Campbell, Bedford, Charlotte, and Lunenburg were one, and in colonial times this was an arsenal and depôt of supplies, which Tarleton attempted to reach, but was intercepted by Greene near Charlottesville and routed. Near here Hunter's raiding column was put to flight by Early's forces. As this ground is classic indeed with the memories of the past, I asked why the flag which floats above the main hotel here so resembled the Holland ensign, being blue, white, and red, and was told that the Virginia State colors would have been run up but for the pitiable, dishonorable position the readjusters and repudiators have put the old State in before the world.

The crops in this section are quite good; the wheat about half an average; the oats fully an average; corn promising, and tobacco fair, though the "eternal" discussion of the tax question and low prices have discouraged planters, and the result is a diminished area has been planted.

A grand tournament and ball is to be held here August 22d, and twenty-three knights are already in the field, and the girls are in a trembling state of *qui vive* as to who the coming queen is to be.

The coming contest for congressman in this district is not causing much attention. Tucker, Whitehead, and Ficklen are in the field. Chances favor the first, but Whitehead's chances are said to be increasing. He is on the greenback hobby, and Ficklen the "readjustment," but if Tucker fails, then look out for the "dark" horse.

VINDEX.

The Hiner Defalcation.

MILWAUKEE, WIS., August 3.—The recent exposé of William H. Hiner, late treasurer of the Grand Lodge of Masons of Wisconsin, has caused great astonishment throughout the State. Ever since the meeting of the Grand Lodge in this city, in June last, it has been known in Masonic circles that Mr. Hiner was deficient in his accounts as treasurer to the extent of nearly $16,000. He then was in attendance at the sessions of the lodge, and promised to make good the deficit within twenty days. With their Masonic charity and secrecy for which the order is said to be proverbial the matter was kept quiet in view of the promised early settlement. But the promise not having been fulfilled, and the Executive Committee of the Grand Lodge having been instructed to collect the amount due from Mr. Hiner's bondsmen, some of the brethren began to leak, and within the last two days the scandal has become public property. From the mass of idle rumors which are afloat the following is stated as the facts in the case: Mr. Hiner has been treasurer of the Grand Lodge for nine years. He is a resident of Fond du Lac, and for twenty-eight years has been an active business-man of that city. For about fifteen years last past he has been part proprietor of the Union Iron-works, of Fond du Lac, an establishment which did a large business in the foundry line and the manufacture of mill-machinery and stationary engines. Mr. Hiner's reputation as a citizen and business-man was of the best. He was a prominent Mason, as witness his repeated reelections to the office of trust which he held for so many consecutive years. His business being in such a prosperous condition, and his standing among his fellow-citizens being so high, he was considered by his Republican friends as the most eligible candidate for official honors. Accordingly he was three times consecutively elected senator from the western district of Fond du Lac county. His experience at Madison doubtless turned the head of a man who is naturally of a retiring disposition and fond of home-life. He began to have ambition for higher office, and made repeated efforts for a place on the State ticket. Sharper politicians than he carried off the persimmons and allowed him to foot the bills. He was much in the society of a class of political figurers of expensive habits, and it is more than suspected that Hiner paid more than his share of political assessments and other Madison expenses. Hard times came on. Politics distracted Hiner's attention from his business, which began to suffer. A treasurer of the Grand Lodge, he had in his control $4,000 to $5,000 in United States bonds, and as much more in State bonds. In 1874 the United States bonds were hypothecated for an advance of money to be used in his business. So the succeeding year the State bonds went the same way, it being Mr. Hiner's intention, as it always is of treasurers in such cases, to make the deficit good in a short time. And if business had been good he undoubtedly would have squared up. But business never got good since, but kept growing worse. And last spring the firm of which he is a member went into bankruptcy—and a terrible record it was. In the mean time, at each annual election of the Grand Lodge for treasurer, Mr. Hiner's statement of account was audited, found correct, and passed. No one ever dreamed of asking to see and feel of the bonds entrusted to his care. They were reported "on hand," and that was enough. Prominent brother Masons signed his official bond on the asking. Hon. H. L. Palmer, of this city, has been on the bond a number of times, but is not liable upon any of them, as the defalcations have taken place since he ceased to be a bondsman. The bondsmen now liable are Hon. Gabe Bouck, of Oshkosh; John S. Burrows, John Spence, C. F. Kolk, and Judge N. C. Giffin, of Fond du Lac. These gentlemen, with the exception of Bouck, are on for separate years, and their liability will be limited to the deficits in those years. But Gabe Bouck is liable for the whole amount, and grimly declares that every cent shall be made good to the lodge. Mr. Hiner, although he expresses himself as confident of being able to pay in full in a short time, is unable to do anything of the sort at present, and those who know best the condition of his affairs are unable to see where or how he can make a settlement. He feels deeply the position in which he is placed, for he was a man well known and respected throughout the State, and against whom no previous dereliction could be charged.—*Letter in Chicago Times.*

NEW GRADING OF WHEAT.—*New York*, August 7.—The Grain Trade met to-day at the Produce Exchange and established rules for grading of grain. The only material change on the rules of the past year was in "No. 2 amber winter wheat shall consist of sound amber winter wheat unfit to grade No. 1." The words "amber winter" were stricken out. Also the following note applying to the above was stricken out: The grade of No. 2 amber winter wheat is intended to cover the style of wheat received from Kansas and Nebraska.

A man named William Cole, of Richmond, Va., had one of his feet painfully mashed at the quarry of Gill & McMahon, on Monday, by being caught between two large stones. *Letter in the Baltimore Sun from Woodstock, Md.*

THE NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE DISPATCH FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

THE GREENBACK MOVEMENT IN NEW HAMPSHIRE—DARING ROBBERY IN BOSTON—THE CASE OF BISHOP & CO., OF CINCINNATI—O'LEARY UNDERTAKES ANOTHER BIG WALK—FIRE IN NORTHAMPTON, MASS.—RACING AT SARATOGA—FAILURE OF AN ATTEMPTED ARREST OF AN ILLICIT DISTILLER IN TENNESSEE—THE SALE OF THE WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS TO TAKE PLACE NEXT WEEK—ROYAL MARRIAGE ANNOUNCEMENT—THE FRANCO-AMERICAN COMMERCIAL TREATY—THE INSURRECTIONARY MOVEMENT IN THE TURKISH PROVINCES, &c., &c.

The West Virginia Congressional Nomination.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

CHARLESTON, W. VA., August 8.—The Democratic Congressional Convention convened here to-day, and nominated Hon. John E. Kenna, the present incumbent, for Congress, by acclamation.

The White Sulphur.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

GREENBRIER WHITE SULPHUR SPRINGS, W. VA., August 8.—The sale of the White Sulphur Springs will not be made until next Thursday, the 15th instant. It will be up and exposed for sale according to law until that time.

South Carolina Republicans.

COLUMBIA, August 8.—The Republican State Convention met and continued in secret session the best part of the day. The platform declares that the principles of equal civil and political rights can only be enforced by the Republican party; reiterates abhorrence of violence, intimidation, or fraud in elections; charges the Democrats with being unfaithful to their pledges of 1876; denounces the Democrats for frauds, violence, intimidation, assassinations, and murders during the campaign of 1876, and for the subsequent violent seizure of the State government, &c.; arraigns the fraud investigation, and pledges the Republican party to the work of purifying the public service.

The following is the ninth article of the platform:

"We deem it inexpedient to nominate candidates for Governor and other State officers, because, owing to the condition of affairs in this State occasioned by rifle-club rule and two years of Democratic supremacy, it is impossible for Republican voters in many counties without incurring great personal danger to organize for the campaign or to vote at the election when held."

Adjourned till to-morrow.

The Bankers' Convention.

SARATOGA, August 8.—The Executive Council of the Bankers' Association to-day reported resolutions hailing as an event of the highest significance to the prosperity of the nation, the near approach of the day for resumption of coin-payments, and pledging the Association to aid and support the Government in the return to a specie standard. The resolutions also recite that the resources of the country arising from successive abundant crops, extraordinary mineral wealth, large credit balances, trade with other nations, happily concur in supplying the means for resumption.

Mr. Fallis, of Cincinnati, and one or two other western men, opposed the resolutions on the ground of expediency, although approving their character.

L. C. Murray, of Louisville; Mr. Henry, of Mobile; J. W. Lockwood, of Richmond, and a number of other northern and western men, advocated the resolutions, and they were finally adopted unanimously.

Ineffectual Attempt to Arrest an Illicit Distiller.

WASHINGTON, August 8.—A telegram to the Internal Revenue Commissioner, dated Knoxville, to-day, says:

"On the evening of the 6th instant Collector Cooper sent four men and two deputy marshals to Blount to arrest a man named Amarine, and seize his distillery. The officers came upon the still at daybreak this morning in full operation and strongly guarded. A fight ensued, in which one of the revenue officials was wounded, and the force compelled to retire. This is the fourth time Amarine has fired upon officers."

A telegram has been sent hence to Collector Cooper to-day instructing him to employ a force to arrest Amarine at all hazards.

Saratoga Races.

SARATOGA, N. Y., August 8.—The weather to-day was beautiful and the track fair.

First race—one-mile dash—Inspiration winner by a head; Kennesaw second. Time, 1:45¾.

Second race—one mile and a half—Virginius winner; Frederick the Great second, Lucifer third. Time, 2:45¾.

Third race—three quarters of a mile—Charlie Gorham winner; Egypt second, Alleveur third. Time, 1:18.

Fourth race—handicap steeple-chase, usual course—Walter winner; Coronet second, Gray Cloud third; Deadhead stumbled and threw his rider. Time, 3:03¾.

The Yellow-Fever.

NEW ORLEANS, August 8.—Seventeen cases of yellow-fever have occurred at Port Eads. Of these one has died, one recovered, and fifteen are under treatment. Being panic-stricken, the engineer of a gang of men took the boat yesterday for Mobile, and the laborers left, many of them coming to this city. Two on arriving were sick, and were admitted to the Charity Hospital. Work at the jetties is reported entirely suspended.

Wreck of a French Vessel.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 8.—A letter from Honolulu says the French bark Calcutta went ashore on the Island of Hunnis of the Sicily group, June 23d, and is a total loss. The captain of the bark killed himself. The crew were saved.

Bold Assault and Robbery.

BOSTON, August 8.—Frank L. McLain, produce-dealer on Warren street, was robbed of $500 and pounded to unconsciousness while alone in his store this morning. The thief is unknown.

The Greenback Movement.

CONVENTION TO BE HELD IN NEW HAMPSHIRE.

MANCHESTER, N. H., August 8.—The Greenback State Committee have arranged to hold a State Convention here September 5th.

Hostile Indians Surrendering.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 8.—There are reports of many hostiles surrendering themselves at Malheur Agency, and the indications are that the campaign in that vicinity is virtually at an end.

Silver-Dollar Certificates.

WASHINGTON, August 8.—The Bureau of Engraving and Printing has printed certificates for silver dollars to the extent of over nineteen millions. There has been but little demand for them.

Earnings of the Kansas Pacific Railroad.

ST. LOUIS, August 8.—The net earnings of the Kansas Pacific railway for the first six months of the year amount to $351,297.

Paper-Mill Burned.

NORTHAMPTON, MASS., August 8.—The Vernon Brothers' paper-mill was burned last night. Loss, $112,000; insurance, $100,000.

Pedestrianism Extraordinary.

BOSTON, August 8.—O'Leary, of Chicago, will undertake to walk 400 miles in 125 hours, at Music Hall, commencing next Monday evening.

Accepts a Greenback Nomination.

NEW YORK, August 8.—Gideon J. Tucker, who was nominated by the Syracuse Greenback Convention for Judge of the Court of Appeals, accepts the nomination.

Bishop & Co., of Cincinnati.

NEW YORK, August 8.—The committee of creditors of Bishop & Co., grocers, of Cincinnati, decline to accept Bishop's offer to pay forty cents on the dollar. They accept the offer of a surrender of all assets of the firm and of the individual members thereof, and grant the firm a full discharge.

Congressional Nomination.

RALEIGH, N. C., August 8.—General R. B. Vance has been renominated for Congress from the Eighth district.

LATEST FOREIGN NEWS.

LONDON, August 8.—A dispatch from Vienna to the *Times* says the results of the Hungarian elections are known in 184 districts, and show that 116 Liberals (or supporters of the present Government), 34 of United Opposition, and 21 of the Extreme Left have been elected. Herr Tissa, Chief of the Hungarian Ministry, will probably be returned from some constituency where a second ballot is necessary.

France.

THE FRANCO-AMERICAN TREATY CONFERENCE.

PARIS, August 8.—The project for a commercial treaty which the Franco-American conference referred to a committee last night is embraced in a document entitled "Memorial by the members of the Franco-American Conference to the United States Congress and the French Chambers." The memorial calls attention to the langour of commercial relations between France and the United States, and declares that the reason is found in the respective import duties of the two countries. It also discusses the causes which oppose the extension of trade between the two countries—these being the instability of the value of legal money in the United States, the increase of customs duties, and the progress of some branches of American industry or the creation of new ones.

One section of the memorial contains the project and basis of a treaty of commerce, which is offered as a basis of discussion, and committing neither delegation to it. This project provides that either country shall give to the other the same commercial advantages, which it gives the most favored nation; prescribes conditions of assessment of *ad valorem* duties at shipping points; provides for a revision of the American tariff on French products, with a detailed schedule for silks, wines, and spirits; stipulates that if either nation imposes a domestic duty it may be imposed on that of the other party to the treaty; exempts from the operation of all the clauses of the treaty except the clause on all dock, harbor, and kindred dues for local facilities; guarantees, reciprocal rights to citizens of the respective countries in the ownership of commercial marks, emblems, and stamps.

FURTHER MOBILIZATION OF AUSTRIAN FORCES.

ROME, August 8.—A Vienna dispatch to the Reuter Telegram Company says: "In view of the insurrectionary movement in Bosnia and Herzegovina, which the Porte is here strongly suspected of fermenting, and in consequence of the agitation in Servia and Montenegro, the Austrian Government, notwithstanding the strong corps of occupation sent to Bosnia and Herzegovina, intends affecting a further mobilization of its forces in order to have in reserve an additional army corps ready for active service. Great annoyance is felt in official quarters here at the unfortunate Maglaj affair, the Austrian losses in which are considered due to manifest carelessness."

AUSTRIAN OCCUPATION ONLY RESISTED BY THE LOWER CLASSES.

LONDON, August 8.—A dispatch from Vienna to the *Daily Telegraph* says: "The information that the Porte has issued instructions to officials throughout Bosnia and Herzegovina, forbidding opposition to Austrian occupation, is derived from an unexceptionable Austrian source, and sets at naught idle rumors concerning the Porte's alleged connivance with the insurgents. Some resistance, nevertheless, is expected at certain points, and may cost some Austrian lives, as would have been the case even if an Austro-Turkish convention had been concluded before the frontier was crossed. The respectable portion of the inhabitants everywhere welcomed the Austrians, and only persons of the lower classes and some disbanded troops have joined the insurrection."

A Vienna dispatch to the *Times* says: "The Turkish Government declares emphatically that it has ordered its representatives not to oppose the Austrians. The delay of these orders until the insurrection has established itself in the heart of Bosnia detracts somewhat from their value."

APPROACHING MARRIAGE OF PRINCE LOUIS NAPOLEON III.

PARIS, August 8.—The *Constitutional*, Bonapartist organ, announces a marriage arrangement between Prince Louis Napoleon the Third and the Princess Thyra, daughter of the King of Denmark. The date is not yet fixed. The *Constitutional* says: "It is stated that this marriage will be the occasion of a beneficial revision of the treaty of Prage." Thyra is a sister of the Princess of Wales.

The Trouble in the Turkish Provinces.

SULEIMAN PASHA SHUT UP IN TREBINJE—BOSNIAN TROOPS DESERTING TO THE INSURGENTS.

RAGUSA, August 8.—Suleiman Pasha, with 1,500 Asiatic troops, is shut up in Trebinje. He will not allow the insurgents to enter the town, fearing a massacre of the Turkish authorities.

Fifteen hundred Bosnian regular troops have deserted from Trebinje and joined the insurgents at Darbrowo.

APOLLINARIS WATER.

APOLLINARIS

NATURAL MINERAL WATER.

HIGHLY EFFERVESCENT.

APPROVED by the *Academie de Medecine* of France, and its sale in France authorized by *special order* of the French Government.

Recommended by the highest MEDICAL AUTHORITIES in New York as

"A delightful beverage."

"Far superior to Vichy, Seltzer, or any other."

"Most grateful and refreshing."

"Absolutely pure and wholesome; superior to all for daily use; free from all the objections urged against Croton and Artificially-aerated waters."

"Impregnated only with its own gas."

"Useful and very agreeable."

"Healthful and well suited for Dyspepsia and cases of acute disease."

"Mildly antacid; agrees well with dyspeptics and where there is a gouty diathesis."

"By far the most agreeable, alone or mixed with wine; useful in Catarrhs of Stomach or Bladder, and in Gout."

"Not only a luxury, but a necessity."

To be had of all wine merchants, grocers, druggists, and mineral-water dealers throughout the United States, and wholesale of

FREDERICK DE BARY & CO.,
Sole Agents,
No. 41 and 43 Warren street, New York.

Every genuine bottle bears the registered YELLOW PICTORIAL label of the APOLLINARIS COMP'Y (LIMITED), LONDON.
fmv 27-M,W&F&eowtAu27

WINES, LIQUORS, &c.

SUMMER WINES—CLARET, SWEET and DRY CATAWBAS:
OLD BLACKBERRY WINE and BRANDY,
SCUPPERNONG WINE and BRANDY.
CHAMPAGNES—Goulet, Veuve Clicquot, and Mumm's Dry Verzenay; America, Extra Dry Verzenay—quarts, $9 per case, or $1 per bottle, at
je 12-2m CHRISTIAN & WHITE'S.

RILEY (AUGUSTA) WHISKEY—
first premium whenever exhibited at State Fair;
BUCKNER (KENTUCKY) WHISKEY,
four years old, at $2.50 per gallon (unequalled in the city), at
ja 1 CHRISTIAN & WHITE'S.

BILL-HEADS, $5.50 to $8 per ream, at the DISPATCH PRINTING-HOUSE

FINANCIAL.

RICHMOND STOCK EXCHANGE.

THURSDAY, August 8, 1878.

American Gold.—100½ bid.

State Securities.—Virginia consols, 54½ bid, 55¼ asked; Virginia consols, new, 28 bid; Virginia deferred, 3¾ bid, 4 asked; Virginia tax-receivable coupons, 78¼ bid, 79 asked.

City Securities.—Richmond city 8's, J. and J., 117 asked; Richmond city 6's, J. and J., 100½ bid, 101 asked; Petersburg city 8's, 104 asked; Lynchburg city 8's, J. and J., 109½ bid, 111 asked; Lynchburg city 6's, J. and J., 94 bid; Norfolk city water 8's, M. and N., 110 bid; Fredericksburg city 7's, M. and N., 102½ bid, 107 asked.

Railroad Bonds.—Virginia Central Railroad first mortgage 6's, J. and J., 83 bid; Virginia Central Railroad third mortgage 6's, J. and J., 83 bid; Virginia Central Railroad fourth mortgage 8's, J. and J., 97 bid, 100 asked; Virginia Central Railroad non-mortgage 8's, J. and J., 96½ bid; Virginia and Tennessee Railroad funded 6's, J. and J., 100 bid; Southside Railroad first mortgage preferred 8's, J. and J., 103 bid; Southside Railroad second mortgage preferred 6's, J. and J., 78 bid; Southside Railroad third mortgage preferred 6's, J. and J., 67½ bid; Norfolk and Petersburg Railroad first mortgage 7's, J. and J., 97 bid; Norfolk and Petersburg Railroad first mortgage 8's, J. and J., 103 bid; Norfolk and Petersburg Railroad second mortgage 8's, J. and J., 87 bid; Petersburg Railroad first mortgage 8's, J. and J., 88 bid; Petersburg Railroad second mortgage 8's, J. and J., 30 asked; Atlantic, Mississippi and Ohio Railroad certificate, 90 bid; Richmond and Petersburg Railroad first mortgage 8's, A. and O., 104 bid; Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad mortgage 8's, J. and J., 102 bid; Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad mortgage 7's, J. and J., 97 bid; Richmond and Danville Railroad consolidated 6's, M. and N., 70 bid; Piedmont Railroad first mortgage 8's, A. and O., 90 bid.

Canal Bonds.—James River and Kanawha Canal first mortgage 6's, M. and N., 51 asked.

Railroad Stocks.—Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad, 100 par, 1½ bid, 3 asked; Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad common, 100 par, 60 asked; Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad seven per cent. guaranteed, 100 par, 90 bid, 95 asked; Richmond and Danville Railroad, 100 par, 2½ bid; Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad common, 100 par, 80 bid; Seaboard and Roanoke Railroad guaranteed, 100 par, 96 bid, 118 asked.

Canal Stocks.—James River and Kanawha Canal, 100 par, 2 asked.

Bank Stocks.—First National, 100 par, 110 bid; National Bank of Virginia, 100 par, 82½ asked; Union Bank of Richmond, 50 par, 40 bid, 41½ asked; Merchants and Planters Savings, 25 par, 18¾ bid, 19¼ asked; Citizens Bank, 25 par, 22 asked.

Insurance Companies.—Virginia Fire and Marine, 25 par, 33½ bid, 37 asked; Virginia State, 25 par, 27 bid, 28½ asked; Virginia Home, 100 par, 100 asked; Merchants and Mechanics, 100 par, 81 bid, 85 asked; City, 100 par, 79 bid, 81 asked; Granite, 100 par, 75 bid, 81 asked.

Miscellaneous.—Old Dominion Steamship Company, 100 par, 75 asked.

By Telegraph.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, August 8.—Gold opened at 100⅝.

Noon.—Stocks firm. Money, 2 per cent. Gold, 100⅝. Exchange—Long, 482¾; short, 484½. State bonds quiet. Governments generally firm.

Evening.—Money easy at 2 per cent. Exchange, 482¾. Gold dull at 100⅝. Governments firm; new 5's, 106½. States quiet.

BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, August 8.—Virginia 6's, deferred, 3⅞; Virginia consols, 54⅝; second series, 28; past-due coupons, 78⅝. North Carolina 6's, old, 15; new, 8. Bid to-day.

COMMERCIAL.

CORN AND FLOUR EXCHANGE.

RICHMOND, August 8, 1878.

OFFERINGS REPORTED TO SECRETARY.

WHEAT.—*White*, 716 bushels. *Red*, 8,950 bushels.
CORN.—*White*, 1,184 bushels. *Mixed*, 998 bushels.
OATS.—260 bushels.
RYE.—10 bushels.

SALES REPORTED TO SECRETARY.

WHEAT—*White*, 286 bushels very good at $1.06; 366 bushels prime at $1.08—total, 652 bushels. *Red*, 80 bushels Fultz at 85c.; 10 bushels Fultz at 85c.; 40 bushels at 90c.; 18 bushels at $1; 106 bushels Fultz at 82c.; 76 bushels very good Fultz at $1; 56 bushels good Fultz at $1; 56 bushels good Fultz at $1; 50 bushels prime Fultz at $1.02; 200 bushels Fultz at 89c.; 40 bushels Fultz at 90c.; 30 bushels Fultz at 85c.; 18 bushels very good Lancaster at $1.05; 34 bushels common Fultz at 75c.; 50 bushels Fultz at 95c.; 121 bushels Fultz at 85c.; 38 bushels prime Fultz at $1.03; 200 bushels mixed on private terms; 250 bushels common Fultz at 80c.; 160 bushels fair Fultz at 85c.; 16 bushels common Fultz at 82c.; 234 bushels mixed on private terms; 60 bushels very good amber at $1.06; 46 bushels prime Fultz at $1.02; 240 bushels prime Fultz at $1.02; 50 bushels Fultz at 95c.; 336 bushels prime Fultz on private terms; 210 bushels very good Fultz at $1; 50 bushels good Fultz at $1; 14 bushels common Fultz at 70c.; 4 bushels common Fultz at 50c.; 174 bushels Fultz at 88c.; 24 bushels Fultz at 87c.; 150 bushels Fultz on private terms; 50 bushels Fultz at $1; 160 bushels Fultz at 95c.; 12 bushels Fultz at 80c.; 100 bushels Fultz at 97c.; 64 bushels Fultz at 80c.; 204 bushels Fultz at 90c.; 96 bushels Fultz at 75c.; 138 bushels Fultz at 85c.; 400 bushels mixed at $1; 14 bushels very good Lancaster at $1.05; 94 bushels common Fultz at 75c.; 344 bushels on private terms; 440 bushels Fultz at 97c.; 20 bushels Fultz at 85c.; 20 bushels Lancaster at $1; 80 bushels prime Fultz at $1; 158 bushels very good Fultz at 90c.; 50 bushels fair Fultz at 85c.; 90 bushels very good Fultz at $1; 150 bushels common Fultz at 75c.; 16 bushels common Fultz at 75c.; 16 bushels Fultz at 90c.; 14 bushels Fultz at 85c.; 446 bushels prime Fultz at $1; 108 bushels good Fultz at 90c.; 64 bushels good Fultz at 92c.; 16 bushels purple-straw at 85c.; 98 bushels good Fultz at 90c.; 30 bushels common Fultz at 80c.; 24 bushels common Fultz at 85c.; 104 bushels fair Fultz at 90c.; 36 bushels common Fultz at 90c.; 16 bushels Fultz at 90c.; 16 bushels Fultz at 90c.; 442 bushels at 95c.; 40 bushels Lancaster at $1.02; 80 bushels at 90c.; 24 bushels at 87c.; 210 bushels at 87c.; 100 bushels very good at 58c.; 26 bushels prime at 60c.; 88 bushels very good at 58c.—total, 7,970 bushels.

CORN.—*Mixed*, 550 bushels at 55c.; 452 bushels on private terms—total, 998 bushels.

OATS.—20 bushels spring at 30c.; 100 bushels good winter at 30c.; 90 bushels very good winter at 30c.—total, 210 bushels.

RYE.—10 bushels at 50c.

Flour.

Fine, $3; superfine, $3.75@$4; extra, $4.50@$4.75; common family, $5.50; fancy brands, $6. Market dull.

RICHMOND MARKETS.

THURSDAY, August 8, 1878.

Country Produce.

Beeswax: 23c. ℔ lb.

Butter: Prime to choice yellow, 16@18c.; fair to good, 8@14c.

Corn Meal: 60@63c. ℔ bushel for country.

Dried Fruit: Apples, 3@4c. ℔ lb.; peaches, peeled, 7@8c.; unpeeled, 3@4c.; cherries, 10c. ℔ lb.; blackberries, 5c.

Eggs: In barrels, 9@10c. ℔ dozen; in crates, 10@12c.

Feathers: Prime live-goose, 40c.; common, 20@30c.

Flaxseed: $1 ℔ bushel.

Hay: Virginia timothy, 70c.—very dull; clover, 53@60c.

Oats: Baled, 50c.

Potatoes: Irish, ℔ barrel, $1.25@$1.50.

Lard: Country, 7@7½c.

Rye: 53c. ℔ bushel

Sumac: 75c.

Baled Straw: 35@40c.

Tallow: 6½c. ℔ lb.

Wool: Washed, 30@32c.; unwashed, 20@23c. Burry wool will bring from 3 to 5c. ℔ lb less than above rates.

Cement, Lime, Plaster, &c.

Cement: Rosedale, $1.50@$1.60 ℔ barrel; James River, $1.60@$1.70.

Lime: Agricultural, 10c. ℔ bushel; Rockland, $1.10@$1.25, according to quality.

Plaster: Lump, $4@$4.25; ground, $7.50@$8, delivered; calcined plaster, $2.

Tar: Large size, $3.25@$3.50.

Dry Goods.

Brown Sheetings and Shirtings: 4-4 Manchester, 6c.; ⅞ Manchester, 5½c.; ⅞ Manchester, 4¾c.; 4-4 James River, 6c.; ⅞ James River, 5½c.; ¾ James River, 4¾c.; 4-4 Graniteville, 7½c.; ⅞ Graniteville, 7c.; 4-4 Rockbridge, 6½c.; ⅞ Rockbridge, 5½c.; 4-4 W. Comestoga, 7½c.; ⅞ G. Comestoga, 6½c.; ¾ D. Comestoga, 6¾c.; 10-4 Peperill, 25c.; 10-4 City, 22½c.; Cotton-yarns, $1.

Bleached Shirtings and Sheetings: 4-4 Wamsutta, 11½c.; 4-4 Masonville, 9½c.; 4-4 Rockdale, 9c.; 4-4 Home, 9½c.; 4-4 Oneida, 10c.; 4-4 Avondale, 7c.; 4-4 Social, 7c.; 4-4 Amoskeag, 9½c.; Whitestone, 9½c.; ¾ Barnsley, 5½c.; ¾ Red Dog, 6c.; B. ¾ Saltmate, 7c.; Methuan, 5c.; Peterborough, 5c.; 10-4 Waltham, 25c.; 10-4 City Mills, 22½c.

Brown Drills: Petersburg, 6½c.; Graniteville, 8c.; Rockbridge, A, 8½c.; AA, 9c.

Corset Jeans: Pavonia, 8c.; Amoskeag, 10c.; Hallowell, 9c.

Denims: Harlem, 12½c.; Boston Steam Mills, 8½c

Prints: American, 5½c.; Allen's, 5c.; Richmond, 5½c.; Sprague, 5c.; Manchester, 5½c.; Washington, 5½c.; Hamilton, 5½c.; Merrimack, 5½c.; Mallory, 6c.; Oriental, Pacific, 5½c.; Arnold, 5½c.; Harmony, 5c.; Wamsutta, 4½c.

Cambrics: Rice, 5½c.; English, 5c.

Drugs, Dyestuffs, Oils, &c.

Alum: 5c.

Alcohol: $2.50 ℔ gallon.

Concentrated Lye: $3.50@$4 ℔ case of four dozen.

Copperas: 2½c.

Cochineal: 90c. ℔ lb.

Extract of Logwood: 18c.

Indigo: $1.10.

Madder: 12½c.

Oils: Linseed, 63c.; machine, $1@$1.75; sperm, $2; whale, 65c.; straits, 50@55c.; Labrador-cod oil, 65@70c.; lard, 70c.; sweet, $6 ℔ anzen; best salad, $8.50; castor, $1.40 ℔ gallon; Virginia lubricating, 30@50c.; kerosene, 14c., cash, ℔ gallon.

Race Ginger: 10c.

Roots: Ginseng, 90c.; seneca, without top, 35@45c.

Soda: Sal., 2¼@2½c., in kegs; English soda, 5c.; American, 3¼@4c.

Spirits Turpentine: 37c.

Foreign Fruits and Candy

Candy: 13@14c. ℔ lb.

Lemons: Messina, $10.50@$11.50 ℔ box.

Oranges: $8@$9 ℔ box.

Groceries, &c.

Bacon: Shoulders, 6¾@7c.; clear rib-sides, 7¾c. ribbed, 7½c.; Virginia shoulders, 5¾@6c.; Virginia hog-round, 7@7½c.; Virginia hams, large, 8@10c.; small, 10@11c.; sugar-cured, uncanvassed, 12½@13c.; plain hams, 12c.; canvassed, 13@13½c.

Buckets: Painted, two hoops, $1.40@$1.50; three hoops, $1.75@$1.85.

Brooms: Two strings, $1.40@$1.60; three strings, $1.75@$3; four strings, $3@$4.50.

Coffee: Rio—Common, 14@14½c.; fair, 15@15½c.; good to prime 16¼@17½c.; Laguayra, 17@17½c.; Java, 28@30c. Market advancing—firm.

Candles: Adamantine candles, 12½@13c. ℔ set; 16¾@17c. ℔ lb.; half-boxes, 13c.; tallow, 14c.

Cheese: Prime cutting, 11@12c.; northern and western prime cutting, 10c.; common, 8@9c.; English dairy, 18@20c.; Pineapple, 25c.

Rice: Carolina, 7¼@8c.; Rangoon, 6c.

Fish: Herrings—North Carolina No. 1 cut, $4@$4.50; North Carolina gross, $4@$4.50; North Carolina roe, in half-barrels, $3@$3.50. Mackerel—No. 1 Bay, $16; No. 2, in barrels, $11.50; No. 3 mackerel, $6.50; No. 1, in kits, $2.25; No. 2, in kits, $1.87½; No. 3, $1.50.

Lard: Prime, barrels and tierces, 8¾c. in half-barrels, 9¼c.

Molasses: Common syrup—hogsheads, 32c.; tierces, 33c.; barrels, 34c.; genuine golden syrup, 45@55c. ℔ gallon; New Orleans, prime, 40@55c.

Salt: Liverpool, from store, $1.30@$1.35. Ground alum, from store, 80c. ℔ sack.

Sugar: Crushed, 11½c.; powdered, 10½c.; granulated, 10½c.; A, 9¼@9½c.; B, 9c.; extra C, 8¾@9c.; yellow, 7¾@8¾c.; cut loaf, 11c., Porto Rico, Demerara, 10@10½c.

Soap: Common, 5@7c.; best washing, 7¼@8c.; toilet, 15@20c.; and fancy prices; country, 4@5c.

Teas: Black, 55c.@$1.—the last a prime article; imperial, $1.10@$1.60; gunpowder, $1.45@1.75 for strictly choice.

Hides, Leather, &c.

Hides: Green, 4@5c.; dry salted, 12@13c.; dry flint, 13@15c.; wet salted, 7½@8c.; wet salted calf-skins, 90c.@$1.

Leather: Sole leather, oak, 33@40c.; sole leather hemlock, 18@25c.; country upper, 30@35c.; city finish, 18@22c. ℔ foot; kip, 40@75c. ℔ lb.; harness, country, 28@33; city finish, 32@36c. ℔ lb.; calf-skins, French, $1.15@$2.25 ℔ lb.; rough skirting, 22@26c.

Iron, Steel, Nails, &c.

Iron: American refined, Old Dominion, 2@2 2-10c. ℔ lb.; English and American steel, 3@5c.; Swedes, hammered, 5½c.; hoop, 4@6; Pig-iron: Virginia coal-blast charcoal, $22@$32 warm-blast charcoal, $24@$28; Pennsylvania anthracite, $20@$22; West Virginia coke, $23@$23.

Nails: Old Dominion, $2.40 per keg for standard—that is, ten-penny; other sizes extra.

Plough-Castings: Wholesale, 4@4½c.; retail, 5½@6c. ℔ lb.

Rope: Manilla, best, 14@15c.; jute, 8@9c.

Rags: Mixed cotton, 1½c.; white, 2½c.; woollen ¼@1½c.

Lumber, Staves, &c.

Lumber: White oak, $12@$15 ℔ 1,000; Western Virginia poplar, $12.50@$25 ℔ 1,000; white pine $20@$65 ℔ 1,000 yellow pine boards, $10@$14; joist, $12@$18, according to lengths. Shingles—Pine, $2.50@$5; cypress six-inch, $7.50@$10 ℔ 1,000. Laths—Split, $1.50; sawed, $2.25@$2.50 ℔ 1,000.

Staves: Whiskey-barrel timber, green, $18@$20 ℔ 1,000; seasoned, $20@$25 ℔ 1,000. Flour-barrel timber, $6@$7.50 ℔ 1,000. Flour-barrel poles, $7@8; hogshead-hoops, no demand; hickory-hoops, $12.50.

Liquors, Wines, &c.

Ale: Scotch, best brands, pints $2@$2.25 ℔ dozen, gold.

Brandies: Domestic, $1.25@$2; fruit, $1.10@$1.40; apple, new, $1.75@$2; old, $2.25@$3; Virginia peach, $2@$2.50.

Rye Whiskeys: Medium, $1.50@$2; pure old, $2@$4; Virginia mountain, new, $2@$2.50, old, $2.50@$3.50 and upwards.

Gin: Domestic, $1.25@$2; imported, $8 ℔ case.

New England Rum: $1.50@$1.60.

Rectified Whiskeys: Market quiet; proof, $1.20

Licorice.

Licorice Paste: J. C. & Co., 31c.; R. R., 23c.; A. O. C., 23c.; K. & Co., 24c.; P. S., 25c.; Ancnor 27c.; A. C. C., 26c.; G. v G., 28c.; G. C. Eagle 29c.; c. c. W., 19c.; no brand, 17c.

Mill-Feed.

Shipstuff: 35@40c. ℔ bushel; $20 ℔ ton.

Brownstuff: 27@30c. ℔ bushel; $20 ℔ ton.

Wheat Bran: 20@25c. ℔ bushel; $20 ℔