Richmond Dispatch.

FRIDAY.....SEPTEMBER 6, 1878.

PETERSBURG.

MOFFETT-REGISTER RETURNS FOR AUGUST—BASE-BALL MATCH—INVESTIGATION CONCERNING THE LATE FIRE—BAT-SHOOTING—MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

[Correspondence of the Richmond Dispatch.]

SEPTEMBER 5, 1878.

The Moffett-register returns in this city for the month of August foot up $603.57 as against $541.49 in July. There are 67 alcoholic and 23 malt registers in use. The total alcoholic registrations during the month were 21,306—tax, $532 65; malt registrations, 7,786—tax, $38.93; book sales, 194 gallons—tax, $1.93; three registers sold, $60. The largest alcoholic registration at any one place was 2,582; the smallest, 16. The largest malt registration, 1,500; the smallest, 24. A number of places show registrations below 100.

The Stonewall Base-Ball Club, of Richmond, will visit Petersburg on Saturday and play a match game with the Old Dominion at 3½ o'clock.

There have been a good deal of feeling and excitement in the Fire Department and comment outside since the fire of last Monday morning. There were many people who said the Library building ought to have been saved from the flames, and criticism on the Fire Department was harsh. Charges of negligence were brought against Engineer Dean, of the steamer America, and the matter was brought before the Fire Commissioners for investigation. The America, from some cause, failed to work well at the fire. The cause is alleged to have been the muddy water running from the pipes, which produced foaming in the boiler and consequent inability to throw a stream to any height. The commissioners, by a vote of two to one, decided to discharge Mr. Dean, whereupon the minority took an appeal to the Council. A special meeting of this body was held last evening to consider the matter, and a very animated discussion occurred, ending in a reference of the whole subject back to the commissioners, whose number was increased by the appointment of two additional members. The committee will meet to-night, and will hear all the evidence bearing upon the case. It was charged in the Council by the minority commissioner that the trial of Mr. Dean was not an impartial and unprejudiced one.

The Knights of Pythias Association, whose castle hall was destroyed by the late fire, have rented the Exchange building, on Bank street, the hall of which is to be neatly and handsomely fitted up.

The Red Men will meet temporarily in Temperance Hall.

The bat-shooting season is just now in its prime. It is estimated that between one and two hundred persons are engaged shooting the birds every afternoon on the suburbs of the city. They are more abundant this year than has been for many seasons.

General William Mahone has been elected president of the Fourth District Conservative Campaign Club.

It is not yet known what plans the Library Association will adopt for the future—whether it will be decided to continue the library or disband the Association. A committee has been appointed to confer with the companies in which the property of the Association is insured, and when that committee reports definite action will be taken.

Several of our citizens left for Richmond this morning to join the excursion to the White Sulphur Springs given by Centenary church. ROBIN ADAIR.

BUCKINGHAM COUNTY.

SEPTEMBER 5, 1878.

Editors Dispatch: Hon. J. Randolph Tucker, who has been unanimously renominated for Congress, will open the campaign at Buckingham Courthouse on Monday next. Yours, J. M. CRUTE.

Letter from Gordonsville.

CLOSING EXERCISES OF THE GOSHEN ASSOCIATION.

GORDONSVILLE, September 5, 1878.

Yesterday afternoon the Association considered the interests of Sunday schools and colportage, and addresses were made by Revs. C. F. Fry (of Staunton), W. H. Williams, J. W. McCown, J. William Jones, and A. E. Dickinson.

At night Rev. Dr. Jeter preached at the Baptist church to a packed house an able and effective sermon on "Personal Responsibility."

At the same hour Rev. J. William Jones preached to a large congregation at the Methodist church.

This morning an excellent obituary of Rev. Dr. W. F. Broaddus, prepared by Rev. Dr. T. S. Dunaway, was read, and Dr. Jeter paid a tribute to the memory of his lifelong friend which was at the same time just, lifelike, and touching.

Rev. Dr. Quarles read an appropriate obituary of Rev. Herndon Frazier.

The "Minister's Relief Fund" was presented by a resolution offered by Hon. T. N. Welch, and was discussed by brethren T. N. Welch, J. N. Gordon, W. R. Vaughan, and J. William Jones.

Resolutions of condolence with Rev. James D. Coleman in his present illness were unanimously passed.

Fredericksburg was chosen as the place of the next meeting of the Association. Rev. H. E. Hatcher was selected to preach the sermon, and Rev. C. S. Scott alternate.

At 11 o'clock the Association gave way for the ordination of Rev. Henry Quarles, of the Mechanicsville church. Rev. S. Harris offered the ordaining prayer, Rev. C. B. Dickinson made the charge, Rev. J. W. McCown presented the Bible, and Rev. Dr. Charles Quarles (uncle of the candidate) gave the right hand of fellowship with a few touching words that moved every heart. The whole service was one of deep interest, and seemed to affect every one present.

Rev. Henry Quarles, a native of Louisa county, has recently graduated at Crozer Theological Seminary, is a young man of fine talents and unblemished character, and carries with him to his new pastorate at Clarksburg, West Va., the best wishes of a wide circle of friends.

The report on education was presented by Rev. L. J. Haley.

There was some earnest discussion on a resolution to strike out from the report a recommendation of Crozer Theological Seminary, Pennsylvania. Those who favored the motion to strike out took the ground that while we have our own (and better schools) it would not be proper to recommend an institution located in another latitude. After a somewhat protracted discussion, the Association voted unanimously to strike out the recommendation.

Dr. C. R. Vaughan made an earnest and effective plea for the education of girls.

Rev. I. N. May spoke briefly on the general subject, and called out Rev. Dr. W. E. Hatcher, who made an admirable speech, in which he especially presented the claims of ministerial education.

Rev. Dr. Henry McDonald made an eloquent plea for the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, and Rev. J. A. French made a plea for the "Students' Aid Fund," and secured volunteer agents in the churches.

The vote of thanks for hospitalities, &c., was cordially adopted, for all felt that the entertainment had been in every respect admirable.

Various matters of routine were attended to, and the Association adjourned in the usual form of the parting hymn, hand-shaking, and prayer.

Gordonsville is improving very rapidly in many directions, but the people seem especially proud of the new Female Institute, which is being pushed to completion in time for the opening of the session. The building is capacious and admirably adapted for its purpose.

The Board of Trustees (of which Hon. B. Johnson Barbour is president) have been fortunate in the selection of Dr. W. R. Vaughan as principal, under whose able management the school will no doubt realize the hopes of its friends.

And now a word *personal*. If anybody was suprised that "Viator" had in to-day's paper a singular mixing of balls and missions, I only beg to say that the *Dispatch* has two correspondents who write under the same signature, and that the letter from Gordonsville was the only one written by *this* VIATOR.

Richmonders Among the Alps.

MARTIGNY, July 13, 1878.

Dear Dispatch: While all the good people of Richmond are swellering amid the ninetics a cooling note from these Alpine heights may not be unwelcome, and may at least divert their thoughts for a moment from their warm surroundings, and hence I will give you a brief extract from my "log."

Thursday morning arose early and enjoyed a good breakfast, and then found our mules and guide at the door. It was quite

A NEW EXPERIENCE,

but we mounted bravely. Ferguson, on the "yaller mule," led the train, and said mule was called "Allegretto." Next came J. on a brown, with short, quick steps, and hence named "Staccato," while the bay, ridden by W. lagged fearfully and was called "Ritardo." This "musical" crew, with the guide on foot, wound its tortuous way up the steep mountain-sides and through wild gorges; then on shelf-like paths, with the bold and ragged face of the mountain rising far above you to the very clouds, and at your feet the sheer face of the precipice losing itself in the depths below. Thus we zigzagged along, sometimes in the sunshine, then in the clouds and pouring rain; but being well wrapped in my water-proof, I did not suffer.

I can never describe the grand, wild scenes through which we passed this day. About noon we halted for a rest at *Tete et Noire*, in the midst of the most majestic Alpine scenery, and lunched on a jutting rock overhanging a fearful gorge, through which roared a foaming mountain torrent. Then our ascent began again, upward and onward; once through a tunnel and along the mountain-sides, and then down, down, until we reached the sweet

VALE OF CHAMOUNIX.

Passing the *Mer de Glace*, where fields of snow and ice stretched far away up amid the heights, and from which issued streams of icy water, we reached the quaint village of Chamounix itself, nestled snugly amid the everlasting hills on every side, with peerless Mount Blanc in all its snow-clad glories rising grandly up in front. Have been in the saddle for nearly ten hours to-day, but so filled with wonder and awe at all we have beheld that we scarely feel weary.

After locating ourselves at the hotel, we strolled part way up the mountain-side and got refreshments at a pretty Swiss cottage by the roadside—fresh milk, coffee, cheese, bread, and honey—the last item being considered an indispensible on all Swiss tables. Then we waited for the fogs and clouds to lift from Mount Blanc, and our patience was most amply rewarded, for I feel sure that no one ever had a more striking view. As we watched, a creamy-gilded dome, as of some vast temple, emerged from the clouds away up in the distance,

STRANGELY BEAUTIFUL

and awe-inspiring. Then the vapors folded themselves away, and the grandest heights of the mountain, all clad in purest snow and ice, shone forth in wondrous glory, all gilded over with the soft rays of the declining sun, while peak after peak sprang forth like mighty hosts of armed men, lifting their rugged heads far up into the heavens. Would that I *could* describe this matchless vision, but my pen fails. As we passed over the mountains to-day we saw many

WAYSIDE CRUCIFIXES,

some to mark the spot where travellers had perished in the snow, and others, with the virgin and child, in a niche, for passing worshippers. Met many Swiss women driving very small donkeys, heaped up with immense loads of hay and grass; other women with great hampers on their own backs filled with grass or faggots; and no matter how these poor women were engaged, they were *always knitting*. Saw many Swiss cottages and chalets along the way, but I am satisfied that they are more poetic and romantic in appearance than comfortable within. Toward evening we could hear the musical tinkle of the bells on the cows and goats scattered through the woods and on the sides of the crags as they were gathering home for the night. Met many of the peasantry during the day, and was struck with their universal politeness; even the boys and girls always *taking off their hats* as they cheerily call out "*Bon jour, Mossieur.*" Friday morning was bright and glorious, and our view of Mount Blanc was almost perfect. After breakfast W. took passage in the diligence for Geneva, where we will join him on Saturday, while J. and Ferguson began an Alpine climb up the mountain-sides. Part of our walk was through

A CAVERN OF ICE,

and in its chilly depths we gathered growing leaves and *flowers*. About 10 A. M. we returned to our hotel, where we mounted our intrepid mules for another day's ride back to Martigny, but by a different route than that by which we came. As we jogged along through the charming valley of Chamounix, the skies were clear, the sun *very hot*, and the towering hills and mountains covered with ice and snow all around us. At 12 o'clock we began the ascent *via Col de Balme*, and we had no wagon-roads, such as we passed over yesterday, but simply a narrow mule path, sometimes not over *twelve inches wide*, along dizzy heights and fields of ice; and sometimes in the narrow bed of some dry mountain stream, filled with loose stones, and scarcely a perceptible spot for our beasts to put a foot down. Thus we ascended up, and still upward, until we reached the summit, some 8,000 feet high, where, in one

MAGNIFICENT VIEW,

we took in the entire chain of Mount Blanc and the surrounding mountains of Aiquilles de Tour, de Argentiere, &c., with the mighty glaciers extending down into the green valley, making a panorama wondrous beyond comparison. On the top we found a rude chalet and refreshments, and tourists going either way, while the cold blasts of winter fairly howled around us. After lunch and resting awhile we walked on ahead of our muleteer, resolved to make the descent on foot. The path was wild, narrow, and tortuous, and it seemed impossible for our mules ever to get down the steeps which we encountered. We passed over fields of ice and pure white snow, and could not resist the temptation to lie down and roll in it, and finally to have two or three "bouts" of

OLD-FASHIONED SNOW-BALLING.

Then we started a huge boulder from its bed, and witnessed its wild, fearful leaps down the mountain-sides until it made a final plunge, and was lost in the gorge below. Next we found a wonderful echo coming back to us from the opposite heights, some miles away, across the gorge, returning *every word and syllable* as distinctly as uttered by us, with quite an interval of time between the call and the answer. We laughed, we sang, we shouted all sorts of sense and nonsense, and the effect was amazing. Finally, Ferguson could not resist giving, with a vim, his famous "Tyrolese warble," which made the mountains ring again. At the foot of this wild pass we rested, for our guide to overtake us, and we could catch occasional glimpses of our train, hundreds of feet above our heads, slowly picking their way down the dizzy path. Finally we were

"ALL ABOARD"

again, and off for another climb of some two hours, and then down, down, down once more, through the deepening shadows of the evening, until we reached our hotel, well satisfied with our trip to Chamounix and back. We felt a little *worn* and jaded, but in good condition generally, and did talk *a little* of purchasing our well-tried mules for the remainder of our summer tour, especially "Allegretto," who bravely maintained his character to the end.

The variety and beauty of the mountain flowers is charming, and we gathered some to-day from beneath walls of ice, and others alongside the far-reaching fields of snow. Altogether, this jaunt among the Alps has been one of our most enjoyable experiences since leaving dear old Richmond.

Very truly, J. D. K. S.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

THE SOUTHERN SCOURGE STILL SPREADING; NO ABATEMENT AT NEW ORLEANS, MEMPHIS, AND OTHER POINTS; FRIGHTFUL MORTALITY EVERYWHERE; CONTRIBUTIONS STILL POURING IN FROM ALL PARTS OF THE COUNTRY—POLITICAL INTELLIGENCE—STRIKE OF STREET-CAR DRIVERS IN NEW YORK—THE GREAT RAILROAD CASE IN BALTIMORE—THE PRESIDENT'S WESTERN TOUR; HIS RECEPTION AT ST. PAUL, MINN.—MURDER IN ARIZONA—CONGRESSIONAL NOMINATIONS—ROMAN AFFAIRS—OTHER FOREIGN NEWS, &c., &c.

Yellow-Fever Record.

THE SCOURGE AT NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, September 5.—The number of new cases reported to-day is 201; deaths, 86.

The death list includes 33 minors, 22 being under seven years of age. Adolph Eirrich, aged twenty-five, for the last two years pastor of the Lutheran Trinity church of Algiers, has died of the fever. Mrs. Loborderant and Mrs. Kelly, the nurses who have so faithfully discharged their duty at Port Eads and throughout this city, left for Holly Springs this evening. In response to appeals from that city fifteen nurses and one physician were sent to Holly Springs yesterday by the Howards.

Later.—Up to 6 P. M. 18 deaths and 87 new cases are reported.

AT MEMPHIS.

MEMPHIS, September 5.—Forty-eight yellow-fever interments were reported up to noon to-day. Mother Alfonso, superior of St. Agnes Academy, is in a dying condition. George Crook, a prominent Odd-Fellow, is dead.

AT GRENADA, MISS.

GRENADA, September 5—*Noon.*—The situation here is heartrending. Eight deaths have occurred to-day. There no longer remains a house in Grenada that has not been visited by the destroyer.

Later.—Ten deaths have occurred in the last twenty-four hours. There is no change in affairs.

AT HOLLY SPRINGS, MISS.

HOLLY SPRINGS, September 5.—James Fort, B. P. Oliver, Mrs. James Metall, and Robert McLean died last night. There are five or six new cases, and seventy cases altogether. The physicians are broken down and three sick.

AT CANTON, MISS.

NEW ORLEANS, September 5.—The Howard Association has received the following dispatch from Canton:

"Sixteen new cases and six deaths have been reported for the twenty-four hours preceding 9 A. M. to-day. Is it possible to send me any colored nurses? The suffering among the blacks is terrible. There are now over 100 cases under treatment here.

[Signed] "G. W. THOMAS,
"President Howard Association."

APPEALS FOR AID.

NEW ORLEANS, September 5.—The following explain themselves:

"*To the Steamboat Interests Throughout the Country:*

"A Steamboatmen's Relief Association has just been organized here to give aid to such brethren and their families, regardless of where they may hail from, as may require it. The prevailing epidemic and the total suspension of business have brought much distress to large numbers of our fraternity, which our home boatmen are unable to relieve in full. We therefore appeal to you to organize in your respective ports and send us such assistance as you may decide on. Contributions should be sent to Jesse K. Bell, president, or to E. Conery, vice-president and treasurer."

"*To the Homœpathic Societies and Homœpathic Fraternity of the United States:*

"The New Orleans Homœpathic Relief Association will be glad to receive and properly apply your benefactions.

[Signed] "ALBERT VOORHEES,
"President."

CONTRIBUTIONS.

WASHINGTON, September 5.—Dispatches to this point throughout the entire country show continued subscriptions for the benefit of the sufferers South. Churches, civic organizations, and private parties, are liberal in responding to appeals.

Secretary McCrary to-day authorized the issuance of 40,000 rations to yellow-fever sufferers at Memphis.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., September 5.—The Israelites of this city have sent $350 to the Howard Associations of New Orleans, Memphis, and Vicksburg. A like amount will be sent on Monday.

PHILADELPHIA, September 5.—The relief committee to-day transmitted $10,000 to southern cities for fever-sufferers. The total contributions to date amount to $33,000, of which $31,000 has already been transmitted.

NEW YORK, September 5.—The southern relief committee have received additional subscriptions amounting to $1,227. Mr. Theo. A. Havemyer sent $1,000 to Congressman Gibson, of New Orleans, now in this city, asking him to distribute it among such as need assistance but will not seek it. In reply Mr. Gibson says he has sent the money to New Orleans for distribution as directed. He also says such acts of charity are building up in the hearts of the southern people a monument of gratitude that will endure forever.

Mayor Ely has received contributions to the amount of $1,178.

TERRE HAUTE, IND., September 5.—Terre Haute has contributed, through public and private donations, $1,050 to the yellow-fever sufferers.

INDIANAPOLIS, September 5.—The Odd-Fellows' relief fund for yellow-fever sufferers up to noon to-day amounts to $1,800.

SAVANNAH, GA., September 5.—The fever contributions to date amount to over $6,500. Several entertainments have been arranged for the benefit of the sufferers.

AUGUSTA, September 5.—The Hibernia Benevolent Society, of this place, has subscribed $100 for the fever sufferers at Memphis. Augusta has subscribed $2,500 so far.

The Pensacola Quarantine.

PENSACOLA, September 5.—The schooner George Dill sailed from New Orleans to Tampa, where she secured a clean bill-of-health. She then tried to enter Pensacola, having been from New Orleans five weeks, and has no sickness, but, nevertheless, was ordered to quarantine with her freight and several passengers, to remain till frost sets in, as that is the law.

Congressional Nominations.

CINCINNATI, September 5.—The Democrats of the Third Iowa district have nominated George C. Hazleton.

NEW BRUNSWICK, September 5.—The Greenback-Labor Convention of the Third district has nominated W. L. Hope.

ALBANY, GA., September 5.—William E. Smith has been renominated in the Second Georgia district.

Strike Among New York Car-Drivers.

NEW YORK, September 5.—The car-drivers on the Sixth and Third avenue lines struck this morning. A few cars are running with a policeman on the platform. It is reported that rioting has taken place in the upper part of the city, and that several persons are injured.

The South Carolina Railroad Case.

BALTIMORE, September 5.—The South Carolina railroad case was continued this morning. Ex-Governor Chamberlain read the bill of complaints and the answer of the railroad company by A. T. Smythe.

Murdered by Bandits.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 5.—A dispatch from Jucson, Arizona, reports that J. D. Adams and Cornelius Findley were murdered at Davidson Canon last Monday by Mexican bandits.

Political.

NEW YORK, September 5.—The Republican State Committee met to-day, and resolved to hold a full convention at Saratoga on the 26th instant.

The President at St. Paul, Minn.

ST. PAUL, September 5.—The President was enthusiastically received here this morning. The city is in holiday attire. At the Fair-Grounds this afternoon he made a speech upon public affairs. In referring to the financial condition of the country and the public debt, of which, he said, more than one fourth has been paid off in thirteen years, the President said it is demonstrated that the United States can and will pay the national debt. Since the panic of five years ago there has been a great change in the condition of the public debt. The change has been one of improvement. Speaking of the currency, he said the coin and paper are practically abreast of each other. The fluctuation in the value of the paper dollar has not in the last five months exceeded the fraction of a cent. The total increase in the coin value of our paper currency since 1865 is about $175,000,000. He then spoke in encouraging terms of the state of trade with foreign countries. He concluded by saying: "With diminished and still diminishing public burdens of debt, expenditures, and interest, with an improved condition of currency and foreign trade, we may well hope that we are on the threshold of better times. But we must not forget that the surest foundation of a restored financial prosperity is a sound constitutional currency and unstained national credit."

Turf Notes.

ST. PAUL, September 5.—Rarus, trotting against time, to-day, made the first mile in 2:20; second, 2:16; third, 2:16½.

LATEST FOREIGN NEWS.

France.

PARIS, September 5.—The *Journal des Debats* says a meeting of the presidents of groups at the Exposition has declared strongly against publishing the list of awards prior to the distribution ceremony, and insisted on the removal of the announcements put up by certain exhibitors of their having been accorded prizes. The announcements are based on indirect or accidental information. The resolutions, though not binding on the Supreme Jury or Council of Presidents, will exercise great influence on its decision. There is an impression that, to compensate exhibitors for the late publication of the awards, the closing of the exhibition will be deferred three weeks, with the liberty during the last ten days to deliver any article.

Rome.

LONDON, September 5.—Roman advices state that Cardinal Monaco Lavaletti will go to Perugia to represent the Pope at the consecration of a church at Canascio. The whole pontifical choir will be sent expressly by the Pope to render the ceremony as imposing as possible, and will follow the Cardinal.

The *Osservatore Romano* draws attention to the fact that this will be the first time that the singers of the pontifical choir will have left Rome.

The *Times's* correspondent at Rome remarks that the significance of this delegation is what may be considered the first step towards breaking, at least in spirit, the famous imprisonment.

THE OLD CATHOLICS AND CLERICAL CELIBACY.

LONDON, September 5.—A special to the *Times* from Paris says Herr Rinks, an old Catholic priest of Heidelberg, has just been married, but the Bavarian Old Catholics do not accept the recent decision of the Synod for the abolition of celibacy.

HUNYADI JANOS WATER.

THE GREAT EUROPEAN NOVELTY.

HUNYADI JANOS,

THE BEST NATURAL APERIENT.

THE LANCET.—"Hunyadi Janos.—Baron Liebig affirms that its richness in aperient salts surpasses that of all other known waters."

THE BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL.—"Hunyadi Janos.—The most agreeable, safest, and most efficacious aperient water."

PROFESSOR VIRCHOW, BERLIN. "Invariably good and prompt success; most valuable."

PROFESSOR BAMBERGER, VIENNA. "I have prescribed these waters with remarkable success."

PROFESSOR SCANZONI, WURZBURG. "I prescribe none but this."

PROFESSOR LAUDER BRUNTON, M. D., F. R. S., LONDON. "More pleasant than its rivals, and surpasses them in efficacy."

PROFESSOR AITKEN, M. D., F. R. S., ROYAL MILITARY HOSPITAL, NETLEY. "Preferred to Pullna and Friedrichshall."

A WINEGLASSFUL A DOSE.

INDISPENSABLE TO THE TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

Every genuine bottle bears the name of THE APOLLINARIS COMPANY (Limited), London.

FREDERICK DE BARY & CO.,
41 and 43 Warren street, New York,
Sole Agents for United States and Canadas.

FOR SALE BY
DEALERS, GROCERS, AND DRUGGISTS.
PURCELL, LADD & CO., Richmond,
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The label on every bottle is printed on BLUE paper. se 4-W,F&M&eow2m

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER.

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER
FOR
CHRONIC INTERMITTENT FEVER,
WITH
DYSPEPSIA, &C.

CASE OF THE REV. GEORGE W. DAME,
OF THE DIOCESE OF VIRGINIA.

DANVILLE, VA., August 27, 1878.

Colonel Thomas F. Goode:

Dear Sir.—For two years I was the victim of Chills and Fever, having during this period four congestive chills. I had the advice of some of the best medical men of the country, but it was unavailing to arrest the disease. Added to this, I suffered from Dyspepsia of a severe and depressing form, the complication of disease reducing me to a state of great prostration. A visit of a few weeks to the BUFFALO LITHIA SPRINGS in the summer of 1876, with the continued use of the WATER for some weeks longer at home, relieved me entirely of Chills and very greatly benefited my Dyspeptic symptoms. I have since enjoyed a strength and nervous vigor not common to men of my age. I regard these WATERS as one of the most powerful remedial agents in affections of the stomach and in all diseases of malarial origin.

Very respectfully,
au 29-eod4t GEORGE W. DAME.

COURT ORDERS.

VIRGINIA.—In the clerk's office of the Circuit Court of the city of Richmond, August 29, 1878—

A. F. Harvey and L. H. Blair, partners trading under the name and style of Harvey & Blair,
Plaintiffs,
against
T. R. Hill, D. C. Hill, and E. L. Hill, partners trading under the name and style of Hill & Co.,
Defendants,

IN DEBT.

The object of this suit is to recover from the defendants $412.02, with interest thereon from the 10th day of August, 1878, until paid.

And affidavit having been made and filed that the defendants D. C. Hill and E. L. Hill are non-residents of the State of Virginia, they are required to appear here within one month after the publication hereof and do what is necessary to protect their interests in this suit.

A copy—Teste:
ALFRED SHEILD, Clerk.
WILLIAM ELLYSON, p. q. au 30-F4w

VIRGINIA—AT RULES HELD IN THE CLERK'S OFFICE OF THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE CITY OF RICHMOND ON THE FIRST MONDAY IN AUGUST, 1878:

Abner F. Harvey and Lewis H. Blair, merchants and partners trading under the firm of Harvey & Blair.....Plaintiffs,
against
Charles Krety.....Defendant.

CASE.

The object of this suit is to recover two hundred and seventy-three dollars and twenty-one cents, with interest thereon from the 20th of April, 1878, from the said defendant, Charles Krety, and to attach the estate of the defendant, and to subject the same to the payment of the plaintiffs' claim. And affidavit having been made and filed that the defendant is a non-resident of this State, it is ordered that he appear here within one month after due publication of this order, and do what is necessary to protect his interest in this suit.

A copy—Test:
ALFRED SHEILD, Clerk.
WILLIAM ELLYSON, p. q. au 16-F5w

BILL-HEADS, $5.50 to $8 per ream, at the DISPATCH PRINTING-HOUSE.

FINANCIAL.

RICHMOND STOCK EXCHANGE.

THURSDAY, September 5, 1878.

American Gold.—100¼ bid.

State Securities.—Virginia consols, 54 bid, 54½ asked; Virginia consols, new, 30 bid, 32 asked; Virginia fundable, 20 bid; Virginia deferred, 4½ bid; Virginia interest certificates, 6 bid; Virginia tax-receivable coupons, 75¼ bid.

City Securities.—Richmond city 8's, J. and J., 116 bid, 117 asked; Richmond city 6's, J. and J., 100½ bid, 101 asked; Petersburg city 8's, special tax, J. and J., 168 asked.

Railroad Bonds.—Virginia Central Railroad third mortgage 6's, J. and J., 85 bid, 90 asked; Virginia Central Railroad fourth mortgage 8's, J. and J., 98 bid, 100 asked; Virginia Central Railroad non-mortgage 8's, J. and J., 100 asked; Richmond and Danville Railroad consolidated 6's, M. and N., 72½ bid, 75 asked; Piedmont Railroad first mortgage 8's, A. and O., 95 bid.

Canal Bonds.—James River and Kanawha Canal first mortgage 6's, M. and N., 44 bid, 51 asked; James River and Kanawha Canal second mortgage 6's, M. and N., 14 bid.

Railroad Stocks.—Richmond and Petersburg Railroad, 100 par, 40 asked; Richmond and Danville Railroad, 100 par, 2½ bid, 5 asked.

Bank Stocks.—First National, 100 par, 112 bid; National Bank of Virginia, 100 par, 80 asked; Merchants National, 100 par, 80 asked; State Bank of Virginia, 100 par, 75 asked; Union Bank of Richmond, 50 par, 40 bid, 41½ asked; Merchants and Planters Savings, 25 par, 20 asked; Citizens Bank, 25 par, 20 asked.

Insurance Companies.—Virginia Fire and Marine, 25 par, 30 bid; Virginia State, 25 par, 27 bid; Virginia Home, 100 par, 100 asked; Merchants and Mechanics, 100 par, 85 asked; City, 100 par, 80 bid, 81 asked; Granite, 100 par, 74 bid, 78 asked.

By Telegraph.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, September 5.—Gold opened at 100⅜. *Noon.*—Stocks strong. Money on call, 2 per cent. Gold, 100⅜. Exchange—Long, 482; short, 486½. Governments firm. State bonds quiet.

Evening.—Money 2@3 per cent. Exchange weak at 482. Gold weak at 100⅜. Governments quiet; new 5's, 106½. States quiet.

BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, September 5.—Virginia 6's, old, 20; deferred, 5; consols, 54; second series, 30; past-due coupons, 78½. North Carolina 6's, old, 16; new, 8; special-tax, 1. Bid to-day.

COMMERCIAL.

CORN AND FLOUR EXCHANGE.

RICHMOND, September 5, 1878.

OFFERINGS REPORTED TO SECRETARY.

WHEAT.—*White*, 380 bushels. *Red*, 6,148 bushels.
CORN.—*White*, 178 bushels.
OATS.—302 bushels.
RYE.—32 bushels.

SALES REPORTED TO SECRETARY.

WHEAT.—*White*, 50 bushels good at $1.05; 42 bushels at 80c.; 38 bushels at $1; 28 bushels good at $1.05; 126 bushels at $1; 74 bushels good at $1.06; 22 bushels at 75c.—total, 380 bushels. *Red*, 336 bushels mixed on private terms; 172 bushels at $1.10; 30 bushels choice Fultz at $1.08; 298 bushels very good Fultz at $1.05; 132 bushels good Lancaster on private terms; 730 bushels mixed on private terms; 200 bushels common Fultz at 95c.; 22 bushels Fultz at $1; 30 bushels prime Fultz at $1.10; 118 bushels good Fultz at $1.05; 336 bushels mixed on private terms; 58 bushels mixed at $1.02½; 34 bushels mixed at $1; 124 bushels mixed at $1; 20 bushels common Fultz at 75c.; 6 bushels common Lancaster at 95c.; 56 bushels very good Fultz at $1.06; 50 bushels good Fultz at $1.05; 20 bushels Fultz at 90c.; 32 bushels very good Fultz at $1.05; 226 bushels Fultz at $1; 30 bushels good Fultz at $1.02; 318 bushels very good Fultz at $1.05; 14 bushels common Fultz at 85c.; 26 bushels prime Fultz at $1.10; 96 bushels Fultz at $1; 236 bushels very good Fultz on private terms; 260 bushels very good Fultz at $1.06; 30 bushels good Fultz at $1.05; 392 bushels good Fultz at $1.05; 14 bushels good Fultz at $1; 224 bushels very good Fultz at $1.05; 100 bushels Fultz at $1.03; 68 bushels very good Fultz at $1.05; 28 bushels common Lancaster at 90c.; 40 bushels good Fultz at $1.03; 84 bushels Fultz at $1.02; 44 bushels good Lancaster at 1.05—total, 5,036 bushels.

CORN.—*White*, 146 bushels on private terms; 32 bushels good at 62c.—total, 178 bushels.

OATS.—70 bushels at 34c.

RYE.—32 bushels sold at 55c.

Flour.

Fine, $3; superfine, $3.75@$4; extra, $4.50@$4.75; common family, $5@$5.25; fancy brands, $6. Market little firmer.

RICHMOND MARKETS.

THURSDAY, September 5, 1878.

Country Produce.

Beeswax: 23c. ℔ lb.

Butter: Prime to choice yellow, 18@20c.; fair to good, 8@15c.

Corn Meal: 65c. ℔ bushel for country.

Dried Fruit: Apples, 2@2½c.; peaches, peeled, 5@8c.; unpeeled, 2½@3½c.; cherries, 8@10c. ℔ lb.; blackberries, 4c.

Eggs: In barrels, 13@14c. ℔ dozen; in crates, 14@15c.

Feathers: Prime live-goose, 40c.; common, 20@30c.

Flaxseed: $1 ℔ bushel.

Hay: Virginia timothy, 65c.—very dull; clover and mixed, 50@60c.

Oats: Bale, 45c.

Potatoes: Irish, ℔ barrel, $1.25@$1.50.

Lard: Country, 7½@8c.

Rye: 53c. ℔ bushel

Sumac: 75c.

Baled Straw: 35@40c.

Tallow: 6½c. ℔ lb.

Wool: Washed, 30@32c.; unwashed, 20@23c. Burry wool will bring from 3 to 5c. ℔ lb less than above rates.

Cement, Lime, Plaster, &c.

Cement: Rosendale, $1.50@$1.60 ℔ barrel; James River, $1.60@$1.70.

Lime: Agricultural, 80@10c. ℔ bushel; Rockland, $1.10@$1.25, according to quantity.

Plaster: Lump, $4@$4.25; ground, $7.50@$8, delivered; calcined plaster, $2.

Tar: Large size, $3.25@$3.50.

Dry Goods.

Brown Sheetings and Shirtings: 4-4 Manchester, 7½c.; ½ Manchester, 5½c.; ¼ Manchester, 4½c.; 4-4 James River, 6c.; ⅞ James River, 5½c.; ¾ James River, 4½c.; 4-4 Graniteville, 7½c.; ⅞ Graniteville, 7c.; 4-4 Rockbridge, 6½c.; ⅞ Rockbridge, 5½c.; 4-4 W. Conestoga, 7½c.; ⅞ C. Conestoga, 6½c.; ¾ D. Conestoga, 6½c.; 10-4 Peperill, 25c.; 10-4 City, 22½c.; Cotton-varns, 90c.

Bleached Shirtings and Sheetings: 4-4 Wamsutta, 10½c.; 4-4 Masonville, 9½c.; 4-4 Rockdale, 9c.; 4-4 Home, 9½c.; 4-4 Omega, 10c.; 4-4 Avondale, 7c.; 4-4 Social, 7c.; 4-4 Amoskeag, 9½c.; Whitestone, 9½c.; ⅞ Barnsley, 5½c.; ⅞ Red Dog, 6c.; ⅞ ⅞ Semiatc, 7c.; Methuan, 5c.; Peterborough, 5c.; 10-4 Waltham, 25c.; 10-4 City Mills, 22½c.

Brown Drills: Petersburg, 6½c.; Graniteville, 8c.; Rockbridge, A, 8c.; AA, 9½c.

Corset Jeans: Pavonia, 8c.; Amoskeag, 10c.; Hallowell, 9c.

Denims: Harlem, 12½c.; Boston Steam Mills, 8½c.

Prints: American, 5½c.; Allen's, 5½c.; Richmond, 6½c.; Sprague, 5½c; Manchester, 6½; Washington, 5½c.; Hamilton, 5½c.; Merrimack, 5½; Mallory, 6c.; Oriental, Pacific, 6c.; Arnold, 6c.; Harmony, 5½c.; Wamsutta, 4½c.

Cambrics: Rice, 5½c.; English, 5c.

Drugs, Dyestuffs, Oils, &c.

Alum: 3c.

Alcohol: $2.50 ℔ gallon.

Concentrated Lye: $3.50@$4 ℔ case of four dozen.

Copperas: 2½c.

Cochineal: 90c. ℔ lb.

Extract of logwood: 18c.

Indigo: $1@$1.10.

Madder: 12½c.

Oils: Linseed, 68c.; machine, $1@$1.75; sperm, $2; whale, 65c.; straits, 50@55c.; Labrador cod, 65@70c.; lard, 70c.; sweet, $6 ℔ gallon; best salad, $8.50; castor, $1.40 ℔ gallon; Virginia lubricating, 30@50c.; kerosene, 14c., cash, ℔ gallon.

Rose Ginger: 10c.

Roots: Ginseng, 90c.; seneca, without top, 35@45c.

Soda: Sal., 2½@2½c., in kegs; English soda, 5c.; American, 3½@4c.

Spirits Turpentine: 37c.

Foreign Fruits and Candy

Candy: 13@14c. ℔ lb.

Lemons: Messina, $9.50 ℔ box.

Oranges: $8@$8.50 ℔ box.

Groceries, &c.

Bacon: Shoulders, 6½@7c.; clear rib-sides, 7½@8c.; ribbed, 7½c.; Virginia shoulders, 5½@5½c.; Virginia hog-round, 7@7½c.; Virginia hams, large, 8@10c.; small, 10@11c.; sugar-cured, unsmoked, 13½c.; plain hams, 13c.; canvassed, 14c.

Buckets: Painted, two hoops, $1.40@$1.50; three hoops, $1.75@$1.85.

Brooms: Two strings, $1.40@$1.60; three strings, $1.75@$3; four strings, $3@$4.50.

Coffee: Rio—Common, 14@14½c.; fair, 15@15½c.; good to prime 16@17½c.; Laguayra, 17@17½c.; Java, 28@30c. Market advancing—firm.

Candles: Adamantine candles, 12½@13c. ℔ set 16½@17c. ℔ lb.; half-boxes, 13c.; tallow, 14c.

Cheese: Prime cutting, 11@12c.; northern and western prime cutting, 10c.; common, 8@9c.; English dairy, 18@20c.; Pineapple, 25c.

Rice: Carolina, 7½@8c.; Rangoon, 6c.

Fish: Herrings—North Carolina No. 1 cut, $4@$4.50; North Carolina grass, $4@$4.50; North Carolina roe, in half-barrels, $4@$4.25. Mackerel—No. 1 Bay, $16; No. 2, in barrels, $11.50; No. 3 mackerel, $6.50; No. 1, in kits, $2.25; No.