THE DISPATCH.
BY COWARDIN & ELLYSON.
CASH—INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.
The DAILY DISPATCH is delivered to subscribers at FIFTEEN CENTS per week, payable to the carrier weekly. Mailed at $6 per annum; $3 for six months; 75c. per month for a shorter period.
The SEMI-WEEKLY DISPATCH at $3 per annum, or $1.50 for six months.
The WEEKLY DISPATCH at $2 per annum.

DAILY DISPATCH.

VOL. LIV. RICHMOND, VA., THURSDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 3, 1878. NO. 83.

THE DISPATCH
TERMS OF ADVERTISING.
CASH—INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

One square, one insertion	$0 75
One square, two insertions	1 50
One square, three insertions	1 75
One square, six insertions	3 50
One square, twelve insertions	6 50
One square, one month	10 00
One square, two months	18 00
One square, three months	25 00

BEDFORD ALUM AND IRON SPRINGS have reduced board to TWENTY-FIVE DOLLARS a month to favor those cut off from home by yellow-fever. Fare $1. Rooms warmed with wood fires. Carriages meet visitors at Lynchburg, Lawyer's, and Forest upon advice of arrival—latter two depots four miles each from springs. No mountain dampness nor seaside malaria. Greatest health-giving waters known. Unequalled for dyspepsia, diseases peculiar to women, debility, scrofula, and malarial diseases. All the attractions. Water, $4 per case; mass, 50 cents and $1 per package, to those unable to visit the springs.
Address A. M. DAVIES, President.
Lynchburg, Va.

SAVE MONEY by having your printing done at the DISPATCH PRINTING-HOUSE. Good work, low prices, and satisfaction guaranteed.

M. ELLYSON & CO., advertising agents, insert advertisements in all of the newspapers of the United States at publishers' rates. Orders left at the *Dispatch* counting-room will receive prompt attention.

DRY GOODS.

BREEDEN & FOX,
BROAD AND FIFTH STREETS,
are now receiving their stock of
FALL AND WINTER DRY GOODS,
which, in quantity and variety, they feel assured has not been excelled or equaled in this market.
Special attention has been given to their selection of DRESS FABRICS.
All the novelties of the season will be presented, and at PRICES fully as LOW as the same goods can be bought in the retail houses of New York.
In LADIES' and CHILDREN'S COLORED HOSIERY; KID GLOVES of all quality, lengths and shades, and in SMALL WEARS generally, they will offer a most extensive assortment.
They most respectfully invite the attention of their customers and the public. oc 2-1w

THE GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY
IS NOW BEING OFFERED
TO PURCHASERS OF DRY GOODS
BY
L. LICHTENSTEIN & SONS,
corner Seventeenth and Franklin streets.
200 pieces BLACK ALPACA, which we are now selling at less than the manufacturers' prices. We are determined to sell these goods cheaper than any ever shown.
We invite special attention to our
KENTUCKY JEANS,
TABLE-DAMASKS, GINGHAMS,
KERSEYS, CASSIMERES,
BED-TICKINGS,
BLEACHED and UNBLEACHED COTTONS,
PATCH-WORK, PRINTS,
CALICOES, DRESS GOODS, &c.,
in which we are now offering great inducements.
L. LICHTENSTEIN & SONS,
oc 2 corner Seventeenth and Franklin streets.

EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS IN
FALL GOODS AT
JULIUS MEYER'S, 603 BROAD STREET.
BLACK CASHMERES very cheap;
Handsome BLACK CASHMERES at 40c.;
Fine ALL-WOOL CASHMERE at 50c.; special bargains at 62½c. worth 80c.; also, bargains at 67, 75, 80, 90c., and $1;
Pure MOHAIR-LUSTRE ALPACA at 25c. worth 35c.;
BLACK SILKS very low;
BLACK SATINS from 75c. up;
SILK-FINISHED BLACK VELVETEEN at 50c. worth 80c., and at 75c. worth $1;
BLACK-SILK TRIMMING-VELVETS at $1.75, $2, and $2.50;
COLORED CASHMERES—New fall shades at 40, 50, and 65c.;
ENGLISH TWILLED CASHMERES—New shades at 16½c.—large assortment;
New styles in DRESS GOODS from 12½c. upwards; handsome styles at 16⅔ and 20c.;
COLORED TRIMMING-SILKS—all shades—at 85c.;
WATER-PROOF CLOTH at 60c. worth 75c.;
SEAL-BROWN and NAVY-BLUE WATER-PROOF CLOTHS at 75c. worth $1;
Full line of WATER-PROOF CLOTHS at $1, $1.25, and $1.50;
RED TWILLED FLANNEL at 22, 25, 30, and 40c.;
GRAY TWILLED FLANNEL at 12½, 15, 16⅔, 20, and 25c.;
CANTON FLANNELS at 5, 6¼, 8½, 10, 12½c., and upwards.
JULIUS MEYER'S,
603 Broad street.
Orders by mail promptly filled. oc 1

CARDOZO, FOURQUREAN & CO.
DRY GOODS.
Stocks in all departments largely replenished. Fresh novelties received by every steamer.
CLOAKS.
A very large stock of this season's styles in BEAVER, DIAGONAL, MATTELASSE, and ROUG CLOTHS, now open. They claim to have the best styles, largest stock, and cheapest CLOAKS in the city.
DRESS GOODS.
Additional attractions. Many new styles opening this week, at prices that cannot fail to please.
SILK AND TRIMMING-VELVETS,
in shades to match the new colors in dress fabrics. All qualities.
BLANKETS—All grades and sizes.
FLANNELS—Every quality.
HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR.
A full line of CHILDREN'S FANCY-STRIPED and SOLID-COLORED HOSE: also, every weight, quality, and size in seasonable HOSIERY and UNDERWEAR for men, ladies, and children.
SILKS—BLACK AND COLORED.
The largest stock to be found in the city to select from, and at prices to guarantee sales.
BLACK GOODS
one of their specialties. Their stock in this department has been largely replenished in every grade.
se 28

DRY GOODS! DRY GOODS!
NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!
BROWNE & ROWE
are receiving to-day
NEW AND FRESH DRY GOODS.
DRESS GOODS, FLANNELS,
BLEACHED AND BROWN COTTON,
BLANKETS, CASSIMERES,
FANCY GOODS, NOTIONS,
HOSIERY, GLOVES,
CORSETS, &c., &c.,
which they have determined to sell at SMALL PROFITS, and make QUICK SALES.
Try them to-day. BROWNE & ROWE,
507 Broad street, between Fifth and Sixth.
se 28-eod

AUCTION BARGAINS.—D. & E. MITTELDORFER are receiving by every steamer new and desirable FALL GOODS bought entirely for cash, which enables them to offer goods at such low prices as to astonish all. Black Cashmeres from the lowest grades to the finest goods imported; Seal-Brown, Navy-Blue, Myrtle-Green, and Bordeaux Cashmeres in all the different qualities; Black Silks from 62½c. to $2 per yard—cheaper than ever; in Dress Goods we have all the latest styles and novelties; Trimming Silks and Satins to match. Call and see our large stock of Hosiery from a bankrupt sale, to be sold at fifty cents on the dollar of the real value. Carpets from 15c. to $1.25 per yard; Rugs, Oil-Cloths, and Druggets very cheap; Prints, Bleached and Brown Domestics, Cheviots, Gingham, and Linings retailed at wholesale prices; Corsets from 20c. to $2; a full line of all kinds of Notions; Cassimeres, Tweeds, and Jeans—a very large assortment; Blankets, Cloaks, and Shawls at prices never before known.
All we ask is a call. D. & E. MITTELDORFER,
se 28 527 Broad street.

CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, &c.

NEW GOODS.
ELEGANT DECORATED DINNER- and TEA-SETS of floral and bird decorations;
RICH VASES of marine, bird, and floral decorations;
BEAUTIFUL TOILET-SETS of new designs.
These goods were manufactured and decorated by Haviland & Co., of Limoges, France, especially to our order.
BLUE CANTON CHINA DINNER-SETS, and by the single piece.
A full line of BAND and WHITE CHINA DINNER and TEA-SETS of all the new shapes;
AMERICAN CHINA DINNER- and TEA-WARE;
A new line of TOILET WARE—very handsome;
TIN TOILET-SETS in great variety;
HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS of all kinds;
All the novelties in FANCY GOODS.
Parties are especially invited to call and examine my stock whether they wish to purchase or not.
E. B. TAYLOR,
se 24 1011 Main street.

CHINA, GLASS, CHINA.
FALL IMPORTATIONS.
Just received from Limoges, France, DINNER-, TEA-, and CHAMBER-SETS—new decorations. Also, all the novelties in the way of
VENETIAN GLASS, IRIDESCENT GLASS,
BOHEMIAN GLASS,
RICH CUT TABLE-GLASS,
MAJOLICA, LONGWY, DRESDEN, ENGLISH, and FRENCH WARE.
CHAMBER-SETS a specialty.
Call and see new goods. No charge for looking.
GEORGE GIBSON, JR.,
se 9 1207 Main street.

LIME, CEMENT, AND PLASTER.

LUMP PLASTER.
WINDSOR LUMP PLASTER—
400 TONS OF BEST QUALITY.
FOR SALE BY
oc 3 7t DAVENPORT & MORRIS.

LIME! LIME! LIME!
Just arrived, per schooner Harry Landell, 2,000 barrels
GLEN'S FALLS LIME;
for sale low from vessel. THOMAS ELLETT.
oc 1-3t 1007 Basin bank.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, &c.

SELLING AT A SACRIFICE—GOLD and SILVER WATCHES, GOLD CHAINS, beautiful RINGS, BUTTONS, LOCKETS, &c.; also a few due DIAMOND RINGS and STUDS. The goods are FIRST-CLASS, and must be SOLD to raise the cash at once. Parties desiring to purchase will save considerable by calling early. Everything guaranteed as represented.
S. A. WINSTOCK,
se 5-1m No. 17 north Fourteenth street, under Exchange Hotel.

Richmond Dispatch.

☞ THE CIRCULATION OF THE DISPATCH IS LARGER THAN THE COMBINED CIRCULATION OF ALL THE OTHER DAILY NEWSPAPERS OF THE CITY.

THURSDAY.....OCTOBER 3, 1878.

WEATHER REPORT.

INDICATIONS FOR TO-DAY.—For the Middle Atlantic States, southwest veering to cooler northwest winds, rising barometer, partly cloudy or clear weather, possibly preceded by light rains.

For the South Atlantic and Gulf States, rising followed by falling barometer, northeast to southeast winds, warmer and clear weather.

THE WEATHER YESTERDAY was clear and warm.

THERMOMETER YESTERDAY: 6 A. M., 62; 9 A. M., 69; noon, 81; 3 P. M., 81; 6 P. M., 79; midnight, 68.

Mean temperature, 73¼.

The Doctrine of Chances.

Editors of Dispatch: In your issue of to-day you quote an extract from the *Popular Science Monthly* under the above heading which is calculated to do more or less damage to men's religious convictions.

It is a peculiarity of this age that everything that is spoken in the name of science becomes the fetish of popular superstition, and it is the peculiarity of the *Popular Science Monthly* to avail itself of this fact to propagate on every possible occasion the nonsense of Auguste Comte under the name of science. A Positivist may consider it a very comfortable doctrine to say that "if man were immortal he would be certain of seeing the day when everything he had trusted in should betray his trust, and, in short, of coming eventually to hopeless misery." "In the place of this we have death." We could not conceive of anything so calculated to shock the Christian world. It is as complete an inversion of our established ideas of life and death as anything well could be. In the place of life as an era of consistent aims and purposes, terminating in the entrance into a higher world, it represents man as a mere inert object, subject to the laws of chance, and finally flung into an abyss to avoid being made hopelessly miserable.

Such an absurd doctrine, fortunately, is calculated to attract few believers; but since it is set forth in the name of science, it is proper to say that science says no such thing.

If man indeed were, as the Positivist asserts, a mere object wherein the forces of nature displayed themselves, such a thing *might* be true, but we have no positive knowledge upon this point. The doctrine of chances has never been fully developed except upon assumption. We do not know the limiting agencies in all cases, and without a knowledge of these there can be no absolute mathematical expression. To illustrate: The unrestricted theory of chance may say that in a given number of times the player of poker may hold six aces, yet there are only four in a pack of cards. This limits the chances, and the expression, to be of value, must include that fact in the statement of the problem. So in matters effecting human life no statement on the doctrine of chance is possible that does not take cognizance of the actual limitation. Now, no man knows what these are. The deduction of the learned editor is only correct on the assumption that man exists subjectively to the universe. Then, of course, it makes no difference what the limitations are, for they would be at the boundary of all possible events, and man would be finally crushed somehow. Yet, as I said before, this is purely an assumption of the Positivists, with which science has nothing whatever to do. One cannot help feeling a contempt for a scientific man who thus attempts to palm off his religious opinions as science. It out-Jaspers Jasper.

The law of chance is a geometric curve of varying form, according to the primary elements from which it is projected. Upon the introduction of a new element after the curve is started it is destroyed utterly. From that point the curve has to be reconstructed anew. Now, if we attempted to express a series of chances of human life, such as is indicated by the talented editor of the *Popular Science Monthly*, we would need an assurance that the object be deprived of any freedom of action. Supposing we could obtain an integration of the universe, the man would be bound to confine his action within this limit. If he should originate any idea, or exert any inherent force, and by so doing in effect bring new elements into the problem, the expression would fall to the ground. Thus we see this apparently innocent article is a stab at the free agency of man and at the power and immortality of the soul. If the doctrine of positivism be truth, then the article in question is undoubtedly truthful. Man in time would be crushed, and his soul fall before the chance impact of matter. But if the doctrine of Christianity be true, man by the inherent power of his soul would defeat every combination of chance, and ride through the war of elements to a triumphant immortality. Science says this much, but does not say which theory is correct. That is as yet, and probably will be forever, a matter of faith. Respectfully,

C. P. LEAVITT.

Richmond, October 2, 1878.

[For the Dispatch.]

From Buchanan to Lexington.

From Buchanan to Lexington is not as easy-going as from Christiansburg to Buchanan. That famous plank-road, which was to have been so superior to macadamizing, is a dream of the past. Never was there a greater blunder. Rockbridge has had bad luck with her public highways. Many cuts, fills, and culverts mark the course of what was intended to be the Valley railroad, but the work lies wasting in the weather and utterly useless. Long years ago the planks rotted on her great plank-road, and now a mud pike is her heritage.

But we leave the plank-road a few miles from Buchanan to go by the Natural Bridge, nowadays an expensive curiosity. A dollar a look is *all* the proprietors charge visitors, unless you stop at their hotel, then you pay *only* fifty cents.

From here, instead of taking the direct road to Lexington, we make a detour to the right over an excellent road, which follows a high ridge overlooking on the right, and in front the James River valley and the valleys of North river and South river. The valleys, indeed, are not at all extensive, but the view is a beautiful one. Six miles on our journey we came to a large, handsome brick church. This is Falling Spring, a Presbyterian church, and as Montgomery Presbytery is in session here we will stop. There is a large crowd of people. The Presbytery is a small body, but seems earnestly and intelligently intent upon its business. Recess for dinner proves as enjoyable as possible. Groups gather at tables and stiles all about through the grove, and if we had the capacity we might eat a dozen dinners—good ones, too—for hospitality is lavish, after the true Virginia style.

We plunge now down among the Buffalo hills; and having crossed Buffalo creek, a large tributary of North river, our course takes us up-grade all the way to Lexington—about ten miles. It is several hours' good driving before we land at the educational centre of the valley.

Lexington is much improved within the last ten years. The streets are well paved, some handsome business-houses have gone up, and in the suburbs many handsome residences have been added to those already there. A very hasty look at the Virginia Military Institute justifies the estimate in which the Superintendent, General Smith, is held. He has everything neat, snug, and orderly—in true military style.

We linger a little longer at Washington and Lee University, for memories of boyhood cluster around this venerable institution. It is a lovely place now. Underneath the college chapel lie the remains of General and Mrs. Lee, and near by those of Miss Agnes Lee, their daughter. The room is handsomely arranged, and splendid marble slabs mark the resting-places of the dead. In rear of the chapel workmen are now engaged upon the foundation of the Mausoleum, in which the recumbent statue of Lee will mark his last resting-place. Much has been said about the museum at the University of Virginia. At Washington and Lee there is one equally extensive and valuable, the gift of the same liberal gentleman, Mr. Brooks, of New York.

The library is a splendid one, and contains among other valuable collections of books that of Mr. Howard, of Richmond, which was purchased by Mr. Corcoran and presented to Washington and Lee University. What a pity Lexington is so cut off from the world. Her institutions, which are as good as any in the land, are well patronized, but they deserve to be made accessible to the world.

But time and space call for a close. There is some moralizing which remains upon the people, politics, agriculture, &c., of this region, but it must lie over. M. L. M.

[From the Louisville Courier-Journal.]

A Picture of the Distress at Holly Springs.

The following is an extract from a letter from the wife of the pastor of the Presbyterian church at Holly Springs, Miss., to a refugee friend now in this city:

We seem here to dwell in "the valley of the shadow of death." Mr. Craig has been sick for twenty-seven days. He can never be any nearer the grave until he is laid in it. He does not remember anything that occurred for two weeks, and I have had to tell him little by little of the long list of loved ones and lost ones. I have had quite a hospital. Miss C. is down in one room and Mr. S. in the parlor. I have no one to help me; can get no one. The two nurses are busy with the sick. * * * I know you all do feel for us, but you can never know all the painful story—the terrible physical suffering; these mournful, unattended burials; the sad stillness of death and desolation that prevails. Oh, it is beyond the power of words to describe. * * Some (a great many) have died in unutterable agony and wild delirium; others have gone down step by step into the Jordan, leaving sweet echoes as they passed out of sight. Dr. Frank Fennell died in the country, almost entirely neglected. Dr. William Fennell attended him, and with one other person buried him in the night. To-day Dr. William Fennell was brought to town and buried. General Featherstone is better. He moved to the country. His son Winfield died, and then Mrs. Featherstone. Both were coffined and buried at 2 o'clock at night by strange hands. * * * You can perhaps imagine how lonely I am when I tell you that I am the only lady between your house and Mr. N.'s, one way, and Dr. D.'s and the Mc. place on the other (fully a mile). I seldom see a white face except the doctor's. Sometimes I sit out on the front porch and cry—so much that is sad around me, and my utter powerlessness to help overwhelms me. Oh, may God have mercy upon us all. He has laid His hands on our idols; may we worship and serve Him alone. * * * * * *

I live in a kind of dream—a fearful dream—and cannot think or write coherently. There is something peculiarly near and vivid in the sympathy of Christian friends, and I never so valued their prayers as now. You do not know how I feel as I lie down at night, breathing the very air in which this "pestilence walketh in darkness." It may please the Lord to spare me. I know I am His, living or dying.

A Castle-Garden Romance.

A little over five years ago Michael O'Brien left his wife and four children in Tipperary and came to this country to seek his fortune. For a while he corresponded with and sent money to his family. Suddenly both letters and remittances ceased, and they heard nothing more from him until recently, when his wife received information that he had married again. She immediately resolved to seek him out, and on Wednesday last she and the children landed at Castle Garden from the Bothnia. She knew that he had worked at one time in a dyeing factory at Glenwood, N. J., near Fort Lee; so on Friday she took the boat to the latter place in the hope of tracing him. On the boat she met some persons who knew him, and when they heard her story they directed her to the factory where he was still employed. She walked up to where he was working in ignorance which must have been blissful, and quietly tapped him on the back. She says he confessed his fault with many tears and promised reformation, but she is reticent as to whether any arrangement looking toward a happy reunion was arrived at. The Castle-Garden officials are of the opinion that this is so, and that she is trying to shield him from the consequences of his bigamy and the wrath of her rival. All she would say yesterday was that she had not seen him since Friday, and did not know where he was. She had made a living for her children at home, and would do it again. She did not appear to be at all disturbed at Michael's misbehavior or by the outlook before her. Yesterday morning the Fort Lee wife arrived at Castle Garden, looking for Michael. He had disappeared since Friday, and her inquiries had elicited the truth. She had been married to him four years, and they had one child. Her maiden name was Kate Carlin. She said that she would willingly give him up if she could "just get one look at him" before he went. Judging from her manner, Michael had better not indulge her.—*New York Times.*

DEAN STANLEY ON GOOD DEEDS.—The weary traveller in the south of Spain, who, after passing many an arid plain and many a bare hill, finds himself at nightfall under the heights of Granada, will hear plashing and rippling under the shade of the spreading trees and along the side of the dusty road the grateful murmur of running waters, of streamlets, whose sweet music mingles with his dreams as he sleeps, and meets his ear as the first pleasant voice in the stillness of the early dawn. What is it? It is the sound of the irrigating rivulets called into existence by the Moorish occupants of Granada five centuries ago, which, amidst all the changes of race and religion, have never ceased to flow. Their empire has fallen, their creed has been suppressed by fire and sword, their nation has been driven from the shores of Spain, and their palaces crumble into ruins; but this trace of their beneficial civilization still continues, and in this continuity that which was good, and wise, and generous in that gifted but unhappy race still lives on to cheer and refresh their enemies and their conquerors. Even so it is with the good deeds of those who have gone before us.

MORE BALANCE OF TRADE.—The shipments of green apples from this port to England continues on a large scale, the steamers Samaria and Bohemia taking this week about 4,500 barrels.—*Boston Journal.*

It is stated that of the 2,058 national banks there are in existence, 235 made no dividends in the six months ending March 1, 1876; 273 made none for the six months ending September 1, 1876; 245 made none for the six months ending March 1, 1877; and 288 made none for the six months ending September 1, 1877.

They saluted Ben. Butler with fifty guns at Woburn, Mass. A dollar to a dime that cunning old rascal paid for the powder, the matches, the whiskey, and the wear and tear of the cannon.

LOCAL MATTERS.

THE GOOCHLAND MURDER—MR. HENLY IDENTIFIES THE MAN ARRESTED BY SERGEANT HALL.—Saturday night last Sergeant Hall, after a search of several weeks, arrested on Byrd Island a colored man named William Brown on the charge of having been engaged in the murder of Mrs. Drinnard and the robbery of Mr. Henly's store. The accused was committed to jail to await identification. Yesterday Mr. Henly came to Richmond, and in company with Sergeant Hall visited the prisoner.

Mr. Henly was convinced that the prisoner is one of the guilty parties. When arrested, or soon thereafter, Brown (or Charles Wingfield, as he now calls himself) told the Sergeant that he knew Mr. Henly; that he had frequently been in his store when they both resided in Powhatan, and that he had also been in Henly's store after the latter removed to Goochland. Yesterday he pretended not to recognize Mr. Henly.

Brown at one time acted as a substitute for one of the drivers of the packet-boat line. The Sergeant asked him when he was last at the Tuckahoe stables (on the canal, seven or eight miles from Henly's), which he didn't answer at all. The answers he did give to questions were far from being satisfactory, and were confused.

Brown is a black negro of about thirty-five, and is about five feet six inches high and rough-looking, but has a good deal of "smartness," it is said.

Deputy-Sheriff Fleming, of Goochland, who died a few days ago of congestive chill, and who was very active in the search for the murderers, was very anxious to find this man.

A representative of this paper had a talk with Mr. Henly yesterday afternoon, and asked him if he was satisfied that Brown was one of the murderers. Mr. Henly replied: "He is the man, unless I am more mistaken than I ever was before in my life." But from all that Mr. Henly said he will not be able or willing to swear to Brown with that positiveness which will be required for conviction in the absence of strong circumstantial evidence. He states that Mrs. Henly will, when she sees Brown, probably be able to settle that question definitely.

Sheriff Parsons will reach Richmond today or to-morrow to take charge of the prisoner.

Accused has been employed at Taliaferro's brick-yard, near the Marshall reservoir, for several months. He was absent from there, it is claimed, on a number of days when from bad weather or other cause the yard was not worked. Sergeant Hall expects to be able to produce at the proper time two witnesses who saw Brown with a new pair of boots and an umbrella about the date of the murder.

A COMPARATIVE STATEMENT OF THE TOBACCO TRADE FOR 1877 AND 1878.—Under the proper head will be found a comparative statement of the inspection and deliveries of tobacco, together with the inspected and uninspected stocks on hand, and the sales of loose tobacco, from October 1, 1877, to October 1, 1878. It will be seen that the warehouses reporting the largest increase in inspections are Shockoe, Anderson's, Seabrook's, and the Planters. Those showing the greatest decrease are Mayo's and the Public. The total increase of inspections for 1878 in all the warehouses amount to 12,579 hogsheads. There was a decrease of 40 tierces and 57 uplands. The inspected stock on hand for 1878 is 572 hogsheads more than was reported for 1877. There is a decrease of 284 hogsheads in the uninspected stock on hand. The total increase of stock on hand, inspected and uninspected, for the year 1878, is 288 hogsheads. In the sales of loose tobacco an excess of 2,589,897 pounds is reported. The entire report gives a gratifying increase of business for the past tobacco year. Business yesterday on 'Change was more brisk, and some packages commanded liberal prices. It is the opinion of many engaged in the trade that tobacco having reached its bottom prices, henceforth a look up in business and an advance in prices for good tobacco may be expected. Those who insist on raising an inferior article, or are negligent in its curing, must expect low prices.

OUR FOREIGN COMMERCE—HEAVY SHIPMENTS TO EUROPE AND BRAZIL.—The following vessels cleared from the custom-house yesterday: The Norwegian bark Eva, Zachrisson master, for Hamburg, Germany, with walnut and poplar logs and staves, valued at $6,280; the American brig Ida A. Jayne, Mills master, for Rio Grande do Sul, Brazil, with 1,960 barrels flour, valued at $11,270.30; the Norwegian bark Rival, for Glasgow, Scotland, with tobacco valued at $36,892, 900 barrels flour, valued at $5,427.30, and staves valued at $488.50—total value of cargo, $42,807.50.

Aggregate value of exports yesterday, $60,358.10, making about $135,000 since Saturday last.

The Rival is the first vessel cleared from Richmond for Glasgow since the war ended.

The barks Eva and Rival were under a charter from Curtis & Parker.

A CHILD BADLY WOUNDED.—About 9½ o'clock yesterday morning Pompey Childs, a colored boy of six or seven years of age, was shot in the face and very badly wounded by Moses Gray, also colored, who is sixteen.

From the account of Gray it seems that the two live on the Branch near Goddin's old tavern; that Gray had gotten his piece—an old smooth-bore army musket—to go out hunting; that Childs was standing near him, and that by some accident in the handling of the weapon the hammer fell, discharging the load of bird-shot into Childs's face. Gray finding that he had done great mischief, ran for a doctor. His absence, however, gave the impression that he had fled to escape arrest, which was not the case.

The wounded boy was attended by Dr. Jones. His injuries are severe. He may lose his eyesight. Gray was arrested and locked up in the Third station-house. He will be examined by the Police Justice this morning.

AID FOR THE YELLOW-FEVER SUFFERERS. Total receipts, $9,147.47.

From St. John's Episcopal church, Amissville, Rappahannock county, $12; from Episcopal churches in Washington and Woodville, Rappahannock county, Va., through Rev. J. Peterkin, $14; citizens of Brunswick county, $30; collection of citizens of Williamsburg, through W. H. E. Moorecocke, $63.13; through W. T. Fergusson, of Fergusson's wharf, James river, $19.75; from a lady, $1; L. S. Edwards, secretary, for Louisiana Division Army Northern Virginia, New Orleans, $38.50.

Sent yesterday: $200 to Vicksburg, $200 to Memphis.

In addition to the contribution from Williamsburg, Mr. Moorecocke advises that he has sent to the treasurer a box of clothing and supplies valued at $50, which on arrival will be sent to Memphis.

THE CITY INSANE.—City Sergeant Lee, to whose charge many insane persons are committed to be confined in jail until other disposition can be made of them, has determined to establish a separate and more fitting receptacle for these unfortunate creatures than the cells of a common prison. He has therefore rented a house on Brook avenue, which he is fitting up for this purpose, but some of the neighbors protest against the establishment of such an institution in their vicinity.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH SOCIABLE.—The ladies of the Second Presbyterian church will have one of their regular sociables on Friday evening. It will be an occasion of welcome to the home-coming of their pastor (Rev. Dr. M. D. Hoge), and many of the members and friends of the Doctor will no doubt attend.

BRIEF LOCAL ITEMS.—The highest reported price paid for tobacco on 'Change yesterday was $76. Packages also sold at $67, $65, and $55.

The collections of United States revenue yesterday amounted to $8,737.41.

The Odd-Fellows' lodges of this city now meet at 7 o'clock P. M. instead of 8 o'clock, as heretofore.

State-tax bills for 1878 are now ready at the Assistant Treasurer's office, on Eleventh street.

The ladies of Trinity Lodge of Good Templars are holding a fair and feast for the benefit of the yellow-fever sufferers in the store next to Polk Miller & Co.'s. Open every night this week.

It is reported that various changes will be made in the policy of the Street-Railway Company, and, among other good things, a reduction of fare is spoken of.

One cargo of coal was received yesterday coastwise and two were shipped.

Extensive preparations continue to be made in Washington for the reception and entertainment of Company F on their approaching visit.

A number of luscious black bass are being caught daily in the upper James.

A crayon portrait of the late William Cullen Bryant, by Police-Justice White, which is now on exhibition, is attracting considerable attention, and is pronounced very good as a likeness and work of art. When Mr. Bryant was in this city some eighteen months ago he allowed the Justice to make some measurements of his face, which information has been made use of in this production.

PERSONAL.—Rev. J. G. Armstrong, rector of the Monumental church, has returned to the city and will preach on Sunday morning and afternoon.

Right Rev. Bishop Keane, of the Catholic Diocese of Richmond, will administer the sacrament of confirmation at St. Mary's church, Alexandria, on Sunday.

Dr. Hunter McGuire and Rev. Dr. Hoge arrived in New York yesterday from Europe on the Scotia.

Among the visitors to the Tobacco Exchange yesterday were H. C. Shelton, Hanover; B. C. Watkins, W. S. Archer, B. R. Selden, Powhatan; R. J. Muse, Essex; A. K. Foard, Jr., F. Kramer, Baltimore; A. R. Venable, Farmville; Arthur G. Evans, Manchester.

HUSTINGS COURT.—Judge Christian discharged the petit jury yesterday morning, and, after transacting some unimportant civil business, adjourned until to-day. To-day the court will adjourn for the term. The October term begins next Monday.

THE POLICE COURT.—John B. Harris, Randolph Taylor, and thirteen others (all colored), charged with trespassing on the premises of the African Methodist Episcopal church, situated on Third street, and nailing and fastening the doors of and injuring the same, had their cases continued until Saturday, and the accused were bailed on their own recognizances in the sum of $50 each.

Fritz Keck, charged with beating Henry Ganzait in the public market during market-hours, had his case continued until to-day.

D. Wilson, Jr., was fined $5 for fast driving.

W. B. Hoge was fined $1 for allowing his cow to run at large on the streets in the night-time.

Grant Seddon (colored), charged with stealing $5 from Oscar Epps, was not convicted of the offence, but was sent to jail in default of surety for good behavior in the sum of $100.

Charles Riddick (colored), for trespassing on the premises of R. B. Goodman and cursing and abusing him, was fined $2.50.

THE MOZART THIS EVENING.—Part I. First, "Coronation March" (Meyerbeer), orchestra; second, solo baritone, "Hearest Thou?" (Mattei), Mr. Louis W. Pizzini; third, solo violin, "Melodie des Alpes" (Scheuer), Dr. J. Bartkowski; fourth, "Songs without Words" (Parlow), orchestra.

Part II. First, overture, "Agonies of Tantalus" (Suppe), orchestra; second, solo baritone, "One Sweetly Solemn Thought" (Ambrose), Mr. Louis W. Pizzini; third, trio—clarinet, 'cello, and piano—Signor Jardella, Mr. C. W. and Miss Laura Thilow; fourth, potpourri, "Il Trovatore" (Verdi), orchestra.

PARK-PLACE METHODIST CHURCH.—An interesting series of religious services is progressing night after night at Park-Place Methodist church. Dr. Edwards, the pastor, reports encouraging success, congregations good, and the religious interest on the increase at each service.

QUALIFIED.—Messrs. Tazewell Ellett and Henry Clay Coke qualified in the Hustings Court yesterday as attorneys at law and notaries public. Mr. James N. Dunlop qualified as a notary public.

SAPPHO MUSICAL SOCIETY.—The Sappho Musical Society, composed of young ladies and gentlemen, amateurs, will resume its meetings at Sänger Halle on Tuesday next, the 8th instant, under the direction of Miss Kate Waltball and Mr. Charles L. Siegel.

THE HOLLYWOOD MEMORIAL ASSOCIATION will hold an important meeting on Tuesday, October 8th, at 5 P. M., in the lecture-room of St. Paul's church.

MANCHESTER AND VICINITY.

The Robbers Again on a Raid—Two Stores Broken Into and Robbed.—Sometime after midnight Tuesday the drug-store of Arthur T. Snellings, on the northeast corner of Hull and Thirteenth streets, was entered from a rear window, and robbed of some ten dollars in small change, which had been left in the money-drawer, and two boxes of cigars. Several heavy cans of linseed-oil and turpentine had to be removed before the thieves could enter. The window was fastened down, and it is a mystery how an entrance was effected, as no part of the window was broken.

About the same time, and probably by the same parties, the grocery-store of Bowen & Bradley, on the southwest corner of the same street, was broken into and the cash-drawer robbed of about twelve dollars. A window in the rear of the store was shattered with a large cedar post. The robbers went up to Mr. James Bradley's room and tied the door to the banister. Yesterday morning this gentleman was obliged to commit burglary, and break out of his own premises. At this writing there is no clue to the thief or thieves.

Mayor's Court.—Officer Fitzgerald yesterday morning arrested Alexander Watkins and Henry Dugger (both colored) as suspicious characters. There being no evidence to connect Dugger with the robberies of Tuesday night or any other crime he was discharged. Watkins answers partly to the description of Edward Jones, of Cumberland, charged with outrage, and he was committed until the authorities of that county and Mecklenburg can be heard from. Watkins claims to be from Boydton, Mecklenburg county, and said he was looking for work.

The Public Schools.—It was Read & Kellogg's grammar *vice* Harvey's, and not reader, that has been adopted by the public-school committee on grades.

Mayor Clarke is also a member of this committee, and was present Tuesday.

The Baird School building is being aired and renovated for the opening of the public schools next Monday.

Sale of a Noted Place.—Mr. Augustine Royall will this evening offer for sale the place known as "Klevesahl's," the headquarters of Manchester district, and one of its voting-precincts. It is located at the junction of the Midlothian and Broadrock roads. It was formerly a noted locality, and known as "Big Joe's." It was then owned by Mr. Joseph Schrote, the largest man in Chesterfield county, who died about 1868 of excessive fat, weighing some four hundred pounds. "Big Joe" was known as a most estimable man, and preserved his gay spirits and general health to the last.

Interments at Maury Cemetery.—Superintendent Perdue reports four interments in Maury Cemetery for September—three white and one colored. This is four less than was reported for each July and August.

The Police Record.—Captain Lipscombe, chief of police, reports twenty-two arrests for the past month—all charged with minor offences. Most of the parties were discharged, and the remainder fined or whipped. No grand-jury cases during the month.

County-Court Statistics.—The clerk of Chesterfield county for the month ending last Monday recorded thirty-five deeds and issued marriage-licenses to two white and four colored couples.

Change of Hours.—Now that the cotton-mills commence operations at 7 o'clock A. M. and suspend at 7½ P. M., the dinner hour is from 1 to 1:45 P. M., instead of from 12 M. to 12:45 P. M., as heretofore.

The Yellow-Fever Sufferers.—Manchester contributed about $150 for the yellow-fever sufferers. If Chesterfield has given anything, it has not been reported.

FINE WORK.
We have now on exhibition thirteen different SAMPLE OVERCOATS, to which we invite the inspection of the CITIZENS OF RICHMOND.
They were made by our custom-hands and are marvels of COMPLETE WORKMANSHIP, FINE TRIMMINGS, and CHOICE FABRICS.
Our TAILORING DEPARTMENT is a distinct feature of our establishment. Respectfully,
A. SAKS & CO., Tailors.

NO NONSENSE HERE.—John T. Gwyn, No. 334 north Gilmer street, and doing business corner Charles and Camden, Baltimore, writes that he suffered severely with rheumatism, without relief from anything he could get until he took Dr. Herndon's great remedy, the Gypsy's Gift, which relieved him in a few hours and completely restored him to health in two days. He says it is what it claims to be—namely, a *specific* for rheumatism. Sold by all live druggists.

JOHN WANAMAKER.
FALL OVERCOATS.
Elegant stock—Latest styles,
$5, $10, $12.50, $15,
unequalled in the city.
JOHN WANAMAKER,
Tenth and Main streets.

AS A FRAGRANT AND PLEASANT WASH for the mouth, there is nothing so good as MEADE & BAKER'S CARBOLIC MOUTH-WASH. Fifty cents a bottle.

GREAT BARGAINS IN HEAVY MERINO UNDERWEAR at E. B. SPENCE & SON'S.

ONE DOLLAR will buy a good SHIRT from E. B. SPENCE & SON.

HAVE YOUR CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER by E. B. SPENCE & SON.

CLOTHS, COATINGS, and SUITINGS in great variety, and will be made to order in the very best style, by E. B. SPENCE & SON.

READY-MADE CLOTHING at rock-bottom prices at E. B. SPENCE & SON'S.

FURNISHING GOODS.—All the latest styles of Furnishing Goods at low prices at E. B. SPENCE & SON'S.

FALL OVERCOATS.
LARGE STOCK AT LOW PRICES.
E. B. SPENCE & SON.

MEDICATED UNDERWEAR.
LARGE STOCK AT LOW PRICES.
E. B. SPENCE & SON.

FOR ULCERATED MOUTH, the healing properties of MEADE & BAKER'S CARBOLIC MOUTH-WASH are unexcelled. Fifty cents a bott