Richmond Dispatch.

THURSDAY.....NOVEMBER 7, 1878.

Ranters and Railers.

The day is prolific of ranters and railers, who are disappointed persons, soreheads, and malcontents. It is amazing to see the amount of denunciation heaped upon alleged "rings," favored classes, persons holding ill-gotten wealth, and so-styled "bloated bondholders."

There are no "privileged classes" in this land. There is no law creating them and no law sustaining them. There are no persons possessing wealth that may not possess it and use it as they deem proper. The law protects them in this properly and justly, and no man who respects law, and means to be a peaceable, good citizen should fall to berating any such person. Men who make money should enjoy it. It is not favorable to social peace and order that such fortunate persons should be made the objects of odium and abuse by persons who have not acquired wealth and who may be disappointed and discontented. It is advantageous to society that inducements should be given to men to increase their gains and become able to indulge the habits of independence and leisure. And bad would it be for the country if the condition of independence and ease should be regarded as the proper subject of invidious remark.

The freedom of our land is in spirit assailed when licentious writers undertake to villify men for their good fortune. It is the beginning of communism and those violent ideas which so often burst out in outrages upon the public peace and private property. It is one of the arts of bad and lawless societies to excite public aversion towards wealth and the holders of it. The unsuccessful are apt to cast slurs upon the successful. That is a way to excuse themselves for their failures. They are men of bad dispositions, who envy those who are more fortunate than themselves, and who transmute their envy into vindictiveness.

It is a bad sign in this country when the acquisition of wealth is made the cause of censure—bad when men conclude that the possession of wealth is evidence of evil practices. Persons who indulge such prejudices are tending to bad alliances that are fraught with causes of public disturbance and social disquiet.

These rings and corruptions that haunt the minds of the discontented are phantasmagria that are symptoms of minds ill at ease, peculiar to men who are dissatisfied with their own condition and anxious to substitute, for that any other that might come from a socio-political upheaval. They want to be at the head of affairs, to have rings of their own, and to be in receipt of "plenty of money," whether that came by "cheapening money" and ruining the country or not. It would be all one to them.

This is a free land. Everybody has the right to increase his means by his own industry and tact, and also to enjoy them. It is a rude and vulgar manifestation of feeling that visits upon that man odium for his success.

There are no privileged classes here, no discriminating laws that prefer one class over another; no laws that repel the humble from all chances to become wealthy. The country is full of instances of the rapid acquisition of wealth by persons once in poverty. Then from the absence of the law of primogeniture the large estates soon pass to many hands, and no longer concentrate power in the hands of the few.

The very bad feature of the railing and clamor is that they are employed by party demagogues who seek to poison the minds of humble people in moderate circumstances by pointing out the rich as tyrants and oppressors, and ever seeking to wrong the poor.

This is vile; it is a manifestation of hostility to society and the best interests of the country. In this period of misfortune the methods of these demagogues have had too much success. But time is changing. We shall see them brought to grief and despised as the enemies of mankind.

It Should Have Been Expected.

We have a sample of the bad policy of coquetting with third parties that run upon one idea, and that a dishonest one. The Democratic party had the brightest prospects—had the game in their own hands—and the elections of Tuesday prove that they have impaired very seriously their advantages by dallying with the lunatic advocates of the monstrous absurdity of "fiat money." We remember no instance in which a great party gained anything by coquetting with a third party, and the fiat-money party is the worst as well as the most absurd one that ever appeared in the political arena in this country. Wherever the fiat-money lunatics have made any demonstration they have taken from the Democratic strength. It is time that this time-honored party had fully discovered the folly of temporizing with any such party. It has proved its utter inability to do anything towards advancing its own views, and has shown that it is only endowed with power to injure any organization that treats it with consideration. We look upon it as only fit to mar, and utterly incompetent to make. Its presence is so baleful that it would seem in order to revive an old quotation which was quoted with effect in times past:

"Oh, for a tongue to curse the slave
Whose treason like a deadly blight
Comes o'er the counsels of the brave
And blasts them in their hour of might."

Exactly. This is what all Democrats will most heartily adopt at this time.

We think, however, that when a great party, with its proper objects of public good and public peace before it, steps aside to tamper with an objectionable third party, it merits disappointment, and that is what it seldom fails to win. It is time, we say above, that the Democratic party should profit by its experience. It should stand boldly and manfully up to its broad principles, and make no concessions to gain the auxiliary coöperation of men whose objects are not consonant and harmonious with those noble ones it is the end and aim of their party to achieve. Such a policy is unwise, its morality defective, and it is good for the body politic that such policy and morality should come to grief. If it were otherwise it would soon turn out that bad motives and bad measures would supplant good ones, and the country be brought to widespread evil.

We do not believe that the Democratic reverses at this time will amount to disaster, and the Democrats should make haste to correct past errors and to compact and concentrate their party policy and energies. This will put them in an invincible attitude.

The Seventh District.

HARRIS is elected in the Seventh district, and that fanatic and coarse politician PAUL is beaten, and this we are very glad of. We are not with Judge HARRIS in all his views, but he is, compared with PAUL, "HYPERION to a SATYR."

The Next House of Representatives.

The Democrats have sixteen majority in the present House. They gained eight in the October elections. That makes twenty-four. They gained several in the southern States on Tuesday. They, therefore, had some thirty majority to be overcome by the Republican gains in the northern and northwestern States on Tuesday. We write without knowing certainly the results in these latter States; but we think the Republican gains cannot run above ten in all of them together. This will leave the Democrats a working majority.

We confess, also, to surprise at the small vote received by Colonel Newman; but it is fully accounted for by the total lack of real organization on his behalf, and the joint incompetency and unfaithfulness of those who pretended to labor for him.—*Whig of yesterday.*

How very base to be unfaithful to NEWMAN, who was so true to the Conservative party!

Songs, Legends, and Ballads. By JOHN BOYLE O'REILLEY. Boston: Pilot Publishing Company.

O'REILLEY is a poet much esteemed by the Irish.

For sale by J. W. RANDOLPH & ENGLISH.

England from a Back-Window; with Views of Scotland and Ireland. By J. M. BAILEY, the Danbury *News*-man. Boston: LEE & SHEPARD.

The Danbury humorist tries his hand upon travelled letters in this book.

For sale by J. W. RANDOLPH & ENGLISH.

St. Nicholas: Scribner's Illustrated Magazine for Girls and Boys. Conducted by MARY MAPES DODGE. New York: SCRIBNER & Co.

The annual published by SCRIBNER is really one of the best publications of its kind ever edited in this country. The contents are always entertaining and instructive. They are collated with fine taste, marked by refinement and intelligence, and illustrated in admirable style. We most heartily recommend it as an excellent work, calculated to afford the best entertainment to young people; and it is a very pleasant and consolatory fact that what best pleases the children is found irresistibly attractive to people advanced in life. This is fine; for the heart that is warmed with the feelings of childhood and enlivened by the things that interest the minds of young people is happy. The most delightful hours of the venerable grandpa are those he passes among the children, romping with them and running over their books and pictures, never omitting "Mother Goose." *St. Nicholas* is one of the best of children's books, and therefore very interesting to people of a larger growth. For *St. Nicholas*, address SCRIBNER & Co., New York.

Scribner's Monthly: An Illustrated Magazine for the People. Edited by J. G. HOLLAND. New York: SCRIBNER & Co. No. 743 Broadway.

This is another periodical published by SCRIBNER. It is, as well as that of *St. Nicholas*, a very excellent literary work, and highly deserving of patronage. The monthly parts bound in a volume make very good reading for leisure hours.

"*For Percival.*" A Novel. With illustrations. Philadelphia: J. B. LIPPINCOTT & Co.

For sale by WEST, JOHNSTON & Co.

Editors Dispatch: Your correspondent Mr. A. P. Rowe avails himself of your columns to advertise himself under the guise of assailing the Executive Committee of the State Society indirectly, and directly the chief of the seventh department. In justice to the committee and to myself I reluctantly ask the privilege of replying.

Mr. A. P. Rowe is singularly unfortunate in his statement of "incontrovertible facts." The chief gave no such instructions to his superintendent as Mr. Rowe states in his characteristic article. His instructions were to begin with long wools and their grades in the pens nearest to the entrance-gates; then, middle wools and their grades, fine wools, &c. The stock-gate was not mentioned. This order was given to systemize the different breeds and to facilitate the work of the judges. When I arrived on the grounds about 11 o'clock on Monday I found the pens generally occupied—some of them crowded—and Mr. A. P. Rowe's flock enclosed by crates and boxes. I immediately called for the carpenters who were engaged in another part of the grounds, and advised Mr. Rowe to classify his stock and confine them in separate enclosures of boxes till suitable pens could be prepared. I did *not* make the comprehensive declaration that "too much stock was brought to the Fair," *but that he brought too much;* that the Society wished on exhibition only the best specimens of the different breeds, and not promiscuous herds or flocks. If all the pens were occupied or taken, as he admits, could he justly complain of having to wait till others could be built? As soon as carpenters could be had all the available ground was covered with new pens, and they had to be sub-divided to accommodate Mr. Rowe. He insinuates, most unworthily, that members of the Executive Committee claim greater privileges as exhibitors than others, and *thinking* it would be high treason to interfere with one of them, he determined to wait for further developments. He assigns no reason for his illiberal *thinking*, and reflects on the committee collectively by an offensive insinuation. As exhibitors, members of the committee have equal and no greater privileges than others, and are not likely to submit to an infringement of them by any one indifferent to the just rights of others. Others besides Mr. Rowe had sheep of different classes most uncomfortably crowded into a single pen, but, appreciating the situation, made no complaint. If the ground is available it might be well for the Fair-Grounds committee to inquire into the expediency of having erected by the next Fair at least one hundred pens and stalls for Mr. Rowe's exclusive accommodation. Possibly he would then be gratified with first instead of second premiums; and perhaps there would be less noise, confusion, and complaint, and to those connected with the seventh and other departments a more quiet enjoyment of the consciousness of having faithfully discharged their duties.

JAMES NEWMAN.

New Jersey.

FIVE REPUBLICAN CONGRESSMEN ELECTED.

TRENTON, N. J., November 5.—New Jersey has turned a complete political somersault. Five out of the seven congressmen elected are Republicans, with one district yet in doubt. [Four out of seven are Democrats in the present House.] Ex-Secretary-of-the-Navy Robeson (Republican) carries the First district by about 2,500 majority. J. Howard Pugh (Republican) is reelected for Congress from the Second district. Charles A. Voorhis (Republican) carries the Fifth district by a good majority.

John L. Blake (Rep.) carries the Sixth district by about 1,800, and Lewis A. Brigham (Rep.) the Seventh district by 2,000 majority. The Fourth district (which is the strongest Democratic district in the State) reelects Alvah A. Clark (Dem.), but his majority is greatly reduced. In the Third district the contest is between Miles Ross, the present incumbent, and Amos Clark, Jr., from whom Ross took the district in 1874.

The Republicans have elected seven of the eight State senators, and thus secured control of the Senate. Large gains have been made in the Assembly. The last House stood, 33 Democrats to 28 Republicans. It will now stand 32 Republicans to 28 Democrats.

The first Virginia district seems to have elected General Beale by a very large majority, if the returns received may be taken as indicative of the result.

The Democrats Lose Congressmen—The Cause of It.

[Baltimore Sun's Washington telegrams.]

The opinion of sagacious Republicans prominent in official and private positions was that whatever of Republican advantage was gained to-day was due almost if not entirely to the reaction against the greenback theories which have sprung up within the last two or three weeks. In several of the congressional districts where gains have been made by the Republicans it is admitted that they are due to the assistance of hard-money Democrats who would not support their own party candidates because of their greenback taint. Butler's defeat is also due to the Democrats who voted for Talbott instead of throwing away their votes on Abbott. The best judgment here, based on the returns received up to midnight, is that the Democratic majority in the next House will not fall below the present majority, and may be yet greater.

The Republican committee claim up to midnight a gain of nine members in the States so far heard from, which does not include any of the western States.

[This was Tuesday night.]

Terrible Earthquake in Salvador.

A TOWN DESTROYED—MANY PEOPLE BURIED IN THE RUINS.

NEW-YORK, November 5.—A Panama letter, dated October 26th, says: "Salvador, at 6 o'clock on the evening of October 20th, a severe earthquake was experienced in the village of Juenapa and neighboring towns in the department of Usulutan, in the southern portion of the republic of Salvador. Nearly all the houses in Jucapa were destroyed, and many families buried in the ruins, particularly in the outskirts of the town, where the means of escape were confined to narrow streets, and where the houses were not so solidly constructed as in the central. At last advices ten bodies had been recovered, and many more were supposed to exist under the ruins, as some are missed by friends or relatives. The towns included in the disaster are Guadalupe, Nueva Guadalupe, Chinameca, Usultatan. The Caserio del Arenal, Santiago de Maria, which is entirely ruined and some lives lost, a condition in which are also found Tecapa, Triunfo, and San Buena Ventura. In Nueva Guadalupe and Chinameca the ruin is complete, and the loss of life is also to be lamented."

DECISION AS TO MEMBERS' RIGHTS IN BENEFIT SOCIETIES.—A decision was rendered in a case in the Marine Court Monday by Judge McAdam which will be of interest to all members of charitable or benefit societies. John Ackerman on January 15, 1874, became a member of the benevolent association known as the Order Germania, and so continued until his death, January 28, 1877. According to the by-laws of the order $1,000 was to be paid to the representatives of the deceased, or to any person he might designate to receive it, within thirty days after his death. The deceased designated his wife to receive the money, and was himself at the time of his death a member in good standing and free of debt, his payments, although a little behind time, having been accepted. The officers of the order paid to his widow $50, but refused to pay her any more, basing this refusal on the ground that the by-laws contained a provision that unless the payments of fines and dues were made at the times mentioned therein the member defaulting should be deprived of all benefits for the space of thirteen weeks from the time such payment was actually made, and that in consequence of such nonpayment at the time appointed the widow had no right of action. "Deceased owed nothing," Judge McAdam says in his decision, "at the time of his death, and was in contemplation of law a member in good standing, and his widow, under the designation made, became, as a necessary consequence, entitled to the $1,000. A governing rule with corporations is that their by-laws must be reasonable, and all which are vexatious, unequal, oppressive, or manifestly detrimental to the corporation and its members are void. The by-law under which the defendant seeks to avoid the widow's claim is one of this kind. If it had provided that delinquent members be deprived of benefits during delinquency it would be otherwise; but the by-law subjects the member and his representative to a penalty after the payment of his dues and the performance of his duty, and for the prospective period of thirteen weeks. The deprivation is, therefore, based upon the omission of duty which has been discharged, although not technically according to the by-law. The provision urged in defence being illegal for the reasons stated forms no bar to the widow's right to recover. Judgment must be awarded in favor of the plaintiff for $950, with interest and costs, and two-and-one-half per cent. allowance."—*New York Herald.*

EVASION OF THE POSTAL LAWS.—*Washington*, November 5.—The Postmaster-General to-day rendered a decision of some general interest in the case of a Boston publisher, who has claimed a right to distribute to Boston subscribers his periodical, *The Missionary Herald*, by sending copies to a news agent in Brookline to be by him mailed to subscribers in the city at the pound rates of postage. Judge Key decides that this is a wholly inadmissible evasion of the law, which prescribes local rates of either one cent or two cents upon each newspaper or periodical that is published and distributed in a city provided with letter-carriers. The same ruling will be applied to business-circulars, of which many thousands are understood to be distributed in the large cities after escaping payment of the proper rate of postage by the same ingenious evasion of carrying them to be mailed from closely-neighboring post-offices. The loss to the postal revenues is the difference between the rates of two cents per pound and one cent for each circular.

BURNING OF AN EXTENSIVE PAPER-MILL.—*New Haven, Conn.*, November 5.—In a bale of jute butts thrown into a cutter in the extensive paper-mills of Wilkinson Brothers & Co., in Birmingham, late yesterday afternoon, was a piece of iron, which, in contact with the knives, ignited the jute. The cutting-room was full of inflammable material, and these at once were in flames. The fire spread rapidly, and in a very short time all the buildings were burning. The workmen had barely time to escape. A general alarm brought all the people of the village, and considerable stock was saved. The buildings were destroyed, and with them the Morgan Curtis House and a part of a saw-mill near by. The loss is about $300,000, on which is insurance of $124,000 in forty or fifty companies. One hundred persons are thrown out of employment.

LOUISIANA.—Returns, as far as received, indicate the election of congressmen as follows: First district, Gibson (Democrat); Second district, Ellis (Democrat); Third district, Acklen (Democrat); Fourth district, Elam (Democrat); Sixth district, Robertson (Democrat). Solid delegation.

MARRIAGES.

Married, in this city, October 30, 1878, by the Rev. T. L. Preston, D. D., GEORGE B. HOLMES to JESSIE, only daughter of the late Rev. Jesse H. Turner; all of Richmond, Va.

Married, at the residence of the bride's mother, on the evening of October 31st, by Rev. Charles Minnigerode, D. D., Dr. THOMAS J. MOORE, of Charlotte, N. C., and JULIA, only daughter of the late James H. Grant, of this city. No cards. *

DEATHS.

Died, November 5, 1878, MARY C., wife of William H Tatum.

Funeral from residence, 509 west Grace street, TO-DAY, November 7th, at 4 o'clock P. M. *

Died, on the 5th instant, at 5 o'clock P. M., Miss REBECCA WILLIAMS, sister of the late Jesse Williams, in the eighty-eighth year of her age.

Friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral at the First Baptist church TO-DAY (Thursday) at 12 o'clock M. *

Died, on Monday, November 4th, JESSE KEESEE, youngest son of William R. and C. Cary Jones; aged four years, nine months and twenty-two days. *

Died, of yellow-fever, in Hernando, Miss., on the 25th of October, Dr. EDWARD BULLINGTON, a native of Henrico county, Va., but for many years a resident of Mississippi, in the sixty-fifth year of his age. *

Funeral Notice.

The friends and acquaintances of the late JOHN S. TINSLEY, Jr., and those of his father-in-law (the late Horace L. Kent), also members of the Richmond Howitzers, are respectfully invited to assemble at the Exchange Hotel on THURSDAY the 7th instant, at 11 o'clock, to meet his remains and to convey them to Hollywood. Funeral services at the grave.

MEETINGS.

HEADQR'S RICHMOND COMMANDERY, No. 2, KNIGHTS TEMPLARS.

ORDER No. 11.—SIR KNIGHTS: Attend a called assembly of the Commandery at the Asylum (St. Albans Hall) THIS (Thursday) EVENING at 8 o'clock, with fatigue-cap and side-arms, for drill.
By order of the Eminent Commander.
L. S. TOWER, Captain-General.
Attest: C. F. DANFORTH, Recorder. no 7-1t

ALL ROYAL ARCH MASONS are cordially invited to attend a stated convocation of RICHMOND ROYAL ARCH CHAPTER, No. 3, at the Masonic Hall, on Franklin street, THIS (Thursday) EVENING, November 7, A. D. 1878; R. A. M. 2408, at 6 o'clock.
By order of the M. E. H. P.
no 7-1t* GEORGE F. KEESEE, Secretary.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.—The members of MARSHALL LODGE, No. 12, KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS are hereby summoned to meet at Schiller Hall, Broad near Sixth street, THIS (Thursday) EVENING, November 7, 1878, at 7½ o'clock. A full attendance is desired, as an amendment to the by-laws will be acted upon.
By order of the Lodge.
WILLIAM H. BAILIE, Keeper of Records and Seal.
no 7-1t

JOINT PYTHIAN COMMITTEE will meet TO-NIGHT at Schiller Hall, between Sixth and Seventh on Broad street, at 7½ o'clock.
R. J. McDOWELL.
no 7-1t*

ANNUAL MEETING.

RICHMOND, FREDERICKSBURG AND POTOMAC RAILROAD COMPANY,
SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
RICHMOND, VA., November 6, 1878.

The annual meeting of the STOCKHOLDERS OF THE RICHMOND, FREDERICKSBURG AND POTOMAC RAILROAD COMPANY will be held at the office of the company, in Richmond, on WEDNESDAY the 20th of November, 1878, at 12 o'clock M.
J. B. WINSTON, Secretary.
no 6-td

ANNUAL MEETING.

The annual meeting of the STOCKHOLDERS OF THE POTOMAC RAILROAD COMPANY will be held at the office of the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad Company, in the city of Richmond, on WEDNESDAY the 20th of November, 1878, at 11 o'clock A. M.
no 6-td J. B. WINSTON, Secretary.

NOTICE.—THE ANNUAL MEETING of the stockholders of the RICHMOND, YORK RIVER AND CHESAPEAKE RAILROAD COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, in this city, WEDNESDAY, the 13th day of November, 1878, at 12 o'clock M.
WALTER E. SMITH, Secretary.
oc 31-td

MILITARY NOTICES.

GRAYS, ATTENTION.—SPECIAL MEETING.—Assemble at Regimental Armory on FRIDAY NIGHT NEXT at 8 o'clock, for regular drill and special business. Every man is expected to be present.
By order Captain L. J. BOSSIEUX.
no 7-2t JAMES E. TYLER, Orderly.

AMUSEMENTS.

ORGAN RECITAL.

SECOND BAPTIST CHURCH.
TUESDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 12TH, at 8½ o'clock.
MISS KATE H. MERA
will give an ORGAN RECITAL, embracing selections from Batiste, Bach, St. Saens, Guilmant, and others.
TICKETS 25 cents; at Wyatt's and at the door.
no 6-6t

THEATRE—THREE NIGHTS ONLY,
AND SATURDAY MATINEE.
COMMENCING THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 7.
LOUISE POMEROY,
supported by
EDWARDS'S DRAMATIC COMBINATION,
including W. H. LEAKE and other Metropolitan favorites.
THURSDAY, FRIDAY, AND SATURDAY,
THE ADIRONDACKS.
SATURDAY MATINEE 2 P. M.,
AS YOU LIKE IT.
LOUISE POMEROY.....Rosalind.
Admission, 25, 50, and 75c. Reserved seats, $1. Now on sale at Johnston's, and at office of Theatre.
no 5-3t

RICHMOND MOZART ASSOCIATION.

The regular weekly soiree will take place at Mozart Hall THIS (Thursday) EVENING at 8½ o'clock. Admission only by membership- or invitation-cards, which must be presented at the door. Members can obtain invitation-cards on application at WYATT'S music-store, No. 920 Main street.
ja 3-Th

RICHMOND MOZART ASSOCIATION.
SPECIAL NOTICE.

NEW MEMBERSHIP TICKETS are being prepared, to be substituted for those now in use. They will be exchanged, as far as practicable, by the collector, when making his collection of November dues, and members are requested to have their old tickets ready for exchange at that time. All such as have not been exchanged before the 7th of November will be taken up by the doorkeeper, if presented for admission on and after that date; but members can get their new tickets afterwards on application to the Treasurer, if not in arrears for dues.

Membership tickets being non-transferable, the regulations concerning them will hereafter be rigidly enforced, and tickets used by others than their owners will be immediately forfeited.

By order of the Board of Governors.
SAMUEL SINTON, Treasurer,
oc 31,no2,5&7 No. 1103 Main street.

CIRCUS AND MENAGERIE.

THE FAMOUS LONDON CIRCUS
AND
SANGER'S ENLARGED BRITISH MENAGERIE.

RICHMOND—ONE DAY ONLY,
ON GROUNDS FRONTING WEST-END PARK,
MONDAY, NOVEMBER 11TH.

ON A TRIUMPHAL SOUTHERN TOUR, AND THE SOUTH'S FAVORITE SHOW.

SEATS for 8,000 people; 2,000 OPERA CHAIRS.
20 TONS OF ELEPHANT FLESH, in pyramids, military drill, &c.
ROYAL TALLY-HO COACH, illustrating English pleasure life.
10 LADY RIDERS, led by the unchallenged Empress of the Arena, and the only woman living who rides four horses, Mlle. ELISE DOCKRILL.
12 MALE EQUESTRIANS, headed by the champion bareback rider of the world, FRANCESCO BROWN.
5 ROYAL BENGAL TIGERS, performed in open lair.
10 GRAVE-ROBBING HYENAS, in an iron-bound den, open in the streets, with their trainer among them.
30 AGILE LEAPERS, inspired by the Australian athlete, FRANK GARDNER.
Group of 6 MEXICAN PANTHERS.
10 GREAT CLOWNS—Irish, French, German, English and American; and 1,000 startling features, new to the public.
100 SUPERB CIRCUS CELEBRITIES—Finest act of tumbling, most perilous feats of leaping, best-dressed people, more and better-trained horses and ponies, most brilliant street procession, most stupendous exhibition, and largest menagerie on earth. All under acres of water-proof pavilion.
TWO GRAND PERFORMANCES at 2 and 7:30 P. M. Doors open one hour previous.
GORGEOUS FREE STREET PROCESSION between 9 and 10 A. M. daily.
Admission, 50 cents; children under nine years, 25 cents; reserved chairs, 25 cents extra.

Will also exhibit at PETERSBURG, TUESDAY, November 12th; WELDON, WEDNESDAY, 13th.

Tickets can be obtained at a slight advance on the day of exhibition at C. F. Johnston's music-store.
no 7-4t

LECTURE.

DR. WELTER AT MOZART HALL FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 8TH, AT 8 P. M.—Lecture: "CINDERELLA AMONG THE ARTS." PIANO RECITAL: Selections from Schuman, Beethoven, Weber, Mendelssohn, Chopin, Thalberg.
Tickets, 50c.; to be had at Wyatt's; Josiah Ryland & Co.'s, 913 east Main street; and Dr. Welter's music-rooms, 26 north Ninth street (Wilkinson's Hall). no 4-M,W,Th&F4t*

BUSINESS CHANCES.

A GOOD BUSINESS OPENING.—An EQUAL PARTNERSHIP in a genteel and highly-honorable business may be secured by a reliable party willing to devote his time and services thereto. Nine hundred dollars capital required, and $2,500 yearly profit assured. Address "PROFIT," *Dispatch* office. no 7-1t*

FOR SALE CHEAP, SHOW-CASES, COUNTERS, SHELVING, GLASS-COVERS, &c.—separately or as a whole—to close business.
JOHN ADAM,
no 7-1t* 209 east Main street.

BANKRUPTCY.

[No. 5569.]

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA—IN THE MATTER OF WIRT ROBERTS, BANKRUPT, IN BANKRUPTCY.

CLERK'S OFFICE,
RICHMOND, VA., 30th October, 1878.

TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: Take notice that a petition has been filed in said court by Wirt Roberts, of Richmond, Va., in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, and the acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, for a discharge, and certificate thereof, from all his debts and other claims provable under said acts, and that the 13TH DAY OF NOVEMBER, 1878, at 12 o'clock M., at the office of Thomas S. Atkins, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, in the custom-house in the city of Richmond, Va., is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where you may attend and show cause, if any you have, why the prayer of the said petition should not be granted.
oc 31-Th2w JOHN R. POPHAM, Clerk.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

COLORED AND BLACK SILK VELVETS.
COLORED SILKS and BLACK SILKS.
COLORED SATINS and BLACK SATINS.
WORSTED FRINGES in great variety.
SILK FRINGES in great variety.
A large assortment of BUTTONS of the newest styles.
RIBBONS in all widths at low prices, at
no 5 LEVY BROTHERS'.

BLACK AND COLORED CASHMERES.—Another large arrival of these popular goods, which will be sold at popular prices, at
no 5 LEVY BROTHERS'.

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS can be found in great variety at
LEVY BROTHERS'.
See the PAPER COLLARS in the new tobacco bags. Price, 25c.; the bags are worth the money.
no 5

FRINGED NAPKINS at 85c. worth $1.25 per dozen;
LARGE NAPKINS at $1.10 per dozen worth $1.50;
TABLE-COVERS at 50c. worth $1;
WOOL TABLE-COVERS at $1 worth $1.50;
WOOL PIANO-COVERS at $3 worth $5.
You can save money by purchasing your goods at
no 5 LEVY BROTHERS'.

BLANKETS! BLANKETS!!
WHITE BED BLANKETS at $1.75, $2, $2.50, $3, $3.25, $4, $4.25, $5, $6, $7, $8, $9, $10, and up to $18 per pair, at
LEVY BROTHERS'.
COMFORTABLES very cheap. no 5

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF CARRIAGE and BUGGY BLANKETS at
no 5 LEVY BROTHERS'.

CLOAKS! CLOAKS! CLOAKS!
You will find the largest assortment and the cheapest CLOAKS at
no 5 LEVY BROTHERS'.

HUCKABACK TOWELS at 4c.;
SILK ELASTIC BELTS, with buckels, at 30c. worth 75c.;
INDIA-RUBBER FINE-COMBS, INDIA-RUBBER DRESSING-COMBS, and INDIA-RUBBER ROUND COMBS at 5c. worth more than double the money;
LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS for ladies at 75c. per dozen;
A large assortment of the new style VELVET BAGS at low prices;
HEMSTITCHED HANDKERCHIEFS at $3 per dozen worth $4;
HAMBURG EDGINGS and INSERTINGS at all prices; the cheapest ever offered.
no 5 LEVY BROTHERS.

COHEN BROTHERS
HAVE JUST OPENED—
40 pieces of MATELASSE DRESS GOODS, in black and colored, at 16⅔c.;
30 pieces ALPACA LUSTRES, in black and colored, at 12½c.;
15 pieces DOUBLE-WIDTH MOURNING GRAY at 16⅔c. worth 35c.;
25 pieces ALL-WOOL MATELASSE BEIGE at 37½c. worth fully double;
A large stock of new designs in PLAIDS;
Also, a full assortment of NOVELTY DRESS GOODS;
The best ALL-WOOL 50c. CASHMERE ever offered in this city;
LUBIN'S BEST CASHMERES at greatly-reduced prices;
A large stock of MOURNING GOODS. oc 26

COHEN BROTHERS
are now offering the largest stock of
BLACK AND COLORED SILKS
ever offered in this State.
Good quality BLACK SILK at 75 and 85c.;
Heavy GROS-GRAIN from $1 to $1.25;
GUINNET'S SATIN-FINISH at $1.25, $1.60, $1.85, and $2;
BONNET'S SATIN-FINISH at $1.35, $1.50, $1.75, $1.85, $2.05, $2.40, $2.65, and $2.75, for quality that equals any ever offered heretofore at $4.
In COLORED SILKS, offer every quality and color, including all the new shades. Special attention is called to an extensive variety of handsome evening shades.
A large stock of BLACK and COLORED SATINS, including the various delicate tints;
Also, the largest stock BLACK and COLORED SILK-VELVETS ever offered; oc 26

COHEN BROTHERS
Offer great inducements in CLOAKS; their assortment is full, from $8 to $40;
500 yards Remnants of RICHARDSON'S FAMILY LINEN at 35, 40, and 50c.—near one half their value;
MATELASSE FLANNELS in various colors;
Misses' KNIT VESTS at 25, 35, 50, and 75c.;
Ladies' VESTS at 37½, 50, 65, 95c., $1.05, and $1.25—reduced fully 25 per cent.;
Also, a full assortment of Gentlemen's KNIT-WEAR;
A large stock of UPHOLSTERY REPS and DAMASKS;
CARPETS in Tapestry, Three-Ply, Ingrain, Venetian, Cottage, and Hemp; Hemp Carpets at 12½ and 15c.; Two-Ply Ingrain at 30, 33, 37½, 50, 65, and 80c., for best manufactured;
The largest and cheapest stock of HOSIERY and CORSETS ever offered in this city. oc 26

COD-LIVER OIL.
MEADE & BAKER'S
MEDICINALLY PURE.
IMPORTED DIRECT

We have the testimony of physicians who prescribe it, and of patients who have taken it, that IT IS MORE ACCEPTABLE TO THE STOMACH AND MORE EASILY ASSIMILATED THAN ANY OTHER OIL. MEADE & BAKER,
Importing and Dispensing Pharmacists,
no 15 919 Main street, Richmond, Va.

DANCING ACADEMIES.

RICHMOND AND MANCHESTER DANCING ACADEMIES now open for the reception of scholars. RICHMOND ACADEMY—WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY AFTERNOONS for ladies, misses, and masters. TUESDAY and FRIDAY EVENINGS at 8 o'clock for gentlemen.
NOTICE TO VISITORS.—Matinee So'ree EVERY SATURDAY at 5 o'clock. Tickets, 10 and 25c., to be had at WYATT'S.
MANCHESTER ACADEMY.—Class for ladies, misses, and masters, MONDAY AFTERNOON at 4 o'clock. Same evenings at 8 o'clock for gentlemen.
Respectfully, [oc 11-eod1m] H. F. LAUBE.

BANKS AND BANKERS.

ESTABLISHED 1860.

RANDAL H. FOOTE, BANKER,
70 BROADWAY, NEW YORK,
having been for twelve years a member of New York Stock Exchange and Vice-President of Gold Board, the highest character and experience is guaranteed. Stocks, Gold, and Bonds; also Stock contracts, such as "straddles," "puts," and "calls" on large or small amounts, bought and sold on regular commissions and moderate margins. Pamphlet entitled "Wall street," and stock tables containing valuable information, mailed on receipt of 10c.
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CITIZENS BANK OF RICHMOND.

PAID-UP CAPITAL.....$100,000
SURPLUS..... 19,000

Z. W. PICKRELL, President.
E. B. SNEAD, Cashier.

Deposits of one dollar and upwards received, and six per cent. allowed on deposits.
Deposits received subject to check without notice and interest allowed on same if not checked on more frequently than two or three times a week.
Interest on all deposits to commence ten days after date of deposit.
Bank open every day from 9 o'clock A. M. till 3 o'clock P. M., and on Saturday from 4 P. M. till 8 P. M. fe 28-eod

REMOVAL.

HAY & SUTHERLAND
(SUCCESSORS TO WM. MURRY),
have removed their
UNDERTAKING ESTABLISHMENT
from 107 Governor street to the large and commodious store 902 MAIN STREET, where they will keep on hand an increased stock of WOOD and METALLIC BURIAL-CASES and CASKETS.
no 1-eod2w

LIVERY STABLES.

DAVIS'S EXCHANGE-, LIVERY- AND SALE-STABLES,
1438 AND 1440 FRANKLIN STREET.

These STABLES are now completed, and will compare favorably with any in the United States, and I am now prepared to accommodate the public in the
LIVERY BUSINESS.
A BAZAAR for the sale of all kinds of STOCK, CARRIAGES, and VEHICLES of every description, HARNESS, &c., has been established in connection with the stables, and
AUCTION SALES
will be conducted by an experienced auctioneer every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, at 11 o'clock A. M.
My accommodations for keeping private horses and carriages are unsurpassed.
Drovers and transient customers will have every facility extended them for the transaction of their business, and charges will be made very reasonable.
A BLACKSMITH- and WHEELWRIGHT-SHOP, conducted by competent and experienced hands, is attached to the stables.
oc 9 JOHN B. DAVIS.

BOOKS, STATIONERY, &c.

CHEAP READING.

We offer at TEN CENTS over 200 paper novels—new and old; some by Scott, Dickens, Black, Hugo, James, Thomas, Collins, &c. The usual prices are from 10c. to 75c. each. We have many good School Books at 10c. each; also, the largest assortment of Standard Works—new and old—in the southern States, and the prices are usually lower than they can be had anywhere else.
RANDOLPH & ENGLISH,
no 6-d&w 1302 and 1304 Main street.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

FAIR-WEEK! FAIR-GOODS! FAIR PLACE! FAIR DEALING!

HEADQUARTERS FOR DRY GOODS is at THALHIMER BROTHERS', 601 Broad street, where you will find the best and cheapest DRY GOODS in the city. Give us a call and see for yourselves.

CLOAKS, CLOAKS, CLOAKS.

400 CLOAKS, manufactured expressly to our order, just received. Look at our stock of CLOAKS before purchasing.

SHAWLS, SKIRTS, BLANKETS, QUILTS, CARPETS, CURTAIN-LACES, TOWELS, NAPKINS, TABLE-LINENS, SHEETINGS, BED-TICKS, FLANNELS, CASSIMERES, TWEEDS, JEANS, WATER-PROOFS, BEAVER CLOTHS, &c., at extraordinary low prices.

DRESS GOODS, DRESS GOODS, DRESS GOODS.
450 pieces DRESS GOODS of all kinds, from 10 to 75c. a yard. Call and see our stock of DRESS GOODS.

85c. BLACK ALPACAS at 12½, 16, 20, 25, 30, 35, 40, 50, 60, and 75c. worth 5 to 25c. a yard more.

65 pieces BLACK CASHMERES, from 16c. to $1.25. Don't buy your Black Goods before looking at our stock.

42 dozen elegant WHITE CORSETS (job lots) at 50c., would be cheap at 75c.;
36 dozen CORSETS at 75c. and $1 worth 50c. apiece more;
ABDOMINAL and other CORSETS for stout ladies, very cheap;
44 dozen ladies' SOLID and STRIPED HOSE, 10 to 75c.;
32 dozen Gentlemen's PLAIN and FANCY HOSE, 10 to 50c.;
78 dozen Children's and Misses' FANCY HOSE, 8 to 75c.

HEADQUARTERS FOR KID GLOVES.
92 dozen WHITE OPERA and COLORED KID GLOVES at 50c.—the best glove that we have ever offered at that price;
67 dozen BLACK and COLORED at 75c., $1, and $1.50. Give us a call if you want good and cheap KID GLOVES.

SILK HANDKERCHIEFS AND SCARFS.
28 dozen Ladies' SILK HANDKERCHIEFS, large size, plain and brocaded, at 50c. worth $1;
16 dozen handsome BROCADED HANDKERCHIEFS at 75c. worth $1.25;
56 dozen SILK SCARFS at 15, 25, 40, and 75c.
Also, a large variety of RIBBONS, PORTE-MONNAIES, CO