Richmond Dispatch.

WEDNESDAY....SEPTEMBER 1, 1880.

A Great-Granddaughter of Patrick Henry in Distress.

A correspondent of the New York *Sun*, writing from Washington, says: No. 20 D street, northwest, is a small two-story brick house, located within a block of the Baltimore and Ohio depôt, in this city. The neighborhood is a poor one. The jingling of street-car bells, whistling of locomotives, and the buzz of a circular-saw in a mill near by, render the neighborhood anything but attractive to persons of sensitive nerves. In the back parlor on the first floor of this house is a bed and a washstand. Upon this bed Mrs. Emma Young, the great-granddaughter of Patrick Henry, has lain and suffered during the past two weeks. Mrs. Young is twenty-five years old, and her picture, taken sometime before her sickness, shows her to have been a good-looking woman. She is now a mere skeleton. Her face bears traces of great mental as well as physical suffering. Poverty is undoubtedly the prime cause of her illness. The attention of the charitable public has been invited to Mrs. Young's case, and if she recovers an attempt will be made to secure for her a position in one of the Departments.

The unfortunate lady has seen a great deal of trouble within a few months past. Her mother, Mrs. Susan Henry, wife of Patrick Henry, a grandson of the great orator, died about three weeks ago. About seven years ago Mrs. Young's father died. Five years later her husband also died, leaving a little daughter for the mother to support. Mrs. Henry had been given irregular employment in the Agricultural Department up to the time she was taken sick. Then the family was deprived of all means of sustenance, and was virtually dependent upon the charity of neighbors. Mrs. Young's daughter was taken ill, and her constant attendance upon her mother and child, terminating with the death of the former, completely prostrated her.

A correspondent of the *Sun* called upon Mrs. Young to-day. She was too weak to converse for any length of time. Her knowledge of the Henry family seems to be rather imperfect. Her father, who was named after the orator and statesman of the Revolution, seems to have been an enthusiast about all that concerned his great-grandfather. Patrick Henry second was a son of Nathaniel Henry, who was a son of the great Patrick Henry by his second wife. By his two marriages Patrick Henry was the father of fifteen children. His first wife bore him six, of whom only two survived. Six sons and three daughters were the result of the second marriage, all of whom were living when he died, in 1799. Mrs. Young's father resided in Virginia during the war. He was a staunch Union man, and lost all of his property during the struggle. After the war he came to Washington. He was possessed with the idea of writing a life of his illustrious ancestor, believing that justice had not been done the remarkable abilities and wonderful powers of Patrick Henry by his biographers. Mrs. Young has in her possession a manuscript consisting of sixty-seven written pages of foolscap, which her father had evidently intended to have published in a newspaper as a sort of prelude to his book. The manuscript is not completed.

Mr. Henry, in his manuscript, gives a pen picture of Patrick Henry as told him by the late W. W. Seaton, of this city: "He described him as being about six feet in height, rather spare, and somewhat raw-boned. His complexion was dark and sallow, without the appearance of blood in his cheeks. His countenance grave, thoughtful, penetrating, and strongly marked with the lineaments of calm and deep reflection. His forehead was high and straight. His chin long and well formed, and his nose somewhat of the Roman stamp, though like that which we find upon the head of Cicero, rather long than much assimilated to the Cæsarean form. His eyes were of a kind of blueish gray, not large, deeply-fixed in his head, overhung by full, dark, and heavy brows, and further shaded by long black lashes. They constituted most unquestionably the finest feature of his face, for they were brilliant, full of spirit, and capable of the most rapidly shifting and powerful expression. It was difficult to describe his mouth, in which there was nothing very remarkable, except when he expressed a modest dissent from the opinion of others. With the lips firmly compressed, it portrayed firmness of purpose, and at other times, with lips relaxed, it displayed an exuberance of good humor, wit, and pleasantry."

Mr. Henry says that "it may not be generally known that when, in the year 1765, Patrick Henry was a young member of the Virginia House of Burgesses, which then held its sessions in the old colonial capitol at Williamsburg, Mr. Jefferson, then a youth and the junior of Patrick Henry by a few years, was a student at the William and Mary College."

Mrs. Young has few relatives living. She has one sister in an insane asylum, and another living at Utica, Kansas. She also has a second cousin, Mr. Wirt Henry, who lives in Richmond. There is no doubt of her relationship with the great statesman of Revolutionary days. Her case is one which should commend itself to the charity of a great nation which her ancestors helped to form.

CUTICURA.

CUTICURA RESOLVENT,

THE NEW BLOOD-PURIFIER,

ACTS ON THE LIVER, KIDNEYS, BOWELS, AND SKIN.

Messrs. Weeks & Potter:

Gentlemen,—I had running sores on my left leg for seven years, which reduced my limb to simple skin and bone, and unable to support my weight unless swathed in bandages. A consultation of physicians at the City Hospital of Boston decided that it would have to be amputated to save my life. Such was my condition when I began to use the CUTICURA REMEDIES, which have effectually cured me; in gratitude for which I make this public statement of my case. JOSEPH A. PALMER.

HUDSON, MASS., July, 1879.

SCROFULOUS HUMOR.

HON. WILLIAM TAYLOR, BOSTON, STATE SENATOR OF MASSACHUSETTS,

SAYS OF HIS CASE:

"After three months' use of the CUTICURA REMEDIES, and twelve years of as constant suffering from humor of the face, neck, and scalp as was ever endured, I can say that I am cured, and pronounce my case the most remarkable on record. I have been so elated with my success that I have stopped men on the street who were afflicted, and told them to get the CUTICURA REMEDIES and they would cure them. This is why I am so grateful to you: for I believe them to be the best and greatest discovery of the age, and that they will cure all who are suffering with these diseases."

SKIN HUMOR,

COVERING THE UPPER PART OF THE BODY.

SKIN COPPER-COLORED.

Messrs. Weeks & Potter:

Gentlemen,—I have been afflicted with a troublesome skin-disease, covering almost completely the upper part of my body, causing my skin to assume a copper-colored hue. It could be rubbed off like dandruff, and at times caused an intolerable itching and the most intense suffering. I have used blood-purifiers, pills, and other advertised remedies, but experienced no relief until I procured the CUTICURA REMEDIES, which, although used carelessly and irregularly, cured me, allaying that terrible itching and restoring my skin to its natural color. I am willing to make affidavit to the truth of this statement. Respectfully, S. G. BUXTON.

MILAN, MICH., July 3, 1873.

CUTICURA RESOLVENT

CLEANSES THE BLOOD, REGULATES THE STOMACH, BOWELS, AND URINARY ORGANS.

This great blood-purifier, liver-stimulant, and vegetable invigorant cleanses the system of all impurities of the blood, regulates the stomach, bowels, and urinary organs, strengthens, vitalizes, and electrifies every fluid of the body, and cures all diseases that originate in a vitiated condition of the blood, whether inherited or contracted. CUTICURA, a Medicinal Jelly, arrests external evidence of blood-disease, eats away dead skin and flesh, heals sores, ulcers, and every species of itching and irritating skin- and scalp-diseases when the blood has been purified with the RESOLVENT. CUTICURA cures humors of the scalp, reproduces, softens, and beautifies the hair beyond the possibility of any other remedy. CUTICURA SOAP, prepared from CUTICURA, the most elegant toilet, bath, and nursery luxury, cleanses, soothes, heals, and restores the skin to its original whiteness and beauty. CUTICURA SHAVING-SOAP is the first medicinal soap prepared expressly for shaving, and is extravagantly praised by gentlemen.

CUTICURA REMEDIES,

FOR ALL HUMORS OF THE BLOOD,

are prepared by WEEKS & POTTER, Chemists and Druggists, 360 Washington street, Boston; 21 Front street, Toronto, Ont.; and 8 Snow Hill, London; and for sale by all druggists. Price of CUTICURA a Small boxes, 50 cents; large boxes, $1. RESOLVENT, $1 per bottle. CUTICURA MEDICINAL TOILET SOAP, 25 cents per cake. CUTICURA MEDICINAL SHAVING-SOAP, 15 cents per cake; in bars, for barbers and large consumers, 50 cents.

COLLINS'S VOLTAIC PLASTERS

INSTANTLY RELIEVE

PAIN, SORENESS, AND WEAKNESS.

(mh 17-W&S)

FURNITURE.

FURNITURES AND MATTRESSES

NEW AND ELEGANT STYLES OF CHAMBER FURNITURE, PARLOR FURNITURE, DINING-ROOM FURNITURE.

I have now in store the most elegant stock of FURNITURE I have ever offered. Call and examine the goods. The styles are new and prices low. Terms accommodating.

SAMUEL W. HARWOOD,
se 1-eod3m Governor street, Richmond, Va.

CHEAP FURNITURE STORE.—FALL GOODS.—Special attention is called to our large and select stock of new and desirable styles of PARLOR SUITS in spun- and raw-silk reps and hair-cloth; varied assortment of WALNUT SUITS, in Queen-Anne and Eastlake styles; medium and fine POPLAR and PINE GOODS of every description. We would especially ask all who intend buying furniture to call and examine our stock, as we take pleasure in showing our goods. We are determined to sell cheaper than any house in the city. Easy terms of payments.

E. GATHRIGHT & SON,
se 1-3m 16 Governor street.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!—I offer for sale 200 suits of Chamber Furniture, in price from $23 to $200, from the best manufactories East and West, also of my own make, together with a full line of Parlor, Office, and Kitchen Furniture, and every article in the Furniture line; also, Cabinet-Makers' Supplies of every description. Will duplicate Baltimore prices. Parties in want will save money by giving me a call. Office and warerooms, 1438 Main street, near Fifteenth street. Workshops, 16, 18, and 20 north Fifteenth street. WILLIAM DAFFRON.
je 7-3m

HORSES, MULES, &c.

FOR SALE, ON LONG TIME, A PAIR OF BEAUTIFUL AND STYLISH BLOOD BAY HORSES, well bred; good drivers, double or single; full brothers; well matched, perfectly sound, and sold for want of use. Both horses good under saddle. R. B. CHAFFIN.
se 1-eod6t

FOR HIRE OR SALE,

A SPRING DRAY, in good order.

Apply to J. T. REALY,
au 31-3t* Eighteenth street.

THE LATEST NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE DISPATCH.

SUICIDE OF A METHODIST MINISTER BY JUMPING INTO THE SCHUYLKILL RIVER—A GIRL'S SUICIDE BECAUSE SHE WAS DISAPPOINTED IN LOVE—COTTON-MILL BURNED IN NORFOLK—J. A. FRAZIER NOMINATED FOR CONGRESS—A NEWS-AGENT INSTANTLY KILLED—THE GENEVA REGATTA TO-DAY—THE VICTIMS OF THE BURNING OF THE MARINE CITY—THE SUPPOSED BROOKLYN MURDERER ARRESTED—READING RAILROAD ASSETS—SOLDIERS WHIPPED—SAPONONARI ELECTED AS OURAY'S SUCCESSOR—LIFE-SAVING STATIONS BEING EQUIPPED—OBITUARY—MARINE DISASTERS—SCIENTISTS IN SESSION AT BOSTON—THE VICKSBURG YELLOW-FEVER SCARE—SMALL-POX AMONG INDIANS IN ONTARIO—THE AFGHAN WAR—PARLIAMENTARY PROCEEDINGS—GERMAN POLITICS—CHINESE NEWS, &c.

POLITICAL.

The Readjuster Convention in the Sixth District—James A. Frazier Nominated for Congress.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

LYNCHBURG, VA., August 31.—The District Readjuster Convention assembled in this city to-day, and was called to order by General W. M. Elliott. W. S. Grigsby, of Lynchburg, was chosen chairman. A committee on organization was appointed, and the Convention adjourned till to-night.

The Convention reassembled at 7 P. M. General Elliott and J. A. Frazier were placed in nomination for Congress. Before the ballot was completed Frazier's nomination was made unanimous.

Speeches were made by Frazier, Wickliffe (Radical), Frank Moss, and others. The latter said he would vote for Garfield.

New Jersey Democracy.

TRENTON, N. J., August 31.—An unusually large number of people are here to attend the Democratic State Convention, which meets to-morrow to nominate a candidate for Governor and presidential electors. George C. Ludlow, of Middlesex, and Orestes Cleveland, of Hudson, are the most prominent candidates for Governor. Ex-Governor Bedle will probably be one of the presidential electors at large.

The New York Democracy Coming into Line.

NEW YORK, August 31.—The Tammany-Hall State Committee has revoked its call for a State Convention, and in a card to the Democratic electors of the State request that they join in the election of delegates to the convention called by the Faulkner committee, to be held at Saratoga September 28th.

Congressional Nomination.

READING, PA., August 31.—At the Democratic Convention to-day Hon. Daniel Ermentrout, at present State senator, was nominated on the first ballot for Congress. This is Heister Clymer's old district.

AQUATIC SPORTS.

Hanlan Off for England.

TORONTO, August 31.—Hanlan leaves for New York on Thursday, and thence by a Cunard steamer to England. George Hawthorne Steward, of the Toronto Rowing Club, goes with him. He takes two Warrin shells along. Hanlan weighs 167 pounds, is in good health, and will put up at Barnes, on the Thames.

The Geneva Regatta.

GENEVA, N. Y., August 31.—There is every indication that the first regatta of the Geneva Regatta Association, which will be held here to-morrow and Thursday, will be an entire success. Courtney, Hosmer, Lee, Riley, Dempsey, Weisgerber, Felsinger, and Teneyck, of the professionals, are on hand, while among the amateur single-sculliers are Holmes, Murray, Gaisel, Larmon, Crouse, Monahan, Brown, Dobenett, Dorchester, and Goodsell. The following double-scull crews have arrived: Holmes and Woodbury, the Monahan Brothers, Larmon and Brown, and the Andrews Brothers. The four-oared race will be contested by the Elmira, the Albany, and the Hobart College crews. The Watkins crew was entered, but will not row. The programme of the events to-morrow will be as follows: Single sculls, 4:30 o'clock. On Thursday the double scull amateur race will be called at 4:30 o'clock P. M., and the professional sculls at 5:30 o'clock. Only the referee's steam-tug will be allowed to accompany the boats in the several races. The course extends along and close to the shore, and spectators will have an excellent opportunity to view the events from a moving grand stand of fifty platform cars on the Syracuse, Geneva and Corning railroad

The American Scientists' Convention.

BOSTON, August 31.—The American Association for the Advancement of Science has elected the following officers for the meeting of 1881: President, Professor G. J. Brush, of New Haven; Secretary, Professor C. V. Riley, of Washington, D. C.; Treasurer, Professor W. S. Vaux, of Philadelphia; President of Section A, Professor A. Mayer, of Hoboken, N. J.; Secretary, Professor John Trowbridg, of Cambridge; Secretary of Section B, Professor William Saunders, of Canada; Auditory Committee, Professor Henry Wheatland, of Salem, and Professor Thomas Mecham, of Philadelphia.

A resolution providing for the social reunion of the several sections on the second evening of future meetings was adopted, and also one recognizing the services of the late General Myer, of the Signal Service.

The following message was cabled to France this morning:

"Whereas to-day, August 31st, is the ninety-fifth birthday of M. DeChevrul, senior member of the French Academy: therefore

"*Resolved*, That the American Association for the Advancement of Science, now in session in Boston, send their hearty congratulations, with the hope that his life and labors may be prolonged at least to a full century."

The Chinese Question.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 31.—The Chinese steamer Hochung, which arrived yesterday afternoon from Canton, landed about 450 Chinese passengers at Honolulu. It will depend on the instructions of her commander relative to the length of his stay in port whether he will pay extra duties and discharge his cargo at once, or await the action of the United States Government on the subject. By files of Honolulu papers it appears that a lively contest has been going on lately in the island with regard to the Chinese question. The Pro-Chinese party, headed by Celso Moreno, has evidently succeeded in capturing King Kalakau, although a greater majority of the Legislature and better portion of the foreign and native population and the press strongly opposed them. The King dissolved two Cabinets opposed to his wishes, and formed a third headed by Moreno. In the mean time leading commercial interests signed petitions to the foreign Ministers and other officials, and brought so strong a pressure to bear that the King found it necessary to withdraw from his position, and Moreno and his *confrères*, after five days' lease of power, gave up their portfolios. The principal point of issue was the question of subsidizing the line of Chinese steamers, Moreno having been sent to the island to further their designs.

President Hayes in Ohio.

CLEVELAND, OHIO, August 31.—President Hayes and wife and General Garfield and wife arrived here this afternoon and went on to Canton, Ohio, to be present at the soldiers' reunion there to-morrow.

The President's Visit to San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, August 31.—The Board of Supervisors this evening passed resolutions tendering the freedom of the city to President Hayes and appointed a committee to prepare for his reception.

CRIMES AND CASUALTIES.

A Virginia News Agent Killed.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

LYNCHBURG, August 31.—Charles Gaddiss, of this city, aged eighteen years, was instantly killed this morning by falling from a train near Martin's Station, Virginia and Tennessee railroad. He was running as news agent.

Killed with a Shovel.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., August 31.—John Fitzgerald died at Wassaic last night from the effects of a blow of a shovel in the hands of John Wallace. The family declare an autopsy shall not be held without the shedding of their blood, and trouble is expected. An inquest will be held to-morrow.

Killed on the Rail.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., August 31.—John Z. K. Duryea was killed on the Lehigh-Valley railroad near Meturchin at 7 o'clock this morning. Papers found on the person of the deceased led to his identification.

The Murderers of the Brooklyn Lawyer.

NEW YORK, August 31.—The Brooklyn police are confident that James Cosbgan, who was arrested in this city last night, is one of the murderers of the young lawyer, George C. Harward. The prisoner was taken to Brooklyn this morning and committed for action of the coroner's jury. He protests his innocence. Active search is being made for another party who is needed as a witness to the crime.

A Deliberate and Unprovoked Murder.

CHICAGO, August 31.—A special from Ionia, Michigan, to the *Journal* says: "John Hamilton, a wealthy farmer of Ionia, was shot by his young nephew last night. It was a deliberate and unprovoked murder."

Arrested for Interfering with the Federal Courts.

WASHINGTON, August 31.—Attorney-General Devens has received a telegram from Marshal Osborne, at Montgomery, Ala., informing him of the arrest in Carrington county, in that State, of Penton and nine others, who are charged with beating and intimidating United States witnesses and destroying processes from United States courts.

Suicide of a Methodist Minister.

PHILADELPHIA, August 31.—Rev. D. M. Dehughes, a Methodist minister of Cinnaminson, N. J., and publisher of the *Christian Herald* at that place, jumped from a ferry-boat while crossing from Camden to Philadelphia about midnight, and was drowned. He left a pocket-book in which was a letter addressed to G. B. Lloyd, of Cinnaminson.

Suicide from Disappointment in Love.

GALVESTON, August 31.—A dispatch from Graham says Miss Ella Price committed suicide to-day by taking arsenic. The cause was disappointment in love.

Victims of the "Marine City" Disaster.

CHICAGO, August 31.—A special from Detroit says: "About eighty of those saved from the wreck of the Marine City arrived here by train from Bay City this morning. They give no additional particulars of the cause of the fire or the circumstances attending it. As far as can be learned the names of the lost are: Richard Schultz and James Griffin, of Detroit; Frank Emmet, of Port Huron; Dr. Powers, of Ottawa, Ohio, father-in-law of John McElroy of the Toledo *Blade*; Guy McElroy, of Toledo, his grandson; Miss Jennie Musser, of Alcona; Martin J. Watson, of Detroit; an unknown man, and a woman and new-born babe. The child was born during the fright occasioned by the fire. It is feared that others were lost. The clerk of the boat thinks there were one hundred and fifty passengers, but the steward had made arrangements for only one hundred and twenty-five."

Abandoned in a Sinking Condition.

WASHINGTON, August 31.—The signal-corps station at Delaware Breakwater reports as follows: "It is reported that a brig bound for Delaware Breakwater, for orders, was abandoned yesterday in a sinking condition off the Capes in latitude 35. The crew were taken off by the schooner James H. Hoyt and brought to Lewes, Del. Unable to get further particulars at present."

Dismasted, Abandoned, and Ashore.

WASHINGTON, August 31.—The Signal-Corps station at Sloop Point, N. C., report to the chief signal officer as follows:

"The brig Frederick B. Rice, dismasted and abandoned at sea, came ashore at this place last night loaded with lumber. She is in a bad condition."

Yacht Capsized and Loss of Life.

OSBURY PARK, N. Y., August 31.—A yacht containing a pleasure party of six or seven persons while coming from South Island Beach this morning was capsized near Green Island. The surfmen, seeing the accident from the shore, succeeded in rescuing five of the party. Andrew Pointer, a youth aged nineteen years, is supposed to have been drowned. He was in charge of the yacht, and it was thought he had a young companion with him, who is also believed to have been lost. Pointer was a good swimmer, and may have reached shore below the scene of the accident.

From the Ute Commission.

WASHINGTON, D. C., August 31.—Acting Secretary Bell, of the Interior Department, received a telegram to-day from Colonel Meacham, one of the Ute commissioners, dated August 28th, which says: "The crisis in the Ute affairs has passed. Seventy Uncompaghie and White-River head men and chiefs have placed themselves under the direction of the agent. They have accepted Sapononari as chief. You need have no fears. Agent Berry is equal to the emergency, and has the confidence of the Utes at Los Pinos and White River. They are anxious for peace."

The New Chief of the Utes.

LOS PINOS *via* LAKE CITY, August 31.—At the grand council held yesterday Chief Sapononari was elected as the successor of Chief Ouray, deceased. There were only two other applicants for the position—Guero and Peab. The former claimed it by right of promotion as being second in rank, but his known hostility to the whites prevented his promotion. Sapononari is fifty years of age, and has considerable strength of character. His following is large, and he enjoyed Ouray's confidence to such an extent that he was left in charge last winter during the latter's visit to Washington. He is the best man for the place, but he is far from being the equal of Ouray. The Utes have killed five of Ouray's best horses that they may accompany him to the happy hunting-grounds.

Small-Pox Among Indians.

OTTOWA, ONTARIO, August 31.—Reports from the Gatinear state that 100 deaths have occurred among the Indians from small-pox. Several bands have divided up into small parties and are travelling north, leaving the dead unburied.

The Vicksburg Fever Excitement.

VICKSBURG, MISS., August 31.—The sick at the quarantine hospital are reported better to-day. The excitement about them has subsided, as it is generally believed that they have malarial fever.

Equipping Life-Saving Stations.

LONG BRANCH, N. J., August 31.—General Superintendent T. S. Kimball has ordered the equipment of the forty-two life-saving stations along the New Jersey coast to take place to-morrow, one month earlier than usual, because of the prediction of unusually heavy September gales. Two hundred and fifty-two men, including one captain to each station, compose the life-saving patrol on the New Jersey coast.

Internal-Revenue Receipts for August.

WASHINGTON, August 31.—The internal-revenue receipts for the month of August amount to $10,497,091—a gain of $1,069,127 over the corresponding month of 1879. The total gain in receipts for the first two months of the present fiscal year—July and August—over the same months in 1879 is $2,428,937.

FIRE RECORD.

Cotton- and Knitting-Works Destroyed.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

NORFOLK, VA., August 31.—The Norfolk Cotton and Knitting Company's works, employing one hundred people in Atlantic, were totally destroyed by fire this afternoon. The works were entirely new, and only erected a few months ago. The insurance was $50,000, which but partially covers the loss. The company will rebuild immediately. The fire originated in the cotton-picking room. Being the first venture in the cotton-factory line, the loss is quite severe to Norfolk. The goods manufactured were of a very fine grade, and orders were five months ahead.

A Case Decided in Favor of the New Telegraph Company.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

FORT WAYNE, IND., August 31.—Judge Lowry to-day announced his opinion in the State Court in case of the Western Union Telegraph Company against the American Union Telegraph Company and Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad Company, dissolving the temporary injuction previously granted restraining the railroad company from distributing the material and the American Union Telegraph Company from building its new line on the Fort Wayne road. The opinion of the court is given on the application so far as it relates to distribution of material and construction of the line, leaving the question of the validity of the Western Union contract as to the admission of a rival telegraph company's wires into the railroad company's stations where the Western Union wires are already located to be determined hereafter. This is a substantial victory for the American Union Telegraph Company and is in harmony with Judge Harlan's decision of October, 1879, in the Wabash suit.

Pennsylvania and Reading Railroad.

PHILADELPHIA, August 31.—The receivers of the Pennsylvania and Reading railroad met at 1 o'clock this afternoon, but the report of the assets and liabilities of the railroad and coal and iron companies is not yet completed. Several disputed points still remain to be disposed of.

Obituary.

ORANGE, N. J., August 31.—Rev. Dr. William Adam, LL. D., of New York, died at 3:15 o'clock this morning.

LATEST FOREIGN NEWS.

England.

PARLIAMENTARY PROCEEDINGS.

LONDON, August 31.—In the House of Commons last night the debate on the constabulary vote was resumed.

Mr. Parnell asked if Mr. Forster, in the event of the landlords continuing to abuse their power, would advise the summoning of Parliament during recess to pass a law protecting tenants.

Mr. Forster did not expect that it would be necessary during the winter to ask Parliament to pass a coercion bill or interfere for the protection of tenants, but if he were convinced that the law as it stood was an instrument of injustice he would not be an instrument for enforcing it.

The constabulary vote, after a brief debate, passed by 105 to 76.

The House shortly after passed all the remaining votes of the estimates.

In the House of Lords the ground game bill was passed at a second reading by a vote of 68 to 20.

The lords acted on the advice of Lord Beaconsfield, who advocated a considerable amendment in committee rather than the rejection of all, though he objected to the bill. He thought the lords would be taking up a feeble position when on the eve of a constitutional struggle in joining issue with the House of Commons on such a secondary question.

LONDON, August 31.—The vote by which the House of Commons passed the Irish constabulary bill last night was 105 to 29 instead of 105 to 76, as before announced. The Government's majority was 76. Two Englishmen—Joseph Cowen (member for New-Castle-on-Tyne) and Charles Bradlaugh (member for Northampton), both Radicals—voted in the minority. About twenty Conservatives supported the Government. There was no attempt at obstruction.

Punished with the Lash.

HALIFAX, N. S., August 31.—Two soldiers belonging to the One-hundred-and-first regiment, who were undergoing sentence at Melville Island for military offences, undertook to stone the chief warden of the prison last week. They were tried for that offence and sentenced to receive 50 lashes each. They were punished in this way, one on Friday and the other on Saturday last.

German Politics.

BERLIN, August 31.—Twenty-eight members of the Reichstag and Landtag have published a declaration announcing their secession from the National Liberty party. They declare it to be their intention to uphold the political liberties already achieved, freedom of commerce, and reform of imperial taxation by the abolition of oppressive indirect taxes. They also insist upon religious freedom being guaranteed by legislation.

Albania's Determination.

LONDON, August 31.—The Manchester *Guardian's* Dulcigno correspondent says: Albanian recruits are arriving here daily in small numbers. There are about 2,500 now here. The Miridites and Highland allied clans adhere to their determination to hold aloof. The Mahometan leaders of the present movement admit the eventual necessity of yielding to Europe, but say that Albanian honor requires a public demonstration to show that they do not yield to to Montenegrins. It is difficult to predict the course of events. The Turkish officials openly encourage resistance. Riza Pacha has thirteen batteries at his disposal, but according to the symptoms at Dulcigno and Scutari the Porte has no real intention of forcing a settlement. If it had it would scarcely permit the continued Albanian concentration on the Montenegrin frontier. It seems certain that not only a naval demonstration will be necessary, but that European troops must be landed to effect a settlement.

The Afghanistan War.

LONDON, August 31.—A British special officer at Candahar telegraphs on the 25th as follows: The country is quieting down. Ayoob's force is reduced to regulars and a small number of Ghozis. It is reported that he wishes to retreat to Garafand Girshk, but is prevented by Cabulee troops. The siege is practically raised. A large quantity of food was brought in yesterday.

LONDON, August 31.—The *Times* has the following from Calcutta: Kurrachee is in a very unsettled state, but no danger is feared unless Candahar falls or General Roberts is defeated.

The *Times's* Constantinople dispatch says there is no sign of inclination on the part of the Porte to abandon the policy of obstinate resistance.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—SEPTEMBER 1, 1880.

Sun rises	5:08	HIGH TIDE.	
Sun sets	7:04	Morning	2:07
Moon rises	12:51	Evening	2:32

PORT OF RICHMOND, AUGUST 30, 1880.

ARRIVED.

Steamer City of Richmond, Gifford, Norfolk, United States mail, merchandise, and passengers, L. B. Tatum, agent.

Schooner William Mason, French, New York, light, to load coal. Chesapeake and Ohio railroad.

Schooner D. H. Ingraham, Greely, Rockland, lime, R. Wendenburg.

Schooner Rose McDevitt, Hopkins, Wilmington, railroad-iron, Richmond and Allegheny railroad.

Schooner Hattie A. White, Belletty, Wood's Hole, guano, John S. Knox.

Schooner Howard N. Johnson, Paul, Georgetown, guano, C. W. Otey.

SAILED.

Steamship Old Dominion, Walker, New York, merchandise and passengers, G. W. Allen & Co., agents.

Schooner Maggie Gray, ——, Boston, coal, Chesapeake and Ohio railroad.

Schooner L. A. Rose, Rose, New York, manganese, Curtis & Parker.

ENTERED.

Norwegian brig Soskummeren, Wohl, Rio de Janeiro, in ballast.

CLEARED.

American brig Leonard, Myers, Bahia, Brazil, with 1,505 barrels and 100 half-barrels of flour, valued at $9,904.25, shipped by the Haxall-Crenshaw Company.

SAILED FOR THIS PORT.

From Providence August 30th, schooner W. H. Bailey, Bailey.

FINANCIAL.

RICHMOND STOCK EXCHANGE.

TUESDAY, August 31, 1880.

SALES.—500 North Carolina 4 per cents at 76½; 1,000 Manchester tax receivable bonds sold at 65; 1,000 do. at 65; 3,000 A. and C. A. L. R. R. bond, at 95; 1,000 C., C. and A. R. R. second mortgage at 98; 8 shares of R., F. and P. R. R. stock at 117, and 8 at 116¾.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.	Bid.	Asked.
United States 4½'s	111½	...
United States 4's	109¾	...
STATE SECURITIES.		
Virginia 10-40's, J. and J	41¾	42¾
Virginia consols, J. and J	59¾	59½
Virginia peelers, J. and J	24	26
Virginia deferred, J. and J	6¾	7
Virginia interest certificates	7¾	...
Virginia tax-receivable coupons	90	...
Virginia 10-40 coupons	94	95
North Carolina 4's, J. and J	76¾	77¾
CITY BONDS.		
Richmond city 6's, J. and J	112	...
Richmond city 5's	100¾	101
Petersburg city 8's, F. and A	113¾	...
Petersburg city 8's, spec'l tax, J. & J	114	...
Lynchburg city 8's, J. and J	...	122
Lynchburg city 6's, J. and J	103¾	...
Manchester 8's, tax-rec'ble, M. & S	...	65
RAILROAD BONDS.		
C. and O. R. R. p. m. 6's, 1898, J. & J.	106	...
C. and O. R. R. p. m. 6's, 1887, J. & J.	101	...
Va. Cen. R. R. 3d mort. 6's, J. & J	101	...
Va. and T. R. R. 2d mort. 6's, J. & J.	101	...
Va. and T. R. R. 3d mort. 8's, J. & J.	114	...
Va. and T. R. R. funded 8's, J. & J	100	...
South S. R. R. 1st mort. pref. 8's, J. & J.	110	...
South S. R. R. 2d mort. pre. 6's, J. & J.	97¾	...
South S. R. R. 3d mort. pref. 6's, J. & J.	92¾	...
N. and P. R. R. 2d mort. 8's, J. & J.	110	...
Petersburg R. R. 1st mort. 8's, J. & J.	124	...
Petersburg R. R. 2d mort. 8's, J. & J.	75	...
R. and P. R. R. first mort. 8's, A. & O.	112	...
R. and P. R. R. 2d mort. 7's, M. and N.	108	...
R., F. and P. R. R. mort. 8's, J. & J	114	...
O. and A. R. R. 1st mort. 6's, M. & N.	107	...
O. and A. R. R. 2d mort. 6's, J. & J.	112	...
O. and A. R. R. 3d mort. 8's, M. & N.	94	...
O. and A. R. R. 4th mort. 8's, M. & S.	50	...
O., A. and M. R. R. 1st mort. 7's, J. & J.	90½	...
R. & D. R. R. consol 6's, M. & N	105	...
Richmond and Danville R. R. gold 6's	97	99
Piedmont R. R. 1st mort. 8's, A. & O.	112	113
Atlanta and Charlotte 7's, J. & J	95¾	96
Atlanta and Charlotte income 7's	58	65
C., C. and A. R. R. 1st mort. 7's, J. & J.	104¾	106
C., C. and A. R. R. 2d mort. 7's, A. & O.	98	100
N. C. Railroad 6's	79	80
Western N. C. R. R. 7's, M. & N	99¾	100
RAILROAD STOCKS.	Par.	
A., M. and O. R. R.	100	10 12
Richmond and Petersburg R. R.	100	... 80
R., F. and P. R. R. common	100	50 ...
R. and D. R. R.	100	77¾ 77¾
S. and R. R. R. common	100	102 ...
C., C. and A. Railroad	100	42 42½
A. and Char. Air-Line Railway	100	25 32
North Carolina Railroad	...	76 80
BANK STOCKS.		
First National	100	126 ...
National Bank of Virginia	100	96¾ 99
Merchants National	100	97 ...
Merchants and Planters Savings	25	22 ...
Citizens Bank	25	19¾ 20¼
Union Bank of Richmond	50	55 62
INSURANCE COMPANIES.		
Virginia Fire and Marine	25	33 34
Virginia State	25	33 35
Virginia Home	25	26 27
City Fire	25	23¾ 25
Merchants and Mechanics	100	99 105
MISCELLANEOUS.		
Old Dominion Steamship Co	100	... 99¾

By Telegraph.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, August 31.—*Noon.*—Stocks strong. Money on call, 2@3 per cent. Exchange—Long, 480½; short, 483. State bonds dull. Governments nominal.

Evening.—Money, 2@3 per cent. Exchange, 480¾. Governments strong and higher; new 5's, 102¼; 4½ per cents, 111¾; 4 per cents, 110¾. States dull.

WALL STREET YESTERDAY.

NEW YORK, August 31.—The *Post's* financial article says: The Stock Exchange markets are moderately active to day and are all higher than yesterday. Investments are conspicuously strong, the United States 4's being up to 110@110¾. Such stock as Burlington and Quincy, which is up to 138¾, New York Central to 130¾, Rock Island to 115, New York and New Haven to 165½, are all notable. The share speculation is somewhat stronger in tone, although the market is still rather feverish. The leading stocks have been Erie, the coal shares, Lake Shore, Northwest, Milwaukee and St. Paul, Western Union, and Hannibal and St. Joseph. Money on call is in good supply at 2@3 per cent. Time loans on stocks range from 3½ per cent. for thirty days to 6 per cent. for six months. Prime mercantile paper is 4½@5½ per cent. As before noted, an unusually large amount of money has been borrowed by Stock-Exchange people on time, so that the large operators (whoever they may be) at the Exchange during the next few months will not wholly be dependent on the call-loan market. If the Treasury estimate of gold imports up to November turns out to be correct, there need be no anxiety about the money market, particularly if bond purchases are to be kept up by the Treasury on the scale of $2,500,000 per week. The demand on New York for currency with which to move cotton has yet hardly been felt, and is yet to come in full force. It is therefore impossible at present to conclude absolutely that the market will be easy or stringent.

The following quotations were current to-day:

United States 4 per cents, 110¾@110¾; United States 4½ per cents, 111½@111¾; D. of C., 3.65's, 99¾; New Jersey Central, 76; Ohio and Mississippi, 34¾; Erie, 38; Michigan Central, 93¾; Hannibal and St. Joseph, 41¾; Lake Shore, 106; Northwest, 99¾; Northwest preferred, 119; Iron Mountain, 56; Rock Island, 114¾; St. Paul, 87¾; St. Paul preferred, —; Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific, 3¾; Wabash, St. Louis and Pacific preferred, 70¾; Kansas and Texas, 36½; Western Union Telegraph, 103¾; C. C. and I. C., 19; Pacific Mail, 39¾.

BALTIMORE.

BALTIMORE, August 31.—Virginia 6's, deferred, 6¾; consols, 59¾; past-due coupons, 90¾; new 10-40's, 41¾; 10-40's, coupon, 94¾.

COMMERCIAL.

CORN AND FLOUR EXCHANGE.

RICHMOND, August 31, 1880.

OFFERINGS REPORTED TO SECRETARY.

WHEAT.—*White*, 236 bushels. *Red*, 4,964 bushels; of which 112 bushels were re-exhibited.

CORN.—*White*