Richmond Dispatch.

SUNDAY.....JUNE 19, 1881.

NO REPUDIATION.

President Garfield's Attitude Toward the Virginia Republicans.

The Republican State Executive Committee Call on the President—No Alliance to be Made with Mahone—A Straightout Ticket to be Nominated.

[Special to the Baltimore American, Republican.]

WASHINGTON, June 17.—A delegation of Virginia Republicans, members of the State Executive Committee, called by appointment upon President Garfield this afternoon. The delegation consists of General W. C. Wickham, chairman of the committee; Arthur A. Spitzer, secretary; John Callahan, Second district; L. Bibb (colored), Third district; Representative Joseph Jorgensen, Fourth district; J. B. Work, Sixth district; J. W. Cochran (colored), Seventh district; R. T. Taneil (colored), Eighth district; Colonel C. C. Tompkins, Ninth district; Captain J. F. Wilson, Lynchburg; J. W. Poindexter (colored), a presidential elector at the last election; O. H. Russell, collector internal revenue; W. H. Lester (colored), and George S. Arnold (colored), members at large of the committee; and Albert Bennett, of Buckingham county. Upon arriving at the White House, the delegation was introduced individually to the President by Representative Dezendorf, of the Second district, who said:

Mr. President,—This is the Executive Committee of the Republican party of Virginia—a member from each district in the State—who come to represent to you the state of affairs in their several districts, and to confer with you regarding the situation in Virginia.

General Wickham then stepped forward and said: This, Mr. President, is the Executive Committee of the Republican party of the State of Virginia, who have been charged since April, 1880, with the management of the affairs of the Republican party of that State. No truer or more devoted Republicans breathe in any other State of the Union than are these men. They are deeply interested not only in the success of the national Republican party, but are especially interested in placing the Republican party in Virginia on a solid footing. They distrust entirely the movement now on foot by the Readjusters in Virginia, having learned from the experience of 1869, when, under the false name of the true Republican party, the same men who are engaged in this movement executed a political movement which resulted in almost extinguishing the Republican party of the State. They have come to ask your support in every effort to establish the Republican party permanently in Virginia, and believe that with a square fight on principle they can carry the State officers, or failing in that, through the State organization, make such headway in many of the counties as to give to the Republicans a controlling power in the Legislature, which would enable them to remove from the statute-books many of the laws of which complaint is made as operating unjustly upon all classes of people. These gentlemen are from every quarter of the State, and are thoroughly acquainted with the tone of the Republicans in the State. They will give to you their views, in order to show you the condition of affairs.

THE PRESIDENT'S REPLY.

The President said in reply that he would first state two general propositions. The first was that he had been a Republican all his life, had never voted the Whig or Democratic ticket; that he could have voted, but never did, until the birth of the Republican party; that he had been a consistent Republican ever since, and that therefore he would not do anything in opposition to the best interests of the Republican party. The second proposition was that he was positively and emphatically opposed to any party or people whose belief would militate against public faith and credit.

He went on to say that it was for them, the Republicans of Virginia living in Virginia—he not being a resident of that State, and therefore unable to understand these things as they did—it was for them to decide whether this movement was of the character indicated—that is, whether the Readjuster movement was tainted with repudiation. If it was, they ought not to support it.

He was followed by Mr. J. W. Poindexter, of Louisa county, a colored man, and presidential elector last fall, who proceeded to show in a terse manner the feelings and ideas of his people in Virginia in regard to the situation. He stated that, in his judgment, 90 per cent. of them were opposed to a coalition with the Readjusters upon the terms proposed in their platform, and that they believed only in the Republican principles as exemplified in the past.

THE RIDDLEBERGER BILL.

At this point the President asked General Wickham whether in his (Wickham's) opinion the Riddleberger bill was virtually a repudiation of a portion of the State debt of Virginia.

General Wickham replied that it was, unquestionably. It strikes off a large portion of the debt without the assent of the creditors, and is nothing but open, unadulterated repudiation.

The President then inquired whether the Riddleberger bill had ever been submitted to the creditors.

General Wickham answered that it never had. On the contrary, they were notified that it would be forced upon them, and that if they did not take that they would get something worse.

The President next asked whether any party in Virginia had proposed any better terms to the creditors than those proposed in the Riddleberger bill, to which General Wickham replied that the Ross-Hamilton bill, offered by the Republicans in the last Legislature, and which had received the assent of the representatives of the creditors, had provided for the payment of the full amount of the debt of Virginia at 3 per cent. annual interest.

A general interchange of opinions between the members of the committee and the President followed, during which Messrs. J. W. Cochran and R. F. Taneil, both colored men, confirmed Mr. Poindexter's statement, and said that colored men had an utter distrust of the honesty of the purposes of the Readjusters towards the colored men and the Republican party.

NOT SEEKING OFFICE.

General Wickham at this point stated to the President that the delegation came for no purpose connected with offices, but simply from their devotion to the Republican party and their desire to build it up and to make it successful in the State of Virginia; that he (Wickham) was not, and never had been, an office-seeker; but, regarding the Republican party as the legitimate successor of the Old-Line Whig—

The President: With slavery left out.

General Wickham assented, and continued: To which I have been always devoted. I naturally desire to see it prosper in Virginia, and believe that we can gain more by a strict adherence to principle than by coalition with those in whom we have no confidence.

Mr. Spitzer here stated that certain gentlemen in Virginia who differed with the delegation in this matter had made many threats as coming from him (the President) of removal from office for differing in opinion from them on the coalition question in order to intimidate this class of Republicans, and to compel them to support the Readjuster ticket. It was the desire of the Republicans of Virginia to know through their committee whether this was done with the President's sanction or not.

Mr. Spitzer then called upon Mr. Albert Bennett (colored), of Buckingham county, to produce a letter written to him as a member of the State Central Committee by Hon. John F. Lewis, present candidate for Lieutenant-Governor on the Readjuster ticket, and chairman of the Republican State Central Committee. The letter read as follows:

LYNNWOOD, June 10, 1881.

Albert Bennett, Esq.:

My Dear Sir,—I have directed the secretary to call a meeting of the State Central Committee to meet in Richmond on the 21st day of June. I hope you will be in attendance, as business of importance will be transacted. I have seen the President, and he is in favor of a coalition with the Readjusters to beat the Republicans this fall. Yours truly, JOHN F. LEWIS,
Chairman State Central Committee.

After reading it the President handed it back, with the remark that he had not seen that gentleman since the Convention.

In further replying to Mr. Spitzer the President said that no one was authorized to promise appointments for him or threaten removals; that in making appointments to office at all times he proposed to use his own judgment, and not to be dictated to by any man, and that his appointments should always be made—first, with a view to the public good; and second, as to the capacity and character of the applicants. He was opposed, he said, to the "boss" system in politics, and did not propose to give the patronage of any State to any one man.

In reference to the current rumors in Virginia, he added: "You know, gentlemen, how many false statements get into the newspapers, and how impossible it would be for me to follow them up."

General Wickham then said: "Mr. President, will you not go a step further, and say that you will not allow men to be removed from office because they are staunch Republicans, who desire to stand squarely on the Republican platform as they believe to be right? I ask you this because it is currently stated that these removals are being made and Democrats appointed."

The President instantly replied that there could be no instance mentioned in Virginia where he had appointed Democrats to office, and that his whole record as a Republican should be a sufficient guarantee. The interview then terminated.

A STRAIGHTOUT TICKET.

In reply to inquiries as to the probable action of the Virginia Republicans, General Wickham said that the State Central Committee had been called to meet in Richmond on Tuesday next, the 21st instant, at which, no doubt, it would be decided to call a State Convention for the purpose of putting a straightout Republican ticket in the field. Mr. Bennett, of Buckingham, states that at a meeting of over eleven hundred colored Republicans at Buckingham Courthouse last Monday it was decided to await the action of the regular Republican Convention, and that the colored voters will undoubtedly abide by the action of that body.

[From the Washington Star of last night.]

THE REPUBLICANS ENTIRELY SATISFIED.

General Wickham and those with him expressed themselves to a *Star* reporter as entirely satisfied with the interview. They regarded the President's declarations, especially that with regard to repudiation, as a substantial condemnation of the Readjusters. General Wickham says a Republican convention will be held, and that it will nominate a regular ticket and make one of the hottest, hardest fights ever seen in Virginia. The other members of the Executive Committee all spoke to the same effect, and they unanimously expressed the opinion that General Wickham will be the nominee for Governor.

NO CHANCE FOR THE MAHONE TICKET.

Mr. Spitzer, of Richmond, a native Virginian, said that the Republicans have now a better organization than last fall. He said further that there is no chance of success for the Mahone ticket under any circumstances; that if the Republicans were foolish enough to abandon the field in the name of coalition the Bourbons would sweep the State.

John F. Lewis and the Capitation-Tax

[From the Chicago Times, Independent.]

Considered from a moral standpoint the argument of Mr. John F. Lewis (candidate for Lieutenant-Governor of Virginia) for a repeal of the Virginia capitation-tax is simply abominable. It is that the repeal would add to that gentleman's party the effective force of "from forty to fifty thousand colored votes." The voters are not disfranchised by the capitation-tax, which applies alike to all electors in Virginia, of every color and shade. They are not disfranchised at all. They are lawful voters, who are only disabled from delivering their votes by their own refusal, neglect, or failure to pay a small contribution to the support of the government in which they wish to participate. It needs no change of any law to give them such participation. It needs only that they should make a small contribution to the support of government, instead of looking to government as paupers for support. Whether there be forty thousand or forty millions of electors in Virginia who are non-contributors to the support of government, there is no moral or equitable ground on which they can claim any right to participate in actual government, nor on which they should be suffered to do so.

INDIGNANT REAJUSTERS OF PRINCE WILLIAM.—The following letter is published in the Manassas *Gazette*. It is dated Manassas, June 14th, and signed by "Many Voters of the Readjuster Club of this Place":

We beg leave to occupy a small space in your paper to denounce a political trick and fraud perpetrated by one D. W. Lewis, a colored political huckster, who undertook to represent the Readjusters of this county in the Convention held in Richmond on the 2d instant. This Lewis is neither a citizen of this county nor a citizen of this State. He was not sent from here to represent our people. Indeed, we do not consider him worthy to represent honest people.

It is a question with many of the voters of this county as to whether they can support the nominees of the said Convention unless an explanation is satisfactorily made as to how and upon whose credentials this sneak got into the said Convention. This political huckster has upon several occasions undertaken to mislead our people, but we gave him to understand that Washington's scum couldn't dictate to us our political duty in Virginia. Knowing this, he boasted that he would see General Mahone. If such creatures as this Lewis are the pets and instruments of General Mahone, then we can have but little confidence in the Readjuster chieftain. In conclusion, we warn our friends not to be imposed upon by this political tramp, Lewis, or any of his class.

THE FIFTY-TWO READJUSTER VOTES OF RAPPAHANNOCK.—The Rappahannock *Echo* says: Fifty-two Readjuster votes in this county were represented by five delegates—in other words, one delegate represented ten and two-fifth votes—and by this basis the Readjuster Convention was very large. The Democrats cast in this county last fall 938 votes. Should every ten and two-fifth votes be represented in Convention by one delegate this would give Rappahannock a little over ninety and one-fifth delegates; and if the State should be represented upon the same basis our Convention would be composed of about 8,100 delegates, who would fill every church and theatre in Richmond.

We learn from the *Grayson Clipper* that Rev. Philip Shuler, of that county, who, as our readers recollect, figured so conspicuously in the Readjuster Convention at this place a couple of years ago, and who received such a severe lambasting from our friend Alexander Dickenson, has deserted wife, children, home, and friends, and eloped with a young and handsome servant-girl; or, in other words, readjusted his domestic relation. This is generally the sequel when a man who pretends to have been called of God to preach the Gospel so far forgets his sacred mission as to enter the arena of politics, and becomes one of the many who are scrambling for place and power.—*Hillsville Virginian.*

The Norfolk *Landmark*, in copying a paragraph about the Breckinridge statue, says: We have copied the above from the Washington *Star* with great pleasure; for it tells us that the just fame of our Virignia sculptor is growing as it ought. He is a man of noble genius, charming character, and great not only in promise in his art, but also in performance. Knowing these things, we are glad that a Virginian is to do the work for Virginia's noble daughter, and when the work is done we know what the verdict will be upon it in advance.

Mr. Sheets, of Hampton, is at Washington for the purpose of purchasing Herdics to run from Old Point to Hampton.

The Celebration at Yorktown.

The Congressional Commission on the Yorktown Centennial is perfecting arrangements for the forthcoming celebration. The ceremonies, beginning October 18, 1881, will be conducted according to the following programme:

October 18, 1881.—The meeting will be called to order by Senator J. W. Johnston, of Virginia, chairman of the Congressional Commission. Prayer. Music by a quartette and a chorus of one hundred voices. Introductory remarks by Senator Johnston. Music. Address of welcome by Governor Holliday, of Virginia. Music. Laying of the corner-stone of the monument by Peyton S. Coles, Grand Master of the Masons of the State of Virginia, assisted by the grand masters of the twelve other original States. Music.

October 19, 1881.—Address by the President of the United States. Oration by Hon. Robert C. Winthrop, of Massachusetts. Poem by James Barron Hope, Esq., of Virginia. Ode by Paul Hayne, Esq., of South Carolina.

October 20, 1881.—Grand review of the military.

October 21, 1881.—Grand naval review in Hampton Roads.

It is believed that the military pageant on the 20th will be the main feature of the celebration. It is estimated that 15,000 troops will participate, of whom 4,000 will be troops of the United States army. Two regiments of French troops will also take part. It is not known precisely what military organizations will take part. Thus far the States responding, accepting invitations, have given notice of sending troops as follows: Connecticut, one regiment; Vermont, two companies; Massachusetts, a battalion of four companies; New York, the Thirteenth regiment, National Guards; New Jersey, a battalion of picked troops; Pennsylvania, three regiments; Delaware, five companies; Maryland, Fifth regiment, National Guards; North Carolina, 1,200 militia; South Carolina, one battalion of State troops; Mississippi, several companies; Louisiana, several companies; Michigan, 500 troops; Wisconsin, two companies; Virginia, nearly every military organization in the State. Major-General Getty, United States army, will have command of the troops, and Colonel H. C. Corbin, United States army, will be master of ceremonies. The Governors of all the States named above, their staff, and various civic bodies will be present. The naval review will be participated in by the vessels of the South Atlantic squadron, with all other vessels that can be spared in addition.

Virginia Elopers Married.

Yesterday morning, on the arrival of the Midland train at the Sixth-street depôt, a couple disembarked that attracted the attention of the experienced officials, who have a sharp eye for passengers in pairs on matrimonial thoughts intent. The young man was attired in his Sunday best and the young lady in gauzy white, but both were somewhat dusty from travel. Before leaving the depôt a bootblack was called upon, and he dusted them off, in addition to blacking up the shoes of each; after which they went to the City Hall, where Mr. Clancy, the assistant clerk, furnished the requisite marriage-license, filled up with the names of Charles A. Ambler and Almira G. Wilson, both of Sudleyville, Virginia. Being directed to the residence of Rev. Dr. Sunderland, they went there, and that gentleman soon tied the matrimonial knot for them. They spent the hours until the time of their departure for home in looking around the city. It appears from the statement of the wedded pair that while the mother and sisters of the young lady were perfectly willing for the marriage to take place, her father objected. About six months ago the young man asked the old gentleman and received a positive refusal. He concluded to await his opportunity, and the young lady having a few days ago left her father's residence to visit his uncle, the lover made up his mind that the time had arrived, and his sweetheart being willing, they took the train for this city, and were made happy, as recorded.—*Washington Star.*

Washington News Items.

The *Star* of last night has the following:

Government receipts to-day: Internal revenue, $388,285.65; customs, $592,689.

During the week ended to-day there were received at the Treasury $1,624,000 in national-bank notes for redemption, against $2,354,000 received for the corresponding week of last year.

The Department has received about $45,000,000 coupon fives for continuance at 3½ per cent. There has been received at the London agency about $15,000,000 of these bonds for continuance. This leaves about $58,000,000 of coupon fives of which no notification of continuance has been received. It is expected, however, that nearly the whole $58,000,000 will come in.

Secretary Hunt will some time in July make a tour of inspection of the navy-yards and stations on the Atlantic coast.

A special telegram to the *Star* says: It has now become evident that Conkling is pushing the investigation with the view of placing himself before the country as an anti-corruption and anti-monopoly leader, with the view of being a candidate for President on that issue.

An Awful Slaughter of Roosters.

CINCINNATI, June 17.—A great cock-fight took place yesterday at Avondale, in the suburbs of this city, lasting from 6 in the morning until 10 o'clock at night. Over two thousand people were present, and all the sporting characters in this section of the country, and especially of Kentucky, were noticeable around the pits. Five hundred cocks were fought, ten mains going at once, and one hundred and fifty of the combatants bit the dust. Vast sums of money changed hands, and the scene all day was a veritable pandemonium. Pool-sellers drove a thriving business before and during the slaughter, and there was considerable feeling manifested between the backers of the various feathered knights of the pit.

AN ILL-ASSORTED COUPLE.—Van Rensselaer Morgan, who was a lieutenant in the Confederate navy, filed a bill in Washington for a divorce from his wife Martha A. Morgan on the ground of incompatibility of temper and cruelty. She has filed a cross-bill though her counsel, Henry Wise Garnett, in which she claims he has spent the money her father left for his own benefit. In 1878 her mother died and left her between $1,400 and $1,500 and a few unimproved lots in Richmond, Va. This money she has been compelled to use to procure the necessaries of life, as her husband refused to provide them, although he is an employé of the District government and receives $100 per month. Under these circumstances she asks for divorce from bed and board, custody of the youngest child, and alimony.

Mr. Henry Bergh, president of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals, has written a long letter to the New York State Association for the Protection of Fish and Game protesting against the "slaughter" of 20,000 pigeons proposed by the Association to be used as targets to test the skill of members at the Coney-Island tournament.

W. G. McCabill, the printer who fatally shot a striking printer in Pittsburgh day before yesterday, worked at his trade in Washington for three years. He left this city for the West about four months ago. He is a native of Lynchburg, Va., and is a single man, not over twenty-two years of age.—*Washington Post.*

The New York *Times*, commenting on the interview between General Wickham & Co. and the President, says: It is evident, however, that superserviceable persons have been promising official patronage in Virginia, as they have been in New York, without any warrant of authority.

A lady of San Francisco has written to Lieutenant Berry asking to be taken on the Arctic expedition, with the proviso that if found an encumbrance she may be thrown overboard to the whales.

HORSFORD'S ACID PHOSPHATE TONIC IN FEEBLE DIGESTION.—I have found Horsford's Acid Phosphate to be a good tonic where there was enfeebled digestion.—G. Schlagenhauf, M. D., Altamont, Ill.

THE LATEST NEWS.

BY TELEGRAPH TO THE DISPATCH.

Heavy Loss by Fire in Warrenton, N. C.—Destruction of Cincinnati Oil- and Soap-Works by Fire—The Augusta and Knoxville Railroad Refuses to Sell its Stock—A Wisconsin Fire—Distillery Destroyed at Bethany, Pa.—A Chicago Faster's Boastings—The President Leaves Washington—Harvest in Northampton County—Albany Deadlock—Kerosene Explosion and Murders in Texas, &c.—Foreign Notes—Canadian Church-Burning Stopped—Swiss Socialist Congress—The Alleged Blowers-Up of the Liverpool Town Hall—Southern Railroad Securities in England.

Two Fatal Accidents.

[Special telegram to the Dispatch.]

NORFOLK, VA., June 18.—A white boy was accidentally burned to death at Atlantic City this afternoon. Day before yesterday Mark Gregory, of Princess Anne county, was kicked under a loaded cart by a vicious horse, and then run over the neck by the vehicle and killed. Gregory was on his way to Norfolk to attend market.

Fire in Warrenton, N. C.—Heavy Loss.

NORFOLK, VA., June 18.—A private dispatch has just been received here about a fire which swept over two thirds of the business part of the town of Warrenton, N. C., last night. The following are among the losers: J. W. Waddell, store and goods, $3,500; John R. Johnston & Sons, store and goods, $5,500; C. Kotzentine & Co., $4,000; Warrenton Hotel and furniture, $3,000; McDowell & Co., druggists, store and stock, $2,500; Bank of Warrenton building, $1,500 (deposits were saved); John R. White & Sons, store and goods, $7,000; Parker & Watson, store and goods, $6,000; M. C. Crow & Co., $3,500. There were some more cases which were not ascertained. The losses are about one half covered by insurance.

Disastrous Conflagration in Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, O., June 18.—The Miami Oil- and Soap-Works' buildings and machinery, owned by J. J. Best, and situated on Fifth street, was totally destroyed by fire this morning. The building was of brick, three stories high besides the basement and sub-cellar. It fronted 120 feet on Calvert street, 160 feet on Fifth street, and 80 feet on Eggleston avenue. The fire started at 3 o'clock this morning and completed its work at 11 A. M. to-day, when the walls fell in. The engines will have to work all of to-night and most of to-morrow (Sunday). The loss is $200,000, the insurance $60,000, distributed in many companies.

Destructive Fire in Wisconsin.

LOSS OF LIFE—THREE HUNDRED MEN THROWN OUT OF EMPLOYMENT.

CHICAGO, June 18.—A dispatch from Milwaukee says: W. W. Hutchinson's woollen-factory and J. F. Atkinson's chair-factory at Appleton, Wis., were burned yesterday. Loss on the former, $55,000; on the latter, $50,000. Hutchinson's insurance, $24,500. An old man named Morton fell from a building and was killed. August Boethe, an employé, perished in the flames. Three hundred men were thrown out of employment.

Distillery Burnt at Bethany, Pa.

PITTSBURGH, June 18.—A special dispatch to the *Chronicle* from Scottsdale, Pa., says that Dellinger & Son's distillery and warehouse at Bethany, Pa., was destroyed by fire yesterday. The loss is $150,000; partially covered by insurance.

The Albany Deadlock.

ALBANY, June 18.—The joint vote for senator in place of Roscoe Conkling resulted as follows: Jacobs, 34; Conkling, 20; Wheeler, 29; Cornell, 5; Lapham, 13; Crowley, 2; Folger, 1; Tremaine, 1. No choice.

During the voting Mr. Spinola rose and said: "Mr. President, I have been requested to announce that until Tuesday next Charley Edwards is paired with Jimmy Davis." [Roars of laughter.]

President Hoskins: "No member of this convention knows better than the gentleman from New York that any such announcement here is entirely out of order."

Mr. Spinola: "Then I withdraw it." [Renewed laughter.]

The Chicago Faster—Twenty-One Days Without Food.

CHICAGO, June 18.—At the close of the twenty-first day of the fast, at noon to-day, John Griscom weighed 168¼ pounds—a loss of 1¼ pounds in the last twenty-four hours, during which he drank 32 ounces of water. For the first time since the start, to a question as to his condition Griscom did not respond that he "never felt better in his life." On the contrary, he complained of headache and of not having been rested by his night's sleep, and his eyes were unnaturally bright, and his whole appearance showed that there had been a decrease in vitality in the last six hours. He says, however, that it is only for the time being, and that he will settle into his usual comfortable condition again. His pulse at rising was 58, but at noon 82; respiration, 16; temperature, 98 2 5.

Casualties and Crime in Texas.

GALVESTON, June 18.—A special to the *News* from Houston, dated June 17th, says: Two little sons of Mr. George German, who resides three miles from this town, while playing near a fire, overturned a can of kerosene oil into it, causing an explosion. Both of the children were so badly burned that one is dead and the other is not expected to live.

A San Antonio special says: "At Saint Hedwig, twenty miles southeast of this city, a Mexican named Pedro Lajano, formerly employed by a planter named Nicholas Studyk, but who was discharged on the suggestion of Mrs. Studyk, went on Thursday night to the planter's house and attacked Mrs. Studyk with a knife, nearly severing her windpipe. He then mounted one of the best horses in the neighborhood and escaped. Mrs. Studyk is not expected to live."

Augusta and Knoxville Railroad.

PROPOSITION OF THE BALTIMORE AND OHIO RAILROAD REFUSED.

AUGUSTA, GA., June 18.—The directors of the Augusta and Knoxville railroad held a meeting to-day. The proposition of the Baltimore and Ohio railroad to subscribe $200,000 to the stock of the road, the money to be used to build a branch to Elberton, was declined by a unanimous vote. The city of Augusta will retain control of its stock, and neither the Baltimore and Ohio railroad nor the Clyde syndicate will get it.

Big Crowd at Coney Island—Racing and Other Sports.

CONEY ISLAND, June 18.—The crowd here to-day was unprecedentedly large. The weather was very warm, and the track was in magnificent condition. The first race had sixteen starters. Charlie Gorham and Little Pat were scratched. Betting was very heavy. Milan was the favorite, with Dan. K. as second choice. Victim won the first race by a head; Big Medicine second, and Marchioness third; time, 1:424. Glenmore won the second race; Monitor second; time, 3:58¼.

Crops in Northampton.

FREDERICKSBURG, VA., June 18.—Harvesting has commenced in Northampton county, which is about one week later than usual. The yield will exceed the average, as there has been an exemption from the ravages of insects, and the temperature and weather have been favorable. The oat crop is general.

An Alabama Postmaster.

MONTGOMERY, ALA., June 18.—The news of the removal of Mr. J. W. Roberts, the posmaster here, has created a sensation. His administration has given great satisfaction, and an immense petition will go to President Garfield urging his retention. The business community are a unit in his favor.

Garfield at Long Branch.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 18.—President Garfield, Mrs. Garfield, and their three children, Colonel Rockwell, and Dr. Boynton and wife left here to-day for Long Branch.

Incendiary Attempts Thwarted.

QUEBEC, June 18.—Attempts to burn two Roman Catholic churches of St. Sauveur have been discovered and thwarted here.

LATEST FOREIGN NEWS.

The Liverpool Town Hall.

LIVERPOOL, June 18.—McKevitt and McGrath, who are charged with attempting to blow up the Town Hall here on the 9th instant, were examined by the Government to-day. The prosecuting solicitor said that he did not intend to go into the question of Fenianism, as the case would stand on its own merits. McKevitt, he said, had denied any connection with the Fenians, but the regular delivery at his lodgings of the *Irish World*, with his printed address as though he was a regular subscriber, would be proved. An analytical chemist had ascertained that the bomb used in the attempt was filled with nitro-glycerine. McGrath's landlady, he said, would prove that he (McGrath) possessed some piping similar to the bomb, and that he had been secretly engaged in hammering something.

At the close of the evidence the prisoners were committed for trial. McGrath was then charged alone with causing the late explosion at the police barracks.

Fatal Explosion on an English Iron-Clad.

LONDON, June 18.—A dispatch from Goletta, Tunis, to Reuter's Telegram Company says: "An explosion occurred on board her Majesty's iron-clad steamer Monarch while preparations were making for a torpedo-practice. One officer was killed and several sailors injured."

LONDON, June 18.—The *Times*, in its financial article, says: "We believe it is contemplated to suspend the meeting of the Anglo-French Commission for negotiating a new commercial treaty in the course of the next week."

No Objection to Foxhall.

The Paris correspondent of the *Sportsman* says: The report about an objection to Mr. Keene's Foxhall as winner of the grand prizes of Paris is entirely untrue. Weatherby had all the requisite papers, including the veterinary certificate of Foxhall, although the French Jockey Club does not require that a certificate shall be lodged in Paris when entries are made abroad. Not only has no formal objection been made, but a remittance for the amount of the grand prize has been sent to the Messrs. Weatherby to be added to Mr. Keene's account.

Italians Hiss French Troops.

A dispatch from Marseilles, dated at midnight, says: "As troops that had just disembarked on their return from Tunis were marching through Rue Republique hisses were heard from the Italian National Club. A crowd surrounded the club-house and demanded the removal of the Italian escutcheon from the building. The commissary of the police advised its removal, but the president of the club peremptorily refused to have it removed. The prefect of police endeavored to restore order, and sent for *gendarmes*, but before their arrival the deputy mayor and municipal councillor, in spite of the protests of the prefect, tore down the escutcheon. The crowd was afterwards dispersed and the approaches to the club-house occupied by troops."

Southern Railways in England.

LONDON, June 18.—A prospectus has been issued of the Alabama, New Orleans and Texas-Pacific Junction Railway Companies. The prospectus states that the object of the companies is to acquire a link which must eventually connect Atlantic cities with New Orleans, the Gulf of Mexico, and the Tran-Mississippi system of railroads. The first issue will be £150,000 in £10 preferred shares, of which it is stated £100,000 are already taken.

Resignation of Ministers.

BUCHAREST, June 18.—The Minister of War, Minister of the Interior, and Minister of Finance have resigned in consequence of an adverse vote of the Chamber of Deputies.

Swiss Socialist Congress.

BERNE, June 18.—An appeal has been lodged with the Federal tribune against the prohibition of the Socialist Congress by the Zurich authorities.

Germany.

BERLIN, June 18.—Emperor William has appointed Herr Von Puttkummer to be Minister of the Interior and Herr Von Gopler to succeed Herr Von Puttkummer as Minister of Public Worship. He has also granted to Prince Bismarck leave of absence to recruit his health, appointing Baron Von Butticher as his substitute.

France.

MARSEILLES, June 18.—The Italian Consul has expressed to the prefect of police his regrets for the scene at the Italian National Club during the passing by of the returning troops from the Tunisian expedition yesterday.

HUB PUNCH.

A DELICIOUS DRINK FOR USE IN FAMILIES, HOTELS, CLUBS, PARTIES, ETC.

HUB PUNCH.

BOSTON: C. H. GRAVES & SONS.

THE "HUB PUNCH"

has lately been introduced, and meets with marked popular favor.

IT IS WARRANTED TO CONTAIN ONLY THE BEST OF LIQUORS, UNITED WITH CHOICE FRUIT JUICES AND GRANULATED SUGAR.

It is ready on opening, and will be found an agreeable addition to the choice things which undeniably enlarge the pleasures of life and encourage good fellowship and good nature if rightly enjoyed.

GOOD AT ALL TIMES.

JUST THE THING TO KEEP IN WINE-CELLARS.

SIDEBOARDS NOT COMPLETE WITHOUT

HUB PUNCH.

IT CAN BE USED CLEAR OR WITH FRESH MILK, ICE, SODA, OR HOT WATER, LEMONADE, OR WITH FINE ICE, TO SUIT THE TASTE.

Sold by leading wine-merchants, grocers, hotels, and druggists everywhere.

Trade supplied at manufacturers' prices by CHRISTIAN & WHITE, Grocers, 814 Main street, Richmond, Va. ja 9-dSu,W&F6m

MINERAL WATERS.

SCHŒN'S MINERAL-WATER DEPOT.

On draught from the new and elegant Mammoth Arctic Soda Fountain:

SODA WATER,	BETHESDA,
KISSENGEN WATER,	BUFFALO LITHIA,
VICHY WATER,	PONCE DE LEON,
DEEP ROCK WATER,	SUMMIT,
SELZER WATER,	GINGER ALE,
SARATOGA WATER,	OTTAWA BEER,
GEYSER WATER,	BIRCH BEER,
CONGRESS WATER,	APOLLINARIS,
EXCELSIOR WATER.	

Have also made arrangements with Messrs. Purcell & Ladd to sell their WOLF-TRAP LITHIA.

My BOTTLING ESTABLISHMENT having been enlarged and fitted up with improved apparatus, I am prepared to supply the trade with my unrivalled GINGER ALE, SODA, and other carbonated beverages in bottles and in fountains.

GEORGE SCHŒN.
Eleventh and Main streets.
ap 24-Su,W,F3m

REDHEAD'S BAKING-POWDER.

REDHEAD'S BAKING-POWDER IS SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHERS.

It is always uniform in strength, reliable in quality, and made from the best materials.

It never fails. Your bread and biscuits are light and well raised, and your cake perfection.

It makes every cook a good one.

Saves time, temper, and money, aids digestion and keeps the household happy.

WILLIAM JENKINS & CO.,
1518 Main street,
Wholesale Agents.
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FINANCIAL.

RICHMOND STOCK EXCHANGE.

SATURDAY, June 18, 1881.

SALES.—183 Virginia deferred at 14; 12 Virginia black scrip at 15; 250 tax-receivable coupon at 96½; 200 Richmond and Danville Railroad 6's, 1890, at 107¾; 2,000 North Carolina Railroad 6's at 99; 67 Virginia consol fractions at 133; 30 shares Richmond and Danville Railroad stock at 110¾, 17 do. at 111; 10 shares Atlanta and Charlotte Railroad stock at 80¾; 80 shares Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta Railroad stock at 57½, 45 do. at 58; 20 shares Petersburg Railroad stock at 37½; 10 shares Richmond and Alleghany Railroad at 69¾, 10 do. at 69¾, 120 do. at 69.

EVENING SALES.—$83.33 Virginia peeler scrip at 37½; 1 share Richmond and Danville Railroad at 110¾; 100 shares Richmond and Alleghany Railroad at 69; 20 shares Charlotte, Columbia and Augusta Railroad at 58, 30 do. at 57½.

STATE SECURITIES.	Bid.	Asked.
Virginia 10-40's, J. and J	55½	56½
Virginia consols, J. and J	84	85
Virginia peelers, J. and J	41½	46
Virginia deferred, J. and J	15	...
Virginia interest certificates	14	...
Virginia tax-receivable coupons	...	96½
North Carolina 4's, J. and J	89	...
CITY BONDS.		
Richmond city 8's, J. and J	132	135
Richmond city 6's, J. and J	114½	116
Richmond city 5's, J. and J	105	107
Petersburg city 8's, F. and M	115	118
Petersburg city 8's, spec'l tax	115	...
Petersburg city 6's, F. and M	100	...
Lynchburg city 8's, J. and J	125	...
Lynchburg city 6's, J. and J	108	110
Norfolk city water 8's, M. and N	125	...
Manchester 8's, tax-receivable, M. & S	85	...
Manchester bridge 8's, M. and N	70	90
RAILROAD BONDS.		
C. and O. R. W. 6's, 1908, J. & J	90	...
C. and O. R. W. 6's, 1918, J. & J	65	...
C. and O. R. W. purc. 6's, 1898, J. & J	113	...
C. and O. R. W. purc. 6's, 1887, J. & J	102	...
Va. and T. R. R. 2d mort. 6's, J. & J	105	...
Va. and T. R. R. 3d mort. 8's, J. & J	120	...
South S. R. R. 1st mort. pref. 8's, J. & J	112	...
South S. R. R. 2d mort. pre. 6's, J. & J	105	...
South S. R. R. 3d mort. pref. 6's, J. & J	105	...
Nor. and P. R. R. 1st mort. 8's, J. & J	102½	...
Petersburg R. R. 1st mort. 8's, J. & J	130	...
Petersburg R. R. 2d mort. 8's, J. & J	121	122½
R., F. and P. R. R. mort. 8's, J. & J	116	...
R., F. and P. R. R. ext'd 6's, J. and J	106	...
R., F. and P. R. R. mort. 7's, J. & J	115	...
R., F. and P. R. R. mort. 6's, J. & J	105	...
O. and A. R. R. 2d mort. 6's, J. & J	125	...
R., Y. R. and C. R. R. 8's, J. & J	118½	125
R. & D. R. R. consol 6's, 1885, M. & N.	104	...
R. & D. R. R. consol 6's, 1886, M. & N.	107¾	...
R. & D. R. R. gold 6's, J. & J	105¾	105½
R. and A. R. R. 1st mort. 7's, J. & J	112½	...
Piedmont R. R. 1st mort. 8's, A. & O.	111	...
Atlanta and Charlotte 7's, J. & J	114	...
A. and C. income 6's	95	96
C., C. and A. R. R. 1st mort. 7's, J. & J.	112	...
C., C. and A. R. R. 2d mort. 7's, A. & O.	105¾	106½
North Carolina Railroad 6's	98½	99
Western N. C. R. R. 7's, M. & N	107½	...
RAILROAD STOCKS.	Par.	
C. and O. Railway common	100	30	...
A., M. and O. R. R.	100	26	31
Richmond and Petersburg R. R.	100	102	103½
R., F. and P. R. R. common	100	81	...
R., F. and P. R. R. 6 per c. guar.	100	102	...
R., F. and P. R. R. 7 per c. guar.	100	116	...
Connection Railroad	...	70	...
R. and D. R. R.	100	110¾	111½
R., Y. R. and Ches. Railroad	100	90	100
Richmond and Alleghany R. R.	100	69¼	69¾
C., C. and A. Railroad	100	58	59½
A. and Char. Air-Line Railway	100	81¼	81½
Norfolk and Western preferred	100	62¼	63½
Petersburg Railroad	100	37½	37¾
BANK STOCKS.		
First National	100	130	...
National Bank of Virginia	100	98	...
Citizens Bank	25	21½	23
Bank of Commerce	25	25	...
City Bank	25	25¼	...
Petersburg Savings & Ins. Co.	20	24	26
INSURANCE COMPANIES.		
Virginia Fire and Marine	25	34	...
Virginia Home	25	28	...
City Fire	25	23	...

By Telegraph.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, June 18.—*Noon.*—Stocks feverish and unsettled. Money, 3@3½