Richmond Dispatch.

THURSDAY.....AUGUST 24, 1882.

MANCHESTER AND VICINITY.

Briefs.—Judge F. R. Farrar, of Amelia, who lectures to-night in Morrissette Brothers' new hall for the benefit of Clopton-Street Baptist church, has chosen for his theme those two subjects brimful of fun, "The County-Court Lawyer" and "The Halifax Overseer."

Chesterfield grangers who visited the city yesterday after the rain were of the opinion that it made no difference now whether the balance of the crop season was hot or cold, that the corn was made anyhow.

Yesterday morning about 2½ o'clock a fire commenced in the grocery of T. M. Fendley, opposite Court-House Square, on Hull street, which was put out before any considerable damage had been done. It is thought that the flames were communicated accidentally.

Mr. William T. Foster is confined to his home, on Bainbridge street, having been severely injured by being caught between two cars at the wharf opposite Rocketts two days since.

The entertainment of the ladies for the benefit of the Presbyterian church which came off at that edifice last night was much increased in attractiveness by the pleasing and skilful vocalism of Mrs. William P. Knowles, of Richmond, (*nee* Miss Jennie Jones, of this city,) and Mr. Thomas Marshall, also of Richmond.

RICHMOND, VA., August 23, 1882.

To the Editor of the Dispatch:

In your answer to inquiry of "A Widow" in the *Dispatch* of to-day I understand you to say that the furniture of a tenant can be levied upon for the taxes, real and personal, due by the landlord upon the property.

If this be so, what protection has the tenants? Must they go and examine the records to see if taxes are all paid before renting? A large majority of us are ignorant of such a law, believing that real estate alone could be sold for taxes upon the same, and in no case was a renter liable for taxes upon the property. Please answer and oblige, TENANT.

N. B. If tenants' furniture is sold for taxes, how can they recover?

See Code of Virginia of 1873, chapter 37, sections 4 and 10, pages 374 and 375, for answer to the above questions.

Connubial Confab.

HOW HE DEMONSTRATED THE EGYPTIAN PROBLEM AND HOW SHE COMPREHENDED IT.

To the Editor of the Dispatch:

I enclose a scrap of a connubial confab to which I was auditor last night.

He deemed it his duty to explain to his wife the relative positions of the Sultan, the Khedive, Arabi Pacha, the European Powers, etc. The elaboration occupied quite half an hour, and the town bell had tolled 11. The sleepy listener's brain was confused with memories of the chapter in Holy Writ of the Israelites crossing the Dead Sea, intermingled with the effort to classify present events.

"Are you listening, Bella?"

"Of course, Eddie," reproachfully, "and I understand every word you say."

"Well, if you do, its the first time in your life. Tell me, what office does the Khedive hold, and what relation does he sustain to the Sultan?"

"Well," hesitatingly, "he's his son, and led the Eyptians across the Dead Sea, and"——

An expletive followed as a yell, and a sound of a pillow slammed on the floor. "Confound it all! I said so. I had just as well been talking to a pine-blank idiot. You've got no sense! All women are idiots." Sobs came in quick succession. "There, you've waked the baby. I hope you are satisfied. You've kept me awake for full two hours listening to your rigmarole. All women fools, are they? Who told me this evenin' I ought to get a GREEN dress, just the color of that cloud? And last night when the baby had the colic, who sent for the doctor to cut its darling little gums, when I told you it was colic? I've got just as much sense as you any day; and I don't care if your Arabi Pacha slaughters every Egyptian in Asia and the Sultan keeps killin' the European Powers. Plenty of 'em left in the United States. One of 'em keeps a drugstore in Richmond now, and I tell you one thing"——

But the infuriated husband beat a retreat into another chamber. M. H. S.

Original and Hitherto Unpublished Letter from William Wirt to his Friend, William Pope, of Powhatan.

RICHMOND, June 8, 1833.

My Dear Pope:

* * * * * * * *

I am now waiting only for my carriage from Baltimore to be off to the Virginia springs. I shall hope to meet you there, my dear Pope. I feel that we have not long to remain together in this world, and you are one of the few objects of my affections here that I should like to have in view when my eyes are closing. I am in no hurry that they should close, and hope I may survive this struggle, but I know that I may not, and trust that I may be able to meet the event whenever it may be with resignation. In myself I have neither hope nor trust, but know that I can do all things, my Redeemer strengthening me. *Look to Him*, my dear friend, and *to His Gospel as He has given it to us.* The mercy of God has been the flattering unction which many a poor mortal has applied to his soul and ruined it. It is true that God is merciful, but let us never forget that He is *just, too*, and he cannot be just and yet justify sinners like us but through the atoning merits of the Lord Jesus. Would that we could but receive the gospel in its own simplicity and purity; and O, how simple, pure, and beautiful it is as it fell from the lips of the Redeemer! How it moves the heart and affections; how sweet and soothing; how it makes us love the whole human family; how it does gild even the prospect of death, and what a heavenly vision does it open beyond the grave. Do you read that Divine Book, my dear Pope—the gospel of the Lord Jesus? I wish you would read it daily, and twice a day at least. Do not be afraid of it. It is one of the best of friends; "sweeter to the taste than honey and the honeycomb," "sweet as the breath of morn," as its fragrance floats around us on a spring morning. It requires only to be taken up *kindly, willingly, confidingly*, to impart all its sweets, and oh! what a tranquillizer and sweetener it is in such a life as ours. Excuse me for pressing the subject on you. It may be needless. I hope it is. But you know that I love you, and therefore naturally wish your company not only in time, but in eternity. May God Almighty bless you. May the Lord Jesus smile on you and mark you for his own. Give my love to dear Lucy and her children and to Mr. Dabney, and once more, may God bless you all here and hereafter. Your friend, WILLIAM WIRT.

William Pope, Esq., Powhatan.

Bostonians have long been justly proud of their Young's Hotel for its fine cuisine and excellent management. Immensely popular with gentlemen, ladies have not heretofore been admitted to its hospitalities; but its proprietors have just completed an extensive addition, with special reference to their accommodation and comfort. Seven stories in height, five of which are furnished in mahogany, with every modern improvement, and luxurious in its appointments; the annex contains a hundred rooms, fifty of them with baths, connecting parlors in large numbers, and a splendid ladies' dining-room, with entrance on Court street near Washington. The house is conducted on the European plan. In "Young's" Messrs. Hall & Whipple have now one of the finest hotels in the country. The same proprietors are building, on the site of the Adams House, on Washington street, to be finished in about a year, a hotel of 300 rooms, to be conducted on the European plan.

A GOVERNOR'S DISGRACE.

Cornell, of New York, Under Grave Charges—His Fraudulent Acts as a Director Shown, and How the New Penal Code Meets Them—A Possible Indictment Against Him for Obtaining Money by False Pretences Through the "Blind Pool"—His Albany Defeat.

[New York Herald.]

The Astor House, Koster & Bial's restaurant, and the Barclay-street chop and beer houses, in all of which politicians daily congregate, continued yesterday to be filled with gossip and discussion upon the revelations about Governor Cornell. The same topic occupied the smokers on the iron steamboats to and from Coney Island, and the loungers there upon the piers or in the hotels. Indeed, the "Governor's blind pool" has already become a popular phrase, and "D'ye want me to invest in District Telegraph" has been adopted as a new synonym for "no you don't." The Half-Breeds in all these places seemed exceedingly disconcerted when they heard the news about the Albany conventions. Discussions sprung up in the court-house corridors regarding the extent to which the Governor had made himself criminally liable.

A lawyer who has been for twenty-five years or more constantly connected, and who still is connected with the practice of the criminal-law courts, was asked yesterday by a reporter of the *World* to inform it what procedures could be taken if what the Albany *Journal* had said about Governor Cornell was true, and if what Mr. Gould, Mr. Dillon, Mr. Sage, Mr. Johnson, and Mr. Tillotson have repeated should be put into the form of affidavits.

"The Tillotson matter is new to me. What is it? I have read all the rest."

The following from the *Herald's* Saratoga correspondence, as the result of an interview with Mr. L. G. Tillotson, was then carefully read by the lawyer:

"In October, 1878, Mr. Cornell at the annual election of the American District Telegraph Company made a board to suit himself, consisting mostly of his political friends, who had never been stockholders in the company, leaving in the direction of the old Board the president, E. W. Andrews, and myself. Mr. Cornell at this time was very much embarrassed in a pecuniary sense. I suggested to him, knowing his impecuniosity, that he ought to avail himself of the opportunity to make some money of the District Telegraph stock. This conversation took place in his own house. He said that he would see me on the following day. He came to my house at that time, and told me that he had concluded, if he could get any money to go into a pool, to buy 10,000 shares of that stock. I offered to furnish the money if he could buy at a price that would be advisable. He then gave me to understand that he would see me on the following afternoon. On the following afternoon, upon coming into my office, I was informed by my partner that Mr. Andrews, president of the American District Telegraph Company, had been there to see me, and seemed very anxious. On the following day, on my way down town, I stopped at Mr. Andrews's office. He informed me that on the previous morning, the morning after Mr. Cornell had spent the evening with me, he came to his office and said that he desired $30,000 of the company's money. He directed the drawing of three checks of $10,000 each to the order of Hotchkiss & Burnham, stockbrokers. The following conversation then took place between Mr. Andrews and myself:

"'Whose stock note did you take for this money, Mr. Andrews?'

"'The note of Mr. Cornell's son (who had just attained his majority).'

"'Do you consider him responsible for $30,000?'

"'I have no idea that he has any responsibility financially.'

"'Is there any collateral for the loan?'

"'Mr. Cornell says he has put up stock of the company as collateral.'

"'Who is the custodian of the collateral?'

"'Mr. Cornell himself, in his capacity of treasurer and vice-president.'

"'Have you seen the securities, Mr. Andrews?'

"'No, sir.'

(The checks had to be signed by the president and assistant treasurer.)

"'What purpose do you think Mr. Cornell required the money for?'

"'Undoubtedly for speculating in the stock of the company.'

"'Do you think that this was right, Mr. Andrews, and what authority had you for doing it?'

"'To show you how I felt,' Mr. Andrews further replied, 'I came to your office at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon with these checks unsigned, knowing that you would demur to the transaction, and so demurring I should have positively refused it, but not finding you and knowing that the price of my refusal without such justification would be the loss of my position, I obeyed orders, and signed the checks at your desk.' I then called the assistant treasurer of the company, Mr. Hotchkiss, and made inquiries of him which substantially drew out the same information I had received from Mr. Andrews. Immediately on returning to my office I forwarded my resignation as director in the company. As soon as practicable thereafter I also sent written communications to each individual director, reciting the affair and warning them of the danger of such transaction. The records of the company will substantiate everything I state. It is notorious that Mr. Cornell used that money to speculate in the stock of the company; that he so manipulated it as to cause an advance to between 70 and 80 per cent., realizing to himself a large profit, which enabled him to pay off a large amount of judgments filed against him in the county clerk's office New York. The payments were made a few days before his nomination for Governor. A previous loan had been made to Mr. Cornell on bonds of the Gold and Stock Telegraph Company, thus leaving $40,000 of the company's surplus in his hands, or nearly all of the available funds (which had previously been loaned on call with governments as collateral)."

"This is a serious story against any man, provided that Mr. Tillotson is trustworthy," said the lawyer.

"He certainly is trustworthy. Mr. L. G. Tillotson is known throughout the Union in his business as a manufacturer, importer, and dealer in railway and telegraph supplies at Nos. 5 and 7 Dey street and 143 Centre, and as a man of high integrity. Furthermore, he actually supported Governor Cornell's family at one time of the Governor's financial straits."

"Very well—then—then"— Here the lawyer hesitated and said: "Oho! Then that transaction must have been the reason why the Governor hesitated about approving the Penal Code." The lawyer then jumped up and took down a copy of it from his shelves. "Here we are. Section 591 is an adaptation of the British statute forbidding a director from pledging the shares of his company without the knowledge and authority of his fellows, and making such an act a misdemeanor. Cornell seems to have been in this sort of business so much that his sharp eye must have caught that section, and he must have thought 'why should I prohibit others from doing what I did?' Then he must have reflected: 'Well, criminal statutes are not retroactive!' No! Cornell is safe from prosecution on the Tillotson story because the Revised Statutes do not cover this private and moral fraud."

"But how about the 'blind pool' fraud?"

"I will answer in this way: Were I a judge and called upon to charge the grand jurors, I should ask them to take the story as printed, and to summon Mr. Arthur Johnson and all the other victims of Cornell to testify whether they invested on the strength of the representations of Cornell and his agents, and believed the representations to be true; also to summon Mr. Gould, Mr. Sage, and Mr. Dillon to testify that Cornell had sole charge of the investments; also to summon Governor Cornell's broker, Hotchkiss—who is said, by the way, to be his partner—to testify from his books as to Cornell's manipulation of the stocks, and as showing a preconceived intention to defraud. Next I should charge the jury to find an indictment against Governor Cornell for obtaining money from other people by false, fraudulent, and deceitful representations."

GOVERNOR CORNELL'S BAD FIX.

[Philadelphia Times.]

Some very serious charges are now being made against Governor Cornell, of New York. He has been a candidate for renomination, and up to the present time has undoubtedly had the lead in the race. The Administration has been against Cornell, but has not given any direct evidence that it would make an open fight in opposition to his renomination. He was believed to be too strong to beat.

The Governor's opponents have evidently patiently awaited their time, and have made the blow most effective, now that they have struck. The charges which are made, and which seem to be sustained by ample evidence, are as disreputable as any brought against a man in such high office within the memory of anybody now living.

The charges, which are made by Mr. Jay Gould and sustained by more reputable parties, are to the effect that Governor Cornell made what is called a blind pool to purchase certain stock, and then got a number of people into it. The street was properly worked, and everybody hurried to buy the stock. When the Governor had got the price up he sold, and left his coparceners out in the cold. In this operation the Governor was enabled to make something over 100 per cent. on his stock, while the others were doubtless badly caught.

Nobody will have any sympathy for them, but there can be but one opinion of a high official who thus uses his influence. It is not easy to see why anything better should have been expected of Cornell. He had no record to commend him to the high office to which he was lifted by Arthur and Conkling. He had been, like Arthur, a machine politician, who scrupled at nothing to accomplish his ends, and his election was opposed by many thousands of Republicans who could not forget the respect due themselves.

If Governor Cornell can meet these charges it will be necessary for him to do it without a day's delay. For the present, however, it looks very much as if his enemies had broken him down. The unfortunate part of the matter is that with Cornell out of the field it may be possible for the Administration to dictate the nomination. That is something the Republicans of New York ought not to want.

HARD ON NEW YORK'S GOVERNOR.

[Philadelphia Record.]

Governor Cornell, of New York, has made the disagreeable discovery that he who takes soup with a certain personage must have a long spoon. When he refused to sign the swindling bill to exempt the elevated railroads from a large amount of taxation, Gould, in his rage, told of the Governor's "blind pool" operations in telegraph shares. Had Cornell consented to betray the people of New York, Gould would, of course, never have mentioned the "blind pool" affair, in which Gould figures as the innocent victim of the Governor's superior wiles. In the tax matter Cornell appears to have carefully balanced the advantages, and to have come to the conclusion that it would be better for him to break with Gould and Conkling than with the people of New York. Gould remains true to his character of a wrecker. He has totally wrecked Cornell's chances of being reelected Governor, for the people of New York will never have for their Chief Magistrate a man who, while Governor, was engaged in a questionable stock transaction with Gould. The connection is fatal to Cornell's reputation for integrity, notwithstanding his effort to redeem himself by vetoing Gould's impudent elevated railroad bill. As a result the people of New York will probably have for next Governor a man whom Jay Gould and his agents cannot even approach with corrupting propositions. Thus, even Jay Gould, with all his malignity, sometimes unwittingly performs a public service.

A special to the *Herald*, dated Albany, 22d, states that the Republican conventions in the First, Second, and Third Assembly districts of that county to elect delegates to the State Convention at Saratoga September 20th were held to-day, and the result is that Cornell fails to get a single city delegate.

Kentucky Philosophy.

You Wi'yum, come 'ere, suh, dis instance. Wu' dat you got under dat box?
I do' want no foolin'—you hear me? Wut you say? Ain't nu'h'n' but *rocks!*
Peahs ter me you's owdashus p'ticler. S'posin dey's uv a new kine?
I'll des take a look at dem rocks. Hi yi! der yer think dat I's bline?

I calls dat a plain water million, you scamp, en I knows whah it growed;
It come fum de Jimmerson cawn-fi'l', dah on ter side er de road.
You stole it, you rascal—you stole it! I watched you fum down in de lot,
En time I gits th'ough wid you, nigger, you won't eb'n be a grease spot!

I'll fix you, Mirandy! Mirandy! go cut me a hick'ry—make 'ase!
En cut me de toughes' en keenes' you c'n fine anywhah on de place,
I'll larn you, Mr. Wi'yam Joe Vetters, ter steal en ter lie, you young sinner.
Disgracin' yo' ole Christian mammy, en makin' her leave cookin' dinner!

Now ain't you ashamed er yo'se'f, sur? Hi, I's 'shamed you's my son!
En de holy accorjan angel he's 'shamed er wut you has done;
En he's tuck it down up yander in coal-black, blood-red letters—
"One water-million stoled by Wi'yam Josephus Vetters."

En wut you s'posen Brer Bascom, yo' teacher at Sunday school,
'Ud say ef he knowed how you's broke do good Lawd's Gol'n Rule?
Boy, what's de raisin' I give you? Is you boun' fuh to be a black villum?
I'se s'prised dat a chile er yo' mammy 'ud steal any man's water-million.

En I's now gwiner cut it right open, en you shain't have nary bite.
Fuh a boy who'll steal water-millions—en dat in de day's broad tight—
Ain't—*lawsy!* IT'S GREEN! Mirandy! Mi-ran-dy! come on wi' dat switch!
Well, stealin' a g-r-e-e-n water-million! who ever yeered tell er des sich?

Cain't tell w'en dey's ripe? W'y, you thump um, en w'en dey go pank dey is green;
But w'en dey go *punk*, now you mine me, dey's ripe—en dat's des wut I mean.
En nex' time you hook water-millions—*you* heered me, you ign'ant, you hunk,
Ef you do' want a lickin' all over, be sho dat dey ailers go "punk!"

[*Harrison Robertson, in "Editor's Drawer," Harper's Magazine for September.*

Wonderful Echo in the Baptistry.

A correspondent, writing from Turin, Italy, to the St. Paul (Minn.) *Sunday Globe*, says:

Taking the express from Rome that leaves Turin at 7 o'clock in the evening, one can go there in sixteen hours, but

PISA,

you know, is on the way, and it was impossible to resist the temptation of spending a day in that most interesting place. We went conscientiously through various art galleries, through the cathedral where still hangs the bronze lamp whose vibrations are said to have suggested the pendulum to Galileo; through the Campo Santo, all over the Campanile, or famous Leaning Tower, and near night we entered the Baptistry, a beautiful edifice entirely of marble, and built in a circular form. We were weary from sight-seeing; our heads felt fairly saturated, to use Hawthorne's expression, and we walked on listlessly, paying little attention to the loquacious guide. We stopped under the cupola to look at the wonderful baptismal fonts, and the guide turned suddenly, saying, "sing the first three notes of the common chord." As I had not been listening, I thought it a wild thing for him to ask in this peremptory way, and was startled into immediately obeying, and gave the three notes distinctly. The result was most delightful and astonishing, for a wonderful echo burst upon our ears, sending back not only the three notes given, but furnishing the fourth, and in every chord, where only three notes were given, the fourth was immediately given by the echo. Another voice soon joined in, and the effect was that of a numberless choir singing in most exquisite harmony. Echo after echo rolled back, now near, now far, growing all the time sweeter and more unearthly, and at last floated away and seemed to play about the edge of unseen clouds, until mortal ear could no longer distinguish it. This unexpected pleasure was a most happy ending to a day rich with memories of olden times that stole over us "like a kindly ghost that rises and floats by with a sweet and solemn smile."

Until very recently crystalized anhydrous glucose was obtained only from alcoholic solutions. Of late, however, Herr Arno Behr has discovered that glucose as described can be obtained from watery solutions. This result may be attained by putting some crystallized anhydrous glucose in a concentrated aqueous solution of glucose—one containing, say, 12 to 15 per cent. of water. But even this is hardly necessary. No crystals need be added. Pure glucose alone at a high temperature will suffice to produce crystallization, and the syrup will leave the crystals easily when the mass is subjected to the usual centrifugal process in cane-sugar manfacture.

A Prophecy!

[For the Dispatch.]

Of all the monstrosities which ever have grown,
The worst that's been seen, or the worst that's been known,
Is the unnatural policy of Billy Mahone.
A course, (which his followers now do bemoan,)
Of I take the fat, and you take the bone.
He now sees the ardor of his best men abated,
And ere long his plans will be asphyxiated.

READJUSTER.

Richmond, August 23, 1882.

Nerves, brain, and muscles, gain strength and the power of endurance by using Brown's Iron Bitters.

WANTS.

WANTED, PURCHASERS FOR A NICE COW AND CALF, said to be a fine milker, on consignment and for sale by TALIAFERRO & CO., au 24-2t No. 111 south Twelfth street.

WANTED, TWO CONNECTING ROOMS (unfurnished), with board and use of bath, within five minutes' walk of the Capitol, for a gentleman and wife. Address H. W. R., care of *Dispatch* office. au 24-1t*

WANTED, CONFEDERATE BONDS, CONFEDERATE STAMPS, CONFEDERATE BUTTONS, CONFEDERATE BOOKS. C. F. JOHNSTON, 918 Main street. Send for catalogue of FIVE-CENT MUSIC. au 24-3t*

WANTED, WOMEN AND GIRLS TO live in private families in New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut. J. P. JUSTIS, Labor Agent, No. 9 Fifteenth street. au 23-2t*

AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY PORTION of the United States by the GULF CITY MATRIMONIAL ASSOCIATION of Mobile, Ala., for unmarried white persons, male and female. Organized and chartered for twenty years, under the laws of the State of Alabama, July 7, 1882. Plans original. New features. In Classes A and B members can marry at the expiration of three months, and in Classes C and D members can marry in less than three months, or at any time after joining C or D. All classes—A, B, C, and D—can be joined by the same person. References given. Correspondence solicited for members and agents. Opportunity of a lifetime for agents. Certificates, $3,000. Address by letter Lock-Box 726, Mobile, Ala.; or in person at the office, 32 St. Michael street, Mobile, Ala. Mention this paper. au 17-10t*

MISSISSIPPI MATRIMONIAL AID ASSOCIATION issues MARRIAGE BENEFIT CERTIFICATES to unmarried white persons in sums from ONE to THREE THOUSAND DOLLARS. Reliable, active agents wanted in every city and town. For particulars address J. M. WARE, Secretary. au 5-diSe2&w2t* Starkville, Mississippi.

A LADY WISHING TO OBTAIN A SITUATION as teacher in a family or school will give instruction in English, French, Music, and the rudiments of Latin. References given. Address Miss V. M., care of Joseph Strat, Jr., Tazewell Courthouse, Va. au 11-1m

LOST, STRAYED, AND STOLEN.

ESTRAY.—TWO COWS, ONE spotted brindle, white feet and brass tip on one horn; the other a pale red, white on back and belly, and white tail, were taken up by the police. The owners can get them by applying at Second police station (New Market). JOHN POE, JR., au 24-1t* Chief of Police.

LOST OR MISLAID, A NEGOTIABLE NOTE for $4,000 made by E. S. Pendleton and Stephen Hunter, payable to their own order five years after February 21, 1878, the date thereof, at the Planters National Bank of Richmond. All parties are warned against trading for the same. Any information concerning it will be thankfully received by A. M. KEILEY, au 24-3t Attorney for parties.

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT, LARGE BRICK DWELLING, No. 512 north Fifth street, with thirteen rooms, including kitchen and servants' rooms—large and desirable rooms, with high-pitched ceilings. This house will be put in good order. Rent, $450 per annum. Possession given 1st of September. Apply to G. S. VASHON & SON, Agents, au 24-3t No. 7 Tenth street.

FOR RENT, THAT DESIRABLE AND VERY FERTILE FARM at Mechanicsville, containing 327 ACRES, the property of the late George Cunningham. There is a STORE attached to the farm, it being one of the best stands in the county. Also, PLEASURE-GROUNDS with DANCING-PAVILION. The dwelling is large and in first-rate condition, the outbuildings of the most substantial character, and the land, as is well known, very fertile. Apply to GEORGE H. POINDEXTER, au 22-eod1w Real Estate Agent.

FOR RENT, DWELLINGS.

No. 512 east Leigh street, 14 rooms.
No. 312½ south Third street.
No. 518 north Ninth street, 9 rooms.
No. 1313 Ross street, 10 rooms. Apply to
au 20-Su,Tu&Th3t H. L. STAPLES & CO., 1103 Main street.

HOTEL FOR RENT.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY FOR A No. 1 HOTEL-KEEPER.

I have just completed a NEW HOTEL, situated in the centre of the business portion of the city, built in the most improved style of architecture, with mansard roof; has sixty-five bed-rooms, parlors, and large dining-room. Office on first floor. Gas, water, and electric bells. Terms moderate. For further particulars call on or address A. SUMMERFIELD, au 19-1m Danville, Va

SEED, &c.

TURNIP-SEED! TURNIP SEED!—We are now offering our large stock of TURNIP SEED at reduced prices, and solicit a call from buyers. We also have RELIABLE WINTER KALE at 40c. per pound, and SPRING KALE from 8c. up, according to grower. WILLIAM H. SCOTT, Druggist, corner seventeenth and Franklin streets, au 23-1m Richmond, Va.

FRESH AND RELIABLE TURNIP-SEEDS from D. LANDRETH and ROBERT BUIST, JR., Philadelphia, at 40c. per pound; CURL-KALE SIBERIAN, at 45c. per pound; SMOOTH KALE, for fall sowing, at 10c. per lb.; RED CLOVER, $6.50 per bushel, at L. E. SALE'S Drugstore, au 22-Tu,Th,&Sat1m Venable street.

SEWING-THREAD.

THE PEOPLE APPRECIATE MERIT.

EAGLE AND PHENIX

PERFECT BALL SEWING-THREAD,

COLUMBUS, GA.

SMOOTHEST, STRONGEST, BEST.

SOLD BY ALL JOBBERS.

1880. 1881.

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MERCHANT TAILORS.

JOHN LATOUCHE, PAUL LATOUCHE.

SPRING GOODS! SPRING GOODS! STILL IT PAYS

FINE TAILORING AT MODERATE PRICES

JOHN LATOUCHE & SON, NO. 4 NORTH TENTH STREET.

Call and examine THE MOST *RECHERCHE* STOCK IN THE CITY. fe 15-eod

AUCTION SALES—Future Days.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF STOCK OF GROCERIES, FIXTURES, IRON-SAFE, &c., AT AUCTION.

I will sell on TUESDAY, AUGUST 29, 1882, commencing at 10 o'clock, at store No. 701 east Main street, the entire stock of GOODS, consisting of GROCERIES, BOOTS, SHOES, NOTIONS, EARTHENWARE, TOBACCO, and CIGARS. The FIXTURES in the store, consisting of one IRON-SAFE, SCALES, OIL-TANK, three SHOW-CASES, COUNTERS, and SHELVING, will also be sold. TERMS: Sums over $50, sixty days, for approved paper; under $50, cash. JOSEPH W. BLANTON, Trustee. Sale conducted by E. B. COOK. au 24

By R. B. Chaffin & Co., Real Estate Auctioneers.

AUCTION SALE OF THE ENTIRE OUTFIT OF THE ST. CHARLES HOTEL, EMBRACING PARLOR FURNITURE, DINING-ROOM AND CHAMBER FURNITURE, ALL IN GOOD ORDER.

At the request of the proprietor we will sell at public auction, on the premises, on FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 1, 1882, at 1 o'clock P. M., the entire FURNITURE of the St. Charles Hotel, at the corner of Main and Fifteenth streets. The house is completely and nicely furnished throughout, and all the furniture is in good condition, embracing in part, ENTIRE SUITS PARLOR FURNITURE; DINING-ROOM FURNITURE, embracing TABLES, CHAIRS, CROCKERY, GLASS, and SILVERWARE in large variety; The chambers are well furnished with SUITS ENTIRE, MATTRESSES, LINEN, &c. The articles of furniture are too varied and numerous to mention in further detail. This sale offers a rare opportunity for hotel- or boarding-house keepers to supply themselves with everything they may need. TERMS: Announced at sale. R. B. CHAFFIN & CO., au 20 Auctioneers.

By Grubbs & Williams, Real Estate Agents and Auctioneers, Eleventh street between Main and Bank.

TRUSTEES' SALE OF THE VALUABLE FARM "MIDWOOD," CONTAINING 182 13-100 ACRES, ON THE CHARLES CITY ROAD ABOUT THREE MILES BELOW THE CITY, TOGETHER WITH SUNDRY PERSONAL PROPERTY, AT AUCTION.—In execution of a deed of trust from G. D. Pleasants and Samuel Garbright, trustees, and by S. W. Godsey and wife, dated August 5, 1880, and duly recorded, being thereto required, we will sell by auction, upon the premises, on TUESDAY, AUGUST 29, 1882, at 4½ o'clock P. M., the FARM above referred to, formerly owned by G. D. Pleasants, and well-known as one of the most valuable inland farms near the city, highly improved and especially adapted to the growth of grass and small grain. The improvements consist of a comparatively new DWELLING, with six rooms; a BRICK LODGING-HOUSE, with four rooms; large new barn, and other out-houses. At the same time, will be sold 2 MULES, 1 HORSE, 1 DOUBLE PLOW, 1 WAGON and HARNESS, 2 SINGLE PLOWS, and 1 HARROW, conveyed in said deed. TERMS: Cash sufficient to defray expenses of sale and to pay a note for $750 at fifteen months from August 5, 1880, and a note for $90 at twenty-four months from same date, and credits to meet notes, all dated August 5, 1880, as follows: $794.44, at 27 months; $135, at 36 months; $794.44, at 39 months; $180, at 48 months; $794.44, at 51 months; $225, at 60 months; $794.44, at 63 months; $270, at 72 months; $794.44, at 75 months; $315, at 84 months; $794.44, at 87 months; $360, at 96 months; $794.44, at 99 months; $405, at 108 months; $794.44, at 111 months; $450, at 120 months; $794.44, at 123 months; and credit payments to bear interest from day of sale, and the residue of purchase money to be payable as the grantors may prescribe, or in case of their failure so to do, then as the trustees may direct. JAMES H. CRENSHAW, JAMES PLEASANTS, } Trustees. GRUBBS & WILLIAMS, Auctioneers. au 17

By Sampson & Adamson, (successors to John P. Sampson & Brother,) Real Estate Agents, Manchester, Va.

TRUSTEE'S SALE OF A VALUABLE HOUSE AND LOT, SITUATED ON TWELFTH STREET, MANCHESTER, VA., AT PUBLIC AUCTION.—By virtue of a certain deed of trust, executed to the undersigned by A. Monteiro on the 1st day of April, 1875, and of record in the clerk's office of the Hustings Court of the city of Manchester (default having been made in the payment of the several notes thereby secured, and being required by the holder of said notes), I will sell at public auction, on FRIDAY, AUGUST 25, 1882, on the premises, commencing promptly at 4 o'clock P. M., the following PROPERTY—to wit: A HOUSE containing seven rooms, in good repair, with lot fronting 33 feet on Twelfth street, between Stockton and Everett streets (lately occupied by Dr. Monteiro), and running back 122 feet to an alley 20 feet wide. This property, situated as it is in one of the very best localities, should attract the attention of parties desiring to purchase a first-class residence. The provisions of the deed require cash, but liberal terms may be agreed upon on day of sale. W. L. COWARDIN, Trustee.

ON THE SAME DAY, AND IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE ABOVE SALE (say 4½ o'clock P. M.), by virtue of a deed of trust executed to James M. Moody, deceased, by Tabitha Maxey, on the 7th day of April, 1874, and of record in the Hustings Court clerk's office, Manchester, Va. (default having been made in the payment of the several notes therein described and secured, and being required by the beneficiary in said deed so to do), I will sell at the above-mentioned time, on the premises, the following PROPERTY—to wit: A HOUSE containing four rooms, in good repair, situated on Fifth street, fronting 33 feet on said street, and running back 132 feet, between Everett and Maury streets. The terms of this deed require cash, but more liberal terms may be arranged on day of sale. JAMES M. PERDUE, Administrator of James M. Moody, deceased. au 13

By Furman Tupper, Real Estate Agent and Auctioneer, 1016 Main street.

TRUSTEES' SALE OF FRAMED HOUSE AND LOT, SITUATED ON FOURTEENTH BETWEEN DECATUR AND STOCKTON STREETS, IN THE CITY OF MANCHESTER.—By virtue of a deed of trust, dated August 25, 1880, from Joseph L. Lee—default having been made in the payment of certain notes therein secured—the undersigned trustees, being so required by the holder of the said notes, will sell on FRIDAY, AUGUST 25, 1882, at 5½ o'clock P. M., on the premises, the REAL ESTATE conveyed by said deed, which is situated as above described. The LOT fronts 44 feet on said Fourteenth street and extends back between parallel lines half the depth of the square, and has upon it a SMALL FRAMED DWELLING. TERMS: Unusually easy, and at sale. FURMAN TUPPER, ROBERT B. TAYLOR, } Trustees. FURMAN TUPPER, Auctioneer. au 10,11,13,15,17,20,22,23,24,25

REAL ESTATE AT PRIVATE SALE.

LARGE AND COMFORTABLY-ARRANGED BRICK DWELLING, No. 635, ON THE EAST SIDE OF FIFTH BETWEEN JACKSON AND DUVAL STREETS, FOR SALE.—This very desirable BRICK DWELLING, located as above, is for sale. It contains twelve rooms (including excellent basement), finished in handsome style; marble mantels in the two parlors, neat front portico, and iron veranda to the south, with a very large brick kitchen in rear. The lot has a front of 35 by 130 feet. TERMS: Very reasonable, and price accommodating. Apply to W. GODDIN & SON, au 22-3t Real Estate Auctioneers.

COMFORTABLE FARM OF FORTY ACRES ON THE NEW NORTH ROAD ABOUT TWO MILES NORTH OF RICHMOND FOR SALE.—At the request of Mr. George W. Carter, who wishes to remove nearer to his office as clerk of Henrico Circuit Court, we are authorized to sell his FARM, located as above, on which he resides, containing FORTY ACRES, of which 25 acres are cleared and 15 acres in woods. The improvements consist of an EXCELLENT DWELLING, containing seven rooms; and kitchen, barn, stable, &c. The neighborhood is an excellent one, with easy access by the Brook turnpike or by the North road. We will show it to those who may wish to examine it. Apply at once. TERMS: Reasonable. W. GODDIN & SON, au 15-eod6t Real Estate Agents.

FOR SALE.—AN ELEGANT RESIDENCE, with TEN ACRES, at private sale in Staunton, Va.—a city famed for health and educational advantages. All modern conveniences. Necessary out-buildings. Fine view. Handsome forest lawn, bearing orchard, and garden. Price low; terms easy. Apply on premises to MRS. J. W. MORRISON, or address S. D. MORRISON, Post-Office Box 2168, Denver, Col. au 10

FERTILIZERS, &c.

JAMES G. TINSLEY. I. DAVENPORT, JR.

JAMES G. TINSLEY & CO.'S PURE RAW-BONE MEAL.

Analysis by Dr. W. H. Taylor, State Chemist:

Moisture determined at 212 F.	
Phosphoric acid	6.78
Ammonia	24.77
	4.75

Our BONE MEAL is ground from dry western bones that have not been subjected to heat or steam, as the small amount of moisture and the large amount of phosphoric acid and ammonia will show. A comparison of the above analysis with the analysis of other fertilizers must convince all that our BONE MEAL is the cheapest plant-food. Call on MR. I. DAVENPORT, JR., First National Bank of Richmond, Va., or write to JAMES G. TINSLEY & CO., Hunslet post-office, Henrico county, Va. Terms: $40 per ton cash. au 17-1m

BOOK AND JOB WORK NEATLY EXECUTED at the DISPATCH PRINTING HOUSE.

RAILROAD LINES.

CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RAILWAY. SCHEDULE, TAKING EFFECT JULY 1, 1882.

DEPART RICHMOND: Fast line, 8 A. M. daily; Express, 10:15 P. M. daily; Charlottesville accommodation, 4 P. M. (except Sunday); for Norfolk and Old Point Comfort, 7:35 A. M. and 4:15 P. M. daily (except Sunday); Sunday special for Newport News and all stations, 7:35 A. M.

ARRIVE RICHMOND: From the West, 7 A. M., 9 A. M., and 7:30 P. M.; from Norfolk and Old Point Comfort, 11:25 A. M. and 10 P. M. Pullman sleeping-coaches to White Sulphur, Cincinnati, and Louisville.

Ticket-Offices: 1000 Main street, and at depot. H. W. FULLER, General Passenger Agent. C. W. SMITH, General Manager. je 30

DEPARTURE OF STEAMERS.

OLD DOMINION STEAMSHIP COMPANY. FOR NEW YORK.

This company will dispatch one of their splendid steamers—GUYANDOTTE, ROANOKE, MANHATTAN, OLD DOMINION, and RICHMOND—EVERY TUESDAY, FRIDAY, and SUNDAY. [For hours of sailing, see advertisement below.]

Steamers leave New York TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, and SATURDAYS at 3 P. M. from Pier 26 (new number), North river, foot of Beach street.

They have splendid saloons, state-rooms, and bath-rooms.

The fare, accommodations, and attentions are unsurpassed.

After-cabin fare to New York (including meals and berth), $10; round-trip tickets, $18; steerage, with subsistence, $7; without subsistence, $6.

Freights for points beyond New York forwarded with dispatch, and no charge made except actual expenses incurred.

Freight received until 6 o'clock P. M. daily.

For further information, apply to GEORGE W. ALLEN & CO., Agents, jy 29 Office Company's wharves, Rocketts.

FOR NEW YORK.—The Old Dominion Steamship Company's proposed sailings for the week following are: