BROWN'S IRON BITTERS.

STRONG FACTS.

A great many people are asking what particular troubles

BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

is good for.

IT WILL CURE
HEART-DISEASE,
PARALYSIS,
DROPSY,
KIDNEY DISEASES,
CONSUMPTION,
DYSPEPSIA,
RHEUMATISM,
NEURALGIA,
AND ALL OTHER SIMILAR DISEASES.

Its wonderful curative power is simply because it purifies and enriches the blood, thus beginning at the foundation, and by building up the system drives out all disease.

A LADY CURED OF RHEUMATISM.

BALTIMORE, MD., May 7, 1880.
My health was much shattered by Rheumatism when I commenced taking BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, and I scarcely had strength enough to attend to my daily household duties. I am now using the third bottle, and I am regaining strength daily, and I cheerfully recommend it to all.
I cannot say too much in praise of it.
MRS. MARY E. BRASHEAR,
173 Prestman street.

KIDNEY KISEASE CURED.

CHRISTIANSBURG, VA., 1881.
Suffering from kidney disease, from which I could get no relief, I tried BROWN'S IRON BITTERS, which cured me completely. A child of mine recovering from scarlet fever, had no appetite and did not seem to be able to eat at all, I gave him IRON BITTERS, with the happiest results.
J. KYLE MONTAGUE.

HEART-DISEASE.

VINE STREET, HARRISBURG, PA., December 3, 1881.
After trying different physicians and many remedies for palpitation of the heart without receiving any benefit, I was advised to try BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. I have used two bottles, and never found anything that gave me so much relief.
MRS. JENNIE HESS.

For the peculiar troubles to which ladies are subject IRON BITTERS is invaluable. Try it.

BE SURE AND GET THE GENUINE.
[de 30-cod1w]

WINTRY BLASTS.

WINTRY BLASTS BRING
COUGHS,
COLDS,
CONSUMPTION,
BRONCHITIS,
RHEUMATISM,
NEURALGIA,
PERRY DAVIS'S PAIN-KILLER
CURES
COUGHS,
COLDS,
CONSUMPTION,
BRONCHITIS,
RHEUMATISM,
NEURALGIA.

Provide against the evil effects of wintry blasts by procuring
PERRY DAVIS'S PAIN-KILLER.
EVERY GOOD DRUGGIST KEEPS IT.
[ja 2-eod1w Fel]

GEORGE W. LATIMER,
DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,
No. 731 WEST MARSHALL STREET.
Prescriptions carefully compounded at all hours. Orders by telephone, mail, or telegraph promptly filled.
Telephone No. 67. ja 2-1t

KIDNEY-WORT.

ACTS AT THE SAME TIME ON KIDNEYS, LIVER, AND BOWELS.
Trade KIDNEY-WORT Mark.
FOR THE PERMANENT CURE OF CONSTIPATION.
No other disease is so prevalent in this country as Constipation, and no remedy has ever equalled the celebrated KIDNEY-WORT as a cure. Whatever the cause, however obstinate the case, this remedy will overcome it.
PILES.—This distressing complaint is very apt to be complicated with Constipation. KIDNEY-WORT strengthens the weakened parts, and quickly cures all kinds of Piles, even when physicians and medicines have before failed.
☞ If you have either of these troubles
Price, $1. | USE | Druggists sell
KIDNEY-WORT.
Trade Mark.
[oc 10-Tu,Th(w)&SstAp3]

SWIFT'S SPECIFIC
CURES SCROFULA.
SWIFT'S SPECIFIC
CURES SORES.
SWIFT'S SPECIFIC
CURES ULCERS.
SWIFT'S SPECIFIC
CURES BOILS.
SWIFT'S SPECIFIC
CURES ERUPTIONS.
SWIFT'S SPECIFIC
CURES CATARRH.
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CURES ECZEMA.
SWIFT'S SPECIFIC
CURES RHEUMATISM.
SWIFT'S SPECIFIC
CURES SKIN DISEASES.
SWIFT'S SPECIFIC
CURES BLOOD DISEASES.
SWIFT'S SPECIFIC
REMOVES ALL TAINT,
HEREDITARY OR OTHERWISE.
SWIFT'S SPECIFIC
Is the Great BLOOD REMEDY of the age.
Write for full particulars to
SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGIST. $1 to $1.75 per bottle.
de 2-8s,TuSTh-cow

Richmond Dispatch.

TUESDAY.....JANUARY 2, 1883.

WEATHER REPORT.

INDICATIONS FOR TO-DAY.—For the Middle Atlantic States, increasing cloudiness, with light rain or snow, variable winds, mostly southwesterly, stationary or lower temperature and pressure.

LOCAL MATTERS.

The Annual New-Year's Daily Dispatch, put up for mailing, may be bought at our counter at three cents per copy.

New-Year's Day.

The suspension of business on the part of the Federal and State officials, the national banks, and some business-men gave to yesterday rather the appearance of a holiday, but it was a holiday confined to the few rather than to the many.

Of New-Year's receptions there were quite a number, and most of them were distinguished by the presence of beautiful and elegantly-dressed women and tables of substantials and delicacies—the best that the restaurants and confectioneries could furnish. Christmas is a holiday for our people of all conditions; it is, peculiarly, the holiday for the family. New Year's, on the other hand, belongs chiefly to adults of fashionable circles, and is the day for the renewal of friendships. By general calls it, in a few hours, affords one the opportunity of expiating for all sins of omission for the year gone. The ladies receive; the gentlemen call.

Such weather as we had yesterday—bright overhead, but profoundly slushy underfoot—was a highly favorable New-Year's day—for the liverymen. Carriages [they are not called "hacks" on the 1st of January] were in great demand. As for sleighs, they were very desirable, but almost unobtainable, except where the party was able to mount his own vehicle on runners. Despite slush, an unusual number of young men—and some of them well-to-do—foreswore the extravagance of hired vehicles, and on foot went from house to house. These and the other callers heard many genial and general observations on the state of the weather; many hearty expressions of happiness for them for the New Year; told some fibs as to why they hadn't called oftener during the old year; paid some compliments to the ladies and to "the set-out," and left with good wishes for everybody, and with design to repeat the same programme all along the line of their acquaintance.

A good many people received their friends through the medium of the card-basket tied to the door-bell. Here the ceremony was brief. All a caller had to do was to deposit, or cause to be deposited, his card in the basket, and then leave. This process was more expeditious than exhilarating.

Altogether the receivers and the received seemed to have had a good time, and to have enjoyed themselves with moderation, which of itself will do much to recommend the custom, and that particularly since Christmas is too often marked by excesses.

THE BAPTIST HOME.—The Baptist Home for Aged Women was formally dedicated and set apart for benevolent uses on yesterday. The exercises, brief but very interesting, were, despite the snow, witnessed and participated in by quite a number of ladies and gentlemen. Dr. Hatcher conducted the services, and had the assistance of Drs. Hawthorne, Pollard, Ryland, Jones, and Curry. The last made a short address, reciting the history of the enterprise, its distinct purpose, and the remarkable success which has crowned the efforts of the ladies.

The occasion was enjoyable. Those present were elated at the success of the movement and full of enthusiasm. Kind friends sent a number of necessary articles, and others will be sent to-day and during the week. Miss Sarah Ellett, a lady in every respect most suitable, was installed as matron. We learn that the applicants are already numerous, compared with the accommodations.

FUNERAL OF MRS. CHAUNCEY KELSEY.—The funeral of Mrs. Chauncey Kelsey, of Chicago, who died Saturday at the residence of her father, C. W. Smith, Esq., took place from No. 712 east Franklin street Sunday evening. The services were impressively conducted by Dr. Charles H. Read, of the Grace-Street Presbyterian church, whose remarks were peculiarly touching. The music was rendered by the quartette choir of St. Paul's Episcopal church. There was a large attendance of railroad officials, who with other friends testified their sympathy in beautiful floral tributes.

The remains were deposited in a vault in Hollywood.

STEAMSHIP SEIZED.—Yesterday morning United States Marshal R. P. Hughes seized the steamship Elpis, of the Centaur Line, Turner master, at West Point, on authority of a civic and maritime libel-warrant sued out by W. H. Thompson & Co., of New York. The steamship was lying at West Point loaded with a cargo of 5,000 bales of cotton, and was about to clear for Liverpool, England. The cause of the libel was a debt due Thompson & Co. by the steamship Preston, of the same line. The amount due was $6,300. The owner of the vessel was cabled in England, and the sum of the indebtedness will no doubt be forthcoming at once. If this is not done, the steamship will be disposed of to liquidate the obligation.

HUSTINGS COURT.—This morning at 11 o'clock the Hustings Court of the city of Richmond will hold a session. Judge Thomas S. Atkins, the newly-elected judge, will occupy the bench, the contest between himself and Judge George L. Christian, the late incumbent, having been arranged to this effect, with the understanding that the matter will be taken to the Supreme Court of Appeals, before whom the matter of contest will be settled.

POLICE COURT.—The following cases were disposed of yesterday:

Louisa James (colored), charged with trespassing on the premises of Mary Strother. Surety for her good behavior required in the sum of $100 for six months.

Carl Vonwiekie, charged with being a vagrant. Committed for ten days in default of surety.

Rosa Johnson (colored), charged with assault and battery. Discharged.

Robert Scott (colored), drunk and disorderly on the street. Discharged.

Howard Williams (colored), drunk. Discharged.

Patrick Bahan, a deaf mute, drunk. Discharged.

J. H. Gibb, charged with being disorderly on the street. Fined $2.

AID FOR THE POOR.—At the suggestion of a member of the Council it is announced that such of the poor as are in dire need can be supplied with fuel if they apply to any member of the Council in their ward. There have been several cases in which deserving poor people have had to burn their furniture in order to prevent freezing.

THE LECTURE TO-NIGHT AT MOZART HALL.—No lecturer is more welcome in our city than Dr. Willets, who lectures here to-night. This is his third visit, and each time his reception has been most cordial. He combines the humorous and pathetic in his lecture so admirably that he manages to please old and young, the serious and the gay.

TEMPERANCE LECTURE.—Miss Willard will deliver a lecture on temperance at Seventh-Street Christian church at 7:30 o'clock this evening. She is one of the most attractive lecturers of her sex in the country, being really gifted as a speaker. The friends of the cause she advocates will doubtless fill the house.

COUNCIL PROCEEDINGS.

Proposition From the Gas Committee for Better and Cheaper Gas—A New Truck Wanted by the Fire Committee.

The regular monthly meeting of the Common Council was held yesterday—present, Mr. Ellyson (president) and the following members: Messrs. Adams, Allen, Archer, Bahen, Bowie, Brauer, Campbell, Clarke, Ellett, Frischkorn, Gunn, Hargrove, Hayes, Higgins, Hooper, King, Metzger, Miller, Patton, Pizzini, Randolph, Rose, Straus, Turpin, and Weisiger.

STANDING COMMITTEES.

The following under this head is noted: The chairman of the Committee on Light presented the following, which was referred to the joint Committee on Light and Finance:

RICHMOND, January 1, 1883.

To the Honorable President and Members of the Common Council:

Gentlemen,—The members of the Committee on Light, since their appointment in July last, have diligently sought to familiarize themselves with the condition and needs of the department entrusted to their care. Their investigation has not been confined to the works owned by the city, but they have endeavored by correspondence and by personal inspection to become acquainted with the best methods of making gas that are known to the leading gas engineers of this country. They have carefully studied the various processes by which gas is made, and are thoroughly satisfied, after a careful comparison of the results accomplished by the different systems, that the best results are obtained by the process we now employ, and which is known among gas engineers as the "coal system." What we need is not a different process, but better machinery.

From the specifications and estimates herewith submitted we feel justified in assuring the Council that by an expenditure of twenty-five thousand dollars in improving our works in the manner indicated in the accompanying papers we can secure—

First—Such a supply of gas as will meet the growing demands of the city for many years to come.

Secondly—We can greatly improve the quality of the gas.

Thirdly—We can so reduce the cost of its manufacture that gas will not cost the city delivered in the holder more than sixty cents a thousand cubic feet.

In view of these facts we respectfully ask your adoption of the following resolution:

Resolved (the Board of Aldermen concurring), That the sum of $25,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, be placed to the credit of the Committee on Light, to be used for the remodelling of the works—the said $25,000 to be raised by the issue of bonds, or in such other manner as the Committee on Finance may deem best.

If this resolution is adopted and the improved machinery purchased we will not only greatly enlarge the capacity of our works, but we can greatly reduce our running expenses, and, according to the assurance of competent gas engineers, we will be able to manufacture gas of as good quality at as low a price as any other similar works in this country.

Respectfully submitted.

JOHN M. HIGGINS,
Chairman Committee on Light.

A proposition to put into service a new hook-and-ladder truck, to cost $3,000 per annum, was referred to the Committee on Finance. After the transaction of some other routine business the Council adjourned.

Personals and Briefs.

Judge Joseph Christian has entirely recovered from his late attack of sickness, and was out again yesterday. His many friends will be gratified to learn that he will remain in this city, and at once resume the practice of his profession.

The regular monthly meeting of the Board of Police Commissioners will take place Thursday.

Watch-night services were held in the Centenary Methodist church Sunday night, the old year being watched out and the new welcomed in with appropriate services.

The Sunday school of Clay-Street Methodist Episcopal church passed on Sunday a resolution of thanks for the valuable assistance rendered by Mr. John H. Hampton in getting up a magnificent Christmas-tree.

To-morrow the United States Court will meet at Alexandria, and there is a considerable amount of business to be transacted, including some election cases.

From the commencement of this snow the street-car managers have displayed great energy in keeping their cars running. The work was a very difficult one—especially the hauling of cars up hill—but fair success attended their efforts.

Lieutenant-Governor John F. Lewis yesterday instituted a suit for $10,000 damages against Drs. James B. McCaw and John S. Wellford and Policeman George H. Matthews for false arrest and imprisonment in connection with the late Medical-College trouble.

Mr. James Gilman, driver of the hose-carriage at the Third-Street engine-house, fell down Sunday morning at the corner of Third and Broad streets and broke both bones of his left leg just above the ankle.

Mr. Jacob Baughman fell down on Broad and Second streets Sunday and broke his leg.

At the meeting of the Bible-classes of Dr. Hoge's church Sunday Mr. James Pleasants read a tribute to the memory of Judge Ould—a paper in every respect worthy of the author and of the subject. Dr. James C. Southall has been urged to become the teacher of Judge Ould's Bible-class.

Upon the trial of criminal cases during the past year the Hustings Court of this city, by its judgments, imposed fines to the amount of $1,562.13, of which the sum of $476 has been collected by the Sergeant of this city, and for the remainder that officer has made his return of "no effects."

Rev. Dr. Minnigerode was better yesterday; he was able to walk about the room.

Dr. McCaw has been confined by sickness for some days.

It is still a matter of complaint at the Theatre that the young men will run in and out between acts, and subject ladies sitting on the row between them and the aisle to the unpleasant necessity of making room for them to pass.

It is too bad that it should be so. Nothing but public opinion will stop it. The proprietor cannot control the matter.

There is another grievance, however, which the proprietor can control. As is well known, a large number of the patrons of the Theatre are bald-headed men. It is awfully disagreeable for these to have a stream of cold air pouring in upon the back of their heads.

Yet such was the case continually last night. People were allowed to come to the inner door (middle aisle) and open it half way and peer in for five minutes at a time. With that door in that condition the draft was fearful. That door should be kept closed—at least in cold weather.

The Theatre will be more and more patronized the more the comfort of the patrons is studied.

The New Board of Visitors appointed by Governor Cameron Saturday for the Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and the Blind will meet in Staunton on the 10th instant. The members of this new Board are: Messrs. H. B. Harnsberger, Rockingham; A. K. Grim, Page; B. J. Craig, Augusta; Jacob Yost, Staunton; W. C. Elam, Louisa; James McCormick, Rockingham, and D. Dechert, Rockingham.

THE THEATRE LAST NIGHT.—Sam'l of Posen, in which Mr. M. B. Curtis plays the leading *rôle*—Sam'l Plastrick—was produced at the Theatre last night to a delighted audience. Sam'l, a youth of Hebrew parentage and Polish birth, commences life in America as a peddler, and rises to be a drummer, and it is of his adventures as such that the piece chiefly treats. Fun and frolic runs throughout. If you see it you are bound to be amused. It brings out the laughter whether you will or not. Drummers will appreciate it most intensely, but the humor is so cosmopolitan that it reaches all.

Sam'l will be repeated to-night.

Opera to-morrow night.

WINNING OVER A JUDGE.—This is the opinion of Judge J. T. Bossier, of St. Tammany parish, La.: "I have found St. Jacobs Oil to be very efficacious in sprains or bruises. I think there is no oil or liniment equal to it."

To Subscribers Richmond Telephone Exchange.

Subscribers who have not yet received copies of the new catalogue will please send to this office for them.

Please note following additions and changes to January 1, 1883:

NEW SUBSCRIBERS.

John Booker, No. 1310 east Cary street, L. S., No. 317.

E. P. Murphy, No. 2 north Twenty-first street, L. S., No. 319.

J. B. Pace, corner Adams and Franklin streets, L. S., No. 318.

S. Ullman's Son, No. 1820 east Main street, L. S., No. 316.

CHANGES OF LOCATION.

Joseph M. Blair, from 826 to 803 east Main street.

Carlton McCarthy & Co., from 916 to 805 east Main street.

T. D. WILKINSON, General Manager.

New-Year Pictures.

Beginning the new year, I make great reductions in my prices.
Cards, from $1 to $2 per dozen;
Cabinets, $3 per dozen;
Panels, $4 per dozen;
4-4, $1 to $2 each.
M. J. POWERS, 525 Broad street.

A Good Thing for Soup

is Tinsley's okra and tomatoes, and Tinsley's early June peas are small and tender. They can be bought of Joseph M. Blair, Grocer, 803 (Pace Block) Main street, at a low price.

Finest Old Java and Laguayra Coffees.

And the newest and most delicately-flavored Teas can be bought of Joseph M. Blair, Grocer, 803 (Pace Block) Main street.

Everybody will need for New-Year's day something good. W. D. Blair & Co. seven years ago imported one hundred casks of sherry. They have some of it left of all grades and at New York prices.

Mullet-Roe, direct from Wilmington, N. C., considered a great delicacy, especially in New Orleans.

The only place they can be had in Richmond is at W. D. Blair & Co.'s, 1109 east Main.

Supply very limited.

HECKER'S BAKING-POWDER is perfect in every respect, healthful, thoroughly reliable, uniform in strength, and its baking qualities cannot be surpassed.

CHOICE FRUITS FOR NEW-YEAR RECEPTIONS. Just received per steamer.
YELLOW BANANAS,
CALIFORNIA PEARS,
MALAGA GRAPES,
CATAWBA GRAPES,
CRYSTALLIZED IMPORTED FRUITS,
at reduced prices, at
A. ANTONI'S, Main street.

FANCY BOXES filled with Imported Fruits and French Candies for New-Year presents at ANTONI'S, Main street.

DON'T DIE in the house. "Rough on Rats." Clears out rats, mice, flies, roaches, bed-bugs. 15c

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES for Coughs and Colds: "I have used them for more than a dozen years, and think them the best and most convenient relief extant."—*Rev. C. M. Humphrey, Grats, Ky.*

"BUCHUPAIBA." Quick, complete cure, all annoying Kidney and Urinary Diseases. $1.

Surely as the birds in springtime, comes nature's demand for that most potent remedy for all bilious troubles—TARRANT'S SELTZER APERIENT.

CHRISTMAS, 1882.
DIAMONDS,
FINE WATCHES,
JEWELRY,
SILVERWARE,
PEARL OPERA-GLASSES.
C. LUMSDEN & SON,
823 Main street.

WATCHES AND JEWELRY.

GODDARD & MOSES,
JEWELLERS,
920 MAIN STREET.
We are now offering a beautiful assortment of
DIAMOND, SOLITAIRE and CLUSTER RINGS, DIAMOND EAR-DROPS, DIAMOND LACE- and SCARF-PINS at PRICES that cannot be equalled in *this city*.
An examination will convince you.
GODDARD & MOSES,
JEWELLERS,
920 MAIN STREET.

HANDSOME BASKETS filled with Choice Fruits for New-Year presents at ANTONI'S, Main street.

SAVE MONEY by having your printing done at the DISPATCH PRINTING-HOUSE. Good work, low prices, and satisfaction guaranteed.

AUCTION SALES THIS DAY.

QUARLES & McCURDY, 12 M., 800 kegs blasting powder.

WILLIAM H. LYNE & CO., 4 P. M., framed dwelling on Bryan street, in Howard's Grove.

E. HOLZINGER, High Constable, 10:30 A. M., furniture, stoves, iron safe, &c.

RICHMOND PROGRESS,
AN ILLUSTRATED REAL ESTATE PAPER.
Persons desiring to purchase property in the city of Richmond will have the *Progress* mailed them free of cost. J. THOMPSON BROWN,
Real Estate Agent,
ja 2-1t 1113 Main street.

HOLIDAY GOODS.

CHRISTMAS GOODS!
CHRISTMAS GOODS!
I am now receiving all the latest novelties in
CHINA, GLASS, and DRESDEN GOODS.
A nice line of
BRASS COAL-HODS and FIRE SETS.
Call and see them. E. B. TAYLOR,
1011 east Main street,
de 5 opposite Post-Office.

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS
FOR THE HOLIDAYS.
8x10 FRAMES, with Cord, Mat, and Nails, at 25, 50, 75c., and $1;
24x30 FRAMED CHROMOS, with Cord and Nails, at 90c.;
Over 100 styles CABINET FRAMES from 15c. upward—prices lower than ever;
Fine assortment of COPIES OF STEEL ENGRAVINGS (FRAMED), at $2.50 each, with Cord and Nails;
A fine lot of STEEL ENGRAVINGS to be sold very low, suitable for holiday presents
CORD and NAILS GIVEN AWAY with all frames;
$1 WORTH OF CHRISTMAS CARDS for 50c.;
CORNICES in every style, at low figures;
OIL-PAINTINGS, ENGRAVINGS, HAND-PAINTED PLAQUES, ALBUMS, EASELS, large and small, at
de 12 L. LEWIS'S, 912 Main street.

GOODS FOR THE HOLIDAYS:
MALAGA GRAPES, FIGS;
PINEAPPLE EDAM, YOUNG AMERICA, and PRIME CUTTING CHEESE;
MINCE-MEAT, PRESERVED GINGER,
STRAINED HONEY, SARATOGA CHIP,
MAPLE SYRUP, PRIME BUTTER,
NEW YORK and VIRGINIA BUCKWHEAT,
RAISINS, CITRON, CURRANTS, GELATINE,
CRANBERRIES and VENISON,
NUTS, ORANGES, and LEMONS, at
McCARTHY & HAYNES'S,
de 13 627 east Broad street.

WHAT EVERYBODY WANTS—PLENTY TO EAT AND CHRISTMAS FIRES. Best ANTHRACITE COAL for ranges and stoves; CROWN-HILL SPLINT, the peerless coal for open grates; FOR ST PINE WOOD, long and short. For all kinds of fuel call on
S. P. LATHROP,
de 22 Seventeenth street, at Draw-bridge.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

TO THE DISPATCH FROM ALL POINTS.

Affairs at the National Capital—Sudden and Sad Termination of President Arthur's Reception; Death of the Hawaiian Minister at the White House—Installation of Governor Cleveland at Albany—A South Carolina Lynching—Death of Leon Gambetta, France's Great Statesman—A Woman's Terrible Confession; She Murders Her Husband, Daughter, and a Stranger, &c.

Gambetta Dead.

SUFFOCATED BY CLOTTED BLOOD IN THE HEART.

PARIS, January 1.—M. Gambetta died at his residence at the Ville de Aurny at midnight. The death agony lasted two hours. M. Spuller, M. Ettienne, and Dr. Frinzal were present at the last moment. The physicians who attended M. Gambetta say his death was due to pyæmia, caused by suppressed erysipelas. The clot of blood which had formed in the heart suffocated the deceased. A plaster cast of his face was taken this morning. There will be an autopsy to-morrow. A state funeral, it is expected, will be given the deceased.

A SENSATION IN PARIS.

PARIS, January 1.—The death of Gambetta has created an immense sensation here. Groups were gathered on the boulevards by 9 o'clock this morning discussing it. Gambetta finally died quite peacefully. It is reported that he will be buried at Nice beside his mother. President of the Republic Grevy was much affected by the news.

A DEVOTED FRIEND OF AMERICA.

WASHINGTON, January 1.—The following was received to-day:

"*Paris*, January 1.—*Mr. Frelinghuysen, Secretary of State, Washington, D. C.:* The death of Leon Gambetta has caused a profound sensation in France. In his death the Government and people of the United States have lost a devoted friend, whose great admiration of our country and its institutions was expressed on all occasions. His death is to the members of this legation a great loss and personal sorrow.
[Signed] "MORTON."

A CONFIRMED HYPOCHONDRIAC.

LONDON, January 1.—The *Standard* says: An intimate friend of Gambetta states that he had become a confirmed hypochondriac. Weariness and disgust at the failure of his prospects may explain much that is mysterious of the life that has just closed.

THE DEATH AGONY.

LONDON, January 1.—A Paris dispatch in the second edition of the *Times* says: "The death agony of Gambetta began before midnight, after great suffering, which ceased when the agony began. The *République Française*, of which he was the proprietor, appears in black, but gives no details of the final scene. Messrs. Arnaud, Proust, and Hecht were also present at his death-bed. It is stated that he left no political testament. He made a private will on Saturday. A deep impression is produced here. The papers reporting his death are selling on nearly every street, and crowds are struggling to procure them. Telegrams were sent to President Grevy and other celebrities immediately after death. Gambetta died in a state of unconsciousness; but in the course of the afternoon he exclaimed:

"'*Je suis perdu. Il est inutile de dissimuler; mais j'ai tant souffert que ce sera une délivrance.*'

"His death is like a thunder-stroke amidst a bewildered nation."

THE EFFECT OF HIS DEATH.

LONDON, January 1.—The *Pall-Mall Gazette* of this evening says: "It is thought that the death of Gambetta will not break up the republic. It will have minor effects of very obvious importance. Though far too sagacious to be other than a convinced partisan of the republic, Gambetta has always been very susceptible of the force of French tradition. Liberalism all over Europe will deplore the loss of the great and remarkable figure of the statesman who used his truly virile mind for a noble cause, and who will live in French history among the most courageous and acute founders of the republic. The measure of his loss is the secret or avowed satisfaction with which it will be hailed by the reactionists and enemies of free government all over Europe.'

PARIS, January 1.—Gambetta's face is peaceful and his lips wear a smile.

WHAT THE BERLIN PRESS SAY.

BERLIN, January 1.—Almost all the newspapers have articles on Gambetta. The *Semi-Official Post* says: "The most eminent politician of France has departed. He was a man of strong passions and great power, who seemed still destined to play a great part in history. It is a significant question whether it would have been a beneficial one."

The *National Zeitung* says that Germany has lost a great enemy. Gambetta knew that his reputation in the future was bound with the war of revenge, and his whole energy was directed in preparing therefor. He may be said to have constituted himself a permanent danger to the peace of Europe.

The *Jugsblatt* says: "A man of uncompromising revenge is dead. His decease affords us better security for peace than any sort of alliances. His grandly-constituted character commanded certain respect even from his enemies."

LAST HOURS OF THE DECEASED.

PARIS, January 1.—For nearly twenty hours before Gambetta became unconscious he complained he was tortured with pain as if a ball of red-hot iron were inside of him. He had recently become asthmatic, and it was therefore not permissible to ventilate his room properly. Several times during his illness he spoke to M. Bert, member of the Chamber of Deputies, upon some matters weighing on his mind, but always briefly. MM. Rance and Spuller were summoned to his bedside for the purpose of receiving a communication, but the syncope preceding death had begun when they arrived. It is believed that the hopeful tone of the bulletins issued during Gambetta's illness was due to the advice of Dr. Charcot, who did not wish the sick man, when the papers were read to him, to hear anything that might have a depressing effect upon him.

THE LATEST.

PARIS, January 1.—The funeral of Gambetta will be conducted with purely civil rights. The family are anxious for the burial to take place at Nice, but friends advise that it be at Paris in consequence of the high functions deceased had filled. The authorities have thought it expedient to place seals on his papers. But few newspapers have appeared to-day in consequence of its being holiday. None of the articles published so far reflect on the political effect of Gambetta's death, but confine themselves to deploring the loss of a statesman who did not despair after Sedan.

The *Republique Française* states that at 6 o'clock yesterday evening the doctors present in the room with Gambetta perceived that the abscess had burst internally. At 10:40 o'clock A. M. Gambetta recovered consciousness sufficiently to thank his friends for their attention, which he did with perfect calmness. His breathing then became more difficult.

A stream of the most noted Republicans is now passing through the death-chamber.

The face of deceased has already become swollen and greatly changed.

This evening a man selling copies of the newspaper *Le Radical*, containing a scurrilous article concerning Gambetta, was seized by a crowd on the Boulevard. His papers were destroyed, and the police had great difficulty in rescuing him from the excited populace.

[Leon Michel Gambetta was of Italian extraction, and was born at Cahors April 2, 1838. He was intended by his family, who were of humble origin, for the priesthood. At an early age he was sent to a parish school, thence to the Seminary at Montaubau, but, after suffering an accident which injured the sight of his right eye, he became so unmanagable that he was withdrawn at the express wish of the authorities of the latter institution. He then entered the Lycee at Cahors. At eighteen years of age he took his degree, and, contrary to the wishes of his parents, went to Paris and commenced the study of law. From the time he arrived in Paris until he became the secretary of M. Lachaud, the great criminal advocate, he was the associate of the most dissolute medical and law students in the Quartier Latin. His reformation and the eminence he afterwards attained were due entirely to a maiden aunt, who, hearing of his mode of living, came to Paris and offered to share her little all with him. The aunt and nephew lived quietly on the Rue Bonaparte until the latter was chosen a deputy in 1869. Gambetta's subsequent career is a part of French history, being indissolubly connected with the most dramatic and interesting events of the Franco-Prussian war, the Provisional Government, and the French republic. As Minister of the Interior, while in charge of the War Department, as virtual dictator of France, in the Assembly, he was illustrious for his patriotism and statesmanship. His first pecuniary success was in the establishment of the *Republique Française*. Gambetta was unmarried. Had he lived he would have undoubtedly been made President of the republic.]

NEW-YEAR'S DAY IN WASHINGTON.

The President's Reception at the White House.

The Programme Interrupted by an Event which Changed the Spirit of the Scene—Sudden Death of the Hawaiian Minister in the Midst of the Festivities.

WASHINGTON, January 1.—The weather to-day was clear, bright, and springlike. The great event of the day was the President's reception. The Executive mansion, which has been thoroughly repainted, decorated, and newly upholstered and furnished, presented a handsome appearance. The floral decorations were plain but elegant. The Marine band was stationed in the vestibule, and played several airs during the reception. The presidential party stood in the blue parlor, and presentations were made by Marshal McMichael and Colonel Rockwell. The President was assisted by the wives of several members of the Cabinet and a number of other ladies. At 11 o'clock the members of the Cabinet and Diplomatic Corps were received. The bright uniforms of the Diplomatic Corps and the odd dress of the Chinese Minister attracted much attention. At 11:15 the Chief Justice and Associate Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States arrived, and were followed at 11:30 by senators and representatives in Congress, Judges of the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, &c. At 12 o'clock the officers of the army and navy, in full-dress uniform, filed in, headed by General Sherman and Admiral Porter, and were each in turn presented to the President. At 12:30 a number of officials of the various departments were received. Up to this time the programme laid down had been followed, and the President and all in the building were in the best of spirits, when an event occurred which at once changed the whole spirit of the scene. Hon. Elisha Allen, Minister of the Hawaiian Islands, the oldest member of the Diplomatic Corps, who had remained a short time after being presented to the President, had retired to the cloak-room in company with his son, and was chatting pleasantly with a number of gentlemen, when suddenly his head fell back and he became speechless. Surgeon-General Crane and several other army and navy surgeons who were in attendance at the President's reception gave Mr. Allen prompt attention, but he died in four minutes. The cause of his death was angina pectoris. Word was conveyed to the President, who at once stopped the reception, the band was silenced, and the White House closed.

Other Washington Matters.

THE CIVIL-SERVICE AND APPROPRIATIONS BILLS.

WASHINGTON, January 1.—It is understood that Senator Pendleton's civil-service bill will be reported to the House on Tuesday or Wednesday, and the understanding is that it will be given "the right of way" before the appropriation bills. The condition of the appropriation bills in the House and House committees is more forward than ever before at so early a day in the session. The Indian, post-office, consular and diplomatic, Military Academy, and agricultural appropriations bills have passed, and the army bill is now before the House. The District of Columbia and the naval and fortifications bills are ready to report. The pension, legislative and judicial, and sundry civil bills will be ready before the 1st of February. As to the deficiency bill, the chairman of the Appropriations Committee is authority for the statement that it will be a small one this year.

A Woman's Death-Bed Confession.

MOUNT VERNON, OHIO, January 1.—Mrs. Stillwell, wife of Jay V. Stillwell, employed on the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy railroad, has made a confession on her death-bed of three murders. She is at the house of relatives in Knox county. The first was that of Benjamin Swigart, her first husband, who she says she killed in Maryville, Mo., in March, 1877, with the aid of her mother and brother. The second was a stranger whom the same parties killed for his money while stopping at a boarding-house. The third was her own daughter, aged fourteen years, whom she strangled in the presence of her mother, at Rulo, Neb., in May, 1880. She also confessed that she attempted to kill her present husband three times to obtain his life-insurance. These confessions were first made to her husband, and since to others. She is dying of consumption.

No Longer Republican.

LOUISVILLE, KY., January 1.—The Louisville *Commercial*, for thirteen years a prominent Republican newspaper in the South, begins to-morrow a new volume strictly independent of all political parties. It will be reduced in size and modelled after eastern two-cent journals, at which price it will be sold. The changes in the staff are not yet announced.

Train Ditched.

MACON, GA., January 1.—The north-bound passenger train from Jacksonville, Fla., due here at 3:30 P. M. Sunday, was ditched by a broken switch-rod eighty-seven miles below here yesterday morning at 6 o'clock. Four cars rolled off the track, the baggage-car turning over twice. Out of 100 passengers none were hurt beyond a few bruises.

Death of a Young Journalist.

SELMA, ALA., January 1.—This community was shocked to-day by the sudden death this morning, through an accidental overdose of chloroform, of Harry W. Bell, associate editor of the *Morning Times*. He was a brilliant young writer, and was regarded as one of the best local editors in the South.

Negro Lynched in South Carolina.

CHARLESTON, S. C., January 1.—Dave Roberts, a negro confined in the Abbeville jail, this State, on a charge of cotton-stealing and murderous assault, was taken out and lynched last night. Admittance to the jail was obtained by strategy. The sheriff was overpowered.

Earthquake in Maine.

ROCKLAND, ME., January 1.—Shock of an earthquake was felt throughout the city and vicinity about 10 o'clock last night, and was followed two hours later by a tempest of thunder and lightning.

Von Wympffen's Funeral.

PARIS, January 1.—The whole Diplomatic Corps have offered their condolences to the Countess Von Wympffen. The funeral will take place on Tuesday next.

Germany and the Vatican.

PARIS, December 31.—The *Monde* publishes a telegram from Rome announcing that the negotiations between Germany and the Vatican have been resumed on bases which afford a prospect of a complete settlement of the differences between them.

Change in a London Concern.

LONDON, January 1.—Baring Brothers & Co. give notice to-day that the senior partner of that firm, Mr. Russell Sturgis, retires from active commercial pursuits. The business will be carried on by the remaining partners.

Earthquake Shock.

HALIFAX, N. S., January 1.—Between 11:30 and 12 o'clock last night a slight shock of earthquake was felt in the southern portion of the city, lasting about thirty seconds. Many buildings were shaken.

New York's New Governor Installed.

ALBANY, N. Y., January 1.—Governor Cleveland was installed in office to-day with the usual ceremonies.

A PURE AND EFFECTIVE HAIR-DRESSING.—Cocoaine, a compound of cocoanut oil, beautifies the hair, and is sure to allay all itching and irritation of the scalp.

The superiority of Burnett's flavoring extracts consists in their perfect purity and strength.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—JANUARY 2, 1883.

Sun rises	7:20	HIGH TIDE.	
Sun sets	4:48	Morning	10:41
Moon rises	12:47	Evening	11:13

PORT OF RICHMOND, JANUARY 1, 1883.

ARRIVED.

Steamer Roanoke, Couch, New York, merchandise and passengers, G. W. Allen & Co., agents.

Steamer Ashland, Carr, Philadelphia, merchandise, J. W. McCarrick, agent.

SAILED SUNDAY.

Steamer Guyandotte, Kelly, New York, merchandise and passengers, G. W. Allen & Co.

Steamer Fanita, ——, Philadelphia, merchandise, J. W. McCarrick, agent.

SAILED YESTERDAY.

Steamer Ariel, Gifford, Norfolk, United States mail, merchandise, and passengers, L. B. Tatum, superintendent.

STEAMSHIP LIBELLED.

The steamship Elpis, Turner, loading cotton at West Point, has been seized by the United States marshal on a libel for debt of $6,300 claimed by W. H. Thompson & Co., of New York, for supplies, &c., furnished the steamer Preston, of the same line.

PORT OF NEWPORT NEWS, JAN'Y 1, 1883.

[By Telegraph.]

ARRIVED.

Steamer Leray, Schermerhorn, Norfolk, merchandise and passengers, Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company (and sailed on return).

Steamer Accomac, Delk, merchandise and passengers,