THE DISPATCH.
BY THE DISPATCH COMPANY.
CASH—INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.
The DAILY DISPATCH is delivered to subscribers at FIFTEEN CENTS per week, payable to the carrier weekly. Mailed at $6 per annum; $3 for six months; $1.50 for three months; 50c. for one month.
The SEMI-WEEKLY DISPATCH at $2 per annum, or $1 for six months.
The WEEKLY DISPATCH at $1 per annum.

DARBYS PROPHYLACTIC FLUID.

DARBYS PROPHYLACTIC FLUID,

A HOUSEHOLD ARTICLE

FOR

UNIVERSAL FAMILY USE.

ERADICATES MALARIA.

For SCARLET- and TYPHOID-FEVERS, DIPHTHERIA, SALIVATION, ULCERATED SORE THROAT, SMALL-POX, MEASLES, and all CONTAGIOUS DISEASES.

Persons waiting on the sick should use it freely. Scarlet-Fever has never been known to spread where the FLUID was used. YELLOW-FEVER has been cured with it after BLACK VOMIT had taken place. The worst cases of DIPHTHERIA yield to it.

FEVERED and SICK persons refreshed and BED SORES prevented by bathing with DARBYS FLUID.
IMPURE AIR made harmless and purified.
For SORE THROAT it is a sure cure.
CONTAGION destroyed.
For FROSTED FEET, CHILBLAINS, PILES, CHAFINGS, &c.
RHEUMATISM cured.
SOFT, WHITE COMPLEXIONS secured by its use.
SHIP-FEVER prevented.
TO PURIFY THE BREATH, CLEANSE THE TEETH, it can't be surpassed.
CATARRH relieved and cured.
ERYSIPELAS cured.
BURNS relieved instantly.
SCARS prevented.
DYSENTERY cured.
WOUNDS healed rapidly.
SCURVY cured.
An ANTIDOTE for animal or vegetable poisons, stings, &c.

SMALL-POX AND PITTING OF SMALL-POX PREVENTED.

A member of my family was taken with SMALL-POX. I used the FLUID. The patient was not delirious, was not pitted, and was about the house again in three weeks, and no others had it.—J. W. PARKINSON, Philadelphia.

DIPHTHERIA PREVENTED.

The physicians here use DARBYS FLUID very successfully in the treatment of DIPHTHERIA.
A. STOLLENWERCK, Greensboro', Ala.

TETTER dried up.
CHOLERA prevented.
ULCERS purified and healed.
In cases of DEATH it should be used about the corpse—it will prevent any unpleasant smell.

The eminent physician J. MARION SIMS, M. D., New York, says: "I am convinced Professor DARBYS PROPHYLACTIC FLUID is a valuable disinfectant.

SCARLET-FEVER CURED.

VANDERBILT UNIVERSITY, Nashville, Tenn.
I testify to the most excellent qualities of Professor DARBYS PROPHYLACTIC FLUID. As a disinfectant and detergent it is both theoretically and practically superior to any preparation with which I am acquainted. N. T. LUPTON, Professor Chemistry.

DARBYS FLUID IS RECOMMENDED by Hon. Alexander H. Stephens of Georgia; Rev. Charles E. Deems, D. D., Church of the Strangers, New York; Joseph LeConte, Columbia, professor University, South Carolina; Rev. A. J. Battle, professor Mercer University; Rev. George F. Pierce, Bishop Methodist Episcopal Church.
INDISPENSABLE TO EVERY HOME. Perfectly harmless. Used internally or externally for man or beast.
The FLUID has been thoroughly tested, and we have abundant evidence that it has done everything here claimed. For fuller information get of your druggist a pamphlet, or send to the proprietors,
J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,
Manufacturing Chemists, Philadelphia.
oc 1-Su&WTy

FURNISHING GOODS.

ANOTHER CARD.

We would respectfully ask the attention of our friends and the general public to our new stock of

MEN'S FURNISHINGS

just received for the spring trade. Our Mr. MILLER spent two weeks in New York city, during which time he gave that market a thorough inspection before making his selections. We can show the

LARGEST AND CHEAPEST STOCK OF ENGLISH, PLAIN, AND FANCY HALF-HOSE, INDIA, AND MERINO GAUZE UNDERWEAR

ever opened in the city. Our stock of

NECKWEAR

was selected in the piece and made up to our order, and embraces the latest styles, made up in the most artistic manner of select patterns. These goods were bought for CASH, and will be sold

VERY LOW.

H. T. MILLER & CO.,
CORNER NINTH AND MAIN STREETS.
[mh 25-Su,Tu&Th3w]

EASTER-CARDS.

EASTER CARDS,
REGARDLESS OF COST.
C. McCARTHY & CO.,
805 Main street,
mh 20 (Pace Block).

BUY YOUR EASTER-CARDS
AND
EASTER NOVELTIES
FROM
N. LEONARD,
908 MAIN STREET,
where you will be sure to get suited.

A complete line of
PRANG'S, PHIL HAAKS'S,
AND OTHER MANUFACTURES,
BOTH FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC.

N. LEONARD, 908 Main street.
fourth door from Ninth.
ENVELOPES and PROTECTORS with all Cards. mh 17

EASTER OFFERINGS.
NOVELTIES VERY PRETTY AND CHEAP.
A great variety of EASTER CARDS—a new supply just received from England, and will be sold very low. We guarantee our prices to be as low as any in the market. WALFORD'S,
mh 16-eod5t 417 Broad street.

EASTER-CARDS,
BIRTHDAY-CARDS,
WEDDING-CARDS,
in great variety, for sale by
mh 23-eod&w BECKWITH & PARHAM.

EASTER-CARDS.
We offer for sale a beautiful stock of EASTER-CARDS and EASTER NOVELTIES—plain, fringed, and ribbon-tied, with envelopes and protectors for mailing. Call early and have the choice of our new and beautiful goods. Orders by mail promptly attended to. Postage-stamps received in payment of goods.
WEST, JOHNSTON & CO.,
mh 4 911 Main street.

FISHERMEN'S DEPOT.
ALL IN WANT OF PATENT AND SOFT-LAID SEINE-TWINES are invited to call and examine our stock, of all sizes, at lowest prices.
SEINE THREAD of all Nos. and qualities;
SEINE-LINES, ROPES, YAWKING,
CORKS, CORKWOOD,
YELLOW OIL-CLOTHING,
AWNING- and SAIL-DUCKS, MINNOW-NETTING, SKIM- and FYKE-NETS.
Manufacturers of SEINES and NETS of all sorts. MACRAME LACE-THREAD, all sizes. Imported LINEN STURGEON-TWINES.
L. LICHTENSTEIN & SONS,
corner Seventeenth and Franklin streets.
Sole importers of the Lion brand Seine Thread, and importers of all other brands. mh 20

DAILY DISPATCH.

VOL. LXIII. RICHMOND, VA., SUNDAY MORNING, MARCH 25, 1883. NO. 72.

THE DISPATCH.
TERMS OF ADVERTISING
CASH—INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

One square, one insertion	$ 00
One square, two insertions	1 00
One square, three insertions	1 50
One square, six insertions	3 00
One square, twelve insertions	5 50
One square, one month	10 00
One square, two months	18 00
One square, three months	25 00

Trustee's Sale of Desirable Goods.
Since Thursday morning, March 22d, our store, 313 Broad street, has been closed for the purpose of marking down goods.
We will reopen on Monday the 26th, after which our entire stock of mourning goods, table-linens, napkins, towels, notions, hosiery, kid gloves, millinery, plumes, tips, ribbons, &c., will be offered at and below cost; also, a large line of gentlemen's furnishing goods of every description at less than it costs to manufacture them.
Special attention is called to a nice line of fine silk umbrellas.
We are compelled to make this sale, and every one may feel assured that they can save money by calling at once.
Very respectfully,
GREEN & WAUGH,
313 Broad street.
Harvey Willson, Trustee.

Special Notice.
We, the undersigned, beg leave to inform our friends and the public that we are now in business for ourselves in the elegant art gallery formerly occupied by Mr. M. J. Powers, 525 Broad street, where we are prepared to furnish at moderate prices all varieties of pictures in the highest style of the photographic art. Having served you faithfully during the past five years, which were spent in the "Davis Gallery," we respectfully ask that you follow us to our new field of labor—viz., 525 Broad street (over Mrs. M. Campbell's millinery establishment). Thanking you for past favors, we beg your consideration of the above, and if favored with your patronage, we promise, as heretofore, courteous attention and the best of work.
Very respectfully,
FOSTER, CAMPBELL & CO.

A New Enterprise.
The fine store-room at the southeast corner of Main and Thirteenth streets formerly occupied by the Richmond Banking and Insurance Company will be opened on or about the 28th of March with the finest stock of Men's, Youths', Boys', and Children's Clothing ever before exhibited in Richmond.
Wait till the grand opening.

The Cup that Cheers, "Zeus,"
Can be had by using that splendid Green Tea, "Zeus" brand, at 81 a pound. Sold ONLY by JOSEPH M. BLAIR, Grocer,
803 Main street (Pace Block).

PERSONAL.—Mrs. J. M. DAVENPORT is in the city on a visit to her niece, Mrs. F. W. Cunningham.

EASTER NECKTIES, SCARFS, AND SILK HANDKERCHIEFS are all the rage this season. A. SAKS & CO. have the finest lot of them to be found in the city. Their beautiful EASTER CARDS have been much admired.

AN ELEGANT STOCK OF LACES, COLLARS, AND HAMBURG EMBROIDERIES at LEVY, DAVIS & DRAKE'S.

LEE GALLERY, Main street—Card Photographs, $1 dozen. Lee Gallery—Large Framing Photographs, $1. Lee Gallery copy old pictures beautifully. Lee Gallery photograph children successfully. Lee Gallery—Lovely Colognes with photographs.

EASTER EGGS! EASTER EGGS!
A BEAUTIFUL LOT OF THEM
AT
REDUCED RATES
AT
ANDREW PIZZINI'S,
No. 807 BROAD STREET.
Call early, as he is determined to close out his stock of EASTER EGGS.

GENTLEMEN'S PATTERNS SPRING SUITINGS just received at LEVY, DAVIS & DRAKE'S.

PLAIN EASTER-CARDS reduced to 5 cents for largest size at L. LEWIS'S.

"ROUGH ON RATS" clears out rats, mice, flies, roaches, bed-bugs, ants, vermin, chipmunks. 15c.

BUTTONS to suit all the new dress goods at LEVY, DAVIS & DRAKE'S.

THE INVISIBLE CELLULOID EYE-GLASS FRAMES have reached the topmost wave of popularity, without a competitor, defying competition, and the popular verdict is that they are the handsomest and best made. For sale by all leading jewellers and opticians.

FOR GOOD BARGAINS IN SPRING SILKS go to LEVY, DAVIS & DRAKE'S.

A FRAGRANT BREATH is always a pleasure, and you can have it by using MEADE & BAKER'S delicious CARBOLIC MOUTH-WASH. It destroys the offensive odor caused by diseased gums and decayed teeth, and speedily restores them to a healthy condition. Price, fifty cents a bottle.

"MOTHER SWAN'S WORM-SYRUP" for feverishness, restlessness, worms, constipation. Tasteless. 25c.

ALL THE NEW-STYLE BUSTLES at LEVY, DAVIS & DRAKE'S.

BEAUTIFULLY WHITE TEETH ENSURED BY the use of MEADE & BAKER'S SAPONINE DENTIFRICE, which will speedily remove incipient tartar and scurf. Price, fifty cents a box.

DOUBLE-FRINGED CARDS, 25 cents to 35 cents, at L. LEWIS'S.

MACRAME SEINE-TWINE—all No.—at LEVY DAVIS & DRAKE'S.

In the absence of suitable materials, or the time to prepare it, people often go without a dressing for salads. Buy DURKEE'S, and you will never trouble yourself to make another.

SINGLE-FRINGED CARDS, from 5 cents to 35 cents, at L. LEWIS'S.

SAVE MONEY by having your printing done at the DISPATCH PRINTING-HOUSE. Good work, low prices and satisfaction guaranteed.

AUCTION SALES MONDAY.

ON all sales of Real Estate made between the 1st of January and 1st of June the taxes for the present year have to be paid by the purchaser. On all sales made between the 1st of July and 1st of the year the taxes have to be paid by the seller. [This custom was adopted about fifteen years ago by all the real estate agents in Richmond, and applies to Richmond and vicinity.]

QUARLES & MCCURDY, 5 P. M., commissioner's sale of farm on the Creighton road about one mile east of the city.

FORMAN TUPPER, 5 P. M., two framed tenements on Linden street between Cumberland and Beverly.

JNO. E. LAUGHTON, Jr., 10½ A. M. and 4½ P. M., silver-plated ware, &c.

FOX, TAYLOR & CO., 10½ A. M., groceries, &c.

THE SOUTHERN TELEGRAPH COMPANY.
THE SOUTHERN TELEGRAPH COMPANY respectfully announces the completion of its line to Lynchburg, Va., and the opening of its office at that place for business. The company's lines will reach Danville and open for business at that point within about ten days. JOSEPH W. SATES,
mh 25-2t Manager.

NEW YORK CHEAP TENT AND AWNING COMPANY, 14 north Fourteenth street offers to manufacture AWNINGS of all descriptions in a superior style, 8c. and 8c. and at lower prices than can be had elsewhere. References: John F. Reynolds, Gresham, Brown & Co., T. W. Wood, N. Leonard, and A. W. Garber & Co. mh 25-4t

VIRGINIA FLORA.
XX, or BOUQUET D'ORLEANS for ladies only.
LAISSE ORANGE FLOWERS.
MINNE-HA-HA, for men only. LAISSE VIOLET.
At CARDOZO, ALSOP, MOSBY & CO.'S.
mh 20-Tu&Su2t

MATZOES.
MATZOES! MATZOES! MATZOES!
I shall commence baking and delivering my SUPERIOR MATZOES about April 2d. All who have given their orders will please be ready to receive them, and those who have not sent in their orders will do so at once. L. D. BRIGGS,
mh 25-Su,W&Su3t 707 Main street.

BOOK AND JOB WORK NEATLY EXECUTED at the DISPATCH PRINTING HOUSE.

Richmond Dispatch.

SUNDAY.....MARCH 25, 1883.

☞THE CIRCULATION OF THE DISPATCH IS LARGER THAN THE COMBINED CIRCULATION OF ALL THE OTHER DAILY NEWSPAPERS OF THE CITY.

[Entered at the Post-office at Richmond, Va., as second-class matter.]

WEATHER REPORT.

INDICATIONS FOR TO-DAY.—For the Middle Atlantic States, warmer, fair weather, followed by increasing cloudiness, northwesterly winds generally shifting to easterly, stationary or lower pressure.

THE WEATHER YESTERDAY was clear and cold.

THERMOMETER YESTERDAY: 6 A. M., 25; 9 A. M., 29; noon, 46; 3 P. M., 49; 6 P. M., 43; midnight, 36.
Mean temperature, 35¾.

LOCAL MATTERS.

Easter.

Lent with its solemn fast, the shadows and gloom of Gethsemane, and the wondrous tragedy on cross-crowned Calvary, which closes the penitential season, are events in sacred history through which we have just passed; while the onward current of time brings us to the joyful tide of Easter, the anniversary of the risen Christ. To-day we hail with joy its advent, and doff the habiliments of woe and don the brightest and choicest robes, to celebrate with becoming spirit this "Queen of Festivals"—that Feast of the Church which has its prototype in the grass that grows at our feet, the flower that blooms on the mountain-side, the tiny stem that springs from the clefts of the rocks, the lily that smiles in the valley, and the unfledged inmate of the shallow shell, that breaks his thin covering and finds the light of open day, all pointing with distinct minuteness and symbolical significance to Him who burst through more than prison bars, and rose triumphant from the grave this day over 1800 years ago. The pages of history are replete with pretty legends and customs of Easter, but none more beautiful than the Irish legend that on Easter Sunday the sun dances in the sky, in token of the fact that He who was dead rose again. Although angels' harps were unstrung and every voice was mute, while heaven and earth united to mourn the death of "the Lamb for sinners slain" on Good Friday last, to-day every heart prepares a throne and every voice a song.

At St. Paul's Episcopal church the song service in the morning, commencing at 11 o'clock, will consist as follows: "Christ is Risen," S. P. Warren; "Christ Our Passover," Burnett; "Glorias," Buck and Warren; "Te Deum," Wilson, in G; "Jubilate," Danks; "Christ the Lord is Risen To-Day," Wilson; "Sing Alleluia Forth," Buck; Offertory—"Now is Christ Risen," G. W. Warren; Communion service.

Night service, 8 P. M.: Voluntary—"Christ is Risen," Warren; "Gloria in Excelsis," Millard; "Cantate," Wilson; "Benedictus Anima Mea," Buck; "Christ the Lord is Risen To-Day," Wilson; Offertory—"Now is Christ Risen," Warren.

At St. Peter's Cathedral the principal services of the day will begin at 10:30 A. M. with Pontifical High Mass, Right Rev. Bishop J. J. Keane officiating as celebrant. The following is the musical programmes: Organ prelude—theme by Hird; all the numbers of Haydn's First Mass—to wit: "Kyrie Eleison," adagio ed allegro; "Gloria in Excelsis," vivace, allegretto e fuga; "Credo," allegro, adagio ed allegro; "Sanctus," adagio ed allegro; "Benedictus," moderato; "Agnus Dei," adagio minore; "Dona Nobis," allegro; at the Offertory, "Regina Cœli," by Werner; Recessional, Hallelujah Chorus, from Handel's Messiah. The music will be rendered by the regular choir, with Professor E. V. Caulfield as organist.

At St. Patrick's and St. Mary's Catholic churches the usual joyous Easter services will take place with extra musical programmes.

At the First English Lutheran church the morning services will consist of baptism, confirmation, sermon by the pastor, Rev. W. C. Staefler, Lord's Supper, offerings, and the benediction. At the 4 o'clock afternoon services the song service will embrace choice selections, and a sermon will be preached by Rev. W. W. Landrum, to be followed by the Easter anthem, offerings, and the hymn "Christ the Lord is Risen To-day."

Professor Widdows, the expert having in charge the placing in position of the Talbott chime at Centenary church, has finished his labors, and last night tested the chime, using while so doing the patent muffler. The chime seemed to be in proper condition, and the Professor has designated the following programme for to-day: 1. Ringing the large bell. 2. Oxford Changes. 3. Easter Hymn (old style). 4. Selections from the Messiah—recitative and air—"But Thou Didst Not Leave." 5. "I Know that My Redeemer Liveth." 6. "How Beautiful are Thy Feet." 7. Selection of Sunday-school melodies. 8. "Angels Ever Bright and Fair." 9. "Gloria in Excelsis." 10. "Oh, Rest in the Lord," from "Elijah," "Shout the Glad Tidings."

At Grace church to-day the singing will be unusually good. The choir will consist of Mrs. Willie Knowles, soprano; Miss Carrie Staude, alto; Mr. James P. Wood, tenor; and Mr. Marshall Ramos, basso. The programme for the morning service is as follows: "Christ Our Passover," Millard; "Gloria," Millard; "Te Deum," Thomas; "Benedictus," Warren; "Christ the Lord is Risen To-Day," Alzamora; "Gloria Tibi"; Jesus Christ is Risen To-Day"; Offertory, "Brightly Breaks the Morning," Alzamora.

HUSTINGS COURT OF MACHESTER.—The following business was transacted:

Venable and Heyman *vs.* Fendley *et als.*, in chancery. The plaintiffs being non-residents of the State of Virginia, it was ordered that they give security for costs.

In same suit answer of defendant Fendley was filed, and decree entered referring the cause to a commissioner.

Several accounts against the city and State were allowed, and the court adjourned to April term.

MAYOR'S COURT OF MANCHESTER.—The case of David Stywater, John Stywater, and Spencer Jones, charged with stealing iron from the Richmond and Danville Railroad Company, was heard in the Mayor's Court yesterday. His Honor turned the culprits, who are quite young, over to their parents for correction.

HON. S. S. COX ON AFRICAN HUMOR.—Hon. S. S. Cox will deliver his charming lecture on "African Humor" at Mozart Hall on Tuesday, April 17th, for the joint benefit of the Baptist Home for Aged Women and the Governor's Guard, of the First Virginia regiment. This famous wit and humorist will be sure to delight all who hear him.

THE HESS OPERA COMPANY.—This company closed its engagement here last night, and its last song was the sweetest. The house was fuller than on any previous night, notwithstanding every night saw a large presence. The opera Martha was selected for the entertainment, and from first to last was enjoyed to the fullest. The company leaves a good name in Richmond, and will be welcomed whenever it comes this way.

A PEEP INTO THE PAST.

A GLIMPSE AT A CONFEDERATE-CAPITAL DIRECTORY OF 1863.

Where the Government Offices Were Located—Names of Many of the Heads of Departments and Bureaux who Yet Survive—Personal Points.

"*The Stranger's Guide and Official Directory for the City of Richmond, Showing the Location of the Public Buildings and Offices of the Confederate, State, and City Governments, Residences of the Principal Officers, etc. Geo. P. Evans & Co., Printers, Whig Building*, 1863."

This is not "a new publication." It is twenty years old, and was printed amidst the smoke of war, but having been carefully laid away is as fresh in appearance as when it came from the press in the days when Richmond was the capital of the Confederacy. The author (Mr. John Graeme) says in the preface: "The object of this publication is to supply a want which has been long felt, not only by strangers arriving in the city, but by numbers of our citizens. The immense amount of business arising from the prosecution of the war has been distributed among a large number of departments, bureaux, etc., which are located in so many different places that persons having business at some of them are unable to find them except by persistent inquiry. This little book will tell them where the various offices are situated."

DEPARTMENTAL BUILDINGS.

The Treasury Department was in the custom-house. The General Post-Office Department was in the Goddin building, Bank and Eleventh streets, burnt down by the evacuation fire, but since rebuilt in about the same style. The War Department was in the Mechanics' Institute building—where the Secession Convention sat a part of its time—destroyed in the same fire.

The State Court-House was in the Capitol Square near where Franklin runs into Twelfth street, and was likewise burnt and never rebuilt. The Supreme Court of Virginia, Richmond Circuit Court (Judge Meredith's), and Henrico Circuit Court sat there.

CITY HALL—PASSPORTS.

The City Hall was at the corner of Broad and Eleventh. It stood till after the Capitol disaster, when it was condemned, and, after hard work, pulled down to make room for a new one, now about to be commenced. It was a small and unclean structure as to the interior; as to the exterior quite imposing with its broad but somewhat dingy porches and lofty columns.

The Winder building, next referred to in the Directory, was a framed structure, the outgrowth of the necessities of the Government, and was built on the present temporary City Hall lot, and extended from Capitol to Broad alongside of Tenth street. Major Griswold was Provost-Marshal in 1863, but Major Isaac H. Carrington succeeded him and had his office in this building. Here, also, was the passport office. No man, woman, or child could go from Richmond to Petersburg or from Richmond to Fredericksburg, or anywhere else, hardly, without a passport. The United States authorities took possession of the building, removed it to Navy Hill, and established in it a freedman's school. It stands to this day and is now a part of the city property, and is known as Navy Hill school.

HON. JEFF DAVIS.

President Davis lived in the Brockenbrough mansion, now Central School, and had his office in the custom-house building in the room now occupied by Mr. M. F. Pleasants, clerk of the United States Circuit Court.

President Abraham Lincoln, who came to Richmond immediately after the surrender of Lee, visited this room and took a seat in the chair that had been used by Mr. Davis. Subsequently, after imprisonment in Fortress Monroe, Mr. Davis was brought back to this very building to the next room for trial, but the trial never took place. President Davis's private secretary, Colonel Burton N. Harrison, had during the war the room now occupied by United States Marshal Hughes.

ALECK STEPHENS.

Mr. Stephens, as Vice-President, when in Richmond and in average health, presided over the Confederate Senate, which had its chamber in the Capitol building in the corner now occupied by the rooms of R. F. Walker, Superintendent of Public Printing, and R. R. Farr, Superintendent of Public Instruction.

After the Capitol disaster, in 1870, that portion of the building was remodelled and the identity of the chamber lost in the three rooms constructed in the space. It was here that the affray occurred between W. L. Yancey and Ben. Hill, resulting, it has been alleged, in the death some years afterwards of the former.

Mr. Stephens was not often able to preside, or, at least, was not often present in the Senate. Hon. R. M. T. Hunter was usually in the chair. When in Richmond during the war Mr. Stephens's home was "at the residence of Mr. Baskervill, on Franklin street between Eighth and Ninth streets."

The Confederate House of Representatives (Hon. Thomas S. Bocock Speaker) was where the State Senate Chamber now is.

BENJAMIN AND MEMMINGER.

Hon. Judah P. Benjamin, of Louisiana, Secretary of State (now about to have conspicuous honor done him as he retires from the English bar), had his office about where Judge Bond's private office now is; the door to the right (east) of the present judge's bench. His residence was on "Main street second door from Foushee."

The office of Hon. C. G. Memminger was where Collector Cook's now is, fronting Main street, and he resided "on the north side of Franklin street between Twenty-sixth and Twenty-seventh, Church Hill."

All the other rooms of the custom-house building were occupied by bureaux. The city post-office was removed to the Spotswood Hotel, and the Confederate Treasury took the whole of the first or Main-street floor of the building.

John O. Steger was city postmaster, and James M. Wayt assistant postmaster.

CONFEDERATE OFFICIALS NOW LIVING.

Among the officials of the bureaux were Captain P. A. Wellford, a collector of tax in kind, and as such in charge of the wheat department, with office at Haxall's mills; Major J. B. Cary, assistant paymaster; Captain G. A. Barksdale, paymaster of officers' accounts; Major J. B. Hill, paymaster of soldiers in hospitals; Captain O. F. Weisiger, in the clothing department; Captain S. Putney in the shoe department; and Major C. S. Carrington, purchasing officer of forage for General Lee's army.

Dr. Samuel Preston Moore (still residing here, and one of our most estimable citizens) was Surgeon-General, and had his office with the War Department, in the Mechanics' Institute, which was on the site of the present Virginia Opera-House, or Cook's auction-house, rather.

OUR PEOPLE.

Captain T. P. Turner was commandant of Libby prison and Lieutenant Latouche (now merchant tailor) was the adjutant of the post, and a good one too. Colonel John C. Shields, late of the *Whig* (now of Rockbridge), was commandant of Camp Lee, "at the new Fair-Grounds." "A car leaves the depot and camp nearly every hour; fare each way, 50 cents." James H. Binford, the first Superintendent of Public Schools of Richmond, was the adjutant of this post, and Major Thomas G. Peyton commandant of the camp of instruction there. Captain J. A. Coke was enrolling officer of the Third congressional district, and had his office on the south side of Bank street near Twelfth. Robert Ould was commissioner of exchange of prisoners, and had his office on Ninth street, in a building adjoining the War Department; but it was subsequently in the upper part of a building on the south side of Main between Ninth and Tenth. The camp of parolled and exchanged prisoners was at Camp Lee, and the senior surgeon of the same was Dr. William P. Palmer.

WATTS AND REAGAN.

Hon. Thomas H. Watts, of Alabama, who was Attorney-General, had his office in the Mechanics' Institute, and resided "at Mr. Ratcliffe's, S. S. Marshall near Ninth." James M. Matthews was the law clerk of the Department.

Hon. John H. Reagan, of Texas, was Postmaster-General, and had his office in Goddin Hall, and resided at the northwest corner of Marshall and Second streets.

STATE WAR GOVERNMENT.

John Letcher was Governor, and Colonel S. Bassett French his aid; Robert L. Montague was Lieutenant-Governor; J. Ran. Tucker, Attorney-General; Henry W. Thomas, of Fairfax, Second Auditor; John G. Mosby, Jr., Assistant Adjutant-General, and Captain (Judge) Edward H. Fitzhugh, Quartermaster of State forces.

The Supreme Court judges were John J. Allen, William Daniel, R. C. L. Moncure, William J. Robertson, and George H. Lee. The Sheriff of Richmond was Henry K. Ellyson, and his deputies Isaac W. Walker, Jackson B. Wood, and William H. Pleasants. Robert Howard was clerk of the Hustings Court, and Hon. W. H. Lyons judge.

LEGISLATURE IN 1863.

Among the members of the State Senate were Charles B. Ball, Loudoun; Joseph Christian, Middlesex; R. A. Coghill, Amherst; Asa D. Dickenson, Prince Edward; William Frazier, Rockbridge; John R. Garnett, Henrico; George T. Garrison, Accomac; John H. Guy, Goochland; Benjamin H. Nash, Chesterfield; James Neeson, Marion; W. D. Quesenberry, Caroline; and James C. Taylor, Montgomery.

The following were among the delegates: H. W. Sheffey, Augusta; P. W. McKinney, Buckingham; F. V. Winston, Louisa; Thomas F. Goode, Mecklenburg; Warner T. Jones, Gloucester; Joseph J. English, Henrico; John Staples, Patrick; A. M. Keiley, Petersburg; A. S. Buford, Pittsylvania; Wyndham Robertson, D. I. Burr, and David J. Saunders, Richmond; John T. Harris, Rockingham; and John L. Marye, Jr., Spotsylvania.

A goodly number of these legislators were also serving in the army.

CITY GOVERNMENT.

Joseph Mayo was Mayor. R. T. Seal, E. D. Chalkley, and John D. Perrin were in the day police; and J. B. Pleasants, Lewis M. Carter, and A. R. Cousins in the night police. A. Y. Stokes, N. B. Hill, E. A. J. Clopton, James A. Scott, R. F. Walker, and G. K. Crutchfield were of the City Council.

PREACHERS—HOSPITALS—NEWSPAPERS.

Among the city pastors were Rev. Messrs. Duncan, Hoge, Minnigerode, Peterkin, Burrows, Jeter, Doggett, Edwards, Moore, Reid, Pettigrew, Lanahorne, Woodbridge, Seeley, Norwood, and Bishop McGill.

Howard's Grove, on the Mechanicsville turnpike, and Chimborazo Hill and the fields near the Old Reservoir were covered with hospitals. Several of the hotels and many factories were turned into hospitals. Richmond College was the Louisiana Hospital. The Female Institute was a hospital for officers. The almshouse was General Hospital, No. 1. Seabrook's warehouse was a prison hospital.

The daily newspapers were the *Dispatch*, *Whig*, *Enquirer*, *Sentinel*, and *Examiner*. Henry Rives Pollard, who was then news editor of the *Examiner*, also kept "the Confederate reading-room" near where Ives's saloon now is, on Eleventh street. He subsequently revived the *Examiner* and sold it to Thomas H. Wynne, and then commenced the publication of the *Southern Opinion*, and was its editor and proprietor when he was killed near the entrance to Fergusson's office, Fourteenth street near Main.

RETROSPECT.

A competent hand might take this old directory, and, starting out from it, write a history of the war. In it there are a thousand suggestions. They will lose but little by age, but as time moves on will become more and more precious till the day when the War History of Richmond shall be written and they become a part of it, and form one of the most valuable contributions to the record of the struggle between the States—of the rise and fall of the Confederacy.

The Southern Exposition.

Mr. John C. Wharton, commissioner of the Southern Exposition, which takes place at Louisville, Ky., on the 1st of August and continues for 100 days, is in the city. He will remain here long enough to direct the notice of our industrial institutions to the advantages presented by the Exposition, and for this purpose will visit our leading manufacturers and business-men.

The Exposition will not be local, but national, and to a large extent international in its scope. The Government has taken hold of it to advertise the resources of the South, in order to turn immigration and capital that way.

The Secretary of State has instructed our representatives abroad to call the attention of foreign countries to the Exposition, and has requested from the management many thousands of its circulars for distribution in Europe.

Congress passed an act permitting all articles for exhibition to come in free of duty, and directing the United States mint to strike the medals of award.

The railroads of the country have put the Exposition on the same footing as the Centennial for passengers from every city in the Union—one and one-third rates round trip.

The building is 900 by 600 feet and 75 feet high, covering under roof thirteen acres.

It will undoubtedly be the largest and most attractive display since the Centennial, and it should commend itself to our best thinking and most energetic businessmen.

SALES OF REAL ESTATE.—Messrs. H. L. Staples & Co. have made the following sales during the past ten days: Lot fronting 101½ feet on the southeast corner of Grace and Madison streets, with old framed dwelling thereon, for $11,943.75; brick dwelling No. 315 east Franklin street, for $5,250; vacant lot on the northwest corner of Cary and Cherry streets, fronting 50 feet, for $1,125; vacant lot on the north side of Cary street between Cherry and Linden streets, fronting 31 feet, for $465; lot fronting 25 feet on the southwest corner of Broad and Henry streets, with small building thereon, for $2,100; small framed dwelling 324 south Tenth street, for $700; mineral right in 50 acres of land in Washington county, Pa., for $5,000; personal property, $6,000—total, $32,583.75.

SALE OF LOWER TUCKAHOE.—Mr. H. Seldon Taylor, real estate agent and auctioneer, sold yesterday by public auction that valuable James-river farm known as "Lower Tuckahoe," in Goochland county, for $10,500.

DOLL-BABY'S FAIR.—The young folks of Monumental church will open a doll-baby's fair to-morrow at No. 213 east Franklin street. They will have lots of things to attract the youthful fancy; and to crown all, Old Mother Goose, with a tremendous white goose, will be there, to cut her own pudding at 1 o'clock exactly. Such an excellent programe as these young people have arranged for the occasion cannot fail to draw a crowd.

NO NEW TRIAL.

JUDGE NEWMAN OVERRULES THE MOTION FOR A NEW TRIAL FOR LEE.

The Motion Made Chiefly on the Ground that the Jurors Had Read Newspaper Reports of the Trial.

A large crowd was present at Henrico court-house yesterday to hear the argument on the motion "to set aside the verdict of guilty" in the case of Charles Henry Lee, charged with the murder of Daniel Miller on the 14th day of last February. Lee was represented by Major W. F. C. Gregory, and the Commonwealth by its attorney, Mr. G. W. Thomas. The chief point of the defence was that newspapers containing reports of the trial were read by jurors.

READING OF THE PAPERS.

Deputy Gunn, who had the jury in charge, being sworn, testified that the jury had two copies of the *Dispatch* containing a report of the trial, but he had warned them not to read them. One of the jurymen made the remark that he had heard enough in court without reading the papers.

The members of the jury were sworn next.

B. J. Kellum: Read two papers; heard no juror comment on the article.

R. S. Crouch: "I did not read the article, nor did I hear it read. The report was talked about in the jury-room. I had made up my mind from the evidence heard in court."

Edward Clarke: "I did not see the *Dispatch* of Friday. I may have read the report in the *State*, but cannot say."

J. M. Carter: "I did not read the article. I did not talk with anybody."

Joseph C. Redwood: "I do not remember reading the *Dispatch*, but think I read something in the *State*. If I had read every line in both papers, it would not have influenced me. If I heard the article discussed by the jury, it was very little if any."

H. D. Smith: "I did not read or hear it talked about."

E. K. Gunn did not read the *Dispatch*, read a short piece in the *State*, but not about the trial. "I heard Mr. Roper read about the trial. It had no influence with me."

J. F. Childrey did not read it until Sunday after the trial. I heard Mr. Roper reading the jurors' names, and we teased him about his name, as it was the first time that we had ever seen his name in a paper.

Charles G. Roper: "I read the article carelessly. My mind, as far as the evidence which I had heard up to that time, was made up. The evening before I read the report in the *State*. Nothing that I read influenced me."

George S. Stokes did not read the paper containg the report. "It was the *Dispatch* of Tuesday that I was reading when Mr. Gunn notified me that the Judge said I must stop."

HEARING THE ARGUMENT.

Major Gregory argued that the party was entitled to a new trial; that the *corpus delicti* had not been proven, no witness having testified to the identity of the body, and no witness having testified to the identity of any of the clothing except Barbara Miller. She did not stand as an accomplice acknowledging her guilt together with the prisoner, but denying that she had anything to do with the crime. Therefore she stood as any other witness, and having been proven by the Commonwealth unworthy of credit, being contradicted by a number of Commonwealth witnesses as to many material points, therefore she stood as any other witness uneonnected with the transaction and giving false testimony; that it would be monstrous for the Commonwealth to ask for the execution of a citizen upon the testimony of a witness which she herself had proven unworthy of credit.

Secondly, Major Gregory argued that articles both in the *State* and the Richmond *Dispatch*, calculated to influence the jury, had been read by some of them while in charge of the sheriff, when he had sworn not to talk to them himself or permit anyone else to talk to them about the case; that an article prepared, after due consideration of the testimony, by a reporter, would have more force with a jury than the mere talking to them would, and to prove this he read numerous authorities in point, and also cited many cases showing that where the circumstancial evidence was much stronger than in this case the courts had granted new trials, claiming that the testimony of Barbara Miller should not weigh with the Judge in this case, but that the case should be heard and decided solely upon circumstancial evidence, which would undoubtedly entitle the prisoner to a new trial.

Major Gregory was followed by Commonwealth's-Attorney G. W. Thomas. He spoke at length in an able and forceful manner, and cited many cases in support of the position he took against reopening the case.

At this point a recess of one hour was taken.

MOTION OVERRULED.

Judge Newman overruled the motion for a new trial.

After complimenting Major Gregory upon his able defence of the prisoner, and speaking of the newspaper report in the *Dispatch*, the Judge stated that it was full and very fair, lacking nothing except that evidence which was of a character unfit for publication, and that he was much struck with the accuracy of the report. He then read the following

OPINION:

The case of Charles H. Lee.

By reference to Atwood's cases—1st Leach, page 365—it will be seen that it was there *unanimously* laid down by the twelve judges that the evidence of an accomplice should go to the jury; and that the jury were the judges of what weight should be given such evidence, or what parts should be credited, as well as what parts should be discredited; and without going into a citation of the rulings of our own Court of Appeals in *numerous* cases, I think the learned attorney for the prisoner will concede that the test-case decided by the twelve English judges has uniformly been the prevailing rule of practice both in England and in Virginia ever since.

The next question there is, Was the evidence of Barbara Miller given voluntarily, and not suggested by threats of punishment, or in hopes of reward or mitigation of her own punishment?

All the officers connected with the case in