

WILSON IN GOLDEN RULE STRAIN AT ROME CONDEMNS COERCION OF ALIEN PEOPLES

ITALIANS HEAR WILSON INVEIGH AGAINST SORDID PEACE BY GRABS

Urges Friendship Among Nations as Guarantee Against War.

BALANCE OF POWER IS IN DISCARD, HE ASSERTS

Rome, Jan. 3.—President Wilson is in Rome tonight preaching the golden rule that he hopes will move the Italian peacemakers to put the interests of the peace of all nations above the desire to grab territory of alien peoples from the wreck of Austria. Tonight in parliament house at an imposing reception given him by the members of the senate and chamber of deputies, he spoke his first words of admonition to the Italian people. In words made palatable by the sentiments of esteem for the nation to which America owes so much—including its discovery—he warned Italians that there cannot be another balance of power, but that friendship must henceforth bind the nations together if they are to dwell in peace.

Task to Keep All Free.

The president said: "Our task at Paris is to organize the friendship of the world—to see to it that all the moral forces that make for right and justice and liberty are united and are given a vital organization to which the peoples of the world will readily and gladly respond. "The distinguishing fact of this war is that great empires have gone to pieces. And the characteristics of those empires are that they held different peoples reluctantly together under the coercion of force and the guidance of intrigue. "The great difficulty among such states as those of the Balkans has been that they were always accessible to great influence; and they were always being penetrated by intrigue of some sort or another; that north of them lay disturbed populations which were held together not by (Continued on Page Two)

MASCOT ORPHAN COMES OVER WITH RETURNING TROOPS

New York, Jan. 3.—In care of Captain Peter B. Kyne, California orphan and soldier, Marcel, an orphan, came to America today on the transport Matsonia. This 10-year-old adventurer, whose last name was not known to the 14th artillery, which adopted him, had attached himself to a French regiment after his mother had been deported to Germany and his father had been killed in battle, and each time the rolls went over times, without being wounded. Then the Americans arrived and Marcel met Captain Kyne, commanding battery A, and went with the battery. The deserted Polish made representations to the Americans to return Marcel to them, but Captain Kyne objected. Marcel enjoyed American chocolate and protested also. When the 14thth embarked for home Marcel stowed himself away in a bass drum case, and revealed himself three days out when hunger and thirst forced him. Captain Kyne said he would adopt the boy and take him to San Francisco.

FOOD-CLUTTERED PORTS EMBARGO EVEN RELIEF

New York, Jan. 3.—Shipment of all classes of freight and, particularly, foodstuffs intended for American troops abroad and Europe's starving people, today, was embargoed from other parts of the country thru the ports of Boston, Philadelphia and New York for export by order of the freight traffic committee, north Atlantic ports, representing north Atlantic railroads, at the suggestion, it was said, of the federal food administration. Food and supplies are accumulated on the piers of New York to such an extent that it is impossible for it to be handled

NEW POLAND MAY BE BORN AMID BLOODSHED



New Poland will be born amid vast blood-letting. The Poles are ambitious to incorporate in their new kingdom or republic territories from the Baltic sea south into Austria and Russia, and as a result are facing possibilities of war on all sides. Bolshevik troops are advancing on Vilna and the Poles have issued an ultimatum to Germany demanding passage of Polish troops over the German railways. A Polish army, sent from France, has occupied Danzig, the Baltic port demanded by the Poles as an outlet to the sea. Field Marshal Hindenburg, under orders from the Ebert government of Germany, is massing an army in Posen and East and West Prussia to hold these German provinces "at any cost." The Poles and Germans have broken relations and a clash is considered near. In Galicia the Poles are having frequent clashes with the Ruthenians and other former Austrian subjects. Among themselves the Poles are not agreed as to a form of government, and German Poland, Russia Poland and Austrian Poland are still three almost complete entities.

BOLSHEVIK CRUISER CAPTURED BY BRITISH IN ESTHONIAN FIGHT

Invaders Taken in Rear by Troops and Squadron Sent to Reval; 126 Prisoners Taken.

POLE PREMIER FOR INTERNATIONALIZING DANZIG AS A PORT

Warsaw, Jan. 3.—(By the Associated Press)—Andreas Moraczewski, Polish premier, said today that he was in favor of the creation of an international port at Danzig. In outlining his program he said: "I desire to see Poland inhabited only by Poles. I do not favor giving special autonomy and schools to the Jews, but do believe in giving them civic rights if they performed their civic duties. "We have been robbed by both the departing Russians and Germans, the latter trying to destroy our industries and our markets. The allies should consider these difficulties. Territorially we want what is ours ethnographically. We do not want what is German or Ukrainian, but think that Lithuania is ours in this sense."

MAN IS SHOT AFTER FARMER IS ROBBED IN MINOT RESORT

Minot, N. D., Jan. 4.—While attempting to escape after being arrested for alleged complicity in the theft of \$230 from a farmer in a resort in this city last night, G. M. Gallnes, aged 30, was shot and killed by the officer who made the arrest. Several inmates and frequenters of the resort were held as witnesses.

CHILE CONTINUES TO SMOOD PERUVIANS OUT.

Lima, Peru, Jan. 3.—Demonstrations against Peruvians continue in Chile, according to unofficial reports received here, and steamships are arriving at Mollendo and Callao with many Peruvian refugees from Chile.

POINCARÉ WILL VISIT U. S. IN AUGUST

Paris, Jan. 3.—President Poincaré may visit the United States in August, writes Charles Omessa in L'Information today.

MONTANA UNITS TO RETURN; MAY PASS IN REVIEW

Sunset Division Booked to Embark at Brest at Early Date.

PARADE AT WASHINGTON OR NEW YORK PROPOSED

Washington, Jan. 3.—Montana's heroes are coming from the war. General March, chief of staff, announced today that virtually the entire Forty-First (Sunset) division is booked for an early return from France. The men listed for return are supposed to be on the way to Brest now to embark, and they probably will land at Newport News and come to the capital for a parade down Pennsylvania avenue. If they return by way of New York it is understood they also will parade there. This is in accord with the recent announcement of the war department that such divisions as the Rainbow and Sunset will be paraded in the east on their return and will then be given opportunity for community parades as combined organizations and as lesser units in their home towns. In all more than 500 officers and 16,000 men of the Sunset division, comprising troops from Washington, Oregon, Montana, Idaho and Wyoming, were ordered home. The list shows the headquarters and headquarters troop of the 41st, the 161st regiment complete, 163rd complete (Montana men), 164th complete and 162nd, less second battalion. Other units of the division are the 181st and 182nd infantry brigade headquarters; 146th, 147th and 148th machine gun battalions; 116th ammunition train, 116th supply train, 116th sanitary train and 164th ambulance train. Today's list also includes the 6th, 101st, 104th, 204th, 306th trench mortar batteries; 301st water tank train and 142nd aero squadron.

CALIFORNIA TROOPS NOW AT CAMP MERRITT

New York, Jan. 3.—The United States army transport Matsonia, with 3,707 officers and men, mostly from the far west, arrived here today. All of the troops except 140 wounded, of whom 39 were bedridden, were sent to Camp Merritt, N. J. Among the units aboard included 691 (Continued on Page Two)

FIVE SPEAKERSHIP CANDIDATES THROW THEIR HATS IN RING

Helena, Jan. 3.—Every train brings its quota of members of the legislative assembly, which will convene here next Monday, and a large proportion of both houses are wounded. A meeting of the executive committee of the republican

RUSSIA GOES BACK TO BOOZE

Vladivostok, Jan. 1.—(By The Canadian Press).—Beginning the Russian new year, January 7, the Koleshak government removes the prohibition on manufacture and sale of vodka. The prohibition was imposed by former Czar Nicholas.

RUSSIA GOES BACK TO BOOZE

A license system will be adopted with high excise taxes to raise money to defray the cost of the new army. Millions of rubles were raised by private subscription December 31, 1918, army day. Mobilization of boys 19 and 20 years of age and of officers has been ordered for January 15, 1919.

U. S. NAVAL SALUTE TO HONOR NATAL DAY OF JOAN OF ARC

Washington, Jan. 3.—A naval salute will be fired from the guns of a warship in New York harbor, January 6, in honor of the 507th anniversary of the birth of Joan of Arc.

R. R. REBELLION ON; RETURN OR RENEW CONTROL—M'ADOO

U. S. Director General Tells Probers Lines Are Challenging Authority of Government.

State Commissions Also Dispute Federal Curb; Keep Wages and Rates Up, He Urges.

Washington, Jan. 3.—The railroad situation demands either a five-year extension of government control or reversion to private ownership as soon as possible, Director-General McAdoo told the senate interstate commerce committee, under a bombardment of questions, when he testified at the opening hearing today into the question of government ownership or control, or private control with or without government regulation. Senators Cummins, of Iowa, and Kellogg, of Minnesota, republicans, who put most of the questions to McAdoo, argued, by implication, for retention by the government of the railroads for the full 21 months after the declaration of peace, as authorized by the existing law, and for legislation, meanwhile, by congress, to provide a permanent solution of the railroad problem.

Reasons for Returning Roads.

McAdoo gave three reasons why he does not believe in retaining control of the roads for 21 months: "The railroad companies already are challenging the authority of the railroad administration to require them to purchase certain equipment and otherwise are not giving a full measure of co-operation. "That some state railroad commissions threaten to dispute the right of the federal management to dictate intrastate rates in normal peace times. "That the uncertainty of the future will cause a ferment within railroad organizations particularly destructive to morale of employes and officers. "To Senator Cummins comment that he thought it "little less than a crime to turn back the roads at an early date, with the standards of wages, material and rates as they are," and that "unless the roads are given more time to prepare, it will be little short of disastrous." McAdoo replied: "I cannot foresee such a situation at all, unless the state commissions and the Interstate Commerce commission, ignoring the necessity for maintaining wages and the rights of just compensation, would reduce the rates unjustly. (Continued on Page Two)

POLES HAVE POSEN; TAKE CITY FUNDS

Copenhagen, Jan. 3.—Posen is completely in the hands of the Poles, according to advices from Berlin. The official buildings are guarded by soldiers wearing German uniforms, but with their cockades replaced by the White Eagle of Poland. The Poles have taken complete charge, even in the German districts, and the German national monuments have been overturned, often after violent fighting. All of the official money has been taken over by the Poles. The bakers refused to sell bread to Germans and the Polish cooks fly from every house.

POLES HAVE POSEN; TAKE CITY FUNDS

Washington, Jan. 3.—The corporation of Belfast, Ireland, has given to the "American nation, free of charge of all time," the section of the city cemetery wherein are buried 34 American soldiers who died of influenza.

POLES HAVE POSEN; TAKE CITY FUNDS

Washington, Jan. 3.—Senator Sherman, of Illinois, republican, criticized in an address, today, what he described as the use of trans-Atlantic cables for the transmission of detailed reports of President Wilson's visit abroad while "mothers were lying awake nights," endeavoring with little success to obtain information relative to the welfare of their sons now in the American army overseas. Senator Sherman referred to press dispatches describing in detail the interior of the Murat palace in Paris, where the president and Mrs. Wilson are staying, and to accounts of receptions in news matter accredited to The Associated Press and other agencies.

POLES HAVE POSEN; TAKE CITY FUNDS

Senator Thomas, of Colorado, said he was informed that "much of this stuff" had been prepared by correspondents. Senator Sherman asked the Colorado senator to make a personal investigation, but added that the Associated Press had reported these items as cablegrams and that on previous occasions he had found the association's records accurate and that it had verified matter that could not be verified from other sources. During his speech, Senator Sherman referred to repeated failure on his part to obtain information thru the war department relative to soldiers abroad, and declared the navy department was the only place where he had found "human sympathy and prompt action."

BERGER WINGS WHEN GHOSTS OF WILD TALK RISE

Congressman Confronted at Trial by Anti-War Harangues.

PATRIOT ONLY IN CASE OF ATTACK ON COUNTRY

Chicago, Jan. 3.—Congressman-elect Victor L. Berger winged many times, today, on the witness stand, when confronted by past utterances opposing the war with Germany or advocating violence in the solution of American social or industrial problems. He was tired and nervous when he resumed the stand this morning, pleaded a headache and asked to be excused from reading documents put in evidence. He was confronted with virtually every public utterance made in recent years and which the government alleges in the trial of the five socialist leaders, including himself, to be seditious. Some he had apparently forgotten he had made. While under the order, Berger looked appealingly at his attorneys for protection, but they were unable to stem the tide of questions by government counsel. In a speech which he delivered in New York in 1917, Berger said: "The war was started by capitalists. It was fathured by the men in Lombard street and Wall street, and the issues are 'war babies.' Every time there is talk of peace, one of the 'war babies' dies of fright. The plutocrats would rather have the Kaiser than a real social democracy in Germany. The war is not popular in the West. We have a rubber stamp congress which is completely dominated by the national administration. Think of President Wilson sending Elihu Root to Russia to teach the people of that country democracy!"

For War Training in Schools.

Berger told of a speech he delivered in 1916, in which he advocated military preparation, with the public school as a starter for universal military training. He said he believed in an armed peace. Berger attempted to explain the circumstances under which he wrote the "ballots and bullets" article published in a Milwaukee paper in 1909, in which (Continued on Page Two)

FATALLY WOUNDED MAN SAID TO HAVE ACCUSED HIS WIFE

Richmond L. Boyd Dies, Victim of Gun Discharged at His Home.

Washington, Jan. 3.—Early this morning Richmond L. Boyd, a barber, died in a local hospital as the result of a gunshot wound received last Monday while he was in his home. After the shooting, his wife, who was said to have been with him at the time, was taken to the county jail, where she has been held pending the outcome of Boyd's injuries. County Attorney E. M. Niles said tonight that he would file a charge of murder in the first degree against Mrs. Boyd. According to the county attorney Boyd made a dying statement in which he is alleged to have said the shooting was not accidental and accused his own wife of firing the shot. Three consecutive Mondays have now developed tragedies in this little city.

BRITISH AND DUTCH AGREE ON KAISER

Amsterdam, Jan. 3.—The British and Dutch governments have arrived at an agreement regarding the status of the former German emperor, according to a dispatch to the Telegraph from The Hague.

TRIUMPHAL WILSON TRIP PEEVES ILLINOIS SENATOR

Washington, Jan. 3.—Senator Sherman, of Illinois, republican, criticized in an address, today, what he described as the use of trans-Atlantic cables for the transmission of detailed reports of President Wilson's visit abroad while "mothers were lying awake nights," endeavoring with little success to obtain information relative to the welfare of their sons now in the American army overseas. Senator Sherman referred to press dispatches describing in detail the interior of the Murat palace in Paris, where the president and Mrs. Wilson are staying, and to accounts of receptions in news matter accredited to The Associated Press and other agencies.