

REVIEW OF THE LEGISLATURE

By THE TRIBUNE'S Special Correspondent, Warren W. Moses.

BILL TO REGULATE ADOPTION IS SKILLED

Opposed on Ground It Would Hinder Children Being Placed in Homes.

Helena, Jan. 29.—After a short debate in committee of the whole, the senate today decided it would be unwise to give the bureau of child and animal protection supervision over the placing in homes of all homeless, dependent and illegitimate children, and killed H. R. 25 by Scharnikow providing for such action.

Booth led the fight against the bill, saying a record of such children in public office would deter many people from adopting children, and that it was merely an attempt on a part of a state bureau to do more regulating. He said he knew of two children recently adopted that would not have been given good homes had the records of their paternity been available.

Naylor championed the measure, and McKay and Long also advocated its passage. McKay contended that at present many men get girls into trouble and are able to hide their guilt in convenient maternity homes and the children are given to irresponsible persons purporting to care for them.

Long cited a Lincoln county case where a three days' old baby was given to unfit persons. Such would not have been the case had the bureau of child protection been notified and empowered to make an investigation, he asserted.

Booth said it merely showed Montana needed better officers and fewer laws, that protection could now be given by recourse to the district court.

Edwards opposed the bill upon the ground that a greater evil would be engendered than attempting to correct an existing evil. He said the birth records, which are compulsory, are sufficient.

McKay said the Florence Critchfield Home and the Montana Children's Home society in favor of the bill as it would provide a semblance of regulation of maternity homes.

Apparently there was some foundation for the rumors current the past few days that some senate employees were to be laid off. The payroll is concerned and that they failed to show up for work. The senate adopted a motion made by McKee placing all employees under the supervision of the sergeant at arms and requiring them to report to him, and that they fail to report shall be discharged forthwith.

That a strong fight will be waged against S. B. 41 by Donlan, reducing the number of deputies in county offices, is foreshadowed by telegraphic protests received by the senate from practically all organizations of county officers, protesting against the bill and asking to be heard. The communications were referred to the committee on salaries.

The senate committee on agriculture and the senate committee on stock raising upset all precedents today when they jointly presented a favorable report on S. B. 33 for the creation of herd districts. The bill would divide the state into herd districts and would permit creation of others to contain not less than 24 square miles and at least three miles in width. The report was adopted without dissent.

The measure for the semi-monthly payment of wages, S. B. 1, affecting all industries but agriculture, was passed on third reading, as was S. B. 11, permitting stock to be made assessable on a three-fourths vote of the stock instead of stockholders by three and two-thirds.

HOUSE APPROVES REDUCTION TO 200 OF POPULATION REQUIRED TO BE TOWN

Another Measure Given O. K. in Committee of Whole Increases to 65 P. C. Taxpayer Signers for Removal of County Seat.

Helena, Jan. 29.—Measures amending the laws for the organization of towns and for the removal of seats of counties were among those given favorable consideration today by the house, working in committee of the whole, with Meyer of Silver Bow in the chair.

The committee took up and recommended for passage house bill 114, by Faust, which changes the present law so that in the organization of towns the minimum number of inhabitants required of such is reduced from 300, as at present, to 200.

House bill 96, by Henderson, which was likewise recommended for passage, increases from 31 per cent to 65 per cent the proportion of the taxpayers of the county required as signers to a petition for the holding of a special election to determine the question of the removal of a county seat from one point to another. The bill classifies these taxpayers as "ad valorem taxpayers." One member wanted to know what was meant by "ad valorem taxpayers," and he was informed by the father of the bill that this meant those who pay taxes.

The explanation was accepted and the bill approved.

The committee gave its approval to house bill 92, by Scharnikow, amending the present law bearing upon the measurement of land in the stack. As approved, the bill provides that 422 cubic feet of native pine shall constitute a ton during the period of 30 days in three months in the stack, and thereafter 512 cubic feet shall constitute a ton; that 512 cubic feet of alfalfa or clover or grass shall constitute a ton any time from 30 days after being placed in the stack up to one year; and that 450 cubic feet of clean timothy or clover shall constitute a ton during a similar period.

House bill 120, by Eaton, requiring that on or before Sept. 1 of each year all schools of any educational institutions of the state shall furnish to the state superintendent of public instruction an annual report for such school, was approved.

The committee recommended concurrence in senate joint resolution 2, by Edwards, praying that old soldiers should not be deprived of their benefits of the sanitarium at the Battle Mountain soldiers' home in North Dakota, and senate joint memorial 4, by Page, asking congress for legislation granting relief to producers of manganese ore.

A report from the committee on rules was adopted whereby rule 37 was amended so that no bill may be considered in the house until it shall have been first considered by a committee and have been printed, and that one day shall have elapsed after such printing before it may be considered in committee of the whole.

At the request of the committee on labor, it was granted additional time in the matter of house bill 74, by Bent, prohibiting the employment of women in industries for more than 10 days per week, the committee stating that it desired to conduct jointly with a committee from the senate.

On motion of Gibson, chairman of the judiciary committee, the vote of yesterday on the report killing house bill 123, by Sektan, relating to chattel mortgages, was reconsidered and the bill referred to the committee.

The report of the state council of defense was presented by the speaker, but, upon motion, reading was dispensed with and orders were given that it be printed and placed on the desks of the members.

HEARINGS ON COUNTY DIVISION TO BE HELD TODAY AND TOMORROW

Helena, Jan. 29.—The correct schedule of county division hearings follows:

Thursday afternoon, Dearborn county.
Friday afternoon, Sun River county.
Friday evening, Daly county.

BRITISH YIELD

(Continued from Page One.)

ing the colonies. Early in the day, General Smuts, representing the dominions' view against the mandate, and Col. House, who is supporting the mandate, held a lengthy conference, with a view to reconciling the differences. This seemed to end toward a compromise whereby the mandatory power would have full control of the administration of any colony committed to its care, but the league of nations would exercise supervision over the general character of the administration, with a view to protecting the interests of the nation and the population.

SEEKING MIDDLE GROUND.

Later in the day, Premier Hughes, of Australia, who is the exponent of the extreme view for outright annexation of the colonies, conferred with Colonel House in a further effort to secure a middle ground. In this meeting, various British dominion delegates held a meeting and conferred with Premier Lloyd George, for the purpose of determining their course.

The result of this meeting was not made known but the sentiment in conference circles is strongly hopeful that an agreement will be reached which will preserve the American plan of a mandate, without hampering the power in administering a colony.

In connection with the territorial question before it, the peace conference is confronted by no less than three secret treaties, says the Paris edition of the London Daily Mail today.

ITALY SECRETLY GIVEN GOAST.

"The first is the treaty between Great Britain, France and Italy, confiding of the Adriatic coast, which conflicts violently with Jugo-Slav and Czech-Slovak interests," the Mail continues. "The second is the treaty between Great Britain and Japan, under which Japan gets the German islands in the North Pacific. The third is the treaty between Great Britain and the king of the Hedsjaz under which Dammus forms a part of the territory given to the Hedjaz kingdom."

"Dammus lies near the border line of the spheres of control in Syria and Palestine agreed upon between the British and the French. Under the agreement Palestine forms the Sea of Galilee, the Egyptian border is a British protectorate administered for the special benefit of the Jews, while north of the Sea of Galilee, to Asia Minor that comes under the French. The entire day to Poland, bearing the Polish delegates, Dmowski and Piltz, and the Czech-Slovak delegates, Kramarz and Benes.

While this bore on the instructions to the commission about to start for London, yet the main business of the council was to hear the Poles and Czech-Slovak delegates concerning the warfare now going on between them along the Silesian frontier. This clash between the military forces of the two countries gave the entire day to Poland, bearing the Polish delegates, Dmowski and Piltz, and the Czech-Slovak delegates, Kramarz and Benes.

BILL WOULD PERMIT DRUG STORES TO SELL ALCOHOLIC MEDICINES

Pharmacist Gives Notice of His Intention to Introduce Measure.

Helena, Jan. 29.—With the view to bringing about a modification of the prohibition law so as to permit the sale by drug stores of patent medicines containing a larger percentage of alcohol than is now permissible, H. B. 104, by Flathead, a druggist member of the house, today gave notice of his intention to introduce a bill authorizing the importation, manufacture and sale of preparations and compounds containing alcohol.

Other proposed bills of which notice was given today are:
By Church, relating to the fees of county clerks.
By Buchanan, to provide for the appointment of judges and clerks of elections.
By Wilcomb: An act to amend section 4120, revised codes of Montana of 1907, relating to the deposits in the hands of the state auditor of any domestic life insurance company.
By Baggs: An act providing for the destruction of noxious weeds, defining what are noxious weeds.
By Brandford: An act to submit to the qualified electors of the state of Montana an amendment to section five of article eleven of the constitution, providing that 35 per centum of all the interest received on the school funds of the state and 35 per centum of all the other income from the school funds of the state shall be apportioned to the several school districts of the state, and further providing that the remaining five per centum of all the interest received on the school funds of the state and the remaining five per centum of all the other income from the school funds of the state shall be added to the public school funds of the state, and become a permanent part thereof.

By Scharnikow: An act to provide for the inspection of sheep to be removed from the state of Montana, or to be shipped from one railroad station to another within the state.
By Scharnikow: An act to extend the boundaries of Powell county, so as to include a portion of Granite county.
By McAfee: An act for the regulation and control of fraternal benefit societies or associations.

NEWMAN OPPOSES PLAN TO INCREASE TAX LEVY LIMIT

Declares Tendency of Cities to Expend All Money Made Available.

Special to The Daily Tribune.

Helena, Jan. 29.—Opposition to the bill presented by Brown of Cascade, at the instance of the Montana Municipal League, by which it is proposed to increase to 15 mills the amount of taxes that may be imposed by cities for general and administrative purposes, was voiced at a meeting of the house committee on affairs of cities by Representative Louis Newman of Great Falls.

Newman based his opposition to the bill upon the ground that no matter how high the limit of such a levy might be placed, the general tendency of municipalities would be to raise and expend all thus made available. He called attention to the plan of Mayor Fouquet of Great Falls for retrenchment in expenditures by reducing the police and fire forces of the city, and stated he did not favor such a move, but felt that the savings necessary to meet present conditions could be effected by curtailments along other lines.

At this meeting a large delegation from Butte was present to urge the passage of the measure on behalf of that city as a relief for the distressing condition of its finances. No action was taken by the committee.

THEY BUZZ.

"Some men," said Uncle Eben, "is like tops. They buzz around an' around and don't never get nowhere."—Washington Star.

WILSON COLONIAL STAND HARD FOR ENGLAND TO GULP

London, Jan. 30.—The protests against the acceptance of President Wilson's German colonial policy of mandatory guardianship by a league of nations over the captured German colonies, which step was taken tonight by the British war cabinet, have been of the gravest character, says the Paris correspondent of the Daily Mail.

"The protests," says the correspondent, "have been of the gravest character. The South African representative believe acceptance will give the greatest encouragement to the rebel element in the German colonies."

KNOCKS OUT PAIN THE FIRST ROUND

Comforting Relief From Pain Makes Sloan's the World's Liniment.

This famous reliever of rheumatic aches, soreness, stiffness, painful sprains, neuralgic pains, and most other external twinges that humanity suffers from, enjoys its great sales because it practically never fails to bring speedy, comforting relief.

Always ready for use, it takes little to penetrate without rubbing and produce results. Clean, refreshing. At all drug stores. A large bottle means economy. 30c, 60c, \$1.20.



South Africa which it ever has received during the British administration. The Australian delegates fear that Australian public opinion will regard it as extremely unsatisfactory and inexplicable. The dominion representatives generally, the very reluctant, are greatly perturbed.

Regarding safeguards under which the mandatories would administer the countries whose peoples are not ripe for self-determination, the Daily Mail says President Wilson proposes that the safeguards shall be settled by the peace conference of the league of nations, they being varied according to local conditions.

The correspondent says: "President Wilson believes all the difficulties can be settled by separate consideration of the case of each territory. He even foresees the possibility of the league having revenue derived from constituent members which might be spent in developing lands which it will nominally own."

"French, Italian and British colonial opinion is that any system of international control always has proved a failure and always will, and that the only right of interference which the league ought to assume would be the right to call to account any power whose government is injurious to the interests of the inhabitants."

"The colonial delegates declare that public opinion in their countries is quite incapable of appreciating the idea that administration under President Wilson's scheme may under certain circumstances not differ materially from actual possession."

London, Jan. 29.—The only amelioration in the strike situation has been a concession by the employers of a 48-hour week to all road and transport workers, which resulted from a conference held today. The Nottingham miners' strike has been settled by the concession of the principal demands of the miners.

On the Clyde, the situation has grown worse and there were stormy scenes at Glasgow as a sequel to the refusal of the labor minister to intervene in the disputes.

FRANCE WANTS FINNS RECOGNIZED.

Paris, Jan. 29.—The French government, according to the Journal, has proposed to the powers that Finland be recognized as an independent nation.

DOCTORS ON STRIKE.

Paris, Jan. 29.—The doctors of the German port of Wilhelmshaven, which is in control of the Spartans, have gone on a strike, according to a Zurich dispatch to the Matin.

\$5 put in our CHRISTMAS BANKING CLUB
Regularly each week for 50 weeks gets you next Xmas \$250.00

THAT'S THE POINT

Get right down to "brass tacks," figure what you can do without—and put \$5 every week into our Christmas Banking Club. In 50 weeks you will have \$250.

We also have 50-cent and \$1.00 clubs, where you pay in the same amount each week.

Come in and let us tell you about our 1-cent, 2-cent, 5-cent and 10-cent clubs. It is not too late to join—you can easily pay up the small back payments and be a regular member.

YOU WILL RECEIVE 4 PER CENT INTEREST

THE CASCADE BANK
GREAT FALLS, MONT.
Oldest Bank of Continuous Service in Cascade County—Established 1889
OPEN SATURDAY NIGHTS

Bill for Basin County Has Ignominious End

Special to The Daily Tribune.

Helena, Jan. 29.—Protests presented in person by a delegation of about 25 who have been affected by the proposed county of Basin, resulted last night in the application of a razor edge to the bill for its creation by the house committee on new counties, which decided to report it out unfavorably. There was practically no showing made in its behalf.

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IT'S NOT YOUR HEART; IT'S YOUR KIDNEYS

Kidney disease is no respecter of persons. A majority of the ill-afflicted people today can be traced back to the kidney trouble.

The kidneys are the most important organs of the body. They are the filters of your blood. If the poisons which are swept from the tissues by the blood are not eliminated through the kidneys, disease of one form or another will claim you as a victim.

Kidney disease is usually indicated by weakness, sleeplessness, nervousness, dizziness, backache, stomach trouble, pain in loins and lower abdomen, gail stones, gravel, rheumatism, sciatica and lumbago.

All these derangements are nature's signals that the kidneys need help. You should use GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules immediately. The soothing, healing oil stimulates the kidneys, relieves inflammation and destroys the germs which have caused it. Go to your druggist today and get a box of GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules. In twenty-four hours you should feel health and vigor returning. After you feel somewhat improved continue to take one or two capsules each day, so as to keep the first-class condition and ward off the danger of other attacks.

Ask for the original imported GOLD MEDAL brand. Three sizes. Money refunded if they do not help you.

Three Days More!

BIG SHOE SALE CLOSING SATURDAY

Today, Friday and Saturday, will mark the whirlwind finish of our January Clearance Sale.

Since our SECOND DEEP CUT in prices our sales have been increasing daily.

Every pair of men's, ladies' and children's shoes in the house has yielded to the price-cutting knife and you can get real shoe bargains right in the face of an ever rising market.

Don't Wait - Come This Week

FLAHERTY & PERRA

12 THIRD STREET SOUTH

Easy to Make This Pine Cough Remedy

Thousands of families suffer by its prompt results. Inexpensive, and saves about \$2.

You know that pine is used in nearly all prescriptions and remedies for coughs. The reason is that pine contains several peculiar elements that have a remarkable effect in soothing and healing the membranes of the throat and chest. Pine is famous for this purpose.

Pine cough syrups are combinations of pine and syrup. The "syrup" part is usually plain granulated sugar syrup. To make the best pine cough remedy that money can buy, put 2 1/2 ounces of Pinex in a pint bottle, and fill up with home-made sugar syrup. Or you can use clarified molasses, honey, or corn syrup, instead of sugar syrup. Either way, you make a full pint—more than you can buy ready-made for three times the money. It is pure, good and very pleasant. Children take it eagerly.

You can feel this take hold of a cough or cold in a way that means business. The cough may be dry, hoarse and tight, or may be persistently loose from the formation of phlegm. The cause is the same—inflamed membranes—and this same—Pinex and Syrup combination will stop it—usually in 24 hours or less. Splendid, too, for bronchial asthma, hoarseness, or any ordinary throat ailment.

Pinex is a highly concentrated compound of genuine Norway pine extract, and is famous the world over for its prompt effect upon coughs.

Beware of substitutes. Ask your druggist for "2 1/2 ounces of Pinex" with directions, and don't accept anything else. Guaranteed to give absolute satisfaction or money promptly refunded. The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.