

REVIEW OF THE LEGISLATURE

By THE TRIBUNE'S Special Correspondent, Warren W. Moses.

FARMERS FAVOR ELEVATOR HERE THO OPPOSING IT

Co-operator Tells Hearing at Helena They Voted in Dark.

URGES POSTPONEMENT TO WORK OUT NEW PLAN

Helena, Jan. 30.—Discussion of the proposed state terminal grain elevator to be erected at Great Falls, for which bonds were voted at the last election, was indulged in this evening at a public hearing conducted by the joint senate and house committee appointed for the purpose of working out a feasible plan of operation of the undertaking. A number of the men who were interested in the farmers' movement attended and addressed the meeting and some very enlightening talks upon the subject were delivered.

M. T. Small of Flathead county, chosen at the recent co-operators' congress to present to the committee the resolution then adopted by the congress, stated that while the farmers were favorable to the idea, they were unfamiliar with the details of the bill when they voted for it. He suggested that the construction of the elevator be held in abeyance for two years and that, during that time, a committee of three grain growers be empowered to work out a plan of procedure.

W. S. McCormick of Flathead went into the history of the matter and impressed the committee that the farmers were favorable to the basic idea and there was no disposition upon their part to defeat the plan.

Sam Teagarden covered the subject in a most concise and enlightening manner. He presented evidence of much serious thought and study of the question. He presented figures showing in what manner the elevator could be made to bring about a great saving to the grain growers of the state, even if only to bring about the creation of a basis of reasonable elevator charges, which would have to be followed by the grain dealers and elevator men of the state, and stated: "If these ideas could be carried out, it would be a year or two before the farmers of this state would be saved from \$2,500,000 to \$3,000,000 which is now being literally stolen from them."

Mr. Teagarden called attention to the great port district terminal elevator at Astoria, Ore.; to the terminal elevator at New Orleans, and to the several great interior terminal elevators constructed by the government in the Canadian Northwest and the vast benefit these Canadian elevators were proving for the farmers of that great grain-growing section. His argument was the principal one made in behalf of the elevator by its friends and later speakers, including Adam Stimpert, father of the elevator bill, and R. S. Skinner, secretary of the Great Falls Commercial club, advised that he had covered the ground thoroughly.

Representative Brown of Cascade spoke upon the subject and E. F. Cobb of Geyser supported the idea and suggested that it could be made of great benefit to the farmers of the state if for no other purpose than that of storing and distribution of clean seed wheat, for which there always existed a large and almost insatiable demand.

At the close of the hearing, Senator Junod, chairman of the committee, said he felt sure that, in many ways, the elevator could be made beneficial to the farmers of the state and that it was for the purpose of bringing out these helpful suggestions that the meeting had been called.

He called for an executive session of the committee for 10 a. m. Friday, to take up some action, and announced that another public hearing would be conducted next week.



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LIMITATION OF RED FLAG BILL IS TAKEN UP IN STATE SENATE

Amendment Would Restrict It to Emblems "Accepted" as Revolutionary.

Special to The Daily Tribune. Helena, Jan. 30.—Consideration of house bill 28, by McCormick, to prevent the display of any flag, banner or emblemizing organized government in the United States was taken up by the senate today in committee of the whole and will be continued tomorrow, final action being deferred on motion of Burla so that there consideration could be given an amendment offered by Anderson of Richland, that would limit application of the measure only to flags or banners "commonly accepted" as being representative of revolutionary movements that aimed to change the social or industrial system without disruption of law.

McKay of Sanders county moved the bill be not concurred in, but failed to obtain a second for the motion. The Sanders county senator indulged in a tirade against the bill and impugned the motives of its author. He praised the socialists and said their ideals were far higher than those of some men who professed to be patriotic. He charged the bill would deprive citizens of "liberty, equality and justice," as guaranteed by the constitution, and that it would "play up against every progressive element in the country."

The judiciary committee was instructed to make an investigation of the intent of the bill and determine if it should be amended. This action was taken after a communication was read from Judge A. C. Spencer of Billings, addressed to Senator Burla, in which he asserted that the operation of the indeterminate sentence act, in conjunction with the rules of the state parole board, had the effect of quartering all statutory penalties, and that prisoners actually only served one-fourth of the time imposed. He said the maximum penalty for parole works out only one-half, two years and a half for grand larceny three and a half years where the law provides from one to 14 years.

This comes about, he said, because the law provides the minimum sentence shall not be more than one-half as much as the maximum penalty, and the parole board is authorized to realize on parole prisoners of good behavior who have served half their time. The law cuts the time in half, and the rules of the parole board again makes a cut of one-half. While admitting in many cases present sentences do justice, Judge Spencer believed in other cases the sentences served are wholly inadequate. In committee the bill was favorably recommended, S. B. T. by Connely, authorizing cities and towns to make levies in excess of those permitted by law, when the excess levies are ratified by a vote of the taxpayers. It also recommended S. B. 28 by Lewis, creating the 20th judicial district out of Sheridan county, H. B. 45, providing that mileage of sheriffs and others shall be computed by the shortest direct route, regardless of the route actually traveled, and recommended S. B. 46 by Morris and Edwards, providing for a referendum on the issuance of road bonds in the sum of \$15,000,000, was ordered printed and referred to the committee on highways, S. B. 28, creating the Montana Irrigation commission, was also ordered printed and referred to the committee on irrigation.

There was no objection to the favorable report of the committee on judicial districts recommending for passage S. B. 63 by Larson abolishing one judgeship in the First, Fourth, Fifth and Tenth judicial districts.

Favorable committee reports were received as follows:

Countries and towns; S. B. 27 making destruction of edible foods or their retention until they spoil, restrain of trade; S. B. 56 by Cooper-Classification of counties; irrigation districts; S. B. 28, creating Montana irrigation commission (be printed); compensation; S. B. 31, operation of hoisting engines; S. B. 32, inspection of boilers, roads and bridges; S. B. 46, \$15,000,000 bond issue (be printed); judicial districts; S. B. 63, Abolishing one judge in First, Fourth, Fifth and Tenth districts; stock-growing; S. B. 60, Disposition of stray monies; S. B. 59, Relating to bulls on the public range; railroads and transportation; S. J. M. 5 by Donlan, asking restoration of railroads to their owners under direct federal supervision. The senate adjourned until 10:30 Friday.

BILL WOULD MAKE FOREST OFFICERS GAME WARDENS

Measure Expected to Precipitate New Attack on State Game Laws.

Helena, Jan. 29.—Another of the various attacks upon the state game laws and the game warden's office, already made or to be made during the present legislative session, is to come out of a bill for which Scherinkow today gave notice. This bill will provide for the amending of section 1974 of the revised codes to define the status of officers in the employ of the forestry service of the United States and to make them ex-officio deputy game and fish wardens of the state of Montana, to serve without pay.

Nquist of Sheridan county gave notice of a bill to provide for the construction of a fish hatchery in Sheridan county.

Hemel gave notice of a bill relating to changes of venue in criminal matters and to the disqualification of judges in criminal actions.

SALARY INCREASE FOR JUDGES IS CUT BUT NOT DEFEATED

Tribute to Great Falls Jurist Paid by Meigs in Battle of House Reports.

Helena, Jan. 30.—Presentation of conflicting reports from the committee on appropriations relating to house bill 19, by Meyer, providing for an increase in the salaries of district judges precipitated a spirited fight upon the floor of the house, this afternoon, which resulted in a temporary victory for the supporters of the bill.

The majority report recommended passage of the bill with an amendment that the salary be placed at \$5,000 instead of \$6,000 as originally provided. A minority report recommended that the bill do not pass.

Meyer, maker of the bill, spoke in its support, contending that the dignity and honor of the bench entitled it to recognition by an increase in pay, stating that the present salary of \$4,000 was fixed in 1895 and had never been changed. Higgins, who signed the minority report, contended that the increase was not justified, that it would mean an increase of \$27,000 in the expense of the state, that while some judges may not receive as much as they would if engaged in the practice of law, still the majority are probably earning \$10,000 a year more than they would otherwise have received. He held out that the salaries of the state treasurer, auditor and secretary of state are but \$3,000 a year, and if increases are to be made they should start with the state officers. He said history had demonstrated that it was not always the best lawyer who was elevated to the bench, but the man who was best able to get the votes.

Meigs, of Cascade, supported the bill strongly and paid a high compliment to Judge Leslie, of the Eighth judicial district, in his argument. Sinclair opposed the bill because it would open up the salary raising question. He held that living conditions there peak and are now on the decline.

Brookway supported the bill, claiming the people want \$10,000 men on the bench and cannot hope to get them for \$4,000.

On standing vote, the minority report was lost, 42 to 44, and the majority report was adopted.

DEARBORN COUNTY MEASURE KILLED BY HOUSE COMMITTEE

L. L. Callaway, Representing Great Falls, Appears in Opposition.

Helena, Jan. 30.—Representative Brown's bill for the creation of the county of Dearborn from portions of Cascade, Lewis and Clark and Meagher counties, which would give the city of Cascade the seat of county government, met with an early death late this afternoon at the hands of the house committee on new counties, which decided upon a report unfavorable to the bill.

The action was taken after a hearing conducted at the close of the afternoon session of the house when the arguments of its supporters and its opponents were heard. Representative Brown, on behalf of the bill, made a high legal statement before the committee. His talk was impressive and of a character which would have carried great weight had it not been opposed by a number of heavy property owners within the proposed district, Meigs of Cascade, who also addressed the committee in its support.

Appearing against the bill were L. L. Callaway, representing the city of Great Falls; Jack Burke, an extensive land owner of the Lewis and Clark section; H. Murphy, of the Dearborn country; Mr. McKenna of the Gillette Sheep company which owns 20,000 acres in the affected district; Henry Sichen, owning 20,000 acres of Cascade county land which would have been included; J. A. McDougall, representing himself and the Maryland Cattle company with 7,000 acres of land in the Milligan district; Mr. Hanna of Simms, representing Sun River valley protestants, and Senator Wood of Meagher, acting on behalf of the people of that part of Meagher which would have been taken in by the new county.

Food Products Try to Get Intimate With Consumer

Chicago, Jan. 30.—New efforts to cultivate friendship with the consumer were made today on behalf of leading food products. The price of butter, whole sale, was subject to a fresh cut of 3 to 5 cents a pound, according to grade. At the same time eggs, wholesale, were reduced 2 to 2½ cents a dozen.

Zemo Soothers and Heals Itching Skins. A CLEAN ANTISEPTIC LIQUID. For itching, torturing skin troubles, there is nothing like clean, liquid ZEMO; easy to apply, pleasant to use; no salve, grease, smear or stain. You will be surprised how quickly your skin trouble will disappear if you use this safe, antiseptic healing lotion. Any druggist can supply you with a 35c trial size, or a \$1.00 regular size bottle of ZEMO. When the skin is sensitive or tender, ZEMO SOAP should be used with ZEMO; it is soothing and healing to the skin. The E. W. Rose Co., Cleveland, O.

15-MILL LIMIT FOR MUNICIPAL TAXES REJECTED

House Refuses Increase Put Forward for Sake of Reckless Butte.

TOWNS AND CITIES ARE TOLD ECONOMY IS WISER

Helena, Jan. 30.—Taking the stand that economy in the administration of municipal affairs is preferable to extended liberality in the matter of expenditures, the house, this forenoon, declined to entertain the bill which would have conferred upon city councils the power to increase tax levies for general municipal administrative purposes up to a 15-mill limit.

This action was taken in the adoption of a minority report from the committee on affairs of cities, recommending that the bill do not pass. The majority report was favorable to the enactment of the measure, while the minority report urged the signatures of but two members, McCormick, of Missoula, and King, of Silver Bow. The bill, house bill 75, had been introduced by Brown, of Cascade, in accordance with the action recently taken by the Montana Municipal League, which desired its passage as a means of relieving cities of the state of the unfortunate condition into which many have drifted.

McCormick, in supporting the minority report, stated that the prime moving cause of the bill had been the condition of the finances of the city of Butte, which has become so involved in debt as to put its municipal affairs in a precarious condition. He said the bill was not conducive to any economy, but merely meant the imposition of more taxes, and he argued that its defeat would place upon city administrations the unavoidable task of affecting economies.

Brown, introducer of the bill, explained that, at a meeting of the Municipal League, at which about 25 cities and towns were represented, this method of obtaining revenues had been unanimously approved. He said some means had to be devised to derive revenue to take the place of the revenues lost by the repeal of liquor licenses, and that many cities must have added revenues or go upon a warrant basis, similar to that which exists in Butte, where the banks have refused to carry the city's paper.

Johnston of Anaconda, said there is not a city in the state whose revenues will not be cut down by the passing of the saloons, that Anaconda will lose \$100,000 a year thereby, and it will be necessary to levy an additional tax mill there to clear the city, the fire and police expenditures having been already reduced as much as possible.

Scherinkow, speaking in favor of the majority report, denied that cities meant to prey on the economy of the state, and that in his little city, Deer Lodge, the mayor was drawing a salary of but \$10 per year, and the aldermen but \$6.

Couch of Gallatin, opposed the bill, arguing that, rather than place an increased tax upon the taxpayers, property should be assessed somewhere near its true value.

McCormick held the city of Butte up as an example of official mismanagement, and said that many cities are being taxed to the limit and that additional taxation will mean the forfeiture of the holdings of the small property owner. Upon a standing vote, the minority report was adopted, 48 to 31.

Other measures which were killed by the house thru the adoption of committee reports unfavorable thereto were: House bill 146, by Johnson, relating to the office and duties of state fire marshal; House bill 149, by Dillavon, to create the county of Grant; House bill 152, by McCormick, to reimburse owners of cows slaughtered in Missoula county some years ago on orders of the state veterinarian.

Senate bill 19, by Donlan, appropriating \$150,000 for the relief of soldiers and sailors who are residents of Montana; House bill 100, by Drabourgh, changing the boundaries of Lewis and Clark and Broadwater counties.

These Favored by Committees. Reports of standing committees recommending passage of house bills or concurrence in senate bills were adopted upon the following: House bill 108, by Jones of Cascade.

GRANDMOTHER KNEW There Was Nothing So Good for Congestion and Colds as Mustard

But the old-fashioned mustard-plaster burned and blistered while it acted, the relief and help that mustard plasters gave, without the plaster and without the blister. Musterole does it. It is a clean, white ointment, made with oil of mustard. It is scientifically prepared, so that it works wonders, and yet does not blister the tender skin. Just massage Musterole in with the finger-tips gently. See how quickly it brings relief—how speedily the pain disappears. Use Musterole for sore throat, bronchitis, tonsillitis, croup, stiff neck, asthma, neuralgia, headache, congestion, pleurisy, rheumatism, lumbago, pains and aches of the back or joints, sprains, sore muscles, bruises, chilblains, frost-bite, colds of the chest (it often prevents pneumonia), 30c and 60c jars, hospital size \$2.50.



compelling the placing of numbers on all locomotive engines or electric motors. House bill 55, by Meigs, fixing the salary of marshal of the supreme court, as amended to read, at \$1,500 instead of \$1,800. Senate bill 24, by Donlan, defining murder in the first and second degree. House bill 135, by Sinclair, relating to the sale of timber on state lands. House bill 131, by Higgins, relating to the appointment of clerks of the state land board.

Substitute Teachers' Pensions. The committee on education returned an unfavorable report of house bill 104, by Corry, for a teachers' pension, accompanied by a substitute bill, which it recommended for passage.

House bill 132, by Gallidge, to enable the state to take advantage of federal aid in the matter of vocational education, was reported back by the appropriations committee for reference to the committee on education.

The same committee reported back house bill 160, by Newman, for the establishment of state reserve guards, for reference to the committee on military affairs.

Meyer of Silver Bow succeeded in getting through a motion for reconsideration of the action of yesterday, in adoption of the judiciary committee's unfavorable report on his bill, No. 149, relating to the carrying of concealed weapons, and for its reference back to the judiciary committee, to enable him to appear before the committee in its support.

Crumbaker of Choteau made an unsuccessful effort to take the Glacier county bill, 47, from third reading and have it referred back to general orders for further consideration of protests. Coburn opposed the motion, and it was voted down.

PACKER WAIVES IMMUNITY RIGHT IN MEAT PROBE

Washington, Jan. 30.—Questions of whether appearance of packers' representatives before congress would grant them immunity from prosecution under federal laws and of compelling the Federal Trade commission to disclose the identity of witnesses upon whose testimony charges of collusion were brought against the packers came up, today, at hearings before the senate and house committees.

Louis F. Swift, president of Swift & Company, after conferring with his counsel, told the senate agriculture committee he would waive any rights he might have in respect to his testimony regarding the abandonment of the M. K. & T. railroad stockyards at Fort Worth, Tex., located near plants in which Swift & Company, and Armour & Company were interested.

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This is absorbed by the antiseptic gauze within and now you are ready to breathe it in over the germ-infected membrane where it will speedily begin its work of banishing catarrhal germs. Hyomei is made of Australian eucalypti combined with other antiseptics and is very pleasant to breathe.

It is guaranteed to banish catarrh, bronchitis, sore throat, croup, coughs and colds or money back. It often cleans out a stuffed up head in two minutes.

Sold by Model Pharmacy and druggists everywhere. Complete outfit, including inhaler and one bottle of Hyomei, costs but little, while extra bottles, if afterward needed, may be obtained of any druggist—Adv.



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LADIES SPORT SHOES. Tan calf English military heel, goodyear welt sole, all co-co calf or two tone. Regular \$9.00 and \$10.00. Special... \$7.85. Growing Girls, all co-co, calf lace English shoe, low heel and medium sole. Special \$5.65. Growing Girls black calf English lace shoe, low heel and medium sole. Special... \$4.85.

MEN'S ENGLISH. Men's black calf English goodyear welt sole, new recede toe with blind eyelets. Special at... \$4.85.

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HOUSE PASSES FOUR COUNTY CREATIVE BILLS WITH OTHERS

Helena, Jan. 30.—Four county creative measures were passed by the house in third reading, today, and are now transmitted to the senate for its disposition.

The measures so disposed of were house bill 43, by Coburn for the county of Glacier, the vote being 64 to 27; house bill 54, by Coburn, for the county of Pondera, the vote being 69 to 22; house bill 59, by Arnold, for the county of Roosevelt, the vote being 81 to 12; and house bill 58, by Rasmusson, for the county of McCone, with a vote of 84 to 7.

Among those voting against the measure was Hathaway who explained her vote as based upon the subject of economy. Jones, of Richland, spoke against the McCone county bill on behalf of those protestants from that part of Richland county to be included in the new district.

Other house bills passed on third reading were: House bill 92, by Scherinkow, relating to measurements of hay in the stack; House bill 96, by Henderson, relating to the method of removal of county seats; House bill 114, by Faust, relating to the requirements for the organization of towns.

House bill 120, by Eaton, requiring annual reports from all educational institutions. Senate measures concurred in on third reading were: Senate joint memorial 4, by Page, asking federal aid for manganese producers; Senate joint resolution 2, by Edwards, relating to the Battle Mountain sanitarium for old soldiers.

URGES U. S. BUY ARMY CAMPS. Washington, Jan. 30.—Abandonment of 14 of the 16 national guard camps and purchase by the government of the sites of all national army cantonments was urged, today, by Secretary Baker and Assistant Secretary Crowell before the house military committee.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Hitchcock*

CANADIAN MONEY TEST BEFORE SPOKANE COURT

Spokane, Jan. 30.—The question as to whether Canadian money must be accepted in the United States at its face value rests with Superior Judge D. W. Horn, of Spokane, who, today, took under advisement the case in which Fred M. Williams, an attorney, sued A. G. Gray, a former banker of Pullman, for \$67, alleged to be discount on a \$3,000 fee paid Williams by Gray.

The plaintiff said that when he received his fee from Gray, it was in Canadian money and he was compelled by the bank to pay \$67 discount.

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