

REVIEW OF THE LEGISLATURE

By THE TRIBUNE'S Special Correspondent, Warren W. Moses.

OVER 200 BILLS ARE INTRODUCED IN HOUSE THIS FAR

Dunn Measure Would Create State Industrial Commission.

Helena, Feb. 3.—Bills introduced in the house today brought the total number presented so far during the session to over 200. Those put in today were:

By Dunn, 190, creating a state industrial commission and a state insurance fund.

By McAfee, 196, regulating and controlling fraternal benefit societies.

By Corry, 197, amending the law providing for the commission form of government and providing for the creation of municipal districts.

By Crouch, 198, whereby boundaries of counties may be changed when any reason for so doing exists.

By Meyer, 199, amending the revised codes relating to the compensation of attorneys.

By Penwell, 200, to enable co-operative associations or corporations to dispose of their property.

By Penwell, 201, to authorize stockholders in merger grain corporations to vote by delegates.

Notices of bills to be introduced later were given today as follows:

By Brown, to amend the city lighting improvement district law.

By Hunter, to amend the workmen's compensation law.

By Crumbaker, to prohibit political activities upon the part of appointive officers.

By McQuarrie, providing specifications for corrugated culverts.

By Budas, prohibiting compulsory vaccination in schools.

By Sinclair, amending the law relating to the bounty on predatory animals.

By Crouch, relating to bail bonds.

Have you ever read the Arabian Nights? Then see Nazimova in "Eye for Eye."

ITALIANS DEMAND

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which they could take up gradually in exchange for goods.

The supply of raw materials is another important question to be considered. If they are furnished to enemy countries at the same time and at the same prices as to the allies, the Austrians and Germans whose industrial plants have not been destroyed and who are ready to return to a peace basis in their production more rapidly than the allies, would reach foreign markets quicker and under better conditions than would be possible for the allies. This we must avoid at all costs.

Another important question involved is that of the length of the working day. A day's labor in Germany before the war was very long. If it continues so now, they will be able to produce more cheaply than we can. Therefore, international laws on this question have become essential.

Another problem is that of exchange between different nations. To cite an example, my own country, when peace is re-established, will have to import very largely to replenish depleted stocks. This will have a disastrous effect on our money, unless the states control exchange. I, therefore, consider that the present state control of import and export trade must continue for some time.

New York Continues Effort to Secede

Albany, N. Y., Feb. 3.—The second "secession" bill within a week was introduced in the legislature tonight by Assemblyman Peter Leininger, democrat of Queens. Last week Senator John J. Dunning of New York introduced a bill intended to provide for the city of New York being established as the State of Liberty.

THIS WOMAN SAVED FROM AN OPERATION

By taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, One of Thousands of Such Cases.

Black River Falls, Wis.—"As Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound saved me from an operation, I cannot say enough in praise of it. I suffered from organic troubles and my side hurt me so I could hardly be up from my bed, and I was unable to do my housework. I had the best doctors in Eau Claire and they wanted me to have an operation, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cured me so I did not need the operation, and I am telling all my friends about it."—Mrs. A. W. BINZER, Black River Falls, Wis.

It is just such experiences as that of Mrs. Binzer that has made this famous root and herb remedy a household word from ocean to ocean. Any woman who suffers from inflammation, uterine displacements, backache, nervousness, irregularities or "the blues" should not rest until she has given it a trial, and for special advice write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

OPEN FORUM ON BASIS OF DEMOCRACY PRECEDES PASSING OF RED FLAG BILL

McKay Squelched by Motion to Adjourn; Proposed Bill Would Authorize Venereal Disease Quarantine.

Special to The Daily Tribune.

Helena, Feb. 3.—Consideration of bills in committee of the whole and on third reading occupied most of the time of the senate today. Among notices of other important bills were one by Lewis relating to the importation of alcoholic preparations fattered by the Anti-Saloon league and one by Clayton classifying venereal diseases as communicable and therefore reportable, and authorizing the state board of health to quarantine persons afflicted and to establish isolation hospitals.

McCormick's red flag bill was discussed on third reading after McKay, in explanation of his negative vote, delivered a lecture explaining to the senate the fundamental principle underlying democracy. Both replied to him, and as Booth sat down, Edwards arose and likewise McKay. Edwards moved adjournment until tomorrow and the motion carried. McKay expostulated, asserting charges had been made against him and he should be given the privilege of replying. President McDowell reminded him a motion to adjourn is in order at any time and is not debatable, and suggested he could reply on Monday.

"But there are spectators here," ejaculated McKay, presumably referring to delegates in attendance on the labor convention.

S. B. 37 by Pauline, requiring motor vehicles to stop at railroad crossings, was killed in committee of the whole. Long led the fight against it, asserting that it should be made to protect fools, and that sensible people did not need such a law. Connelly said California had attempted to make crossings safe and had failed every time until it finally put bumpers 15 feet from all railroad crossings, which compelled machines to stop willy-nilly. The bill was endorsed by the locomotive engineers and introduced at their request.

The herd law bill, S. B. 33, went along swimmingly in committee of the whole until the clause was reached allowing the owner of stock which had trespassed to take the stock under the assumption that the owner of the property where the trespass occurred had a lien on it. Lawyers attacked the bill, and after much mention of "constitutional lawyers", the bill was referred to the committees on agriculture and stock raising.

In explaining his vote against H. B. 28, the red flag bill, McKay first injected a personal element into the discussion, asserting that the Catholic church was very much interested in the bill. Then he read long extracts from Montesquieu to elucidate the fundamentals underlying democracy.

Referring to Montana's splendid war record, Statter of Valley said it was a deep regret to him that any member of a legislature representing such a state

BIG DELEGATION OPPOSES SIX-DAY WEEK FOR WOMEN

First Public Hearing on Bent's Bill Held Before House Committee.

Helena, Feb. 3.—Before the house committee on labor was held this evening the first public hearing upon Bent's bill providing for a six-day week for women engaged in all lines of labor.

Many representatives of employers expressed their objections to the measure. These included hotel men, restaurateurs, druggists, operators of soda fountains, officials of telephone companies and other employers who are compelled to operate on Sundays.

No arguments were heard in support of the measure and no action was taken by the committee.

FRENCH HONOR

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George, British prime minister; Arthur J. Balfour, British foreign secretary, and Secretary of State Lansing. All the ministers were on the government bench.

M. Deschanel opened the sitting with a short but eloquent speech of welcome, in which President Wilson replied in English, an interpreter translating it into French.

As President Wilson rose and walked toward the tribune, with a quick step, the deputies, senators and others arose and cheered and applauded for fully five minutes. The audience insisted on hearing the president's address standing.

M. M. Poincare, Clemenceau and Dubost also stood. This seemed to embarrass President Wilson, who made gestures that the deputies remain seated, but they shouted: "Standing! We will hear you standing!"

Applaud the Translation.

President Wilson turned to M. Deschanel, begging him to request that the deputies be seated, but the president of the chamber shrugged his shoulders, as if helpless, and President Wilson began in a low voice, which gained force as he proceeded.

There was a ripple of applause now and then as he was speaking, but the majority of the deputies and senators were unable to understand English clearly; thus the enthusiasm did not break out until the interpreter translated the speech. Then deputies and senators gave full vent to their feeling.

ALLIES INDUCE TRUCE OF POLES AND CZECHS

(Continued from Page One.)

Paris, Feb. 3.—(By The Associated Press.)—The allied commission which leaves for Poland next Saturday to adjust controversies between the Poles and Czechoslovaks over the Teschen coal fields has been able to arrange a truce between the two nationalities only pending the arrival of the commission and personal examination by it of the situation.

Title to the duchy of Teschen is involved in the controversy. This duchy was formerly a part of the crown lands of Austrian Silesia and has a population of less than 500,000. It is valuable because the coal produced is the only coal within the boundaries of either Poland or Czechoslovakia which will coke.

GRAINS FOR HEALTH! Grape-Nuts combines the best of them Delicious and Nourishing.

ADMIRAL BOWLES QUILTS EMERGENCY FLEET.

Washington, Feb. 3.—The resignation of Former Rear Admiral Francis T. Bowles as assistant general manager of the Emergency Fleet corporation was announced today by the Shipping board.

'EQUAL PAY' BILL PASSED BY HOUSE OVER LOUD 'NOES'

Hathaway Measure Would Place Men and Women on Same Footing.

Helena, Feb. 3.—Eleven measures were passed by the house when placed on third reading this afternoon. Altho a hearty chorus of "No" was directed against legislation providing equal pay for women and men engaged in similar occupations, there was slight opposition to any of the other bills.

They were: S. J. M. 2 by Stanton asking congress to issue patents to homesteaders who made improvements on their holdings previous to entering military or naval service.

S. B. 11 by Smith, relating to assessment of corporation stock.

S. B. 24 by Donlan, defining murder in the first and second degree.

H. J. M. 4 by Roberts, providing for continuation of federal employment bureaus.

H. B. 55 by Meigs, providing for increase in salary of marshal of the supreme court.

H. B. 71 by Dillavon, relating to fees of justices of the peace.

H. B. 124 by Meigs, relating to leasing of city and town lots.

H. B. 127 by Meigs, relating to the payment of taxes and redemption of tax sales.

H. B. 134 by Dillavon, relating to appeals to the district court.

H. B. 136 by Hathaway, providing equal pay for women and men in similar industries.

H. B. 145, by appropriation committee, providing \$10,000 for deficiency claim of soldiers' home.

STATE MILITIA

(Continued from Page One.)

interests and the interests of the big corporations and never to protect strikers. He briefly reviewed the Ludlow, Colo., disorders and those of Paint Creek, W. Va., as examples of the use to which the militia had been placed in the interest of the corporations and the suppression of the strikes.

McCormick, who made a strong and patriotic appeal for the retention of the militia, said he did not believe the militia would ever be called upon to act in the case of any lawful and peaceable strike in Montana.

James, introducer of the amendment, denied that the constitution or by-laws of any organization in the state contain anything discriminating against a member of the militia, but that this section would give undesirable workers, who happened to be members of the militia, a club to wield against the labor union. Upon a standing vote, the amendment failed to carry, the vote standing 28 to 32.

WAR DEPARTMENT HAD HAND.

Handed of Hill county sought to have section 26, which relates to the giving of oral or written orders to report for service, amended by striking out oral notice, and that which authorizes the delivery of such notice by telephone. Rasmussen objected to the amendment upon the ground that the section was specifically desired by the war department. The amendment was voted down.

Meigs of Cascade succeeded without opposition in having a new section written in place of section 24, which provided for the erection by counties of armories in places maintaining one or more companies. The amendment provides that in cities of 10,000 or more the city and county may share in the erection of an armory. He explained that undoubtedly a company would be formed in Great Falls as soon as the bill becomes a law and it is desired there to erect an armory of large building for this and other purposes in which the city should share with the county in the expense.

With a few other minor amendments the committee of the whole, in which the

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Sure Relief
BELLANS
FOR INDIGESTION

bill had been under consideration, adopted a report recommending the bill for passage.

Favorable Committee Reports.

Reports from standing committees favorable to the passage of house bills or reporting senate bills for concurrence were adopted as follows:

From the committee on education, house bill 125, by Conser, providing for the redistricting of third-class school districts into county districts.

From the ways and means committee, house bill 106, by Jones of Phillips, extending the time for payment of seed loans.

From the judiciary committee, senate bill 20, by Williams, relating to the mother's pension law.

From the committee on agriculture, house bill 183, by Jones of Richland, relating to the levying and collection of hail insurance tax.

From the joint committee on agriculture, livestock and public ranges, house bill 66, by Deuel, Otten and Haaland, amending the herd law.

SUN RIVER COUNTY KILLED.

Under unfavorable reports bills were killed as follows:

From the committee on new counties, house bill 149, by Jones of Cascade, creating the county of Sun River.

From the ways and means committee, house bill 52, by McQuarrie, for the relief and assistance of soldiers and sailors (this bill is practically covered in another measure before the house).

The speaker was authorized, upon motion adopted, to appoint a committee of three to act with a like committee from the senate to arrange for an observance of the Roosevelt memorial service on February 9.

For the purpose of getting after house employees who have not come up to the desired standing, a motion signed by the speaker and the chairman of the employment bureau was introduced and adopted authorizing the sergeant-at-arms to discharge any employee for inefficiency of service or inattention to duties. After the passage of the motion, the speaker admonished the sergeant-at-arms to see that all employees give attention to the service for which they are employed, otherwise to immediately discharge such as failed.

GENERAL STRIKE

(Continued from Page One.)

form with action taken by the labor unions at Seattle.

In a statement tonight the city commissioner of light and water declared that at present the plans contemplated that patrons of the city's power plant would continue to receive light and power, no matter what conditions develop Thursday and that water would also be furnished without interruption.

However, Poslam Gas company has also made a public announcement that there will be continuous gas service, strike or no strike.

APPLY POSLAM STOP ALL WORRY OVER SICK SKIN

The use of Poslam for skin disorders should be your trustworthy, health-sustaining habit. When you are distressed by eczema or other itching trouble remember that Poslam supplies at once a soothing, cooling influence to aggravated skin, that it stops the fiery itching, that it everts concentrated healing power, working quickly and energetically to rid your skin of its evil condition. Poslam Soap is a daily treat to tender skin. Contains Poslam—Adv.

The dance of the veils—have you seen it? The wonderful Nazimova in "Eye for Eye" at the Alcazar today.

She joined our Christmas Banking Club with 5¢ Next Xmas she will HAVE \$63.75

If you haven't joined our Christmas Banking Club, come in and do so today. Men, women, boys and girls all should join, and we urge you to join for your own good. There are clubs to fit every purse—1 cent, 2 cents, 5 cents, 10 cents, where you increase your deposits each week with the amount you started with. We also have 50 cent, \$1.00 and \$5.00 clubs, where you pay in the same amount each week. But join—join today.

YOU WILL RECEIVE 4 PER CENT INTEREST

THE CASCADE BANK
GREAT FALLS, MONT.
Oldest Bank of Continuous Service in Cascade County—Established 1839
OPEN SATURDAY NIGHTS

CZECHS FAMISH

(Continued from Page One.)

The inter-allied food relief commission, returned to Paris, today, to make a report to Herbert Hoover, director general of the commission, after several weeks of travel thru Poland, Austria-Hungary, Czechoslovakia, Jugoslavia and Serbia.

"Coal is now the most pressing need in Czechoslovakia and Austria-Hungary, said Captain Ferguson, "and, with an increased fuel supply, food relief on a large scale is impossible. Only one-tenth of the possible number of trains are operating in Austria and Hungary, because of lack of coal, and conditions are little better in Czechoslovakia. Formerly Austria-Hungary received 20,000 tons of coal daily from Prussian Silesia. This has been greatly diminished, and the yield is small in Czechoslovakia, because of the political and labor agitation.

"The bridges and trestles have been almost entirely destroyed in Serbia, and, as a consequence, motor trucks and ox carts must be used temporarily. The railway demoralization is slightly less in Czechoslovakia than in Austria-Hungary, where few trains are operating, these being loaded with men and women carrying bags of food.

"Altho the Americans cannot expend a great amount for Austro-Hungarian relief, the entente probably will supply food for those two countries to avert bolshevism, and all the American relief for Czechoslovakia must pass over the disorganized Austro-Hungarian railways.

"The Americans are concentrating food at Trieste, which will be the center of the southern relief work, while Danzig will be the center of Polish relief. But the entire campaign is dependent upon coal, which it may be necessary to import from England or the United States, unless arrangements can be made to obtain it from Prussia, where production is less affected by disorganization."

As Age Advances the Liver Requires occasional slight stimulation.

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Colorless or Pale Faces usually indicate the absence of iron in the blood, a condition which will be greatly helped by Carter's Iron Pills

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Death's Messenger
Will leave no forgotten obligations for your family to meet, thus robbing the dependent ones of their birthright.

THAT
An Accident will not render it impossible for you to support them properly?

THAT
Sickness will not attack you with its attendant results of limited or no income?

THAT
Permanent Total Disability caused by Accident or as a result of Sickness will not end your earning capacity?

THAT
Old Age will not o'ertake you with an estate yet to accumulate?

IF NOT SURE OF ALL THESE
A Multiple Protection Policy in The Pacific Mutual Life Insurance Co. will make doubt a certainty.

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And affords Perfect Protection.

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