

PEACE COUNCIL DEADLOCKS ON ITALY

Non-Stop Flight Made From Chicago to N. Y.; Sea Flight Fails

FIRST THRU TRIP, CHICAGO TO N. Y. BY FLIGHT, MADE

Army Aviator Covers 727 Miles in Six Hours and 50 Minutes.

FLIES AT 12,000 FEET; NOT TO TRY FEAT BACK

Mineola, N. Y., April 19.—Flying at an average speed of 106.38 miles an hour for six hours and fifty minutes, Captain E. F. White, an army aviator, completed the first non-stop flight between Chicago and New York at 5:40 o'clock, this afternoon, landing at Hazelhurst field.

The distance covered was 727 miles. Most of the flight, Captain White said, was made at an altitude of 12,000 feet.

Captain White, who was accompanied by his mechanic, said that the trip was without incident. He will remain at Hazelhurst field for a few days and then will fly to Washington. He said he would not attempt a non-stop flight back to Chicago.

Weather Conditions Perfect. Captain White said that the flying conditions he encountered were almost perfect. Rains within the last 48 hours had cleared the atmosphere so that for a great part of the trip he was able to discard his compass and steer by eye, although more than two miles above the earth.

No severe winds were encountered, and those that were met with were in the flier's favor and served only to increase his speed.

Captain White shaved ten minutes off the time he had estimated as necessary for the trip and found upon landing that he still had enough of his original 104 gallons of gas left to have flown a considerable distance further.

Captain White and his assistant, H. M. Shafer, a civilian, flew to Chicago from Dayton, Ohio, yesterday, and were up at dawn making ready for the trip to New York.

The machine is a De Havilland biplane with a 12 cylinder Liberty motor. Its gasoline capacity is 104 gallons.

Several attempts at a non-stop Chicago-New York flight had previously been made, but none succeeded.

WILL TRY HOP OFF TODAY. St. John's N. F., April 19.—Captain Frederick P. Rayburn, British aviator competing with Larry G. Hawker, Australian, for the \$50,000 prize offered by the London Daily Mail for the first flier to cross the Atlantic, announced today that he will make every effort to "hop off" tomorrow, as he had laid a wager that he would be in England Easter Monday.

The Britisher consulted meteorologists frequently this afternoon, but without receiving great encouragement. Cross winds reported in the Atlantic were said to be filled with storm-breeding possibilities.

In the matter of the jump off, odds are in favor of Rayburn, for whereas snow and rain have made a bog out of Hawker's flying field, the road in front of Rayburn's hangar from which he intends to take off has not been affected.

WANT U. S. TO FORGET WARNING OF WASHINGTON Paris, April 19.—The question of an alliance between France, the United States and Great Britain is still being discussed by the newspapers. The Excelsior, today, says that the latest suggestion is for a special covenant restricted to defensive measures. This agreement would not be intended to insure the payment of financial reparation.

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"HOW SOON?" MEN ASK DANIELS WHEN HE TALKS OF THEIR RETURN HOME

Coblentz, April 19.—(By the Associated Press)—Secretary of the Navy Josephus Daniels, speaking to the men of the Second division of the American army of occupation, today, told his audience that he hoped the army would be taken home as soon as possible. He said that the men of the Second division of the American army of occupation, today, told his audience that he hoped the army would be taken home as soon as possible.

Mr. Daniels contrasted today's assemblage with that of the Germans who stood on the same ground in 1914 before beginning the war. "Their chiefs," he said, "had visions of conquering the world, but America entered the war without desire for territorial gains."

BIG FOUR BALKY ON FIUME; WOULD GIVE ITALY HALF

Rome, However, Instead of Relenting, Makes Extreme Demands—France and Britain Wobbly, Wilson Rigid.

Paris, April 19.—After a conference lasting more than four hours, which was attended by both by Premier Orlando and Foreign Minister Sonnino, of Italy, the council of four today failed to reach an agreement on the Adriatic question. The council adjourned to meet tomorrow morning, for a continuance of the discussion.

The solution of the Fiume problem, considered by the council of four today, the Temps says, would give Italy that part of the city of Fiume lying on the right bank of the river Recina and the main part of the port. Jugo-Slavia would receive the suburb of Suzak, with that part of the port on the left bank of the river. The newspaper says that the fate of the Dalmatian coast is still undecided.

The Italians maintain that their position regarding possession of Fiume is unalterable.

The British and French premiers, it is understood, are inclined toward some sort of compromise. It is said that President Wilson's attitude of opposing the Italian aspirations is unchanged.

Italy's claims were presented to the council today by Baron Sonnino, the Italian foreign minister. The fact Baron Sonnino, and not Premier Orlando, presented the Italian case to the council, is regarded as significant, because the foreign minister is an extremist advocate of Italy's claims.

It was Baron Sonnino who signed the treaty of London and he now holds Premiers Lloyd George and Clemenceau to the pledges made in the treaty.

FIVE CONSIDER REVISION OF 1839 BELGIAN TREATY Paris, April 19.—(Havas).—The council of five, composed of the foreign ministers and secretaries of state of Great Britain, France, Italy and the United States and Baron Makino, of the Japanese delegation, considered the question of revising the treaty of 1839, concerning the neutrality of Belgium, at its meeting today.

The question of food relief for Estonia and Courland also was taken up.

MOONEY FORGES PLUNGE INTO SEA PROPOSES THREE 5-DAY STRIKES

Four Million Ballots on Way to Unions of U. S. for Vote on Plan.

San Francisco, April 19.—Four million ballots on the question of three successive nation-wide strikes in behalf of Thomas J. Mooney and his co-defendants will be sent union members throughout the country in the next few days, Edward D. Nolan, secretary of the International Workers Defense league announced here today.

The votes will be canvassed in Chicago, beginning June 1, Nolan said. The ballot proposes a five-day strike beginning July 4. In the event it fails of its purpose, another five-day strike beginning September 1, labor day. If this fails, a third five-day strike beginning November 19, is proposed.

The "Mooney federal intervention committee" will handle the vote. Nolan said. The purpose of the ballot is to obtain a new trial for Mooney and Warren K. Billings, who are serving life sentences following conviction on murder charges in connection with the San Francisco preparedness day bomb explosion.

Ballots will be sent to all unions of mine workers and molders, despite the action of the international officers of these organizations in declaring against the strike, Nolan said.

Wilson Declines to Intervene in N. E. Telephone Strike

Paris, April 19.—President Wilson this morning cabled Secretary Tumulty, declining a request he had received from New England governors to intervene in the telephone strike in New England. The president said he felt he could not act intelligently at this distance.

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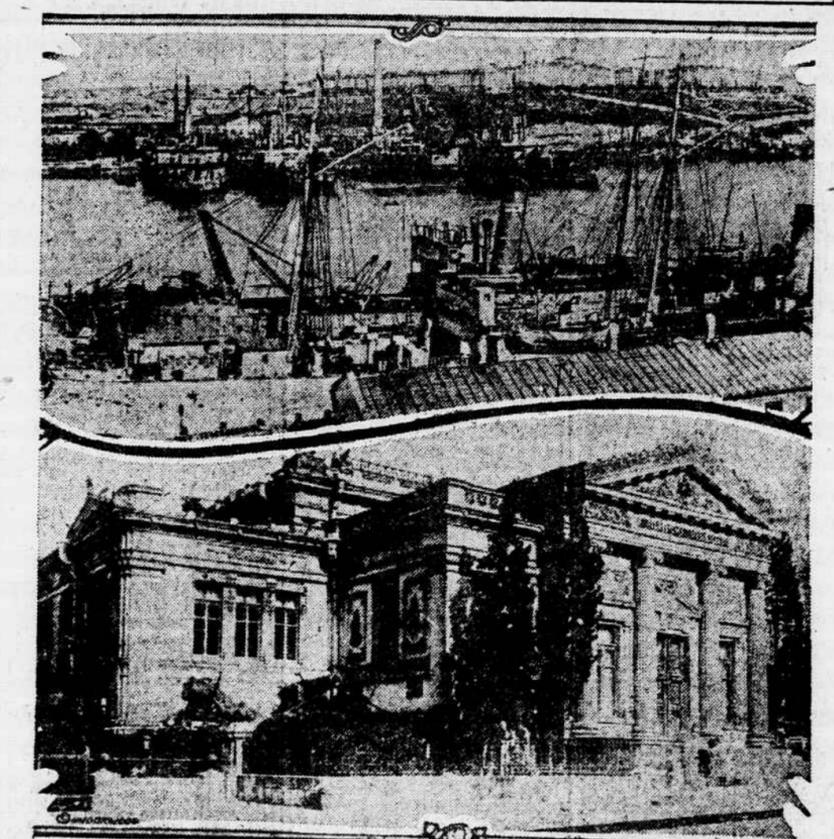
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"RED" OFFENSIVE MENACES ALLIES IN SEBASTOPOL



The harbor of Sebastopol with Russian warships stationed in the harbor; below, the Sebastopol Museum of History, which is in danger of being destroyed by the Reds.

According to the latest dispatches, the advance of the bolsheviks is likely to force the allies to evacuate Sebastopol, which is on the Black sea, near the southern extremity of the Crimea. Our photographs show the harbor of the city with Russian warships stationed there and the Sebastopol Museum of History. The museum, which is a beautiful structure, has by this time probably been destroyed by the revolutionary factions which have gripped the city and are pillaging it.

WILSON URGES LOAN; ONLY AT THRESHOLD OF HAPPY DAYS, SAYS

Washington, April 19.—New evidence of America's purpose to redeem in full the pledges made on entering the war was asked of the nation, today, by President Wilson, who urged full subscription of the \$4,500,000,000 Victory Liberty note issue. Sixty thousand men who gave their lives in France have redeemed the covenant of blood made two years ago, the president said, but the pledge of treasure remains yet to be fulfilled.

"Today the world stands freed from the threat of militarism," the president cabled from Paris, "but as yet we stand only at the threshold of happier times. To enter, we must fulfill to the utmost the engagements we have made. The Victory Liberty loan is the indispensable means. Two years ago we pledged our lives and fortunes to the cause for which we have fought. Sixty thousand of our strongest sons have redeemed for us that pledge of blood. To redeem in full that promise of blood, we now must give this new evidence of our purpose."

With the formal opening of the campaign nearly two days away, subscription pledges began to pour into the treasury today. Enthusiastic reports from banks caused some anxiety to officials, who hope that the new issue will be popularly subscribed, instead of being taken by financial institutions, as that would result in tying up credit.

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UNIQUE STUNTS ALL OVER NATION WILL BOOM LOAN

Vice President Will Address 20,000 in N. Y. From Washington.

PERSHING BAND ARRIVES; 30 TRAINS TOURING U. S.

Washington, April 19.—Preparations for harvesting the Victory loan appeal forcibly to the public are said to constitute the most elaborate and far-reaching publicity methods ever undertaken. Thirty special trains are touring the country with speakers and exhibits, including the far-famed aerial cruises. Six thousand films, 2,000,000 feet in length, are being shown thruout the nation. Two hundred and twenty tanks are rambling over various sections of the country and are attracting the greatest attention.

General Pershing's band of 105 pieces landed in New York, today, and will leave Monday on a tour that will include Pittsburgh, Columbus, Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis, St. Louis, Chicago, Detroit, Cleveland, Buffalo, Boston, Springfield, Hartford, Newark, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

Direct appeals to New Yorkers will be made by Vice-President Marshall, cabinet members and public men on every day of the campaign. Speaking into a tube arranged at loan headquarters in the treasury here, their voices will be conveyed electrically to New York and "amplified" by scores of horns placed on Fifth avenue corner, so that 20,000 persons may hear each speaker.

BELGIANS OPEN D. C. DRIVE The campaign in the District of Columbia will be inaugurated today with a delegation of 115 Belgian soldiers, accompanied by machine guns, drawn by dog teams, paraded Pennsylvania avenue. Later they visited the White House. The Belgian delegation will be guests at ceremonies at Richmond tomorrow and will help to open the loan Monday at Atlanta.

The New York federal reserve district will open its campaign Sunday midnight at the "Argonne forest" in Times square, a miniature production of the famous American fighting sector, where Governor Smith, after making an address, will purchase the first bond.

The St. Louis district plans meetings on Sunday with a parade of returning soldiers in every big city in the district. San Francisco will combine the opening of the loan with the triumphal return home of the 368th regiment of the 91st division. Portland, Ore., will open the loan with a flying circus. Seattle will feature a parade of school children. Los Angeles will stage a big military parade on the opening day. The Chicago federal reserve district reports that many communists in the middle east are announcing the completion of their quotas the first day.

Port Tie-Up Averted by Mayor Hylan

New York, April 19.—The threatened tie-up of the port of New York was averted today after the marine workers, appealed to by Mayor Hylan, agreed to return to work on a ten-hour basis and submit the question of wages to arbitration.

FIRST SALE OF WOOL FROM MONTANA SHEEP BRINGS FIFTY CENTS

Special to The Daily Tribune. Dillon, April 19.—Giving intimation of the trend of prices which may be expected by wool growers of Montana for the coming season, announcement of the first wool purchase at 50 cents per pound has just been made here. Although the announcement has substantial backing still more or less of mystery surrounds the transaction, as the name of the grower nor the amount of the clip have not been divulged. The wool was purchased by the Boston firm of Jeremiah Williams & Co., whose representative declines to give the name of the producer. This is believed to be the first sale of the season in Montana.

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30,000 TROOPS WILL BE HURLED AGAINST MUNICH

Minor Battles Precede Decisive Clash With Communism.

POWER OVER BAVARIA NOW WIELDED BY FIVE

Berlin, April 19.—Four persons were killed and 24 injured at Offenbach, in Hesse, near Frankfurt, Friday, when government troops attempted to stop a communist procession. Great excitement prevails, according to advice received, and a state of siege has been proclaimed. Government troops on Tuesday surrounded and captured 400 strike leaders in the Ruhr region who had left Essen to hold a secret meeting in the neighboring town of Werdun because proclamation of martial law prevented a meeting in Essen. Many of the strikers who attempted to escape were wounded by the fire of the troops.

FIGHT 20 MILES FROM MUNICH Serious fighting between Bavarian communist and government troops occurred Friday near Freising, resulting in fairly considerable losses for both sides, a Munich dispatch to the Tagblatt says.

The communists had constructed trenches near Freising, which is 20 miles (Continued on Page Two).

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GERMANS DYING BY THOUSANDS SAYS J. B. ROOTE

Starving Children Trail Former Falls Man Begging Food; Coffee \$15.

Butte, April 19.—Writing March 26 from Camp Bautzen, Germany, where he is a member of the allied commission in charge of Russian prisoners, Lieutenant Colonel Jesse B. Roote informed a Butte friend that "Germans are actually dying by the thousands from hunger here."

He states that coffee costs \$15 a pound, chocolate \$25 a pound and other food in ratio.

He writes that hungry children follow him begging for food when he appears on the streets. "The Huns sowed the wind and are reaping the whirlwind," concludes the letter.

VIENNA JAILS LOOT-LOADED SOVIET AGENTS

Atmosphere of Austrian Capital Electrical and National Guard Unstable.

Berlin, April 19.—The atmosphere in Vienna is still extremely electrical, say dispatches to Berlin newspapers. The Vossische Zeitung's Vienna correspondent says the danger of trouble has by no means passed, as the national guard, except for a few battalions, appears to be unreliable, while the demonstration Thursday against the parliament building gave clear evidence of co-operation by the Hungarian communists.

On Thursday night the marine section of the war ministry was broken into and plundered.

The Vienna government Friday had all known emissaries of the Budapest soviet government arrested. Gold, bank notes and precious stones to a total value of 2,500,000 crowns were found in their possession and confiscated. The banishment of all revolutionary agitators is said to be imminent.

FARMER KILLED IN CLASH WITH ARMY BROTHER

Sand Creek Bachelor Had Dispute With Other Over Land Lease.

Special to The Daily Tribune. Wolf Point, April 19.—Theodore Swanson, a farmer residing near Sand Creek, 30 miles south of here, was killed, shot and killed by his brother, Walter Swanson, in the former's home last night. The shooting was done with a revolver, the bullet entering the head above the ear.

Walter Swanson is reported to have just returned from military service in the east. According to reports, he went to his brother's house after dark where he found Theodore, a bachelor, washing dishes. Alarmed by his brother's actions, Theodore attempted to extinguish the light, but was shot before he reached it. Walter is a married man, about 25 years old. His brother was a few years older. They have lived in the neighborhood about five years.

It is said that this is not the first occasion of trouble between the brothers. The facts concerning the trouble leading to the shooting are not known or are not well established. Trouble over a farm lease is believed to have entered into the case. It is not known here if Walter Swanson has been arrested or not.

PEACE PLEBISCITE IN GERMANY PLANNED IF TERMS GAG ENEMY

Copenhagen, April 19.—Preparations are being made in Germany for a plebiscite on the question of rejecting the peace terms offered to Germany, if such rejection is considered necessary.

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METHODISTS PICK DES MOINES.

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