

# ILLINOIS SENATOR WANTS TO MOVE THE CAPITOL WESTWARD

In Consequence People of Washington City Seek Congressional Representation.

## Viscount Bryce Sets Forth Beauties of Capital Not Possessed by Other States.

Washington, June 30.—"What goes on in Washington furnishes grist for the nation's newspapers all the year around, but just now Washington, the city, itself is getting unaccustomed publicity on two accounts," says a bulletin from the National Geographic society.

"Senator Sherman, of Illinois, wants to move the capitol to some mid-western city. Citizens of Washington, apparently oblivious of any such consumation, are waging a national publicity campaign for representation in congress."

Aside from these political issues, the bulletin states, Washington probably has never been such a magnet for visitors as now and those who are coming as well as those who have gone will be interested in the following comparison of Washington with other world capitals written by Viscount James Bryce, former British ambassador to the United States:

"It is impossible to live in Washington and not be struck by some peculiar features and some peculiar beauties which your city possesses."

"No European city has so noble a catract in its vicinity as the Great Falls of the Potomac—a magnificent piece of scenery which you will, of course, always preserve."

"Vienna has some picturesque country, hills and woods and rocks within a distance of 25 or 30 miles. London also has pleasing landscapes of a softer type within about that distance, but I know of no great city in Europe (except Constantinople) that has quite close, in its very environs, such beautiful scenery as has Washington in Rock Creek park and in many of the woods that start along the Potomac on the north and also on the south side, with the broad river in the center and richly wooded slopes descending boldly to it on each side."

"You have not a beautiful arm of the sea at your doors, as has Constantinople, nor the magnificent mountains that surround the capitals of Rio Janeiro or Santiago de Chile, nor such a bay, or rather land-locked gulf, as that of San Francisco, with its splendid passage out to the ocean; but those are very rare things, of which there are few in the world. As capitals, go, few indeed, are so advantageously situated in respect to natural charms as is Washington."

"Take Berlin. It stands in a sandy waste, perfectly flat, with here and there a swampy pond or lake, and a sluggish stream meanders thru it. Parts of the environs have, however, been well planted with trees, and this redeems the city to some extent. It has become, thru the efforts of the government and its own citizens, an imposing city; but the environs can never be beautiful, because Nature has been very ungracious."

"Take Petrograd. Petrograd has a splendid water front facing its grand river, the Neva, with its vast rush of cold green water, covered with ice in winter and chilling the air, and seeming to chill the landscape in summer. That, however, is the only beauty Petrograd has. The country is flat and in many places water-logged, owing to numerous pools and swamps. It has no natural attraction either in its immediate or more distant environs, except the stream of Neva."

"Paris, again has some agreeable landscapes within reach, but nothing at all striking, nothing nearly so fine in the lines of its scenery as the hills that inclose the valley in which Washington lies, and no such charm of a still wild forest as Washington affords. The Seine, too, is a stream not to be compared to your Potomac."

"The same thing may be said of Madrid. It stands on a level, and the mountains are too distant to come effectively into the landscape, and its only water is a wretched little brooklet called the Manzanares. They tell a story there about a remark attributed to Alexandre Dumas when he visited Madrid. He was taken to the lofty bridge which spans the ravine at the bottom of which the rivulet flows. The day was hot and, being thirsty, he asked for a glass of water. They brot him the water, and he was about to drink, when looking down and catching sight of the streamlet, he said, 'No, take it away; give it to that poor river; it needs a drink more than I do.'"

"Then there is our English London, which stands in a rather tame country. It is true that there are some charming bits of quiet and pretty rural scenery in Surrey and Sussex, within a distance of from 20 to 30 miles, and there are pleasing heath woods covering the chalk hills of Bucks. Yet nature has done nothing for London comparable to what she has done for Washington. The Thames, altho it fills up pretty well at high tide, is nowhere comparable for volume or beauty of surroundings to your own Potomac."

"The name of this organization shall be The American Legion."

"All persons shall be eligible to membership in this organization who were in the military or naval service of the United States during the period between April 6, 1917, and November 11, 1918; both dates inclusive, and all persons who served in the military or naval services of the governments associated with the United States during the World War, provided that they were citizens of the United States at the time of their enlistment, and are again citizens at the time of application, except those persons who separated from the service under terms amounting to dishonorable discharge and except also those persons who refused to perform their military or political obligation."

"While requiring that every member of the organization perform his duty as a citizen to his own country and understanding, the organization shall be absolutely non-partisan, and shall not be desiring a charter shall apply to the state organization and the charter shall be issued by the national executive committee whenever recommended by the state organization. The National executive committee shall not issue a charter in the name of any living person. The officers of the local organization shall be as follows:

One Post Commander.  
One Post Vice Commander.  
One Post Adjutant.  
One Post Finance Officer.  
One Post Historian.  
One Post Chaplain.  
and such appointive officers as may be provided by the state organization.

Article VII.—Dues.  
Each state organization shall pay to the national executive committee or such officer as said committee may designate therefor, the sum of twenty-five cents annually, for each individual member in that part of the District of Columbia, territory or territorial possession.

Article VIII.—Quorum.  
A quorum shall exist at a national convention when there are present twenty-five or more states and territories partially or wholly represented as hereinafore provided.

Article IX.—Rules.  
The rules of procedure at the national convention shall be those set forth in Roberts' Rules of Order.

Article X.—Amendment.  
This Constitution is to be in force until the November convention, when it will be ratified or amended by that convention.

# "WE WANT NO CHAOS OR ANARCHY," SLOGAN OF GERMAN BOURGEOISE



Among German bourgeoisie the fear of bolshevism is very real. "We want no chaos or anarchy," reads this banner which was carried recently thru the streets of Leipzig at the head of a procession of bourgeoisie marchers.

## AMERICAN LEGION SEEMS THE CHOICE

### Montana World War Veterans Will Probably Affiliate With It—Constitution.

Question of whether the Montana World War Veterans shall affiliate with the American Legion of Honor or with the national organization known as the World War Veterans will be determined by the state convention which meets tomorrow at Malta. The forecast is that Montana will cast her lot with the American Legion. It may be mentioned that this is the organization that was formed at St. Louis recently and which tried unsuccessfully to get Lieutenant Colonel Theodore Roosevelt to accept the office of national commander but he declined because he said he was in politics now. Because there appears to be a sentiment in favor of the Montana organization affiliating with the legion, the constitution adopted at St. Louis meeting is printed here as it will become of interest to all members in the state if the affiliation is effected. It is as follows:

CONSTITUTION OF THE AMERICAN LEGION  
As Adopted by the St. Louis Caucus  
May 10, 1919

PREAMBLE  
For God and Country we associate ourselves together for the following purposes:  
To uphold and defend the Constitution of the United States of America; to maintain law and order; to foster and perpetuate a one hundred per cent. Americanism; to preserve the memories and incidents of our association in the Great War; to inculcate a sense of individual obligation to the community, state and nation; to combat the autocracy of both the classes and the masses; to make right the master of might; to promote peace and good will on earth; to safeguard and transmit to posterity the principles of justice, freedom and democracy; to consecrate and sanctify our comradeship by our devotion to mutual helpfulness.

Article I.—Name  
The name of this organization shall be The American Legion.

Article II.—Membership.  
All persons shall be eligible to membership in this organization who were in the military or naval service of the United States during the period between April 6, 1917, and November 11, 1918; both dates inclusive, and all persons who served in the military or naval services of the governments associated with the United States during the World War, provided that they were citizens of the United States at the time of their enlistment, and are again citizens at the time of application, except those persons who separated from the service under terms amounting to dishonorable discharge and except also those persons who refused to perform their military or political obligation.

Article III.—Nature.  
While requiring that every member of the organization perform his duty as a citizen to his own country and understanding, the organization shall be absolutely non-partisan, and shall not be

desiring a charter shall apply to the state organization and the charter shall be issued by the national executive committee whenever recommended by the state organization. The National executive committee shall not issue a charter in the name of any living person. The officers of the local organization shall be as follows:

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Each state organization shall pay to the national executive committee or such officer as said committee may designate therefor, the sum of twenty-five cents annually, for each individual member in that part of the District of Columbia, territory or territorial possession.

Article VIII.—Quorum.  
A quorum shall exist at a national convention when there are present twenty-five or more states and territories partially or wholly represented as hereinafore provided.

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used for the dissemination of partisan principles, or for the promotion of the candidacy of any person seeking public office or preferment.

Article IV.—Administration.  
1. The legislative body of the organization shall be a national convention, to be held annually at a place and time to be fixed by vote of the preceding convention, or in the event that the preceding convention does not fix a time and place, then such time and place shall be fixed by the executive committee, hereinafter provided for.  
2. The annual convention shall be composed of delegates and alternates from each state, the District of Columbia and each territory and territorial possession of the United States, each of which shall be entitled to four delegates and four alternates, and to one additional delegate and alternate for each one thousand memberships paid up thirty days prior to the date of the national convention. The vote of each state, of the District of Columbia, and of each territory or territorial possession of the United States, shall be equal to the total number of delegates to which that state, district, territory or territorial possession is entitled.  
3. The delegates to the national convention shall be chosen by each state in the manner hereinafter prescribed.  
4. The executive power shall be vested in a national executive committee to be composed of two representatives from each state, the District of Columbia, territory and territorial possessions of the United States and such other ex-officio members as may be elected by the caucus. The national executive committee shall have authority to fill any vacancies in its membership.

Article V.—State Organization.  
The state organization shall consist of that organization in each state, territory or the District of Columbia, whose delegates have been seated in the St. Louis Caucus. In those states which are at present unorganized the state organization shall consist of an executive committee to be chosen by a state convention and such other officers and committees as said convention may prescribe. The state convention in the latter case shall be called by the two members of the national executive committee in that state, territory and the District of Columbia, and shall choose the delegates to the national convention, providing a fair representation for all sections of the state or territory. Each state organization shall receive a charter from the national executive committee.  
The officers of the state organization shall be as follows:  
One State Commander.  
One State Vice Commander.  
One State Adjutant.  
One State Finance Officer.  
One State Historian.  
One State Master-at-Arms.  
One State Chaplain.

Article VI.—The Local Unit.  
The local unit shall be termed the Post, which shall have a minimum membership of fifteen. No Post shall be received into this organization until it shall have received a charter. A Post

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## Geraldine Woman Hurt; Storm Overtakes Buggy

Special to The Daily Tribune.  
Geraldine, July 1.—The rain and storm Saturday evening did considerable damage thruout this section of the country. Several granaries and other small buildings were lifted from their foundations and carried away a good distance and then dropped in a heap. Buggies, automobiles and many other articles were blown over and slight injuries done to many people. Mrs. Grandhal was injured while riding in a buggy which was overturned by the wind. She suffered many sprains and bruises.

E. K. CHERRINGTON SELLS STORE AND LEAVES LEWISTOWN FOR WASHINGTON  
Special to The Daily Tribune.  
Lewistown, July 1.—E. K. Cherrington, who has been president and manager of the Lewistown Grocery company since it was started nine years ago, has just disposed of his interest in his partners, Frank Strickler and Russell Kreiger, and leaves today for Yakima, Washington, where he will engage in business. Mr. Cherrington has resided in Lewistown 14 years and has made a fine record as a business man. He will be succeeded in the management of the Lewistown Grocery company by Mr. Strickler.

## RECEPTION FOR BOYS BACK FROM ARMY.

Special to The Daily Tribune.  
Lewistown, July 1.—An especially interesting reception was given by the Eastern Star tonight in honor of three members who have returned from service in the army, Merle C. Groene, Stanley Wrigley and Hugh Cameron. An address of welcome was delivered by O. O. Mueller.

# Specials for the 4th

## WAISTS FOR THE WHOLE FAMILY

Children's middy waists, special \$1.50.

Women's middy waists, \$1.95 and \$2.50.

Cool black waists, \$2.25.

White voile waists, \$1.50 and \$1.75.

White voile waists, extra large sizes, \$3.50.

Georgette Silk Waists, \$4.95.

Extra nice quality waists, \$6.50, \$7.50 and \$8.75.

High class novelty waists, \$10.00 to \$15.00.

Dark colored silk waists, navys, browns, blacks, greens, and modes, \$7.50 to \$12.50.

## WASH DRESSES

Middy suits for the little folks, \$3.95.

Larger sizes white midgy suits, \$4.95.

Child's gingham apron dresses, \$1.25.

Lot of children's gingham dresses, \$1.50 and \$1.25.

Rompers for the little folks, \$1.00 and \$1.25.

Khaki dresses, \$7.50.

Khaki suits, \$8.75 and \$10.75

Khaki suits for the children.

Khaki bloomers and coveralls.

Black and white sateen bloomers, all sizes.

Wash and voile dresses for the fourth. See the values, \$8.75 and \$10.75.

Some good dolmans if you still need one. Your chance to get one at the lowest price of the season.

Suits and coats are also included. Get the prices on some nice ones if you like them. Low prices to close out is now our sale talk.

Silk dresses and wool dresses at 25 per cent regular price.

Good white skirts, \$1.75 and \$2.50.

Pretty models in white gabardine skirts, \$3.50 and \$4.50.

Pretty plaid silk skirts, \$5.95.

# T. N. Young

426 Central Ave.

# Eleventh Hour Reductions Will Mark the Close of The June White Sale

Thursday, July 3rd is the last day of McDonald's June White Sale and the closing day will be a mighty busy time because the best bargains have been held up for the final days selling.

Many a line of desirable white shoes has been cut down by the past week's selling to a few scattered sizes and all of these shoes will go for a song during the wind-up days.

Women's white Boots and Oxfords that didn't sell at much higher prices, go on the two-thirty rack for final clean-up.

Men's white Shoes and Low Cuts; the entire stock regardless of value, is due to change ownership at two dollars and forty cents.

Misses' and Children's white Shoes and Slippers, every pair in the store thrown into an underpriced lot at a dollar thirty to two-sixty

Men's black and brown Oxfords, high toe and English styles, good staple models and the best of materials and workmanship—the entire stock divided into two lots. Three-eighty takes shoes worth to six dollars, and five-eighty is the figure on Men's low shoes worth to ten dollars.

# J. D. McDonald Shoe Co.

Great Falls, Montana

## WILSON WILL URGE THE ACCEPTANCE OF TURKISH MANDATE

Thinks United States Will Take Kindly to Idea. Due to Interest in Armenia.

By HENRY WALES  
Chicago Tribune Cable, Copyright.

Paris, July 1.—President Wilson on his return to America will urge the United States to accept a mandate for Constantinople and Armenia. He believes the American people will take kindly to the idea. Americans for a long time have been interested in Armenia and Constantinople and he thinks the mandate idea will appeal to them as they are seeking nothing to gain and demand nothing.

America's taking over Constantinople, it is believed, will keep the city out of European politics and definitely guarantee keeping the Black Sea open.

The American commission does not favor taking over Anatolia with Armenia as it is felt Anatolia is the backbone of old Turkey and should not be dismembered and destroyed entirely. It is believed it would be difficult to reconcile the Anatolians to submission to the mandate.

The United States will sign the Bulgarian and Turkish treaties, altho not at war with these nations, owing to the league of nations covenant embraced in the treaties.

LARGE **FLAGS** SMALL

of Allies and U. S.

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**McKee Stationery Company**  
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